32 nd G. A.

I328.373

129bs Illinois. General Assembly. Senate.

Bills: proposed legislation introduced in the Senate. 32nd General Assembly, January-May 1881, Bill no. 1-456.

Each bill carries a short synopsis and credits the legislators introducing it.

Senate resolutions are at end of bills.
Sequential numbers assigned at time of filing.
Numbering begins anew with each biennium.

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32° G. F.

- Introduced by Mr. Whiting, January 10, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 12, 1881, and referred to Committee on Canals and
- January 21, 1881, reported back, with recommendation that it be printed for committee. So ordered.

For an Act to cede to the United States the Illinois and Michigan Canal, and the State improvements on the Illinois river.

Whereas, the line of the Illinois and Michigan canal, and the Illinois river, is

- 2 marked by nature for an ample water connection between Lake Michigan and
- 3 the Mississippi:
- 4 And whereas, great interests demand the enlargement of this canal, the com-
- 5 pletion of the river improvements, and the construction of a branch canal from
- 6 Hennepin, on the Illinois river, westward, to the Mississippi, near Rock Island:
- 7 And whereas, these works are clearly national in their character, being a
- 8 link in the grand chain of waters stretching from the St. Laurence through the
- 9 northern lakes to the great rivers of the Mississippi valley, and the Gulf of
- 10 Mexico, connecting the north with the south, and the east with the west, on a
- 11 line of immense and increasing commerce, demanded in the interest of cheap
- 12 transportation, and for national defense; therefore,

- 2 General Assembly, That the two locks and dams on the Illinois river, constructed
- 3 by the State, one at the city of Henry, in Marshall county, the other near Cop-
- 4 peras creek, in Fulton county, be and are hereby ceded to the United States:
- 5 also the Illinois and Michigan canal, with its appurtenances, is hereby ceded to
- 6 the United States.

- § 2. This cession of these works is on condition that the National Govern
- 2 ment accepts them for the objects and purposes named in the preamble to this
- 8 act, and proceeds without unreasonable delay to enlarge the canal to a capacity
- 4 of not less than one hundred and sixty feet wide, and ten feet deep, with a
- 5 velocity of not less than two miles an hour; to construct the branch canal west-
- 6 ward to the Mississippi, and complete the Illinois river improvements on a scale
- 7 not less than the works heretofore constructed by the State, giving a depth of at
- 8 least seven feet of water in the channel: Provided, that the cession of the Illi
- 9 nois and Michigan canal is contingent upon a vote of the people approving the

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10 same, as provided in the constitution of the State of Illinois.

- Introduced by Mr. Lewis, January 10, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading January 12, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judicial Department.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading, January 27, 1881.

For an Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to establish probate courts in all counties having a population of one hundred thousand, or more, to define the jurisdiction thereof and regulate the practice therein, and to fix the time for holding the same," approved April 27, 1877.

- 2 General Assembly. That the title of the act entitled "An act to establish probate
- 3 courts in all counties having a population of one hundred thousand, or more, to
- 4 define the jurisdiction thereof, and regulate the practice therein, and to fix the
- 5 time for holding the same," approved April 27, 1877, be amended so as to read as
- 6 follows:
- 7 "An act to establish probate courts in all counties having a population
- 8 of seventy thousand, or more, to define the jurisdiction thereof, and regulate the
- 9 practice therein, and to fix the time for holding the same."
 - § 2. That Section one of said act be amended so as to read as follows:
- 2 Section 1. That there shall be established in each county of this State now
- 3 created and organized, or which may be hereafter created and organized, and
- 4 which has a population of seventy thousand, or more, a court of record, to be
- 5 styled "the probate court of (name of) county;" such court shall have a seal and

- 6 may from time to time, as may be necessary, renew or alter the same. The
- 7 expense of such seal and of renewing and altering the same shall be paid by the
- 8 county.

Reported to House, February 9, 1881.

First reading February 11, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judicial Department.

 Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading, February 18, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend an act entitled "An act to establish Probate Courts in all counties having a population of one hundred thousand, or more; to define the jurisdiction thereof, and regulate the practice therein, and to fix the time for holding the same," approved April 27, 1877.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That the title of the act entitled "An act to establish probate

courts in all counties having a population of one hundred thousand, or more; to

define the jurisdiction thereof, and regulate the practice therein, and to fix the

time for holding the same," approved April 27, 1877, be amended so as to read as

follows: "An act to establish probate courts in all counties having a population

of seventy thousand, or more: to define the jurisdiction thereof, and regulate

the practice therein, and to fix the time for holding the same."

\$ 2. That Section 1 of said act, be amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1. That there shall be established in each county of this State, now

created and organized, or which may be hereafter created and organized, and

which has a population of seventy thousand, or more, a court of record, to be

styled, "the probate court of (name of) county." Such court shall have a seal.

and may, from time to time, as may be necessary, renew or alter the same. The

expense of such seal and of renewing and altering the same, shall be paid by

the county.



Reported to House, February 9, 1881.

First reading February 11, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judicial Department.

 Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading, February 18, 1881.

. March 16, second reading, and ordered to third reading.

 April 9, ordered back to second reading, amended, and again, ordered to third reading.

(Printed as amended.)

A BILL

For an Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to establish Probate Courts in all counties having a population of one hundred thousand, or more; to define the jurisdiction thereof, and regulate the practice therein, and to fix the time for holding the same," approved April 27, 1877.

- 2 General Assembly, That the title of the act entitled "An act to establish probate
- 8 courts in all counties having a population of one hundred thousand, or more; to
- 4 define the jurisdiction thereof, and regulate the practice therein, and to fix the
- 5 time for holding the same," approved April 27, 1877, be smended so as to read as
- 6 follows: "An act to establish probate courts in all counties having a population
- 7 of sixty-one thousand, or more; to defind the jurisdiction thereof, and regulate
- 8 the practice therein, and to fix the time for holding the same."
 - § 2. That section 1 of said act, be amended so as to read as follows:
- 2 Section 1. That there shall be established in each county of this State, now
- 3 created and organized, or which may be hereafter created and organized, and
- 4 which has a population of sixty-one thousand, or more, a court of record, to be

- 5 styled "the probate court of (name of) county." Such court shall have a seal,
- 6 and may, from time to time, as may be necessary, renew or alter the same. The
- 7 expense of such scal and of renewing and altering the same shall be paid by
- 8 the county.

- Introduced by Mr. Lewis, January 10, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 12, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judicial
- Department.

 3. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading, March 10, 1881.

For an Act to extend the Jurisdiction of County Courts in Counties in which

Probate Courts are or may be established.

- 2 General Assembly, That, in all counties in which probate courts are or may
- 3 hereafter be established, in addition to the jurisdiction now conferred upon
- 4 them by law, county courts shall have concurrent jurisdiction with the circuit
- 5 courts in all cases at law and in equity, except criminal cases where the punish-
- 6 ment may be death or confinement in the penitentiary.
 - § 2. The process, practice and pleadings in said county courts in the cases in
- 2 which jurisdiction is conferred upon them by this act, shall be the same as in
- 8 the circuit courts in similar cases, and the process, orders, judgments and
- 4 decrees of said courts shall have the same forms, force, lien and effect as in like
- 5 cases in the circuit court and all final orders, judgments and decrees of said
- 6 courts in such cases may be reviewed by appeal or writof error in the same man-
- 7 ner and upon the same terms and conditions as is provided by law for like cases
- 8 in the circuit courts.
 - § 8. The clerks of said county courts shall charge and collect like fees as the
- 2 clerks of circuit courts for similar services.



Reported to House March 30, 1881.

- First reading March 31, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judicial Department.
- Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading April 1, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to extend the Jurisdiction of County Courts in counties in which Probate Courts are or may be established.

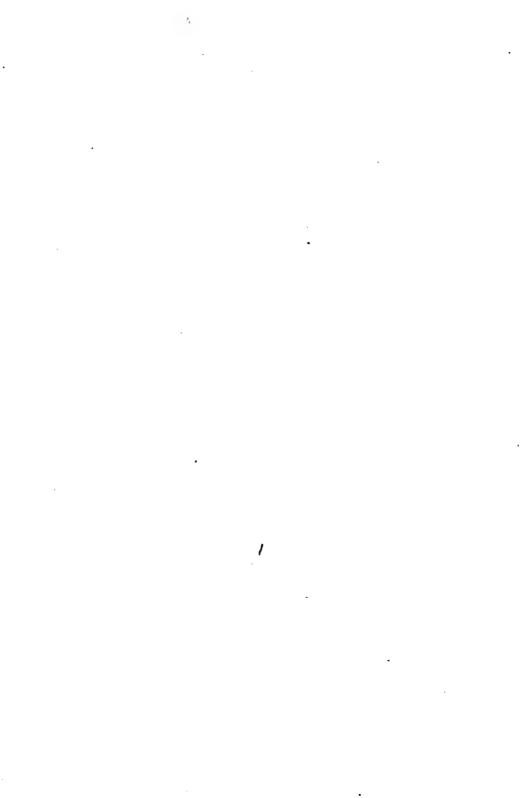
- General Assembly, That in all counties in which probate courts are or may here-
- after be established, in addition to the jurisdiction now conferred upon them by
- law, county courts shall have concurrent jurisdiction with the circuit courts in
- all cases at law and in equity, except criminal cases, where the punishment may
- be death or confinement in the penitentiary.
- § 2. The process, practice and pleadings in said county courts in the cases in
- 2 which jurisdiction is conferred upon them by this ast, shall be the same as in
- the circuit courts in similar cases, and the process, orders judgments and decrees
- of said courts shall have the same forms, force, lien and effect, as in like cases
- in the circuit court; and all final orders, judgments and decrees of said courts
- in such cases may be reviewed by appeal or writ of error, in the same manuer
- and upon the same terms and conditions as is provided by law for like cases in
- the circuit courts.
- is 3. The clerks of said county courts shall charge and collect like fees as the
- derks of circuit courts for similar services.

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- Introduced by Mr. Evans, of Kane. January 11, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading January 12, 1881, and referred to Committee on State Charitable Institutions.
- 3. February 3, 1881, ordered printed for use of Committee.

For an Act making an appropriation for accommodating additional patients at the Illinois Northern Hospital for the Insane, at Elgin.

- 2 General Assembly, That the sum of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) be
- 3 and is hereby appropriated to the Illinois Northern Hospital for the Insane, at
- 4. Elgin, for the construction and completion of a detached block or wards to
- 5 accommodate not less than two hundred and fifty additional male patients, and
- 6 for no other purpose.
 - § 2. The trustees shall not contract for nor begin the erection of any build-
- 2 ing or buildings, which cannot be fully completed within the amount of the
- 8 present appropriation, but they may use any unexpended balances of appropria-
- 4 tions heretofore made, for the better accomplishment of the purpose of this act.
- 5 namely: to make the earliest and most economical provision for the insane of
- 6 this State, expedient and possible: Provided, that no portion of the sum herein
- 7 appropriated shall be diverted from the specific purpose for which it is appro-
- 8 priated.
 - § 3. The moneys herein appropriated shall be due and payable to the trustees
- 2 of said Illinois Northern Hospital for the Insane, at Elgin, or their order, only
- 3 on the terms and in the manner now provided by law.



- Introduced by Mr. Neece, January 11, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 12, 1881, and referred to Committee on Agriculture
- and Drainage.
- 3. Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading May 20, 1881.

For an Act in reference to Stock Yards, to regulate their charges for yardage, freight, grain, hay, and other articles furnished, and to prevent extortion and unjust discrimination in the management thereof.

- 9 General Assembly. That if any corporation organized or doing business in this
- 8 State, under any act of incorporation or general law now in force, or which
- may hereafter be enacted in reference to stock yards, shall charge, collect,
- demand, or receive more than is allowed by this act, or more than a fair and
- 6. reasonable rate of toll or compensation for the transportation of any freight.
- of any description, or live stock, or for the use and transportation of any car
- upon its track, or any of the branches thereof, or for receiving, handling, or
- delivering any freight or live stock, or for hotel bills, feeding, carrying, yard-
- 10 age, hay, or grain furnished, and anything done by reason of the powers given
- 11 such corporation by the act of incorporation thereof, the same shall be deemed
- 19 guilty of extortion, and upon conviction thereof, shall be fined in any sum not
- 18 less than one hundred dollars, nor more than one thousand dollars, for the first
- 14 offense, and for a second offense not less than five hundred dollars, nor more
- 15 than five thousand dollars: Provided, that in all cases under this act either
- 16 party shall have the right of trial by jury.
 - \$ 2. If any such corporation shall, in reference to stock yards aforesaid, make

- 2 any unjust discrimination in its rates, or charges of toll, or compensation for
- 3 the transportation of freight, or live stock, or for receiving, handling, feeding
- 4 furnishing feed or carrying any stock or for doing anything by reason of the
- 5 powers given such corporation by act of incorporation, the same shall be deemed
- 6 guilty of having violated the provisions of this act, and upon conviction thereo f
- 7 shall be dealt with as provided in the foregoing section.
- § 3. If any such corporation in reference to stock yards shall charge, collec
- 3 or receive of or from any person or corporation, for the transportation of freigh
- 8 or live stock, or for receiving, handling, storing, yardage, feeding, or carrying
- 4 the same, or for doing anything by reason of the powers given such corporation
- 5 by act of incorporation, a greater amount of toll, or compensation, or fees than
- 6 is at the same time charged, collected, or received from any other person or cor-
- 7 poration, for the same or like service, all such discriminating rates, charges, col-
- 8 lections, or receipts, whether made directly or by means of any rebate, draw-
- 9 back, or other shift or evasion, shall be deemed and taken against such corpora-
- 10 tion in reference to stock yards as conclusive evidence of unjust discrimination.
 - § 4. Any stock yard doing business in this State, incorporated under the laws
- 2 of this State, shall not have or receive for yardage more than fifteen (15) cents
- 3 a head for cattle, four cents (4) a head for hogs, and three cents (3) a head for
- 4 sheep, nor more than fifty (50) per centum additional to the current market
- 5 wholesale price of hay straw, corn, or other articles supplied by them for the
- 6 sustenance of such animals.
- § 5. The fines hereinbefore provided for may be recovered in an action of
- 9 debt in the name of the People of the State of Illinois, and there may be several
- s counts joined in the same declaration as to extortion and unjust discrimination
- 4 If, upon the trial of any cause instituted under this act, the jury shall find for
- 5 the people, they shall assess, and return with their verdict, the amount of the
- 6 fine to be imposed upon the defendant at any sum as hereinbefore provided, and
- The court shall render judgment accordingly; and if the jury shall find for the
- 8 people, and that the defendant has been before convicted one or more times of
- 9 the violation of the provisions of this act, they shall return such finding with
- 10 their verdict, and shall assess and return with their verdict the amount of the

- 11 fine to be imposed upon the defendant as provided in the first section of this

 12 act, and the court shall render judgment accordingly.
 - § 6. If any such corporation, in reference to stock yards, shall, in violation
- 3 of any of the provisions of this act, ask, demand, charge or receive of any per
- 8 son or corporation any extertionate charge or charges for the transportation of
- 4 any car, or property, or live stock, or for receiving, handling, transferring, feed-
- 5 ing, storing or delivering any freights or live stock, or shall make any unjust
- 6 discrimination against any person or corporation in its charges therefor, or fur-
- 7 nish inferior, unsuitable or insufficient food or drink to any live stock entrusted
- 8 to its care, or shall neglect or fail to suitably and properly care for any such live
- 9 stock or shall furnish a lees amount or inferior quality of food to such live
- 10 stock than represented, contracted or charged for, the person or corporation so
- 11 offended against, or owning such live stock, or to whom the same may be con-
- 19 signed, may, for each offense, recover of such corporation, in reference to stock
- 18 yards, in any form of action, three times of the amount of damages sustained by
- 14 the party aggrieved, together with costs of suit and a reasonable attorney's fee.
- 15 to be fixed by the court where the same is heard, on appeal or otherwise, and
- 16 taxed as part of the cost of the case.
 - § 7. If any such corporation, in reference to stock yards, shall furnish
- 2 inferior, unsuitable or insufficient food or drink to any live stock intrusted to
- 8 its care, or shall neglect or fail to suitably and properly care for any such live
- 4 stock, or shall furnish a less amount or inferior quality of food to such five stock
- 5 than represented, contracted or charged for the same, shall be deemed guilty of
- 5 a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be fined as provided in the
- 7 first section of this act.
- § 8. It shall be the duty of the Railroad and Warehouse Commission to per-
- 2 sonally investigate and ascertain whether the provisions of this act are violated
- 8 by any corporation in this State, in reference to stock yards, and to visit the
- 4 various stock yards incorporated under any law of this State for that purpose,
- 5 as often as practicable; and whenever the facts, in any manner ascertained by
- 6 said commission, shall, in their judgment, warrant such prosecution, it shall be
- 7 the duty of said commission to immediately cause suits to be commenced and

- 8 prosecuted against any such corporation, in reference to stock yards, which may
- 9 violate the provisions of this act. Such suits and prosecutions shall be instituted
- 10 in the county where such stock yards are located, and such Railroad and Ware-
- 11 house Commission are hereby authorized, when the facts of the case presented
- 19 to them shall, in their judgment, warrant the commencement of such action, to
- 18 employ counsel to assist the Attorney-General in conducting such suits on
- 14 behalf of the State. No such suits commenced by said commission shall be
- 15 dismissed except the said Railroad and Warehouse Commission and the
- 16 Attorney-General shall consent thereto.
 - § 9. In all cases, under the provisions of this act, the rules of evidence shall
- 2 be the same as in other civil actions, except as hereinbefore otherwise provided.
- 8 And all fines recovered under the provisions of this act shall be paid into the
- 4 county treasury of the county in which the suit was tried, by the person collect-
- 5 ing the same, in the manner now provided by law, to be used for county
- 6 purposes.

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 7, REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE AND DRAINAGE, MAY 20, 1881.

Amend by adding a section after section three, numbered section 32, as fol-2 lows:

- 3 Section 34. The Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners are hereby directed
- 4 to make and classify the various stock yards doing business in this State under
- 5 any charter created by any general or special law for the purpose of receiving,
- 6 handling and caring for live stock; the yard or yards doing the greater amount
- 7 of business to be known as class one, and all other live stock yards may be
- 8 classed as number two, or may be divided into classes two and three, according
- 9 to the amount of business done by them; and shall make and file a schedule of
- 10 such classification in their office; and shall, as soon as practicable, make a sched-
- 11 ule of reasonable maximum rates of charges for the transportation of live stock,
- 19 feeding, caring for, yarding, feeding and all things done by virtue of these charters

"for class one." which shall not exceed the rates fixed by this act; which said sched-14 ules shall be deemed and taken in all courts of this State as prima facia evidence that the rates therein fixed are reasonable maximum rates of charges. Said 15 commissioners shall, from time to time and as often as circumstances may require. change and revise said schedules. When any schedules shall have been made 17 or revised, as afcresaid, it shall be the duty of said commissioners to cause publication thereof to be made for three successive weeks in some public newspaper published in the city of Springfield, in this State. All such schedules purporting to be printed and published as aforesaid, shall be received and held in all suits as prima tucie the schedules of said commissioners without further proof than the production of the schedule desired, to be used as evidence, with a certificate of the Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners that the same is a true copy of a schedule prepared by them for the stock yards or corporation therein named and that the same has been published as required by law, stating the name of the paper in which the same was published, together with the date of such pub-27 lication." 28

29 Amend section 4, in line two, after the word "State," add the following,

30 "Classed as class one by the Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners."



- Introduced by Mr. Adams, January 11, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 12, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipalities.
- 3. Reported back January 28, 1881, and recommended it be ordered to second reading. So ordered.

For an Act to amend Section nineteen (19), of Article nine (θ), of "An Act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages," approved April 10, 1872.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the 2 General Assembly, That Section nineteen (19), of Article nine (9), of "An act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages," approved April 10, 1872, be amended so as to read as follows, viz: 5 Section 19. Whenever such local improvements are to be made wholly or in part by special assessment, the said council in cities, or board of trustees in villages, shall pass an ordinance to that effect, specifying therein the nature, character, locality and description of such improvement: Provided, that whenever any such ordinance shall provide only for the building or renewing of any sidewalk, the owner of any lot or piece of land fronting on such sidewalk shall be allowed fifteen days, after the time at which such ordinance shall take effect, in which to build or renew such sidewalk opposite his land and thereby relieve the same from assessment: Provided, that the work so to be done shall in all respects conform to the requirements of such ordinance. In case any sidewalk shall be out of repair and the owner or occupant of the premises fronting upon, or adjacent to the same, shall neglect or refuse to repair the same within five days after notice so to do from the proper officer or department, the city or village may forthwith repair sail sidewalk, or construct or cause to be constructed a

19 new sidewalk in place of the one so out of repair, and, in either case, after ascer-

- 20 taining the actual cost of the same, provide by ordinance that the same, together
- 21 with the cost of the proceedings, may be raised by a special assessment, or by
- 22 special taxation.

- 1. Introduced by Mr. Adams, January 11, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading January 12, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipalities.
 Reported back January 28, 1881, and recommended it be ordered to second reading. So ordered.

reading. So ordered.

4. February 7, 1881, read-second time, amendment offered by Mr. Adams, ordered printed and placed on file.

A RILL

For an Act to amend Section nineteen (19), of Article nine (9), of "An Act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages," approved April 10, 1872.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

General Assembly. That Section nineteen (19), of Article nine (9), of "An act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages," approved April 10, 1872, be amended so as to read as follows, viz: Section 19. Whenever's teleford improvements are to be made wholly or in part by special assessment, the said council in cities, or board of trustees in villages, shall pass an ordinance to that effect, specifying therein the nature, char acter, locality and description of such improvement: Provided, that whenever any such ordinance shall provide only for the building or renewing of any side walk, the owner of any lot or piece of land fronting on such sidewalk shall be 10 11 allowed fifteen days, after the time at which such ordinance shall take effect, in 12 which to build or renew such sidewalk opposite his land and thereby relieve the same from assessment: Provided, that the work so to be done shall in all respects conform to the requirements of such ordinance. In case any sidewalk shall be out of repair and the owner or occupant of the premises fronting upon, or 16 adjacent to the same, shall neglect or refuse to repair the same within five days after notice so to do from the proper officer or department, the city or village 17 may forthwith repair said sidewalk, or construct or cause to be constructed a

- 19 new sidewalk in place of the one so out of repair, and, in either case, after ascer-
- 20 taining the actual cost of the same, provide by ordinance that the same, together
- 21 with the cost of the proceedings, may be raised by a special assessment, or by
- 22 special taxation.

AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL NO. 8, PROPOSED BY MR. ADAMS.

Line 15, after the word "repair" insert the words "and the safety of the public

- 2 shall require it to be renewed without delay."
- 3 Line 16, strike out "repair" and insert "renew," and strike out "five" and insert
- 4 "fifteen."
- 5 Line 17, Strike out "notice to do so from the proper officer or department," and
- 6 insert "the time at which the ordinance providing for the renewing thereof shall
- 7 take effect."
- 8 Line 18, strike out "repair" and insert "renew," and strike out all after the
- 9 word "sidewalk."
- 10 Line 19, strike out line altogether, and insert "and ascertain the actual cost of
- 11 the same."
- 12 Line 20, strike out the fractional word "taming," and insert "and," and strike
- 13 out the words "provide by ordinance that the same."
- 14 Line 21, after the word "assessment," insert the words "in the manner provided
- 15 in the following sections of this article."

- Introduced by Mr. Adams, January 11, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading January 12, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipalities.
 Reported back January 28, 1881, and recommended it be ordered to second
- reading. So ordered.

 4. February 7, 1881, read second time, amendment offered by Mr. Adams, ordered printed and placed on file.
- 5. February 10, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.

For an Act to amend Section nineteen (19), of Article nine (9), of "An Act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages," approved April 10, 1872.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the 2 General Assembly, That Section nineteen (19), of Article nine (9), of "An act 3 to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages," approved April 10, 1872,

- 4 be amended so as to read as follows, viz:
- 5 Section 19. Whenever such improvements are to be made wholly or in part
- 6 by special assessment, the said council in cities, or board of trustees in villages,
- 7 shall pass an ordinance to that effect, specifying therein the nature, character,
- 8 locality and description of such improvement: Provided, that whenever any
- 9 such ordinance shall provide only for the building or renewing of any sidewalk,
- 10 the owner of any lot or piece of land fronting on such sidewalk shall be allowed
- 11 fifteen days, after the time at which such ordinance shall take effect, in which
- 12 to build or renew such sidewalk opposite his land, and thereby relieve the same
- 13 from assessment: Provided, that the work so to be done shall in all respects con-
- 4 form to the requirements of such ordinance. In case any sidewalk shall be out
- 15 of repair, and the safety of the public shall require it to be renewed without
- 16 delay, and the owner or occupant of the premises fronting upon or adjacent to
- 17 the same shall neglect or refuse to renew the same within fifteen days after the
- 18 time at which the ordinance providing for the renewing thereof shall take

- 19 effect, the city or village may forthwith renew said sidewalk, and ascertain the
- 20 actual cost of the same; and the actual cost of the same, together with the cost
- 21 of the proceedings, may be raised by a special assessment in the manner pro-
- 22 vided in the following sections of this article, or by special taxation.

- Reported to House February 25, 1881.
- First reading March 21, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs.
- Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading March 31, 1881.

For an Act to amend Section nineteen (19) of Article nine (9) of "An Act to provide for the incorporation of Cities and Villages," approved April 10 1872.

- 2 General Assembly, That section nineteen (19) of article nine (9) of "An act to
- 8 provide for the incorporation of cities and villages," approved April 10, 1872,
- 4 be amended so as to read as follows, viz:
- 5 Section 19. Whenever such local improvements are to be made wholly or
- 6 in part, by special assessment, the said council in cities, or board of trustees
- 7 in villages, shall pass an ordinance to that effect, specifying therein the
- 8 nature, character, locality and description of such improvement: *Provided*,
- 9 that whenever any such ordinance shall provide only for the building or
- 10 renewing of any sidewalk, the owner of any lot or piece of land fronting on
- 11 such sidewalk shall be allowed fifteen days, after the time at which such
- 12 ordinance shall take effect, in which to build or renew such sidewalk oppo-
- 13 site his land, and thereby relieve the same from assessment: Provided, that
- 14 the work so to be done shall, in all respects, conform to the requirements of
- 15 such ordinance. In case any sidewalk shall be out of repair, and the safety
- 16 of the public shall (require it to be renewed, without delay, and the owner
- 17 or occupant of the premises fronting upon, or adjacent to, the same, shall

18 neglect or refuse to renew the same within fifteen days after the time at

19 which the ordinance providing for the renewing thereof shall take effect, the

20 city or village may, forthwith, renew said sidewalk, and ascertain the actual

21 cost of the same and the actual cost of the same, together with the cost of

22 the proceedings, may be raised by a special assessment in the manner pro-

vided in the following sections of this article, or by special taxation.

- 1. Introduced by Mr. Condee, January 11, 1881, and ordered to first reading 2. First reading January 12, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
- Reported back with amendment, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading January 26, 1881.

For an Act allowing Coroners to appoint deputies, and to prescribe their duties.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly. That each Coroner may appoint one or more deputies, not
- 3 exceeding the number allowed by rule of the Circuit Court of his county, and
- 4 take bond or security from the same for his indemnity. Such appointment shall
- 5 be in writing, and signed by the Coroner, and their compensation shall be deter-
- 6 mined by the County Board.
 - § 2. Each deputy shall, before entering upon the duties of his office, take and
- 2 subscribe an oath or affirmation, in like form as required of Coroners, which
- 8 shall be filed in the office of the County Clerk.
 - § 3. Deputy Coroners, duly appointed and qualified, may perform any and all
- the duties of the Coroner, in the name of the Coroner, and the acts of such depu-
- ties shall be held to be acts of the Coroner.
 - § 4. The Coroner shall be liable for any neglect or omission of the duties of
- his office, when occasioned by a deputy, in the same manner as for his own per-
- sonal neglect or omission.
 - § 5. Whereas an emergency exists, therefore this act shall take effect and be
- 2 in force from and after its passage.

AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL NO. 9.

Amend (by Committee on Judiciary) by striking out Section 4.



- 1. Introduced by Mr. Condee, January 11, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading January 12, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
 Reported back with amendment, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading January 26, 1881.
- 4. February 2, 1881, second reading amended, and ordered to third reading.

For an Act allowing Coroners to appoint deputies, and to prescribe their duties.

- 2 General Assembly. That each Coroner may appoint one or more deputies, not
- 3 exceeding the number allowed by rule of the Circuit Court of his county, and
- 4 take bond or security from the same for his indemnity. Such appointment shall
- 5 be in writing, and signed by the Coroner, and their compensation shall be deter-
- 6 mined by the County Board.
 - § 2. Each deputy shall, before entering upon the duties of his office, take and
- 2 subscribe an oath or affirmation, in like form as required of Coroners, which
- 3 shall be filed in the office of the County Clerk.
 - \$ 3. Deputy Coroners, duly appointed and qualified, may perform any and all.
- 2 the duties of the Coroner, in the name of the Coroner, and the acts of such depu-
- 3 ties shall be held to be acts of the Coroner.
- § 4. Whereas an emergency exists, therefore this act shall take effect and be
- 2 in force from and after its passage.



Reported to House, February 9, 1881.

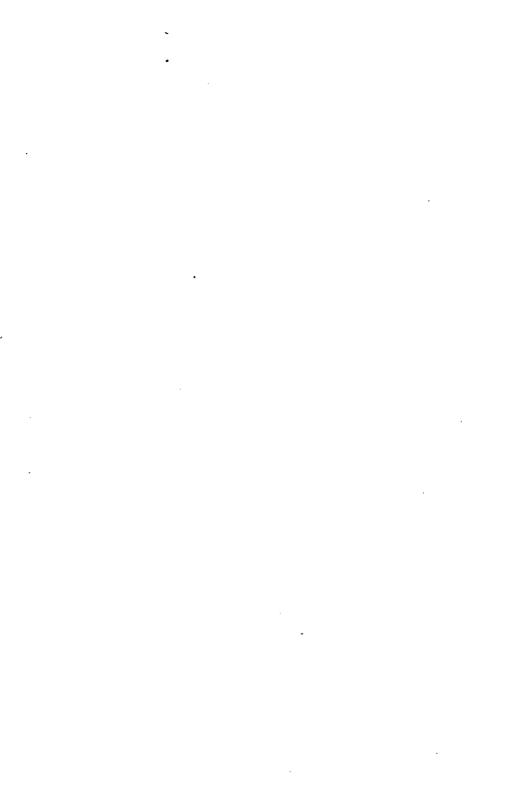
 First reading February 11, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judicial Department.

 Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading February 26, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act allowing Coroners to appoint deputies, and to prescribe their duties.

- 2 General Assembly, That each coroner may appoint one or more deputies, not
- 3 exceeding the number allowed by rule of the circuit court of his county, and
- 4 take bond or security from the same for his indemnity. Such appointment shall
- 5 be in writing, and signed by the coroner, and their compensation shall be
- 6 determined by the county board.
- § 2. Each deputy shall, before entering upon the duties of his office, take and
- 2 subscribe an oath, or affirmation, in like form as required of coroners, which
- 3 shall be filed in the office of the county clerk.
 - § 3. Deputy coroners, duly appointed and qualified, may perform any and
- 2 all the duties of the coroner in the name of the coroner, and the acts of such
- 3 deputies shall be held to be acts of the coroner.
- § 4. Whereas, an emergency exists, therefore this act shall take effect and be
- 2 in force from and after its passage.



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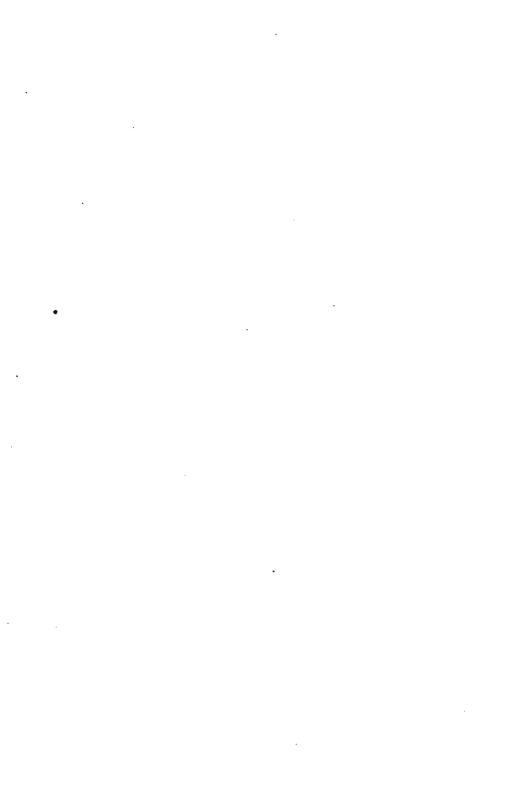
- Reported to House, February 9, 1881.
- First reading February 11, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judicial Department.
- Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading February 96, 1881.
 - . Read second time, March 31, 1881, amended, and ordered to a third reading.

(Printed as amended.)

A BILL

For an Act allowing Coroners to appoint deputies, and to prescribe their duties

- 2 General Assembly, That each coroner may appoint one or more deputies, not
- 3 exceeding the number allowed by rule of the circuit court of his county, and
- 4 take bond or security from the same for his indemnity. Such appointment
- 5 shall be in writing, and signed by the coroner, and their compensation shall
- 6 be determined by the county board.
 - § 2. Each deputy shall, before entering upon the duties of his office, take
- 2 and subscribe an oath, or affirmation, in like form as required of coroners.
- 3 which shall be filed in the office of the county clerk.
 - § 3. Deputy coroners, duly appointed and qualified, may perform any and
- 2 all the duties of the coroner in the name of the coroner, and the acts of
- 3 such deputies shall be held to be acts of the coroner.



- 1. Introduced by Mr. Whiting, January 11, 1881, and ordered to first reading.

 First reading January 12, 1881, and referred to Committee on Canals and Rivers.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and referred to Committee on Appropriations January 21, 1881.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to a second reading, April 1, 1881.

For an Act making appropriations for the necessary repairs and running expenses of the Illinois and Michigan Canal, until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the next General Assembly.

- 2. General Assembly, That for the purpose of making necessary repairs and
- 8 providing means to put and keep the Illinois and Michigan Canal in navigable
- 4 condition, until after the adjournment of the next General Assembly, there is
- 5 hereby appropriated from the State Treasury, for the first year, the sum of
- 6 thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000), and for the second year the sum of thirty
- 7 thousand dollars (\$30,000), or so much of each as may be absolutely necessary for
- 8 that purpose: Provided, that no portion of the money hereby appropriated shall
- 9 be used for the purposes above specified until all the surplus earnings of the
- 10 canal have been fully exhausted in making needed repairs, and defraying neces-
- 11 sary expenses of operating the said canal.
 - \$ 2. The appropriations made by this act shall only be paid upon detail
- 2 statements made by the Canal Commissioners, filed with the Auditor, bearing the
- 8 order of the canal commissioners and the approval of the Governor.
 - § 3. Said Board of Canal Commissioners shall keep an accurate and detailed
- 2 account of all moneys received by them from every source, together with their

- 8 disbursements and expenditures of every kind and nature, and at the end of
- 4 each quarter transmit to the Auditor of Public Accounts a full and complete
- 5 statement, showing in detail the amount of money received during said pre-
- 6 ceding quarter, from every source, and how and to whom the same has been
- f disbursed.

Reported to House, April 20, 1881. First reading April 23, 1881, and referred to Committee on Canal and River Improvement.

Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading, May 5, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act making appropriations for the necessary repairs and running expenses of the Illinois and Michigan Canal until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the next General Assembly.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the 2 General Assembly, That for the purpose of making necessary repairs and pro-3 viding means to put and keep the Illinois and Michigan Canal in navigable con-4 dition, until after the adjournment of the next General Assembly, there is 5 hereby appropriated from the State Treasury for the first year the sum of thirty thousand dollars (330000), and for the second year the sum of thirty 7 thousand dollars (\$30,000), or so much of each as may be absolutely necessary for 85 that purpose: Provided, that no portion of the money hereby appropriated shall be used for the purpose above specified until all the surplus earnings of the 10 canal have been fully exhausted in making needed repairs and defraying neces-11 sary expenses of operating the said canal.

- 5.2. The appropriations made by this act shall only be paid upon detail 2 statements made by the Canal Commissioners, filed with the Auditor, bearing 3 the order of the Canal Commissioners and the approval of the Governor.
- § 3. Said board of Canal Commissioners shall keep an accurate and detailed 2 account of all moneys received by them from every source, together with their

- 8 disbursements and expenditures of every kind and nature, and at the end
- 4 of each quarter transmit to the Auditor of Public Accounts a full and com-
- 5 plete statement, showing in detail the amount of money received during said
- 6 preceding quarter, from every source, and how and to whom the same has been
- 7 disbursed.

1. Introduced by Mr. Bell, January 11, 1881, and ordered to first reading.

 First reading January 12, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judicial Department.

 Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading January 20, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section 47 of an act entitled "Ar Act concerning fees and salaries, and to classify the several counties of the State with reference thereto;" approved March 29, 1872; in force July 1, 1872; title as amended by act approved March 28, 1874; in force July, 1874.

[Section 1.] Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That section forty-seven of an act entitled "An act concern-
- 3 ing fees and calaries, and to classify the several counties of the State with refer-
- 4 ence thereto," approved March 29, 1872, in force July 1, 1872; title as amended by
- 5 act approved March 28, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, be amended so as to read as
- 6 follows:

Section 47. Every witness, attending in his own county upon trials in a court

- 2 of record, shall be entitled to receive the sum of one dollar for each day's attend-
- 3 ance, and five cents per mile each way for necessary travel.
- 4 For attending in a foreign county, going and returning, accounting twenty
- 5 miles for each day's travel, per day, one dollar.
- 6 Every witness, when attending for the purpose of having his deposition taken.
- 7 one dollar per day: Provided, that no allowance or charge shall be made for the
- 8 attendance of witnesses aforesaid, unless the witness, within twenty days after
- 9 such attendance shall have occurred, shall make affidavit of the number of days

10 he actually attended, and that such attendance was at the instance of one or \cdot

11 both of the parties, or his attorney.

12 In criminal cases, where a witness shall be required to attend from a foreign

18 county or State, he shall be allowed his necessary railroad fare, and fifty cents

4 per day during each day's necessary travel in going to and returning from the

15 court, and one dollar per day for each day's necessary attendance, to be paid out

6 of the county treasury of the county where the crime was committed, on the cer-

17 tificate of the clerk of the court: Provided, he shall, within twenty days after

8 such attendance shall have occurred, make affidavit of the number of days neces-

9 sarily occupied in traveling, and of such amount of necessary railroad fare, and

20 that such attendance was at the instance of the State's Attorney or the accused,

21 to which shall be added the certificate of the judge of the court that the amount

22 is reasonable, and that such witness was a necessary witness in the case.

- Introduced by Mr. Lewis, January 11, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading January 12, 1881, and referred to Committee on Revenue. March 1, .881, ordered printed for the Committee.
- 2.

For an Act to amend Section 97 of an act entitled "An act for the Assessment of Property, and for the Levy and Collection of Taxes," approved March 30, 1872.

- General Assembly, That section 97 of an act entitled "An act for the assessment
- of property, and for the levy and collection of taxes," approved March 80, 1872,
- in force July 1, 1872, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:
- Section 97. The county board, at a meeting to be held for the purpose 5
- contemplated in this section, on the second Monday in July, annually, after the
- return of the assessment books, shall-
- First. Assess all such lands or lots as have been listed by the county clerk.
- and not assessed by the assessor. Said board may make such alterations in the
- descriptions of real property as it shall deem necessary.
- Second—On the application of any person considering himself aggrieved, or 11
- who shall complain that the property of another is assessed too low, they shall
- review the assessment and correct the same as shall appear to be just. No
- complaint that another is assessed too low shall be acted upon until the person
- so assessed or his agent shall be notified of such complaint, if a resident of the
- county.
- Third- Hear and determine the application of any person who is assessed on 17
- property claimed to be exempt from taxation. If the board shall decide that
- any such property is not liable to taxation, and the question as to the liability

of such property to taxation has not been previously determined, as hereinafter provided, the decision of said board shall not be final, unless approved by the Auditor of Public Accounts; and it shall be the duty of the county clerk, in all such cases, to make out and forward to the Auditor a full and complete statement of all the facts in the case. If the Auditor is satisfied that such property is not legally liable to taxation, he shall notify the clerk of his approval of the decision of the board, and the said clerk shall correct the assessment accordingly. But if the Auditor is satisfied that such property is liable to taxation, he shall advise the clerk of his objection to the decision of the board, and give notice to said clerk that he will apply to the Supreme Court 29 in either division, specifying at what term thereof, for an order to set aside and 30 reverse the decision of the county board. Upon the receipt of such notice, the 81 clerk shall notify the person making the application aforesaid. It shall be the duty of the Auditor to file in the Supreme Court a certified statement of the facts certified by the clerk, as aforesaid, together with his objections thereto, 34 and the court shall hear and determine the matter as the right of the case may be. If the board shall decide that property so claimed to be exempt is liable to be taxed, and the party aggreeved shall, at the time, pray an appeal, a brief 37 statement in the case shall be made by the clerk and transmitted to the Auditor, who shall present the case to the Supreme Court in like manner as hereinbefore provided. In either case, the collection of the tax shall not be delayed thereby, but in case the property is decided to be exempt, the tax shall be abated or refunded. 433 Fourth Ascertain whether the valuations of one town or district bear a just

4 relation to those of all the other towns or districts in the county, and may 5 increase or diminish the aggregate valuation of property in any town or district 6 by adding to, or deducting from, one or more of the classes of property assessed 7 too high or too low such sum upon the hundred dollars valuation as may be 8 necessary to produce a just relation between all the valuations of property in 9 the county, but shall in no instance reduce the aggregate valuation of all the towns or districts below the aggregate valuation thereof as made by the assessed sors, nor shall it increase the aggregate valuation of all the town or districts

52 except in such an amount as may be actually necessary and incidental to a 53 proper and just equalization.

Fifth—In equalizing the valuation of property as listed and assessed in the different towns or districts, consider the different classes of property separately, viz: personal property, lands, town and city lots and railroad property (except railroad track and rolling stock) and, upon consideration, determine such rates of addition or deduction from the listed or assessed valuation of each of said classes of property in each town or district, or to or from the aggregate assessed value of each of said classes in the county as may be deemed by the board to be equitable and just, such rates being in all cases even and not fractional.

Sixth. In equalizing the value of personal property between the several towns 63 or districts, cause to be obtained the county averages of the several kinds of enumerated property, from the aggregate footings of the number and value of each; and the value of the several kinds of enumerated property in each town or district shall be obtained at those average values; and the value of enumerated property thus obtained, as compared with the assessed value of such property in each town or district, shall be taken by said board to obtain a rate per cent, to be added to or deducted from any one or more of the classes of said enumerated property, or from the total assessed value of personal property in each town or district: Provided, that, whenever, in the opinion of the board, it is necessary to a more just and equitable equalization of personal property, that a rate per cent, be added to or deducted from the value thus obtained in any one or more of the towns or districts, said board shall have the right so to do, but the rate per cent, hereinbefore required shall first be obtained to form the basis upon which the equalization of personal property shall be made, and: Provided, turther, that said board shall have power, and is hereby authorized, 78 when in his opinion it is necessary to a more just and equitable equalization of 79 assessment of the several kinds of enumerated property, to cause any assessor or assessors for any town or district to appear before said board and state fully at what rate per cent, they, or any of them, assessed moneys and credits in their respective towns or districts.



- 1. Introduced by Mr. Lewis, January 11, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading, January 12, 1881. and referred to Committee on Revenue.
 Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading, March 1, 1881.

For an Act to amend Section 4 of an act entitled "An act for the Assessment of Property and for the Levy and Collection of Taxes," approved March 30, 1872.

- 2 General Assembly, That section 4 of an act entitled "An act for the assessment
- 3 of property and for the levy and collection of taxes," approved March 30, 1872,
- 4 be and the same is hereby so amended as to read as follows:
- 5 Section 4. Real property shall be valued as follows:
- 6 First—Each tract or lot of real property shall be valued at its fair cash value
- 7 estimated at the price it would bring at a fair voluntary sale.
- 8 Second—Taxable leasehold estates shall be valued at such a price as they
- 9 would bring at a fair voluntary sale for cash.
- 10 Third—When a building or structure is located on the right of way of any
- 11 canal, railroad or other company leased or granted for a term of years to
- 12 another, the same shall be valued at such a price as such building or structure
- 13 and lease or grant would sell for at a fair voluntary sale for cash.
- 14 Fourth—In valuing any real property on which there is a coal or other mine.
- 15 or stone or other quarry, the same shall be valued at such a price as such
- 16 property, including the mine or quarry, would sell for at a fair voluntary sale
- 17 for cash.
- 18 Fifth—Where the surface of any real estate is owned by any person, company

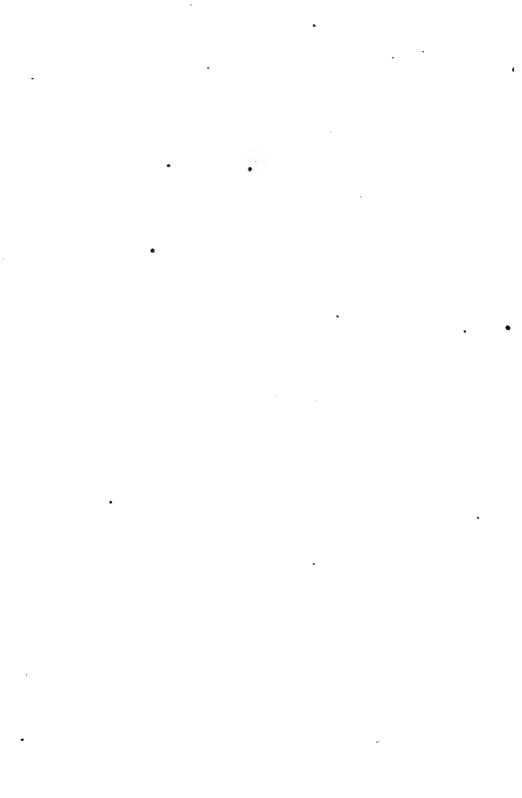
or corporation, and the coal or other mineral underlying the same is owned by any other person, company or corporation, such coal or other mineral shall be assessed separately from the surface, and the same proceedings may be had and taken for the taxes thereon, as is provided by law for the collection of taxes on real estate, and such coal or other mineral may be sold for the taxes thereon, in the same manner as is now provided for the sale of real estate for the payment of taxes.

- 1. Introduced by Mr. Adams, January 11, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading January 12, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipalities.
- 3. Reported back, and referred to Committee on Judiciary, January 18, 1881.
- March 18, 1881, reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading.

For an Act to amend Section twelve (12) of Article nine (9) of "An act to provide for the Incorcorporation of Cities and Villages," approved April 10, 1872.

Section 1. Be it engoted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

General Assembly, That section twelve (12) of article nine (9) of "An act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages," approved April 10, 1872, be amended so as to read as follows, viz.: Section 12. No delay in making an assessment of compensation shall be occasioned by any doubt or contest which may arise as to the ownership of the property, or any part thereof, or as to the interests of the respective owners or claimants; but in such case the court may empannel a jury, and accertain the entire compensation or damage that should be 3 paid for the property or part of property, and the entire intererts of all parties therein; and 41 10 may require adverse claimants to interplead, so as to fully determine their rights and interests in the compensation so ascertained. And the court may make such order as may 11 be necessary in regard to the deposit or payment of such compensation. When land leased 12 or demised is required to be taken for a public improvement, the taking shall be deemed 13 and held to be an extinguishment of the covenants in the lease, as to the part of the demised 14 premises to be taken, and compensation shall be awarded accordingly: Provided, honever, 1.5 that notwithstanding such extinguishment, actions may be brought on the lease for violations 16 of the covenants thereof, happening prior to such taking.



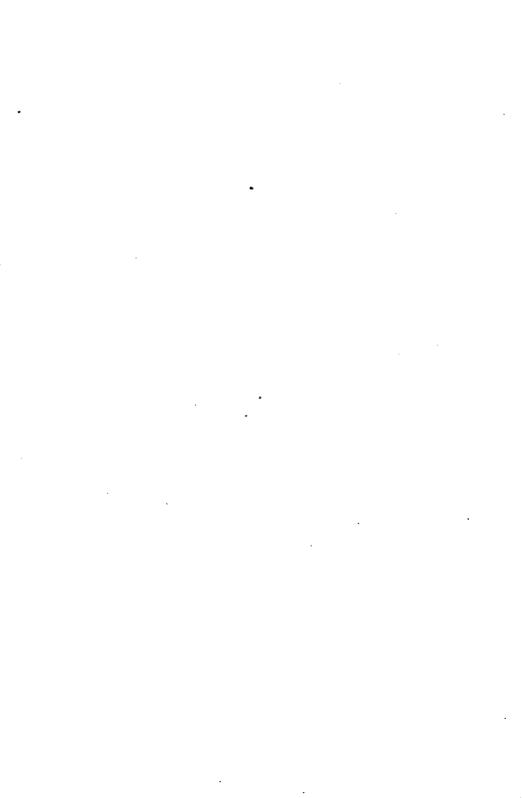
- Reported to House, April 15, 1881.
 First reading April 16, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipal
- 3. Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading May 5, 1881.

For an Act to amend Section twelve (12), of Article nine (9), of "An Act to provide for the Incorporation of Cities and Villages," approved April 10, 1873.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

General Assembly. That section twelve (12), of article nine (9), of "An act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages," approved April 10, 1872, be amended so as to read as follows, viz: 5 Section 12. No delay in making an assessment of compensation shall be occasioned by any doubt or contest which may arise as to the ownership of the property, or any part thereof, or as to the interests of the respective owners or claimants; but in such case the court may impanel a jury, and ascertain the entire compensation or damage that should be paid for the property or part of property, and the entire interests of all parties therein; and may require adverse claimants to interplead, so as to fully determine their rights and 11 interests in the compensation so ascertained. And the court may make such order as may be necessary in regard to the deposit or payment of such compensation. When land leased or demised is required to be taken for a public improvement, the taking shall be deemed and held to be an extinguishment of the covenants in the lease, as to the part of the demised premises to be taken. and compensation shall be awarded accordingly: Provided, however, that 17 notwithstanding such extinguishment, actions may be brought on the lease for

violations of the covenants thereof, happening prior to such taking.



- Introduced by Mr. Adams, January H. 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 12 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.
- Reported back with amendment, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 4, 1881.

For an Act making an appropriation to pay the claims of Gulien Cornelis Crommelin, Julius Hendrik Tutein Nolthenius and Abraham de Haan Autsen, allowed by the Commission of Claims.

Whereas, the commission of claims, at its session in August, 1880, did examine

- 2 claim No. 101 of Gulien Councilis Crommelin Julius Hendrik Tutein Nolthenius
- 3 and Abraham de Haan Autsen, for interest and principal of the new internal
- 4 improvement interest stock bonds, numbered 2612, 2613 and 2614, issued under
- 5 the act approved February 28, 1847, and did allow to said claimants the same of
- 6 four thousand six hundred and pinety-one dollars and seventeen cents, which
- 7 award was made upon the 12th day of August, 1880;
- 8 And whereas, the Auditor has reported said laward in his report to the Gov-
- 9 ernor of Illinois, dated November 1, 1880, on page VIII.:

- 2 General Assembly, That the sum of four thousand six hundred and ninety-one
- 3 dollars and seventeen cents (\$4.619.17), and interest thereon from the 12th day
- 4 of August, 1850, at the rate of six (6) per cent, per annum, be and the same is
- 5 hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appro-
- 6 priated, to be paid to said claimants, or their solicitors of record, upon the war-
- 7 rant of the Auditor, approved by the Governor.
 - \$ 2. Whereas the bonds upon which said award was made are long overdue,
- 2 and in justice to the claimants as creditors of the State, it is necessary that this

- 3 law should take effect and be in force from and after its passage, therefore it is
- 4 declared that an emergency exists, and that the law take effect and be in force
- 5 from and after its passage.

AMENDMENT REPORTED FROM THE COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIA-TIONS FEBRUARY 4, 1881.

Amend by striking out all of Section 2.

- Introduced by Mr. Adams, January 11, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading January 12, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.
- Reported back with amendment, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 4, 1881.
- 4. February 9, 1881, second reading, amended, ordered to third reading.

For an Act to make an appropriation to pay the claims of Gulian Cornelis Crommelin, Julius Hendrik Tutein Nolthenius and Abraham de Haan Antson, allowed by the Commission of Claims.

Whereas, the commission of claims, at its session in August, 1880, did

- 2 examine claim No. 101. of Gulian Cornelis Crommelin, Julius Hendrik
- 3 Tutein Nolthenius and Abraham de Haan Antson, for interest and prin-
- 4 cipal of the new internal improvement interest stock bonds, numbered
- 5 2612, 2613 and 2614, issued under the act approved February 28, 1847, and
- 6 did allow to said claimants the sum-of-four-thousand six hundred and ninety-
- 7 one dollars and seventeen cents, which award was made upon the 12th day of
- 8 August, 1880;
- 9 And whereas, the Auditor has reported said award in his report to the 10 Governor of Illinois, dated November 1, 1880, on page VIII:

- 2 General Assembly, That the sum of four thousand six hundred and ninety-
- 3 one dollars and seventeen cents (\$4.619.17), and interest thereon from the
- 4 12th day of August, 1880, at the rate of six (6) per cent. per annum, be
- 5 and the same is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the Treas-

- 6 ury not otherwise appropriated, to be paid to said claimants, or their
- 7 solicitors of record, upon the warrant of the Auditor, approved by the
- 8 Governor.

1. Reported to House, February 24, 1881.

First reading February 26, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

 Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading March 16, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act making an appropriation to pay the claim of Gulian Cornelis Crommelin,

Julius Hendrik Tutein Nolthenius and Abraham de Haan Antson, allowed
by the Commission of Claims.

Whereas, the commission of claims at its session in August, 1880, did examine

- 2 claim No. 101, of Gulian Cornelis Crommelin, Julius Hendrik Tutein Nolthenius
- 3° and Abraham de Haan Antson for interest and principal of the new internal
- 4 improvement interest stock bonds, numbered 2612, 2613 and 2614, issued under
- 5 the act approved February 28, 1847, and did allow to said claimants the sum of
- 6 four thousand six hundred and ninety-one dollars and seventeen cents, which
- 7 award was made upon the 12th day of August, 1880;
- 8 And whereas, the Auditor has reported said award in his report to the
- 9 Governor of Illinois, dated November 1, 1880, on page VIII;

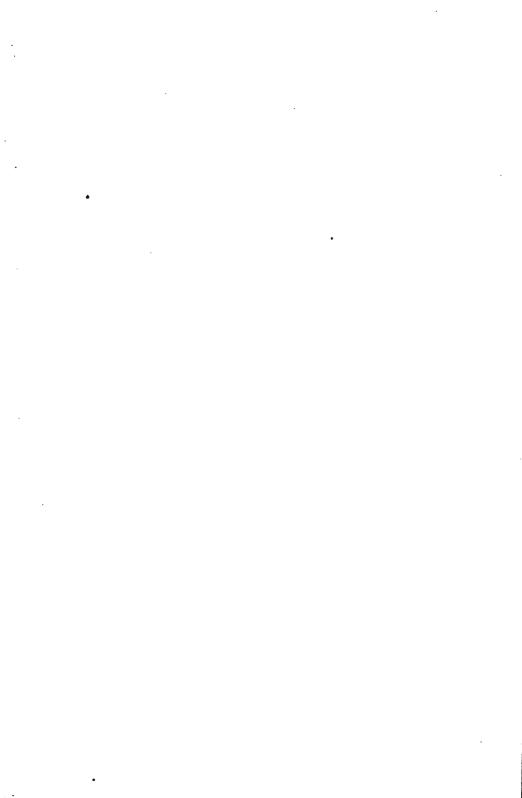
- 2 General Assembly, That the sum of four thousand six hundred and ninety-one
- 3 dollars and seventeen cents (\$4,691.17), and interest thereon from the 12th day
- 4 of August, 1880, at the rate of six (6) per cent. per annum, be and the same is
- 5 hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appro-
- 6 printed, to be paid to said claimants, or their solicitors of record, upon the war-
- 7 rant of the Auditor, approved by the Governor.



- Introduced by Mr. Munn, January 11, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading January 12, 1881, and referred to Committee on Iusurance. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 4, 1881.

For an Act entitled "An Act to extend the time in the several charters heretofore granted to all Mutual Insurance Companies in the State."

- 2 General Assembly. That the time in the charters of all mutual insurance com-
- 8 panies heretofore granted, including mutual township insurance companies, to
- be extended for the period of fifty years from the extension of the time granted
- 5 in each of said charters.



and July in each year.

- Introduced by Mr. Munn, January 11, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 12, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judicial Department.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading January 20, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to establish Appellate Courts," approved June 2, 1877, and as amended, approved, and in force February 28, 1879.

Section 1. [Terms.] Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly, That section two of an act entitled "An Act to establish Appellate Courts," approved June 2, 1877, as amended, approved and in force February 28, 1879, be amended so as to read as follows: The terms of said Appellate Courts shall be held in the several districts as follows: In the first district, at the city of Chicago, on the first Tuesdays in March and October of each year. In the second district, at Ottawa, in LaSalle county, on the third Tuesday in May and the first Tuesday in December of each year. In the third district, at Springfield, on the third Tuesdays of May and November in each year. In the fourth district, at Mt. Vernon, on the first Tuesdays in February

- \$ 2. (Emergency.) Whereas, the June term of said Court for the second dis2 trict would be held before this act takes effect; and whereas, it is desirable that
 3 the change in the time of holding said terms should apply to the first term of
- 5 the change in the time of holding said terms should apply to the first term of
- 4 said court to be holden after the passage of this act; therefore an emergency
- 5 exists, and this act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 21, REPORTED FROM THE COMMITTEE ON JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Amend, by changing the last clause of Section 1, so as to read as follows: "In

- 2 the fourth district, at Mt. Vernon, on the fourth Tuesdays in February and
- 3 August in each year."
- 4 Also, amend Section 1, by adding thereto the following: "All cases now or
- 5 hereafter taken to said Appellate Court, and all processes of every nature and
- 6 kind that would stand for hearing or be returnable to any of said terms as now
- 7 fixed by law, shall stand for hearing and be returnable to the first term of said
- 8 court in each district, respectively, as fixed by this act."

1. Reported to House January 25, 1881.

First reading January 25, 1881, and ordered to second reading.
 Read second time and ordered to third reading January 26, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to establish Appellate Courts," approved June 2, 1877, and as amended, approved, and in force February 28, 1879.

- 2 in the General Assembly, That section two of an act entitled "An Act to establish
- 3 Appellate Courts," approved June 2, 1877, as amended, approved and in force
- 4 February 28, 1879, be amended so as to read as follows:
- 5 Section 2. The terms of said Appellate Courts shall be held in the several dis-
- 6 tricts as follows: In the first district, at the city of Chicago, on the first Tuesdays
- 7 in March and October of each year. In the second district, at Ottawa, in LaSalle
- 8 county, on the third Tuesday in May and the first Tuesday in December of each
- 9 year. In the third district, at Springfield, on the third Tuesdays of May and
- 10 November in each year. In the fourth district, at Mt. Vernon, on the fourth
- 11 Tuesdays in February and August in each year. All cases now or hereafter
- 12 taken to said Appellate Courts, and all processes of every nature and kind that
- 13 would stand for hearing or be returnable to any of said terms as now fixed by
- 14 law, shall stand for hearing and be returnable to the first term of said court in
- 15 each district, respectively, as fixed by this act.
 - § 2. (Emergency.) Whereas, the June term of said Court for the second dis-
- 2 trict would be held before this act takes effect; and whereas, it is desirable that

- 8 the change in the time of holding said terms should apply to the first term of
- 4 said court to be holden after the passage of this act; therefore an emergency
- 5 exists, and this act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

- 1. Introduced by Mr. Munn, January 11, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading January 12, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judicial Department.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading January 20, 1881.
- January 22, 1881, second reading, amendment adopted and ordered to third reading.

For an Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to establish Appellate Courts," approved June 2, 1877, and as amended, approved, and in force February 28, 1879.

- 2 in the General Assembly, That section two of an act entitled "An Act to establish
- 3 Appellate Courts," approved June 2, 1877, as amended, approved and in force
- 4 February 28, 1879, be amended so as to read as follows:
- 5 \ 2. 'The terms of said Appellate Courts shall be held in the several districts
- 6 as follows: In the first district, at the city of Chicago, on the first Tuesdays in
- 7 March and October of each year. In the second district, at Ottawa, in LaSalle
- 8 county, on the third Tuesday in May and the first Tuesday in December of each
- 9 year. In the third district, at Springfield, on the third Tuesdays of May and
- 10 November in each year. In the fourth district, at Mt. Vernon, on the fourth
- 11 Tuesdays in February and August in each year. All cases now or hereafter
- 12 taken to said Appellate Court, and all processes of every nature and kind that
- 13 would stand for hearing or be returnable to any of said terms as now fixed by
- 14 law, shall stand for hearing and be returnable to the first term of said court in
- 15 each district, respectively, as fixed by this act.
- § 2. (Emergency.) Whereas, the June term of said Court for the second dis-
- 2 trict would be held before this act takes effect; and whereas, it is desirable that

- 3 the change in the time of holding said terms should apply to the first term of
- 4 said court to be holden after the passage of this act; therefore an emergency
- 5 exists, and this act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

- 1. Introduced by Mr. Whiting, January 12, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading January 12, 1881, and referred to Committee on Revenue.
- 3. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 24, 1881.

For an Act to License and to provide for Taxing Persons, Companies or Corporations doing

Express Business on any Railroad in this State.

- 2 General Assembly, That each and every person, company or corporation, whether residing.
- 3 incorporated or organized in this State or out of this State, doing express business on any
- 4 railroad in this State, shall make an annual report to the Auditor of Public Accounts, on or
- 5 before the 10th day of January, 1882, and in like time in each year thereafter; which
- 6 report shall state the number and location of their offices in this State, the railroads over
- 7 which they conduct their business, and the number of miles in this State they do express
- 8 business, together with a statement of the proper person or officer, stating the gross amount
- 9 of all their receipts in this State, from every source of their business, received during the
- 10 year ending the preceding 81st day of December, at the close of that day. This report,
- 11 with the statement of the gross amount of money so received, shall be verified by the oath
- 12 of the proper person or officer as to its truth.
 - § 2. It shall not be lawful, after January 10, 1882, for any person, company or corporation
- 2 to carry on the business of receiving, forwarding or delivering goods, packages or parcels
- 3 by express, for hire, without first making the report as herein required, and procuring from
- 4 the Auditor a certificate of authority or license; and it shall be a condition precedent to the issuing of the license, and its annual renewal by the Auditor, that the person, company or
- 6 corporation making the report shall pay into the State Treasury a specific State tax of two
- 7 per cent. of the gross amount received by said person, company or corporation within this

- 8 State, as before named, for the year included in the report provided for in section one of
- 9 this act, which said specific tax may be recovered in any court of competent jurisdiction, at
- 10 the suit of this State; and in case of a failure to pay, it shall be the duty of the Attorney
- 11 General to prosecute such suit.
 - § 3. It shall be the duty of the State Treasurer to give his receipt in duplicate for all
 - 2 moneys paid into the State Treasury under the provisions of this act; and the Auditor, on
- 3 the presentation of the receipt, shall issue as many copies of the annual certificate, or license,
- 4 as may be desired by said company, not exceeding one for each agent, or place of business.
- 5 of said person, company or corporation of this State.
- § 4. Any person, company or corporation violating the provisions of this act, shall, upon
- 2 conviction thereof, be fined in any sum not less than ten (10) and not exceeding one hundred
- 3 dollars (\$100) for each and every act, at the discretion of the court. Violations of the pro-
- 4 visions of this set may be prosecuted in the name of the People of the State of Illinois;
- 5 and it shall be the duty of the State's Attorney of each county in this State to prosecute for
- 6 any violation of the provisions of this act. Such prosecution may be carried on either by
- 7 indictment, information filed by the State's Attorney, or by an action of debt for the penal-
- 8 ties incurred.
 - § 5. Any person, company or corporation complying with the requirements of this act.
- 2 and receiving the specified certificate, or license, from the Auditor of Public Accounts, shall
- 3 be permitted to do business in any part of the State.
- § 6. The moneys received under the provisions of this set shall be placed in the revenue
- 2 fund for State purposes.

1. Introduced by Mr. White, January 12, 1881, and ordered to first reading.

First reading January 12, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipalities.
 Reported back with recommendation it be ordered to second reading, and be printed. So ordered January 27, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act in relation to local improvements in cities.

- 2 General Assembly, That when any city shall, by ordinance, provide for the im-
- 8 provement of any street by the filling, curbing and paving, or either of them, of
- 4 such street, in a permanent manner, by special assessment or special taxation of
- 5 contiguous property, or otherwise, it may by the same ordinance provide that
- 6 when the same shall be improved in the manner and by the means prescribed in
- 7 the ordinance, to the satisfaction of the proper officer or department of the city,
- 8 it shall not thereafter be filled, curbed and paved, or either of them, as the case
- 9 may be, by means of special assessment or special taxation.
 - § 2. That any city may, by ordinance, provide for the improvement of any
- 2 street by the filling, curbing and paving, or either of them, of such street in a
- 3 permanent manner, to be prescribed in the ordinance, by and at the expense of
- 4 the owners of property abutting on or contiguous to the street, or by any indi-
- 5 viduals under the superintendence and direction of the proper officer or depart-
- 6 ment of the city, and may also provide by the same ordinance, that after such
- 7 street shall have been so improved to the satisfaction of the proper officer or
- 8 department of said city, it shall not thereafter be filled, curbed and payed, or
- 9 either of them, as the case may be, by special assessment or by special taxation
- 10 of contiguous property.

- \$ 3. No improvement shall be ordered by virtue of this act, unless the same
- 2 $\,$, shall be of a substantial and permanent character; and when any street shall be
- 3 filled, curbed and paved, or either of them, in accordance with an ordinance
- 4 passed as aforesaid, such street shall not thereafter be filled, curbed and paved,
- 5 or either of them, as the case may be, by special assessment or by special taxa-
- 6 tion of contiguous property, but only by general taxation.

Reported to House, February 9, 1881.

- First reading February 11, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading March 10, 1881.
- 4. Second reading March 31, 1881, amended, and ordered to a third reading.

(Printed as amended.)

A BILL

For an Act in relation to local improvements in Cities.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the 2 General Assembly, That when any city shall, by ordinance, provide for the

- 3 improvement of any street by the filling, curbing and paving, or either of them,
- 4 of such street in a permanent manner, by special assessment (upon the property
- 5 benefited thereby) or otherwise, it may, by the same ordinance, provide that
- 6 when the same shall be improved, in the manner and by the means prescribed
- 7 in the ordinance, to the satisfaction of the proper officer or department of the
- 8 -city, it shall not thereafter be filled, curbed and paved, or either of them, as the
- 9 case may be, by means of special assessment or special taxation.
 - § 2. That any city may, by ordinance, provide for the improvement of any
- 2 street by the filling, curbing and paving, or either of them, of such street in a
- 3 permanent manner, to be prescribed in the ordinance, by, and at the expense of,
- 4 the owners of property abutting on, or contiguous to, the street, or by any indi-
- 5 viduals under the superintendence and direction of the proper officer or depart-
- 6 ment of the city, and may also provide by the same ordinance that after such
- 7 street shall have been so improved to the satisfaction of the proper officer or
- 8 department of said city, it shall not thereafter be filled, curbed and paved, or
- 9 either of them, as the case may be, by special assessment or by special taxation
- 10 of contiguous property.

- § 3. No improvement shall be ordered by virtue of this act, unless the same
- 3 shall be of a substantial and per nanent character, and when any street shall
- 8 be filled, curbed and paved, or either of them, in accordance with an ordinance
- 4 passed as aforesaid, such street shall not therea fer be filled, curbed and paved,
- 5 or either of them, as the case may be, by special assessment or by special taxa-
- 6 tion, but only by general taxation.

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Reported to House, February 9, 1881.

 First reading February 11, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs.

 Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading March 10, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act in relation to local improvements in Cities.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That when any city shall, by ordinance, provide for the improvement of any street by the filling, curbing and paving, or either of them, of such street in a permanent manner, by special assessment (or special taxation of contiguous property,) or otherwise, it may, by the same ordinance, provide that when the same shall be improved, in the manner, and by the means prescribed in the ordinance, to the satisfaction of the proper officer or department of the city, it shall not thereafter be filled, curbed and paved, or either of them, as the case may be, by means of special assessment or special taxation.

- \$ 2. That any city may, by ordinance, provide for the improvement of any street by the filling, curbing and paving, or either of them, of such street in a permanent manner, to be prescribed in the ordinance, by, and at the expense of the owners of property abutting on, or contiguous to the street, or by any individuals under the superintendence and direction of the proper officer or department of the city, and may also provide by the same ordinance, that, after such street shall have been so improved to the satisfaction of the proper officer or department of said city, it shall not thereafter be filled, curbed and paved or either of them, as the case may be, by special assessment or by special taxation of contiguous property.
 - § 3. No improvement shall be ordered by virtue of this act, unless the same

- 2 shall be of a substantial and permanent character, and when any street shall
- 3 be filled, curbed and paved, or either of them, in accordance with an ordinance
- 4 passed as aforesaid, such street shall not thereafter be filled, curbed and paved,
- 5 or either of them, as the case may be, by special assessment or by special taxa-
- 6 tion of contiguous property, but only by general taxation.

COMMITTEE AMMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. (29.)

- 1. Amend by striking out the words in section 1, "or special taxation of con-
- 2 tiquous property" in the sixth and seventh lines, and insert in lieu thereof the
- 3 words, "upon the property benefited thereby."
- Amend section 3, line nine, by striking out the words. "of contiguous
 property."

- 1. Introduced by Mr. Whiting, January 18, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading January 13, 1881, and referred to Committee on Revenue.
 Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 3, 1881.

For an Act providing for Licensing and Taxing Corporations, Companies or Individuals operating Telegraph Lines.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That each and every person, company or corporation, whether
- 3 incorporated, organized or residing in this State or outside this State, operating
- 4 a telegraph line in this State, shall make an annual report to the Auditor of
- 5 Public Accounts, on or before the tenth day of January, 1882, and each year
- 6 thereafter, which report shall state:
- 7 First—The name and locality of the person, company or corporation.
- 8 Second—The number of miles of telegraph operated by said person, company
- 9 or corporation in this State, and the location of its lines therein.
- 10 Third The amount of gross receipts from all sources of their business,
- 11 received within the State, for the year ending the thirty-first day of December
- 12 preceding such report. This report shall be verified by the oath of the proper
- 13 person or officer as to its truth.
 - § 2. It shall not be lawful, after the tenth day of January, 1882, for any
 - e person, company or corporation, to transact the business of telegraphing or
- 3 sending messages by telegraph for a compensation, without first making the
- 4 report as herein required, and procuring from the Auditor a certificate of
- 5 authority or license; and it shall be a condition precedent to the issuing or the
- 6 renewal of the annual certificate, or license, by the Auditor, that the person

7 company or corporation making the statement shall pay into the State treasury a specific tax of two per cent. on the gross amount received by said person, company or corporation within this State, for the year included in the report provided for in Section one of this act, which said specific tax may be recovered 10 in any court of competent jusisdiction, at the suit of this State. It shall be the 11 duty of the State Treasurer to give his receipt in duplicate for all moneys paid 12 into the State treasury under the provisions of this act; and the Auditor of 14 Public Accounts, on the presentation of such receipt from the Treasurer, shall issue as many copies of the annual certificate, or license, as may be desired by said company, not exceeding one for each agent or place of business in this Stafe. 17

- § 3. Any person, company or corporation violating the provisions of this act, shall, upon conviction thereof in any court of competent jurisdiction, be fined in any sum not less than ten nor more than one hundred dollars for each and every act, at the discretion of the court. Violations of the provisions of this act may be prosecuted in the name of the people of the State of Illinois, and it shall be the duty of the State's Attorney, in each county in this State, to prosecute for any violations of the provisions of this act. Such prosecutions may be carried on either by indictment, information filed by the State's Attorney, or by an action of debt for the penalties incurred.
- § 4. Any telegraph corporation, company or individual complying with the
 requirements of this act, and receiving the certificate, or license, from the
 Auditor, as provided in this act, shall be permitted to do business in any part of
 this State.

- Reported to House February 18, 1891; February 25, taken up and referred to Committee on Revenue; March 18, reported back, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading March 21, 1881, and referred to Committee on Corporations.
- 3. Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading March 31.

For an Act providing for Licensing and Taxing Corporations, Companies or Individuals operating Telegraph Lines.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That each and every person, company or corporation, whether
- 8 incorporated, organized or residing in this State or outside this State, operating
- 4 a telegraph line in this State, shall make an annual report to the Auditor of
- 5 Public Accounts, on or before the tenth day of January, 1882, and each year
- 6 thereafter, which report shall state:
- 7 First—The name and locality of the person, company or corporation.
- 8 Second—The number of miles of telegraph operated by said person, company
- 9 or corporation in this State, and the location of its lines therein.
- 10 Third. The amount of gross receipts from all sources of their business re-
- 11 ceived within the State, for the year ending the thirty-first day of December
- 12 preceding such report. This report shall be verified by the oath of the proper
- 13 person or officer as to its truth.
 - \$ 2. It shall not be lawful, after the tenth day of January, 1882, for any per-
- 2 son, company or corporation to transact the business of telegraphing or sending
- 3 messages by telegraph for a compensation, without first making the report as
- 4 herein required, and procuring from the Auditor a certificate of au hority or
- 5 license, and it shall be a condition precedent to the issuing or the renewal of

the annual certificate or license by the Auditor that the person, company or corporation making the statement shall pay into the State Treasury a specific tax of two per cent. on the gross amount received by said person, company or corporation within this State, for the year-included in the report, provided for in section one of this act, which said specific tax may be recovered in any court 10 11 of competent jurisdiction, at the suit of this State. It shall be the duty of the 12 State Treasurer to give his receipt in duplicate for all moneys paid into the State Treasury under the provisions of this act, and the Auditor of Public Accounts, on the presentation of such receipt from the Treasurer, shall issue as 14 15 many copies of the annual certificate or license as may be desired by said com pany, not exceeding one for each agent or place of business in this State

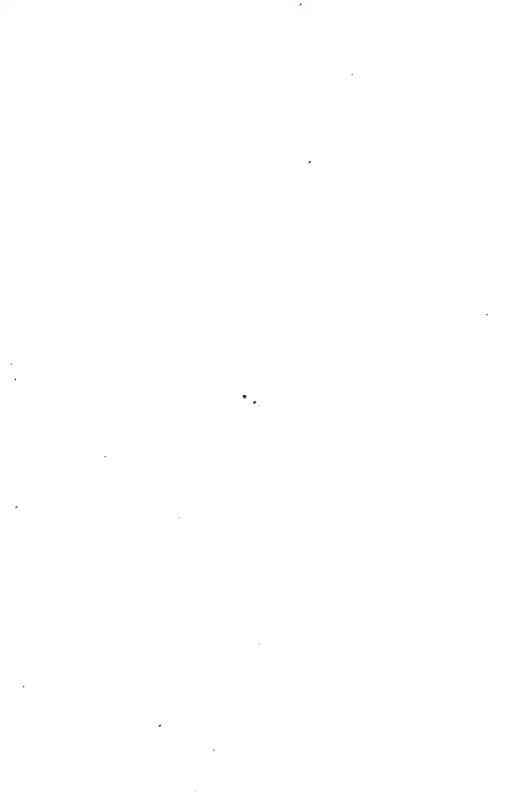
- \$ 3. Any person, company or corporation violating the provisions of this act, shall, upon conviction thereof in any court of competent jurisdiction, be fined in any sum not less than ten nor more than one hundred dollars for each and every act, at the discretion of the court. Violations of the provisions of this act may be prosecuted in the name of the people of the State of Illinois, and it shall be the duty of the State's Attorney, in each county in this State, to prosecute for any violations of the provisions of this act. Such prosecutions may be carried on either by indictment, information filed by the State's Attorney, or by an action of debt for the penalties incurred.
- \$ 4. Any telegraph corporation, company, or individual complying with the
 2 requirements of this act, and receiving the certificate or license from the Auditor as provided in this act, shall be permitted to do business in any part of this
 4 State.

- Introduced by Mr. DeLang, January 13, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 13, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipalities
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading January 22, 1881.

For an Act in relation to bets, pools and wagers.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That whoseever shall keep any room or building, or any portion thereof, or occupy any place upon public or private grounds, anywhere within the State of Illinois, with apparatus, books, or other device for recording or registering bets or wagers, or sell pools, upon the result of any trial or contest of skill, speed or power of endurance of man, bird or beast, or being the owner, lessee, or occupant of any such rooms, building, part or portion thereof, shall knowingly permit the same to be used or occupied for any of the purposes aforesaid, or shall therein keep, exhibit, or employ any device or apparatus for the 10 purpose of registering or recording such bets or wagers, or for the selling of such pools, or shall become the custodian or depository, for hire or reward, of any 11 money, property, or other thing of value, staked, wagered, or pledged as aforesaid, upon any such results, such person shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than one thousand (\$1,000) 14 dollars, nor less than one hundred (*100) dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail for not more than one year or less than thirty (30) days, or by both fine and 16 imprisonment, at the discretion of the court. 17

§ 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.



- Introduced by Mr. DeLang, January 13, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 13, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipals.
- 2. First reading January 13, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipalities.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading January 22, 1881.
- 4. January 25, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.

For an Act in relation to bets, pools and wagers.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

General Assembly, That whosoever shall keep any room or building, or any portion thereof, or occupy any place upon public or private grounds, anywhere

within the State of Illinois, with apparatus, books, or other device for recording

or registering bets or wagers, or shall sell pools, upon the result of any trial or

contest of skill, speed or power of endurance of man, bird or beast, or being the

owner, lessee, or occupant of any such rooms, building, part or portion

thereof, or private grounds, shall knowingly permit the same to be used or

occupied for any of the purposes aforesaid, or shall therein or thereon keep,

exhibit, or employ any device or apparatus for the purpose of registering or

recording such bets or wagers, or for the selling of such pools, or shall become

the custodian or depository, of any money, property, or other thing of value,

staked, wagered, or pledged as aforesaid, upon any such result, shall be deemed

guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than

15 two handred dollars, nor less than ten dollars for each offense.



Reported to House February 2, 1881, and referred to Committee on Corporations; March 10, reported back, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading March 21, 1881, and referred to Committee on Corporations.

First reading March 21, 1881, and referred to Committee on Corporations.
 Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in and ordered to second reading March 30, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act in relation to Bets, Pools and Wagers.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That whoseever shall keep any room or building, or any portion thereof, or occupy any place upon public or private grounds anywhere within the State of Illinois with apparatus, books, or other device for recording or registering bets or wagers, or shall sell pools upon the result of any trial or contest of skill, speed or power of endurance of man, bird or beast or being the owner, lessee or occupant of any such rooms, building, part or portion thereof, or private grounds, shall knowingly permit the same to be used or occupied for any of the purposes aforesaid, or shall therein or thereon keep, exhibit, or employ any device or apparatus for the purpose of registering or re-10 cording such bets or wagers, or for the selling of such pools, or shall become the 11 custodian or depository of any money, property, or other thing of value staked. 12 wagered, or pledged as aforesaid, upon any such result, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than two hun-

dred dollars nor less than ten dollars for each offense.



- Introduced by Mr. Moffett, January 13, 1881, and ordered to first reading. 1. First reading January 13, 1881, and referred to Committee on Roads, High-
- ways and Bridges. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading Feb-

ruary 17, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section ninety-eight (98) of "An act in regard to Roads and Bridges in counties under township organization," approved May 28, 1879, in force July 1, 1879.

[Section 1.] Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

General Assembly. That Section ninety-eight be amended so as to read as follows: Section 98. Any person or persons interested in the decision of the commissigners of highways, in determining to or in refusing to lay out, after, widen or vacate any road, or revoking any previous order or decision relative to any road, or from the verdict of any jury in assessing damages in opening, altering or vacating any road, whether that interest is a private interest affected by said decision or a public interest in common with others in the use of said road, so altered. layed out, widened, or vacated, may appeal from such decision to three supervisors of the county, outside of the town in which such road or proposed road is located, by presenting a written petition to some justice of the peace of the county, asking for an appeal and stating on what ground such appeal is taken, within ten days after such decision has been filed in the office of the proper clerk, and by giving written notice to at least two of the commissioners of highways and three of the petitioners, of the time and place fixed upon by the supervisors

17 chosen to hear such appeal, at least three days before such trial.

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- 1. Introduced by Mr. Moffett, January 18, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading January 13, 1881, and referred to Committee of Roads, Highways and Bridges.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 17, 1881.
- February 24, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.

For an Act to amend Section ninety-eight (98) of "An act in regard to Roads and Bridges in counties under Township Organization," approved May 28, 1879, in force July 1, 1879.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

General Assemblu. That section ninety-eight of "An act in regard to roads and bridges in counties under township organization," approved May 28, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, be amended so as to read as follows: Section 98. Any person or persons interested in the decision of the commis-5 sioners of highways, in determining to or in refusing to lay out, alter, [widen or vacate any road, or revoking any previous order or decision relative to any road, or from the verdict of any jury in assessing damages in opening, altering or varating any road, whether that interest is a private interest affected by said decision or a public interest in common with others in the use of said road, so altered. 10 layed out, widened, or vacated, may appeal from such decision to three super-11 12 visors of the county, outside of the town in which such road or proposed road is located, by presenting a written petition to some justice of the peace of the county. asking for an appeal and stating on what ground such appeal is taken, within ten 14 15 days after such decision has been filed in the office of the proper clerk, and by 16 giving written notice to at least two of the commissioners of highways and

three of the petitioners, of the time and place fixed upon by the supervisors

chosen to hear such appeal, at least three days before such trial.

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- Reported to House March 10, 1881.
- First reading March 21, 1881, and referred to Committee on Roads, Highways and Bridges.
- Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading April 15, 1881.

For an Act to amend Section ninety-eight (98) of "An Act in regard to Roads and Bridges in counties under township organization," approved May 28, 1879, in force July 1, 1879.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

General Assembly, That section ninety-eight (98) of "An act in regard to roads and bridges in counties under township organization," approved May 28, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, be amended so as to read as follows: Section 98. Any person or persons interested in the decision of the commissioners of highways, in determining to or in refusing to lay out, alter, widen or vacate any road, or revoking any previous order or decision relative to any road, or from the verdict of any jury in assessing damages in opening, altering or vacating any road, whether that interest is a private interest affected by said decision or a public interest, in common with others in the use of said road so altered, laid out, widened or vacated, may appeal from such decision to three supervisors of the county, outside of the town in which such road or proposed road is located, by presenting a written petition to some justice of the peace of the county, asking for an appeal and stating on what ground such appeal is taken. within ten days after such decision has been filed in the office of the proper clerk, and by giving written notice to at least two of the commissioners of highways and three of the petitioners, of the time and place fixed upon by the 18 supervisors chosen to hear such appeal, at least three days before such trial.



- Introduced by Mr. Wright. January 13, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 13, 1881, and referred to Committee on Education and Educational Institutions.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and referred to Committee on Appropriations, February 11. April 29, 1881, reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and
- ordered to second reading.

For an Act making appropriations for the Illinois Industrial University.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That there be and hereby is appropriated to the Indus-
- 8 trial University, at Urbana, for the payment of taxes accruing in the years 1890
- and 1881, on lands owned and held by the State for the use of said institution,
- in the county of Gage, in the State of Nebraska, and in the counties of Pope,
- Kandiyohi and Renville, in the State of Minnesota, the sum of two thousand
- five hundred dollars (\$2,500) per annum.
- For current repairs and improvements on buildings and grounds for the said
- university, during the years 1881 and 1882, the sum of two thousand five hun-
- dred dollars (\$2,500) per annum.
- For current expenses of the chemical, physical and botanical laboratories of 11
- the said university, for the years 1881 and 1882, the sum of one thousand five
- hundred dollars (\$1.500) per annum.
- For current expenses of educational work and the practical instruction of stu-14
- dents in the mechanical shops of said university, for the years 1881 and 1883,
- the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500) per annum.
- For the university library and museums, for the years 1881 and 1883, to-wit: 17
- for the purchase of books and publications and for binding the same, one thou
- sand five hundred dollars (\$1,000) per annum; for additional library cases, one

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- \$0 thousand dollars (\$1,500) per annum; for collecting, preparing and mounting
- all imperiments for the dahinets of geology, minerallogy and matural history, one
- 22 thousand dollars (\$1,000) per annum.
- 28 For current expenses of instruction in the several departments of the univer-
- 24 sity, for the years 1881 and 1882, ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) per annum,
- 25 For additional instruments for instruction in civil engineering, the sum of
- 96 one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
- 27 For additional furniture for the public rooms of the main building, the sum
- 28 of one thousand dollars (\$1.000).
- 29 For the erection of a new boller-house to receive the bollers of the main and
- 30 the chemical buildings, for the necessary chimney, smoke and air flues connected
- 31 therewith, and for the removal of the boilers thereto from the said buildings
- 82 as per plans and estimates, the sum of five thousand five hundred dollars
- 38 (\$5,500).

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- 24 For the purchase of a boiler and steam pipes, for additional steam coils and
- 35 service pipes, and for continuing the improvements in the ventilation of the
- 36 main building and the general repair of the heating apparatus the sum of
- 87 four thousand dollars (\$4,000).
- 38 For the erection of a farm cottage and a dairy house, the sum of one thousand
- 39 five hundred dollars (\$1,500).
 - § 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed to draw
 - his warrant on the Treasurer for the sums herein appropriated, payable out of
 - 8 any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, upon the order of the
 - 4 president of the board of trustees of the said university, attested by its secretary, and
 - 5 with the corporate seal of the university: Provided, that no part of the said sums
 - 6 shall be due and payable to said institution until satisfactory vouchers in detail,
 - 7 approved by the Governor, shall be filed with the Auditor for all previous ex-
 - 8 penditures incurred by the institution on account of appropriations heretofore
 - 9 made: Provided, further, that vouchers shall be taken in duplicate, and original
- 10 or duplicate vouchers shall be forwarded to the Auditor of Public Accounts

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II for the expenditure of the sums appropriated in this act.

AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 42, REPORTED FROM THE COM-MITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS APRIL #9, 1881.

- 1. Amend by striking out of third item of section one, in lines nineteen and
- 2 twenty of written bill, the words and characters: "one thousand five hundred
- 8 dollars (\$1,500)," and substitute in lieu thereof the words and characters: "one
- 4 thousand dollars (\$1,000)."
- 5 2. Amend by striking out of fifth item of section, one in thirty-first line of
- 6 written bill, the words "per annum," and also the words "per annum" out of the
- 7 thirty fourth line.

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- Introduced by Mr. Wright, January 13, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading January 13, 1881, and referred to Committee on Education and Educational Institutions.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and referred to Committee on Appropriations, February 11, 1881.

 April 29, 1881, reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and
- ordered to second reading.
- May 3, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to a third reading.

For an Act making appropriations for the Illinois Industrial University.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly. That there be and hereby is appropriated to the Indus-
- trial University, at Urbana, for the payment of taxes accruing in the years 1890
- and 1881, on lands owned and held by the State for the use of said institution.
- in the county of Gage, in the State of Nebraska, and in the counties of Pope,
- Kandiyohi and Renville, in the State of Minnesota, the sum of two thousand
- five hundred dollars (\$2.500) per annum.
- For current repairs and improvements on buildings and grounds for the said
- university, during the years 1881 and 1882, the sum of two thousand five hun-
- 10 dred dollars (\$2,500) per annum.
- For current expenses of the chemical, physical and botanical laboratories of 11
- the said university, for the years 1881 and 1882, the sum of one thousand dollars
- 13 (\$1,000) per annum.
- For current expenses of educational work and the practical instruction of stu-14
- dents in the mechanical shops of said university, for the years 1881 and 1882.
- the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1.500) per annum.
- For the university library and museums, for the years 1881 and 1882, to-wit: 17
- for the purchase of books and publications and for binding the same, one thou

- 19 sand five hundred dollars o(1.500) per annum; for additional tibrary cases, one
- 30 thousand dollars (\$1,000); for collecting, preparing and mounting specimens
- 21 for the cabinet of geology, mineralogy and natural history, one thousand
- 22 dollars (\$1,000).
- 28 For current expenses of instruction in the several departments of the univer-
- 24 sity, for the years 1881 and 1882, ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) per annum.
- 25 For additional instruments for instruction in civil engineering, the sum of
- 26 one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
- 27 For additional furniture for the public rooms of the main building, the sum
- 28 of one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
- 29 For the erection of a new boiler-house to receive the boilers of the main and
- 30 the chemical buildings, for the necessary chimney, smoke and air flues connected
- 31 therewith, and for the removal of the boilers thereto from the said buildings.
- 33 as per plans and estimates, the sum of five thousand five hundred dollars
- 88 (\$5 \$00).
- 84 For the purchase of a boiler and steam pipes, for additional steam coils and
- 35 service pipes, and for continuing the improvements in the ventilation of the
- 86 main building and the general repair of the heating apparatus, the sum of
- 37 four thousand dollars (\$4,000).
- 38 For the erection of a farm cottage and a dairy house, the sum of one thousand
- 39 five hundred dollars (81.500).
 - § 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed to
 - 2 draw his warrant on the Treasurer for the sums herein appropriated, payable out
 - 3 of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, upon the order of the
 - 4 president of the board of trustees of the said university, attested by its secretary,
 - 5 and with the corporate seal of the university: Provided, that no part of the said
 - 6 sums shall be due and payable to said institution until satisfactory vouchers in
 - 7 detail, approved by the Governor, shall be filed with the Auditor for all previous
 - 8 expenditures incurred by the institution on account of appropriations hereto-
 - 9 fore made: Provided, further, that youchers shall be taken in duplicate, and
- 10 original or duplicate vouchers shall be forwarded to the Auditor of Public
- 11 Accounts for the expenditure of the sums appropriated in this act.

1. Reported to House May 5, 1881.

First reading May 9, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.
 Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading May 11, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act making appropriations for the Illinois Industrial University.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 3 General Assembly, That there be and hereby is appropriated to the Industrial
- 3 University, at Urbana, for the payment of taxes accruing in the years 1880 and
- 4 1881, on lands owned and held by the State for the use of said institution, in the
- 5 county of Gage, in the State of Nebraska, and in the counties of Pope, Kandi-
- 6 yohi and Renville, in the State of Minnesota, the sum of two thousand five
- 7 hundred dollars (\$2,500) per annum.
- 8 For current repairs and improvements on buildings and grounds for the said
- 9 university, during the years 1881 and 1882, the sum of two thousand five hun-
- 10 dred dollars (\$2,500) per annum.
- 11 For current expenses of the chemical, physical and botanical laboratories of
- 19 the said university, for the years 1881 and 1882, the sum of one thousand dollars
- 18 (\$1,000) per annum.
- 14 For current expenses of educational work and the practical instruction of
- 15 students in the mechanical shops of said university, for the years 1881 and 1882,
- 16 the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500) per annum.
- 17 For the university library and museums, for the years 1881 and 1882, to wit:
- 18 for the purchase of books and publications and for binding the same, one thou-
- 19 sand five hundred dollars (\$1,500) per annum; for additional library cases, one
- 20 thousand dollars (\$1,000); for collecting, preparing and mounting specimens for

- 21 the cabinets of geology, mineralogy and natural history, one thousand dollars
- 22 (\$1,000).
- 28 For current expenses of instruction in the several departments of the univer-
- 24 sity, for the years 1881 and 1882, ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) per annum.
- 25 For additional instruments for instruction in civil engineering, the sum of
- 26 one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
- 27 For additional furniture for the public rooms of the main building, the sum
- 28 of one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
- 29 For the erection of a new boiler-house to receive the boilers of the main and
- 30 the chemical buildings, for the necessary chimney, smoke and air flues con-
- 31 nected therewith, and for the removal of the boilers thereto from the said
- 83 buildings, as per plans and estimates, the sum of five thousand five hundred
- 33 dollars (\$5.500).
- 34 For the purchase of a boiler and steam pipes, for additional steam coils and
- 35 service pipes, and for continuing the improvements in the ventilation of the
- 36 main building and the general repair of the heating apparatus, the sum of four
- 87 thousand dollars (\$4,000).
- 58 For the erection of a farm cottage and a dairy house, the sum of one thousand
- 89 five hundred dollars (\$1,500).
 - § 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed to
 - 2 draw his warrant on the Treasurer for the sums herein appropriated, payable
 - 3 out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, upon the order
 - 4 of the president of the board of trustees of the said university, attested by its
 - 5 secretary, and with the corporate seal of the university: Provided, that no part
 - 6 of the said sums shall be due and payable to said institution until satisfactory
 - 7 vouchers in detail, approved by the Governor, shall be filed with the Auditor
 - 8 for all previous expenditures incurred by the institution on account of appro-
 - 9 priations heretofore made: And, provided, further, that vouchers shall be taken
- 10 in duplicate, and original or duplicate vouchers shall be forwarded to the
- 11 Auditor of Public Accounts for the expenditure of the sums appropriated in
- 12 this act.

- Introduced by Mr. Campbell, January 14, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 14, 1881, and referred to Committee on Revenue.
- Reported back with amendment, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading January 20, 1881.

For an Act to amend section one hundred and sixty-nine (169), as heretofore amended, of an act entitled "An Act for the assessment of property, and for the levy and collection of taxes," approved March 30, 1872; in force July 1, 1872.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly, That Section one hundred and sixty-nine (169), as heretofore amended, of an act entitled "An act for the assessment of property, and for the levy and collection of taxes," approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1, 1872. be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows: Section 169. Town and district collectors shall return the tax books and make 6 final settlement for the amount of taxes placed in their hands for collection, on or before the tenth day of March, next after receiving the tax books: Provided. that the county collector may first notify, in writing, the several town or district collectors upon what day, within twenty days after the tenth day of March, they shall appear at his office to make final settlement; and at the time of making 11 return to the county collector each town or district collector, in counties under township organization, shall make out and deliver to the county collector a detailed statement, in writing, of the amount of taxes he has been unable to collect on real estate and from persons charged with personal property taxes, which statement shall show each kind of tax, the same as in the tax book delivered to him by the county clerk, and shall show the number of the page of the tax book

and the number of the line of the page on which the item appears to be delin-

- 19 quent, and in case where no taxes have been paid on any one page on the collec-
- 20 tor's book, the page footings of the taxes on such page may be copied into such
- 21 statement. It shall not be necessary to give in the statement the description of
- 22 the real property delinquent, nor the names of the owners thereof, nor the names
- 23 of the persons delinquent for personal property taxes. The town or district col-
- 24 lector shall add up the delinquent taxes in said statement and make a summary
- 25 thereof, setting forth the aggregate amount of each kind of tax and the total
- 26 delinquent, in the same manner as in his warrant, and shall make oath that said
- 27 statement is true and correct.
 - § 2. Whereas, there is no provision in the revenue law requiring the town or
 - 2 district collector to make a statement whereby a correct and satisfactory settle-
- 3 ment can be made with the county collector; therefore an emergency exists, and
- 4 this act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL NO. 48, AS REPORTED BACK TO THE SENATE FROM THE REVENUE COMMITTEE.

Amend the title of the bill by striking out the words "as heretofore amended,"

- 2 and by adding after the figures 1872, the following: "As amended by an act
- 3 approved May 3, 1873."
- 4 Amend section 1 of the bill by striking out the words "as heretofore amended."
- 5 and by adding after the figures 1872, the following: "As amended by an act
- 6 approved May 8, 1873."

- Introduced by Mr. Campbell, January 14, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading January 14, 1881, and referred to Committee on Revenue.
 Reported back with amendment, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading January 20, 1881.
- January 24, 1881, second reading, amendments adopted, and ordered to third reading.

For an Act to amend section one hundred and sixty-nine (169), of an act entitled "An Act for the assessment of property, and for the levy and collection of taxes," approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, as amended by an act approved May 3, 1873.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That Section one hundred and sixty-nine (169), of an act entitled "An act for the assessment of property, and for the levy and collection of taxes," approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, as amended by an act approved May 3, 1873, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows: Section 169. Town and district collectors shall return the tax books and make final settlement for the amount of taxes placed in their hands for collection, on or before the tenth day of March, next after receiving the tax books: Provided. that the county collector may first notify, in writing, the several town or district collectors upon what day, within twenty days after the tenth day of March, they shall appear at his office to make final settlement; and at the time of making 11 return to the county collector each town or district collector, in counties under township organization, shall make out and deliver to the county collector a detailed statement, in writing, of the amount of taxes he has been unable to collect on real estate and from persons charged with personal property taxes, which

statement shall show each kind of tax, the same as in the tax book delivered to

17 him by the county clerk, and shall show the number of the page of the tax book and the number of the line of the page on which the item appears to be delin-18 19 quent, and in case where no taxes have been paid on any one page on the collector's book, the page footings of the taxes on such page may be copied into such 20 21 statement. It shall not be necessary to give in the statement the description of .).) the real property delinquent, nor the names of the owners thereof, nor the names 23 of the persons delinquent for personal property taxes. The town or district collector shall add up the delinquent taxes in said statement and make a summary 24 thereof, setting forth the aggregate amount of each kind of tax and the total delinquent, in the same manner as in his warrant, and shall make oath that said statement is true and correct. 27

\$ 2. Whereas, there is no provision in the revenue law requiring the town or
2 district collector to make a statement whereby a correct and satisfactory settlement can be made with the county collector; therefore an emergency exists, and
4 this act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Reported to House February 2, 1881.

 First reading February 9, 1881, and referred to Committee on Revenue.
 Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading Exhauster 11, 1881.

6. Second reading February 12, 1881, and ordered to third reading.

A BILL

For An Act to amend Section one hundred and sixty-nine (169), of an Act entitled "An Act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collection of taxes," approved March 30th, 1872, in force July 1, 1872; as amended by an Act approved May 3, 1873.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That Section one hundred and sixty-nine (169), of an act entitled "An Act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collection of taxes," approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, as amended by an act approved May 3, 1873, be, and the same is hereby, amended to read as follows: Section 160. Town and district collectors shall return the tax books and make final settlement for the amount of taxes placed in their hands for collection, on or before the tenth day of March next after receiving the tax books: Provided. that the county collector may first notify, in writing, the several town or district collectors upon what day, within twenty days after the tenth day of March they shall appear at his office to make final settlement, and at the time of making return to the county collector, each town or district collector in counties under township organization, shall make out and deliver to the county collector a detailed statement, in writing, of the amount of taxes he has been unable to collect on real-estate and from persons charged with personal property taxes. which statement shall show each kind of tax, the same as in the tax book delivered to him by the county clerk, and shall show the number of the page of

the tax book, and the number of the line of the page on which the item appears to be delinquent, and in case where no taxes have been paid on any one page on the collector's book, the page footings of the taxes on such page may be copied into such statement. It shall not be necessary to give in the statement the description of the real property delinquent, nor the names of the owners thereof, nor the names of the persons delinquent for personal property taxes. The town or district collector shall add up the delinquent taxes in said statement and make a summary thereof, setting forth the aggregate amount of each kind of tax and the total delinquent, in the same manner as in his warrant, and shall make oath that said statement is true and correct.

\$ 2. Whereas, there is no provision in the revenue law requiring the town or
 2 district collector to make a statement whereby a correct and satisfactory settles
 3 ment can be made with the county collector, therefore, an emergency exists, and
 4 this act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Reported to House February 17, 1881.

 First reading February 17, 1881, and referred to Committee on Roads, Highways and Bridges, February 17, 1881.

 Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading.

 Read a third time and re-referred to the Committee on Roads, Highways and Bridges.

A BILL

For an Act entitled "An act to authorize the construction and maintenance of Rock or Gravel Roads.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State-of Illinois, represented in the 2 General Assembly. That the commissioners of highways in the several towns of 3 this State be and are hereby authorised to levy a tax on all of the real and 4 personal property in said town not to exceed thirty cents on the one hundred 5 dollars (\$100), for the purpose of constructing and maintaining rock and gravel 6 roads only; and they shall give to the supervisors of the township, and in Cook 7 county to the county board, a statement of the amount necessary to be raised, 8 and rate per cent. of taxation, signed by said commissioners, or a majority of 9 them, our or before the Tuesday next preceding the annual September meeting 10 of the board of supervisors, or the county board of Cook county, who shall 11 cause the same to be submitted to said board for their action at such September 12 meeting of said board; and said board shall cause the same to be extended on 18 the tax books.

- § 2. (How tax extended and collected.) According to amount extended, as provided in Section one (1) of this act, the county clerk, when making out the tax books for State and county taxes for the collector, shall extend the necessary tax in a separate column, against each tax-payer's name or taxable property, as other taxes are extended, which shall be collected the same as State
- 6 and county taxes.

§ 3. (Tax to be paid to treasurer of commissions, except comm ssion.) The 2 tax so collected shall be paid to the treasurer of commissioners of highways by the collector, as fast as the same is collected, except such rate per cent, as shall be allowed for collecting the same: *Provided*, the commissioners of highways shall expend such funds upon the highways in their respective towns by placing or causing gravel, rock or other hard material, to be placed thereon in such manner and at such places as they may deem best. But the corporate authorities of any incorporated town, village or city shall have control of all the tax raised in such town, village or city, and it shall be paid to such town, village or city, and it shall be expended in such places as the corporate authorities shall 11 direct: Provide1, that the commissioners shall let no contract to exceed one hundred dollars (*10.), except by public letting, which shall be by giving at least 12 ten (10) day's notice of the time when and place where they will receive bids by 13 posting proper notices of the amount and kind of work to be done, in at least 14 15 six (6) public places in their town.

§ 4. (Entry upon lands.) The commissioners, for the purpose of constructing and maintaining or repairing such proposed work, and for procuring material therefor, may enter upon and across the lands of others, doing no more damage than the necessity of the occasion may require, and take therefrom such material as is necessary for the construction and improvement of such 6 ·roads: Provided, that the commissioners of highways, their employes or teams shall not enter upon such lands for the purposes in this Section stated, without having paid or tendered the amount of damage allowed or agreed upon: Pronided, that when the commissioners of highways, and the party or parties owning or controlling the lands to be entered upon, or from which material is to be 10 taken, cannot agree as to the amount of damage or value of material, that the 11 amount of damage shall be determined in the same manner as provided for in 12 the laying out and opening of new roads. 13

§ 5. It shall be the duty of the highway commissioners of such town, or 2 towns, to cause the question of the construction or improvement of such road 3 or roads, and the rate of taxation named in Section one (1) of this act to be 4 submitted each year to the vote of the people, at the regular town meeting, and

- 5 the action of the commissioners shall be in accordance with a majority vote
- 6 thereon.
 - § 6. The several county boards in counties not under township organization
- 2 are hereby vested with the same powers for constructing gravel, rock or other
- 3 roads, as the commissioners of highways and the county board of Cook county
- 4 have by the provision of this act: Provided, however, that the question of raising
- 5 a special tax for the purposes set forth in this act shall first be submitted to the
- 6 legal voters of the county, at an election held for county officers on any first
- 7 Tuesday after the first Monday in November of any year in which such election
- 8 shall be held, and the ballots shall be in the following form, to-wit:
- 9 For special tax.
- 10 Against special tax.
- And if after the canvass of votes shall have been made, and a majority of all
- 12 the votes cast at the election held for that purpose, shall be in favor of such
- 13 special tax, then the several county boards may direct the county clerk to extend
- 14 such tax against all property, real and personal, in such an amount as provided
- 15 for in this act, or a less amount, if deemed advisable, and they shall be empow-
- 16 ered to commence the building of such roads, at any time and in such localities.
- 17 as they deem it most advisable and expedient.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 90, OFFERED BY COMMITTEE ON FEES AND SALARIES.

Amend by striking out after "and in all criminal cases where the fees cannot 2—be collected of the party convicted," the following words: "or where the prose-

3 cution fails."



- Introduced by Mr. Fuller, January 18, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading January 18, 1881, and referred to Committee on Penal and
- Reformatory Institutions.

Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 9, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Sections one hundred and forty-two (142), one hundred and forty-six (146) and two hundred and thirty-seven (237) of an act entitled "An Act to revise the law in relation to Criminal Jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874,

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- General Amenbly, That Sections one hundred and forty-two (142), one hundred
- and forty-six (146) and two hundred and thirty-seven (237) of an act entitled
- "An act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence," approved March
- 27, 1874, be so amended as to read respectively as follows:
- Section 142. Whoever is guilty of murder shall suffer the punishment of
- death or imprisonment in the penitentiary for a term not less than fourteen
- years, and not exceeding thirty-three years. If the accused is found guilty by a
- jury, they shall fix the punishment by their verdict; upon a plea of guilty, the
- punishment shall be fixed by the court.
- 11 Section 146. Whoever is guilty of manslaughter shall be imprisoned in the
- penitentiary for a term not exceeding thirty-three years. If the accused is
- found guilty by a jury, they shall fix the punishment by their verdict; upon a
- plea of guilty, the punishment shall be fixed by the court.
- Section 237. Rape is the carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against 15
- her will. Every male person of the age of fourteen years and upwards who
- shall have carnal knowledge of any female child under the age of ten

18 years, either with or without her consent, shall be adjudged to be guilty of the 19 crime of rape. Every person convicted of the crime of rape shall be 20 imprisoned in the penitentiary for a term not less than one year, and not 21 exceeding thirty-three years.

- Introduced by Mr. Kuykendall, January 18, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading January 18, 1881, and referred to Committee on State Charitable Institutions.
- 3. February 3, 1881, ordered printed for use of Committee.

For an Act making appropriations for the Illinois Southern Hospital for the Insane, at Anna.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly. That the following amounts be and are hereby appropriated
- 3 to the Southern Hospital for the Insane, at Anna, for the purposes herein
- 4 named, and for none other:
- 5 For ordinary expenses, the sum of ninety thousand dollars (\$90,000) per annum,
- 6 payable quarterly, in advance, from the first day of July, 1881, until the expira-
- 7 tion of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the next General
- 8 Assembly.
- 9 For repairs and improvements, five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per annum.
- 10 For improvement of grounds, fifteen hundred dollars (\$1500) per annum.
- 11 For a new engine, to replace the present one, which is of insufficient capacity,
- 12 two thousand six hundred and thirty-five dollars (\$2,635).
- 13 For construction of refrigerating house, for storage of perishable supplies, six
- 14 thousand dollars (\$6,000).
- 15 For improvement of ventilation of north wing, one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
- 16 For enlarging shops and purchase of machinery for the same, two thousand
- 17 five hundred dollars (\$2,500).
- 18 For settling basin and filter, ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).
- 19 For one-half mile of fence along the public highway, with posts, eight hun-
- 20 dred dollars (\$800).

- $21\,$ $\,$ For lightning rods, to be placed on hospital buildings and barns, one thousand
- 22 dollars (\$1,000).
- 23 For additional heating apparatus, fifteen hundred dollars (\$1500).
- 24 For the purchase of one hundred and sixty acres of land, six thousand four
- 25 hundred dollars (\$6,400).
- 26 For the erection of detached building for the receipt, preservation and issue
- 27 of stores, of all kinds, for general use of the hospital, six thousand dollars
- 28 (\$6,000).
 - \$ 2. The moneys herein appropriated shall be due and payable to the
 - 2 trustees, or their order, only on the terms and in the manner now provided
- 8 by law.

- Introduced by Mr. Kuykendall, January 18, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading January 18, 1881, and referred to Committee on State Charitable Institutions.
- Reported back with amendments passage recommended, and referred to Committee on Appropriations, April 13.
- April 22, 1881, reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading.

For an Act making appropriations for the Illinois Southern Hospital for the Insane, at Anna.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly. That the following amounts be and are hereby appropri-
- 8 ated to the Southern Hospital for the Insane, at Anna, for the purposes herein
- 4 named and for no other:
- 5 1. For ordinary expenses, the sum of ninety thousand dollars (\$90,000) per
- 6 annum, payable quarterly in advance, from the first day of July, 1851, until the
- 7 first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the next General Assembly.
- 8 2. For repairs and improvements, five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per annum.
- 9 3. For improvement of grounds, fifteen hundred dollars (\$1,500) per annum.
- 10 4. For a new engine to replace the present one, which is of insufficient
- 11 capacity, two thousand six hundred and thirty-five dollars (\$2,635).
- 12 5. For construction of refrigerating house for storage of perishable supplies,
- 18 six thousand dollars (\$6,000).
- 14 6. For improvement of ventilation of north wing, one thousand dollars
- 15 (\$1,000).
- 16 7. For enlarging shops and purchase of machinery for the same, two thous-
- 17 and five hundred dollars (\$2,500).
- 18 8. For settling basin and filter, ten thousand dollars (\$10,000...

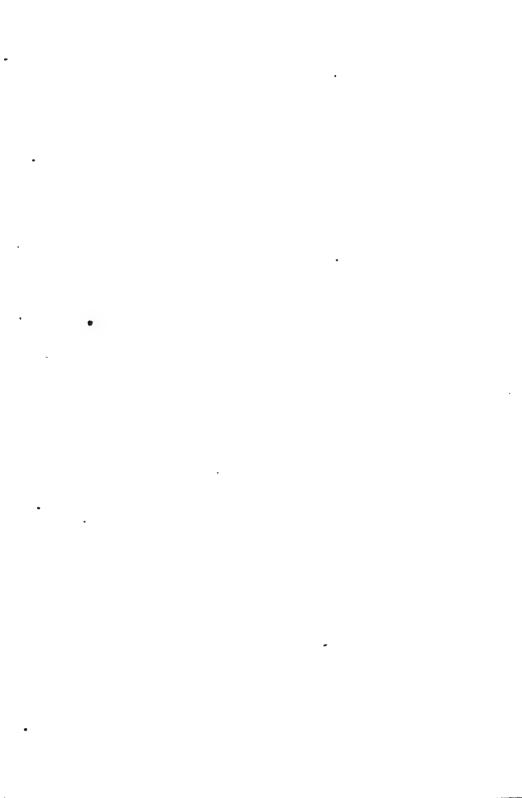
- 19 9. For one-half mile of fence along the public highway, with posts, eight
- 20 hundred dollars (\$800).
- 21 10. For lightning rods to be placed on hespital buildings and barns, one
- 22 thousand dollars (\$1,000).
- 23 11. For additional heating apparatus, fifteen hundred dollars (\$1.500).
- 24 12. For the purchase of one hundred and sixty acres of land, six thousand
- 25 four hundred dollars (\$6,400).
- 26 13. For the erection of detached building for the receipt, preservation and
- 27 issue of stores of all kinds, for general use of the hospital, six thousand do lare
- 28 (\$6,000).
 - \$ 2. The moneys herein appropriated shall be due and payable to the trus-
- 2 tees or their order, only on the terms and in the manner now provided by
- 8 law.

AMENDMENTS REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS, APRIL 22, 1881.

Amend Senate Bill No. 56, by striking out all of the first item of section one,

- 2 and insert in lieu thereof the following: "For ordinary expenses for one year
- 8 from July 1, 1881, the sum of sixty-eight thousand dollars (\$68,000), and at the
- 4 rate of eighty-eight thousand dollars (\$88,000) per annum thereafter, until the
- 5 expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the next General
- 6 Assembly."
- 7 Further amend by appropriating for repairs and improvements, second item
- 8 of section one, the sum of "four thousand dollars (\$4,000) per annum" instead of
- 9 "five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per annum."
- 10 Further amend by appropriating for improvement of grounds, third item of
- 11 section one, the sum of "one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per annum," instead of
- 12 "fifteen hundred dollars (\$1,500) per annum."
- 13 Further amend by appropriating for construction of refrigerating house, fifth
- 14 item of section one, "five thousand dollars (\$5,000)," instead of "six thousand dol-
- 15 lare (\$6,000)."

- 16 Further amend by striking out all of the sixth item of section one, the same
- 17 pertaining to the improvement of ventilation.
- 18 Further amend by striking out all of the seventh item of section one, the same
- 19 pertaining to the shops and machinery.
- 20 Further amend by appropriating "eight thousand dollars (\$8,000)," instead of
- 21 "ten thousand dollars (\$10,000)," for settling basin and filter, eighth item of sec
- 22 tion one.
- 23 Further amend by appropriating for fence, ninth item of section one, the sum
- 24 of "two hundred and fifty dollars (\$250)," instead of "eight hundred dollars
- 95 (\$800)."
- 36 Further amend by appropriating for lightning rods, tenth item of section one,
- . 27 the sum of "five hundred dollars (\$500)," instead of "one thousand dollars
 - 28 (\$1,000)."
 - 29 Further amend by appropriating for heating apparatus, eleventh item of eco-
 - 30 tion one, the sum of "twelve hundred dollars (\$1,300)," instead of "fifteen hun-
 - 82 dred dollars (\$1.500)."
 - 53 Further amend by striking out all of the twelfth item of section one, the same
 - 34 being in reference to the purchase of land.
 - 85 Further amend by appropriating for a detached building, last item of section
 - 36 one, the sum of "one thousand dollars (\$1,000)," instead of "six thousand dollars"
- 87 (\$6,000)."



1. Introduced by Mr. Kuykendall, January 18, 1881 and ordered to first reading.

- First reading January 18, 1881, and referred to Committee on State Charitable Institutions.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and referred to Committee on Appropriations, April 18.

 April 22, 1881, reported back with amendments, passage recommended,
- and ordered to second reading.
- April 28, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.

A BILL

For an Act making appropriations for the Illinois Southern Hospital for the Insane, at Anna.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- General Assembly, That the following amounts be and are hereby appropriated
- to the Southern Hospital for the Insane, at Anna, for the purposes herein
- named, and for no other:
- 1. For ordinary expenses, for one year from July 1, 1881, the sum of sixty-
- eight thousand dollars (\$68,000), and at the rate of eighty-eight thousand dollars
- (\$88,000) per annum thereafter until the expiration [of the] first fiscal quarter
- after the adjournment of the next General Assembly.
- 9 2. For repairs and improvements, four thousand dollars (\$4,000) per annum.
- 3. For improvement of grounds, one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per annum. 10
- 4. For a new engine to replace the present one, which is of insufficient 11
- capacity, two thousand six hundred and thirty-five dollars (\$2,635).
- 5. For construction of refrigerating house for storage of perishable supplies 13
- 14 five thousand dollars (\$5.000).
- 6. For settling basin and filter, eight thousan i dollars (\$8,000). 15
- 7. For one-half mile of fence along the public highway, with posts, two hun-16
- dred and fifty dollars (\$250).

- 18 8. For lightning rods to be placed on hospital buildings and barns, five 19 hundred dollars (\$500).
- 20 9. For additional heating apparatus, twelve hundred dollars (\$1,200.)
- 31 10. For the erection of detached building for the receipt, preservation and
- 23 issue of stores of all kinds, for general use of the hospital, one thousand
- 23 dollars (\$1.000).
 - 2. The moneys herein appropriated shall be due and payable to the trus-
- 2 tees or their order, only on the terms and in the manner now provided by
- 3 law.

1. Reported to House, May 3, 1881.

2. First reading May 4, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

 Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading May 11, 1981.

4. Second reading May 20, 1881.

5. May 21, 1881, amended, and ordered to a third reading.

(Printed as amended.)

A BILL

For an Act making appropriations for the Illinois Southern Hospital for the Insane, at Anna.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That the following amounts be and are hereby appropriated to the
- 3 Southern Hospital for the Insane, at Anna, for the purposes herein named and for no other:
- 4 For ordinary expenses for one year, from July 1, 1881, the sum of sixty-eight thousand
- 5 dollars (\$68,000), and at the rate of eighty-eight thousand dollars (\$88,000) per annum there-
- 6 after, until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the next General
- T Assembly.
- 8 For repairs and improvements, four thousand dollars (\$4,000) per annum.
- 9 For improvement of grounds, one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per annum.
- 10 For a new engine to replace the present one, which is of insufficient capacity, two
- 11 thousand six hundred and thirty-five dollars (\$2,635).
- 19 For construction of refrigerating house for storage of perishable supplies, two thousand
- 18 five hundred dollars (\$2,500).
- 14 For settling basin and filter, one hundred dollars (\$ 00).
- 15 For one half mile of fence along the public highway, with posts, two hundred and fifty
- 16 dollars (\$250).
- 17 For additional heating apparatus, twelve hundred dollars (\$1.200).

- 18 For the erection of a detrehed building for the receipt, preservation and issue of stores of 19 all kinds, for general use of the hospital, one thousand dolars (\$1,000).
- \$ 2. The moneys herein appropriated shall be due and payable in the trustees, or their
 2 order, only on the terms and in the manner now provided by law.

1. Reported to House, May 3, 1881.

2. First reading May 4, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

 Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in. and ordered to second reading May 11, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act making appropriations for the Illinois Southern Hospital for the Insane, at Anna,

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That the following amounts be and are hereby appropriated to the
- 3 Southern Hospital for the Insane, at Anna, for the purposes herein named and for no other:
- 4 For ordinary expenses for one year, from July, 1, 1881, the sum of sixty-eight thousand
- 5 dollars (\$68,000), and at the rate of eighty-eight thousand dollars (\$88,000) per annum there-
- 6 after, until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the next (leneral
- 7 Assembly.
- 8 For repairs and improvements, four thousand dollars (\$4,000) per annum.
- 9 For improvement of grounds, one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per annum.
- 10 For a new engine to replace the present one, which is of insufficient capacity, two
- 11 thousand six hundred and thirty-five dollars (\$2,6 5).
- 12 For construction of refrigerating house for storage of perishable supplies, five thousand
- 13 dollars (\$5,000).
- 14 For settling basin and filter, eight thousand dollars (\$8,000).
- 15 For one half mile of fence along the public highway, with posts, two hundred and fifty
- 16 dollars (\$250).
- 17 For lightning rods, to be placed on bosnital buildings and barns, five hundred dollars
- 18 (\$500).
- 19 For additional heating apparatus, twelve hundred dollars (\$1,200).

- 90 For the erection of a detached building for the receipt, preservation and issue of stores of
- 21 all kinds, for general use of the hospital, one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
 - § 2. The moneys herein appropriated shall be due and payable to the trustees, or their
- 2 order, only on the terms and in the manner now provided by law.

- Introduced by Mr. Hunt, January 18, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 18, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judicial Department.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading January 27, 1881.

For an Act to consolidate the several Grand Divisions of the Supreme Court, and locate the said Court at the Capitol, in the city of Springfield, and to revise the law in relation thereto.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly. That the terms of the Supreme Court shall be held in the city
- 8 of Springfield, and in the rooms in the Capitol provided for that purpose, as
- 4 follows, viz: On the first Tuesdays of January, May and October in each year.
 - § 2. The Clerks of the Supreme Court for the present Northern and Southern
- 2 Grand Divisions shall, on or before the first day of January, A. D. 1882, remove
- 3 or cause to be removed all records and files and papers of every description, per-
- 4 taining to all causes then pending in or heretofore determined by the Supreme
- 5 Court in each of said Grand Divisions, to the city of Springfield, and deposit
- 6 the same in the Clerk's office of the Supreme Court, in the Capitol; and that said
- 7 records, files and papers, when so deposited, together with the records, files and
- 8 papers then in said office and pertaining to the Supreme Court for the Central
- 9 Grand Division, shall be and constitute the records, files and papers of the
- 10 Supreme Court of the State of Illinois.
 - \$ 3. The Clerks now in office of the Supreme Court of the several Grand
- 2 Divisions, after the removal and deposits of the records, files and papers of the
- 8 Northern and Southern Grand Divisions, as provided in Section two of this act,
- 4 shall have and receive all fees and emoluments arising from causes originating

- 5 in the several Grand Divisions as they heretofore existed by law, during their
- 6 respective terms of office; and the said several clerks shall perform and exercise
- 7 all powers and duties pertaining to their respective offices, in regard to causes
- 8 originating in their respective Grand Divisions, as they heretofore existed, or
- 9 any one or more of said Clerks, by agreement amongst themselves, may perform
- 10 and exercise all powers and duties pertaining to all or either of said offices.
 - § 4. That at the next general election after the expiration of the terms of
- 2 office of the present Clerks of the said several Grand Divisions, there shall be
- 3 elected one Clerk of the Supreme Court for the State of Illinois.
 - § 5. The respective court-houses and libraries in the Northern and Southern
- 2 Grand Divisions, as heretofore constituted for the use of the Supreme Court,
- 3 shall continue and remain for the use of the Appellate Courts in the second and
- 4 fourth Appellate Districts.
 - § 6. The judges of the Supreme Court are hereby required, in all causes
- 2 pending in the said Court, to prepare and file their written opinions deciding
- 3 said causes, during the respective terms at which said causes may be heard.
- § 7. If, from any unavoidable cause, the Supreme Court shall not sit at any
- 2 term herein provided for, or any causes depending in said Court shall not be
- 3 determined, the same shall stand continued until the succeeding term.
 - § 8. That Sections one, three and five of an act entitled "An act to revise the
- 2 law in relation to the Supreme Court," approved March 23, 1874, and all laws and
- 3 parts of laws inconsistent herewith, be and the same are hereby repealed.

- Introduced by Mr. Hunt, January 18, 1881, and ordered to first reading
- First reading January 18, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judicial 2. Department.
- ported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading anuary \$7, 1881. Reported back.
- becond reading February 1, 1881, amended, and ordered to third reading.

For an Act to consolidate the several Grand Divisions of the Supreme Court, and locate the said Court at the Capitol, in the city of Springfield, and to revise the law in relation thereto.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That the terms of the Supreme Court shall be held in the city
- of Springfield, in the rooms in the Capitol provided for that purpose, as
- follows, vis: On the first Tuesdays of January, May and October in each year.
- 2. The Clerks of the Supreme Court for the present Northern and Southern
- 2 Grand Divisions shall, on or before the first day of January; A. D. 1883, remove
- or cause to be removed all records and files and papers of every description; pertaining to all causes then pending in or heretofore determined by the Supreme
- Court in each of said Grand Divisions, to the city of Springfield, and deposit
- the same in the Clerk's office of the Supreme Court, in the Capitol; and that said
- records, files and papers, when so deposited, together with the records, files and
- papers then in said office and pertaining to the Supreme Court for the Central
- Grand Division, shall be and constitute the records, files and papers of the
- Supreme Court of the State of Illinois. 10
 - § 3. The Clerks now in office of the Supreme Court of the several Grand
- Divisions, after the removal and deposits of the records, files and papers of the
- Northern and Southern Grand Divisions, as provided in Section two of this act,

- 4. shall have and receive all fees and emoluments arising from causes originating
- 5 in the several Grand Divisions as they heretofore existed by law, during their
- 6 respective terms of office; and the said several clerks shall perform and exercise
- 7 all powers and duties pertaining to their respective offices, in regard to causes
- 8 originating in their respective Grand Divisions, as they heretofore existed, or
- 9 any one or more of said Clerks, by agreement amongst themselves, may perform
- 10 and exercise all powers and duties pertaining to all or either of said offices.
- § 4. That at the general election to be held in November, A. D. 1884, there
 2 shall be elected one Clerk of the Supreme Court for the State of Illinois.
 - § 5. The respective court-houses and libraries in the Northern and Southern
- 2 Grand Divisions, as heretofore constituted for the use of the Supreme Court,
- 3 shall continue and remain for the use of the Appellate Courts in the second and
- 4 fourth Appellate Districts.
 - \$ 6. The judges of the Supreme Court are hereby required, in all causes
- 2 pending in the said Court, to prepare and file their written opinions deciding
- 8 said causes, during the respective terms at which said causes may be heard.
 - § 7. If, from any unavoidable cause, the Supreme Court shall not sit at any
- 2 term herein provided for, or any causes depending in said Court shall not be
- 8 determined, the same shall stand continued until the succeeding term.
- § 8. That Sections one, three and five of an act entitled "An act to revise the
- 2 law in relation to the Supreme Court," approved March 23, 1874, and all laws and
- 8 parts of laws inconsistent herewith, be and the same are hereby repealed.

- Introduced by Mr. Hunt, January 18, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading January 18, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipalities.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 9, 1881.

For an Act to provide for the levy and collection of taxes, to pay judgments obtained against cities, towns and villages.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly, That whenever final judgment has been or hereafter may be recovered against any city, town or village, incorporated under the general law, or any special law or charter of this State, it shall be the duty of the city council or board of trustees of such city, town or village, to-levy, in the manner provided for the levy and collection of taxes in such city, town or village, a sufficient tax upon all the taxable property within the corporate limits of such city, town or village to pay such judgment: Provided, that the rate of taxation for the payment of judgments, as aforesaid, in any year shall not except one-fourth of one per centum upon the aggregate valuation of the taxable property of such city, town or village, as the same was equalized for State and county taxes for the preceding year.

- \$ 2. Should the amount of money collected in any one year under the provisions of the preceding Section be insufficient to pay all judgments theretofore
 3 recovered against such city, town or village, a like levy shall be made in each
 4 succeeding year for such purpose, so long as any judgment remains unsatisfied.
- 5 No money collected by taxation under the provisions of this act shall be used
- 6 for any other purpose than the payment of judgments recovered against such
- 7 city, town or village, collecting the same, so long as any judgment against such

- 8 city, town or village remains unsatisfied. The amount of taxes provided for by
- 9 this act shall be exclusive of the amount necessary for the payment of judgments
- 10 obtained on-bonded indebtedness of such city, town or village.

- 1. Introduced by Mr. Hunt, January 18, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading January 18, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipalities.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 9, 1881.
- February 23, 1881, third reading and recommitted to Committee on Judiciary.
- March 9, 1881, reported back with amendments and recommended to pass.

For an Act to provide for the levy and collection of taxes, to pay judgments obtained against cities, towns and villages.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That, whenever final independs has been or hereafter may be recovered against any city, town or village, incorporated under the general law or any special law or charter of this State, it shall be the duty of the city council or board of trustees of such city, town or village, to levy, in the manner provided for the levy and collection of taxes in such city, town or village, a sufficient tax upon all the taxable property within the corporate limits of such city, town or village to pay such judgment: Provided, that the rate of taxation for the payment of judgments, as aforesaid, in any year shall-not exceed one-fourth of one per centum upon the aggregate valuation of the taxable property of such city, town or village, as the same was equalized for State and county taxes for the preceding year.

- § 2. Should the amount of money collected in any one year, under the pro-
- 2 visions of the preceding section, be insufficient to pay all judgments, heretofore
- 3 recovered against such city, town or village, a like levy shall be made in each
- 4 succeeding year for such purpose, so long as any judgment remains unsatisfied.
- 5 No money collected by taxation, under the provisions of this act, shall be used

- 6 for any other purpose than the payment of judgments recovered against such
- 7 city, town or village, collecting the same, so long as any judgment against such
- 8 city, town or village remains unsatisfied. The amount of taxes, provided for by
- 9 this act, shall be exclusive of the amount necessary for the payment of judg-
- 10 ments obtained on bonded indebtedness of such city, town or village.

AMENDMENTS REPORTED FROM THE COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY, MARCH 9, 1881.

- 1. Amend section one by striking out after the enacting clause the words:
- 2 "That, whenever final judge." in the fourth (written) line, all of (written) lines
- 3 five, six, seven, eight, and the words "charter of this State." in the ninth
- 4 (written) line, and inserting in lieu thereof the words: "That, wherever final
- 5 judgment has been recovered against any city, town or village incorporated
- 6 under the general law, or any special law, or charter of this State, before the
- 7 first day of January, A. D. 1881, and whenever any final judgment has been or
- 8 may hereafter be recovered against any such city, town or village, in cases of
- 9 tort, and such city, town or village shall have no funds available with which to
- 10 pay such judgment, or shall not be able under existing laws to levy a tax with
- 11 which to pay such judgment."
- 19 2. Amend section two by striking out all after the word "unsatisfied," in
- 18 (written) line ten, and insert the following: "The provisions of this act shall
- 14 not apply to judgments obtained on bonded indebtedness."

- Introduced by Mr. Hunt, January 18, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading January 18, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipalities Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading Feb. ruary 9, 1881.

February 15, 1881, second reading, and ordered to third reading.
February 28, 1881, third reading, and recommitted to Committee on Judiciary.
March 9, 1881, reported back with amendments and recommended to pass.
March 16, 1881, amendments adopted, and ordered to third reading.

A BILL

For an Act to provide for the levy and collection of Taxes, to pay Judgments obtained against Cities, Towns and Villages.

SECTION 1. Be it engoted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assemblu. That, wherever final judgment has been recovered against any
- city, town or village incorporated under the general law, or any special law, or
- charter of this State, before the first day of January, A. D. 1881, and whenever any
- final judgment has been or may hereafter be recovered against any such city.
- town or village, in cases of tort, and such city, town or village shall have no funda
- available with which to pay such judgment, or shall not be able under existing
- laws to levy a tax with which to pay such judgment, it shall be the duty of the
- city council or board of trustees of such city, town or village, to levy, in the man-
- ner provided for the levy and collection of taxes in such city, town or village, a
- 1: sufficient tax upon all the taxable property within the corporate limits of such
- city, town or village to pay such judgment: Provided, that the rate of taxation
- for the payment of judgments, as aforesaid, in any year shall not exceed one-
- fourth of one per centum upon the aggregate valuation of the taxable property.
- 15 of such city, town or village, as the same was equalized for State and county
- 16 taxes for the preceding year.
 - § 2. Should the amount of money collected in any one year, under the pro-

- 2 visions of the preceding section, be insufficient to pay all judgments heretofore
- 3 recovered against such city, town or village, a like layy shall be made in each
- 4 guoveeding year for such purpose, so long as any judgment remains unsatisfied.
- 5 The provinces of this act shall not apply to judgments obtained on bonded
- 6 indebtedness

Introduced by Mr. Hunt January 18, 1881, and ordered to first reading.

First reading January 18, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipalities

Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading Feb-33. ruary 9, 1881.

February 15, 1881, second reading and ordered to third reading. February 28, 1881, third reading and recommitted to Committee on Judiciary

March 9, 1881, reported back with amendments and recommended to pass.

March 16, 1881, amendments adopted and ordered to third reading.

A BILL

For an Act to provide for the levy and collection of Taxes, to pay Judgments obtained against cities, towns and villages.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly, "That, whenever final judg-," in the fourth (written) line, all of (written) lines five, six, seven, eight, and the words "charter of this State," in the ninth (written) line, and inserting in lieu thereof the words: "That, wherever final judgment has been recovered against any city, town or village incorporated under the general law, or any special law, or charter of this State, before the first day of January, A. D. 1881, and whenever any final judgment has been or may hereafter be recovered against any such city, town or village, in cases of tort, and such city, town or village shall have no funds available with which to pay such judgment, or shall not be able under existing laws to levy a tax with which to pay such judgment," it shall be the duty of the city council or board of trustees of such city, town or village, to levy, in the manner provided for the levy and collection of taxes in such city, town or village, a sufficient tax upon all the taxable property within the corporate limits of such city, town or village to pay such judgment: Provided, that the rate of taxation for the payment of judgments, as aforesaid, in any year shall not exceed onefourth of one per centum upon the aggregate valuation of the taxable property,

- 18 of such city, town or village, as the same was equalized for State and county
 19 taxes for the preceding year.
 - § 2. Should the amount of money collected in any one year, under the pro-
- 2 visions of the preceding section, be insufficient to pay all judgments, heretofore
- 8 recovered against such city, town or village, a like levy shall be made in each
- 4 succeeding year for such purpose, so long as any judgment remains unsatisfied.
- 5 "The provisions of this acts hall not apply to judgments obtained on bonded
- 6 indebtedness."

. Reported to House March 30, 1881.

2. First reading April 9, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs.

 Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading May 5, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to provide for the Levy and Collection of Taxes to pay judgments obtained against Cities, Towns and Villages.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL NO. 59.

Amend Section one (1) by striking out the words, "before the first day of Jan-

- 2 uary, A. D. 1881," in the 8th and 9th lines, and inserting the same words after
- 3 the word "recovered." in fifth (5th) line.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That whenever final judgment has been recovered against
- 8 any city, town or village, incorporated under the general law or any special law
- 4 or charter of this State, before the first day of January, A. D. 1881, and when-
- 5 ever any final judgment has been, or may hereafter be, recovered against any
- 6 such city, town or village in cases of tort, and such city, town or village shall
- 7 have no funds available with which to pay such judgment, or shall not be able.
- 8 under existing laws, to levy a tax with which to pay such judgment, it shall be
- 9 the duty of the city council or board of trustees of such city, town or village to
- 10 levy, in the manner provided for the levy and collection of taxes in such city,
- 11 town or village, a sufficient tax upon all the taxable property within the corpo-
- 12 rate limits of such city, town or village to pay such judgment: *Provided*, that the

- 13 rate of taxation for the payment of judgments, as aforesaid, in any year, shall
- 14 not exceed one-fourth of one per centum upon the aggregate valuation of the
- 15 taxable property of such city, town or village, as the same was equalized for
- 16 State and county taxes for the preceding year.
 - § 2. Should the amount of money collected in any one year, under the pro-
- 2 visions of the preceding section, be insufficient to pay all judgments heretofore
- 3 recovered against such city, town or village, a like levy shall be made in each
- 4 succeeding year for such purpose, so long as any judgment remains unsatisfied.
- 5 The provisions of this act shall not apply to judgments obtained on bonded
- 6 indebtedness.

- Introduced by Mr. Marshall, January 18, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 18, 1881, and referred to Committee on Education and Educational Institutions.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading January 28, 1881.

For an Act to secure to children the benefit of an elementary education.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Amembly, That every parent, guardian, or other person having control and charge of any child or children between the ages of eight and fourteen years, shall be required to send any such child or children to a public school for a period of at least twelve weeks in each school year, which school year is to commence on the first Monday in September, A. D. 1881, at least six weeks of which shall be consecutive, unless such child or children are excused from such attendance by the board of education or school directors of the city, town or district, as the case may be, in which its parents or guardians reside, upon its having been shown to their satisfaction that the bodily or mental condition of such child is such as to prevent its attendance at school or application to study for the period required, or that such child is taught in a private school or at home, in such branches as are ordinarily taught in primary schools, or has already acquired the branches of learning ordinarily taught in the public 14 schools: Provided, that in case a public school shall not be taught for three 16 months during the year within one and one half miles, by the nearest traveled 17 road, of the residence of any such person within the school district, he shall not be liable to the provisions of this act.

\$ 2. In case it shall be shown to the satisfaction of the board of education or
2 board of school directors having control, that the parent or guardian has not

- 3 the means wherewith to purchase the necessary school books to enable him to
- 4 comply with the requirements of this act, such board is authorized hereby to
- 5 furnish such books, free of charge, the same to be paid for out of the funds at
- 6 the disposal of such board of education or school directors, and such books shall
- 7 be returned at the expiration of said school term.
 - \$ 3. In case any parent, guardian or other person shall fail to comply with
- 2 the provisions of this act, said parent, guardian or other person having control
- 3 of such child or children, shall be liable to a fine of not less than five dollars nor
- 4 more than ten dollars. Said fine shall be collected by any director or president
- 5 of any school board, before any justice of the peace in any township where the
- 6 same may accrue, and when collected shall be paid to the school treasurer of the
- 7 township in which defendant resided when the offense was committed, and by
- 8 him accounted for the same as money raised for school purposes.
 - § 4 It shall be the duty of any directors or members of the school boards to
- 2 prosecute any offense occurring under this act, and any directors or members of
- 3 school boards neglecting to prosecute for such fine within ten days after writ-
- 4 ten notice has been served on them by any tax payer in said district, unless the
- 5 person complained of shall be excused by the district school board, shall be
- 6 liable in a sum of not less than five dollars nor more than ten dollars, which
- 7 sum can be sued for by any tax payer in the district, in the name of the treas-
- 8 urer of said township, to be accounted for as other moneys raised for school
- 9 purposes, and said money shall be applied to the use of the common school in
- 10 the district in which the offense was committed.

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- by Mr. Marshall, January 18, 1881, and ordered to first Ŧ. Introduced reading
- First reading January 18, 1881, and referred to Committee on Education and Educational Institutions.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading 3. January 28, 1881.
- Second reading, February 4, 1881, amended and recommended to Committee 4. on Education and Educational Institutions.
- 5. February 11, 1881, reported back with amendments, passage recommended and ordered on file.

A BILL

For an Act to secure to Children the Benefit of an Elementary Education.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Amenday, That every parent, guardian, or other person having control and charge of any child or children, between the agos of eight and fourteen years. shall be required to send any such child or children to a public school, for a period of at least twelve weeks in each school year, which school year is to commence on the first Monday in September, A. D. 1881, at least six weeks of which shall be consecutive, unless such child or children are excused from such attendance by the board of education, or school directors, of the city, town, or district, as the case may be, in which its parents or guardians reside, upon its having been shown to their satisfaction that the bodily or mental condition of such child is such as to prevent its attendance at wehool or application to study for the period required, or that such child is taught in a private school or at home, in such branches as are ordinarily taught in primary schools, or has already acquired the branches of learning ordinarily taught in the public schools: Prorided, that in case a public school shall not be taught for three months during the year within one and one-half miles by the nearest traveled road of the residence of any such person within the school district, he shall not be liable to the provisions of this act.

- \$ 2. In case it shall be shown to the satisfaction of the board of education or board of school directors having control, that the parent or guardian has not the means wherewith to purchase the necessary school books to enable him to comply with the requirements of this act, such board is authorized hereby to furnish such books, free of charge, the same to be paid for out of the funds at the disposal of such board of education or school directors, and such books shall be returned at the expiration of said school term.
- § 3. In case any parent, guardian or other person shall fail to comply with
 the provisions of this act, said parent, guardian or other person having control
 of such child or children, shall be liable to a fine of not less than five dollars
 nor more than ten dollars. Said fine shall be collected by any director or president of any school board, before any justice of the peace in any township where
 the same may accrue, and when collected shall be paid to the school treasurer
 of the township in which defendant resided when the offense was committed
 and by him accounted for the same as money raised for school purposes.
- § 4. It shall be the duty of any directors or members of the school-boards to
 2 prosecute any offense occurring under this act, and any directors or members of
 3 school-boards neglecting to prosecute for such fine within ten days after
 4 written notice has been served on them by any tax-payer in-said district, unless
 5 the person complained of shall be excused by the district school-board, shall be
 6 liable in a sum of not less than five dollars nor more than ten-dollars, which
 7 sum can be sued for by any tax-payer in the district in the name of the treasurer
 8 of said township, to be accounted for as other moneys raised for school pur9 poses, and said money shall be applied to the use of the common-school in the
 10 district in which the offense was committed.

AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL NO. 60. ADOPTED BY THE SENATE FEBRUARY 4, 1881.

After the word "guardian" in second line of Section 2, insert-the-words, "or 2 other person having control or charge of any such child or children."

AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL NO. 60, REPORTED BY THE COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION AND EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS, FEBRUARY 11, 1881.

Amend by adding after the word "schools" in line 15, of printed bill, Section

1, the following: "If for any other reasons than those expressed in this act, the

child or children of any parent, guardian or other person having control of the

same cannot attend the public schools, as herein provided, such reasons shall be

considered and determined by the directors or members of the school

6 boards."



- Introduced by Mr. Marshall, January 18, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading January 18, 1881, and referred to Committee on Education and Educational Institutions.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading January 28, 1881.
- Second reading, February 4, 1881, amended and recommended to Committee on Education and Educational Institutions.
- February 11, 1881, reported back with amendments, passage recommended and ordered on file.
- 6. February 16, 1881, amended and ordered to third reading.

For an Act to secure to Children the Benefit of an Elementary Education.

SECTION 1. Be it engoted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That every parent, guardian, or other person having control and charge of any child or children, between the ages of eight and fourteen years, shall be required to send any such child or children to a public school, for a period of at least twelve weeks in each school year, which school year is to commence on the first Monday in September, A. D. 1881, at least six weeks of which shall be consecutive, unless such child or children are excused from such attendance by the board of education, or school directors, of the city, town, or district, as the case may be, in which its parents or guardians reside, upon its having been shown to their satisfaction that the bodily or mental condition of 11 such child is such as to prevent its attendance at school or application to study for the period required, or that such child is taught in a private school or at 13 home, in such branches as are ordinarily taught in primary schools, or has 13 already acquired the branches of learning ordinarily taught in the public schools. "If for any other reasons than those expressed in this act, the child or children of any parent, guardian or other person having control of the same 17 cannot attend the public schools, as herein provided, such reasons shall be 18 considered and determined by the directors or members of the school boards."

19 Provided, that in case a public school shall not be taught for three months

20 during the year within one and one-half miles by the nearest traveled road of

21 the residence of any such person within the school district, he shall not be

22 liable to the provisions of this act.

§ 2. In case it shall be shown to the satisfaction of the board of education or board of school directors having control, that the parent guardian or other person having control or charge of any such child or children has not the means wherewith to purchase the necessary school books to enable him to comply with the requirements of this act, such board is authorized hereby to furnish such books, free of charge, the same to be paid for out of the funds at the disposal of such board of education or school directors, and such books shall be returned at the expiration of said school term.

§ 3. In case any parent, guardian or other person shall fail to comply with the provisions of this act, said parent, guardian or other person having control of such child or children, shall be liable to a fine of not less than five dollars. Said fine shall be collected by any director or president of any school board, before any justice of the peace in any township where the same may accrue, and when collected shall be paid to the school treasurer of the township in which defendant resided when the offense was committed and by him accounted for the same as money raised for school purposes.

§ 4. It shall be the duty of any directors or members of the school boards to prosecute any offense occurring under this act, and any directors or members of school boards neglecting to prosecute for such fine within ten days after written notice has been served on them by any tax-payer in said district, unless the person complained of shall be excused by the district school board, shall be liable in a sum of not less than five dollars nor more than ten dollars, which sum can be sued for by any tax-payer in the district in the name of the treasurer of said township, to be accounted for as other moneys raised for school purposes, and said money shall be applied to the use of the common school in the district in which the offense was committed.

Reported to House February 96, 1851. March 17, 1881, referred to Committee on Education.

Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in and ordered to

Read first time, and ordered to second reading March 26, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to secure to Children the benefit of an Elementary Education.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the 2 General Assembly. That every parent, guardian or other person, having control and charge of any child or children between the ages of eight and fourteen years, shall be required to send any such child or children to a public school, for a period of at least twelve weeks in each school year, which school year is to commence on the first Monday in September, A. D. 1881, at least six weeks of which shall be consecutive, unless such child or children are excused from such attendance by the board of education or school directors of the city, town or district, as the case may be, in which its parents or guardians reside, upon its having been shown to their satisfaction that the bodily or mental condition of such child is such as to prevent its attendance at school or application to study for the period required, or that such child is taught in a private school or at home, in such branches as are ordinarily taught in primary schools, or has already acquired the branches of learning ordinarily taught in the public schools. If for any other reasons than those expressed in this act, the child or children of any parent, guardian or other person having control of the same, cannot attend the public schools as herein provided, such reasons shall be considered and 17 determined by the directors or members of the school boards: *Provided*, that in 19 case a public school shall not be taught for three months during the year within

- one and one half miles, by the nearest traveled road, of the residence of any such
 person within the school district, he shall not be liable to the provisions of this
 set.
- § 2. In case it shall be shown to the satisfaction of the board of education or 2 board of school directors having control, that the parent or guardian or other 5 person having control of any such child or children, has not the means where-
- 4 with to purchase the necessary school books to enable him to comply with the 5 requirements of this act, such board is authorized hereby to furnish such books
- C for all large Alarman As large 13 for and all Alarman As large 12 months
- 6 free of charge, the same to be paid for out of the funds at the disposal of such
- 7 board of education or school directors, and such books shall be returned at the
- 8 expiration of said school term.
- § 3. In case any parent, guardian or other person shall fail to comply with
 2 the provisions of this act, said parent, guardian or other person having control
 3 of such child or children, shall be liable to a fine of not less than five dollars
 4 nor more than ten dollars. Said fine shall be collected by any director or presi5 dent of any school board, before any justice of the peace in any township where
 6 the same may accrue, and, when collected, shall be paid to the school treasurer
 7 of the township in which defendant resided when the offense was committed,

8 and by him accounted for the same as money raised for school purposes.

§ 4. It shall be the duty of any directors or members of the school boards to prosecute any offense occurring under this act, and any directors or members of school boards neglecting to prosecute for such fine within ten days after written notice has been served on them by any tax-payer in said district, unless the person complained of shall be excused by the district school board, shall be liable in a sum of not less than five dollars nor more than ten dollars, which sum can be sued for by any tax-payer in the district, in the name of the treasurer of said township, to be accounted for as other moneys raised for school purposes, and said money shall be applied to the use of the common school in the district in which the offense was committed.

- 1. Introduced by Mr. Rice, January 18, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading January 18, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading January 19, 1881.

For an Act to provide for the incidental expenses of the Thirty-second General Assembly, and for the care and custody of the State House and grounds, incurred or to be incurred and now unprovided for, until July 1, 1881.

Whereas, no appropriation has been made for the incidental expenses of the

- 2 Thirty-second General Assembly, and no provision has been made to enable the
- 3 Secretary of State to comply with orders drawn upon him by the General
- 4 Assembly, or either branch thereof, for furniture for committee rooms and the
- 5 rooms of the presiding officers, carpets and matting for halls, brooms, dusters,
- 6 mops, buckets, soap, towels, combs and brushes, water pitchers and bowls, locks
- 7 and keys, postage for committees, water rents, repairs of water pipes and closets,
- 8 the necessary repairs and improvements in the halls, committee and clerks'
- 9 rooms, repairs of chairs and desks, the care and custody of the State House and
- 10 grounds, and pay of janitors for the State House after the adjournment of the
- 11 General Assembly and prior to July 1, 1881, and such other unforeseen and
- 12 unenumerated incidental expenses of the General Assembly necessary to the use,
- 13 comfort and convenience of the members thereof: therefore

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That the sum of fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000), or so much
- 3 thereof as may be required, is hereby appropriated to pay for the incidental
- 4 expenses of the Thirty-second General Assembly, or either branch thereof, or by
- 5 the Secretary of State in the discharge of the duties imposed on him by law or

- 6 by the direction of the General Assembly, or either branch thereof, and which
- 7 are not otherwise provided for. All bills of expense incurred by either branch
- 8 of the General Assembly to be paid upon the certificate of the presiding officer
- 9 of that branch of the General Assembly for which the indebtedness was incur-
- 10 red, and also certified by the Secretary of State and approved by the Governor.
- 11 All other expenditures to be certified by the Secretary of State and approved by
- 12 the Governor.
 - § 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed to
 - 2 draw his warrants upon the State Treasurer for the sums herein specified, upon
- 3 presentation of the proper vouchers, and the State Treasurer shall pay the same
- 4 out of any funds in the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated.
 - § 3. Whereas, the appropriations above recited are necessary for the expenses
- 2 incurred, or to be incurred, for the transaction of the business of the State and
- 3 the General Assembly, (prior to the first day of July;) therefore an emergency
- 4 exists, and this act shall take effect from and after its passage.

Introduced by Mr. Adams, January 18, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 19, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipalities.

January 28, 1881, reported back with recommendation it be ordered to second reading. So ordered.

A BILL

For an Act to grant certain powers to cities.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly, Section 1. That all cities in this State shall have power to license, tax and regulate undertakers, auctioneers, merchants, grocers, retailers, hotels, boarding houses, intelligence offices, concerts, photographists, artists, agents, porters, runners, drummers, public lecturers, shows, real estate agents and brokers. fluancial agents and brokers, horse and cattle dealers, patent right dealers, inspectors and guagers, stock yard proprietors, examiners of titles, conveyancers, mercantile agents, insurance companies and insurance agents, bankers, banking or other corporations or institutions, telegraph companies or corporations, street railroad cars, livery and sale stables, hackney carriages, wagons, omnibuses, carts, drays and other vehicles, milk dealers, and all other business, trades and 11 avocations whatever, and to regulate the width of the tires of all vehicles for heavy transportation, and for this purpose to require a higher license, if deemed 13 expedient, in the case of vehicles having tires of less than the prescribed width; 14 15 also, to license, tax, regulate or suppress ordinaries, bankers, peddlers, pawn-16 brokers, public masquerade balls, street exhibitions, dance houses, fortune tellers, pistol galleries, corn doctors, lock, private and venereal hospitals, museums, 17 18 menageries, equestrian performances, horoscopic views, lung testers, muscle developers, and magnifying glasses, when such views, testers, developers, or 19 glasses are exhibited and used in public; billiard tables or any other tables used

- 21 for amusement, circuses, operatic, theatrical and other exhibitions, shows and
- 22 amusements; and to license, tax and regulate all occupations and trades not
- 23 hereinbefore enumerated, of whatever name or character.

- Introduced by Mr. Adams, January 18, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 19, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipalities.
- January 28, 1881, reported back with recommendation it be ordered to second reading. So ordered,
- February 1, 1881, second reading, and referred to Committee on Revenue.
 February 11, 1881, reported back with amendment, and passage recommended.

For an Act to grant certain powers to Cities.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly, That all cities in this State shall have power to license, tax and regulate undertakers, auctioneers, merchants, grocers, retailers, hotels, boarding-houses, intelligence offices, concerts, photographists, artists, agents, porters, runners, drummers, public lecturers, real-estate agents and brokers. financial agents, and brokers, horse and cattle dealers, patent right dealers. inspectors and guagers, stock-yard proprietors, examiners of titles, conveyancers, mercantile agents, insurance companies and insurance agents, bankers, banking or other corporations or institutions, telegraph companies or corporations, street railroad cars, livery and sale stables, hackney carriages, wagons, omnibuses, carts, drays, and other vehicles, milk-dealers, and all other business, trades and avocations whatever, and to regulate the width of the tires of all vehicles for heavy transportation, and for this purpose to require a higher license if deemed expedient, in the case of vehicles having tires of less than the prescribed width; also, to license, tax, regulate or suppress ordinaries, bankers, peddlers, pawnbrokers, public masquerade balls, street exhibitions, dance houses, fortune tellers, pistol galleries, corn doctors, lock, private and venereal hospitals. museums, menageries, equestrian performances, horoscopic views, lung-testers,

muscle developers, and magnifying glasses, when such views, testers, developers

- 20 or glasses are exhibited and used in public; billiard-tables, or any other tables
- 21 used for amusement, circuses, operatic, theatrical and other exhibitions, shows
- 22 and amusements; and to license, tax and regulate all occupations and trades
- 23 not hereinbefore enumerated, of whatever name or character.

AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL NO. 63, REPORTED BY COMMITTEE ON REVENUE, FEBRUARY 11, 1881.

Amend title of bill by adding after the word "cities," the words, "and villages;" also by striking out the word "bankers," in the 30th (written) line of Section 1.

- Introduced by Mr. Adams, January 18, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 19, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipali-
- 3. January 28, 1881, reported back with recommendation it be ordered to second reading. So ordered.
- 4. February 1, 1881, second reading, and referred to Committee on Revenue.
 5. February 11, 1881, reported back with amendment, and passage recom-
- mended.

 6. February 16, 1881, amended and ordered to third reading.

For an Act to grant certain powers to Cities and Villages.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That all cities and villages in this State shall have power to license, tax and regulate undertakers, auctioneers, merchants, grocers, retailers, hotels, boarding-houses, intelligence offices, concerts, photographists, artists, agents, porters, runners, drummers, public lecturers, real-estate agents and brokers, financial agents and brokers, horse and cattle dealers, natent right dealers, stock-yard proprietors, examiners of titles, conveyancers, mercantile 8 agents, insurance companies and insurance agents, bankers, banking or other corporations or institutions telegraph companies or corporations street railroad cars, livery and sale stables, hackney carriages, wagons, omnibuses, carts, drays, and other vehicles, milk-desfers, and all other business, trades and avocations whatever, and to regulate the width of the tires of all vehicles for heavy transportation, and for this purpose to require a higher license if deemed expedient, in case of vehicles having tires of less than the prescribed width: also, to license, tax, regulate or suppress ordinaries peddlers, pawn-brokers, public masquerade balls, street exhibitions, fortue tellers, pistol galleries, corn doctors, lock, private and venereal hospitals, museums, menageries, conestrian

18 performances, horoscopic views, lung-testers, muscular developers, and magni-

- 19 fying glasses, when such views, testers, developers or glasses are exhibited and
- 20 used in public; billiard-tables, or any other tables used for amusement, circuses,
- 21 operatic, theatrical and other exhibitions, shows and amusements; and to
- 22 license, tax and regulate all occupations and trades not hereinbefore enumer
- 28 ated, of whatever name or character.

- Introduced by Mr. Edwards, January 18, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 19, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judicial
- First reading January 19, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judicial Department.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading January 27, 1881.

For an Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to extend the jurisdiction of County Courts, and to provide for the practice thereof: to fix the time for holding the same, and to repeal an act therein named."

Section 4. Be it enwelod by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the .

- 2 General Assembly, That Section forty-one (4t) of an act entitled "An act to
- 3 extend the jurisdiction of county courts, and to provide for the practice thereof:
- 4 to fix the time for holding the same, and to repeal an act therein named," be and
- 5. The same is hereby so amended as to read as follows:
- 6 Section 41. Hamilton, in January and August.



- Introduced by Mr. Whiting, January 19, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 19, 1881, and referred to Committee on Revenue.
- 3. January 27, 1881, ordered printed for use of committee.

For an Act to prevent double assessment upon encumbered real estate, and to provide an equitable mode of taxation for such property.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly. That a mortgage, deed of trust, or other contract or obliga-
- 3 tion by which a debt is secured by a lien upon real estate, shall, for the purposes
- 4 of assessment and taxation, be deemed and treated as an interest in the property
- 5 thereby affected, and the holders of such securities as joint owners, to be assessed
- 6 and the taxes to be paid in the district where the property is located, and the
- 7 holders of such mortgages or liens shall not elsewhere be assessed and taxed.
- \$ 2. The owner of the fee of any property claiming any deduction for such
- 2 incumbrance, shall state to the assessor, under oath, the nature and amount of
- 3 the incumbrance, and to whom due, and the assessor shall assess the owner of
- 4 the fee and the owner or owners of the mortgage, or other lien, separately, and
- 5 in ratable proportion, as near as may be, to the value of the interest of each, by
- 6 deducting from the real and full cash value of the lien or liens, assessing the
- 7 owner of the fee on the excess, and the owner or owners of the lien upon the
- 8 value of such lien; but in assessing these amounts, the same scale of assessment
- 9 or rate per cent, shall be observed as may be applied in assessing other property,
- 10 so that each shall pay his pro rata share, and the aggregate be the same as if the
- 11 property had been assessed to one owner.
 - \$ 3. The tax arising from the assessment of these several interests shall be
- 2 a lien upon the property, and also a valid debt against either and all the parties

shall be paid by the owner of the fee, then it shall constitute a payment thereon, and to that extent be an offset; and if the holder of the lien shall pay the tax of the owner of the fee, then the amount so paid shall become, to that extent, an addition to the debt due him: *Provided*, that if any such lien shall be paid by the debtor after assessment and before the tax levy for the year, the amount of such levy may likewise be retained by such debtor, and this shall be computed according to the taxes on the same for the preceding year: *And, provided, further*, that taxes arising from special assessment for local improvement, shall be

12 assessed wholly against the owner of the fee.

- Introduced by Mr. Whiting, January 19, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 19, 1881, and referred to Committee on Revenue.
- Reported back with recommendation it be ordered to second reading, so ordered April 18, 1881.

For an Act to prevent double assessment upon encumbered Real Estate, and to provide an equitable mode of taxation for such property.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That a mortgage, deed of trust or other contract or obliga-
- 8 tion by which a debt is secured by a lien upon real estate shall, for the purposes
- 4 of assessment and taxation, be deemed and treated as an interest in the prop-
- 5 erty thereby affected, and the holders of such securities, as joint owners, to be
- 6 assessed and the taxes to be paid in the district where the property is located.
- 7 and the holders of such mortgages or liens shall not elsewhere be assessed and
- 8 taxed.
 - \$ 2. The owner of the fee of any property claiming any deduction for such
- 3 incumbrance, shall state to the assessor, under oath, the nature and amount of
- 3 the incumbrance, and to whom due, and the assessor shall assess the owner of
- 4 the fee, and the owner or owners of the mortgage, or other lien, separately and
- 5 in ratable proportion as near as may be to the value of the interest of each, by
- 6 deducting from the real and full cash value of the lien or liens, assessing the
- 7 owner of the fee on the excess, and the owner or owners of the lien upon the
- 8 value of such lien; but in assessing these amounts the same scale of assessment
- 9 or rate per cent, shall be observed as may be applied in assessing other property.
- 10 so that each shall pay his pro rata share, and the aggregate be the same as if
- 11 the property had been assessed to one owner.

§ 3. The tax arising from the assessment of these several interests shall be a lien upon the property, and also a valid debt against either and all the parties in interest, and may be paid by either. If that part due on the incumbrance shall be paid by the owner of the fee, then it shall constitute a payment thereon, and to that extent be an offset, and if the holders of the liens shall pay the tax of the owner of the fee, then the amount so paid shall become to that extent an addition to the debt due him: Provided, that if any such lien shall be paid by the debtor after assessment and before the tax levy for the year the amount of such levy may likewise be retained by such debtor, and this shall be computed according to the taxes on the same for the preceding year: And, provided, further, that taxes arising from special assessment for local improvement shall be assessed wholly against the owner of the fee.

- Introduced by Mr. DeLang, January 19, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 19, 1881, and referred to Committee on Education and Educational Institutions.
- 3. February 3, 1881, ordered printed for use of Committee.

For an Act to insure the better education of practitioners of dental surgery, and to regulate the practice of dentistry in the State of Illinois.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That it shall be unlawful for any person who is not at the time of the passage of this act engaged in the practice of dentistry in this State, to commence such practice unless such person shall have received a diploma from the faculty of some reputable dental college, duly authorized by the laws 6, of this State, or of some other of the United States, or by the laws of some foreign country, in which college or colleges there was at the time of the issue of such diploma annually delivered a full course of lectures and instruction in dental surgery: Provided that any person removing into this State, who shall have been for a period of ten years prior to such removal a practicing dentest: And, provided, also, that any person holding the diploma of doctor of medicine 11 from any reputable medical college shall be entitled to practice deutistry in this State upon obtaining a license for that purpose, as hereinafter provided; and nothing in this act shall be construed to prohibit any physician or surgeon from 15 extracting teeth.

§ 2. A board of examiners, to consist of five practicing dentists, who shall be members in good standing of the Illinois State Dental Society, is hereby created, whose duty it shall be to carry out the purposes and enforce the provisions of this act. The members of said board shall be appointed by the Governor upon

- 5 the recommendation of the Illinois State Dental Society. The term for which
- 6 the members of said board shall hold their offices shall be five years: except that
- 7 the members of the board first to be appointed under this act shall hold their
- 8 offices for the term of one, two, three, four and five years respectively, and until
- 9 their successors shall be duly appointed. In case of a vacancy occurring in
- 10 said board, such vacancy shall be filled by the Governor upon the recommenda-
- 11 tion of the president of the Illinois State Dental Society, and any vacancy so
- 12 filled shall hold until the next regular meeting of the said Illinois State Dental
- 13 Society, when such vacancy shall be filled in the manner hereinbefore provided
- 14 for the appointment of the members of said board.
 - § 3. Said board shall choose one of its members president, and one the secre-
 - 2 tary thereof, and it shall meet at least once in each year, and as much oftener,
- 8 and at such times and places, as it may deem necessary. A majority of said
- 4 board shall at all times constitute a quorum, and the proceedings thereof shall
- 5 at all reasonable times be open to public inspection.
- § 4. It shall be the duty of every person who is engaged in the practice of
- 2 dentistry in this State, within six months from the date of the passage of this
- 3 act, to cause his or her name and residence or place of business to be registered
- 4 with said board of examiners, who shall keep a book for that purpose; and every
- 5 person who shall so register with said board as a practitioner of dentistry, may
- 6 continue to practice the same as such, without incurring any of the liabilities or
- 7 penalties provided in this act.
- \$ 5. No person whose name is not registered on the books of said board as a
- 3 regular practitioner of dentistry, within the time prescribed in the preceding
- 3 Section, shall be permitted to practice dentistry in this State, until such person
- 4 shall have been duly examined by said board and regularly dicensed in accord-
- 5 ance with the provisions of this act.
- § 6. Any and all persons who shall so desire may appear before said bound.
- 2 at any of its regular meetings and be examined with reference to their knowl-
- 3 edge and skill in dental surgery, and if the examination of any such person or
- 4 persons shall prove satisfactory to said board, the board of examiners shall issue
- 5 to such persons as they shall find from such examination to possess the requisite

qualifications, a license to practice dentistry, in accordance with the provisions
to f this act. But said board shall at all times issue a license to any regular
graduate of any reputable dental college, without examination, upon the payment by such graduate, to the said board, of a fee of two dollars. All licenses
issued by said board shall be signed by the members thereof, and be attested by
tripht of the holder to practice dentistry in the State of Illinois.

- \$ 7. Any member of said board may issue a temporary license to any applicant, upon the presentation by such applicant of the evidence of the necessary qualifications, to practice dentistry, and such temporary license shall remain in force until the next regular meeting of said board occurring after the date of such temporary license, and no longer.
- § 8. Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this act shall be liable to prosecution, upon the complaint of any citizen of this State, before any justice of the peace, or in any court of record, upon information or by indictment, and, upon conviction, may be fined not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than fifty dollars for each and every offense. All fines recovered under this act shall be paid into the common school fund of the county in which such conviction takes place.
- § 9. In order to provide the means for carrying out and maintaining the provisions of this act the said board of examiners may charge each person applying to or appearing before them for examination for license to practice dentistry, a fee of ten dollars (\$10), and out of the funds coming into the possession of the board from the fees so to be charged the members of said board shall be paid as compensation for their services respectively, such an amount as the Illinois State Dental Society may from time to time direct.
- \$ 10. Any person who shall be licensed by said board to practice dentistry 2 shall cause his or her license to be registered with the county clerk of the county in which such person is engaged in the practice of dentistry, and the 4 county clerks of the several counties in this State shall charge for registering 5 such license a fee of fifty cents. Any failure, neglect or refusal on the part of 6 any person holding such license to register the same with the county clerk as

- 7 above directed for a period of six months shall work a forfeiture of the license,
- 8 and no license when once forfeited shall be restored except upon the payment
- 9 to the said board of examiners of the sum of twenty-five dollars, as a penalty
- 10 for such neglect, failure or refusal.

- Introduced by Mr. De Lang, January 19, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 19, 1881, and referred to Committee on Education and Educational Institutions.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 11, 1881.

For an Act to insure the better Education of Practitioners of Dental Surgery and to regulate the practice of Dentistry in the State of Illinois.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That it shall be unlawful for any person who is not at the time of the passage of this act engaged in the practice of dentistry in this 4 State to commence such practice unless such person shall have received a diploma from the faculty of some reputable dental college, duly authorized by the laws of this State, or of some other of the United States, or by the laws of some foreign country, in which college or colleges there was at the time of the issue of such diploma, annually delivered, a full course of lectures and instruction in dental surgery: Provided, that any person removing into this State, who shall have been for a period of ten years prior to such removal a practicing dentist, and, provided, also, that any person holding the diploma of doctor of medicine from any reputable medical college shall be entitled to practice dentistry in this State, upon obtaining a license for that purpose, as hereinafter provided; and nothing in this act shall be construed to prohibit any physician or surgeon from extracting teeth.

\$ 2. A board of examiners, to consist of five practicing dentists (who shall be
2 members in good standing of the Illinois State Dental Society), is hereby
3 created, whose duty it shall be to carry out the purposes and enforce the
4 provisions of this act. The members of said board shall be appointed by the

- 5 Governor, upon the recommendation of the Illinois State Dental Society. The
- 6 ferm for which the members of said board shall hold their offices shall be five
- 7 , years, except that the members of the board first to be appointed under this act
- 8 shall hold their offices for the term of one, two, three, four and five years,
- 9 respectively, and until their successors shall be duly appointed. In case of a
- 10 vacancy occurring in said board, such vacancy shall be filled by the Governor,
- 11 upon the recommendation of the president of the Illinois State Dental Society,
- 12 and any vacancy so filled shall hold until the next regular meeting of the said
- 13 Illinois State Dental Society, when such vacancy shall be filled in the manner
- 14 hereinbefore provided for the appointment of the members of said board.
- § 3. Said board shall choose one of its members president, and one the secre-
- 2 tary thereof, and it shall meet at least once in each year, and as much oftener.
- 3 and at such times and places as it may deem necessary. A majority of said
- 4 board shall at all times constitute a quorum, and the proceedings thereof shall
- 5 at all reasonable times be open to public inspection.
- § 4. It shall be the duty of every person who is engaged in the practice of
- 2 dentistry in this State, within six months from the date of the passage of this
- 3 act, to cause his or her name, and residence, or place of business, to be regis-
- 4 tered with said board of examiners, who shall keep a book for that purpose; and
- 5 every person who shall so register with said loard, as a practitioner of dentis-
- 6 try, may continue to practice the same as such without incurring any of the
- 7 liabilities or penalties provided in this act.
- § 5. No person whose name is not registered on the books of said board, as a
- 2 regular practitioner of dentistry, within the time prescribed in the preceeding
- 3 section, shall be permitted to practice dentistry in this State, until such person
- 4 shall have been duly examined by said board and regularly licensed in accord-
- 5 ance with the provisions of this act.
 - § 6. Any and all persons who shall so desire may appear before said board
- 2 at any of its regular meetings and be examined with reference to their knowl-
- 3 edge and skill in dental surgery, and if the examination of any such person or
- 4 persons prove satisfactory to said board, the board of examiners shall issue to
- 5 such persons as they shall find from such examination to possess the requisite

6 qualifications, a license to practice dentistry, in accordance with the provisions
7 of this act. But said board shall at all times issue a license to any regular
8 graduate of any reputable dental college, without examination, upon the pay9 ment by such graduate to the said board of a fee of two dollars. All licenses
10 issued by said board shall be signed by the members thereof and be attested by
11 its president and secretary; and such license shall be prima facie evidence of

§ 7. Any member of said board may issue a temporary license to any 2 applicant upon the presentation by such applicant of the evidence of the necessary qualifications, to practice dentistry; and such temporary license shall 4 remain in force until the next regular meeting of said board occurring after the

the right of the holder to practice dentistry in the State of Illinois.

date of such temporary license and no longer.

conviction takes place.

§ 8. Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this act shall be a liable to prosecution upon the complaint of any citizen of this State, before any justice of the peace or in any court of record, upon information or by indictanent and upon conviction may be fined not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than fifty dollars for each and every offense. All fines recovered under this act shall be paid into the common school fund of the county in which such

\$ 9. In order to provide the means for carrying out and maintaining the provisions of this act, the said board of examiners may charge each person applying to or appearing before them for examination for license to practice dentistry, a fee of ten dollars (\$10), and out of the funds coming into the possession of the board from the fees so to be charged, the members of said board shall be paid as compensation for their services, respectively, such an amount as the Illinois State Dental Society may from time to time direct.

\$ 10. Any person who shall be licensed by said board to practice dentistry, shall cause his or her license to be registered with the county clerk of the county is which such person is engaged in the practice of dentistry, and the county clerks of the several counties in this State, shall charge for registering such license a fee of fifty cents. Any failure, neglect or refusal on the part of any person holding such license to register the same with the county clerk as

- 7 above directed, for a period of six months, shall work a forfeiture of the license.
- 8 and no license when once forfeited shall be restored, except upon the payment
- 9 to the said board of examiners of the sum of twenty-five dollars, as a penalty
- 10 for such neglect, failure of refusal.

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 69, REPORTED BY COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION AND EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS, FEBRUARY 11, 1881.

 \cdot Amend Section 6 by striking out the words "two–dollars," in the printed bill,

- 2 in line 9, and substitute therefor the words "one dollar."
- 3 Amend Section 8 by striking the words "upon the complaint of any citizen of
- 4 this State," from line 2, of the printed bill, the words "justice of the peace in
- 5 any," and the word "record," in line 3, and insert after the words "court of," in
- 6 said line 3, the words "competent jurisdiction."
- 7 Amend Section 9 by adding the following words to the end of line 7, of the
- 8 printed bill, "but no part of the salaries or expenses of said-board shall be paid
- 9 by the State."
- 40 Amend Section 10, by striking out the last word "the" in line 2 of the printed
- 11 bill, and substitute therefor the word "any." Strike out the words "is en-
- 12 gaged" in line 3, and insert after the word "county" the words "or counties."
- 13 also insert after the word "person," in said line 3, "may desire to engage,"
- 14 Strike out the words "fifty cents" in line 5, and insert after the words "fee of."
- 15 in said line 5, the words "twenty-five cents for each registration."

- Introduced by Mr. De Lang, January 19, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading January 19, 1881, and referred to Committee on Education and Educational Institutions.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 11, 1881.

 February 16, 1881, second reading, amended, and recommitted to Committee on Education and Educational Institutions.
- March 3, 1881, reported back with amendments, and passage recommended.

For an Act to insure the better Education of Practitioners of Dental Surgery, and to regulate the practice of Dentistry in the State of Illinois.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the 2 General Assembly, That it shall be unlawful for any person who is not at the time of the passage of this act engaged in the practice of dentistry in this State to commence such practice unless such person shall have received a diploma from the faculty of some reputable dental collège, duly authorized by the laws of this State or of some other of the United States, or by the laws of some foreign country, in which college or colleges there was at the time of the issue of such diploma annually delivered a full course of lectures and instructions in dental surgery: Provided, that any person removing into this State, who shall have been for a period of ten years prior to such removal, a practicing dentist. and: Provided, also, that any person holding the diploma of doctor of medicine from any reputable medical college, shall be entitled to practice dentistry in this State upon obtaining a license for the purpose as hereinafter provided; and nothing in this act shall be construed to prohibit any physician or surgeon 15 from extracting teeth.

§ 2. A board of examiners, to consist of five practicing dentists (who shall be 2 members in good standing of the Illinois State Dental Society), is hereby

- 8 created whose duty it shall be to carry out the purposes and enforce the provis-
- 4 ions of this act. The members of said board shall be appointed by the Gover-
- 5 nor upon the recommendation of the Illinois State Dental Society.
- 6 The term for which the members of said board shall hold their offices shall
- 7 be five years. except that the members of the board fish to be appointed under
- 8 this act, shall hold their offices for the term of one, two, three, four and five
- 9 years respectively, and until their successors shall be duly appointed.
- 10 In case of a vacancy occurring in said board, such vacancy shall be filled by
- 11 the Governor, upon the recommendation of the president of the Illinois State
- 12 Dental Society, and any vacancy so filled, shall hold until the next regular
- 18 meeting of the said Illinois State Dental Society, when such vacancy shall be
- 14 filled in the manner hereinbefore provided for the appointment of the members
- 15 of said board.
 - \$ 3. Said board shall choose one of its members president, and one the
 - 2 secretary thereof, and it shall meet at least once in each year, and as much
- 3 oftener, and at such times and places, as it may deem necessary. A majority of
- 4 said board shall at all times constitute a quorum, and the proceedings thereof
- 5 shall at all reasonable times be open to public inspection.
- § 4. It shall be the duty of every person who is engaged in the practice of
- 2 dentistry in this State, within six months from the date of the passage of this
- 8 act, to cause his or her name and residence or place of business to be registered
- 4 with said board of examiners, who shall keep a book for that purpose; and
- 5 every person who shall so register with said board as a practitioner of dentistry,
- 6 may continue to practice the same as such, without incurring any of the
- 7 liabilities or penalties provided in this act.
 - § 5. No person whose name is not registered on the books of said board as a
- 2 regular practitioner of dentistry, within the time prescribed in the preceding
- s section, shall be permitted to practice dentistry in this State until such person
- 4 shall have been duly examined by said board and regularly licensed in
- 5 accordance with the provisions of this act.
 - § 6. Any and all persons who shall so desire may appear before said board at
- 2 any of its regular meetings and be examined with reference to their knowledge

- 3 and skill in dental surgery, and if the examination of any such person or per-
- 4 sons shall prove satisfactory to said board, the board of examiners shall issue
- 5. to such persons as they shall find from such examination to possess the requisite
- 6 qualifications, a license to practice dentistry in accordance with the provisions
- 7 of this act. But said board shall at all times issue a license to any regular
- 8 graduate of any reputable dental college without examination, upon the pay-
- 9 ment by such graduate to the said board of a fee of two dollars. All licenses
- 10 issued by said board shall be signed by the members thereof, and be attested by
- 11 its president and secretary; and such license shall be prima facie evidence of
- 12 the right of the holder to practice dentistry in the State of Illinois.
 - \$ 7. Any member of said board may issue a temporary license to any
- 2 applicant, upon the presentation by such applicant of the evidence of the neces-
- 8 sary qualifications to practice dentistry, and such temporary license shall
- 4 remain in force until the next regular meeting of said board occurring after
- 5 the date of such temporary license, and no longer.
 - \$ 8. Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this act shall
- 2 be liable to prosecution upon the complaint of any citizen of this State, before
- 3 any justice of the peace, or in any court of record, upon information or by
- 4 indictment, and upon conviction may be fined not less than twenty-five dollars,
- 5 nor more than fifty dollars, for each and every offense. All fines recovered
- 6 under this act shall be paid into the common school fund of the county in
- 7 which such conviction takes place.
- § 9. In order to provide the means for carrying out and maintaining the
- 2 provisions of this act, the said board of examiners may charge each person
- 3 applying to or appearing before them for examination for license to practice
- 4 dentistry, a fee of ten dollars (\$10), and out of the funds coming into the
- 5 possession of the board from the fees so to be charged, the members of said
- 6 board shall be paid as compensation for their services respectively such an
- 7 amount as the Illinois State Dental Society may from time to time direct.
 - \$ 10. Any person who shall be licensed by said board to practice dentistry shall
- 2 cause his or her license to be registered with the county clerk of the county in
- 3 which such person is engaged in the practice of dentistry, and the county

- 4 clerks of the several counties in this State, shall charge for registering such
- 5 license a fee of fifty cents.
- 6 Any failure, neglect or refusal on the part of any person holding such license
- 7 to register the same with the county clerk as above directed for a period of six
- 8 months shall work a forfeiture of the license, and no license, when once
- 9 forfeited, shall be restored, except upon the payment to the said board of
- 10 examiners of the sum of twenty-five dollars, as a penalty for such neglect,
- 11 failure or refusal.

AMENDMENTS ADOPTED BY THE SENATE FEBRUARY 16, 1881.

Amend section 6 by striking out the words "two dollars," in the printed bill,

- 2 in line 9, and substitute therefor the words "one dollar."
- 3 Amend section 8 by striking [out] the words "upon the complaint of any
- 4 citizen of this State," from line 2, of the printed bill, the words "justice of the
- 5 peace in any," and the word "record," in line 3, and insert after the words "court
- 6 of," in said line 3, the words "competent jurisdiction."
- 7 Amend section 9 by adding the following words to the end of line 7, of the
- 8 printed bill, "but no part of the salaries or expenses of said board shall be paid
- 9 by the State."
- 10 Amend section 10, by striking out the last word "the" in line 2 of the printed
- 11 bill, and substitute therefor the word "any." Strike out the words "is engaged"
- 12 in line 3, and insert after the word "county" the words "or counties," also insert
- 13 after the word "person," in said line 3, "may desire to engage." Strike out the
- 14 words "fifty cents" in line 5, and insert after the words "fee of," in said line 5,
- 15 the words "twenty-five cents for each registration."
- 16 Strike out of section 2, line 1, printed bill, after word "dentists," the words
- 17 "who shall be," and in line 2, the words "members in good standing of the
- 18 Illinois State Dental Society."

AMENDMENT OFFERED BY MR. BELL. FEBRUARY 16, 1881.

Amend by striking out the words in section 2, line 5, printed bill, "upon the recommendation of the Illinois State Dental Society," and strike out all after 3 "Governor," in line 10, printed bill.

AMENDMENT REPORTED FROM THE COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION AND EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS, MARCH 3, 1881.

Amend section 9 so as to read as follows:

Section 9. In order to provide the means for carrying out and maintaining the provisions of this act, the said board of examiners may charge each person applying to or appearing before them for examination for license to practice dentistry, a fee of ten dollars, and out of the funds coming into the possession of the board from the fees so charged, the members of said board may receive as compensation the sum of five dollars for each day actually engaged in the duties of their office, and all legitimate and necessary expenses incurred in attending the meetings of said board. Said expenses shall be paid from the fees and penalties received by the board under the provisions of this act. And no part of the salary or other expenses of the board shall ever be paid out of 11 the State Treasury. All moneys received in excess of said per diem allowance, 12 and other expenses above provided for, shall be held by the secretary of said board as a special fund for meeting the expenses of said board, he giving such bond as the board shall from time to time direct. And said board shall 15 make an annual report of its proceedings to the Governor, by the fifteenth of December of each year, together with an account of all moneys received 18 and disbursed by them, pursuant to this act.



- Introduced by Mr. De Lang, January 19, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading January 19, 1881, and referred to Committee on Education and Educational Institutions.
- Reported back with amendments passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 11, 1881.
- February 16, 1881, second reading, amended, and recommitted to Committee on Education and Educational Institutions.
- March 3, 1881, reported back with amendments, and passage recommended. March 11, 1881, amended, and ordered to third reading.

For an Act to insure the better Education of Practitioners of Dental Surgery, and to regulate the practice of Dentistry in the State of Illinois.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That it shall be unlawful for any person who is not at the time of the passage of this act engaged in the practice of dentistry in this State to commence such practice, unless such person shall have received a diploma from the faculty of some reputable dental college, duly authorised by the laws of this State, or of some other of the United States, or by the laws of some foreign country, in which college or colleges there was at the time of the insue of such diploma annually delivered a full course of lectures and instructions in dental surgery: Provided, that any person removing into this State, who shall have been for a period of ten years prior to such removal, a practicing dentist, and: Provided, also, that any person holding the diploma of doctor of medicine from any reputable medical college, shall be entitled to practice dentistry in this State upon obtaining a license for the purpose as herein-14 after provided; and nothing in this act shall be construed to prohibit any

§ 2. A board of examiners, to consist of five practicing dentists, is hereby 2 created, whose duty it shall be to carry out the purposes and enforce the

15 physician or surgeon from extracting teeth.

- 3 provisions of this act. The members of said board shall be appointed by the
- 4 Governor.
- 5 The term for which the members of said board shall hold their offices shall
- 6 be five years, except that the members of the board first to be appointed
- 7 under this act, shall hold their offices for the term of one, two, three, four
- 8 and five years respectively, and until their successors shall be duly appointed.
- 9 In case of a vacancy occurring in said board, such vacancy shall be filled 10 by the Governor.
 - § 8. Said board shall choose one of its members president, and one the
- 2 secretary thereof, and it shall meet at least once in each year, and as much
- 8 oftener, and at such times and places, as it may deem necessary. A majority of
- 4 said board shall at all times constitute a quorum, and the proceedings thereof
- 5 shall at all reasonable times be open to public inspection.
- § 4. It shall be the duty of every person who is engaged in the practice of
- 2 dentistry in this State, within six months from the date of the passage of this
- \$ act, to cause his or her name and residence or place of business to be registered
- 4 with said board of examiners, who shall keep a book for that purpose; and
- 5 every person who shall so register with said board as a practitioner of dentistry.
- 6 may continue to practice the same as such, without incurring any of the
- 7 liabilities or penalties provided in this act.
- § 5. No person whose name is not registered on the books of said board as a
- 2 regular practitioner of dentistry, within the time prescribed in the preceding
- 8 section, shall be permitted to practice dentistry in this State until such person
- 4 shall have been duly examined by said board and fegularly licensed in
- 5 accordance with the provisions of this act.
- § 6. Any and all persons, who shall so desire, may appear before said board at
- 2 any of its regular meetings and be examined with reference to their knowledge
- 8 and skill in dental surgery, and if the examination of any such person or per-
- 4 sons shall prove satisfactory to said board, the board of examiners shall issue
- 5 to such persons, as they shall find from such examination to possess the requisite
- 6 qualifications, a license to practice dentistry in accordance with the provisions
- 7 f this act. But said board shall at all times issue a license to any regular

- 8 graduate of any reputable dental college without examination, upon the pay-
- 9 ment by such graduate to the said board of a fee of one dollar. All licenses
- 10 issued by said board shall be signed by the members thereof and be attested by
- 11 its president and secretary; and such license shall be prima facis evidence of the
- 12 right of the holder to practice dentistry in the State of Illinois.
 - \$ 7. Any member of said board may issue a temporary license to any
- 2 applicant, upon the presentation by such applicant of the evidence of the neces-
- 3 sary qualifications, to practice dentistry, and such temporary license shall
- 4 remain in force until the next regular meeting of said board occurring after
- 5 the date of such temporary license, and no longer.
 - § 8. Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this act, shall be
- 2 liable to prosecution, before any court of competent jurisdiction, upon informa-
- 3 tion or by indictment, and upon conviction may be fined not less than twenty-
- 4 five dollars, nor more than fifty dollars, for each and every offense. All fines
- 5 recovered under this act shall be paid into the common school fund of the
- 6 county in which such conviction takes place.
- § 9. In order to provide the means for carrying out and maintaining the
- 2 provisions of this act, the said board of examiners may charge each person
- 8 applying to or appearing before them for examination for license to practice
- 4 dentistry, a fee of two dollars, and out of the funds coming into the possession
- 5 of the board from the fees so charged, the members of said board may receive
- 6 as compensation the sum of five dollars for each day actually engaged in the
- 7 duties of their office, and all legitimate and necessary expenses incurred in
- 8 attending the meetings of said board. Said expenses shall be paid from the
- 9 fees and penalties received by the board under the provisions of this act. And
- 10 no part of the salary or other expenses of the board shall ever be paid out of
- 11 the State Treasury. All moneys received in excess of said per diem allowance.
- 12 and other expenses above provided for, shall be held by the secretary of said
- 13 board as a special fund for meeting the expenses of said board, he giving such
- 14 bond as the board shall from time to time direct. And said board shall
- 15 make an annual report of its proceedings to the Governor, by the fifteenth of

16 December of each year, together with an account of all moneys received and

17 disbursed by them, pursuant to this act.

\$ 10. Any person who shall be licensed by said board to practice dentistry shall cause his or her license to be registered with the county clerk of any

3 county or counties in which such person may desire to engage in the practice of

4 dentistry, and the county clerks of the several counties in this State shall

5 charge for registering such license a fee of twenty-five cents for each registra-

6 tion.

Any failure, neglect or refusal on the part of any person holding such license

8 to register the same with the county clerk as above directed for a period of six

9 months shall work a forfeiture of the license, and no license, when once for-

10 feited, shall be restored, except upon the payment to the said board of exam-

It iners of the sum of twenty-five dollars, as a penalty for such neglect, failure

12 or refusal.

15 from extracting teeth.

Reported to House April 1, 1881.

First reading April 9, 1881, and referred to Committee on Education.

Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading April 20, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to insure the better education of Practitioners of Dental Surgery, and to regulate the practice of Dentistry in the State of Illinois.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

General Assembly. That it shall be unlawful for any person, who is not at the time of the passage of this act engaged in the practice of dentistry in this State, to commence such practice, unless such person shall have received a diploma from the faculty of some reputable dental college, duly authorized by the laws of this State, or of some other of the United States, or by the laws of some foreign country, in which college or colleges there was at the time of the issue of such diploma, annually delivered a full course of lectures and instruction in dental surgery: Provided, that any person removing into this State, who shall have been for a period of ten years prior to such removal, a practicing dentist; And, provided, also, that any person holding the diploma of doctor of medicine from any reputable medical college, shall be entitled to practice dentistry in this State upon obtaining a license for that purpose as hereinafter provided: and nothing in this act shall be construed to prohibit any physician or surgeon

2 created, whose duty it shall be to carry out the purposes and enforce the provision.;

§ 2. A board of examiners, to consist of five practicing dentists, is hereby

- 3 of this act. The members of said board shall be appointed by the Governor.
- The term for which the members of said board shall hold their offices shall be five

- 5 years, except that the members of the board first to be appointed under this
- 6 act shall hold their offices for the term of one, two, three, four and five years
- 7 respectively, and until their successors shall be duly appointed. In case of a
- 8 vacancy occurring in said board, such vacancy shall be filled by the Governor.
- § 3. Said board shall choose one of its members president, and one the secre-
- 2 tary thereof, and it shall meet at least once in each year, and as much oftener.
- 3 and at such times and places as it may deem necessary. A majority of said
- 4 board shall at all times constitute a quorum, and the proceedings thereof shall,
- 5 at all reasonable times, be open to public inspection.
- § 4. It shall be the duty of every person who is engaged in the practice of
- 2 dentistry in this State, within six months from the date of the passage of this
- 3 act, to cause his or her name and residence or place of business to be registered
- 4 with said board of examiners, who shall keep a book for that purpose; and
- 5 every person who shall so register with said board as a practitioner of dentistry.
- 6 may continue to practice the same as such, without incurring any of the liabili-
- 7 ties or penalties provided in this act.
- § 5. No person, whose name is not registered on the books of said board as a
- 2 regular practitioner of dentistry, within the time prescribed in the preceding sec-
- 3 tion, shall be permitted to practice dentistry in this State until such person shall
- 4 have been duly examined by said board and regularly licensed in accordance
- 5 with the provisions of this act.
- § 6. Any and all persons, who shall so desire, may appear before said board.
- 2 at any of its regular meetings and be examined with reference to their knowl-
- 3 edge and skill in dental surgery, and if the examination of any such person or
- 4 persons shall prove satisfactory to said board, the board of examiners shall
- 5 issue to such persons as they shall find from such examination to possess the re-
- 6 quisite qualifications, a license to practice dentistry in accord are with the pro-
- 7 visions of this act. But said board shall at all times, issue a license to any reg-
- 8 ular graduate of any reputable dental college without examination, upon the
- 9 payment, by such graduate, to the said board of a fee of one dollar. All licenses
- 10 issued by said board shall be signed by the members thereof, and be attested by

- its president and secretary; and such license shall be prima facis evidence of the 12 right of the holder to practice dentistry in the State of Illinois.
 - § 7. Any member of said board may issue a temporary license to any appli-
- cant, upon the presentation by such applicant of the evidence of the necessary
- qualifications to practice dentistry, and such temporary license shall remain in
- force until the next regular meeting of said board occurring after the date of
- such temporary license, and no longer.
 - § 8. Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this act shall be
- liable to prosecution before any court of competent jurisdiction, upon informa-
- tion or by indictment, and upon conviction may be fined not less than twenty-
- five dollars nor more than fifty dollars for each and every offense. All fines
- recovered under this act shall be paid into the common school fund of the
- county in which such conviction takes place.
 - § 9. In order to provide the means for carrying out and maintaining the pro-
- visions of this act, the said board of examiners may charge each person applying
- to or appearing before them for examination for license to practice dentistry, a
- fee of two dollars, and out of the funds coming into the possession of the
- board from the fees so charged the members of said board may receive as com-
- pensation the sum of five dollars for each day actually engaged in the duties of
- 7 their office, and all legitimate and necessary expenses incurred in attending the
- meetings of said board. Said expenses shall be paid from the fees and penalties
- received by the board under the provisions of this act. And no part of the
- salary or other expenses of the board, shall ever be paid out of the State Treas-
- ury. All moneys received in excess of said per diem allowance and other
- 12 expenses above provided for, shall be held by the secretary of said board as a
- special fund for meeting the expenses of said board by giving such bond as the
- board shall, from time to time, direct. And said board shall make an annual 14
- 15 report of its proceedings to the Governor, by the fifteenth of December of each
- year, together with an account of all moneys received and disbursed by them 16
- pursuant to this act.

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- \$ 10. Any person who shall be licensed by said board to practice dentistry,
- 2 shall cause his or her license to be registered with the county clerk of any

- 3 county or counties, in which such person may desire to engage in the practice
- 4 of dentistry, and the county clerks of the several counties in this State shall
- 5 charge for registering such license, a fee of twenty-five cents for each registra-
- 6 tion. Any failure, neglect or refusal, on the part of any person holding such
- 7 license, to register the same with the county clerk, as above directed, for a period
- 8 of six months, shall work a forfeiture of the license, and no license, when once
- 9 forfeited, shall be restored, except upon the payment to the said board of
- 10 examiners of the sum of twenty-five dollars, as a penalty for such neglect, failure
- 12 or refusal.

1. Introduced by Mr. Fuller, January 19, 1881, and ordered to first reading.

First reading January 19, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
 Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 30, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section six (6) of Division nine 9) of an autentitled "An Act to revise the law in relation to Criminal Jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

General Assembly. That section six (6) of division nine (9) of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, and in force July 1, 1874, be and the same is hereby so amended as to read as fellows: Section 6. Upon the jury returning their verdict, the justice shall record the same in his docket or record book, and proceed to render judgment thereon accordingly, with costs; and in all cases of conviction it shall be a part of the judgment that the defendant shall stand committed to the county jail until the fine and costs are fully paid, or he shall be otherwise discharged by due process 10 of law, and the justice may commit the said defendant accordingly: Provided, if the fine is ten dollars, or less, such commitment shall be for a time not exceeding twenty four hours; and if the fine exceeds ten dollars, such commitment shall be for a time not exceeding twenty-four hours for each and every five dollars of such fine. In case of acquittal, the justice shall discharge the 16 defendant without costs.

AMENDMENT PROPOSED BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY, REPORTED TO SENATE MARCH to, 1861.

Amend by striking out of the seventh and eighth (written) lines of section 6

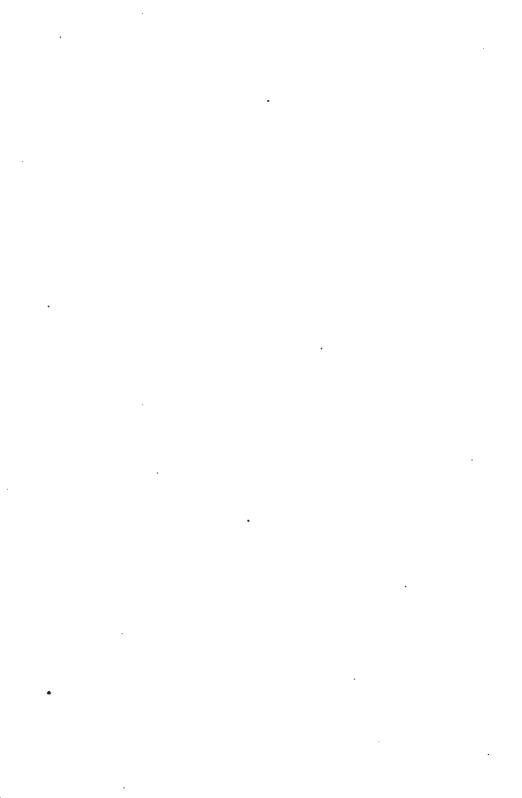
- 2 the words "it shall be a," and insert in lieu thereof the following: "The court
- 3 may, in its discretion, make it.".

- Introduced by Mr. Fuller, January 19, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 19, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 30, 1881.
- 4. April 9, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to a third reading.

For an Act to amend Section six (6) of Division nine (9) of an act entitled "An Act to revise the law in relation to Criminal Jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly. That section six (6) of division nine (9) of an act entitled
- 8 "An act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence," approved March
- 4 27, 1874, and in force July 1, 1874, be and the same is hereby so amended as to
- 5 read as follows:
- 6 Section 6. Upon the jury returning their verdict, the justice shall record the
- 7 same in his docket or record book, and proceed to render judgment thereon
- 8 accordingly, with costs; and in all cases of conviction the court may in its dis-
- 9 cretion make it a part of the judgment that the defendant shall stand commit-
- 10 ted to the county jail until the fine and costs are fully paid or he shall be other-
- 11 wise discharged by due process of law, and the justice may commit the said
- 12 defendant accordingly: *Provided*, if the fine is ten dollars, or less, such com-
- 13 mitment shall be for a time not exceeding twenty-four hours; and if the fine
- 14 exceeds ten dollars, such commitment shall be for a time not exceeding twenty-
- 15 four hours for each and every five dollars of such fine. In case of acquittal,
- 16 the justice shall discharge the defendant without costs.



- t. Introduced by Mr. Fifer, January 19, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading January 19, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
 Reported back with an amendment, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 2, 1881.

For an Act to amend Section twenty-one (21) of an act entitled "An Act to revise the law in relation to Change of Venue."

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly, That Section twenty-one of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to change of venue," in force July 1, 1874, as amended by an act in force July 1, 1879, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows: When the cause for a change of venue is the prejudice of the judge. or any two of them, the petition shall be accompanied by the affidavits of at least two reputable persons residents of the county, and not of kin, or counsel, to the applicant, stating that they believe the judge, or any two of them, as the 9 case may be, are so prejudiced against the applicant that he cannot have a fair 10 and impartial trial; and thereupon the case may be tried by any other of the circuit judges of the circuit in which the case is pending, to whom the cause alleged does not apply, and the venue shall not be changed from the county in which the indictment is found in such case: Provided, that when the case is pending in the criminal court of Cook county, no change of venue for the cause of the prejudice of the judge shall be made, except to some one of the judges authorized by law to hold said crin in al court other than the one who is holding said court at the time the application for a change of venue is made. The judge to whom such application for a change of venue is made shall forthwith notify 19 two or more of the other judges authorized by law to hold said criminal court.

- 20 and the judges so notified, together with the judge to whom such application is
- 21 made, shall, as soon as convenient, decide the motion, and if granted, select, in
- 22 such manner as they may deem best, one of their number to hear said case.
- 23 There shall be but one change of venue in such case, and the State's attorney
- 24 shall have the same right as the defendant to apply for and obtain a change of
- 25 venue from one judge to another.

AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL NO. 73, REPORTED BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY FEBRUARY 2, 1881.

Amend by inserting before the word "when," in line 10 (written), the words

and figures "Section 21."

- 1. Introduced by Mr. Fifer, January 19, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading January 19, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
 3. Reported back with an amendment, passage recommended, and ordered to
- second reading February 2, 1881.

 4. February 8, 1881, second reading, amended, ordered to third reading.

For an Act to amend Section twenty-one (21) of an Act entitle 1 "An Act to revise the law in relation to Change of Venue."

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

General Assembly, That Section twenty-one of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to change of venue," in force July 1, 1874, as amended by an act in force July 1, 1879, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows: Section 21. When the cause for a change of venue is the prejudice of the judge, or any two of them, the petition shall be accompanied by the affidavits of at least two reputable persons residents of the county, and not of kin or counsel to the applicant, stating that they believe the judge, or any two of them, as the case may be, are so prejudiced against the applicant that he cannot have a fair and impartial trial: and thereupon the case may be tried by any other of the circuit judges of the circuit in which the case is pending, to whom the cause alleged does not apply, and the venue shall not be changed from the county in which the indictment is found in such case: Provided, that when the case is pending in the criminal court of Cook county, no change of venue for the cause of the prejudice of the judge shall be made, except to some one of the judges authorized by law to hold said criminal court other than the one who is holding said court at the time the application for a change of venue is made. The judge 19 to whom such application for a change of venue is made shall forthwith notify

two or more of the other judges authorized by law to hold said criminal court.
and the judges so notified, together with the judge to whom such application is
made, shall, as soon as convenient, decide the motion, and if granted, select, in
such manner as they may deem best, one of their number to hear said case.
There shall be but one change of venue in such case, and the State's Attorney
shall have the same right as the defendant to apply for and obtain a change of

26 venue from one judge to another.

Reported to House, February 25, 1881.

First reading, rebruary 26, 1831, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
 Reported back, passage recommonded, report concurred in, and ordered to

second reading March 10, 1881.

Second reading March 31, 1881, amended and ordered to a third reading.

(Printed as amended.)

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section, twenty-one (21) of an act entitled "An Act to revise
the law in relation to Change of Venue."

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That section twenty-one of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to change of venue," in force July 1, 1874, as amended by an act in force July 1, 1879, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 21. When the cause for a change of venue is the prejudice of the judge, or any two of them, the petition shall be accompanied by the affidavits of at least two reputable persons, residents of the county, and not of kin or counsel to the applicant, stating that they believe the judge, or any two of them, as the case may be, are so prejudiced against the applicant that he can not have a fair and impartial trial; and thereupon the case may be tried by any other of

the circuit judges of the circuit in which the case is pending, and the venue shall not be changed from the county in which the indictment is found in such case.

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Reported to House, February 26, 1881.

First reading February 26, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading March 10, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section twenty-one (21), of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to Change of Venue.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the 2 General Assembly. That section twenty-one of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to change of venue," in force July 1, 1874, as amended by an act in force July 1, 1879, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows: 5 Section 21. When the cause for a change of venue, is the prejudice of the judge or any two of them, the petition shall be accompanied by the affidavits of at least two reputable persons, residents of the county, and not of kin or counsel to the applicant, stating that they believe the the judge, or any two of them, as the case may be, are so prejudiced against the applicant that he can not have a fair and impartial trial, and thereupon the case may be tried by any other of the circuit judges of the circuit in which the case is pending, to whom the cause 11 alleged does not apply, and the venue shall not be changed from the county in 12 which the indictment is found in such case: Provided, that when the case is 13 pending in the criminal court of Cook county, no change of venue, for the cause 14 of the prejudice of the judge, shall be made, except to some one of the judges 15 authorized by law to hold said criminal court, other than the one who is hold 16 ing said court at the time the application for a change of venue is made. The 17 judge to whom such application for a change of venue is made, shall forthwith notify two or more of the other judges authorized by law to hold said criminal

court, and the judges so notified, together with the judge to whom such application is made, shall, as soon as convenient, decide the motion, and, if granted, select in such manner as they may deem best, one of their number to hear said case. There shall be but one change of venue in such case, and the State's Attorney shall have the same right as the defendant to apply for, and obtain a change of venue from one judge to another.

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- Introduced by Mr. Artley, January 19, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading January 19, 1881, and referred to Committee on Insuran e.
- Prior reading January 19, 1881, and referred to Committee on Insurance.
 Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 4, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to define and limit what Life Insurance Companies may carry on the business of Life Insurance in this State.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That no life insurance company organized under the laws of
- 3 any of the States of the United States, which does not permit such life
- 4 insurance company to loan its assets in this State, shall carry on the business of
- 5 life insurance within this State, or hereafter issue to any resident or citizen of
- 6 this State a policy of life insurance; but nothing herein contained shall be so
- 7 construed as to prohibit such companies from renewing existing policies.
 - § 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby directed to cancel the license
- 2 of any life insurance company to carry on the business of life insurance in this
- 3 State where the laws of the State under which said company was organized or
- 4 does business are in conflict with the provisions of this act.
 - § 3. All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this act are hereby repealed.



- Introduced by Mr. Laning, January 19, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading January 19, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
- Reported back with amendment, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading January 28, 1881.

For an Act to compensate William R. Archer, for professional services on behalf of the State before the Commission of Claims.

Whereas, it appears, from the report of the Attorney-General, that claims

- amounting in the aggregate to the sum of \$2,789,788.62, were filed against the
- State before the Commission of Claims at the August term, 1878:
- And whereas, at the instance and request of the Attorney-General, William R.
- Archer assisted in the argument on behalf of the State against the allowance of
- said claims, of which only the sum of \$980.98 was allowed: therefore.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- General Assembly, That there be and is hereby appropriated to the said William
- R. Archer the sum of \$1,000.00, for professional services in assisting the Attor-
- ney-General in defending the State against claims recited in the preamble to
- this act, said amount to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor, out of any
- money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.
 - § 2. The Auditor is hereby authorized and required to draw his warrant on
- the treasury, payable to the said William R. Archer, for the said sum of one
- 3 thousand dollars (\$1,000,00).
 - § 3. Whereas the foregoing amount has been long since due and unpaid, an
- emergency exists, and this act shall take effect and be in force from and after
- its passage.

AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL NO. 78, REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY.

Amend by striking out the emergency clause.

- Introduced by Mr. Laning, January 19, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 19, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
- Reported back with amendment, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading January 28, 1881.
- 4. February 1, 1881, second reading, amended, ordered to third reading.

A BILL

For an Act to compensate William R. Archer, for professional services on behalf of the State before the Commission of Claims.

Whereas, it appears, from the report of the Attorney General, that claims

- 2 amounting in the aggregate to the sum of \$2,739.783.62, were filed against the
- 3 State before the Commission of Claims at the August term, 1878:
- 4 And whereas, at the instance and request of the Attorney-General, William R.
- 5 Archer assisted in the argument on behalf of the State against the allowance of
- 6 said claims, of which only the sum of \$050.98 was allowed: therefore,

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Proyle of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly. That there be and is hereby appropriated to the said William
- 3 R. Archer the sum of \$1,000.00, for professional services in assisting the Attor-
- 4 ney-General in defending the State against claims recited in the preamble to
- 5 this act, said amount to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor, out of any
- 6 money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.
 - \$ 2. The Auditor is hereby authorized and required to draw his warrant on
- 2 the treasury, payable to the said William R. Archer, for the said sum of one
- 8 thousand dollars (\$1,000.00).



Reported to House, February 9, 1881.

First reading February 11, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary. Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading February 24, 1881. 3.

A BILL

For an Act to compensate William R. Archer for professional services, on behalf of the State, before the Commission of Claims.

Whereas, it appears from the report of the Attorney-General, that claims

- amounting in the aggregate to the sum of \$2,739,788.62, were filed against the
- State before the commission of claims at the August term, 1878:
- And whereas, at the instance and request of the Attorney-General, William
- R. Archer assisted in the argument, on behalf of the State, against the allow-
- ance of said claims, of which only the sum of \$980.98 was allowed; therefore,

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- General Assembly, That there be and is hereby appropriated to the said William
- R. Archer, the sum of \$1,000.00, for professional services in assisting the Attor-
- ney-General in defending the State against claims recited in the preamble to
- this act; said amount to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor, out of any
- money in the Treasury, not otherwise appropriated.
 - § 2. The Auditor is hereby authorized and required to draw his warrant on
- the Treasury, payable to the said William R. Archer, for the said sum of one
- thousand dollars (\$1,000.00).



1. Introduced by Mr. Condee, January 19, 1881, and ordered to first reading.

First reading January 19, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
 Reported back with amendmenta, passage recommended and ordered to second reading April 15, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section thirty-three (33) of "An Act concerning Fees and Salaries, and to classify the several counties of this State with reference thereto."

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General

- 9 Assembly, That section thirty-three (86) fof "Anfact concerning fees and
- 8 salaries, and to classify the several counties of this State with reference thereto,"
- 4 be amended so as to read as follows:
- 5 Section 83. At the time of the commencement of every suit at law, or in
- 6 equity, in any court of record in counties having apopulation exceeding seventy
- 7 thousand inhabitants in this State, the party or parties commencing such suit,
- 8 or in case of an appeal from an inferior court, the party or parties, appellant or
- 9 appellants, or in case of an application for judgment upon any special assess-
- 10 ment or a special tax levied by any incorporated town or city, such town or city
- 11 shall pay to the clerk of the court the sum of six dollars, to be taxed as costs
- 19 in the suit, which said sum shall be in full payment for all services of such
- 18 clerk on behalf of the plaintiff or plaintiffs, complainant or complainants, peti-
- 14 tioner or petitioners, appellant or appellants in the progress of such suit from
- 15 the commencement to the final termination thereof, except the making of copies
- 16 of papers or orders, a complete record or a record for a higher court: Provided.
- 17 however, that in all cases of appeal from a justice of the peace, where the

appellant shall file in the office of the justice of the peace, in such counties, his bond required by section sixty-two (62) of an act entitled "An act to provide for the election and qualification of justices of the peace and constables, and to provide for the jurisdiction and practice of justices of the peace in civil cases. 22 and fix the duties of constables, and to repeal certain acts therein named," approved April 1, 1872; he shall also, and at the same time pay the six dollars 23 mentioned in this section to the justice, for the use of the clerk of the court to 24 25 which the appeal is taken, and upon failure to do so, it shall be the duty of the justice not to allow the appeal. And in case of any application for judgment 26 97 for city, county, State, town, or other general taxes, there shall be paid to the clerk by the corporation so applying for judgment, the sum of three cents for each and every tract of land upon which judgment shall be rendered by the 29 court, which shall be in full payment for all services to be performed by such 30 clerk in the progress of such suit upon such application from its commencement to the final termination thereof. And the defendant or defendants, respondent or respondents, appellee or appellees before he, she or they shall be 33 entitled to enter his, her or their appearance, or file any pleas, answer or 84 demurrer in any suit at law or in equity, shall pay to the clerk of the court the 36 sum of one dollar and fifty cents, to be taxed as costs in the suit, which in like manner shall! be in full payment of, and for all services rendered or to be 37 rendered by the clerk for or on behalf of the defendant or defendants respondent or respondents, appellee or appellees, in or during the progress of such suit, to the final termination thereof, except for the making of copies of papers or records, a complete record, or a record for a higher court. Clerks of 41 courts of record in this State, in counties of the third class, shall be allowed further fees as follows:

In all cases of change of venue from one court to another in Cook county, or from any court in another county to any court in Cook county, the party taking such change of venue, when he files the papers in such change of venue suit in the clerk's office of any court of record in Cook county, shall pay such clerk six

48 dollars.

49 In all cases where a party files a transcript of a judgment, rendered before a

- 50 justice of the peace, in the clerk's office, the party filing such transgript shall
- 51 pay three dollars.
- 59 For taking and certifying the acknowledgment of a deed or other writing,
- 53 twenty-five cents.
- 54 For swearing any person to an affidavit not to be used in a case in the court of
- 55 which he is clerk, with certificate and seal, twenty-five cents.
- 56 For each certificate and seal, not in a case in the court whereof he is clerk,
- 57 twenty-five cents.
- 58 For making and certifying a copy of any paper or record in any case or pro-
- 59 ceeding, and for taking depositions, for every one hundred words, ten cents.
- 60 For filing declaration of intention to become a citizen, administering oath to
- 61 applicant and certifying declaration under seal, fifty cents.
- 62 For filing papers on application for naturalization, for administering oaths to
- 63 party and witnesses for making entry of record of naturalization, and for
- 64 making and certifying copy of same under seal of court, fifty cents.
 - [§ 2.] Whereas, the law appears to be defective in requiring the clerks of
- 2 courts of record in Cook county to do work without compensation in cases of
- 3 changes of venue and filing of transcripts from judgments rendered by justices
- 4 of peace, and whereas, the provisions of this act are necessary to collect costs in
- 5 such cases, whereby an emergency exists that this act shall take effect without
- 6 delay, therefore this act shall take effect and be in force from and after its
- 7 passage.

AMENDMENTS REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY APRIL

15, 1881.

- 1. Amend by inserting before the word "Be" in section 1 the words and
- 2 figures "section 1"
- 3 2. Amend by striking out the emergency clause.

- 4 8. Amend by inserting after the word "thereto" in the title the words and
- 5 figures "in force July 1, 1872."
- 4. Amend by striking out of line 8, section 33, the words "having a population
- 7 exceeding seventy thousand inhabitants," and insert in lieu thereof the words
- 8 "of the third class."

- Introduced by Mr. White, January 20, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 20, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipalities
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading January 27, 1881.

For an Act for the relief of disabled members of the Police and Fire Departments in Cities and Villages, and the families of Policemen and Firemen killed in the service of the City or Village.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That the city council in all cities, and the president and board of trustees in all villages in this State, are hereby authorized and empowered, whenever and as often as they shall deem it expedient, to appropriate any sum or sums of money, in the way that may be judged by said city council or president and board of trustees most advisable, for the relief or indemnity of any officer or member of the police or fire department who may sustain corporal injury or contract sickness whilst in the discharge of his duty, or consequent thereon, and for the relief of the families of policemen or firemen killed in the service of the city or village.

§ 2. The city council in cities, and the president and board of trustees in villages, shall have power, by ordinance, to fix the sum or sums which the persons
a afore-aid shall receive in consequence of any injury received, or sickness contracted as afore-aid, and the time and mode of such payment, and said ordinance
shall fix a gross sum to be paid to the wife in case of death resulting from any
accident to any member of the police or fire department, whilst engaged in the

- 7 discharge of his duties, and if there be no wife living, then to his children; or
- 8 if there be no wife or children, then to such member or members of his family
- 9 depending on him for support.

AND THE RESIDENCE AND THE REPORT OF THE PROPERTY AND THE PARTY AND THE P

taxation.

- Introduced by Mr. White, January 20, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 20, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipalities.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading January 27, 1881.
- 4. February 3, 1881, second reading, amended, ordered to third reading.

A BILL

For an Act for the relief of disabled members of the Police and Fire Departments in Cities, and the families of Policemen and Firemen killed in the service of the City.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That the city council in all cities in this State, are hereby authorized and empowered, whenever and as often as they shall deem it expedient to appropriate any sum or sums of money, in the way that may be judged by said city council most advisable, for the relief or imdemnity of any officer or member of the police or fire department who may sustain corporal injury while engaged in the discharge of his duty, and for the relief of the families of policemen or firemen killed in the service of the city.

§ 2. The city council in cities shall have power, by ordinance, to fix the sum or sums which the person or persons aforesaid shall receive in consequence of any injury received, and the time and mode of payment, and said ordinance shall fix a gross sum to be paid to the wife in case of death resulting from any accident to any member of the police or fire department, while engaged in the discharge of his duties, and if there be no wife living, then to his children:

Provided, that no such appropriation shall be made from moneys raised by



- Introduced by Mr. Needles, January 20, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 20, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropria-
- Reported back with amendment, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 4, 1881.

For an Act making an additional appropriation for the payment of the officers and members of the Thirty-second General Assembly, and for the salaries of the officers of the State Government.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That there be and is hereby appropriated an additional sum
- 3 of two hundred thousand dollars (*200,000), or so much thereof as may be neces-
- 4 sary, to pay the officers and members of the Thirty-second General Assembly,
- 5 and the salaries of the officers of the State government, at such rate of compen-
- 6 sation as is now or hereafter may be fixed by law, until the expiration of the
- 7 first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the Thirty-second General Assembly.
 - § 2. Whereas there does now exist a deficiency in the appropriation hereto-
- 2 fore made for the above purpose; therefore an emergency exists and this act
- 8 shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

AMENDMENT REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS FEBRUARY 4, 1881.

Amend by striking out in Section 1: "Two hundred thousand dollars 2 (\$200,000)," and insert in lieu thereof: "One hundred and fifty thousand dollars

3 (\$150,000)."



Reported to House February 18, 1881.

2. First reading February 26, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

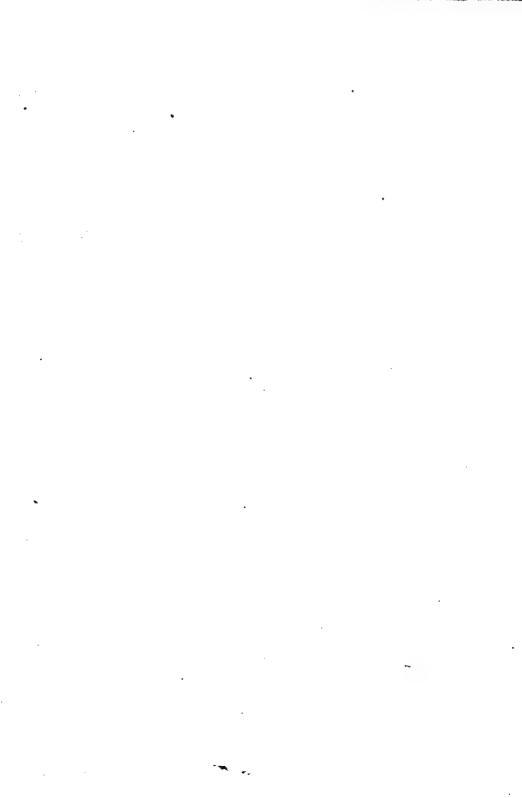
 Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading March 3, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act making an additional appropriation for the payment of the officers and members of the Thirty-second General Assembly, and for the salaries of the officers of the State Government.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That there be and is hereby appropriated an additional sum
- 3 of two hundred thousand dollars (\$290,000), or so much thereof as may be
- 4 necessary, to pay the officers and members of the Thirty-second General
- 5 Assembly, and the salaries of the officers of the State Government, at such rate
- 6 of compensation as is now, or hereafter may be, fixed by law, until the expira-
- 7 tion of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the Thirty-second
- 8 General Assembly.
 - § 2. Whereas, there does now exist a deficiency in the appropriation hereto-
- 2 fore made for the above purpose, therefore an emergency exists, and this act
- 3 shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.



- Introduced by Mr. Secrest, January 21, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 21, 1881, and referred to Committee on State Charit-
- able Institutions.

 8. February 3, 1881, ordered printed for use of Committee.

For an Act making appropriations for the Illinois Eastern Hospital for the Insane, at Kankakee.

- 2 General Assembly, That the following amounts be and are hereby appropriated
- 8 to the Illinois Eastern Hospital for the Insane, at Kankakee, for the purpose,
- 4 hereinafter named and for none other:
- 5 For the construction and completion of two additional sections of the north
- 6 and south wings, one hundred and forty-six thousand dollars (\$146,000).
- 7 For the construction and completion of detached wards or cottages to accom-
- 8 modate two hundred (200) patients, eighty thousand one hundred dollars
- 9 (\$80,100).
- 10 For the construction and completion of a general dining room and employes'
- 11 quarters, amusement hall, farm buildings, bath house, carriage house and sta-
- 12 bles, superintendent's residence, ice house and refrigerator shops and other
- 13 necessary out buildings, sixty thousand dollars (\$60,000).
- 14 For boilers, pumps, filter and basins, water and gas mains, catch basins, man-
- 15 holes and cap stones for same, twenty-two thousand five hundred dollars
- 16 (\$22,500).
- 17 For branch railroad, four thousand eight hundred dollars (\$4,800).
- 18 For land drain, two thousand dollars (\$2,000).
 - § 2. The trustees shall not contract for nor begin the erection of any build-

- 2 ing or buildings which cannot be fully completed within the amount of the
- 8 present appropriations; but they may use any unexpended balances of the appro-
- 4 priations heretofore made or herein specified, for the better accomplishment of
- 5 the purposes of this act, namely, to make the earliest and fullest provision for
- 6 the insane of this State which may be expedient and possible: Provided, no
- 7 portion of any sum herein appropriated shall be diverted from the specific pur-
- 8 pose for which it is appropriated.
 - § 3. The moneys herein appropriated shall be due and payable to the
- 2 trustees, or their order, only on the terms and in the manner now provided by
- 3 law.

- Introduced by Mr. Secrest, January 21, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 31, 1881, and referred to Committee on State Charkable Institutions.
- 3. February 4, 1881, ordered printed for the use of the Committee.

For an Act making appropriations for the ordinary and other expenses of the Illinois Eastern Hospital for the Insune, at Kankakee.

- 2 General Assembly, That the following amounts be and are hereby appropriated
- 3 to the Illinois Eastern Hospital for the Insane, at Kankakee, for the purposes
- 4 hereinafter named, and for no other, viz:
- 5 For the purchase of furniture for four hundred and twenty patients, amuse
- 6 ment hall, superintendent's house, office and store building and general dining
- 7 room, twenty-six thousand dollars (\$26,000.)
- 8 For covering steam pipes in new wing, one thousand dollars (\$1,000.)
- 9 For improvement of grounds and farm, one thousand five hundred dollars
- 10 (\$1,500) per annum.
- 11 For patients library, medical library and apparatus for laboratory, two
- 12 thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500.)
- 13 For musical instruments, magic lantern, billiard table and other appliances
- 14 for amusement of patients, one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500.)
- 15 For additional stock and farm implements, one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per
- 16 appum.
- 17 For regains and improvements, four thousand dollars (84,000) per annum.
- 18 For ordinary expenses the sum of seventy-two thousand five hundred dollars
- 19 (\$72,500) for the first year, and one hundred and forty thousand dollars (\$140,000)

- 90 per annum thereafter, payable quarterly in advance, from the first day of July,
- 21 1881, until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the
- 22 next General Assembly.
 - § 2. The moneys herein appropriated shall be due and payable to the trustees
- 2 or their order, only on the terms and in the manner now provided by law.

- Introduced by Mr. Moffett, January 21, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 21, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipalities.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 4, 1881.

For an Act to amend an act entitled "An act in regard to the assessment and collection of municipal taxes," approved May 23, 1877.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

General Assembly, That an act entitled "An act in regard to the assessment and collection of municipal taxes," approved May 23, 1877, be, and the same is, hereby amended so as to read as follows: Section 1. That all cities villages and incorporated towns in this State whether organized under the general law or special charter, shall, in the assessment and collection of taxes, both as to the manner of proceedure and the amount of taxes to be levied, be governed by the provisions of Article eight (8) of the act entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation of cities and 10 villages," approved April 10, 1872, and of all acts amendatory thereof, and in the manner provided for in the general revenue laws of this State: Provided. 11 nothing herein shall be construed as limiting the right of cities, villages and incorporated towns, now acting under special charter, to levy and collect taxes for the purpose of paying the bonded indebtedness thereof now existing, or the interest upon such indebtedness. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with 16 the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.



- Introduced by Mr. Walker, of Macoupin, January 21, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading January 21, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judicial Department.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 16, 1881.

For an Act to amend Sections one (1) and eight (8) of an act entitled "An Act to Establish Appellate Courts," approved June 2, 1877.

- 2 General Assembly, That sections one (1) and eight (8) of an act entitled "An Act
- 3 to establish appellate courts," approved June 2, 1877, be and the same are hereby
- 4 so amended as to read as follows:
 - \$ 1. There are hereby created four Appellate Courts in this State, to be called
- 2 the Appellate courts in and for the districts hereby created: The first district
- 8 to consist of the county of Cook; the second district to include all the counties
- 4 which now are, or hereafter may be embraced within the Northern Grand
- 5 Division of the Supreme Court, except the county of Cook; the third district to
- 6 include all the counties which now are, or hereafter may be embraced within
- 7 the Central Grand Division of the Supreme Court; and the fourth district to
- 8 include all the counties which now are, or hereafter may be embraced within the
- 9 Southern Grand Division of the Supreme Court. Said Appellate Courts shall
- 10 be courts of record, with seals and clerks for each respectively; and each shall
- 11 be held by three of the judges of the circuit court, to be assigned in the man-
- 12 ner hereinafter provided.
- § 8. The said appellate courts created by this act shall exercise appellate
- 2 jurisdiction only, and have jurisdiction of all matters of appeal or write of

error from the final judgments, orders or decrees of any of the circuit courts (county courts), the Superior Court of Cook County, and from the city courts (in all cases where the defendant has or the defendants have been convicted and 5 sentenced for a misdemeanor, and) in any suit or proceeding at law or in chan-6 cery, other than cases involving a franchise or freehold, or the validity of a 7 statute. Appeals and writs of errors shall lie from the final orders, judgments × 9 and decrees of the circuit, county and city courts, and from the Superior Court of Cook county, directly to the Supreme Court, in all cases involving a franchise 11 or freehold, or the validity of a statute, and in all criminal cases where a con-12 viction may be had on the trial of a case from crime above the grade of a misdemeanor. In all cases determined in said Appellate Courts, in actions 18 14 ex-contractu, wherein the amount involved is less than one thousand dollars 15 (\$1,000), exclusive of costs, and in all cases sounding in damages, wherein the 16 judgment of the court below is less than one thousand dollars (#1,000), exclusive of costs, and the judgment is affirmed or otherwise finally disposed of in the 17 Appellate Court, the judgment, order or decree of the Appellate Court shall be 18 final, and no appeal shall lie or writ of error be prosecuted therefrom: in all 20 other cases appeals shall lie and writs of error be prosecuted from the final judgments, orders or decrees of the Appellate Courts to the Supreme Court: 21 Provided, that in any case, if a majority of the judges of the Appellate Court 22 shall be of the opinion that a case decided by them involving a less sum than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), exclusive of costs, also involves questions of law of such importance, either on account of principal or collateral interests, as that 25 it should be passed upon by the Supreme Court, they may in such cases grant appeals or writs of error to the Supreme Court on petition of parties to the cause, in which case the said Appellate Court shall certify to the Supreme Court the grounds of granting said appeal.

Reported to House March 10, 18-1.

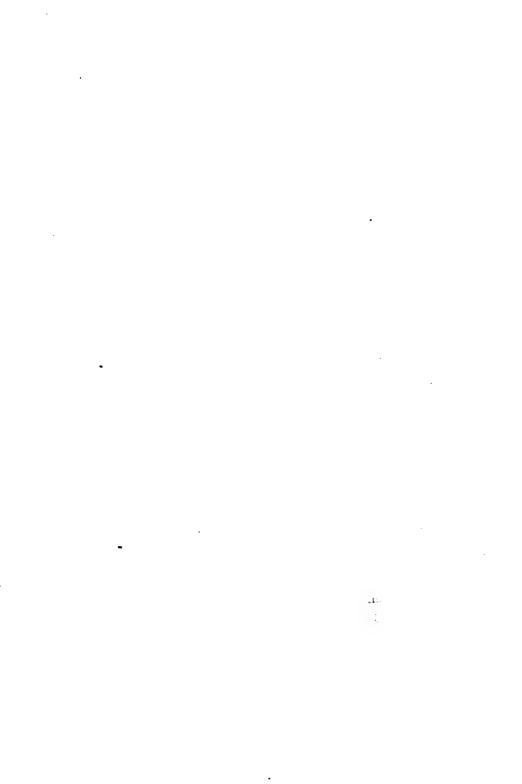
 First reading March 21, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judicial Department.

Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section one (1) of an act entitled "An Act to establish Appel late Courts," approved June 2, 1877.

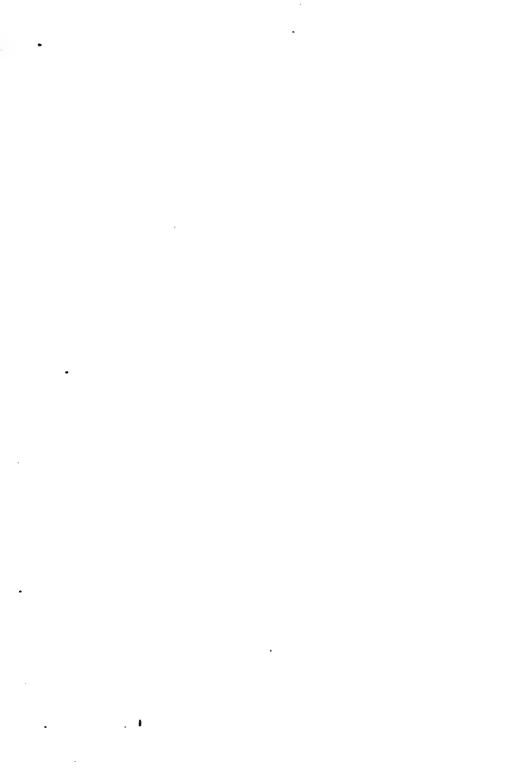
- 2 General Assembly, That section one (1) of an act entitled "An act to establish
- 3 Appellate Courts," approved June 2, 1577, be and the same is hereby so amended
- 4 as to read as follows:
- 5 Section 1. There are hereby created four Appellate Courts in this State, to
- 6 be called the Appellate Courts in and for the districts hereby created: The first
- 7 district to consist of the county of Cook; the second district to include all the
- 8 counties which now are, or hereafter may be, embraced within the Northern
- 9 Grand Division of the Supreme Court, except the county of Cook; the third
- 10 district to include all the counties which now are, or hereafter may be,
- 11 embraced within the Central Grand Division of the Supreme Court; and the
- 12 fourth district to include all the counties which now are, or hereafter may be,
- 13 embraced within the Southern Grand Division of the Supreme Court. Said
- 14 Appellate Courts shall be Courts of Record, with seals and clerks for each,
- 15 respectively; and each shall be held by three of the judges of the Circuit Court,
- 16 to be assigned in the manner hereinafter provided.



- Introduced by Mr. Walker, of Macoupin, January 21, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading January 21, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judicial Department.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 16, 1881.
- 4. February 23, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.

For an Act to amend Section one (1) of an act entitled "An Act to Establish Appellate Courts," approved June 2, 1877.

- 2 General Assembly, That section one (1) of an act entitled "An Act to establish
- 3 . Appellate Courts," approved June 2, 1877, be and the same are hereby so amended
- 4 as to read as follows:
- 5 Section 1. There are hereby created four Appellate Courts in this State, to
- 6 be called the Appellate Courts in and for the districts hereby created: The
- 7 first district to consist of the county of Cook; the second district to include all
- 8 the counties which now are, or hereafter may be embraced within the Northern
- 9 Grand Division of the Supreme Court, except the county of Cook; the third
- 10 district to include all the counties which now are, or hereafter may be embraced
- 11 within the Central Grand Division of the Supreme Court; and the fourth dis-
- 2 trict to include all the counties which now are, or hereafter may be embraced
- 13 within the Southern Grand Division of the Supreme Court. Said Appellate
- 14 Courts shall be courts of record, with seals and clerks for each respectively; and
- 15 each shall be held by three of the judges of the circuit court, to be assigned in
- 16 the manner hereinafter provided.



AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 108, REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT, FEBRUARY 16, 1881.

Amend Section 1 by striking out in line two of the printed bill the words and

- 2 figures: "Sections one (1) and eight (8)," and substituting in lieu thereof the
- 3 words and figures: "Section one (1)."
- 4 Amend by striking out all of Section eight.
- 5 Amend the title of the bill by striking out the words and figures: "Sections
- 6 one (1) and eight (8)," and substituting in lieu thereof the words and figures:
- 7 "Section one (1)."

HORACE S. CLARK, Chairman.



- Introduced by Mr. Edwards, January 21, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading January 21, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judicial Department.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 10, 1881.

For an Act to amend Sections one (1), seven (7) and eight (8) of Division nine (IX) of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in regard to Criminal Jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874.

- 2 General Assembly, That sections one (1), seven (7) and eight (8) of division nine
- 3 (IX), of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in regard to criminal jurispru-
- 4 dence," approved March 27, 1874, be amended so as to read respectively as
- 5 follows:
- 6 Section 1. Justices of the peace shall have orginal jurisdiction in all cases of
- 7 misdemeanor, when the punishment is by fine only and the fine does not exceed
- 8 \$200. And it is hereby made the duty of the State's Attorneys of the several
- 9 counties of this State to appear in person or by deputy duly appointed, and
- 10 prosecute before justices of the peace all of the aforesaid classes of misde-
- 11 meanors.
- 12 Section 7. Upon the rendition of a judgment imposing a fine, the justice shall
- 13 order that the defendant or defendants shall stand committed to jail until the
- 14 fine and costs be fully paid or secured. And the justice rendering judgment
- 15 against the defendants or defendant shall assess against each of them as a part
- 16 of the costs a conviction fee of \$5 upon each conviction, which shall be collected
- 17 as other costs and paid to the State's Attorney as his conviction fee.

- 18 Section 8. When a defendant shall be committed to jail by virtue of the
- 19 foregoing section, the committing justice shall issue a mittimus directing that
- 20 the defendant or defendants be committed to the jail of the county, there to
- 21 remain forty-eight hours; and if the fine exceed \$10, then to remain in said jail
- 22 twenty-four hours for every \$5 over and above the \$10, and to remain in the jail
- 28 until the fine and costs are fully paid upon the terms aforesaid.

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 105, REPORTED FROM THE COM-MITTEE ON JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT MARCH 10, 1881.

Amend the title by striking out of first written line the words and figures:

- 2 "Sections one (1).
- 3 Amend section 1 by striking out of second written line the words and figures:
- 4 "Sections one (1)," and also all of section 1.

- Introduced by Mr. Edwards, January 21, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading January 21, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judicial Department.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 10, 1881.
- 4. March 17, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.

For an Act to amend Sections one (1), seven (7) and eight (8) of Division nine (IX) of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in regard to Criminal Jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874.

- 2 General Assembly. That sections one (1), seven (7) and sight (8) of division nine
- 3 (IX), of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in regard to criminal jurispru-
- 4 dence," approved March 27, 1874, be amended so as to read respectively as
- 5 follows:
- 6 Section 7. Upon the rendition of a judgment imposing a fine, the justice
- 7 shall order that the defendant or defendants shall stand committed to jail until
- 8 the fine and costs be fully paid or secured. And the justice rendering judg-
- 9 ment against the defendant or defendants shall assess against each of them as
- 10 a part of the costs, a conviction fee of five dollars (\$5.00) upon each conviction.
- 11 shall be collected as other costs and paid to the State's Attorney as his convic
- 12 tion fee.
- 13 Section 8. When a defendant shall be committed to jail by virtue of the
- 14 foregoing section, the committing justice shall issue a mittimus directing that
- 15 the defendant or defendants be committed to the jail of the county, there to

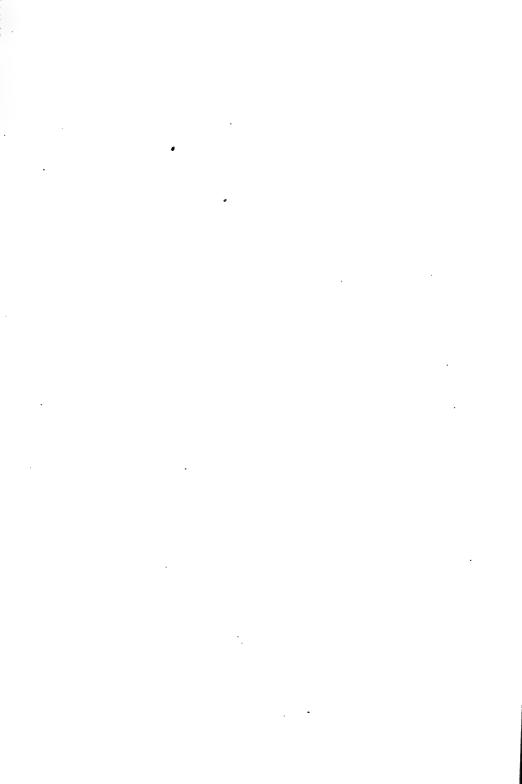
- 16 remain forty-eight hours; and if the fine exceed ten dollars (\$10.00), then to
- 17 remain in said jail twenty-four hours for every five dollars (\$5.00) over and
- 18 above the said tenfdellars (\$10.00), and to remain in the jail until the fine and
- 19 costs are fully paid upon the terms aforesaid.

- Introduced by Mr. Artley, January 22, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 24, 1881, and referred to Committee on Labor and
- Reported back with recommendation it be ordered to second reading and printed; so ordered.

For an Act to amend "An Act to revise laws in relation to Liens" (approved March 25, 1874, in force July 1, 1874), and to repeal Section Thirty-three, therein named.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That if the owner, or his agent, of any lot or piece of ground, having any labor performed, or any materials furnished, in building, altering, repairing, beautifying or ornamenting any house or building or appurtenance thereto on such lot, or on any street or alley and connected with such building or appurtenance, by contract, shall pay to any person any money on such con tract by collusion, for the purpose of avoiding the provisions of this act or before the right of any claimant to file a notice of lien has expired, or in advance of the terms of any contract, and the amount still due the contractor or his assignce, after such payment has been made, shall be insufficient to satisfy the demands made in conformity to the provisions of this act, the owner shall be liable to the amount that would have been due and owing to said contractor, or his assignce, at the time of filing of the notice mentioned in Section thirty-

one of this act, in the same manner as if no such payment had been made.



- Introduced by Mr. Kuykendall, January 22, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading January 24, 1881, and referred to Committee on Agriculture and Drainage.
- 8. March 2, 1881, ordered printed for the Committee.

For an Act to provide for the handling of Steam, and for other purposes therein named.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That there be a supervising inspector general appointed by the Governor, by and with advice and consent of the Senate, who shall hold his office for two years, and he shall be selected with reference to his fitness and ability to systematise and carry into effect all the provisions of law relating to steam boiler inspection service, and who shall be entitled to a salary of fifteen hundred dollars a year, and his reasonable traveling expenses or mileage, at the rate of five cents per mile, incurred in the performance of his official duties.

§ 2. There shall be one supervising inspector for each congressional district, now created or to be hereafter created, who shall be appointed by the Governor,

now created or to be hereafter created, who shall be appointed by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. Each of them shall be selected for his knowledge, skill and practical experience in the uses of steam for the various purposes for which it may be used, and shall be a competent judge of the character and qualities of steam boilers and all parts of machinery employed in steaming. Each supervising inspector shall, until otherwise provided by law, be entitled to and receive a salary of ten hundred dollars a year, together with his actual and reasonable traveling expenses, at the rate of five cents per mile, incurred in the performance of his duty, together with shall be cer-

12 tified and sworn to under such instructions as may be given by the supervising13 inspector general.

§ 3. Each supervising inspector shall watch over all parts of the territory assigned to him, and shall inspect the boilers of all steam machinery before the same shall be used, and at least once a year thereafter. They shall subject all steam boilers to the hydrostatic pressure, and shall satisfy themselves by thorough examination that the boilers are well made, of good and suitable material; that the openings for the passage of water and steam, respectively, and all pipes and tubes exposed to heat, are of proper dimensions and free from obstructions; that the spaces between and around the flues are circular in form: that the fire line is at least two inches below the prescribed minimum water 10 line of the boilers; that the arrangement for delivering the feed water is such that the boilers cannot be injured thereby, and that such boilers and machinery, and the appurtenances may be safely employed in the service proposed in the written application without peril to life. They shall satisfy themselves that the 18 safety valves are of suitable dimensions, sufficient in number, and well arranged, and that the weights of the safety valves are properly adjusted, so as to allow 15 no greater pressure in the boiler than the amount prescribed by the inspector's certificate; that there is a sufficient number of guage cocks properly inserted and to indicate the pressure of steam; suitable steam register to correctly record each excess of steam carried above the prescribed limit and the highest point 19 attained, and that there are reliable low water guages, and the fusible metals are properly inserted so as to fuse by the heat of the furnace, whenever the water in the boiler falls below its prescribed limits, and that all adequate and certain provisions is made for an ample supply of water to feed the boiler at all 24 times, whether the machinery attached to such boiler is in motion or not, and that means for blowing out are provided so as to thoroughly remove the mud 25 and sediment from all parts of the boilers when they are under pressure of 27 steam.

In subjecting to the hydrostatic tests, boilers usually designated and known as high pressure boilers, the inspectors shall assume one hundred and ten pounds to the square inch as the maximum pressure allowable as a working

power for a new boiler of forty-two inches in diameter, made in the best manner, of inspected iron plates, one-fourth of an inch thick, and shall rate the 32 working power of all high pressure boilers, whether old or new, according to their strength compared with the standard, and in all cases the test applied shall 84 ex seed the working power allowed in the ratio of one hundred and sixty-five to In subjecting the hydrostatic tests, boilers usually one hundred and ten. 36 designated and known as low pressure boilers, the inspectors shall allow as a 37 working power for each new boiler a pressure of only three-fourths the number 38 of pounds to the square inch to which it has been subjected by the hydrostatic test and for which has been found to be sufficient, should the inspectors be of the opinion that any boiler, by reason of its construction or material, will not safely allow so high a working pressure as is above described, they may, for reasons to be stated specifically in their certificate, fix the working pressure of such boiler at less than three-fourths of the test pressure. No boiler or pipe, nor any of the connections therewith shall be approved, which is made in whole or in part of bad material, or dangerous from defective workmanship, age, use, or other cause.

- § 4. When the inspection of a steam boiler is completed and the inspectors approve the boiler and its equipments throughout, they shall make and subscribe a certificate of inspection in duplicate—one to be delivered to the owner or operator of such boiler, and the other to be transmitted to the supervising inspector general, and by him filed in his office. Such certificates shall be verified by the oath of the inspector signing it, before a clerk of a court of record, in the county where such an examination is made. If the inspector refuse to grant a certificate of approval, he shall make a statement in writing and sign the same, giving his reasons for the disapproval.
- \$ 5. Any inspector who wilfully certifies falsely touching any boiler, engine,
 machinery or their appurtenances, or any of the equipments belonging thereto,
 or any matter or thing contained in any certificate signed and sworn to by him,
 shall be punished with a fine of not more than five hundred dollars or imprison-
- 5 ment for not more than six months, or both.
 - \S 6. It shall be the duty of every owner or operator of any steam boiler to be

2 used and operated within this State (except such as are used and operated under and by virtue of the laws of the United States), before using or attempting to use or operate any such boiler, to make application to the supervising inspector of the congressional district in which such inspection is to be made, for a certificate of inspection, and if any person by himself, agent or employee and, operate or run any steam boiler or engine, without first procuring a certificate from the supervising inspector of such district, he shall be deemed guilty of a high misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be fined in

§ 7. No person as owner or operator of any steam boiler shall be permitted to run or operate the same, without first securing a licensed engineer to operate and handle such steam boiler, together with the machinery thereto attached, and for every violation of this section the person so offending shall be deemed guilty of a high misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars, nor more than five hundred dollars.

any sum not less than three hundred dollars nor more than one thousand

dollars.

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§ 8. Whenever any person applies for authority to perform the duties of engineer of any steam machinery, the inspector shall examine the applicant as to his knowledge of steam machinery and his experience as an engineer, and also the proofs which he produces in support of his claim, and if, upon full consideration, the inspector is satisfied that the applicants' habits of life, character, knowledge and experience in the duties of an engineer are all such as to authorize the belief that [he] is a suitable and safe person to be entrusted with the powers and duties of such station, the inspector shall grant such applicant a license, authorizing him to be employed in such duties for the term of one year, in which the inspector shall assign him to the appropriate class of 10 engineers, but such license shall be suspended or revoked upon satisfactory 11 proof of negligence, unskillfulness, intemperance, or the willful violation of any of the provisions of this act, or any of the laws of the United States in reference 13 thereto. 14

§ 9. Before issuing any certificate of inspection to the owner or operator of 2 any steam boiler, such owner or operator shall pay to the inspector the sum of

- 3 five dollars as compensation for the inspection and examination made for the
- 4 year. And every engineer licensed, as herein provided, shall pay to the
- 5 inspector for his examination and license the sum of five dollars for each year.
- Such fees shall be paid into the State Treasury, semi-annually, by the several
- 7 supervising inspectors, the same as other fees are now required by law to be
- 8 paid over to the Treasurer.
 - § 10. Every supervising inspector of steam boilers shall execute a proper
- 2 bond to the people of the State of Illinois, to be approved by the Governor, in
- 3 such form and upon such conditions as the supervising inspector general may
- 4 prescribe, for the faithful performance of the duties of his office, and the pay-
- 5 ment, in the manner provided by law, of all moneys that may be received by
- 6 him on account of his said office, into the State Treasury.
- § 11. The Secretary of State shall procure for the several supervising
- inspectors such instruments, stationery, printing and other things necessary for
- 3 the use of their respective offices, as may be required therefor; and the Auditor
- 4 of Public Accounts is hereby authorized to draw his warrant on the State
- 5 Treasurer for the amount due for any articles required to be furnished by this
- 6 act, upon the statement of the Secretary of State, when the same shall have
- 7 been approved by the supervising inspector general.
- § 12. The salaries of the supervising inspector general and all supervising
- 2 inspectors, assistant inspectors and clerks necessary to carry into effect the pro-
- 3 visions of this act, together with their necessary traveling and other expenses.
- 4 when on official duty, shall be paid out of the revenues received into the
- 5 Treasury from the inspection of steam boilers and the licensing of engineers:
- 6 which revenues, or so much thereof as may be necessary for these purposes.
- 7 shall be permanently appropriated therefor.



Introduced by Mr. Mayfield, January 22, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 24, 1881, and referred to Committee on Railroads.

3. Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading January 26, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Sections one (1), two (2), three (3), four (4) and seventeen (17), of an act entitled "An Act to establish a Board of Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners, and prescribe their powers and duties," approved April 13, 1871.

- 2 General Assembly, That Sections one (1), two (2), three (3), four (4) and seventeen
- 3 (17), of an act entitled "An act to establish a Board of Railroad and Warehouse
- 4 Commissioners, and prescribe their powers and duties," approved April 13, 1871,
- 5 be and the same are hereby amended so as to read as follows:
- 6 Section 1. A commission is hereby created, which shall be styled, the Rail-
- 7 road and Warehouse Commission, which shall be composed of the Secretary of
- 8 State, the Auditor of Public Accounts and the Attorney-General, and said offi-
- 9 cers are hereby declared to be exoficio the members of said commission.
- 10 Section 2. No person shall be eligible to the office of Secretary of State,
- 11 Auditor of Public Accounts or Attorney-General, who is, at the time of his
- 12 election, in any way connected with any railroad company, or warehouse, or who
- 13 is directly or indirectly interested in any stock, bond or other property of, or is
- 14 in the employment of any railroad company or warehouseman; and if any such
- 15 person, after his election to either of said offices, shall become either directly or
- 16 indirectly interested in any stock, bond, or other property of, or in any manner
- 17 connected with any railroad company or warehouse, his office shall immediately

- 18 thereupon become vacant, and shall be filled as other vacancies are now pro-
- 19 vided by law to be filled.
- 20 Section 8. Each of said officers shall, at the time of qualifying himself for the
- 21 office to which he may have been elected, also make, subscribe, and file in the
- 22 office of the Governor, an affidavit, in the following form: I do solemnly swear,
- 23 that I will faithfully perform the duties of the office of Railroad and Warehouse
- 24 Commissioner, according to the best of my ability, so help me God. And they
- 25 shall, each, also at the same time, enter into bonds in the sum of twenty thous-
- 26 and (\$20,000) dollars, conditioned upon the faithful performance of the duties of
- 27 said commission: Provided, that immediately upon this act taking effect, the
- 28 then Secretary of State, Auditor of Public Accounts and Attorney-General,
- 29 shall comply with the requirements of this section.
- 30 Section 4. The said Commissioners shall be farnished with an office, office
- 31 furniture and stationery at the expense of the State, and shall have power to
- 32 appoint a secretary, to perform such duties as they may assign him. Said secre-
- 83 tary shall be free from any of the disqualifications enumerated in Section two
- 34 of this act, and shall receive for his services a sum not exceeding fifteen hundred
- 35 (\$1500) dollars per annum. The office of said Commissioners shall be kept at
- 36 Springfield, and all sums authorized to be paid by this act shall be paid out of
- 37 the State treasury, and only on the written order of the Governor.
- 38 Section 17. Upon complaint being made, under oath, that any law of this
- 39 State has been violated by any railroad company or warehouseman which it is
- 40 made or shall hereafter be made the duty of the Railroad and Warehouse Com-
- 41 mission to enforce, it shall be the duty of the State's attorney in every county
- 42 to whom such complaint is made, to institute and prosecute any and all suits
- 43 for such violation. The complaint shall set out, with reasonable certainty, the
- 44 particular law violated. The State's attorney shall, upon the filing of such com-
- 45 plaint in his office, forward to the Board of Railroad and Warehouse Commis-
- 46 sioners a copy of the same, together with a statement of such facts in connec-
- 47 tion with the alleged violation as may furnish such board a clear understanding
- 48 of the entire matter, and such board may thereupon, if in their judgment neces-
- 49 sary, employ additional counsel to aid in such prosecution.

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 110, REPORTED FROM THE COMMITTEE ON RAILROADS.

Amend by adding to title to bill "and in force July 1, 1871."

- 2 Also, by adding after figures 1871, in 8th (written) line of Section one, "and in
- 3 force July 1, 1871."
- 4 Amend by adding after word "bonds," in Section 3, in 10th (written) line of
- 5 Section, "with security, to be approved by the Governor."
- 6 Amend, after the word "county," in 6th (written) line from bottom of 3d page,
- 7 as follows: "Into or through which such railroad may run, or within which
- 8 such warehouse may be located."

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- Introduced by Mr. Needles, January 24, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 24, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 18, 1881.

For an Act to amend Sections forty-four (44), forty-six (46) and forty-seven (47) of an act entitled "An act in regard to the Administration of Estates," approved April 1, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That Sections forty-four (44), forty-six (46) and forty-seven
- 8 (47) of an act entitled "An act in regard to the administration of estates,"
- 4 approved April 1, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, be and the same is hereby amended
- 5 so as to read as follows:

6 PURLIC ADMINISTRATOR.

- 7 Section 44. [Governor to Appoint.] The Governor of this State, by and with
- 8 the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint in each county in this State.
- 9 where such appointments have not already been made, or as often as any
- 10 vacancies may occur, a suitable person to be known as public administrator of
- 11 such county, who shall hold his office for the term of four years from the date
- 12 of his appointment, or until his successor is appointed and qualified.
- 18 Section 46. [When they may administer.] It shall be the duty of the public
- 14 administrator to take into his custody and charge the estates of all deceased
- 15 persons in his county and administer upon the same in the following instances.
- 16 namely: First, when a stranger dies intestate in the county without relations, or
- 17 dies leaving a will and no executor is named therein, or the executor named is
- 18 absent or fails to qualify; second, when persons die intestate and do not leave a

known husband, widow or heirs; third, when persons unknown die or are found

dead in the county: fourth, when persons die intestate, leaving property, money or other estate in a situation exposed to loss or damage, and no other person administers upon the same within sixty days after the death of the intestate; 22 fifth, when any estate of any person who dies intestate thereon, or elsewhere, is left in the county, liable to be injured, wasted or lost, when said intestate does 24 not leave a known husband, widow, or heir in this State; sixth, when, from any 25 good cause, said court shall order him to take possession of any estate to 26 prevent its being injured, purloined or lost; seventh, in all cases which the 27 county court may think it to be to the best interest of the estate that he should administer thereupon. 29 Section 47. [Bond.] It shall be the duty of the county court to require of a 30 public administrator before entering upon the duties of his office, to enter into 31 a bond, payable to the People of the State of Illinois, in a sum of not less than 32 five thousand dollars, with two or more securities, approved by the court, and 38 conditioned, that he will faithfully discharge all of the duties of his office, and the court may, from time to time, as occasion shall require, demand additional security of such administrator, and in default of giving such bond within sixty

§ 2. [Emergency.] Whereas, an emergency exists, therefore this act shall be 2 in effect from and after its passage.

days after receiving his commission, or in default of giving additional security within sixty days after being duly ordered by said court so to do, his office shall

be deemed vacant, and, upon certificate of the county judge of such fact, the

AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY THE COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY. FEBRUARY 18, 1881.

Amend title of bill by striking out the words and figures "forty-six (46)."

2 PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR.

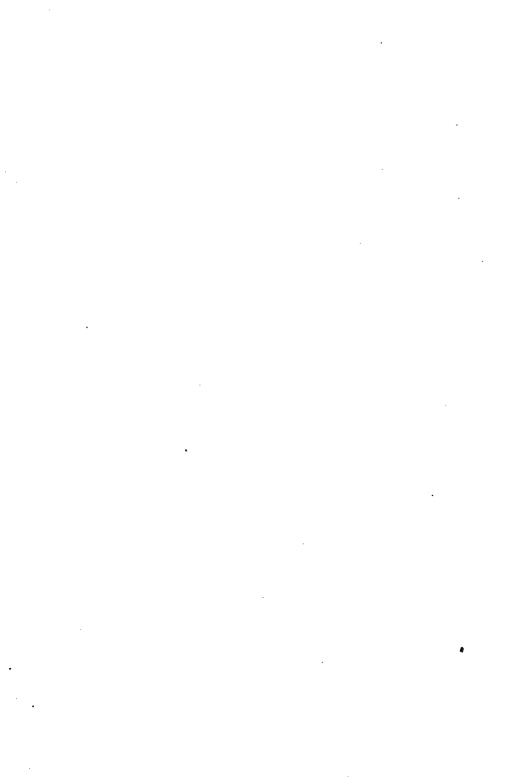
Governor shall fill the vacancy aforesaid.

36

38

Strike out Section 44 and insert the following: 8

- 4 Section 44. [Governor to Appoint.] The Governor of this State, by and with
- 5 the advice and consent of the Senate, shall, before the first Monday of
- 6 December, 1881, and every four years thereafter, appoint in each county in this
- 7 State, and as often as any vacancies may occur, a suitable person to be known
- 8 as public administrator of such county, who shall hold his office for the term of
- 9 four years from the first Monday of December, 1881, or until his successor is
- 10 appointed and qualified; and the public administrators in office at the time of
- 11 the first appointments under the provisions of this Section, shall, immediately
- 12 upon the qualification of the persons appointed under the provisions hereof,
- 13 turn over all moneys, books and papers appertaining to their offices respectively,
- 14 to the persons so appointed; and such public administrators so appointed shall
- 15 proceed to settle up all unsettled estates in accordance with law.
- 16 Amend by striking out Section 46.
- 17 Amend Section 47 by inserting after the word "administrator," in sixth
- 18 (written) line of last page, the words "and may require him to give the usual
- 19 bond required of administrators in other cases, touching any particular estate
- 20 in his charge."



- Introduced by Mr. Needles, January 24, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 94, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 18, 1881.
- 4. February 25, 1881, second reading and ordered to third.

For an Act to amend Sections forty-four (44) and forty-seven (47) of an act entitled "An act in regard to the Administration of Estates," approved April 1, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

- 2 General Assembly, That sections forty-four (44) and forty-seven (47) of an act
- 3 entitled "An act in regard to the administration of estates," approved April
- 4 1, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as
- 5 follows:
- 6 Section 44. [Public administrator.] The Governor of this State, by and with the
- 7 advice and consent of the Senate, shall, before the first Monday of December, 1881,
- 8 and every four years thereafter, appoint in each county in this State, and as often
- 9 as any vacancies may occur, a suitable person to be known as public adminis-
- 10 trator of such county, who shall hold his office for the term of four years from
- 11 the first Monday of December, 1881, or until his successor is appointed and
- 12 qualified; and the public administrators in office at the time of the first
- 13 appointments under the provisions of this section, shall, immediately upon the
- 4 qualification of the persons appointed under the provisions hereof, turn over
- 15 all moneys, books and papers appertaining to their offices respectively, to the
- 16 persons so appointed: and such public administrators so appointed shall proceed
- 17 to settle up all unsettled estates in accordance with law.
- 18 Section 47. It shall be the duty of the county court to require of a public

administrator before entering upon the duties of his office, to enter into a bond, payable to the People of the State of Illinois, in a sum of not less than five thousand dollars, with two or more securities, approved by the court, and conditioned that he will faithfully discharge all of the duties of his office, and the court may, from time to time, as occasion shall require, demand additional security of such administrator, and may require him to give the usual bond required of administrators in other cases, touching any particular estate in his charge, and in default of giving such bond within sixty days after receiving his commission, or in default of giving additional security within sixty days after being duly ordered by said court so to do, his office shall be deemed vacant, and, upon certificate of the county judge of such fact, the Governor shall fill the vacancy aforesaid.

§ 2. Whereas, an emergency exists, therefore this act shall be in 2 effect from and after its passage.

- Reported to House March 10, 1881.
 First reading March 17, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

For an Act to amend Sections forty-four (44) and forty-seven (47) of an act entitled "An act in regard to the Administration of Estates," approved April 1, 1879. in force July 1, 1872.

SECTION 1. Is it suggested by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- General Assembly. That sections forty-four (44) and forty-seven (47) of an act
- entitled "An act in regard to the administration of estates," approved April 1.
- 1872, in force July 1, 1872, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as
- follows:
- Section 44. [Public administrator.] The Governor of this State, by and with
- the advice and consent of the Senate, shall, before the first Monday of Decem-7
- ber, 1881, and every four years thereafter, appoint in each county in this State
- and as often as any vacancies may occur, a suitable person to be known as
- 10 public administrator of such county, who shall hold his office for the term of
- four years from the first Monday of December, 1881, or until his successor is 11
- appointed and qualified; and the public administrators, in office at the time of
- the first appointments under the provisions of this section, shall, immediately 18
- upon the qualification of the persons appointed under the provisions hereof. 14
- 15 turn over all moneys, books and papers, appertaining to their offices respectively,
- to the persons so appointed; and such public administrators so appointed shall
- proceed to settle up all unsettled estates in accordance with law. 17
- 18 Section 47. It shall be the duty of the county court to require of a public
- administrator, before entering upon the duties of his office, to enter into a bond,

payable to the People of the State of Illinois, in a sum of not less than five thousand dollars, with two or more securities, approved by the court, and conditioned that he will faithfully discharge all of the duties of his office, and the court may, from time to time, as occasion shall require, demand additional security of such administrator, and may require him to give the usual bond required of administrators in other cases, touching any particular estate in his charge; and in default of giving such bond within sixty days after receiving his commission, or in default of giving additional security within sixty days after being duly ordered by said court so to do, his office shall be deemed vacant, and, upon certificate of the county judge of such fact, the Governor shall fill the vacancy aforesaid.

\$ 2. Whereas, an emergency exists, therefore this act shall be in effect from2 and after its passage.

Reported to House March 10, 1881.

2. First reading March 17, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

3. Second reading March 31, 1881, amended, and ordered to a third reading.

(Printed as amended.)

A BILL

For an Act to amend Sections forty-four (44) and forty-seven (47) of an act entitled "An Act in regard to the Administration of Estates," approved April 1, 1878, in force July 1, 1872.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Amembly. That sections forty-four (44) and forty-seven (47) of an act

entitled "An act in regard to the administration of estates," approved April 1, 4 '1872, in force July 1, 1872, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 44. {Public administrator.} The Governor of this State, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall, before the first Monday of December, 1881, and every four years thereafter, appoint in each county in this State, and as often as any vacancies may occur, a suitable person to be known as public administrator of such county, who shall hold his office for the term of four years, from the first Monday of December, 1881, or until his successor is appointed and qualified; and the public administrators, in office at the time of the first appointments under the provisions of this section, shall, immediately upon the qualification of the persons appointed under the provisions hereof, turn over all moneys, books and papers appertaining to their offices, respectively, to the persons so appointed; and such public administrators so appointed shall

proceed to settle up all unsettled estates in accordance with law.

Section 47. It shall be the duty of the county court to require of a public administrator, before entering upon the duties of his office, to enter into a bond, payable to the people of the State of Illinois, in a sum of not less than five thousand dollars, with two or more securities, approved by the court, and conditioned that he will faithfully discharge all of the duties of his office, and the court may, from time to time, as occasion shall require, demand additional security of such administrator, and may require him to give the usual bond required of administrators in other cases, touching any particular estate in his charge; and in default of giving such bond within sixty days after receiving his commission, or in default of giving additional security within sixty days after being duly ordered by said court so to do, his office shall be deemed vacant, and, upon certificate of the county judge of such fact, the Governor shall fill the vacancy aforesaid.

- Introduced by Mr. White, January 25, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading January 25, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 10, 1881.

For an Act to amend Section four (4) of an act entitled "An Act in regard to Garnishment," approved March 9, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

General Assembly. That Section four of an act entitled "An act in regard to garnishment," be amended so as to read as follows: Section 4. If such process is issued by a justice of the peace it shall be made returnable within the same time and served in the same manner as other summonses issued by justices of the peace: Provided, that in all cases (where the person or persons so summoned as garnishee or garnishees shall not reside in the same town with the justice issuing such summons: the person or persons for whose use such garnishee summons is issued, shall advance through the constable, or other officer serving the same, to the person or persons so summoned as garnishee or garnishees the sum of one dollar for each person so summoned and in addition five cents per mile, for each and, every mile of, necessary travel to and from the office of such justice of the peace, and the constable or other officer making such service shall show by his return the fact of the payment of such fee and mileage: Provided, that in all cases where the person or persons so summoned shall refuse or fail to appear at the time and place specified in such summons, the justice, before whom such process is returnable, shall render a judgment against the person or persons so summoned for the amount of fees

and traveling expenses which have been tendered and received under the pro-

- 20 visions of this Section in addition to the amount found to be due from the per-
- 21 son or persons so garnisheed.

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 117, REPORTED BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY, FEBRUARY 10, 1881.

After the word "cases," in 13th (written) line of Section 1, strike out the words

2. "When the person or persons so summoned as garnishee or garnishees shall, not

- 3 reside in the same town with the justice issuing such summons."
- 4 Amend by adding after the word "mileage," in the 31st (written) line of bill,
- 5 the words: "And such fee and mileage shall be taxed as other costs in the
- 6 case."

- Introduced by Mr. White, January 25, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading January 25, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 10, 1881. 3
- February 16, second reading, amended and ordered to third reading.

For an Act to amend Section four (4) of an act entitled "An act in regard to Garnishment," approved March 9, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

General Assembly, That Section four of an act entitled "An act in regard to garnishment." be amended so as to read as follows: Section 4. If such process is issued by a justice of the peace it shall be made returnable within the same time and served in the same manner as other summonses issued by justices of the peace: Provided that in all cases the person or persons for whose use such garnishee summons is issued, shall advance through the constable, or other officer serving the same, to the person or persons so summoned as garnishee or garnishees the sum of one dollar for each person so summoned and in addition five cents per mile for each and every mile of necessary travel to and from the office of such justice of the peace, and the constable or other officer making such service shall show by his return the fact of the payment of such fee and mileage, and such fee and mileage shall be taxed as other costs in the case: *Provided*, that in all cases where the person 15 or persons so summoned shall refuse or fail to appear at the time and place specified in such summons, the justice, before whom such process is

returnable, shall render a judgment against the person or persons so

- 18 summoned for the amount of fees and traveling expenses which have been
- 19 tendered and received under the provisions of this Section in addition to
- 20 the amount found to be due from the person or persons so garnisheed.

1. Reported to House, February 25, 1881.

2. First reading March 3, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section four (4) of an act entitled "An Act in regard to Garnishment," approved March 9, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

General Assembly. That section four of an act entitled "An act in regard to garnishment," be amended so as to read as follows: Section 4. If such process is issued by a justice of the peace, it shall be made returnable within the same time and served in the same manner as other summonses issued by justices of the peace: Provided, that in all cases, the person or persons for whose use such garnishee summons is issued shall advance through the constable, or other officer serving the same, to the person or persons so summoned as garnishee or garnishees the sum of one dollar for each person so summoned, and, in addition, five cents per mile for each and every mile of necessary travel to and from the office of such justice of the peace, and the constable, or other officer making such service, shall show by his return the fact of the payment of such fee and mileage, and such fee and mileage shall be taxed as other costs in the case: Provided, that in all cases where the person or persons so summoned shall refuse or fail to appear at the time and place specified in such summons, the justice, before whom such process is returnable, shall render a judgment against the person or persons so summoned, for the amount of fees and traveling expenses which have been tendered and received under the provisions of this section, in addition to the amount found 20 to be due from the person or persons so garnisheed.



- Introduced by Mr. Torrance, January 25, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 25, 1881, and referred to Committee on Penal and Reformatory Institutions.
- 3. February 9, 1881, ordered printed for the Committee.

For an Act making appropriations for the State Reform School, at Pontiac.

Section 1. (Appropriations for ordinary expenses.) Be it enacted by the People

- 2 of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly, That the following
- 3 sums be and are hereby appropriated to the State Reform School, at Pontiac,
- 4 for the purposes herein specified:
- 5 For ordinary expenses the sum of twenty-eight thousand dollars (\$28,000)
- 6 $\,$ for the year beginning July 1, 1881, and ending June 30, 1882, and $\,$ twenty-eight
- 7 thousand dollars for the year ending June 30, 1883.
- 8 For replenishing boys' library and furnishing papers, two hundred dollars
- 9 (*200) per annum
- 10 For two (2) washing machines, two hundred and fifty dollars (\$250) each.
- 11 For painting tin roof on main and engine buildings, cornices, windows, and
- 12 doors in main, engine and family buildings, eight hundred dollars (\$800).
- 13 For improvement of grounds, two hundred dollars (\$200).
- 14 For renewing stairs in work shop, wings and main building, and new floor in
- 15 chapel, six hundred dollars (\$600).
- 16 For lining wash troughs in dormitories, and water tank, two hundred dollars
- 17 (米出区).
- 18 For painting brick work, main and family buildings, five hundred and ninety
- 19 dollars (¥590).

- 20 For repairs and improvements for year ending June 30, 1883, two thousand 21 dollars (\$2,000).
- \$ 2. The moneys herein appropriated shall be paid to the institution in the2 manner and upon the conditions now provided by law.

- Introduced by Mr. Torrance, January 25, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 25, 1881, and referred to Committee on Penal and Reformatory Institutions.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and referred to Committee on Appropriations April 13, 1881.

 April 21, 1881, reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and
- ordered to a second reading April 21, 1881.

A BILL .

For an Act making appropriations for the State Reform School, at Pontiac.

Sucrem 1. [Appropriations for ordinary expenses.] Be it exacted by the People

- of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly, That the following
- sums be and are hereby appropriated to the State Reform School, at Pontiac, for
- the purposes herein specified:
- For ordinary expenses, the sum of twenty-eight thousand dollars (\$28,000) for
- the year beginning July 1, 1881, and ending June 80, 1889, and twenty eight
- thousand dollars for the year ending June 30, 1833. 7
- For replenishing boys' library and furnishing papers, two hundred dollars
- (\$200) per annum.
- For two (2) washing machines, two hundred and fifty dollars (\$250) each. 10
- 11 For painting tin roof on main and engine buildings, cornices, windows and
- doors in main, engine and family buildings, eight hundred dollars (\$800).
- For improvement of grounds, two hundred dollars (\$900). 13
- For renewing stairs in work shops, wings of main building, and new floor in 14
- chapel, six hundred dollars (\$600).
- For lining wash troughs in dormitories, and water tank, two hundred dollars 16
- (\$200). 17
- For painting brick work, main and family buildings, five hundred and ninety 18
- 19 dollars (\$590).

- For repairs and improvements for year ending June 30, 1883, two thousand 31 dollars (\$2,000).
 - \$ 2. The moneys herein appropriated shall be paid to the institution in the2 manner and upon the conditions now provided by law.

AMENDMENTS REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS APRIL 21, 1881.

Amend Senate Bill No. 118 by striking out the first item of section 1 following

- 2 the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "For ordinary
- 8 expenses, twenty-eight thousand dollars (\$28,000) per annum, payable quarterly
- 4 in advance, from the first day of July, 1881, to the expiration of the first fiscal
- 5 quarter after the adjournment of the next General Assembly.".
- 6 Further amend by striking out the last item of section 1 and inserting in lieu
- 7 thereof the following: "For repairs and improvements, one thousand dollars
- 8 (\$1,000) per annum from the first day of July, 1883, to the expiration of the first
- 9 fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the next General Assembly."

لأجمعت بمتعينين مترعفات فومتات وببرا

- 1. Introduced by Mr. Torrance, January 25, 1881, and ordered to first reading. 2. First reading January 25, 1881, and referred to Committee on Penal and Reformatory Institutions.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and referred to Committee on Appropriations April 18, 1881.
 April 21, 1881, reported back with amendments, passage recommends and
- ordered to a second reading April 21, 1881.

 April .7, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to third readin

A BHJ.

For an Act making appropriations for the State Reform School, at Pontiac.

- Section 1. [Appropriations for ordinary expenses.] Be it enacted by the People
- 2 of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly, That the following
- sums be and are hereby appropriated to the State Reform School at Pontiac, for
- the purposes herein specified:
- For ordinary expenses, the sum of twenty-eight thousand dollars (\$28,000) per
- annum, payable quarterly in advance, from the first day of July, 1881, to the
- expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the next General
- Assembly.
- 9 For replenishing boys' library and furnishing papers, two hundred dollars
- (\$200) per annum. 10
- For two (2) washing machines, two hundred and fifty dollars (\$250) each, 11
- 12 For painting tin roof on main and engine buildings, cornices, windows and
- doors in main, engine and family buildings, eight hundred dollars (\$300.)
- 14 For improvement of grounds, two hundred dollars (\$900).
- 15 For renewing stairs in work shops, wings of main building, and new floor in
- 16 chapel, six hundred dollars (\$600).
- For lining wash troughs in dormitories, and water tank, two hundred dollars 17
- 18 (\$200).

- For painting brick work, main and family buildings, five hundred and ninety dollars (\$590).
- 21 For repairs and improvements, one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per annum, from
- 22 the first day of July, 1882, to the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the
- 28 adjournment of the next General Assembly.
- 24 To provide privy vaults for dormitories and to remedy the ventilation of the
- 25 buildings, the sum of sixteen thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be
- 96 песеввату.
 - § 2 The moneys herein appropriated shall be paid to the institution in the 2 manner and upon the conditions now provided by law.

- Reported to House May 3, 1881.
- 2. First reading May 4, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.
- Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading May 11, 1881.

For an Act making appropriations for the Sate Reform School, at Pontiac.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That the following sums be and are hereby appropriated to the State
- 3 Reform School, at Pontiac, for the purposes herein specified:
- 4 For ordinary expenses, twenty-eight thousand dollars (\$28,000) per annum, payable quar-
- 5 terly in advance, from the first day of July, 1881, to the expiration of the first fiscal quarter
- 6 after the adjournment of the next General Assembly. E
- 7 For replenishing boys' library and furnishing papers, two hundred dollars (\$200) per
- 8 annum.
- 9 For two (2) washing machines, two hundred and fifty dollars (\$75)) each
- 10 For painting tin roof on main and engine buildings, cornices, windows and doors in main,
- 11 engine and family buildings, eight hundred dollars (\$800).
- 12 For improvement of grounds, two hundred dollars (\$200).
- 13 For renewing stairs in work shops, wings of main building, and new floor in chapel, six
- 14 hundred dollars (*600).
- 15 For lining wash troughs in domnitories and water tank, two hundred dollars (\$200).
- 16 For painting brick work, main and family buildings, five hundred and ninety dollars
- 17 (\$590).
- 18 For repairs and improvements, one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per annum, from the first
- 19 day of July, 1882, to the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the
- 20 next General Assembly.

- 21 To provide privy vaults for dormitories and to remedy the ventilation of the buildings,
- 23 the sum of sixteen thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.
 - \$ 2. The moneys herein appropriated shall be paid to the institution in the manner and
- 2 upon the conditions now provided by law.

I. Introduced by Mr. Bent, January 26, 1881, and ordered to first reading.

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First reading January 26, 1881, and referred to Committee on Miscellany.
 Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 4, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section 1, of Article V of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages," approved April 10, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly. That Section 1 of Article V of "An act to provide for the
- 3 incorporation of cities and villages," approved April 10, 1872, in force July 1.
- 4 1872, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:
- 5 Section 1. The city council in cities, and president and the board of trustees
- 6 in villages, shall have the following powers:
- 7 First To control the finances and property of the corporation.
- 8 Second To appropriate money for corporate purposes only, and provide for
- 9 payment of debts and expenses of the corporation.
- 10 Third- To levy and collect taxes, for general and special purposes, on real
- 11 and personal property.
- 12 Fourth To fix the amount, terms and manner of issuing and revoking
- 13 licenses.
- 14 Fifth To borrow money on the credit of the corporation for corporate pur-
- 15 poses, and issue bonds therefor, in such amounts and form, and on such
- 16 conditions as it shall prescribe, but shall not become indebted in any manner
- 17 or for any purpose to an amount, including existing indebtedness, in the
- is aggregate to exceed five (5) per centum on the value of the taxable property

- 19 therein, to be ascertained by the last assessment for State and county taxes,
- 20 previous to the incurring of such indebtedness; and before or at the time of
- 21 incurring any indebtedness, shall provide for the collection of a direct annual
- 22 tax sufficient to pay the interest on such debt as it falls due, and also to pay
- 23 and discharge the principal thereof within twenty years after contracting the
- 24 same.
- 25 Sixth—To issue bonds in place of or to supply means to meet maturing bonds,
- 26 or for the consolidation or funding of the same.
- 27 Seventh-To lay out, establish, open, alter, widen, extend, grade, pave or
- 28 otherwise improve streets, alleys, avenues, sidewalks, wharves, parks and public
- 29 grounds, and vacate the same.
- 30 Eighth-To plant trees upon the same.
- 31 Ninth-To regulate the use of the same.
- 32 Tenth—To prevent and remove encroachments or obstructions upon the
- 33 same.
- 84 *Eleventh*—To provide for the lighting of the same.
- 35 Twelfth—To provide for the cleansing of the same.
- 36 Thirteenth—To regulate the openings therein for the laying of gas ar water
- 37 mains and pipes, and the building and repairing of sewers, tunnels and drains,
- 38 and erecting gas lights: Provided. however, that any company heretofore
- 39 organized under the general laws of this State, or any association of persons
- 40 organized, or which may be hereafter organized for the purpose of manufac
- 41 turing illuminating gas to supply cities or villages, or the inhabitants thereof
- 42 with the same, shall have the right, by consent of the common council (subject
- 43 to existing rights), to erect gas factories, and lay down pipes in the streets or
- 44 alleys of any city or village in this State, subject to such regulations as any
- 45 such city or village may by ordinance impose.
- 46 Fourteenth-To regulate the use of sidewalks and all structures thereunder;
- 47 and to require the owner or occupant of any premises to keep the sidewalks in
- 48 front of, or along the same, free from snow and other obstructions.
- 49 Fifteenth—To regulate and prevent the throwing or depositing of ashes, offal,

- 50 dirt, garbage or any offensive matter in, and to prevent injury to, any street,
- 51 avenue, alley or public ground.
- 52 Sixteenth-To provide for and regulate crosswalks, curbs and gutters.
- 53 Seventeenth-To regulate and prevent the use of streets, sidewalks and public
- 54 grounds for signs, sign posts, awnings, awning posts, telegraph poles, horse
- 55 troughs, racks, posting handbills and advertisements.
- 56 Eighteenth—To regulate and prohibit the exhibition or carrying of banners,
- 57 placards, advertisements or handbills in the streets or public grounds, or upon
- 58 the sidewalks.
- 59 Nineteenth-To regulate and prevent the flying of flags, banners or signs
- 60 across the streets or from houses.
- 61 Twentieth-To regulate traffic and sales upon the streets, sidewalks and pub
- 62 lie places.
- 63 Twenty-first—To regulate the speed of horses and other animals, vehicles,
- 64 cars and locomotives within the limits of the corporation.
- 65 Twenty-second—To regulate the numbering of houses and lots.
- 66 Twenty-third—To name and change the name of any street, avenue, alley, or
- 67 other public place.
- 68 Twenty-fourth—To permit regulate or prohibit the locating, constructing or
- 69 laying a track of any horse railroad in any street, alley or public place, but
- 70 such permission shall not be for a longer time than twenty years.
- 71 Twenty-fifth—To provide for and change the location, grade, and crossings of
- 72 any railroad.
- 73 Trenty-sixth—To require railroad companies to fence their respective rail-
- 74 roads, or any portion of the same, and to construct cattle guards, crossings of
- 75 streets and public roads, and keep the same in repair, within the limits of the
- 76 corporation. In case any railroad company shall fail to comply with any such
- 77 ordinance, it shall be liable for all damages the owner of any cattle or horses.
- 78 or other domestic animal, may sustain, by reason of injuries thereto while on
- 79 the track of such railroad, in like manner and extent as under the general laws
- 80 of this State, relative to the fencing of railroads, and action to recover such

- 81 damages may be instituted before any justice of the peace, or other court of
- 82 competent jurisdiction.
- 83 Twenty-seventh—To require railroad companies to keep flagmen at railroad
- 84 crossings of streets, and provide protection against injury to persons and
- 85 property in the use of such railroads. To compel such railroad to raise or
- 86 lower their railroad tracks to conform to any grade which may, at any time,
- 87 be established by such city, and where such tracks run lengthwise of any such
- 88 street, alley or highway, to keep their railroad tracks on a level with the street
- 89 surface, and so that such tracks may be crossed at any place on such street,
- 90 alley or highway. To compel and require railroad companies to make and keep
- 91 open and to keep in repair ditches, drains, sewers and culverts along and under
- 92 their railroad tracks so that filthy or stagnant pools of water cannot stand on
- 93 their grounds or right of way, and so that the natural drainage of adjacent
- 94 property shall not be impeded.
- 95 Twenty-eighth—To construct and keep in repair bridges, viaducts and tun-
- 96 nels, and to regulate the use thereof.
- 97 Twenty-ninth—To construct and keep in repair culverts, drains, sewers and
- 98 cesspools, and to regulate the use thereof.
- 99 Thirtieth To deepen, widen, dock, cover, wall, alter or change the channel
- 100 of water courses.
- 101 Thirty-first To construct and keep in repair canals and slips for the accom-
- 102 modation of commerce.
- 103 Thirty-second—To erect and keep in repair public landing places, wharves,
- 104 docks and levees.
- 105 Thirty-third. To regulate and control the use of public and private landing
- 106 places, wharves, docks and levees.
- 107 Thirty-fourth—To control and regulate the anchorage, moorage and landing
- 108 of all water craft and their cargoes within the jurisdiction of the corpora-
- 109 tion.
- 110 Thirty-fifth To license, regulate and prohibit wharf boats, tugs, and other
- 111 boats used about the harbor or within such jurisdiction.
- 112 Thirty-sixth—To fix the rate of wharfage and dockage.

- 113 Thirty-seventh-To collect wharfage and dockage from all boats, rafts and
- 114 other craft landing at or using any public landing place, wharf, dock or leves.
- 115 within the limits of the corporation.
- 116 Thirty-eighth—To make regulations in regard to the use of harbors, towing of
- 117 vessels, opening and passing of bridges.
- 118 Thirty-ninth-To appoint harbor masters, and define their duties.
- 119 Fortieth- To provide for the cleansing and purification of waters, water
- 120 courses, and canals, and the draining or filling of ponds on private property
- 121 whenever necessary to prevent or abate nuisances.
- 122 Fortu-first—To license, tax, regulate, suppress and prohibit hawkers, peddlers,
- 123 pawnbrokers, keepers of ordinaries, theatricals, or other exhibitions, shows and
- 124 amusements, and to revoke such licenses at pleasure.
- 125 Forty-second-To license, tax and regulate hackmen, draymen, omnibus
- 126 drivers, carters, cabmen, porters, expressmen, and all others pursuing like occu
- 127 pations, and to prescribe their compensation.
- 128 Forty-third-To license, regulate, tax and restrain runners for stages, cars,
- 129 public houses, or other things or persons.
- 130 Forty-fourth-To license, regulate, tax or prohibit and suppress billiard
- 131 bagatelle, nigeon-hole or any other tables or implements kept or used for a
- 132 similar purpose in any place of public resort, pin alleys and ball alleys.
- 133 Forty-fifth -To suppress bawdy and disorderly houses, houses of ill-fame or
- 134 assignation, within the limits of the city, and within three miles of the outer
- 135 boundaries of the city; and also to suppress gaming and gambling houses,
- 136 lotteries, and all fraudulent devices and practices for the purpose of gaining
- 137 or obtaining money or property; and to prohibit the sale or exhibition of
- 168 obscene or immoral publications, prints, pictures or illustrations.
- 139 Forty-sixth To license, regulate and prohibit the selling or giving away of
- 140 any intoxicating, malt, mixed or fermented liquors, wine or cider, the license
- 141 not to extend beyond the municipal year in which it shall be granted, and to
- 142 determine the amount to be paid for such license: Provided, that the city
- 143 council in cities, or the president and board of trustees in villages, may grant
- 144 permits to druggists for the sale of liquors for medicinal, mechanical, sacra-

- 145 mental and chemical purposes only, subject to forfeiture, and under such
- 146 restrictions and regulations as may be provided by ordinance: Provided.
- 147 farther, that in granting licenses such corporate authorities shall comply with
- 148 whatever general law of the State may be in force relative to the granting of
- 149 licenses.
- 150 Forty-seventh—The foregoing shall not be construed to affect the provisions
- 151 of the charter of any literary institution heretofore granted.
- 152 Forty-eighth-And the city council in cities, and president and board of
- *158 trustees in villages, shall also have the power to forbid and punish the selling
- 154 or giving away of any intoxicating, malt, mixed or fermented liquor, wine or
- 155 cider, to any minor apprentice or servant, or insane, idiotic or distracted person.
- 156 habitual drunkard, or person intoxicated.
- 157 Forty-ninth-To establish markets and market houses, and provide for the
- 158 regulation and use thereof.
- 159 Fiftieth—To regulate the sale of meats, poultry, fish, butter, cheese, lard.
- 160 vegetables, and all other provisions, and to provide for place and manner of
- 161 selling the same.
- 162 Fifty:first—To prevent and punish forstalling and regrating.
- 163 Fifturecond—To regulate the sale of bread in the city or villages; prescribe
- 164 the weight and quality of the bread in the loaf.
- 165 Fifty-third—To provide for and regulate the inspection of meats, poultry,
- 166 fish, butter, cheese, lard, vegetables, cotton, tobacco, flour, meal and other
- · 167 provisions.
 - 168 Fifty-fourth—To regulate the inspection, weighing and measuring of brick.
 - 169 lumber, firewood, coal, hay, and any article of merchandise.
 - 170 Fifty fifth—To provide for the inspection and sealing of weights and
 - 171 measures.
 - 172 Fifty-sixth—To enforce the keeping and use of proper weights and measures
 - 178 by vendors.
 - 174 Fifty-seventh-To regulate the construction, repairs and use of vaults,
 - 175 cisterns, areas, hydrants, pumps, sewers and gutters.
 - 176 Fifty-eighth—To regulate places of amusement.

- 177 Fifty-ninth-To prevent intoxication, fighting, quarreling, dog fights, cock
- 178 fights, and all disorderly conduct.
- 179 Sixtieth-To regulate partition, fences and party walls.
- 180 Sixty-first—To prescribe the thickness, strength and manner of constructing
- 181 stone, brick and other buildings, and construction of fire escapes therein.
- 182 Sixty-second—The city council, and the president and trustees in villages, for
- 183 the purpose of guarding against the calamities of fire, shall have power to
- 184 prescribe the limits within which wooden buildings shall not be erected or
- 185 placed or repaired, without permission, and to direct that all and any buildings ·
- 186 within the fire limits, when the same shall have been damaged by fire, decay or
- 187 otherwise, to the extent of fifty per cent. of the value, shall be torn down or
- 188 removed, and to prescribe the manner of ascertaining such damage.
- 189 Sixty-third-To prevent the dangerous construction and condition of
- 190 chimneys, fire places, hearths, stoves, stove pipes, ovens, boilers, and apparatus
- 191 used in and about any building and manufactory, and to cause the same to be
- 192 removed or placed in a safe condition, when considered dangerous; to regulate
- 193 and prevent the carrying on of manufactories dangerous in causing or promot-
- 94 ing fires: to prevent the deposit of ashes in unsafe places, and to cause all such
- 195 buildings and enclosures as may be in a dangerous state, to be put in a safe
- 196 condition.
- 197 Sixty-fourth—To erect engine houses, and provide fire engines, hose carts,
- 198' hooks and ladders, and other implements for prevention and extinguishment
- 199 of fires, and provide for the use and management of the same by voluntary fire
- 200 companies or otherwise.
- 201 Sixty-fifth—To regulate and prevent storage of gunpowder, tar, pitch, resin,
- 202 coal oil, benzine, turpentine, hemp, cotton, nitro-glycerine, petroleum, or any
- 203 of the products thereof, and other combustible or explosive material, and the
- 204 use of lights in stables, shops and other places, and the building of bonfires;
- 205 also to regulate and restrain the use of fire-works, fire-crackers, torpedoes.
- 206 roman can'lles, sky-rockets, and other pyrotechnic displays.
- 207 Sixty-sixth--To regulate the police of the city or village, and pass and enforce
- 208 all necessary police ordinances.

- 209 Sixty-seventh-To provide for the inspection of steam boilers.
- 210 Sixty-eighth-To prescribe the duties and powers of a superintendent of
- 211 police, policemen and watchmen.
- 212 Sixty-ninth—To establish and erect calabooses, bridewells, houses of correc-
- 213 tion and workhouses, for the reformation and confinement of vagrants, idle
- 214 and disorderly persons, and persons convicted of violating any city or village
- 215 ordinance and make rules and regulations for the government of the same, and
- 216 appoint necessary keepers and assistants.
- 217 Seventieth—To use the county jail for the confinement or punishment of
- 218 offenders, subject to such conditions as are imposed by law, and with the
- 219 consent of the county board.
- 220 Seventy: first—To provide by ordinance in regard to the relation between all
- 221 the officers and employees of the corporation in respect to each other, the cor-
- 222 poration and the people.
- 228 Seventy-second—To prevent and suppress riots, routs, affrays, noises, disturb-
- 224 ances, disorderly assemblies in any public or private place.
- 225 Seventy-third-To prohibit and punish cruelty to animals.
- 226 Seventy-fourth To restrain and punish vagrants, mendicants and prostitutes,
- 227 Seventy-fifth -To declare what shall be a nuisance, and to abate the same:
- 228 and to impose fines upon parties who may create, continue or suffer nuisances
- 229 to exist.
- 230 Soventy-sixth -- To appoint a board of health, and prescribe its powers and
- 231 duties.
- 232 Seventy-seventh-To erect and establish hospitals and medical dispensaries,
- 233 and control and regulate the same.
- 234 Seventueighth To do all acts, make all regulations which may be necessary
- 235 or expedient for the promotion of health or the suppression of disease.
- 236 Seventy-ninth-To establish and regulate cemeteries within or without the
- 237 corporation, and acquire lands therefor, by purchase or otherwise, and cause
- 238 cemeteries to be removed, and prohibit their establishment within one mile of
- 239 the corporation.
- 240 Eightieth—To regulate, restrain and prohibit the running at large of horses,
- 241 cattle, swine, sheep, goats, geese and dogs, and to impose a tax on dogs.

- 242 Eighty-first-To direct the location and regulate the management and
- 243 construction of packing houses, renderies, tallow chandleries, bone factories,
- 244 soap factories and tanneries, within the limits of the city or village, and within
- 245 the distance of one mile without the city or village limits.
- 246 Kighty-second To direct the location and regulate the use of and construction
- 247 of breweries, distilleries, liver; stables, blacksmith shops and foundries within
- 248 the limits of the city or village.
- 249 Eighty-third-To prohibit any offensive or unwholesome business or estab-
- 250 lishment within, or within one mile, of the limits of the corporation.
- 251 Eighty-fourth -To compel the owner of any grocery, cellar, soap or tallow
- 252 chandlery, tannery, stable, pig-sty, privy, sewer or other unwholesome or
- 253 nauseous house or place, to cleanse, abate, or remove the same, and to regulate
- 254 the location thereof.
- 255 Eighty-fifth—The city council, or trustees of a village, shall have power to
- 256 provide for the taking of the city or village census, but no city or village
- 257 census shall be taken by authority of the council or trustees oftener than once
- 258 in three years.
- 259 Eighty-sixth—To provide for the erection and care of all public buildings
- 260 necessary for the use of the city or village.
- 261 Eighty-seventh—To establish ferries, toll bridges, and license and regulate the
- 262 same, and, from time to time, fix tolls thereon.
- 263 Eighty-eighth—To authorize the construction of mills, mill races and feeders
- 264 on, through or across the streets of the city or village, at such places and under
- 265 such restrictions as they shall deem proper.
- 266 Eighty-ninth-The city council shall have power, by condemnation or other
- 267 wise, to extend any street, alley or highway over or across, or to construct any
- 268 sewer under or through any railroad track, right of way, or land of any rail-
- 269 road company (within the corporate limits); but where no compensation is
- 270 made to such railroad company, the city shall restore such railroad track, right
- 271 of way or land to its former state, or in a sufficient manner not to have
- 272 impaired its usefulness.
- 273 Ninetieth—The city council or board of trustees shall have no power to grant

- 274 the use of, or the right to lay down, any railroad tracks in any street of the
- 275 city, to any steam or horse railroad company, except upon a petition of the
- 276 owners of the land representing more than one-half of the frontage of the
- 277 street, or so much thereof as is sought to be used for railroad purposes.
- 278 Ninety-first—To tax, license and regulate auctioneers, distillers, brewers,
- 279 lumber yards, livery stables, public scales, money changers and brokers.
- 280 Ninety-second—To prevent and regulate the rolling of hoops, playing of ball,
- 281 flying of kites, or any other amusement or practice having a tendency to annoy
- 282 persons passing in the streets or on the sidewalks, or to frighten teams and
- 283 horses.
- 284 Ninety-third-To regulate and prohibit the keeping of any lumber yard, and
- 285 the placing or piling or selling any lumber, timber, wood or other combustible
- 286 material, within the fire limits of the city.
- 287 Ninety-fourth-To provide, by ordinance, that all the paper, printing, sta-
- 288 tionery, blanks, fuel, and all the supplies needed for the use of the city, shall
- 289 be furnished by contract, let to the lowest bidder.
- 290 Ninety: fifth -- To tax, license and regulate second hand and junk stores, and
- 291 to forbid their purchasing or receiving from minors, without the written
- 292 consent of their parents or guardians, any article whatsoever.
- 193 Ninety-sixth—To pass all ordinances, rules, and make all regulations, proper
- 194 or necessary, to carry into effect the powers granted to cities or villages, with
- 195 such fines or penalties as the city council or board of trustees shall deem
- 296 proper: Provided, no fine or penalty shall exceed #200, and no imprisonment
- 297 shall exceed six months for one offense.

Reported to House February 26, 1881.

Called up and referred to Committee on License, March 17, 1881. Reported back and ordered to a first reading March 31, 1881.

- First reading April 9, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs.
- Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading April 16, 1881.

A RILL

For an Act to amend Section 1, of Article V, of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation of Cities and Villages," approved April 10, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- General Assembly. That section 1, of article V, of "An act to provide for the
- incorporation of cities and villages," approved April 10, 1872, in force July 1,
- 4872. be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:
- Section 1. The city council in cities, and president and the board of trustees
- in villages, shall have the following powers:
- First—To control the finances and property of the corporation. 7
- Second—To appropriate money for corporate purposes only, and provide for
- payment of debts and expenses of the corporation.
- 10 Third—To levy and collect taxes for general and special purposes on real
- and personal property. 11
- Fourth-To fix the amount, terms and manner of issuing and revoking 12
- 13 licenses.
- Fifth—To borrow money on the credit of the corporation for corporate purposes 14
- and issue bonds therefor, in such amounts and form, and on such conditions as it
- shall prescribe, but shall not become indebted in any manner or for any purpose to

- 17 an amount, including existing indebtedness, in the aggregate to exceed five (5)
- 18 per centum on the value of the taxable property therein, to be ascertained by
- 19 the last assessment for State and county taxes previous to the incurring of
- 20 such indebtedness; and before, or at the time of incurring any indebtedness,
- \$1 shall provide for the collection of a direct annual tax, sufficient to pay the
- 22 interest on such debt as it falls due, and also to pay and discharge the princi-
- 23 pal thereof, within twenty years after contracting the same
- 24 Sixth—To issue tonds in place of or to supply means to meet maturing
- 25 bonds, or for the consolidation or funding of the same.
- 26 Seventh-To lay out, establish, open, after, viden, extend, grade, pave or
- 27 otherwise improve streets, alleys, avenues, sidewalks, wharves, parks and
- 28 public grounds, and vacate the same.
- 29 Eighth-To plant trees upon the same.
- 30 Ninth—To regulate the use of the same.
- 31 Tenth—To prevent and remove encroachments or obstructions upon the
- 32 same.
- 88 Eleventh—To provide for the lighting of the same.
- 34 Tweltth--To provide for the cleansing of the same.
- 7.85 Thirteenth.—To regulate the openings therein for the laying of gas or water
- 36 mains and pipes, and the building and repairing of sewers, tunnels and drains
- 87 and erecting gas lights: Provided, however, that any company heretofore
- 38 organized under the general laws of this State, or any association of persons
- 89 organized, or which may be hereafter organized, for the purpose of manufac-
- 40 turing illuminating gas to supply cities or villages, or the inhabitants thereof
- 41 with the same, shall have the right, by consent of the common council (subject to
- 42 existing rights), to erect gas factories and lay down pipes in the streets or alleys
- 48 of any city or village in this State, subject to such regulations as any such city
- 44 or village may, by ordinance, impose.
- 45 Fourteenth-To regulate the use of sidewalks and all structures thereunder;
- 46 and to require the owner or occupant of any premises to keep the sidewalks in
- 47 front of or along the same, free from snow and other obstructions.
- 48 Fifteenth—To regulate and prevent the throwing or depositing of ashes,

- offal, dirt, garbage, or any offensive matter in, and to prevent injury to, any
- street, avenue, alley or public ground.
- 51 Sixteenth—To provide for and regulate crosswalks, curbs and gutters.
- 52 Seventeenth—To regulate and prevent the use of streets, sidewalks and public
- grounds for signs, sign-posts, awnings, awning posts, telegraph poles, horse
- troughs, racks, posting hand-bills and advertisements.
- Eighteenth—To regulate and prohibit the exhibition or carrying of banners, 55
- placards, advertisements or hand-bills in the streets or public grounds, or upon bb
- the sidewalks. 57
- Nineteenth--To regulate and prevent the flying of flags, banners or signs 58
- across the streets or from houses.
- 60 Trentieth—To regulate traffic and sales upon the streets, sidewalks and pub
- lic blaces. 61
- 62 Twenty-first-To regulate the speed of horses and other animals, vehicles, cars
- and locomotives within the limits of the corporation. 63
- Twenty-second—To regulate the numbering of houses and lots. 64
- 65 Twenty-third-To name and change the name of any street, avenue, alley or other public place.
- 67 Twenty-fourth—To permit, regulate or prohibit the locating, constructing or
- laying a track of any horse railroad in any street, alley or public place; but 68
- 69 such permission shall not be for a longer time than twenty years.
- 70 Twenty-fifth-To provide for and change the location, grade and crossings of
- any railroads. 71

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- Twenty-sixth-To require railroad companies to fence their respective rail-72
- roads, or any portion of the same, and to construct cattle guards, crossings of
- streets and public roads, and keep the same in repair within the limits of the
- corporation. In case any railroad company shall fail to comply with any such 75
- ordinance, it shall be liable for all damages the owner of any cattle or horses 76
- or other domestic animals may sustain, by reason of injuries thereto, while on
- the track of such railroad, in like manner and extent as under the general laws 78
- of this State relative to the fencing of railroads; and actions to recover such 79

- 80 damages may be instituted before any justice of the peace, or other court of
- 81 competent jurisdiction.
- 82 Twenty-seventh—To require railroad companies to keep flagmen at railroad
- 83 crossings of streets, and provide protection against injury to persons and prop-
- 84 erty in the use of such railroads; to compel such railroad to raise or lower their
- 85 railroad tracks to conform to any grade which may, at any time, be established by
- 86 such city, and where such tracks run lengthwise of any such street, alley or
- 87 highway, to keep their railroad tracks on a level with the street surface, and so
- 88 that such tracks may be crossed at any place on such street, alley or highway:
- 89 to compel and require railroad companies to make and keep open, and to keep
- 90 in repair ditches, draips, sewers and culverts along and under their railroad
- 91 tracks, so that filthy or stagnant pools of water cannot stand on their grounds
- 92 or right of way, and so that the natural drainage of adjacent property shall not
- 93 be impeded.
- 94 Twenty-eighth—To construct and keep in repair bridges, viaduets and tun
- 95 nels, and to regulate the use thereof.
- 96 Twenty-ninth-To construct and keep in repair culverts, drains, sewers and
- 97 cesspools, and to regulate the use thereof.
- 98 Thirtieth—To deepen, widen, dock, cover, wall, after or change the channel
- 99 of water courses.
- 100 Thirty: first—To construct and keep in repair canals and slips, for the accom-
- 101 modation of commerce.
- 102 Thirty-second—To erect and keep in repair public landing places, wharves,
- 103 docks and levees.
- 104 Thirty-third—To regulate and control the use of public and private landing
- 105 places, wharves, docks and levees.
- 106 Thirty-fourth—To control and regulate the anchorage, moorage and landing
- 107 'of all water craft and their cargoes, within the jurisdiction of the corpora-
- 106 tion.
- 100 Thirty-fifth-To license, regulate and prohibit wharf boats, tugs and other
- 110 boats used about the harbor, or within such jurisdiction.
- 111 Thirty-sixth—To fix the rate of wharfage and dockage.

- 112 Thirty-seventh-To collect wharfage and dockage from all boats, rafts, or
- 113 other craft, landing at or using any public landing place, wharf, dock or levee,
- 114 within the limits of the corporation.
- 115 Thirty-eighth—To make regulations in regard to the use of harbors, towing
- 116 of vessels, opening and passing of bridges.
- 117 Thirty-ninth—To appoint harbor-masters and define their duties.
- 118 Fortieth-To provide for the cleansing and purification of waters, water-
- 119 courses and canals, and the draining or filling of ponds on private property,
- 120 whenever necessary to prevent or abate nuisances.
- 121 Forty first: To license, tax, regulate, suppress and prohibit hawkers, ped-
- 122 dlers, pawnbrokers, keepers of ordinaries, theatricals and other exhibitions,
- 123 shows and amusements, and to revoke such license at pleasure.
- 124 Forty-second To license, tax and regulate hackmen, draymen, omnibus
- 125 drivers, carters, cabmen, porters, expressmen, and all others pursuing like occu
- 126 pations, and to prescribe their compensation.
- 127 Forty-third—To license, regulate, tax and restrain runners for stages, cars,
- 128 public houses, or other things or persons.
- 199 Forty fourth—To license, regulate, tax or prohibit and suppress billiard, bag-
- 130 atelle, pigeon-hole, or any other tables or implements, kept or used for a similar
- 131 purpose, in any place of public resort; pin alleys and ball alleys.
- 182 Forty-fifth—To suppress bawdy and disorderly houses, houses of ill-fame or
- 183 assignation, within the limits of the city and within three miles of the outer
- 134 boundaries of the city; and also to suppress gaming and gambling houses, lot-
- 185 teries and all fraudulent devices and practices for the purpose of gaming or
- 186 obtaining money or property; and to prohibit the sale or exhibition of obscene
- 137 or immoral publications, prints, pictures or illustrations.
- 188 Forty-sixth—To license, regulate and prohibit the selling or giving away of
- 139 any intoxicating, malt, mixed or fermented liquor, wine or cider, the license
- 140 not to extend beyond the municipal year in which it shall be granted; and to
- 141 determine the amount to be paid for such license: Provided, that the city coun-
- 142 cil in cities, or the president and board of trustees in villages, may grant per-
- 143 mits to druggists for the sale of liquors for medicinal, mechanical, sacramental

- 144 and chemical purposes only, subject to forfeiture, and under such restrictions
- 145 and regulations as may be provided by ordinance: Provided further, that in
- 146 granting licenses such corporate authorities shall comply with whatever general
- 147 law of the State may be in force, relative to the granting of licenses.
- 148 Forty-seventh—The foregoing shall not be construed to affect the provisions
- 149 of the charter of any literary institution heretofore granted.
- 150 Forty-eighth-And the city council in cities, and president and board of
- 151 trustees in villages, shall also have the power to forbid and punish the selling
- 152 or giving away of any intoxicating, malt, mixed or fermented liquor, wine or
- 158 cider, to any minor, apprentice or servant, or insane, idiotic or distracted per-
- 154 son, babitual drunkard or person intoxicated.
- 155 Forty-ninth -- To establish markets and market houses, and provide for the
- 156 regulation and use thereof.
- 157 Fiftieth—To regulate the sale of meats, poultry, fish, butter, cheese, lard, vege-
- 158 tables, and allother provisions, and to provide for place and manner of selling the
- 159 same.
- 160 Fifty: first—To prevent and punish forestalling and regrating.
- 161 Fifty-second—To regulate the sale of bread in the city or village, prescribe
- 162 the weight and quality of the bread in the loaf.
- 168 Fifty-third—To provide for and regulate the inspection of meats, poultry,
- 164 fish, butter, cheese, lard, vegetables, cotton, tobacco, flour, meal and other
- 165 provisions.
- 166 Fifty-fourth—To regulate the inspection, weighing and measuring of brick,
- 167 lumber, fi rewood, coal, hay and any article of merchandise.
- 168 Fifty-fifth-To provide for the inspection and sealing of weights and
- 169 measures.
- 170 Fifty-sixth—To enforce the keeping and use of proper weights and measures
- 171 by vendors.
- 172 Fifty-seventh—To regulate the construction, repairs and use of vaults
- 173 cisterns, areas, hydrants, pumps, sewers and gutters.
- 174 Fifty-eighth-To regulate places of am sement.

- 175 Fifty-ninth—To prevent intoxication, fighting, quarreling, deg-fights, cock-176 fights and all disorderly conduct.
- 177 Sixtisth—To regulate partition fences and party walls.
- 178 Siaty-first-To prescribe the thickness, strength and manner of constructing
- 179 stone, brick and other buildings, and construction of fire escapes therein.
- 180 Sixty-second-The city council, and the president and trustees in villages, for
- 181 the purpose of guarding against the calamities of fire, shall have power to
- 182 prescribe the limits within which wooden buildings shall not be erected or
- 183 placed or repaired, without permission, and to direct that all and any buildings
- 184 within the fire limits, when the same shall have been damaged by fire, decay or
- 185 otherwise, to the extent of fifty per cent, of the value, shall be torn down or
- 186 removed, and to prescribe the manner of ascertaining such damage.
- 187 Sixtu-third—To prevent the dangerous construction and condition of chim-
- 188 neys, fire-places, hearths, stoves, stove-pipes, ovens, boilers and apparatus used
- 189 in and about any building and manufactory, and to cause the same to be
- 190 removed or placed in a safe condition when considered dangerous; to regulate
- 191 and prevent the carrying on of manufactories dangerous in causing and pro-
- 192 moting fires; to prevent the deposit of ashes in unsafe places, and to cause all
- 193 such buildings and inclosures as may be in a dangerous state, to be put in a
- 194 safe condition.
- 195 Sixty-tourth—To erect engine houses and provide fire engines, hose carts.
- 196 hooks and ladders, and other implements for prevention and entinguishment
- 197 of fires, and provide for the use and management of the same by voluntary
- 198 fire companies or otherwise.
- 199 Sixty-fifth -- To regulate and prevent storage of gunpowder, tar, pitch resin,
- 200 coal oil, benzine, turpentine, hemp, cotton, nitro-glycerine, petroleum, or any
- 201 of the products thereof, and other combustible or explosive materia!, and the
- 202 use of lights in stables, shops and other places, and the building of bonfires;
- 205 also, to regulate and restrain the use of fireworks, fire-crackers, torpedoes,
- 204 Roman candles, sky-rockets, and other pyrotechnic displays.
- 205 Sixty-rixth-To regulate the police of the city or village, and pass and enforce
- 206 all necessary police ordinances.

- 207 Sinty-seventh—To provide for the inspection of steam boilers.
- 208 Sixty-eighth-To prescribe the duties and powers of a superintendent of
- 209 police, policemen and watchmen.
- 210 Sixty-ninth-To establish and erect calabooses, bridewells, houses of correc-
- 211 tion and workhouses for the reformation and confinement of vagrants, idle
- 212 and disorderly persons, and persons convicted of violating any city or village
- 213 ordinance, and make rules and regulations for the government of the same, and
- 214 appoint necessary keepers and assistants.
- 215 Seventieth -To use the county jail for the confinement or punishment of
- 216 offenders, subject to such conditions as are imposed by law, and with the con-
- 217 sent of the county board.
- 218 Seventy-first To provide by ordinance, in regard to the relation between all
- 219 the officers and employes of the corporation in respect to each other, the cor-
- 220 peration and the people.
- 221 Seventy-second To prevent and suppress riots, routs, affrays, noises, disturb-
- 222 ances, disorderly assemblies in any public or private place.
- 223 Seventu-third—To prohibit and punish cruelty to animals.
- 224 Seventy-fourth To restrain and punish vagrants, mendicants and prostitutes.
- 225 Seventy: fifth—To declare what shall be a nuisance, and to abate the same:
- 226 and to impose fines upon parties who may create, continue or suffer nuisances
- 227 to exist.
- 228 Seventy-six—To appoint a board of health and prescribe its powers and
- 229 duties.
- 280 Seventy-seventh—To erect and establish hospitals and medical dispensaries,
- 281 and control and regulate the same.
- 332 Seventy-eighth-To do all acts, make all regulations, which may be necessary
- 283 or expedient for the promotion of health or the suppression of disease.
- 284 Seventy-ninth—To establish and regulate cemeteries, within or without the
- 235 corporation, and acquire lands therefor, by purchase or otherwise, and cause
- 236 cometeries to be removed and prohibit their establishment within one mile
- 287 of the corporation.

- 238 Eightieth-To regulate, restrain and prohibit the running at large of horses,
- 239 cattle, swine, sheep, goats, geese and dogs, and to impose a tax on dogs.
- 240 Eighty-first-To direct the location and regulate the management and con-
- 241 struction of packing houses, renderies, tallow-chandleries, bone factories, soap
- 242 factories and tanneries, within the limits of the city or village, and within
- 243 the distance of one mile without the city or village limits.
- 244 Eighty-second—To direct the location and regulate the use and construc-
- 245 tion of breweries, distilleries, livery stables, blacksmith shops and foundries.
- 246 within the limits of the city or village.
- 347 Eighty-third—To prohibit any offensive or unwholesome business or estab-
- 248 lishment within or within one mile of the limits of the corporation.
- 249 Eighty-fourth-To compel the owner of any grocery, cellar, soap or tallow
- 250 chandlery, tannery, stable, pig-sty, privy, sewer or other unwholesome or
- 251 nauseous house or place, to cleanse, abate or remove the same, and to regulate
- 252 the location thereof.
- 253 Eighty-fifth—The city council or trustees of a village shall have power to
- 254 provide for the taking of the city or village census; but no city or village cen-
- 255 sus shall be taken by authority of the council or trustees, oftener than once in
- 256 three years.
- 257 Eighty-sixth-To provide for the erection and care of all public buildings
- 258 necessary for the use of the city or village.
- 259 Eightu-seventh—To establish ferries, toll-bridges, and license and regulate the
- 260 same, and, from time to time, fix tolls thereon.
- 261 Eightu-eighth—To authorize the construction of mills, mill-races and feeders
- 262 on, through or across the streets of the city or village, at such places and
- 263 under such restrictions as they shall deem proper.
- 264 Eighty-ninth—The city council shall have power, by condemnation or
- 265 otherwise, to extend any street, alley or highway over or across, or to construct
- 266 any sewer under or through any railroad track, right of way or land of any
- 267 railroad company, within the corporate limits; but where no compensation is
- 268 made to such railroad company, the city shall restore such railroad track,

- 269 right of way or land to its former state, or in a sufficient manner not to have
- 270 impaired its usefulness.
- 271 Ninetieth-The city council or board of trustees shall have no power to grant
- 272 the use of, or the right to lay down, any railroad tracks in any street of the
- 273 city, to any steam or horse railroad company, except upon a petition of the
- 274 owners of the land, representing more than one-half of the frontage
- 275 of the street, or so much thereof as is sought to be used for railroad
- 276 purposes.
- 277 Ninety-first—To tax, license and regulate auctioneers, distillers, brewers, lum-
- 278 ber yards, livery stables, public scales, money changers and brokers.
- 279 Ninety-econd—To prevent and regulate the rolling of hoops, playing of ball,
- 280 flying of kites, or any other amusement or practice having atendency to annoy
- 281 persons passing in the streets, or on the sidewalks, or to frighten teams and
- 282 horses.
- 283 Ninety-third-To regulate and prohibit the keeping of any lumber yard, and
- 984 the placing or piling or selling any lumber, timber, wood, or other combustible
- 285 material, within the fire limits of the city.
- 286 Ninety-fourth—To provide by ordinance, that all the paper, printing, station
- 287 ery, blanks, fuel and all the supplies needed for the use of the city, shall be
- 288 furnished by contract, let to the lowest bidder.
- 289 Ninety-fifth—To tax, license and regulate second-hand and junk stores, and
- 290 to forbid their purchasing or receiving from minors, without the written con-
- 291 sent of their parents or guardians, any article whatsoever.
- 292 Ninetu-sigth—To pass all ordinances, rules, and make all regulations proper
- 298 or necessary to carry into effect the powers granted to cities or villages, with
- 294 such fines or penalties as the city council or board of trustees shall deem proper:
- 295 Provided, no fine or penalty shall exceed \$200, and no imprisonment shall exceed
- 296 six months for one offense.

- Introduced by Mr. White, January 26, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 26, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipalities.
- S. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading, January 26, 1881.

For an Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An act to incorporate the Firemen's Ben evolent Association, and for other purposes," approved February 13, 1863.

Whereas, by the provisions of Section four (4) of an act entitled "An act to

- 2 amend an act entitled 'An act to incorporate the Firemen's Benevolent Associa-
- 3 tion, and for other purposes," approved February 18, 1868, the board of trustees
- 4 of said association were required to make the sum of forty thousand dollars,
- 6 (40,000), if there should be that amount in the hands of said association, if not,
- 7 then to make the sum of thirty-six thousand dollars a permanent fund, the .
- 8 annual interest of which to be applied as therein provided:
- 9 And whereas, by reason of the depreciation in value of real estate, and real
- 10 estate securities owned by said association, and from other causes, the annual
- 11 interest of said fund has decreased and is insufficient to meet the demands upon
- 12 the association for the relief of its needy members and the families of deceased
- 13 members entitled to aid therefrom, which demands are pressing and should be
- 14 met:
- 15 And whereas, it is the unanimous desire of said board of trustees and of said
- 16 association that the act aforesaid be amended as hereinafter provided; there-
- 17 fore.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly: The Section four (4) of an act entitled "An act to amend 'An act to incorporate the Firemen's Benevolent Association, and for other purposes," approved February 13, 1863, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows: Section 4. The board of trustees shall make the sum of forty thousand dollars (40,000), if there be that amount in the hands of said association, if not, then they shall make the sum of thirty-six thousand dollars a permanent fund, the annual interest of which shall be applied: First: To the relief of distressed. sick, injured or disabled members and their immediate families, and the cloth-10 ing and education of the orphans and half-orphans of indigent deceased mem-11 bers of said association; also, to provide a suitable burial and burial place for 12 indigent members and their immediate families. Second: Any surplus interest, 13 14 as aforesaid, after providing for the objects aforenamed, and paying the necessary expenses of the said trust, shall be annually equally divided and paid, one 15 equal one-quarter to the city of Chicago, when the said city, by its authorities, shall have erected a good and sufficient fire alarm telegraph, costing not less 17 than twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000), to be paid so long, and no longer, 19 than the said fire alarm telegraph shall be kept in good working order and operated by said city; one equal one-quarter of said surplus interest to the 20 Chicago Orphan Asylum, (Protestant); one equal one-quarter of said surplus 21 interest to the Catholic Orphan Asylum; one equal one quarter of said surplus 22 interest to the "Home of the Friendless," all of Chicago. The Orphan Asylums 23 24 and Home of the Friendless herein named shall have and receive each one-third part of said interest, until the aforesaid city of Chicago shall complete said fire 25 alarm telegraph: Provided, however, that on or after the first day of July, in the 26 year eighteen hundred and eighty-one, (July 1, 1881.) the said-board of trustees 27 of said Firemen's Benevolent Association may, if they elect so to do, reduce the 28 permanent fund aforesaid to the sum of not less than twenty-five thousand 29 dollars (\$25,000), the interest of which shall be applied as herein before provided; 30 and said board of trustees may apply any moneys in their hands, consequent 31 upon the reduction aforesaid to the relief of members and their immediate

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- 33 families, or the families of deceased members, in such sum or sums, and at such
- 34 time or times, as they may deem best; such moneys to be received and held by
- 35 said board of trustees as a contingent fund for the purposes aforesaid.



- Introduced by Mr. Callon, January 26, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 26, 1881, and referred to Committee on State Chari-
- table Institutions.

 3. February 4, 1881, ordered printed for the use of the Committee.

For an Act making an appropriation for the purchase of additional land for the Illinois Central Hospital for the Insane at Jacksonville.

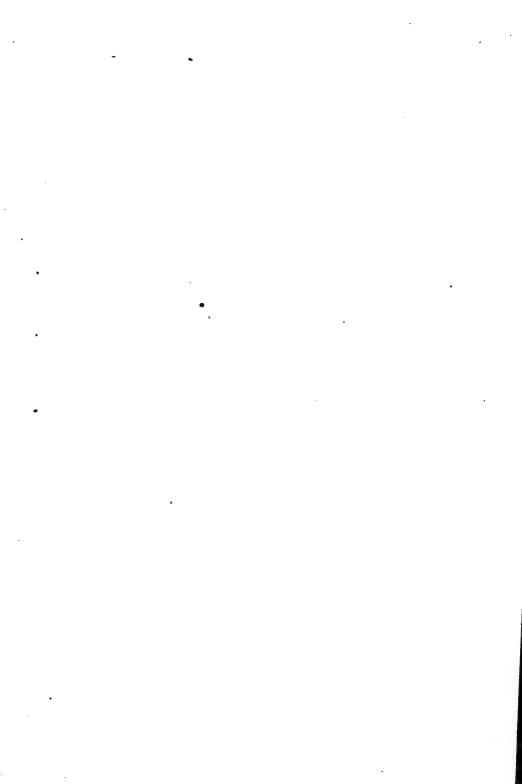
- 2 General Assembly, That for the purchase of one hundred and sixty (160) acres of
- 3 land for the use of the Blinois Central Hospital for the Insane, there be and is
- 4 hereby appropriated the sum of twelve thousand dollars (\$12,000), payable out
- 5 of any moneys in the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated.
 - \$ 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is bereby authorized and required to
- 2 draw his warrant upon the Treasurer for the said sum upon the order of the
- 3 board of trustees of the Illinois Central Hospital for the Insane, signed by the
- 4 president and attested by the secretary, with the seal of the institution, accom-
- 5 panied by such evidence as the Governor may require, that a good and valid
- 6 deed has been made conveying such land to the State of Illinois.

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- Introduced by Mr. Callon, January 26, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading January 26, 1881, and referred to Committee on State Charit-
- able Institutions.
- February 4, 1881, ordered printed for the use of the Committee.

For an Act to make appropriations for the Illinois Central Hospital for the Insane. at Jacksonville.

- 2 General Assembly, That the following amounts be and the same are hereby
- 3 appropriated to the Illinois Central Hospital for the Insane, at Jacksonville, for-
- the purposes hereinafter named, and for no other:
- For defraying the ordinary expenses of the said hospital, for one year, from the
- first of July, 1881, the sum of ninety thousand dollars (\$90,000), and at the rate of
- one hundred and ten thousand dollars (\$110,000) thereafter, until the expiration
- of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the next General Assembly.
- this appropriation to be payable quarterly, in advance.
- For improvements and repairs, six thousand dollars (\$6,000), per annum. 10
- 11 For improving the grounds, one thousand dollars (\$1,000), per annum.
- For building an additional filter, two thousand dollars (\$2,000). 12
- 13 For building a refrigerating house, six thousand dollars (\$6,000).
- 14 For rebuilding two end walls adjoining the centre building, three thousand
- dollars (\$3,000).
 - \$ 2. The moneys herein appropriated shall be due and payable to the trustees
- 2 or their order, only on the terms and in the manner now provided by law.



- Introduced by Mr. Callon, January 26, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 26, 1881, and referred to Committee on State Charitable Institutions.
- 8. February 4, 1881, ordered printed for the use of the Committee.
- April 9, 188', reported back with amendments, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.
- April 22, 1881, reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading.

For an Act to make appropriations for the Illinois Central Hospital for the Insane, at Jacksonville.

- 2 General Assembly, That the following amounts be and are hereby appro-
- 8 priated to the Illinois Central Hospital for the Insane, at Jacksonville, for the
- 4 purposes hereinafter named, and for no other:
- 5 For defraying the ordinary expenses of the said hospital, for one year, from
- 6 the first of July, 1881, the sum of ninety thousand dollars (\$90,000), and at the
- 7 rate of one hundred and ten thousand dollars (\$110,000) thereafter, until the
- 8 expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the next General
- 9 Assembly, this appropriation to be payable quarterly in advance.
- 10 For improvements and repairs, six thousand dollars (\$6,000) per annum.
- 11 For improving the grounds, one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per annum.
- 19 For building an additional filter, two thousand dollars (\$2,000).
- 18 For building a refrigerating house, six thousand dollars (\$6,000).
- 14 For rebuilding two end walls adjoining the center building, three thousand
- 15 dollais (\$3,000).
 - § 2. The moneys herein appropriated shall be due and payable to the
 - 2 trustees, or their order, only on the terms and in the manner now provided by
- 8 law.

AMENDMENTS REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS, APRIL 22, 1881.

Amend Senate Bill No. 130 by striking out the words and characters: "one

- 2 hundred and ten thousand dollars (\$110,000)," found in 8th line of section one of
- 3 written bill, and insert in lieu thereof the words and characters: "one hundred
- 4 and four thousand dollars (\$104,000)."
- 5 Further amend section one by appropriating for improvements and repairs
- 6 "five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per annum," instead of "six thousand dollars
- 7 (\$6,000) per annum."
- 8 And further amend section one by reducing the appropriation for a
- 9 refrigerating house from "six thousand dollars (\$6,000)" to "five thousand
- 10 dollars (\$5,000),"

- Introduced by Mr. Callon, January 26, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 28, 1881, and referred to Committee on State Charitable Institutions.
- 3. February 4, 1881, ordered printed for the use of the Committee.
- April 9, 1881, reported back with amendments, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.
- April 22, 1881, reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading.
- April 28, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to a third reading.

For an Act to make appropriations for the Illinois Central Hospital for the Insane, at Jacksonville.

- 2 General Assembly, That the following amounts be and are hereby appropri
- 8 ated to the Illinois Central Hospital for the Insane, at Jacksonville, for the
- 4 purposes hereinafter named, and for no other:
- 5 For defraying the ordinary expenses of the said hospital, for one year, from
- 6 the first of July, 1881, the sum of ninety thousand dollars (\$90,000), and at
- 7 the rate of one hundred and four thousand dollars (\$104,000) thereafter,
- 8 until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of
- 8 the next General Assembly, this appropriation to be payable quarterly in
- 10 advance.
- 11 For improvements and repairs, five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per annum.
- 12 For improving the grounds, one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per annum.
- 13 For building an additional filter, two thousand dollars (\$2,000).
- 14 For building a refrigerating house, five thousand dollars (*5,000).
- 15 For rebuilding two end walls adjoining the center building, three thous
- 16 and dollars (\$3,000).

- \$ 2. The moneys herein appropriated shall be due and payable to the
- 2 trustees, or their order, only on the terms and in the manner now provided
- 8 by law.

- 1. Reported to House May 3, 1481.
- 2. First reading May 4, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.
- Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in and ordered to second reading May 11, 1881.

4. Second reading May 21, 1881, amended, and ordered to a third reading

(Printed as amended.)

A BILL

For an Act to make appropriations for the Illinois Central Hospital for the Insane, at Jacksonville.

- 2 General Assembly, That the following amounts be and are hereby appropriated to the Illi-
- 3 nois Central Hospital for the Insane, at Jacksonville, for the purposes hereinafter named,
- 4 and for no other:
- 5 For defraying the ordinary expenses of the said hospital, for one year, from the first of
- 6 July, 18-1, the sum of ninety thousand dollars (\$90,000), and at the rate of one hundred
- 7 and four thousand dollars (\$104,000) thereafter, until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after
- state adjournment of the next General Assembly, this appropriation to be payable quarterly in
- 9 a lyance.
- 10 For improvements and repairs, five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per annum.
- 11 For improving the grounds, one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per annum.
- 12 For building a refrigerating house, two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500).
- 13 For rebuilding two end walls adjoining the center building, turee thousand dollars
- [4] (\$3,000).
 - \$ 2. The moneys herein appropriated shall be due and payable to the trustees, or their
- 2 order, only on the terms and in the manner now provided by law.



- Reported to House May 3, 1881
- First reading May 4, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.
- Reported look, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading May 11, 1881,

For an Act to make appropriations for the Illinois Central Hospital for the Insane, at Jackson ville.

- General Assembly. That the following amounts be and are hereby appropriated to the Illi-
- nois Central Hospital for the Insane, at Jacksonville, for the purposes hereinafter named,
- and for no other:
- For defraying the ordinary expenses of the said hospital, for one year, from the first of 5
- July, 1881, the sum of ninety thousand dollars (890 000), and at the rate of one hundred
- and four thou- and do, lars (\$104,900) thereafter, until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after
- the adjournment of the next General Assembly, this appropriation to be payable quarterly in
- advance.
- For improvements and repairs, five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per admum. 100
- For improving the grounds, one thousand dollars (\$1.000, per annum. 11
- For building an additional filter, two thousand dollars (\$2,000). 12
- 12 For building a refrigerating house, five thousand dollars (\$5,000)
- For rebuilding two end walls adjoining the center building, three thousand dollars
- (#3,00-).
- § 2. The moneys herein appropriated s'iall be due and payable to the trustees, or their
- 2 order, only on the terms and in the manner now provided by law.

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1 Reported to House May 3, 1881

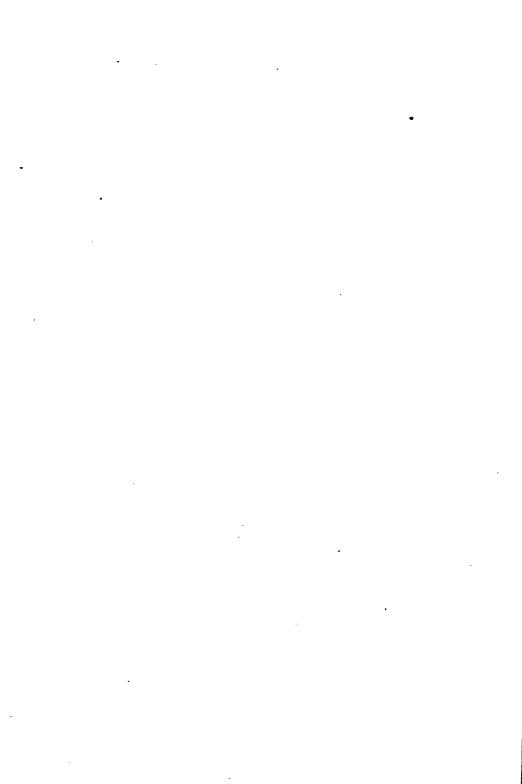
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- 2 First reading May 4, 1883, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.
- Repair of back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading May 11, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to make appropriations for the Illinois. Central Hospital for the Insane, at Jackson ville.

- 2 General Assembly. That the following amounts be and are hereby appropriated to the Illi-
- 3 nois Central Hospital for the Insane at Jacksonville, for the purposes hereimafter named.
- 4 and for no other:
- 5 For defraying the ordinary expenses of the said hospital, for one year, from the first of
- 6 July, 1881, the sum of ninety thousand dollars (\$90,000), and at the rate of one hundred
- 7 and four thou-and declars (\$104,900) trereafter, until the expiration of the first fieed quarter after
- 8 the adjournment of the next General Assembly, this appropriation to be payable quarterly in
- 9 odvance.
- 10 For improvements and repairs, five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per admin.
- 11 For improving the grounds, one thousand dollars (\$1.000) per annum.
- 12 For building an additional filter, two thousand dollars (\$2,000).
- 12 For building a refrigerating house, five thousand dollar- (\$5,000)
- 14 For rebuilding two end walls adjoining the center building, here thousand dollars
- 15 (¥3,00).
- \$ 2. The moneys herein appropriated shall be due and payable to the trustees, or their
- 2 order, only on the terms and in the manner now provided by law.



- Introduced by Mr. Needles, January 26, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 26, 1881, and referred to Committee on Revenue.
- First reading January 26, 1881, and referred to Committee on Revenue.
 Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 2, 1881.

For an Act to provide a sinking fund for local indebtedness.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That whenever any county, township; city, town or school district shall owe any bonded debt not due, which is registered in the office of the Auditor of this State, the board of supervisors or board of county commissioners, town auditors, city council, town trustees or school directors of such county, township, city, town or school district, as the case may be, may, by resolution spread upon their records and certified to the Auditor, request said Auditor to create a sinking fund to meet any such debt or any installment thereof by the time the same shall become due and payable. Said resolution shall specify the principal amount to be so provided for, the time when the same

- shall become due, and the amount they desire raised annually to meet the same.

 § 2. Upon the receipt of such resolution the Auditor shall file in his office
- 2 the same, and thereafter it shall be his duty, in certifying the amount of taxes
- B to be raised within said district, to fix and certify a rate, to be denominated
- 4 "Sinking Fund Tax," sufficient to produce the amount annually required in said
- 5 resolution, and no more, and the same shall be levied, extended, collected, and
- 6 paid into the State Treasury the same as other State taxes.
 - \$ 3. The State Transurer shall receive said taxes, so collected, and may invest
- 2 the same in United States bonds and hold the same subject to the order of the
- 3 authorities of the locality or municipality to which they belong, to be used by

- 4 them for the payment of said indebtedness when it matures, and said State
- 5 Treasurer shall, from time to time, as the interest shall fall due on the bonds
- 6 so purchased, collect the same and re-invest said interest so collected in like
- 7 bonds; and said State Treasurer shall be liable on his official bond for the safe
- 8 keeping of said money and bonds, as in cases of the receipt of all other moneys
- 9 which he is required by law to receive.

1. Reported to House February 18, 1881.

First reading February .6, 1881, and referred to Committee on Banks and Banking.
 Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading. March 18, 1881.

4. Second reading March 31, 1881, amended, and ordered to a third reading.

 April 1, 1881, vote reconsidered, further amended, and, April 7, ordered to third reading.

(Printed as amended.)

A BILL

For an Act to provide a sinking fund for local indebtedness.

- 2 General Assembly, That whenever any county, township, city, town or school district shall
- 3 owe any bonded debt not due, which is registered in the office of the Auditor of this State,
- 4 the board of supervisors, or board of county commissioners, town auditors, city council,
- 5 town trustees or school directors of such county, township, city, town or school district, as
- 6 the case may be, may, by resolution spread upon their records, and certified to the auditor,
- 7 request said auditor to create a sinking fund to meet any such debt, or any installment
- 8 thereof, by the time the same shall become due and payable. Said resolution shall specify
- 9 the principal amount to be so provided for, the time when the same shall become due, and
- 10 the amount they desire raised annually to meet the same.
- § 2. Upon the receipt of such resolution the auditor shall file in his office the same, and
- 2 thereafter it shall be his duty, in certifying the amount of taxes to be raised within said
- 3 district, to fix and certify a rate, to be denominated "Sinking Fand Tax," sufficient to pro-
- 4 duce the an ount annually required in said resolution, and the same shall be levied, extended
- 5 and collected, and paid into the State Treasury the same as other State taxes.
 - § 3. The State Treasurer shall receive said taxes so collected, and shall invest the same
- 2 in United States Government bonds, or in the bonds of the county, township, city, village or

- 3 school district to which such fund belongs, and for which it is created, at the lowest price
- 4 for which such bonds can be purchased, not, however, to exceed the par value and accrued
- 5 interest, and such county commissioners, supervisors, town anditors, city council, town or
- 6 village trustees, or school directors, shall have the right to determine the kind of bonds they
- 7 will authorize to be purchased and to fix the maximum price that may be paid for the same,
- 8 and in case of the purchase of government bonds, then the treasurer shall receive the inter-
- 9 est as it accrues on said bonds and reinvest it in the same kind of securities, and in case of
- 10 the purchase of the bonds for which the sinking fund is raised, then such purchased bonds
- 11 shall be returned to the county, township, city, village or school district and be cancelled or
- 12 destroyed by the proper authorities.

1. Reported to House February 18, 1881.

2. First reading February 26, 1881, and referred to Committee on Banks and Banking.

 Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading, March 18, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to provide a sinking fund for local indebtedness.

- 2 General Assembly, That whenever any county, township, city, town or school district shall
- 8 owe any bonded debt not due, which is registered in the office of the Auditor of this State,
- 4 the board of supervisors, or board of county commissioners, town auditors, city council,
- 5 town trustees or school directors of such county, township, city, town or school district, as
- 6 the case may be, may, by resolution spread upon their records, and certified to the anditor,
- 7 request said auditor to create a sinking fund to meet any such debt, or any installment
- 8 thereof, by the time the same shall become due and payable. Said resolution shall specify
- 9 the principal amount to be so provided for, the time when the same shall become due, and
- 10 the amount they desire raised annually to meet the same.
 - § 2. Upon the receipt of such resolution the auditor shall file in his office the same and
- 2 thereafter it shall be his duty, in certifying the amount of taxes to be raised within said
- 3 district, to fix and certify a rate, to be denominated "Sinking Fund Tax," sufficient to produce the amount annually required in said resolution, and no more, and the same shall be
- 5 levied, extended and collected, and paid into the state treasury the same as other State taxes.
 - § 3. The State Treasurer shall receive said taxes, so collected, and may invest the same
- 2 in United States bonds and hold the same, subject to the order of the authorities of the
- 8 locality or municipality to which they belong, to be used by them for the payment of said
- 4 indebtedness when it matures, and said State Treasurer shall, from time to time, as the

- 5 interest shall fall due on the bonds so purchased, collect the same and re-invest said interest,
- 6 so collected, in like honds; and said State Tressurer shall be liable on his official bond for
- 7 the safe keeping of said money and bonds, as in cases of the receipt of all other moneys
- 8 which he is required by law to receive.

- 1. Introduced by Mr. Munn January 26, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading January 26, 1881, and referred to committee on Judicial Department.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 10, 1881.

For an Act for the appointment of Short-hand Reporters, and providing for their compensation.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, It shall be lawful for the judges of the several Judicial Circuits, and
- 3 for the judges of the superior court of Cook county, and for the judge of the county court of
- 4 Cook county to appoint short-hand reporters, not exceeding one for each judge presiding in
- 5 said courts, who shall take notes in short-hand of all proceedings in said courts, and shall be
- 6 paid by the county where the services are rendered, not exceeding eight dollars per diem,
- 7 upon the certificate of the judge presiding, and such reporters may receive not exceeding.
- 8 fifteen cents per folio for transcripts of such notes, to be paid by the person ordering the
- 9 same.

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 133 REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT MARCH 10, 1881.

- Amend by inserting after the word "courts" in line 8 of section 1, of written bill, the
- 2 words: "In all cases where deemed advisable by the courts."
- 3 Amend by striking out the word "eight" in line 10 of section 1, of written bill and insert
- 4 in lien thereof the word "six."



- 1. Introduced by Mr. Munn January 26, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading January 26, 1881, and referred to committee on Judicial Department.
- Reported back with amendments, pa-sage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 10, 1881.
- 4. March 17, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to a third reading.

For an Act for the appointment of Short-hand Reporters, and providing for their compensation.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly, It shall be lawful for the judges of the several Judicial Circuits, and for the judges of the superior court of Cook county, and for the judge of the county court of Cook county to appoint short-hand reporters, not exceeding one for each judge presiding in said courts, who shall take notes in short-hand of all proceedings in said courts, in all cases when deemed advisable by the court, and shall be paid by the county where the services are rendered, not exceeding six dollars per diem, upon the certificate of the judge presiding, and such reporters may receive not exceeding fifteen cents per folio for transcripts of such

notes, to be paid by the person ordering the same.



- Introduced by Mr. Bent, January 26, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 27, 1881, and referred to Committee on Penal and Reformatory Institutions.
- February 9, 1881, ordered printed for the Committee.

For an Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Illinois State Penitentiary at Joliet, and to enable the Board of Commissioners thereof to purchase the necessary supplies for cash.

- 2 General Assembly, That the sum of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000), be and the
- 3 same is hereby appropriated to the Illinois State Penitentiary, at Joliet, for the
- 4 purpose of defraying the ordinary expenses of said institution, and of enabling
- 5 the Board of Commissioners thereof to purchase their supplies for cash, when-
- 6 ever the receipts from ordinary revenues of said institution are insufficient for
- 7 that purpose.
 - § 2. Whenever the funds in the hands of the warden of said penitentiary.
- 2 derived from the ordinary revenue of said institution, shall be insufficient to
- 3 pay cash for such supplies as shall be needed from time to time, said warden
- 4 shall make a statement of the funds in his hands available for that purpose, and
- 5 also a detailed statement of the amount required for the purchase of such
- 6 supplies, which said statement shall be certified to by the president and
- 7 secretary of said Board of Commissioners, under the seal of said institution, and
- shall be submitted to the Governor, for approval, and, if approved by him, the
- 9 Auditor of Public Accounts shall draw his warrant on the State Treasurer for
- to the amount necessary for the payment of said supplies, after deducting the

- 11 amount in the hands of the warden available for that purpose. No payment
- 12 shall be made out of this appropriation, for any month, until the Commissioners
- 13 have filed with the Auditor vouchers for all sums previously drawn.

- Introduced by Mr. Bent, January 26, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading January 27, 1881, and referred to Committee on Penal and Reformatory Institutions. Second reading February 9, 1881, ordered printed for the Committee.

For an Act making appropriations for making repairs and improvements in the Illinois State Penitentiary, at Joliet, repairing roofs, relaying floors, kalsomining and painting buildings, for re-building the stone portico, for building a new barn, purchasing the gas works and introducing gas into the cells.

- General Assembly. That the following sums be, and the same are hereby
- appropriated for the Illinois State Penitentiary, at Joliet, for the purpose
- bereinafter named, and for no other.
- For renewing roofs, for relaying floors, for kalsomining and painting, for
- rebuilding the portico in front of the warden's house, and other smaller
- necessary repairs, the sum of twenty thousand dollars (*20,000).
- For building a new barn of stone, with cellar underneath, the sum of five
- thousand dollars (\$5,000).
- 10 For purchasing the gas works now located and in use in the prison, and
- introducing gas into the cells, the sum of seven thousand dollars (\$7,000), 11
- § 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized to draw his
- w irrant upon the State Treasurer for the moneys herein appropriated, upon the
- order of the Board of Commissioners of said penitentiary, signed by the
- president, and attested by the secretary, with the seal of the institution thereto
- affixed.



Reported to House, A₁ ril 29, 1881. First reading May 2, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations. Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading May 4, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act making appropriations for making repairs and improvements in the Illinois State Penitentiary, at Joliet; repairing roofs, relaying floors, calsomining and painting buildings, for rebuilding the stone portico, for building a new barn, purchasing the gas works and introducing gas into the cells.

- General Assembly. That the following sums be and the same are hereby appro-
- priated for the Illinois State Penitentiary, at Joliet, for the purposes hereinafter
- named and for no other:
- For renewing roofs, for relaying floors, for calsomining and painting, for 5
- rebuilding the portico in front of the warden's house, and other smaller neces-
- sarvfrepairs, the sum of twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000). 7
- 8 For building a new barn of stone, with cellar underneath, the sum of five
- thousand dollars (\$5,000).
- 10 For purchasing the gas works, now located and in use in the prison, and intro-
- 11 ducing gas into the cells, the sum of seven thousand dollars (\$7,000).
 - § 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized to draw his war-
- 2 rant upon the State Treasurer for the moneys herein appropriated, upon the
- 3 order of the board of commissioners of said penitentiary, signed by the presi-
- 4 dent and attested by the secretary, with the seal of said institution thereto
- 5 affixed.



dollars per annum.

. Reported to House March 28, 1881.

First reading March 26, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.
 Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading April 14, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act making an appropriation for the ordinary expenses of the State Laboratory of Natural History, at Normal, and for the improvement of the Library thereof.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That there be and hereby is appropriated to the State Laboratory of Natural History, at Normal, for the expenses of field work on the zoology of the State, the sum of seven hundred dollars per annum; for the expenses of field work on the botany of the State, the sum of five hundred dollars per annum: for the supply of the State Historical Library and Natural History Museum, at Springfield, the sum of four hundred dollars per annum; for the supply of the State educational institutions, the sum of one hundred dollars per annum; for the supply of the public high schools, the sum of one hundred dollars per annum; for the investigation of the food of birds, the sum 10 of one hundred dollars per annum; for the investigation of the food of fishes, 12 the sum of fifty dollars per annum; for the investigation of the parasitic plants and animals of the State, the sum of two hundred dollars per annum; for the 18 improvement of the library, the sum of eight hundred dollars per annum; for 14 the pay of an assistant, the sum of eight hundred dollars per annum; for the 15 publication of bulleting the sum of four hundred dollars per annum; for office 16 and incidental expenses of the laboratory, the sum of three hundred and fifty

- § 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and required to
- 2 draw his warrant upon the Treasurer for the aforesaid moneys, upon the order
- 3 of the State Board of Education, signed by the president and attested by the
- 4 secretary of said board: Provided, that no part of the moneys herein appropri-
- 5 ated shall be due and payable to the said institution until satisfactory vouchers
- 6 in detail, approved by the Governor, have been filed with the Auditor for the
- 7 expenditure of the last quarterly installment of appropriations herein or hereto-
- 8 fore made.
 - § 8. This act shall be and continue in force from the first day of July, A. D.
- 2 1881, until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the
- 3 next General Assembly.

- Introduced by Mr. Fifer, January 27, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading January 27, 1881, and referred to Committee on Education
- and Educational Institutions.
- February 11, 1881, reported back, passage recommended, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

 March 4, 1881, reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second
- reading

For an Act making an appropriation for the ordinary expenses of the State Laboratory of Natural History, at Normal, and for the improvement of the Library thereof.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the 2 General Assembly. That there be and hereby is appropriated to the State Laboratory of Natural History, at Normal, for the expenses of field work on the

zoology of the State, the sum of seven hundred dollars per annum; for the

expenses of field work on the botany of the State, the sum of five hundred

dollars per annum; for the supply of the State Historical Library and Natural

History Museum, at Springfield, the sum of four hundred dollars per annum:

for the supply of the State educational institutions, the sum of one hundred

dollars per annum; for the supply of the public high schools, the sum of one

hundred dollars per annum; for the investigation of the food of birds, the sum

of one hundred dollars per annum; for the investigation of the food of fishes,

the sum of fifty dollars per annum; for the investigation of the parasitic plants

and animals of the State, the sum of two hundred dollars per annum; for the

improvement of the library, the sum of eight hundred dollars per annum; for

the pay of an assistant, the sum of eight hundred dollars per annum; for the

16 publication of bulletins, the sum of four hundred dollars per annum; for office

- 17 and incidental expenses of the Laboratory, the sum of three hundred and fifty
 18 dollars per annum.
 - § 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and required to
- 2 draw his warrant upon the treasurer for the aforesaid moneys, upon the order
- 3 of the State Board of Education, signed by the president and attested by the
- 4 secretary of said board: Provided, that no part of the moneys herein appropri-
- 5 ated shall be due and payable to the said institution until satisfactory vouchers
- 6 in detail, approved by the Governor, have been filed with the Auditor for the
- 7 expenditure of the last quarterly installment of appropriations herein or
- 8 heretofore made.
 - § 3. This act shall be and continue in force from the first day of July, A. D.
- 2 1881, until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the
- 8 next General Assembly.

- 1. Introduced by Mr. Fifer, January 27, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading January 27, 1881, and referred to Committee on State Charitable Institutions.
- 3. February 3, 1881, ordered printed for use of Committee.

For an Act making an appropriation for erecting and furnishing a Hospital for Instanc Criminals.

Section 4. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That the sum of eighty thousand dollars, or so much thereof

3 as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby appropriated for erecting and

4 furnishing in connection with the Southern Illinois Penitentiary, a hospital for

5 -the insane criminals of the State of Illinois; said-hospital to-be erected accord-

6 ing to the plans agreed on by the commissioners of said penitentiary and the

7 Board of Commissioners of Public Charities of the State of Illinois.

2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized to draw his war-

2 rant on the State Treasurer, payable to the order of said commissioners of said 3 penitentiary, for the amount herein appropriated in sums not exceeding ten

4 thousand dollars each: Provided, however, that after the first sum of ten thou-

5 sand dollars is drawn no further part of the money herein appropriated shall be

6 drawn by said commissioners until they shall have presented to the Auditor a

7 certificate, signed by them or a majority of them and approved by the Governor,

8 that the money specified in said certificate is necessary for the purposes of this

9 act and that they have not subject to their control the sum of one thousand dol-

0 lars previously drawn under this act, which certificate shall be accompanied by

1 an abstract, signed by said commissioners or a majority of them, with vouchers

2 showing how and to whom said money has been paid and the purpose for which

13 it has been expended.

- \$ 3. As soon as said hospital is completed, said commissioners shall give notice thereof to the Governor of the State, who shall thereupon notify the superintendents of the various insane hospitals of the State and the warden of the State penitentiary, at Joliet, that said hospital is ready to receive inmates, and thereupon said superintendents shall convey all insane convicts under their charge to said insane hospital, and the warden of the penitentiary at Joliet shall convey all insane convicts and shall thereafter convey all convicts that may become insane, to said hospital. Said insane convicts shall in each case be accompanied by their descriptive roll and all moneys and effects of value belonging to them.
- \$ 4. For conveying such convicts to said hospital the same fees shall be 2 allowed and be paid in the same manner as is now allowed and paid for conveying prisoners to the penitentiary.
- \$ 5. Should any of said insane convicts become sane prior to the expiration of their term of confinement, they shall be retained and employed in said Southern Illinois Penitentiary as other convicts. Should the term of sentence of any of such convicts expire before their mental restoration, they shall be retained in said convict insane hospital until they regain the use of their mental faculties, unless their relatives of friends shall make written application for their remo all therefrom, which application shall be addressed to said penitent tiary commissioners, and accompanied by a good and sufficient bond, to be approved by said commissioners, which bond shall be made payable to the Commissioners of the Southern Illinois Penitentiary for the use of the people of the State of Illinois, and conditioned that such insone person or persons shall not become a public charge.
- \$ 6. Said hospital for insane convicts shall be under the government and con2 trol of the commissioners of the Southern Illinois Penitentiary and subject to
 3 the same supervision on the part of the Board of Public Charities of the State
 4 as are the other insane hospitals of the State. The superintendent of said
 5 hospital shall be appointed by said commissioners of said penitentiary, shall
 6 reside at the hospital and shall be the surgeon of said Southern Illinois Peniten7 tiary.

- \$ 7. Any and all allowances granted to discharged convicts and required to
- 2 be paid by the penitentiary under the laws of this State, shall in case such con-
- 3 vict is insane and in said insane hospital at the time of the expiration of his
- 4 term of service, be paid to the superintendent of said hospital by the authorities
- 5 of the prison from which he was sent to said hospital, and said superintendent
- 6 shall give bond in the sum of five thousand dollars to the people of the State of
- 7 Illinois, to be approved by said commissioners, conditioned for the faithful per
- 8 formance of his duty, and a just and honest accounting for all the moneys and
- 9 property that may come into his hand as such superintendent.
 - § 8. Said superintendent shall make quarterly reports to said commissioners
- 2 of the condition and doings of said hospital for the three months preceding said
- 3 report: and shall make full and complete report of said hospital to said commis
- 4 sioners biennially on the 1st day of October preceding each session of the Gen
- 5 eral Assembly of the State.
- § 9. The salary of said superintendent shall be the same allowed to superin 2 tendents of similar institutions of the State.



- Introduced by Mr. Bent, January 27, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 27, 1881, and referred to Committee on Penal and Reformatory Institutions.
- February 9, 1881, ordered printed for use of Committee.

For an act making an appropriation for the erection of certain buildings at the Southern Illinois Penitentiary, and for the purchase of machinery for said prison.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That the sum of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby appropriated for the purchase of the necessary material and the employment of such skilled labor as may be found absolutely necessary, together with convict labor, for the erection and completion of the south cell house, convicts kitchen, convicts laundry, female prison, solitary and deputy's office, hospital, two work shops, barn, and water works, of the Southern Illinois Penitentiary, in accordance with the plans and specifications adopted for said prison, the erection of necessary gas works, and for the purchase of the necessary machinery for said prison: Provided, that such buildings as may be inside the prison yard may be built of brick, in the discretion of the commissioners: . And, provided, further, that in erecting said south cell house, and cells, said, commissioners may make such provisions as to the size and form of said cells, with a view to grading the prisoners, as shall, at no additional cost to the State, in their judgment, tend to improve the discipline of said prison, and conduse to the welfare and improve ment of the prisoners themselves. In the erection of said buildings, said commissioners shall make no contract for, or employ any other than convict

- 19 labor where the same can be used with due regard to the proper construction of 20 said buildings.
 - § 2. The money hereby appropriated shall be paid out of any money in the
- 2 Treasury not otherwise appropriated, on the warrant of the Auditor of Public
- 3 Accounts, in sums not exceeding ten thousand dollars at any one-time, and the
- 4 Auditor is hereby authorized to draw his warrant on the Treasurer in said
- 5 sums, of not exceeding ten thousand dollars each, for the sum of money herein
- 6 appropriated, on receiving a certificate of said commissioners, or a majority of
- 7 them, approved by the Governor, that said sum is necessary for the purposes
- 8 contemplated by this act: Provided, that after said commissioners shall have
- 9 drawn any amount of money by virtue of this act, they shall not be authorized
- 10 to draw or receive any more so long as there shall remain in their hands the
- 11 amount of one thousand dollars.
 - → \$ 3. Whenever said commissioners shall present to the Auditor the certificate
- 2 mentioned in Section 2 of this act, they shall file therewith an abstract to be
- 3 signed by said commissioners, or a majority thereof, accompanied by vouchers
- 4 showing the expenditure of the money previously drawn, how expended, to
- 5 whom, and for what the same has been paid.
 - § 4. Whereas an emergency exists, therefore, this act shall take effect and be
- 2 in force from and after its passage.

ுற்று பட்ட நட்டாட்ட படியன் படியன் நிருந்து படிய காக கொழு அறை நாணைகள் உடிய அரசு அரசு நான் படிய அரசு அரசு அறுக்கும் அறுக்கும் அரசு காக காக காக காக அரசு அறுக்கும் அறுக்கும் அறுக்கும் அரசு

 Introduced by Mr. Bent, January 27, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 27, 1881, and referred to Committee on Penal and Reformatory Institutions.

February 9, 1881, ordered printed for the use of the Committee.

A BILL

For an Act making an appropriation to meet the current expenses of the Southern Illinois Penitentiary.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That the sum of two hundred and fifty thousand dellars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby appropriated for the purpose of defraying the ordinary current expenses of the Southern Illinois Penitentiary, from July 1, A. D. 1881, to June 30, A. D. 1883, which sum shall be paid to the commissioners of said penitentiary on the warrant of the Auditor of Public Accounts, in sums not exceeding five thousand dollars at any one time; and the Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized to draw his warrant on the Treasurer for the money herein appropriated in sums not exceeding five thousand dollars at any one time, on receiving a certificate of said commissioners, or a majority of them, approved by the Governor, that such

5.2. After said commissioners shall have drawn any amount of the money herein appropriated, they shall not draw or receive any more thereof so long as there shall remain in their hands an amount unexpended exceeding one thousand dollars; and they shall file with the Auditor proper abstracts and vouchers showing the expenditure of such money, to whom paid, and for what purpose.

money is necessary for the purposes contemplated by this act,

§ 3. Said commissioners shall file with the Auditor monthly statements of all moneys received by them from whatever source and of all disbursements

- 3 made by them, for what, and to whom made, as is now required by Section
- 4 thirty-six (36), Chapter one hundred and eight (108), of the revised statutes of
- 5 Illinois, relating to penitentiaries.

- Introduced by Mr. Bent, January 27, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 27, 1831, and referred to Committee on Penal and Reformatory Institutions.
 Beported back, passage recommended, and referred to Committee on Appropriations March 25, 1881.
- April 8, 1881, reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to a second reading.

A BILL

For an Act making an appropriation to meet the current expenses of the Southern Illinois Penitentiary.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

2 General Assembly, That the sum of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby appropriated for the purpose of defraying the ordinary current expenses of the Southern Illinois Penitentiary from July 1, A. D. 1881, to June 30, A. D. 1883, which sum shall be paid to the commissioners of said penitentiary, on the warrant of the Auditor of Public Accounts, in sums not exceeding five thousand dollars at any one time. And the Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized to draw his warrant on the treasurer for the money herein appropriated, in sums not exceeding five thousand dollars at any one time, on receiving a certificate of said commissioners, or a majority of them approved by the Governor, that such

§ 2. After said commissioners shall have drawn any amount of the money 2 herein appropriated, they shall not draw or receive any more thereof so long as 3 there shall remain in their hands an amount unexpended exceeding one thou-

money is necessary for the purposes contemplated by this act.

- 4 sand dollars, and they shall file with the Auditor proper abstracts and vouchers
- 5 showing the expenditure of such money, to whom paid, and for what purpose.

- § 8. Said commissioners shall file with the Auditor monthly statements of
- 2 all moneys received by them, from whatever source, and of all disbursements
- 8 made by them, for what, and to whom made, as is now required by section
- 4 thirty-six (86), chapter one hundred and eight (108), of the Revised Statutes of
- 5 Illinois, relating to penitentiaries.

- Introduced by Mr. Evans, January 27, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 27, 1881, and referred to Committee on State Charitable Institutions.
- February 3, 1881, ordered printed for use of Committee.

For an Act making appropriations for the ordinary and other expenses of the Illinois Northern Hospital for the Insane, at Elgin.

- 2 General Assembly, That the following amounts be and are hereby appropriated
- 3 to the Northern Hospital for the Insane, at Elgin, for the purposes herein named
- 4 and for none other:
- 5 For ordinary expenses the sum of one hundred and three thousand two hun-
- 6 dred and fifty dollars (\$103.250) per annum, payable quarterly in advance, from
- 7 the first day of July, A. D. 1881, until after the expiration of the first fiscal
- 8 quarter after the adjournment of the next General Assembly.
- 9 For repairs and contingent fund, five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per annum;
- 10 total, \$10,000.
- 11 For improvement of grounds, one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per annum: total,
- 12 \$2,000.
- 13 For new boilers and connections, ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).
- 14 For front fence and gateways for hospital grounds, two thousand dollars
- 15 (\$2,000).
- 16 For new ice house, one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
- 17 For apparatus for a pathological laboratory, one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
 - § 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized to draw his war-
- 2 rant upon the Treasurer for the money herein appropriated, upon the order of

- 8 the board of trustees of said institution, signed by the president and attested by
- 4 the secretary, with the seal of the institution thereto affixed, subject to the
- 5 limitation and conditions in Sections eighteen (18), nineteen(19) and twenty (20)
- 6 of an act entitled "An act to regulate the State charitable institutions and the
- 7 State reform school, and to improve their organization and increase their effi-
- 8 ciency," approved April 15, 1875.



- Introduced by Mr. Secrist, January 27, 1881, and ordered to First Reading First Reading January 27, 1881, and referred to Committee on Counties and Township Organizations.

 Reported back, Passage Recommended, and ordered to Second Reading.

February 26, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to require officers having in their custody public funds to prepare and publish an annual statement of the receipt and disbursement of such fund.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That each and every public officer elected or appointed of each and every county and township in this State, who shall by virtue of his or her office, have the custody of public funds, shall, at the expiration of each fiscal year, prepare a statement of the amount of public funds received and expended by him or herduring the fiscal year just closed, which statement shall show the amount of public funds, if any, on hand at the commencement of said fiscal year, the amount of public funds received and from what source received, the amount of public funds expended and for what purposes expended; and the officer making such statement shall subscribe and swear to the same before 11 some person authorized to administer oaths; and such officer shall cause such statement to be published in some newspaper published in the county in which such officer holds his or her office, for one week; and if no newspaper be published in such county, then such officer shall make three written copies of such 14 statement, and post them in three of the most public places nearest to the location of his or her office: Provided, that the provisions of this act shall not apply to township collectors in counties under township organization: And, pro18 rided, further, that the cost for the publication of said statement shall not in the same of one dollar per hundred words.

§ 2. Any public officer of any county or township in this State, who, by virtue of his or her office, shall have the custody of public funds, and who shall refuse or neglect to comply with the provisions of the first section of this act, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than fifty dollars, nor more than five hundred dollars, at the discretion of the court, which fine shall be paid into the treasury of the county or township in which the officer convicted of said misdemeanor shall hold his or her office; and it shall be the duty of the State's Attorney for the county in which said misdemeanor is committed, to bring suit against any public officer charged with the violations of the provisions of this act, is any court having jurisdiction: Provided, that nothing in this act shall apply to any officer or officers who are now required by law to make and publish such annual statement.

- Introduced by Mr. Secrest, January 27, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading January 27, 1881, and referred to Committee on Counties and Township Organizations.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading Feb. 26, 1881.
 March 4, 1881, second reading, amended and ordered to third reading.

For an Act to require officers having in their custody public funds to prepare and publish an annual statement of the receipt and disbursement of such funds.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly, That each and every public officer (elected or appointed) of each and every county and township in this State, who shall, by virtue of his or her office, have the custody of public funds, shall, at the expiration of each fiscal year, prepare a statement of the amount of public funds received and expended by him or her during the fiscal year just closed, which statement shall show the amount of public funds, if any, on hand at the commencement of said fiscal year, the amount of public funds received and from what source received, the amount of public funds expended and for what purpose expended; and the officer making such statement shall subscribe and swear to the same before some person authorized to administer oaths; and such officer shall cause such statement to be published in some newspaper published in the county in which such officer holds his or her office, for one week; and if no newspaper be published in such county, then such officer shall make three written copies of such statement, and post them in three of the most public places nearest to the loca-15 tion of his or her office: Provided, that the provisions of this act shall not apply to township collectors in counties under township organizations: And, provided, turther, that the cost for the publication of said statement shall not

19 exceed the sum of one dollar per hundred words.

§ 2. Any public officer of any county or township in this State, who, by vir tue of his or her office, shall have the custody of public funds, and who shall refuse or neglect to comply with the provisions of the first section of this act, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than fifty dollars, nor more than five hundred dollars, at the discretion of the court, which fine shall be paid into the treasury of the county or township in which the officer convicted of said misdemeanor shall hold his or her office; and it shall be the duty of the State's Attorney for the county in which said misdemeanor is committed to bring suit in the name of the people of the State of Illinois against any public officer charged with the violations of the provisions of this act, in any court having jurisdiction: Provided, that nothing in this act shall apply to any officer or officers who are now required by 13 law to make and publish such annual statement, nor shall the same apply to county treasurers when their annual statement is published by the county board. This act shall apply to justices of the peace, who shall be required to report all fines collected by them belonging to the school or county fund.

- Introduced by Mr. Secrest, January 27, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading January 27, 1881, and referred to Committee on Counties and 4)
- Township Organization. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 26, 1881.
- March 4, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.
- March 23, 1881, passed, reconsidered, and recommitted to Committee on Judicial Department.
- April 8, 1881, reported back, recommendation do not pass, minority report recommending to pass, with amendments, made special order for April 12.
- April 12, 1881, minority report substituted for majority report, bill ordered on file and printed with amendments.

A BILL

For an Act to require officers having in their custody public funds to prepare and publish an annual statement of the receipt and disbursement of such funds.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly, That each and every public officer, elected or appointed, of each and every county and township in this State, who shall, by virtue of his or her office, have the custody of public funds, shall, at the expiration of each fiscal year, prepare a statement of the amount of public funds received and expended by him or her during the fiscal year just closed, which statement shall show the amount of public funds, if any, on hand at the commencement of said fiscal year, the amount of public funds received, and from what sources received. the amount of public funds expended, and for what purposes expended; and the officer making such statement shall subscribe and swear to the same before some person authorized to administer oaths; and such officer shall cause such 11 statement to be published in some newspaper published in the county in which such officer holds his or her office, for one week; and if no newspaper be published in such county, then such officer shall make three written copies of such

statement, and post them in three of the most public places nearest to the location of his or her office: *Provided*, that the provisions of this act shall not apply to township collectors in counties under township organization: *And.* provided, further, that the cost for the publication of said statement shall not exceed the sum of one dollar per hundred words.

§ 2. Any public officer of any county or township in this State—who, by virtue 2 of his or her office, shall have the custody of public funds, and who shall refuse or neglect to comply with the provisions of the first section of this act, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than fifty dollars nor more than five hundred dollars, at the discretion of the court, which fine shall be paid into the treasury of the county or township in which the officer convicted of said misdemeanor shall hold his or her office; and it shall be the duty of the State's Attorney for the county in which said misdemeanor is committed, to bring suit in the name of the People of the State of Illinois against any public officer charged with the violations of the provisions of this act, in any court having jurisdiction: Provided, that nothing 11 in this act shall apply to any officer or officers who are now required by law to make and publish such annual statement, nor shall the same apply to county treasurers when their annual statement is published by the county board. This act shall apply to justices of the peace who shall be required to report all fines 16 collected by them belonging to the school or county fund.

AMENDMENTS REPORTED BY THE MINORITY OF THE COMMITTEE ON JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT TO SENATE BILL NO. 144

Amend by inserting after the word "to," in fourth (written) line from the end 2 of section one, the following words: "sheriffs, circuit clerks, county clerks, 3 county recorders, county superintendents of schools, county treasurers, county

- 4 collectors and."
- 5 Amend by adding to section one the following: "to be paid out of the funds
- 6 in the hands of the officer making such statement: And, provided, further, that

- 7 said public officer shall not be required to have said statement published if he
- 8 shall be unable to procure such publication at the price allowed by the act."
- 9 Amend the bill by striking out of section two all of the provision attached to
- 10 the close of said section.



Introduced by Mr. Secrest, January 27, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 27, 1881, and referred to Committee on Counties and Township Organization.

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- 8. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 26, 1881.
- 4. March 4, 1881, second reading, amended and ordered to third reading.
- March 23, 1881, passed, reconsidered, and recommitted to Committe on Judicial Department.
- April 8, 1881, reported back, recommendation do not pass, minority report recommending to pass, with amendments, made special order for April 12.
- April 12, 1881, minority report substituted for majority report, bill ordered on file and printed with amendments.
- 8. April 19, 1881, amended and ordered to a third reading.

A BILL

For an Act to require officers having in their custody public funds to prepare an annual statement of the receipt and disbursement of such funds.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That each and every public officer, elected or appointed, of each and every county and township in this State, who shall, by virtue of his or her office, have the custody of public funds, shall, at the expiration of each fiscal year, prepare a statement of the amount of public funds received and expended by him or her during the fiscal year just closed, which statement shall show the amount of public funds, if any, on hand at the commencement of said fiscal year, the amount of public funds received, and from what sources received, the amount of public funds expended, and for what purposes expended; and the officer making such statement shall subscribe and swear to the same before some person authorized to administer oaths; and such officer shall cause such statement to be published in some newspaper published in the county in which such officer holds his or her office, for one week; and if no newspaper be published in such county, then such officer shall make three written copies of such

statement, and post them in three of the most public places nearest to the loca-

tion of his or her office: *Provide1*, that the provisions of this act shall not 17 apply to sheriffs, circuit clerks, county clerks, county recorders, county super-18 intendents of schools, county treasurers, county collectors and township collectors in counties under township organization: And, provided, further, that 19 the cost for the publication of said statement shall not exceed the sum of one 30 21 dollar per one hundred words to be paid out of the funds in the hands of the 22 officer making such statement: And, provided, further, that said public officer shall not be required to have said statement published if he shall be unable to procure such publication at the price allowed by this act. 24

§ 2. Any public officer of any county or township in this State, who, by virtue of his or her office, shall have the custody of public funds, and who shall refuse or neglect to comply with the provisions of the first section of this act, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than fifty dollars nor more than five hundred dollars, at the discretion of the court, which fine shall be paid into the treasury of the county or township in which the officer convicted of said misdemeanor shall hold his or her office; and it shall be the duty of the State's Attorney for the county in which said misdemeanor is committed, to bring suit in the name of the People of the State of Illinois against any public officer charged with the violations of the provisions of this act, in any court having jurisdiction.

(Substitute for No. 43.)

 Report from Committee on Municipalities January 28, 1881, and ordered to first reading.

2. First reading January 28, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section 13, of Article 11, of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages," approved April 10, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

- 2 General Assembly, That Section 13, of Article 11, of an act entitled "An act to
- 3 provide for the incorporation of cities and villages," approved April 10, 1872, in
- 4 force July 1, 1872, be amended so as to read as follows:
- 5 Section 13. (Annual Elections.) An annual election for three trustees and
- 6 a clerk of villages shall be held on the third Tuesday of April in each year:
- 7 Provided, that in villages, the territorial limits of which coincide with the terri-
- 8 torial limits of any township, an election for trustees and clerk of villages
- 9 shall be held at the same time and at the same polling places as the annual
- 10 township election, to-wit: On the first Tuesday of April in each year. Special
- 11 elections may be held, under such regulations as may be provided by ordinance,
- 12 to fill vacancies, and for other purposes.
 - \$ 2. [Emergency.] Whereas the inhabitants of certain villages in this State
- 2 are now subject to the expense of an unnecessary election in each year, whereby
- 3 an emergency exists, that this act shall take effect without delay, therefore this
- 4 act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

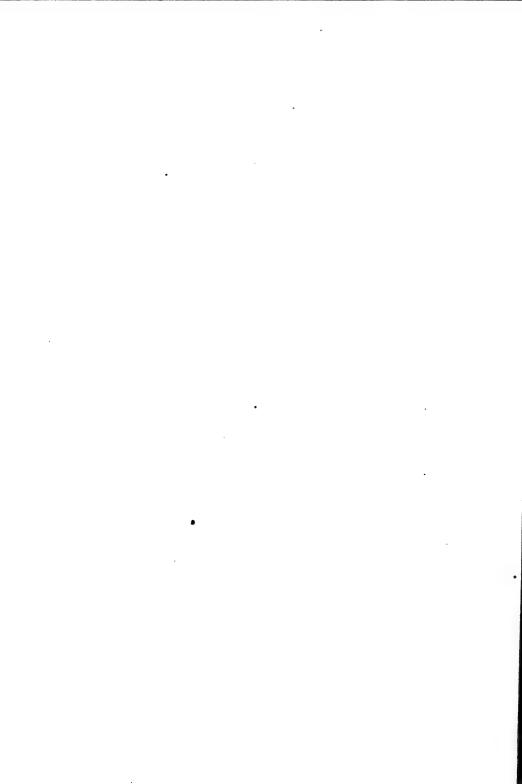


- Reported to House, February 9, 1881.
- 2. First reading February 11, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipal
- Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading February 24, 1881.

For an Act to amend Section 13, of Article 11, of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation of Cities and Villages," approved April 10, 1872, in force

July 1, 1872.

- 2 General Assembly. That Section 13, of Article 11, of an act entitled "An act to
- 3 provide for the incorporation of cities and villages," approved April 10, 1872, in
- 4 force July 1, 1872, be amended so as to read as follows:
- 5 Section 13. An annual election for three trustess and a clerk of villages shall
- 6 be held on the third Tuesday of April in each year: Provided, that in villages,
- 7 the territorial limits of which coincide with the territorial limits of any town-
- 8 ship, an election for trustees and clerk of villages shall be held at the same time
- 9 and at the same polling places as the annual township election, to-wit: On the
- 10 first Tuesday of April in each year. Special elections may be held under such
- 11 regulations as may be provided by ordinance to fill vacancies and for other pur-
- 12 poses.
 - § 2. Whereas, the inhabitants of certain villages in this State are now subject
- 2 to the expense of an unnecessary election in each year, whereby an emergency
- 3 exists, that this act shall take effect without delay, therefore this act shall take
- 4 effect and be in force from and after its passage.



(Substitute for No. 17.)

- Reported from Committee on Municipalities January 28, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading January 28, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section one hundred and twenty-three (123) of an act entitled "An'Act to extend the jurisdiction of county courts, and to provide for the practice thereof, and to fix the time for holding the same, and to repeal an act therein named," approved March 26, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

- 2 General Assembly. That Section one hundred and twenty-three of an act entitled
- 3 "An act to extend the jurisdiction of county courts, and to provide for the prac-
- 4 tice thereof, and to fix the time for holding the same, and to repeal an act
- 5 therein named," approved March 26, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, be and the same
- 6 is hereby amended so as to read as follows:
- 7 Section 123. Appeals and writs of error may be taken and prosecuted from the
- final orders, judgments and decrees of the county court to the Supreme Court
- 9 or Appellate Court (in proceedings for the confirmation of special assessments.)
- 10 in proceedings for the sale of lands for taxes and special assessments, and in all
- 11 common law and attachment cases and cases of forcible detainer and forcible
- 12 entry and detainer. Such appeals and writs of error shall, when not otherwise
- 13 provided, be taken and prosecuted in the same manner as appeals from and write
- 14 of error to circuit courts.

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Reported to House, February 10, 1881.

2. First reading February 11, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs

3. Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading, February 24, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section one hundred and twenty-three (123) of an act entitled "An act to extend the jurisdiction of County Courts, and to provide for the practice thereof, and to fix the time for holding the same, and to repeal an act therein named," approved March 26, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, as amended by act approved May 21, 1877, in force July 1, 1877.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

General Assembly. That section one hundred and twenty-three of an act entitled "An act to extend the jurisdiction of county courts, and to provide for the practice thereof, and to fix the time for holding the same, and to repeal an act therein named," approved March 26, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, as amended by act approved May 21, 1877, in force July 1, 1877, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows: Section 123. Appeals and writs of error may be taken and prosecuted from the final orders, judgments and decrees of the county court to the Supreme Court or Appellate Court, in proceedings for the confirmation of special assess-10 ments, in proceedings for the sale of lands for taxes and special assessments, and 11 in all common-law and attachment cases, and cases of forcible detainer and 12 forcible entry and detainer. Such appeals and writs of error shall, when not 13 otherwise provided, be taken and prosecuted in the same manner as appeals

from, and writs of error to, circuit courts.

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(Substitute for No. 17.)

- Reported from Committee on Municipalities January 28, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading January 28, 1881, and ordered to second reading.
- Second reading February 2 and ordered to third reading. February 3, reconsidered, amended and ordered to third reading.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section one hundred and twenty-three (123) of an act entitled "An Act to extend the jurisdiction of county courts, and to provide for the practice thereof, and to fix the time for holding the same, and to repeal an act therein named," approved March 26, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, as amended by act approved May 21, 1877, in force July 1, 1877.

- 2 General Assembly, That Section one hundred and twenty-three of an act entitled
- 3 "An act to extend the jurisdiction of county courts, and to provide for the prac-
- tice thereof, and to fix the time for holding the same, and to repeal an act
- therein named," approved March 26, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, as amended by
- act approved May 21, 1877, in force July 1, 1877, be and the same is hereby
- amended so as to read as follows:
- Section 123. Appeals and write of error may be taken and prosecuted from the
- final orders, judgments and decrees of the county court to the Supreme Court
- or Appellate Court in proceedings for the confirmation of special assessments.
- in proceedings for the sale of lands for taxes and special assessments, and in all 11
- common law and attachment cases and cases of forcible detainer and forcible
- entry and detainer. Such appeals and writs of error shall, when not otherwise
- provided, be taken and prosecuted in the same manner as appeals from and writs
- 15 of error to circuit courts.



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- Introduced by Mr. Fuller, January 28, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading January 28, 1881, and referred to Committee on Insurance. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 11, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Sections three (3), seven (7) and eight (8), of an act entitled "An Act to organize and regulate County Fire Insurance Companies," approved June 2, 1877, in force July 1, 1877.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly, That Sections three (3), seven (7), and eight (8), of an act entitled "An act to organize and regulate county fire insurance companies."

- approved June 2, 1877, and in force July 1, 1877, be, and the same are hereby so
- amended as to read, respectively, as follows:
- Section 3. The number of directors shall be not less than three -a majority 6
- of whom shall constitute a quorum to do business—to be elected from the
- corporators by ballot, and hold their offices until their successors are elected and
- qualified. In the election of the first board of directors, each corporator shall
- be entitled to one vote. All subsequent elections, except to fill vacancies, shall
- be held at the annual meeting of the company, which shall be on the first
- Tuesday after the first Monday of January in each year; and every person
- insured shall be entitled to as many votes as there are directors to be elected.

and an equal additional number for each five hundred dollars (\$500) that he

- may be insured in the company, and may cast the same in person or by proxy:
- 16 Provided, such votes shall be equally distributed among such number of
- candidates as shall be equal to the number of directors to be elected. 17
- 18 Section 7. Any person owning property in the county for which any such

company is formed, may become a member of such company by insuring therein, and shall be entitled to all the rights and privileges appertaining 20 thereto; but no person not residing in the county in which the company is 21 formed shall become a director of such company. 22 23 Section 8. Such company may issue policies only on detached dwellings, barns, (except livery, boarding and hotel barns) and other farm buildings, and 24 such property as may properly be contained therein, and also on hay and grain 25 in stack, and live stock on the premises occupied by the insured, for any time 26 27 not exceeding five years, and not to extend beyond the limited duration of the charter, and for an amount not to exceed three thousand \$3,000 dellars on any one risk. All persons so insured shall give their obligation to the company, binding themselves, their heirs and assigns, to pay their provata share to the company, of the necessary expenses, and of all losses by five or lightning which 32 may be sustained by any member thereof, during the time for which their 88 respective policies are written; and they shall also, at the time of effecting the insurance, pay such fper centage, in cash, and such other charge as may be 34 required by the rules or by-laws of the company.

1. Introduced by Mr. Fuller, January 28, 1881, and ordered to first reading.

 First reading January 28, 1881, and referred to Committee on Insurance.
 Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 11, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Sections three (3), seven (7), and eight (8), of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to Township Insurance Companies," approved March 24, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly, That Sections three (3), seven (7), and eight (8), of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to township insurance companies." approved March 24, 1874, and in force July 1, 1874, be and the same are hereby amended so as to read, respectively, as follows: Section 3. The number of directors shall not be less than three, a majority of whom shall constitute a quorum to do business, to be elected from the corporators by ballot, and hold their offices until their successors are elected and qualified. In the election of the first-board of directors, each corporator shall be entitled to one vote. All subsequent elections, except to fill vacancies, shall be held at the annual meeting of the company, which shall be on the first 11 Tuesday after the first Monday in January in each year, and every person insured shall be entitled to as many votes as there are directors to be elected. and an equal additional number for each five hundred dollars (\$500), that he may be insured in the company, and may cast the same in person, or by proxy: Provided, such votes shall be equally distributed among such number of candi-

Section 7. Any person owning property in the district for which any such

dates as shall be equal to the number of directors to be elected.

company is formed, may become a member of such company by insuring therein, and shall be entitled to all the rights and privileges appertaining 21 thereto; but no person not residing in the district in which the company is formed shall become a director of such company. 22 23 Section 8. Such company may issue policies only on detached dwellings, barns (except livery, boarding and hotel barns), and other farm buildings, and such 24 property as may properly be contained therein, and also on hay and grain in stock. 25 26 and live stock on the premises, occupied by the insured, for any time not exceeding five years, and not to extend beyond the limited duration of the charter, and 27 28 for an amount not to exceed three thousand dollars (\$3,000) on any one risk. All persons so insured shall give their obligation to the company, binding them-29 selves, their heirs and assigns, to pay their provata share to the company of the 31 necessary expenses, and of all losses by fire or lightning, which may be sustained by any member thereof during the time for which their respective policies are 32 written; and they shall, also, at the time of effecting their insurance, pay such 33

per centage in cash, and such other charge as may be required by the rules or

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by laws of the company.

- Introduced by Mr. Parkinson, January 28, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- reading.
 2. First reading January 28, 1881, and referred to Committee on Horticulture.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 4, 1881.

For an Act making appropriation in aid of the Illinois Horticultural Society.

- 2 General Assembly, That there be appropriated for the use of the Illinois State
- 3 Horticultural Society the sum of two thousand dollars (\$2,000) per annum for
- 4 the years 1881 and 1882, to be expended by said society, for the purpose and in
- 5 the manner specified in "an act to reorganize the Illinois Horticultural Society,"
- 6 approved March 24, 1874

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Reported to House, February 18, 1881.

First reading February 26, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

 Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading March 3, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act making appropriation in aid of the Illinois Horticultural Society.

- 2 General Assembly. That there be appropriated for the use of the Illinois State
- 3 Horticultural Society, the sum of two thousand dollars (\$2,000), per annum, for
- 4 the years 1881 and 1882, to be expended by said society for the purpose, and in
- 5 the manner, specified in "An act to reorganize the Illinois Horticultural Society,"
- 6 approved March 24, 1874.



- 1. Introduced by Mr. White, January 28, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading February 4, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipalities.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 4, 1881.

For an Act to amend Section two (2) of Article five (5), Section three (8) of Article six (6) and Section two (2) of Article seven (7) of an act entitled "An act to provide for the Incorporation of Cities and Villages," approved April 10, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

- 2 General Assembly, That Section two (2) of Article five (5), Section three (3) of
- 3 Article six (6) and Section two (2) of Article seven (7) of an act entitled, "an act
- 4 to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages," approved April 10, 1872,
- 5 in force July 1, 1872," be so amended as to read as follows:
- 6 Section 2. The style of ordinances shall be, "Be it ordained by the City
- 7 Council of ——." All ordinances, orders and resolutions, for the exercising
- 8 and carrying into effect the several powers enumerated in the preceding section
- 9 shall require a vote of two-thirds of all the aldermen elected.
- 10 Section 3. All officers of any city, except herein otherwise provided, shall be
- 11 appointed by the mayor (and vacancies in all offices except the mayor and alder-
- 12 men shall be filled by like appointment) by and with the advice and consent of
- 13 the city council: *Provided*, that in case of any vacancy, in any of such offices, by
- 14 resignation or otherwise, for the space of thirty days, the mayor shall not make
- 15 the appointment, or reappointment, as the case may be, without the advice and
- 16 consent of two-thirds of the members of the city council. The city council
- 17 may, by ordinance, not inconsistent with the provisions of this act, prescribe the

18 duties and define the powers of such officers: *Provided*, the term shall not 19 exceed two years.

§ 2. The city council in cities, and the board of trustees in villages, shall, within the first quarter of the fiscal year, pass an ordinance, to be termed the annual appropriation bill, in which such corporate authorities may appropriate such sum or sums of money as may be deemed necessary to defray all necessary 5 expenses, and liabilities of such corporation, and, in such ordinance, shall specify the objects and purposes for which such appropriations are made and the amount appropriated for each object or purpose. The passage of such ordinance shall require the vote of two-thirds of all the members of the city council in cities, and two-thirds of the board of aldermen in villages. No further appropriations shall be made at any other time, within such fiscal year, 10 unless the proposition to make such appropriation has been sauctioned by a 11 majority of the legal voters of such city or village, either by a petition signed 12 13 by them for that purpose, or permitted by a majority vote at a general or special election duly called therefor.

- Introduced by Mr. Callon, January 28, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 28, 1881, and referred to Committee on State Charitable Institutions.
- 3. February 3, 1881, ordered printed for use of Committee.

For an Act for the purchase of land, and for the erection of a barn, a bakery, a cottage for girls, a store, verandah fire-escapes, filter and filter-house, and for the purchase of apparatus for electric light for the Illinois Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb.

- 2 General Assembly. That there be and there are appropriated to the Illinois Insti-
- 3 tution for Education of the Deaf and Dumb the sums of ten thousand dollars
- 4 (\$10,000,00) for the purchase of fifty acres of land for a site for a reservoir, and for
- 5 pasturage and farming purposes; four thousand dollars for the purchase of
- 6 four lots of land fronting the said institution; three thousand dollars (\$3,000.00)
- 7 for the erection of a barn; three thousand dollars (\$3,000.00) for the erection of
- 8 a bakery; five thousand dollars (\$5,000.00) for the erection of a cottage for the
- 9 use of girls; one thousand three hundred dollars (\$1,300.00) for the erection of
- 10° verandalı fire-escapes; five thousand dollars (\$5,000.00) for the erection of a store;
- 11 three thousand dollars (\$3,000,00) for the erection of a filter and filter-house;
- 12° and two thousand dollars (\$2,000.00) for the purchase of apparatus for manufac-
- 13 turing electric light.
 - § 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and required to
- 2 draw his warrant on the Treasurer for the said sums upon orders of the board
- 3 of trustees of the Illinois Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb,
- 4 signed by the president and attested by the secretary of said board with

- 5 the seal of the institution, accompanied by such vouchers and certificates
- 6 as are required by law for the drawing of funds from the Treasury by said
- 7 institution.

13 electric light.

- 1. Introduced by Mr. Callon, January 28, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading January 28, 1881, and referred to Committee on State Charitable Institutions.

3. February 3, 1881, ordered printed for use of Committee.

- April 8, 1881, reported back, passage recommended, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.
- April 28, 1881, reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to a second reading.

A BILL

For an Act for the purchase of land, and for the erection of a barn, a bakery, a cottage for girls, a store, verandah fire-escapes, filter and filter-house, and for the purchase of apparatus for electric light for the Illinois Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illihois, represented in the General Assembly. That there be and there are appropriated to the Illinois Institution for Education of the Deaf and Dumb, the sums of ten thousand dollars (*10,000), for the purchase of fifty acres of land for a site for a reservoir and for pasturage and farming purposes; four thousand dollars, for the purchase of four lots of land fronting the said institution; three thousand dollars (\$3,000), for the erection of a bakery; five thousand dollars (\$5,000), for the erection of a cottage for the use of girls; one thousand three hundred dollars (\$1,300), for the erection of verandah fire escapes; five thousand dollars (\$5,000), for the erection of a store; three thousand dollars (\$3,000), for the erection of a filter and filter-house; and two thousand dollars (\$2,000), for the purchase of apparatus for manufacturing

The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and required to

2 draw his warrant on the Treasurer for the said sums, upon orders of the 3 board of trustees of the Illinois Institution for the Education of the Deaf and

- 4 Dumb signed by the president and attested by the secretary of said board,
- 5 with the seal of the institution, accompanied by such vouchers and certificates
- 6 as are required by law for the drawing of funds from the Treasury by said
- 7 institution.

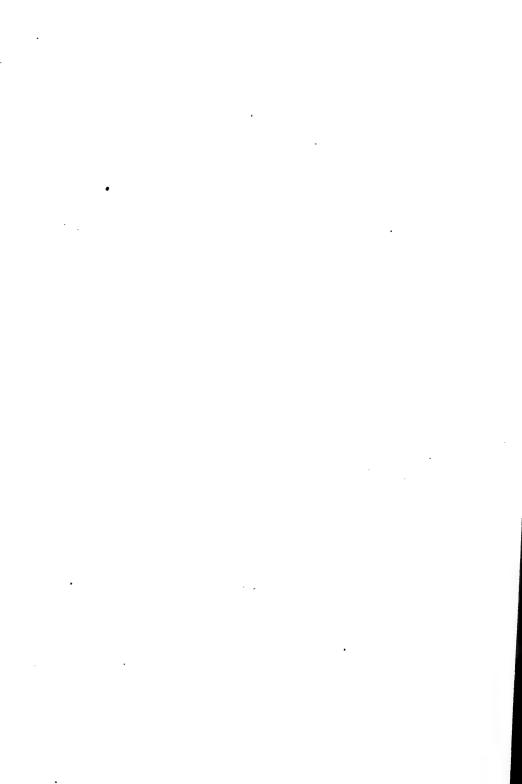
AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 154, REPORTED FROM COMMIT-TEE ON APPROPRIATIONS, APRIL 28, 4881.

- Amend the fitle by striking out all after the word "act" in the first
- 2 line, and insert in lieu thereof the following: "Making appropriations for
- 8 the Illinois Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb,"
- 4 2. Amend the bill by striking out the words "there are," in the fourth
- 5 line of section 1 of written bill, and insert in lieu thereof the words "are
- 6 hereby."
- 7 3. Amend by striking out all that part of section I, beginning with the
- 8 word "ten," in sixth line, and ending with the word "institution," in line twelve
- 9 of written bill.
- 10 4. Amend by striking out all that part of section 1, beginning with the
- 11 word "five," in fifteeath line of written bill, and ending with the word
- 12 "girls," in seventeenth line.
- 13 5. Amend by inserting the worl "house," after "store," in twenty-first line
- 14 of section 1 of written bill.
- 15 6. Amend by inserting the word "and," before "three," in twenty-first line
- 16 of section 1 of written bill.
- 17 7. Amend by striking out the last item of section 1 commencing with the
- 18 word 'and," in twenty-third line of written bill, and ending with the word
- 19 "light," in twenty-fifth line.

- Introduced by Mr. Callon, January 28, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading January 28, 1881, and referred to Committee on State Chari-
- table Institutions.
- February 3, 1881, ordered printed for use of Committee. April 8, 1881, reported back, passage recommended, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.
- 5. April 28, 1881, reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to a second reading.
- 6. May 4, 1881, second reading, amended and ordered to a third reading.

For an Act making appropriations for the Illinois Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb.

- 2 General Assembly, That there be and are hereby appropriated to the Illinois
- Institution for Education of the Deaf and Dumb, the sums of three thousand
- dollars (\$3,000), for the erection of a barn; three thousand dollars (\$3,000), for
- the erection of a bakery; one thousand three hundred dollars (\$1,300), for the
- erection of verandah fire escapes; five thousand dollars (\$5.000), for the erection
- of a store house; and three thousand dollars (\$3,000), for the erection of a filter
- and filter house.
 - § 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and required to
- draw his warrant on the Treasurer for the said sums, upon orders of the board
- of trustees of the Illinois Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb.
- signed by the president and attested by the secretary of said bo rd, with the
- seal of the institution accompanied by such youchers and certificates as are
- 6 required by law for the drawing of funds from the Treasury by said institution.



Reported to House, May 11, 1881.

First reading May 16, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.
 Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading May 19, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act making appropriations for the Illinois Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb.

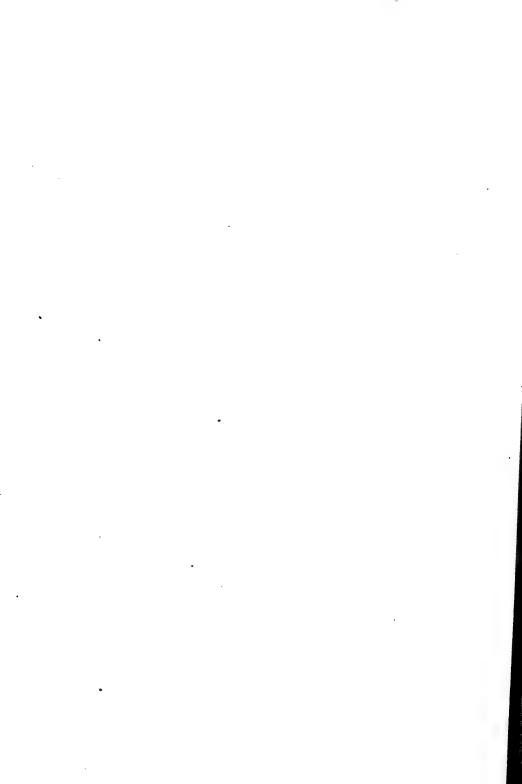
- 2 General Assembly, That there be and are hereby appropriated to the Illinois
- 3 Institution for Education of the Deaf and Dumb, the sums of three thousand
- 4 dollars (\$3,000) for the erection of a barn; three thousand dollars (\$3,000) for the
- 5 erection of a bakery; one thousand three hundred dollars (\$1,300) for the erecion of verandah fire escapes; five thousand dollars (\$5,000), for the erection of a tore-house, and three thousand dollars (\$3,000) for the erection of a filter and
- 8 filter-house.
 - § 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and required to
- 2 draw his warrant on the Treasurer for the said sums, upon orders of the
- 3 board of trustees of the Illinois Institution for the Education of the Deaf and
- 4 Dumb, signed by the president and attested by the secretary of said board, with
- 5 the seal of the institution, accompanied by such vouchers and certificates as
- 6 are required by law for the drawing of funds from the Treasury by said institu-
- 7 tion.



- Introduced by Mr. Callon, January 28, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 28, 1881, and referred to Committee on State Chari-
- table Institutions.
- 3. February 4, 1881, ordered to be printed for the use of the Committee.

For an Act for the Support of the Illinois Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb, and for General Repairs thereon, and for the Public Library.

- 2 General Assembly, That for the purpose of defraying the ordinary expenses of
- 3 the Illinois Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb, the sum of
- 4 eighty-five thousand dollars (885,000) per annum is hereby appropriated out of
- 5 the State Treasury, payable quarterly in advance, from the first day of July,
- 6 1881, until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the next General
- 7 Assembly; and that there be and are hereby appropriated the further sum of
- 8 three thousand dollars (\$3,000) per annum for repairs and improvements, and
- 9 five hundred dollars (500) per annum for the pupils library, from the first day
- 10 of July, 1881, until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjourn-
- 11 ment of the next General Assembly.
 - § 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and required to
- 2 draw his warrant on the Treasurer for the said sums upon orders of the board
- 3 of trustees of the Illinois Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb,
- 4 signed by the president and attested by the secretary of said board, with the
- 5 seal of the institution, accompanied by such vouchers and certificates as are
- 6 now required by law for drawing funds from the Treasury by said institution.



- Introduced by Mr. Callon, January 28, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 28, 1881, and referred to Committee on State Charitable Institutions.
- 3. Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and referred to Committee on Appropriations April 13, 1881.
- April 22, 1881 reported back with amendments, passage recommended and ordered to second reading.

For an Act for the support of the Illinois Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb, and for general repairs thereon, and for the Pupils' Library.

- 9 General Assembly. That for the purpose of defraying the ordinary expenses of
- 8 the Illinois Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb, the sum of
- 4 eighty-five thousand dollars (\$85,000) per annum is hereby appropriated out of
- 5 the State Treasury, payable quarterly in advance, from the first day of July,
- 6 1881, until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the next General
- 7 Assembly; and that there be and are hereby appropriated the further sums of
- 8 three thousand dollars (\$8,000) per annum for repairs and improvements, and
- 9 five hundred dollars (\$500) per annum for the pupils' library, from the first day
- 10 of July, 1881, until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjourn-
- Il ment of the next General Assembly.
 - § 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorised and required to
- 2 draw his warrant on the Treasurer for the said sums, upon orders of the board
- 8 of trustees of the Illinois Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb.
- 4 signed by the president and attested by the secretary of said board, with the
- 5 seal of the institution, accompanied by such vouchers and certificates as are
- 6 now required by law for drawing funds from the Treasury by said institution.

AMENDMENTS REPORTED FROM THE COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIA-TIONS, APRIL 22, 1881.

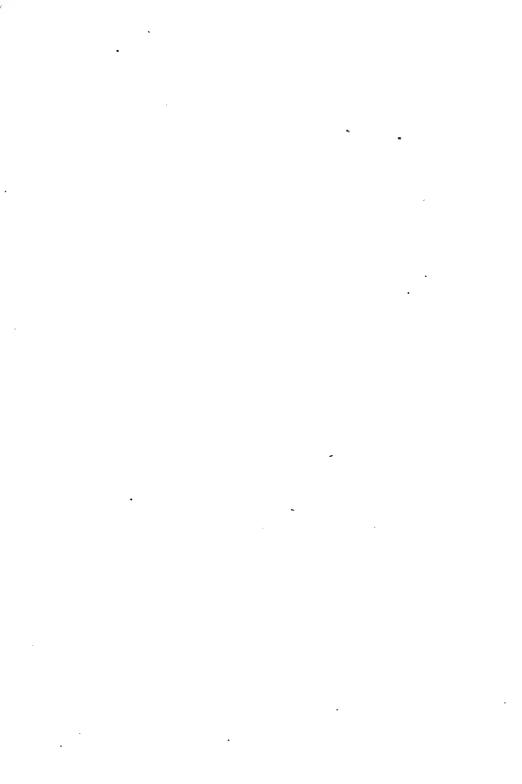
Amend Senate Bill No. 155, by inserting after the word "after," in line thir-

- 2 teen of section one of written bill, the words "the adjournment of." Further
- 3 amend by striking out all of section 2, and insert in lieu thereof the following:
- 4 "Section 2. The moneys herein appropriated shall be due and payable to the
- 5 trustees, or their order, only on the terms and in the manner now provided by
- 6 law."

- Introduced by Mr. Callon, January 28, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 38, 1881, and referred to Committee on State Charitable Institutions.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and referred to Committee on Appropriations April 13, 1881.
- April 29, 1881, reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading.
- 5. April 28, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.

For an Act for the support of the Illinois Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb, and for general repairs thereon, and for the Pupils' Library.

- 2 General Assembly, That for the purpose of defraying the ordinary expenses of
- 3 the Illinois Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb, the sum of
- 4 eighty-five thousand dollars (\$85,000) per annum is hereby appropriated out of
- 5 the State Treasury, payable quarterly in advance, from the first day of July,
- 6 1881, until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of
- 7 the next General Assembly; and that there be and are hereby appropriated the
- 8 further sums of three thousand dollars (\$3,000) per annum for repairs and
- 9 improvements, and five hundred dollars (\$500) per annum for the pupils' library,
- 10 from the first day of July, 1881, until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter
- 11 after the adjournment of the next General Assembly.
 - § 2. The moneys herein appropriated shall be due and payable to the trus-
- 2 tees, or their order, only on the terms and in the manner now provided by law.



Reported to House May 4, 1881.

First reading May 5, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.
 Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading May 7, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act for the support of the Illinois Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb, and for general repairs thereon, and for the Pupils' Library.

- 3 General Assembly. That for the purpose of defraying the ordinary expenses of
- 8 the Illinois Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb, the sum of
- 4 eighty-five thousand dollars (\$85,000) per annum is hereby appropriated out of
- 5 the State Treasury, payable quarterly in advance, from the first day of July,
- 6 1881, until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the
- 7 next General Assembly; and that there be and are hereby appropriated the fur-
- 8 ther sums of three thousand dollars (\$3,000) per annum for repairs and improve-
- 9 ments, and five hundred dollars (\$500) per annum for the pupils' library, from
- 10 the first day of July, 1881, until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after
- 11 the adjournment of the next General Assembly.
 - \$ 2. The moneys herein appropriated shall be due and payable to the trus-
 - 2 tees, or their order, only on the terms and in the manner now provided by law.

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(Printed for use of the Committee.)

A BILL

For an Act to regulate the practice of Pharmacy in the State of Illinois.

- 2 General Assembly, It shall not be lawful for any person other than a registered
- 3 pharmacist to retail, compound or dispense drugs, medicines or poisons, or to
- 4 open or conduct any pharmacy or store for retailing, compounding or dispensing
- 5 drugs, medicines or poisons, unless such person shall be, or shall employ and
- 6 place in charge of said pharmacy or store, a registered pharmacist, within the
- 7 meaning of this act, except as hereinafter provided.
 - § 2. Any person, in order to be registered within the meaning of this act,
- 2 must be either a graduate in pharmacy, or shall, at the time this act takes effect,
- 3 be engaged in the business of a dispensing pharmacist, on his own account, in
- 4 the State of Illinois, in the preparation of physicians' prescriptions, and in the
- 5 vending and compounding of drugs, medicines and poisons; or shall be a
- 6 licentiate in pharmacy.
- § 3. Graduates in pharmacy must be such persons as have had four years'
- 2 practical experience in drug stores where the prescriptions of medical practi-
- 3 tioners are compounded, and have obtained a satisfactory diploma or credentials
- 4 of their attainments from a regularly incorporated college or school of
- 5 pharmacy.
 - \$ 4. Licentiates in pharmacy must be such persons as have had two years'
- 2 practical experience in drug stores where the prescriptions of medical practi-
- 3 tioners are compounded, and have passed a satisfactory examination before the
- 4 State Board of Pharmacy, hereinafter mentioned. The said board may grant

certificates of registration, without further examination, to the licentiates of
 such other boards of pharmacy as it may deem proper.

§ 5. The Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint five persons, from among such competent pharmacists in the State as have had ten years practical experience in the dispensing of physicians' prescriptions, who shall constitute the Board of Pharmacy. The persons so appointed shall hold their offices for five years: Provided, that the term of office of the five first appointed shall be so arranged that the term of one shall expire on the thirtieth day of December of each year; and the vacancies so created as well as all vacancies otherwise occurring, shall be filled by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate. . And, provided, also, that appointments made when the Senate is not in session, may be confirmed at its next ensuing session. 10 The Illinois Pharmaceutical Association shall annually report directly to the 11 12 Governor, recommending, the first year, the names of at least ten persons, whom said association shall deem best qualified to serve as members of the Board of 18 Pharmacy, and the names of at least three persons each year thereafter to fill any vacancies which shall occur in said board.

§ 6. The said board shall, within thirty days after its appointment, meet and 2 organize by the election of a president and secretary from its own members, who shall be elected for the term of one year and shall perform the duties prescribed by the board. It shall be the duty of the board to examine all applications for registration submitted in proper form; to grant certificates of registration to such persons as may be entitled to the same under the provisions of this act: to cause the prosecution of all persons violating its provisions; to report annually to the Governor and to the Illinois Pharmaceutical Association upon the condition of pharmacy in the State, which said report shall also furnish a 10 record of the proceedings of the said board for the year, and also the names of all pharmacists duly registered under this act; the board shall hold meetings 11 for the examination of applicants for registration and the transaction of such 12 other business as shall pertain to its duties, at least once in three months; one meeting shall be held annually in the city of Chicago and one in the city of Springfield. It shall give thirty days' public notice of the time and place of

such meetings; shall have power to make by-laws for the proper fulfillment of its duties under this act; and shall keep a book of registration, in which shall

18 be entered the names and places of business of all persons registered under this

19 act, which book shall also specify such facts as said persons shall claim to justify

20 their registration. Three members of said board shall constitute a quorum.

\$ 7. Every person claiming the right of registration under this act, who shall, within sixty days after this act shall take effect, forward to the Board of Pharmacy satisfactory proof, supported by his affidavit, that he was engaged in the business of a dispensing pharmacist on his own account in this State, at the time this act takes effect, as provided in Section two, shall, upon the payment of the fee hereinafter mentioned, be granted a certificate of registration:

7. Provided, that in case of failure or neglect to register as herein provided, then such person shall, in order to be registered, comply with the requirements provided for registration as a graduate in pharmacy or a licentiate in pharmacy

10 within the meaning of this act.

- § 8. Any assistant or clerk in pharmacy, not less than eighteen years of age,
 who, at the time this act takes effect, shall have been employed or engaged two
 years or more in drug stores where the prescriptions of medical practitioners
 are compounded, and shall furnish satisfactory evidence to that effect to the
 State Board of Pharmacy, shall, upon making application for registration, and
 upon the payment to the secretary of the said board of a fee of one dollar,
 within sixty days after this act takes effect, be entitled to a certificate as a
 "registered assistant," which said certificate shall entitle him to continue in
 such duties as clerk or assistant. Annually thereafter during the time he shall
 continue in such duties, he shall pay to the said secretary a sum not exceeding
 fifty cents, for which he shall receive a renewal of his certificate.
- \$ 9. Every person applying for registration as a registered pharmacist under

 2 Section seven of this act, shall, before a certificate is granted, pay to the

 3 secretary of the board the sum of two dollars, and a like sum shall be paid to

 4 said secretary by graduates in pharmacy and by licentiates of other boards, who

 5 shall apply for registration; and by every applicant for registration by

 6 examination shall be paid the sum of five dollars; *Provided*, that in case of the

- 7 failure of any applicant to pass a satisfactory examination at the first trial, a
- 8 second examination shall be granted, upon application within one year, for
- 9 which no further charge shall be made.
 - § 10. Every registered pharmacist who desires to continue the practice of his
- 2 profession, shall annually thereafter, during the time he shall continue in such
- 8 practice, on such date as the Board of Pharmacy may determine, pay to the
- 4 secretary of the said board a registration fee, to be fixed by the board, but
- 5 which shall in no case exceed two dollars, for which he shall receive a renewal
- 6 of said registration. Every certificate of registration granted under this act
- 7 shall be conspicuously exposed in the pharmacy to which it applies.
- § 11. The secretary of the board shall receive a salary which shall be fixed by
- 2 the board; he shall also receive his traveling and other expenses incurred in the
- 8 performance of his official duties. The other members of the board shall receive
- 4 the sum of five dollars for each day actually engaged in this service, and all
- 5 legitimate and necessary expenses incurred in attending the meetings of said
- 6 board. Said expenses shall be paid from the fees and penalties received by the
- 7 board under the provisions of this act: Provided, no part of the salary or other
- 8 expenses of the board shall be paid out of the State Treasury. All moneys
- 9 received in excess of said per diem allowance and other expenses above provided
- 10 for, shall be held by the secretary as a special fund for meeting the expenses of
- 11 said board, he giving such bonds as the board shall from time to time direct.
- 12 The board shall in its annual report to the Governor and to the Illinois Phar-
- 18 maceutical Association, repder an account of all moneys received and disbursed
- 14 by them pursuant to this act.
 - \$ 12. Any person not being or having in his employ a registered pharmacist.
 - 2 within the meaning of this act, who shall, sixty days after this act takes effect,
 - 8 keep a pharmacy or store for retailing or compounding medicines, or who shall
 - 4 take, use, or exhibit the title of a registered pharmacist, shall, for each and
 - 5 every such offense, be liable to a penalty of fifty dollars. Any registered phar-
 - 6 macist who shall permit the compounding and dispensing of prescriptions, or
- 7 the vending of drugs, medicines or poisons in his store or place of business
- 8 except under the supervision of a registered pharmacist, or except by a "regis-

tered assistant" pharmacist, or any pharmacist, or "registered assistant," who, while continuing in business, shall fail or neglect to procure his annual registration, or any person who shall willfully make any false representation to procure registration for himself or any other person, shall, for every such offense, be liable to a penalty of fifty dollars: *Provided*, that nothing in this act shall apply to or in any manner interfere with the business of any physician, or prevent him from supplying to his patients such articles as may seem to him proper, except that he shall not keep open store, nor with the making or vending of patent or proprietary medicines, nor with the sale of the usual domestic remedies by licensed retail dealers in districts distant five miles or more from the store of a registered pharmacist, nor with the exclusively wholesale business of any dealers, except as hereinafter provided.

§ 13. No person shall add to or remove from any drug, medicine, chemical or pharmaceutical preparation, any ingredient or material for the purpose of adulteration or substitution, or which shall deteriorate the quality, commercial value or medicinal effect, or which shall alter the nature or composition of such drug, medicine, chemical or pharmaceutical preparation, so that it will not correspond to the recognized tests of identity or purity. Any person who shall thus willfully adulterate or alter, or cause to be adulterated or altered, or shall sell or offer for sale any such adulterated or altered drug, medicine, chemical or pharmaceutical preparation, or any person who shall substitute or cause to be substituted one material for another, with the intention to defraud or deceive the purchaser, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and be liable to prose-11 cution under this act. If convicted, he shall be liable to all the costs of the 12 action and all expenses incurred by the Board of Pharmacy in connection there-13 with, and for the first offense be liable to a fine of not less than fifty dollars nor 14 more than one hundred dollars; and for each subsequent offense a fine of not less than seventy-five nor more than one hundred and fifty dollars. On com-16 plaint being entered, the Board of Pharmacy is hereby empowered to employ 17 an analyst or chemical expert, whose duty it shall be to examine into the so claimed adulteration, substitution, or alteration, and report upon the result of 20 his investigation; and if said report justify such action, the board shall duly cause the prosecution of the offender, as provided in this law.

\$ 14. No person shall retail any poisons, commonly recognized as such, and 2 especially those contained in the schedule following, viz: Aconite, arsenic, 3 belladonna, biniodide of mercury, carbolic acid, chloroform, conium, corrosive 4 sublimate, creosote, croton oil, cyanide of potassium, digitalis, hydrocyanic acid, 5 laudanum, morphine, nux vomica, oil of bitter almonds, opium, oxalic acid, 6 strychina, sugar of lead, sulphate of zinc, white precipitate, red precipitate, 7 without affixing to the box, bottle, vessel, or package, and to the wrapper or 8 cover thereof, a label bearing the name of the article, and the word "poison" 9 distinctly shown, with the name and place of business of the seller; he shall not deliver any of said poisons to any person under the age of fifteen years, nor 11 shall he deliver any of said poisons to any person, without satisfying himself 12 that the poison is to be used for a legitimate purpose: *Provided*, that nothing 13 herein contained, shall apply to the dispensing of physicians prescriptions; any 14 person failing to comply with the requirements of this section, shall be liable to a penalty of five dollars for each and every such offense.

§ 15. Pharmacists, registered as herein provided, shall have the right to keep and sell, under such restrictions as are herein provided, all drugs, medicines and poisons authorized by the Pharmacopeia and Dispensatory of the United States or other countries, as of recognized medicinal utility: Provided, that it shall not 5, be lawful for any registered pharmacist, within the meaning of this act, to retail, sell or give away, any alcoholic liquors or compounds, or wines, except solely for medicinal purposes; and for any such unlawful sale the person so offending shall be liable to prosecution under the "dramshop law" of this State; but he shall not be liable, in a civil or criminal action, when such sale or gift is made in good faith for the actual necessities of medicine, upon the subscribed 10 representation of the purchaser or recipient. Any person who by means of any 11 12 false statement in writing or any false representation subscribed by him, shall obtain from any registered pharmacist in violation of this act any alcoholic liquors or compounds, or wines, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding 14 twenty-five dollars for every such offense: Provided, however, this shall not:

- 16 operate to excuse the person from testifying as a witness against the person
- 17 making such unlawful sale.
 - § 16. All penalties collected under the provisions of this act shall inure, one-
- 2 half to the Board of Pharmacy, and the remainder to the county treasurer of
- 3 the county in which the suit was prosecuted and judgment obtained.
 - § 17. Practicing pharmacists, registered as herein provided, shall be exempt
- 2 from serving on juries in all courts.
 - \$ 18. All suits for the recovery of the several penalties prescribed in this
- 2 act, shall be prosecuted in the name of The "People of the State of Illinois," in
- 3 any court having jurisdiction; and it shall be the duty of the State's Attorney
- 4 of the district where such offense is committed to prosecute all persons
- 5 violating the provisions of this act, upon proper complaint being made.



- Introduced by Mr. White, January 28, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading January 28, 1881, and referred to Committee on Corporations.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 24, 1881.

For an Act concerning directors of incorporated companies heretofore and hereafter to be created by any general or special law of this State.

- 2 General Assembly, That a majority of the directors of all corporations heretofore
- 3 created or which may hereafter be created under any general or special law or
- 4 laws of this State shall be citizens and residents of this State.
 - \$ 2. It shall be the duty of every railroad corporation now incorporated by
- 2 the laws of this State, within ninety days from and after the passage of this
- 3 act, to comply with the requirements of Section one hereof.
 - \$ 3. It shall be the duty of all corporations created by the laws of this State.
- 2 other than railroad corporations, to comply with the requirements of said Sec-
- 3 tion one, within five months from and after the passage of this act.
 - § 4. Any corporation now incorporated or hereafter to be incorporated by
- 2 the laws of this State, which shall violate this act, shall, for such violation, for-
- 3 feit its charter; and to enforce such forfeiture it shall be the duty of the Attor-
- 4 ney-General to proceed by an information in the nature of a quo warranto as in
- 5 other cases; and every court of record within this State shall have jurisdiction
- 6 thereof.
 - § 5. It shall be the duty of every railroad corporation within ninety days and
- 2 of all other corporations within five months and after the passage of this act,
- 3 and on or before the first day of January, A. D. 1882, and annually thereafter to

things, who are the directors thereof, and their residence and citizenship, as far as the same may be known; and in case no such report shall be filed within the times required as aforesaid, or if the same be filed at the times required, and it does not affirmatively appear therefrom that the provisions of this act have been complied with, or if the said report shall in any material respect be false through design or neglect, in either of these cases it shall be the duty of the Attorney-General, on the request of any citizen of this State, to proceed against such corporation by an information in the nature of a quo varranto as aforesaid; and the default of such corporation to make such report as aforesaid, shall, when established, be prima facic evidence of the violation of this act, and of the forfeiture of the charter of such corporation.

\$ 6. In case of final judgment of forfeiture against any corporation for a violation of this act, there shall be adjudged in the proceedings a penalty of ten thousand dollars in the case of railroad corporations, and of a sum not exceeding that amount in all other cases, to be enforced by execution or other proper process against its property and effects, and the same shall be paid into the State Treasury.

1. Introduced by Mr. Tanner, February 1, 1881, and ordered to first reading.

First reading February 1, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
 Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 11, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to prevent the consolidation of telegraph and other similar lines, the dividing of their earnings and to provide penalties therefor.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That it shall be unlawful for any telegraph company or person, partnership or corporation engaged in the business of transmitting messages by electricity or furnishing the means therefor, which owns, controls or operates, wholly or partially within this State, any line or lines of wire used in such business, to consolidate such line or lines with those of any other company, person or corporation, either within or without this State, that is engaged in a similar business; and the word "consolidate," as used in this act, shall be constructed under a single or joint management whether by purchase, lease, contract or otherwise.

§ 2. It shall be unlawful for any telegraph company, or person, partnership or corporation, engaged in the business within this State, described in the first Section of this act, to pool or divide its earnings on any basis whatever with any other person, partnership or corporation engaged in a similar business, nor shall any such person, partnership or corporation, owning, controlling or operating any line or lines of wire, wholly or partially within this State, used in said business, receive or contract to receive, either directly or indirectly, for its,

their or anothers benefit, any money or other consideration on account of such

- person, partnership or corporation refraining from receiving or transmitting or
 allowing others to receive or transmit messages to or from any place in this
 State.
- 3 any of the provisions of this act shall be fined on conviction thereof in any sum not less than one hundred nor more than five hundred dollars, for each and every day, or fraction thereof, such violation continues, to be recovered in an action of debt in the name of the people of the State of Illinois before any court of competent jurisdiction. The Auditor of Public Accounts is charged with the enforcement of the provisions of this act and shall institute suit to recover the penalty herein provided whenever complaint is made to him by any credible person that any company, person, partnership or corporation is violating the provisions of this act, or any part thereof; such complaint to name the party or parties, as near as may be, so violating the same, and be signed by the person making the complaint. The proceeds of any judgment recovered under this act to be paid into the State Treasury for the benefit of the common school fund of the State. The violation of the first Section of this act shall be a continuing offense and violation of the same and subject to the penalties herein imposed.
- \$ 4. Whereas by the consolidation or uniting of the several companies and 2 corporations engaged in the business within this State, herein described, before 3 the first of July, A. D. 1881, the benefits of this act might be lost or 4 abridged, therefore an emergency exists, and this act shall be in force from and 5 after its passage.

Reported to House February 25, 1881.

First reading March 21, 1881, and referred to Committee on Corporations. Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, report concurred in. and ordered to second reading March 31, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to prevent the Consolidation of Telegraph and other similar Lines the Dividing of their earnings, and to provide Penalties therefor.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That it shall be unlawful for any telegraph company or per son, partnership or corporation, engaged in the business of transmitting messages by electricity, or furnishing the means therefor, which owns, controls or operates, wholly or partially, within this State, any line or lines of wire used in such business, to consolidate such line or lines with those of any other company, person or corporation, either within or without this State, that is engaged in a similar; business and the word "consolidate," as used in this act, shall be construed to mean any means by which any two or more such companies or 10 lines are united under a single or joint management, whether by purchase, 11 lease, contract or otherwise.

or corporation, engaged in the business, within this State, described in the first section of this act, to pool or divide its earnings on any basis whatever, with any other person, partnership or corporation engaged in a similar business, nor shall any such person, partnership or corporation owning, controlling or operating any line or lines of wire, wholly or partially within this State, used in said business receive or centract to receive, either directly or indirectly, for its, their or another's benefit, any money or other consideration on account of such person, partnership or corporation refraining from receiving or transmit

§ 2. It shall be unlawful for any telegraph company or person, partnership

10 ting, or allowing others to receive or transmit, messages to or from any place in 11 this State.

- § 3. Any telegraph company, person, partnership or corporation violating any of the provisions of this act, shall be fined, on conviction thereof, in any sum not less than one hundred nor more than five hundred dollars, for each and every day, or fraction thereof, such violation continues, to be recovered in an action of debt in the name of the people of the State of Illinois, before any court of competent jurisdiction. The Auditor of Public Accounts is charged with the enforcement of the provisions of this act, and shall institute suit to recover the penalty herein provided, whenever complaint is made to him, by any credible person, that any company, person, partnership or corporation is violating the provisions of this act, or any part thereof; such complaint to name the party or parties, as near as may be, so violating the same, and be signed by the person making the complaint, the proceeds of any judgment recovered under this act to be paid into the State Treasury, for the benefit of the common school fund of the State. The violation of the first section of this 15 act shall be a continuing offense and violation of the same, and subject to the 16 penalties herein imposed.
- § 4. Whereas, by the consolidation or uniting of the several companies and 2 corporations engaged in the business within this State, herein described, be3 fore the first of July, A. D. 1881, the benefit of this act might be lost or 4 abridged, therefore an emergency exists, and this act shall be in force from and 5 after its parsage.

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 158.

Amend Section 1, by inserting in the 14th line, after the words, "with those of any other," the words, "parallel or competing line or."

Amend Section 2. by inserting in the 8th line, after the words, "with any other," the words, "parallel or competing line." And by inserting in the 13th

3 line, after the words, "operating any," the words, "such parallel or competing."

- Introduced by Mr. Mayfield, February 1, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 1, 1881, and referred to Committee on State Charitable Institutions.
- 3. February 3, 1881, ordered printed for use of committee.

For an Act making appropriations for the Illinois Asylum for Feeble Minded
Children.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the 2 General Assembly, That for the purpose of defraying the ordinary expenses of the Illinois Asylum for Feeble Minded Children the sum of fifty-six thousand dollars (\$56,000), for the first year, and sixty-six thousand dollars (\$66,000) for the second year, be and the same is hereby appropriated out of the State Treasury, payable quarterly in advance, from the first day of July, 1881, until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the next General Assembly; and that there be and are hereby appropriated the further sums of fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000), for finishing, steam heating, plumbing, and finishing the basement under the main building and wings; six thousand dollars (\$6,000), for the construction of a laundry building, to contain a wash-12 house, drying room and ironing room; seventeen hundred and seventy-five dollars (\$1,775), for the introduction and construction of the mercurial fire alarm to the main building, wings, rear building and out buildings; five hundred dollars (\$500), for the construction of a cistern; three thousand dollars per annum for repairs; for improvement of grounds, one thousand dollars (\$1,000), per 71 annum.

§ 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and required to

- 2 draw his warrant on the State Treasurer for the said sums, upon orders of the
- 8 board of trustees of the Illinois Asylum for Feeble Minded Children, signed by
- 4 the president and attested by the secretary of said board, with the seal of the
- 5 asylum.

- Introduced by Mr. Mayfield, February 1, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 1, 1881, and referred to Committee on State Charitable Institutions.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and referred to Committee on Appropriations March 9, 1881.
- April 91, 1881, reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading.

For an Act making appropriations for the Illinois Asylum for Feeble-minded Children.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That for the purpose of defraying the ordinary expenses of the Illinois Asylum for Feeble-minded Children, the sum of fifty-six thousand dollars (\$56,000) for the first year, and sixty-six thousand dollars (\$66,000) for the second year, be and the same is hereby appropriated out of the State Treasury. payable quarterly, in advance, from the first day of July, 1881, until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the next General Assembly; and that there be and are hereby appropriated the further sums of fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) for finishing, steam heating, plumbing and furnishing the basement under the main building and wings; six thousand dollars (\$6,000) 10 for the construction of a laundry building, to contain a wash house, drying room and ironing room; seventeen hundred and seventy-five dollars (\$1,775) for the introduction and construction of the Mercurial Fire Alarm to the main building, wings rear building and out buildings; five hundred dollars (\$500) for the construction of a cistern; three thousand dollars per annum, for revairs:

§ 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and required to 2 draw his warrant on the State Treasurer for the said sums, upon orders of the

for improvement of grounds, one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per annum.

- 8 board of trustees of the Illinois Asylum for Feeble-minded (hildren, signed by
- 4 the president and attested by the searctary of said board, with the seal of the
- 5 asylum.

AMENDMENTS REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS APRIL 21, 1881.

- 1. Amend Senate Bill No. 161, by striking out of line eight of Section 1 of
- 2 written bill the words and figures: "Fifty-six thousand dollars (\$56,000)" and in-
- 8 sert in lieu thereof the words and figures: "Forty-six thousand dollars (\$46,000)."
- 4 And further amend by striking the words and characters, "sixty-six thousand
- 5 dollars (\$66,000)," in lines nine and ten of Section 1, of written bill, and insert
- 6 in lieu thereof the words and characters: "Fifty-six thousand dollars (\$56,000),"
- 7 2. Amend by appropriating "five thousand dollars (\$5,000)" for the construc-
- 8 tion of a laundry building, instead of "six thousand dollars (\$6,000)," lines
- 9 twenty-four and twenty-five of Section 1, of written bill.
- 10 8. Further amend by striking out the words and characters: "Five hundred
- 11 dollars (\$500) for the construction of a cistern," in lines thirty-three, thirty-four
- 12 and thirty-five, of Section 1, of written bill.

 Introduced by Mr. Mayfield, February 1, 1881, and ordered to first reading.

- First reading February 1, 1881, and referred to Committee on State Charitable Institutions.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended and referred to Committee on Appropriations March 9, 1881.
- April 21, 1891, reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading.
- April 28, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to a third reading.

A BILL

For an Act making appropriations for the Illinois Asylum for Feeble-Minded Children.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the 2 General Assembly, That for the purpose of defraying the orginary expenses of the Illinois Asylum for Feeble-Minded Children, the sum of forty-six thousand dollars (\$46,000) for the first year, and fifty-six thousand dollars (\$56,000) for the second year, be and the same is hereby appropriated out of the State Treasury, payable quarterly, in advance, from the first day of July, 7 1881, until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the next General Assembly; and that there be and are hereby appropriated the further sums of fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) for finishing, steam heating, plumbing and furnishing the basement under the main building and wings; five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for the construction of a laundry building, to 11 contain a wash house, drying room and ironing room; seventeen hundred and seventy-five dollars (\$1.775) for the introduction and construction of the Mercurial Fire Alarm to the main building, wings, rear building and out 14 buildings; three thousand dollars per annum, for repairs; for improvement of 16 grounds, one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per annum.

- \$ 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and required
- 2 to draw his warrant on the State Treasurer for the said sums, upon orders
- 8 of the board of trustees of the Illinois Asylum for Feeble-Minded Children,
- 4 signed by the president and attested by the secretary of said board, with the
- 5 seal of the asylum.

Reported to House, May 3, 1881.

First reading May 4. 1-81, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading May 11, 1881.
- 4. Second reading May 24, 1881, amended, and ordered to a third reading.

(Printed as amended.)

A BILL

l or an Act making appropriations for the Illinois Asylum for Feeble-Minded Children.

- 2 General Assembly. That for the purpose of defraying the ordinary expenses of the Illi-
- 3 nois Asylum for Feeble-Minded Children, the sum of forty-six thousand dollars (\$46,000)
- 4 for the first year, and fifty six thousand dollars (\$56,000) for the second year, be and the
- 5 same is hereby appropriated out of the State Treasury, payable quarterly in advance, from
- 6 the first day of July, 1881, until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjourn
- 7 ment of the next General Assembly; and that there be and are hereby appropriated the
- 8 further sums of three thousand dollars (\$3,000) for finishing, steam heating, plumbing and
- 9 furnishing the basement under the main building and wings.
- 10 Three thousand dollars (\$3,000) for the construction of a laundry building, to contain a
- 11 wash house drying room and ironing room.
- 12 Seventeen hundred and seventy five (\$1,775) dollars for the introduction and construction
- 13 of the mercurial fire alarm to the main building, wings, rear buildings and out-buildings.
- 14 Two thousand dollars (\$2,000) per annum for repairs.
- 15 For improvement of grounds, five hundred dollars (\$500) per annum.
- 16 For construction of verandali fire escapes, two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500).

- § 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and required to draw his
- 2 warrant on the State Treasurer for said sums, upon the orders of the board of trustees of
- 3 the Illinois Asylum for Feeble-Minded Children, signed by the president and attested by
- 4 the secretary of said board, with the seal of the asylum

- Reported to House, May 3, 1881.
- 2 First reading May 4, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, report concurred in and ordered to second reading May 11, 1881.

For an Act making appropriations for the Illinois Asylum for Feeble-Minded Children.

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 161, ADOPTED BY COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS.

Amend section one by striking from the item for furnishing basement, in line seventeen,

- 2 the words "fifteen thousand dollars," and inserting in lieu thereof the words "three thousand
- 3 dollars."
- 4 Amend item for laundry by striking from line twenty-one (engrossed bill) the words "five
- 5 thousand dollars," and inserting the words "rix thousand dollars."
- 6 Amend further by inserting at end of section one the words "For construction of
- 7 verandah fire escapes, two thousand five hundred dollars."

- 2 General Assemblu. That for the purpose of defraying the ordinary expenses of the Illi-
- 3 nois Asylam for Feeble-Minded Children, the sum of forty-six thousand dollars (\$46,000)
- 4 for the first year, and fifty-six thousand dollars (\$56,000) for the second year, be and the
- 5 same is hereby appropriated out of the State Treasury, payable quarterly in advance, from
- 6 the first day of July, 1881, until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjourn-
- 7 ment of the next Gene al Assembly; and that there be and are hereby appropriated the
- 8 further sums of fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) for finishing ateam heating, plumbing and
- 9 furnishing the basement under the main building and wings.

- 10 Five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for the construction of a laundry building, to contain a
- 11 wash house, drying room and ironing room.
- 12 Seventeen hundred and seventy five (\$1,775) dollars for the introduction and construction
- 13 of the mercurial fire alarm to the main building, wings, rear buildings and out-buildings.
- 14 Three thousand dollars (\$3,000) per annum for repairs.
- 15 For improvement of grounds, one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per annum.
 - § 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and required to draw his
- 2 warrant on the State Treasurer for said sums, upon the orders of the board of trustees of
- 8 the Illinois Asylum for Feeble-Minded Children, signed by the president and attested by
- 4 the secretary of said board, with the seal of the asylum.

- Introduced by Mr. Condec, February 1, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading February 1, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary. February 2, 1881, ordered printed for use of Committee.

For an Act to amend "An Act concerning Religious Societies," approved February 6, 1835.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That any religious society existing under the "Act concerning Religious Societies," approved February 6, 1835, or any other religious society, may, by a vote of two-thirds of the members of said society, present at any annual meeting thereof, or at any meeting called for that purpose, in pursuance of the constitution or by-laws of said society, divide said society, into two or more parts, by setting off such portion or portions, or such members of said society as may choose to be so set off, into a separate society, or separate societies, and upon such division or separation the trustees of the original society may convey to the separated or new society or societies such proportion or parts of the property of said original society as said trustees may see fit and deem just, subject to the approval of the original society; and such new society or societies shall hold the property conveyed to it or them, respectively, in the same manner and with the like effect as it was held by the original society. But before any such conveyance shall be made, the members of any such society so set off shall file a certificate of its organization under the act of 1835, as required by said act, and elect its trustees, and thereupon and thereafter any such new society shall have all the rights and privileges which are enjoyed or possessed by the original society, be governed by the same constitution and by-laws, so far as applicable, until the same shall be legally changed, as provided in said act, it being the

- 21 design and intent of this act to enable any religious society to divide itself into
- 22 two or more parts, to suit its convenience, each part retaining the constitution
- 23 and all the powers and privileges of the original society, until it shall volun-
- 24 tarily change the same, and becoming thereafter a distinct and separate society.
 - § 2. Conveyances made to any religious society, or made by it, may be made
 - 2 in the name of the society; but all conveyances shall be signed by the trustees
- 3 or a majority thereof, under authority of the society, and not otherwise.
 - \$ 8. Thirty days' notice shall be given, in the manner provided by the con-
- 2 stitution of any society proposed to be divided, of the meeting for such pur
- 3 pose and of the action proposed at such meeting, and of the time and place of
- 4 the same.

- Introduced by Mr. Fifer, February 2, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 2, 1881, and referred to Committee on State Chart.
- 3. February 3, 1881, ordered printed for use of Committee.

For an Act making appropriations for the ordinary and other expenses of the Soldiers' Orphans' Home, at Normal, Illinois.

- 2 General Assembly, That from and after the first day of July, A. D. 1881, until
- 8 the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the next reg-
- 4 ular session of the General Assembly, there is hereby appropriated to the
- 5 Soldiers' Orphans' Home the sum of forty-two thousand six hundred and twenty
- 6 five (\$42,625) dollars per annum, payable quarterly in advance, for the ordinary
- 7 and incidental expenses of said institution.
- § 2. And there is further appropriated to said institution, for the following
- 2 purposes, viz: For necessary improvements and repairs, three thousand (\$3,000)
- 3 dollars; for library (new books), five hundred (\$500) dollars; for the erection and
- 4 furnishing a suitable hospital building, eight thousand (\$8,000) dollars; for
- 5 the erection and furnishing an addition to the school house, three thousand
- 6 five hundred (\$3,500) dollars; for a new boiler house and a new steam boiler
- 7 with necessary heating apparatus, four thousand three hundred (\$4,300)
- 8 dollars.
 - § 3. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed to
- 2 draw his warrant upon the State Treasurer for the amounts herein appropriated
- 3 upon the order of the board of trustees, signed by the president and attested by

- 4 the secretary with the seal of the institution, subject to the provisions of Sec-
- 5 tions eighteen (18), nineteen (19) and twenty (20) of an act to regulate State
- 6 institutions, etc., approved April 15, 1875.

- 1. Introduced by Mr. Fifer, February 2, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading February 2, 1881, and referred to Committee on State Charitable Institutions.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and, March 30, 1881, referred to Committee on Appropriations.
- April 1, 1881, reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading.

For an Act making appropriations for the ordinary and other expenses of the Soldiers' Orphans' Home, at Normal, Illinois.

- 2 General Assembly, That from and after the first day of July, A. D. 1881, until
- 8 the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the next
- 4 regular session of the General Assembly, there is hereby appropriated to the
- 5 Soldiers' Orphans' Home the sum of forty-two thousand six hundred and
- 6 twenty-five dollars (\$42,625) per annum, payable quarterly in advance, for the
- 7 ordinary and incidental expenses of said institution. And there is fur-
- 8 ther appropriated to said institution for the following purposes, viz:
- 9 For necessary improvements and repairs, three thousand dollars (\$3,000)
- 10 For library (new books) five hundred dollars (\$500). For the erection
- 11 and furnishing of a suitable hospital building, eight thousand dollars (\$8,000).
- 12 For the erection and furnishing of an addition to the school house, three thou-
- 18 sand five hundred dollars (\$3,500). For a new boiler house and a new steam
- 14 boiler, with necessary heating apparatus, four thousand three hundred dollars
- 15 -(\$4.300).
 - § 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed to
 - 2 draw his warrant upon the State Treasurer for the amounts herein appro-
- 3 priated, upon the order of the board of trustees, signed by the president and

- 4 attested by the secretary, with the seal of the institution, subject to the pro-
- 5 visions of sections eighteen (18), nineteen (19) and twenty (20) of "An act to
- 6 regulate State institutions, etc.," approved April 15, 1875.

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 166, REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS, APRIL 1, 1881.

Amend section one by striking out all of the paragraph in written bill refer-

- 2 ring to the ordinary and incidental expenses of the institution, the same being
- 3 lines five to seventeen inclusive, and insert the following: "That there is hereby
- 4 appropriated to the Soldiers' Orphans' Home, at Normal, for ordinary and inci-
- 5 dental expenses for the year commencing July 1, 1881, in addition to the unex-
- 6 pended balance, the sum of thirty-eight thousand five hundred dollars (\$38,500);
- 7 and the sum of forty-six thousand five hundred dollars (\$46,500) per annum,
- 8 thereafter, until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment
- 9 of the next regular session of the General Assembly, the sums herein appropri-
- 10 ated to be paid quarterly in advance."
- 11 Amend section one, lines 27 and 28 of written bill, by appropriating for the
- 12 erection and furnishing of hospital, the sum of "five thousand dollars (\$5,000;"
- 13 instead of "eight thousand dollars (\$8,000)."
- 14 And further amend by striking out all of that part of section one referring
- 15 to the erection and furnishing of an addition to the school house, the same
- 16 being lines 29 to 82 of written bill

- Introduced by Mr. Fifer, February 2, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 2, 1881, and referred to Committee on State Charit-
- able Institutions.

 Reported back, passage recommended, and, March 30, 1881, referred to
- Committee on Appropriations.

 4. April 1, 1881, reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading.
- ordered to second reading.

 5. April 12, 1881, second reading, amended and ordered to a third reading.

For an Act making appropriations for the ordinary and other expenses of the Soldiers' Orphans' Home, at Normal, Illinois.

- 2 General Assembly, That there is hereby appropriated to the Soldiers' Orphans'
- 3 Home, at Normal, for ordinary and incidental expenses for the year com-
- 4 mencing July 1, 1881, in addition to the unexpended balance, the sum of thirty-
- 5 eight thousand five hundred dollars (\$38,500); and the sum of forty-six thousand
- 6 five hundred dollars (\$46,500) per annum, thereafter, until the expiration of the
- ${\bf 7} \quad {\bf first fiscal \, quarter \, after \, the \, adjournment \, of \, the \, next \, regular \, session \, of \, the \, General}$
- 8 Assembly, the sums herein appropriated to be paid quarterly in advance. And
- 9 there is further appropriated to said institution for the following purposes, viz:
- 10 For necessary improvements and repairs, three thousand dollars (\$3,000).
- 11 For library (new books) five hundred dollars (\$500). For the erection and
- 12 furnishing of a suitable hospital building, five thousand dollars (\$5,000). For a
- 13 new boiler house and a new steam boiler, with necessary heating apparatus,
- 14 four thousand three hundred dollars (\$4,300).
 - \$ 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed
- 2 to draw his warrant upon the State Treasurer for the amounts
- 3 herein appropriated, upon the order of the board of trustees, signed

- 4 by the president and attested by the secretary, with the seal of
- 5 the institution, subject to the provisions of sections eighteen (18),
- 6 nineteen (19) and twenty (30) of "An act to regulate State institu-
- 7 tions, etc.," approved April 15, 1875.

1. Reported to House April 22, 1881.

First reading April 23, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations. Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading April 29, 1881.

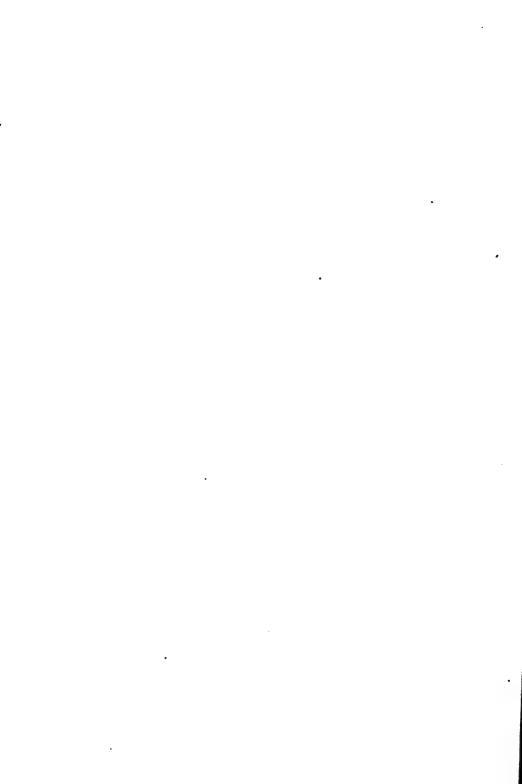
A BILL

For an Act making appropriations for the ordinary and other expenses of the Soldiers' Orphans' Home, at Normal, Illinois.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly, That there is hereby appropriated to the Soldiers' Orphans' Home, at Normal, for ordinary and incidental expenses for the year commence ing July 1, 1881, in addition to the unexpended balance, the sum of thirty-eight thousand five hundred dollars (\$38,500); and the sum of forty-six thousand five hundred dollars (*46,500) per annum, thereafter, until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the next regular session of the General As-7 sembly; the sums herein appropriated to be paidquarterly in advance. And there is further appropriated to said institution for the following purposes, "viz: For n cessary improvements and repairs, three thousand dollars (\$3,000); for library (new books), five hundred dollars (\$500); for the erection and furnishing a 11 suitable hospital building, five thousand dollars (\$5,000); for new boiler-house and a new steam boiler, with necessary heating apparatus, four thousand three hundred dollars (\$4.300).

§ 4. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed to 2 draw his warrant upon the State Treasurer for the amounts herein appropriated, upon the order of the board of trustees, signed by the president and attested by the secretary, with the seal of the institution, subject to the provisions of sections eighteen (18), nineteen (19) and twenty (20) of "An act

to regulate State Institutions, etc.," approved April 15, 1875.



- Introduced by Mr. Munn February 2, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 2, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judicial Department.
- Reported back with Amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 10, 1881.

For an Act providing for the Purchase of certain copies of the Illinois State Digest.

- Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the
- 2 General Assembly. That the Secretary of State be and hereby is directed and
- 3 authorized to purchase of Edward J. Hill one thousand copies of the Illinois
- 4 State Digest, at the price of six dollars and fifty cents per volume, delivered.
 - 3.2. That upon the delivery of one thousand perfect copies of each volume of said digest to the Secretary of State at Springfield, he shall issue to said Hill a certificate of such delivery, whereupon the Auditor of State shall issue to
- 4 said Hill his warrant for the amount to be paid for said digest as aforesaid.
- 7.3. The Treasurer of the State shall pay to said Hill for said digest, out of
- 2 moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, upon warrants of the
- 2 Auditor of the State issued therefor as aforesaid.
- 7.4. The Secretary of State shall distribute the said digest, so to be pur-
- 2 chased, as by law the decisions of the Supreme Court of this State are required
- 3 to be distributed.

AMENDMENTS REPORTED FROM THE COMMITTEE ON JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT MARCH 10, 1881.

Amend section 1 by striking out of the fourth written line the words "one

- 2 thousand," and insert in lieu thereof the words "four hundred:" and in the
- 3 fifth and sixth (written) lines strike out the words "six dollars and fifty cents."
- 4 and insert instead thereof the words "five dollars."

Amend section 2 by striking out of the first written line the words "one

2 thousand," and insert in lieu thereof the words "four hundred."

- Introduced by Mr. Whiting, February 2, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading February 2, 1881, and referred to Committee on Miscellany.
 Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 10, 1881.

For an Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to provide for the licensing of, and against the evils arising from the sale of intoxicating liquors," approved March 30, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

- Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the
- 2 General Assembly. That Section six (6) of an act entitled "An Act to provide for
- 3 the licensing of, and against the exils arising from the sale of intoxicating
- 4 liquors," approved March 30, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, be, and the same is hereby
- 5 amended so as to read as follows: Whoever by himself, or his agent, or servant,
- 6 shall sell or give intoxicating liquor to any minor, without the written
- 7 or let of his parent, guardian, or family physician, or to any person intoxicated.
- 8 or who is in the habit of getting intoxicated, shall, for each offense, be fined not
- 9 less than \$20, nor more than \$100, or imprisoned in the county jail not less than
- 10 ten nor more than thirty days, and any minor who shall get or procure, in any
- 11 manner intoxicating liquor from any person licensed to sell intoxicating liquors
- 12 under this act, without the written order of the parent, guardian, or family
- 13 physician of such minor, shall for each offense be fined not less than \$20, nor
- 14 more than \$10), or imprisoned in the county jail not less than ten days nor more
- 15 than thirty days.



- Introduced by Mr. Campbell, February 2, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading February 2, 1881, and referred to Committee on Counties and Township Organization.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 24, 1881.

For an Act to amend Section fifty-nine (59) of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to Counties," approved and in force March 81, 1874.

- 2 General Assembly, That Section fifty-nine (59) of an act entitled "An act to
- 3 revise the law in relation to counties," approved and in force March 81, 1874, be
- 4 and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:
- 5 Section 59. The county of Cook shall be divided into two districts for the
- 6 election of county commissioners, and shall be entitled to elect such commis-
- 7 sioners in the respective districts as follows:
- 8 First-The towns of South Chicago, North Chicago, and West Chicago shall
- 9 constitute the first district, and shall, on the first Tuesday after the first
- 10 Monday in November, in the year 1874, and every three years thereafter, elect
- 11 four commissioners; and on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in Novem-
- 12 ber in the year 1875, and every three years thereafter, elect two commissioners;
- 13 and on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November in the year 1876.
- 14 and every three years thereafter, elect four commissioners.
- 15 Second—The towns of Lake View, Jefferson, Norwood Park, Miles, Evanston.
- 16 New Trier, Northfield, Wheeling, Maine, Elk Grove, Schaumburg, Palatine,
- 17 Barrington, Hanover, Leyden, Proviso, Lyons, Cicero, Riverside, Lake, Hyde
- 18 Park, Calumet, Worth, Thornton. Bloom, Rich, Bremen, Palos, Orland and

- 19 Lemont shall constitute the second district, and shall, on the first Tuesday after
- 20 the first Monday in November in the year 1881, and every three years thereafter,
- 21 elect three commissioners; and on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in
- 22 the year 1882, and every three years thereafter, elect one commissioner; and on
- 23 the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, in the year 1883, and
- 24 every three years thereafter, elect one commissioner.

AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL NO. 173, REPORTED FROM THE COM-MITTEE ON COUNTIES AND TOWNSHIP ORGANIZATION, FEBRU ARY 24, 1881.

- 1 Amend by striking out all of the second paragraph, and inserting the follow-
- 2 ing in lieu thereof:
- 3 Second The other townships of the county shall constitute the second dis-
- 4 trict, and the commissioners therefrom shall be elected by the voters of such
- 5 district as follows: On the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November in
- 6 the year 1881, and every three years thereafter, there shall be elected one com-
- 7 missioner who shall be a resident within the territory which composes the
- 8 townships of Bloom, Rich, Bremen, Ozkan l. Learant and Palos. On the first
- 9 Tuesday after the first Monday in November, in the year 1881, and every three
- 10 years thereafter, there shall be elected one commissioner who shall be a resident
- 11 within the territory which composes the townships of Lake, Lyens, Riverside,
- 12 Cicero, Proviso and Leyden. On the first Tuesday after the first Monday in
- 13 November, in the year 1881, and everythree years thereafter, there shall be
- 14 elected one commissioner who shall be a resident within the territory which

composes the townships of Evanston, Lakeview, Jefferson, Norwood Park, Niles,

- 16 New Trier and Northfield. On the first Tuesday after the first Monday in
- 17 November, in the year 1882, and every three years thereafter, there shall be
- 18 elected one commissioner who shall be a resident within the territory which :
- 19 composes the townships of Barrington, Palatine, Wheeling, Maine, Elk Grove,

- 20 Shaumberg and Hanover. On the first Tuesday after the first Monday in
- 21 November, in the year 1883, and every three years thereafter, there shall be
- 22 elected one commissioner who shall be a resident within the territory which
- 23 composes the townships of Hyde Park, Thornton, Calumet and Worth.

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 Introduced by Mr. Campbell, February 2, 1881, and ordered to first reading.

BOOK THE REAL PROPERTY AND A TEXT OF A PROPERTY CONTRACTOR OF A REAL PROPERTY OF A REAL PROPERTY AND A REA

- 2. First reading February 2, 1881, and referred to Committee on Counties and Township Organization.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 24, 1881.
- 4. February 26, 1881, second reading, amended and ordered to third reading.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section fifty-nine (59) of an act entitled "An Act to revise the law in relation to Counties," approved and in force March 81, 1874.

- 2 General Assembly, That section fifty-nine (59) of an act entitled "An act to
- 3 revise the law in relation to counties," approved and in force March 31, 1874, be
- 4 and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:
- 5 Section 59. The county of Cook shall be divided into two districts for the
- 6 election of county commissioners, and shall be entitled to elect such commis-
- 7 sioners in the respective districts as follows:
- 8 First—The towns of South Chicago, North Chicago, and West Chicago shall
- 9 constitute the first district, and shall, on the first Tuesday after the first
- 10 Monday in November, in the year 1874, and every three years thereafter, elect
- 11 four commissioners; and on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in Novem-
- 12 ber in the year 1875, and every three years thereafter, elect two commissioners:
- 13 and on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November in the year 1876.
- 14 and every three years thereafter, elect four commissioners.
- 15 Second—The other townships of the county shall constitute the second dis-
- 16 trict, and the commissioners therefrom shall be elected by the voters of such
- 17 district as follows: On the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November in
- 18 the year 1881, and every three years thereafter, there shall be elected one

commissioner who shall be a resident within the territory which composes the townships of Bloom, Rich, Bremen, Orland, Lemont and Palos. On the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, in the year 1881, and every three years thereafter, there shall be elected one commissioner who shall be a resident within the territory which composes the townships of Lake. Lyons, Riverside, Cicero, Proviso and Leyden. On the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, in the year 1881, and every three years thereafter, there shall be elected one commissioner who shall be a resident within the territory which composes the townships of Evanston, Lakeview, Jefferson, Norwood Park, Niles, New Trier and Northfield. On the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, in the year 1882, and every three years thereafter, there shall be 29elected one commissioner who shall be a resident within the territory which composes the townships of Barrington, Palatine, Wheeling, Maine, Elk Grove, 31 Shaumberg and Hanover. On the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, in the year 1883, and every three years thereafter, there shall be 34 elected one commissioner who shall be a resident within the territory which 35 composes the townships of Hyde Park, Thornton, Calumet and Worth.

1. Reported to House, March 3, 1881.

 First reading March 21, 1881, and referred to Committee on County and Township Organization.

 Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading March 26, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section fifty-nine (59) of an act entitled "An Act to revise the law in relation to Counties," approved and in force March 81, 1874.

- 2 General Assembly. That section fifty-nine (59) of an act entitled "An act to revise
- 3 the law in relation to counties," approved and in force March 51, 1874, be and
- 4 the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:
- 5 Section 59. The county of Cook shall be divided into two districts for the
- 6 election of county commissioners, and shall be entitled to elect such commis-
- 7 sioners in the respective districts as follows:
- 8 First—The towns of South Chicago, North Chicago and West Chicago shall
- 9 constitute the first district, and shall, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday
- 10 in November, in the year 1874, and every three years thereafter, elect four com-
- 11 missioners; and on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November in the
- 12 year 1875, and every three years thereafter, elect two commissioners; and on the
- 13 first Tuesday after the first Monday in November in the year 1876, and every
- 14 three years thereafter, elect four commissioners.
- 15 Second—The other townships of the county shall constitute the second district.
- 16 and the commissioners therefrom shall be elected by the voters of such district
- 17 as follows: On the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November in the
- 18 year 1881, and every three years thereafter, there shall be elected one commis-
- 19 sioner, who shall be a resident within the territory which composes the town-

ships of Bloom, Rich, Bremen, Orland, Lemont and Palos. On the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November in the year 1881, and every three years thereafter, there shall be elected one commissioner, who shall be a resident 22 within the territory which composes the townships of Lake, Lyons, Riverside, 24 Cicero, Proviso and Leyden. On the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November in the year 1881, and every three years thereafter, there shall be 25 26 elected one commissioner, who shall be a resident within the territory which composes the townships of Evanston, Lake View, Jefferson, Norwood Park, 27 Niles, New Trier and Northfield. On the first Tuesday after the first Monday 29 in November in the year 1882, and every three years thereafter, there shall be elected one commissioner, who shall be a resident within the territory which 30 composes the townships of Barrington, Palatine, Wheeling, Maine, Elk Grove, 31 Schaumberg and Hanover. On the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November in the year 1883, and every three years thereafter, there shall be elected one commissioner, who shall be a resident within the territory which composes the townships of Hyde Park, Thornton, Calumet and Worth.

Introduced by Mr. F. Mamer, February 8, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 5, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipalities.

3. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading, March 3, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act entitled "An Act to amend Section one (1) of an act entitled an act in regard to the completion, improvement and management of Public Parks and Boulevards, and to provide a more efficient remedy for the collection of delinquent assessments," approved May 2, 1873, and to further amend said act by adding thereto Sections to be numbered sixteen (16), seventeen (17), eigeteen (18), nineteen (19), and twenty (20), approved and in force May 31, 1879.

[Section 1.] Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assemblu. That section one (1) of "An act entitled an act to amend section one (1) of an act entitled an act in regard to the completion, improvement and management of public parks and boulevards, and to provide a more efficient remedy for the collection of delinquent assessments," approved May 2, 1873, and to further amend said act by adding thereto sections to be numbered sixteen (16), seventeen (17), eighteen (18), nineteen (19), and twenty (20)," approved and in force May 31, 1879, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows: Section 1. That in any town which is now included within the limits of any city in this State in which a board of park commissioners shall now exist, having 10 11 authority by law to acquire land and the appurtenances in trust for the inhabitants of such town, and of a division or part of such city, and for such parties or persons as may succeed to the rights of such inhabitants, and for the public as a public promenade and pleasure grounds and ways, but not for any other use

or purpose without the consent of a majority, by frontage of the owners of the property fronting the same, and without the power to sell, alienate, mortgage, 17 or incumber the same. The corporate authorities of such town shall have the

18 power to levy and collect annually a tax not exceeding five mills on the dollar of

19 the taxable property in such town, according to the valuation of the same, as

0 made for the purpose of State and county taxation, to be used and expended by

21 such park commissioners in governing maintaining and improving such parks

22 and boulevards or pleasure ways, and paying other necessary and incidental

28 expenses incurred in and about the management of such parks and boulevards,

4 In case any such town shall be consolidated with any other town or towns, then

25 such board of park commissioners shall be vested with power to levy such tax.

[§ 2.] Whenever there is a necessity to raise and use such moneys at once

2 therefore it is declared that an emergency exists, and this act shall be in force

8 from and after its passage.

- Introduced by Mr. Mamer, February 3, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 5, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipal States.
- palities.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 3, 1881.
- 4. April 1, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to a third reading.
 5. April 19, third reading, and recommitted to Committee on Municipali-
- 6. April 20, reported back with amendments.

For an Act entitled "An Act to amend Section one (1) of an act entitled 'An act in regard to the completion, improvement and management of Public Parks and Boulevards, and to provide a more efficient remedy for the collection of Delinquent Assessments,' approved May 2, 1873, and to further amend said act by adding thereto Sections to be numbered sixteen (16), seventeen (17), eighteen (18), nineteen (19), and twenty (20)," approved and in force May 31, 1879.

- 2 General Assembly, That section one (1) of an act entitled "An act to amend
- 8 section one (1) of an act entitled 'An act in regard to the completion, in prove-
- 4 ment and management of public parks and boulevards, and to provide a
- 5 more efficient remedy for the collection of delinquent assessments, approved
- 6 May 2, 1873, and to further amend said act by adding thereto sections to be
- 7 numbered sixteen (16), seventeen (17), eighteen (18), nineteen (19), and twenty
- 8 (20)," approved and in force May \$1, 1879, be and the same is hereby amended to
- 9 read as follows:
- 10 Section 1. That in any town which is now included within the limits of any
- 11 city in this State in which a board of park commissioners shall now exist
- 12 having authority by law to acquire land and the appurtenances in trust for the

18 inhabitants of such town, and of a division or part of such city, and for such parties or persons as may succeed to the rights of such inhabitants and for the 15 public, as a public promenade and pleasure grounds and ways, but not for any other use or purpose without the consent of a majority, by frontage, of the owners of the property fronting the same, and without the power to sell, alienate, mortgage or incumber the same. The corporate authorities of such town shall have the power to levy and collect annually a tax not exceeding five mills 19 on the dollar of the taxable property in such town, according to the valuation 21 of the same, as made for the purpose of State and county taxation, to be used 22 and expended by such park commissioners in governing, maintaining and improving such parks and boulevards or pleasure ways, and paying other neces-23 sary and incidental expenses incurred in and about the management of such 24 parks and boulevards. In case any such town shall be consolidated with any 25 other town or towns, then such board of park commissioners shall be vested with power to levy such tax. Any provisions of any former act, limiting the 27 tax hereby authorized to one hundred thousand dollars annually, is hereby 29 repealed.

AMENDMENTS REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON MUNICIPALITIES APRIL 90, 1881.

Amend the title of said bill by striking out the following words and figures

2 in the sixth, seventh, eighth and minth (written) lines, viz: "and to further

- samend said act by adding thereto sections to be numbered sixteen (16), seven-
- 4 teen (17), eighteen (18), nineteen (19) and twenty (20)," and by inserting in lieu
- 5 thereof the words "as amended by act."
- 6 Also amend section i by striking out the words in the fourth and fifth
- 7 (written) lines thereof, viz: "to amend section one (1) of an act entitled an act."
- 8 Also by striking out the words and figures in the ninth, tenth, eleventh and
- 9 twelfth (written) lines thereof, viz: "and to further amend said act by adding
- 10 thereto sections to be numbered sixteen (16), seventeen (17), eighteen (18), nine-
- 11 teen (19) and twenty (20)," and inserting in lieu thereof the words "as amended
- 12 by act."

11

- Introduced by Mr. Mamer, February 3, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading February 5, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipalities.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 8, 1881.
- April 1, 1881, second reading, amended and ordered to a third reading.

A BILL

For an Act entitled "An Act to amend Section one (1) of an act entitled 'An Act in regard to the completion, improvement and management or Public Parks and Boulevards, and to provide a more efficient remedy for the collection of delinquent assessments,' approved May 2, 1873, and to further amend said act by adding thereto Sections to be numbered sixteen (16), seventeen (17), eighteen (18), nineteen (19) and twenty (20)," approved and in force May 31, 1879.

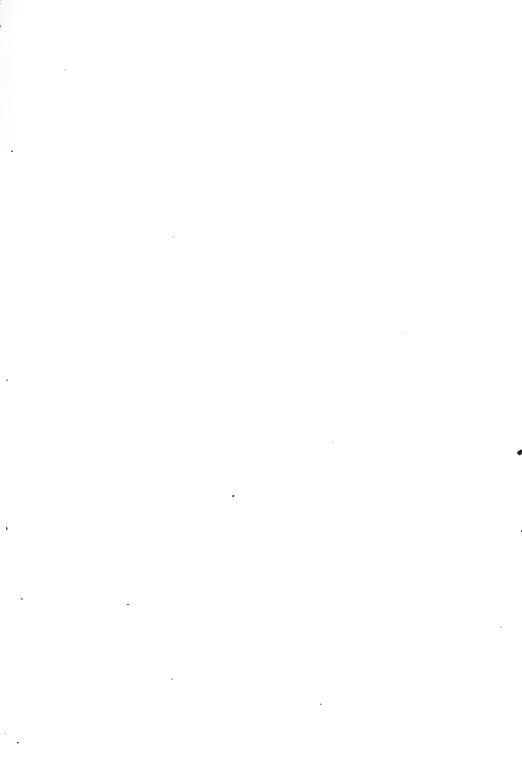
- 3 General Assemblu. That section one (1) of an act entitled "An act to amend
- section one (1) of an act entitled 'An act in regard to the completion, improvement
- and management of public parks and boulevards, and to provide a more efficient
- remedy for the collection of delinquent assessments, approved May 2, 1878, and
- to further amend said act by adding thereto sections to be numbered sixteen
- (16), seventeen (17), eighteen (18), nineteen (19) and twenty (20)," approved and
- in force May 31, 1879, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- Section 1. That in any town which is now included within the limits of any
- city in this State in which a board of park commissioners shall now exist, having
- authority by law to acquire land and the appurtenances in trust for the inhabit-
- ants of such town, and of a division or part of such city, and for such parties
- or persons as may succeed to the rights of such inhabitants, and for the public,
- as a public promenade and pleasure grounds and ways, but not for any other use
- 15 or purpose without the consent of a majority, by frontage, of the owners of the

16 property fronting the same, and without the power to sell, alienate, mortgage or incumber the same. The corporate authorities of such town shall have the power to levy and collect, annually, a tax not exceeding five mills on the dollar of the taxable property in such town, according to the valuation of the same, as 19 made for the purpose of State and county taxation, to be used and expended by 20 such park commissioners in governing, maintaining and improving such parks 21 and boulevards or pleasure ways, and paying other necessary and incidental expenses incurred in and about the management of such parks and boulevards. In case any such town shall be consolidated with any other town or towns, then 94 such board of park commissioners shall be vested with power to levy such tax. Any provisions of any former act, limiting the tax hereby authorized to one hundred thousand dollars, annually, is hereby repealed.

- Introduced by Mr. Walker, of Fulton, February 3, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading February 5, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judicial Department.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 25, 1881.
- 4. March 2, 1881, second reading, amended and ordered to third reading.

For an Act to amend Section sixty-one (61) of an act entitled "An Act in relation to the Administration of Estates," approved April 1, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

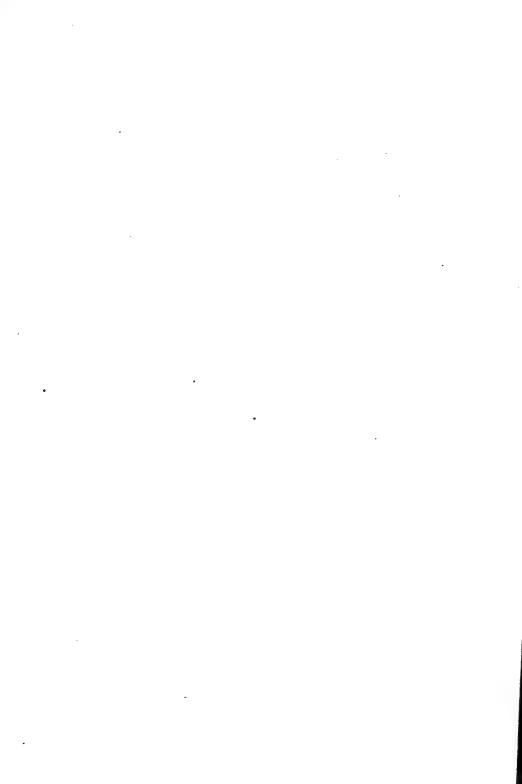
- 2 General Assembly, That section sixty-one (61) of an act entitled "An act in
- 3 regard to the administration of estates," be amended so as to read as follows:
- 4 Section 61. Whoever has a claim against an estate, shall present the
- 5 same for adjustment at the term of court selected by the executor or adminis-
- 6 trator, otherwise interest thereon shall cease until a copy thereof shall be filed
- 7 with the clerk of the court; whereupon, unless the executor or administrator
- 8 will waive the issuing of process, the clerk shall issue a summons, directed to
- 9 the sheriff of the county, requiring such executor or administrator to appear
- 10 and defend such claim at a term of the court therein specified, which summons,
- 11 when served, shall be sufficient notice to the executor or administrator of the
- 12 presentation of such claim: Provided, that this act shall not apply to suits
- 13 pending against the deceased at the time of his or her death.



- Introduced by Mr. Walker, of Fulton, February 8, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading February 5, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judicial Department.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading, February 25, 1881.

For an Act to amend Section sixty-one (61) of an act entitled "An Act in relation to the Administrations of Estates," approved April 1, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

- 2 General Assembly. That Section sixty-one (61) of an act entitled "An act in regard
- 3 to the administration of estates, be amended so as to read as follows:
- 4 Section 61. Whoever has a claim against an estate, and fails to present the
- 5 same for adjustment at the term of court selected by the executor or adminis-
- 6 trator, interest thereon shall cease until a copy thereof shall be filed with the
- 7 clerk of the court; whereupon, unless the executor or administrator will waive
- 8 the issuing of process, the clerk shall issue a summons, directed to the sheriff of
- 9 the county, requiring such executor or administrator to appear and defend such
- 10 claims at a term of the court therein specified, which summons, when served,
- 11 shall be sufficient notice to the executor or administrator of the presentation of
- 12 such claims.



- 1. Introduced by Mr. Bell, February 3, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading Februarary 5, 1881, and referred to Committee on Insurance.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 10, 1881.

For an Act to amend an Act entitled an Act to compel all Insurance Companies of other States and countries doing any kind of Insurance business in this State other than life, to comply with the general Fire and Marine laws of this State, and to require deposits of Plate Glass, Accident and Steam Boiler Insurance Companies.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That the above entitled Act be amended so as to read as follows: That every insurance company or association incorported by or organized under the laws of :; any other States or association of individuals or individuals alone not organized or incorporated under any state law or any foreign government, must comply with the requirements of the general insurance laws of this State governing fire, marine and inland navigation insurance companies doing business in the State of Illinois, before it shall be lawful for such company or association to take risks or transact any kind of insurance business in this State, other than that of life insurance; and such companies or associations, and all persons 10 acting as agents thereof shall be subject to the same penalties prescribed therein for a violation of any of the provisions thereof: Provided, That no plate glass, accident, or steam 11 12 bo ler insurance company shall be required to have a larger capital than one hundred thous-13 and dollars actually paid up; nor shall any such company be authorized to transact business 14 in this state without having previously deposited with the State Treasurer of this State, or with the chief financial officer or commissioner of insurance of the State where such company 15 is organized securities, duly assigned to such officer in trust for the benefit of all its policy

holders, the market value of which shall at all times be equal to one hundred thousand dol-

- 18 lars. Said deposit shall consist of such like securities as fire insurance companies are, by the
- 19 general insurance laws of this State, authorized to invest in.

AMENDMENT TO BILL NO. 177, BY COMMITTEE ON INSURANCE, RE-PORTED MARCH 10, 1881.

Amend by striking out the words "the above entitled act be amended so as to read as fol-

- 2 lows in section 1:" and insert, "the act entitled an act to compel all insurance companies
- 8 of other States and countries doing any kind of insurance business in this State other than
- 4 life, to comply with the general fire and marine insurance laws of this State, and to require
- 5 deposits of plate glass, accident, and steam boiler insurance companies, be and the same
- 6 is hereby amended as so to read as follows: section 1:"

- 1. Introduced by Mr. Bell, February 8, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading Februarary 5, 1881, and referred to Committee on Insurance.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to recond resting March 10, 1881.
- 4. March 18, 1881, second rending, amended, and ordered to third rending.

For an Act to amend Section one of an Act entitled an Act to esseptil all Insurance Companies of other States and countries doing any kind of Insurance business in this State other than life, to comply with the general Fire and Marine Insurance laws of this State, and to require deposits of Plate Glass. Accident and Steam Boiler Insurance Companies.

- 2 General Assembly, That to amend section one of the act entitled "An act to compel all
- 3 insurance companies of other States and countries doing any kind of insurance business in
- 4 this State other than life, to comply with the general fire and marine insurance laws of this
- 5 State, and to require deposits of plate glass, accident, and ateam boiler insurance compa-
- 6 nies," be and the same is hereby amended as so to read as follows:
- 7 Section 1. That every insurance company or association incorported by or organized under
- 8 the laws of any other State, or association of individuals, or individuals alone not organized
- 9 or incorporated under any State law or any foreign government, must comply with the require-
- 10 ments of the general insurance laws of this State governing fire, marine and inland naviga-
- 11 tion insurance companies doing business in the State of Illinois, before it shall be lawful for
- 12 such company or association to take risks or transact any kind of insurance business in this
- 18 State, other than that of life insurance; and such companies or associations, and all persons
- 14 action as agents thereof shall be subject to the same penalties prescribed therein for a viola-
- 15 ting of any of the provisions thereof: Provided, That no plate glass, accident, or steam
- 16 boiler insurance company shall be required to have a larger capital than one hundred thous-

and dollars actually paid up; nor shall any such company be authorized to transact business in this State without having previously deposited with the State Treasurer of this State, or with the chief financial officer or commissioner of insurance of the State where such company is organized securities, duly assigned to such officer in trust for the benefit of all its policy holders, the market value of which shall at all times be equal to one hundred thousand dollars. Said deposit shall consist of such like securities as fire insurance companies are, by the general insurance laws of this State, authorized to invest in: *Provided*, that Plate Glass Insurance Companies shall not be required to so deposit such securities to an amount in value exceeding fifty thousand dollars.

Reported to House, March 39, 1881.

First reading April 9, 1881, and referred to Committee on Insurance.
 Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading May 18, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section one of an act entitled "An Act to compel all Insurance Companies of other States and Countries doing any kind of insurance business in this State, other than life, to comply with the general fire and marine insurance laws of this State, and to require deposits of Plate Glass, Accident and Steam Boiler Insurance Companies."

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the 2 General Assembly, That to amend section one of the act entitled "An act to 3 compel all insurance companies of other States and countries doing any kind of insurance business in this State, other than life, to comply with the general fire and marine insurance laws of this State, and to require deposits of plate glass, accident and steam boiler insurance companies," be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows: Section 1. That every insurance company or association incorporated by or organized under the laws of any other State or association (of individuals, or individuals alone not organized or incorporated under any State law, or any foreign government, must comply with the requirements of the general 11 insurance laws of this State, governing fire, marine and inland a wigation 13 insurance companies doing business in the State of Illinois, before it shall be lawful for such company or association to take risks or transact any kind of insurance business in this State, other than that of life insurance; and such 16 companies or associations, and all persons acting as agents thereof, shall be

subject to the same penalties prescribed therein for a violation of any of the provisions thereof: Provided, that no plate glass, accident or steam boiler 18 insurance company shall be required to have a larger capital than one hundred 19 20 thousand dollars actually paid up; nor shall any such company be authorized to transact business in this State without having previously deposited, with 21 the State Treasurer of this State, or with the chief financial officer or Com-22 missioner of Insurance of the State where such company is organized, securi-23 ties duly assigned to such officer in trust for the benefit of all its policy 24 25 holders, the market value of which shall, at all times, be equal to one hundred thousand dollars. Said deposit shall consist of such like securities as 211 fire insurance companies are, by the general insurance laws of this State, 27 authorized to invest in: Provided, that plate glass insurance comparies shall 25 29 not be required to so deposit such securities to an amount in value exceeding fifty thousand dollars.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 177.

Amend first line by striking out the words, "to amend."

- 2 Amend lines three and four of the second page of the bill by striking out the
- words, "of individuals or individuals alone not."
- 4 Amend by inserting in line eleven, after the word "dollars," the words, "such
- 5 securities to be examined and approved by the Auditor of this State before
- 6 issuing license to said company."

- Introduced by Mr. Callon, February 3, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 5, 1881, and referred to Committee on State Charitable Institutions.
- 3. February 5, 1881, ordered printed for use of Committee.

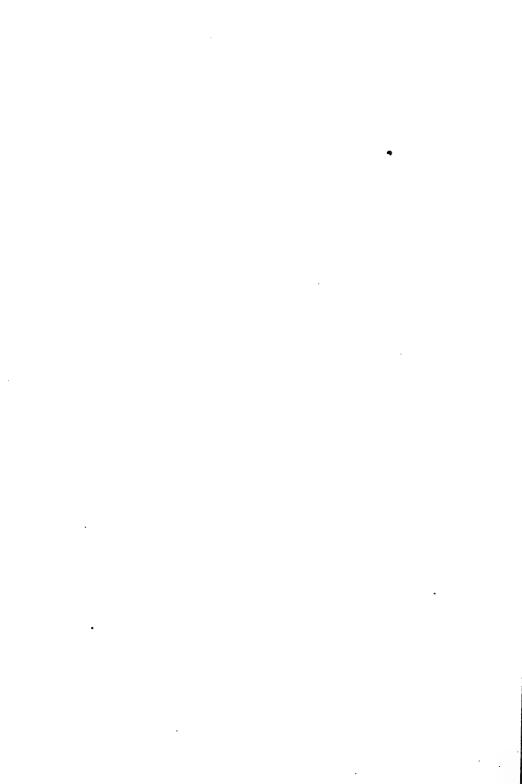
For an Act making appropriations for the expenses of the Illinois Institution for the Education of the Blind, at Jacksonville.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That there be and are hereby appropriated to the Illinois
- 3 Institution for the Education of the Blind, at Jacksonville:
- 4 For ordinary expenses, payable quarterly in advance, the sum of twenty-two
- 5 thousand dollars (\$22,000), for one year, from the first of July, 1881, and at the
- 6 rate of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$26,000) per annum, thereafter, until the
- 7 expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the next General
- 8 Assembly.
- 9 For repairs and improvements, fifteen hundred dollars (\$1,500) per annum.
- 10 For gratuitous distribution of educational and mechanical appliances to
- II pupils leaving the institution, who are unable to pay for the same, three
- 12 hundred dollars (\$300) per annum.

Table.

- 13 For a sewer, seven hundred and seventy-five dollars (\$775).
- 14 For an engine and laundry machinery, fourteen hundred and forty dollars
- 15 (\$1,440).
 - § 2. The moneys herein appropriated shall be due and payable to the
- 2 trustees or their order, only on the terms and in the manuer now provided
- 3 by law.



- Introduced by Mr. Callon, February 3, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 5, 1881, and referred to Committee on State Charitable Institutions.
- 3. Reported back, passage recommended and referred to Committee on Appropriations April 8, 1881.

 April 15, reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to a second reading.

A BILL

For an Act making appropriations for the expenses of the Illinois Institution for the Education of the Blind, at Jacksonville.

- 3 General Assembly. That there be and are hereby appropriated to the Illinois
- 3 Institution for the Education of the Blind, at Jacksonville: For ordinary
- 4 expenses, payable quarterly in advance, the sum of twenty-two thousand dol-
- 5 lars (\$22,000), for one year, from the first of July, 1881, and at the rate of twenty-
- 6 five thousand dollars (\$25,000) per annum thereafter until the expiration of the
- 7 first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the next General Assembly. For
- * repairs and improvements, fifteen hundred dollars (\$1,500) per annum. For the
- 9 gratuitous distribut on of educational and mechanical appliances to pupils leav-
- 10 ing the institution, who are unable to pay for the same, three hundred dollars
- 11 (\$300) per annum. For a sewer, seven hundred and seventy-five dollars (\$775).
- 12 For an engine and laundry machinery, fourteen hundred and forty dollars
- 18 (#1,440).
- The moneys herein appropriated shall be due and payable to the trustees
- 2 or their order only, on the terms and in the manner new provided by law,



Reported to House April 29, 1881.
 First reading May 2, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.
 Reported back with amendment, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered in second reading May 4, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act making appropriations for the expenses of the Illinois Institution for the Education of the Blind, at Jacksonville.

AMENDMENT ADOPTED BY HOUSE COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIA-TIONS TO SENATE BILL NO. 179.

Amend by striking from lines 18, 19, 20, 21, 22 and 28 (engrossed bill) the words:

- 2 "For the gratuitous distribution of educational and mechanical appliances to
- 3 pubils unable to pay for the same, three hundred (\$300) dollars per annum."

- 2 General Assembly. That there be and are hereby appropriated to the Illinois
- Institution for the Education of the Blind, at Jacksonville:
- For ordinary expenses, payable quarterly in advance, the sum of twenty-two
- thousand dollars (\$22,000), for one year, from the first of July, 1881, and at the
- rate of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) per annum thereafter, until the
- expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the next General
- Assembly.
- For repairs and improvements, fifteen hundred dollars (\$1.500) per annum.
- 10 For the gratuitous distribution of educational and mechanical appliances to
- publis leaving the institution who are unable to pay for the same, three hus-
- 12 dred (\$300) dollars per annum.

- 18 For a sewer, seven hundred and seventy-five (\$775) dollars.
- 14 For an engine and laundry machinery, fourteen hundred and forty (\$1,440)
- 15 dollars.
 - § 2. The moneys herein appropriated shall be due and payable to the trustees
- 2 or their order, only on the terms and in the manner now provided by law.

- Introduced by Mr. Callon, February 3, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 5, 1881, and referred to Committee on State Charitable Institutions.
- 3. February 11, 1881, ordered printed for the Committee.

For an Act making appropriations for the Illinois Institution for the Education of the Blind.

- 2 General Assembly. That the following amounts be and are hereby appropriated
- 3 to the Illinois Institution for the Education of the Blind:
- 4 For the construction and completion of the east wing of the main building,
- 5 the sum of thirty-three thousand dollars (\$33,000).
- 6 For school apparatus, musical instruments, and furniture, the sum of
- 7 twenty-five hundred dollars (\$2,500).
- 8 For the construction of a barn, coal house, and shops, the sum of fourteen
- 9 thousand dollars (\$14,000).
 - \$ 2. The trustees are limited in their contracts for building, by the amount
- 2 herein appropriated for such building; and no portion of any sum herein
- 13 appropriated shall be used for any other purpose than that for which the
- 4 appropriation is made.
 - § 3. All moneys hereby appropriated shall be due and payable to the board
- 2 of trustees upon their order, signed by the president and attested by the
- 3 secretary of the board, subject to the limitations and restrictions prescribed by
- 4 law.

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- Introduced by Mr. Callon, February 8, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading February 5, 1881, and referred to Committee on State Charitable Institutions.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended February 26, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

 April 1, 1881, reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and

ordered to second reading.

A BILL

For an Act making Appropriations for the Illinois Institution for the Education of the Blind.

- General Assembly. That the following amounts be and are hereby appropriated
- to the Illinois Institution for the Education of the Blind: For the construction
- and completion of the east wing of the main building, the sum of thirty-three
- thousand dollars (\$33,000.) For school apparatus, musical instruments and fur-
- niture, the sum of twenty five hundred dollars (\$2,500.) For the construction
- of a barn, coal-house and shops, the sum of fourteen thousand dollars (\$14,000.)
 - § 2. The trustees are limited in their contracts for building by the amount
- herein appropriated for such building, and no portion of any sum herein appro-
- priated shall be used for any other purpose than that for which the appropria-
- tion is made.
 - § 3. All moneys hereby appropriated shall be due and payable to the board
- 2 of trustees upon their order, signed by the president and attested by the secre-
- 3 tary of the board, subject to the limitations and restrictions prescribed by law.

AMENDMENT REPORTED FROM THE COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIA-TIONS, APRIL 1, 1881.

Amend by striking out of the last paragraph of section one, the words and

- 2 figures: "Fourteen thousand dollars (\$14,000)," and insert in lieu thereof the
 - 8 words and figures: "Twelve thousand dollars (\$12,000.)"

- Introduced by Mr. Callon, February 3, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading February 5, 1881, and referred to Committee on State Charitable Institutions.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended February 26, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

 April 1, 1881, reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and
- ordered to second reading.
- April 11, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.

For an Act making Appropriations for the Illinois Institution for the Education of the Blind.

- 2 General Assembly, That the following amounts be and are hereby appropriated
- to the Illinois Institution for the Education of the Blind: For the construction
- and completion of the east wing of the main building, the sum of thirty-three
- thousand dollars (*33,000). For school apparatus, musical instruments and fur-
- niture, the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars (\$2,500). For the construction of
- a barn, coal house and shops, the sum of twelve thousand dollars (\$12,000).
 - § 2. The trustees are limited in their contracts for building by the amount
- herein appropriated for such building, and no portion of any sum herein appro-
- priated shall be used for any other purpose than that for which the appropria-
- tion is made.
 - § 3. All moneys hereby appropriated shall be due and payable to the board
- of trustees upon their order, signed by the president and attested by the secre-
- 3 tary of the board, subject to the limitations and restrictions prescribed by law.

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AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 180, REPORTED FROM THE COM-MITTEE ON STATE CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS, FEBRUARY 26, 1881.

Amend by striking out in line 13, written bill, the word "fourteen" and insert 2 "twelve." and in 14th line the figure "4" and insert "2."

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- 1. Reported to House April 22, 1881.
- 2. First reading April 23, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.
- Reported back, passage re-o nmended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading April 29, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act making appropriations for the Illinois Institution for the Education of the Blind.

- 2 General Assemblu. That the following amounts be and are hereby appropriated
- 3 to the Illinois Institution for the Education of the Blind: For the construction
- 4 and completion of the east wing of the main building, the sum of thirty-three
- 5 thousand dollars (\$33,000). For school apparatus, musical instruments and fur-
- 6 niture, the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars \$2,500). For the construction of
- 7 a barn, coal house and shops, the sum of twelve thousand dollars (\$12,000).
 - \$ 2. The trustees are limited in their contracts for building by the amount
- 2 herein appropriated for such building, and no portion of any sum herein appro-
- 3 priated shall be used for any other purpose than that for which the appropria-
- 4 tion is made.
 - § 3. All moneys hereby appropriated shall be due and payable to the board
- 2 of trustees upon their order, signed by the president and attested by the secre-
- 3 tary of the board, subject to the limitations and restrictions prescribed by law.

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- Introduced by Mr. Needles, February 3, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading February 5, 1881, and referred to Committee on Revenue.
- Reported back with recommendation it be ordered to second reading February 17, 1881. So ordered.

For an Act to amend Sections three (3), thirty-two (32), thirty-three (33), and one hundred and eight (108) of "An Act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collection of taxes," approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, as amended by "An Act to amend Sections three (3) and thirty-two (32) of said act," approved May 13, 1879, in force July 1, 1879.

- 2 General Assembly, That Sections three (3), thirty-two (32), thirty-three (33) and
- 3 one hundred and eight (108) of "An act for the assessment of property and for
- 4 the levy and collection of taxes," approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1, 1872,
- 5 as amended by "An act to amend Sections three (3) and thirty-two (32) of said
- 6 act," approved May 13, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, be and the same are hereby
- 7 amended to read as follows:
- 8 Section 3. [Rules for valuing personal property.] Personal property shall
- 9 be valued as follows:
- 10 First-All personal property, except as herein otherwise directed, shall be
- 11 valued at its fair cash value.
- 12 Second—Every credit for a sum certain, payable either in money or labor,
- 13 shall be valued at a fair cash value, for the sum so payable; if for any article
- 14 of property, or for labor or services of any kind, it shall be valued at the
- 15 current price of such property, labor or service.

- 16 Third—Annuities and royalties shall be valued at their then present total 17 value.
- 18 Fourth—The capital stock of all companies and associations now or hereafter
- created under the laws of this State, (except those required to be assessed by
- the local assessors, as hereinafter provided) shall be so valued by the Auditor
- as to ascertain and determine respectively, the fair cash value of such capital 21
- stock, including the franchise, over and above the assessed and equalized value
- of the tangible property of such company or association. The Auditor shall
- in ascertaining the fair cash value of such capital stock, be governed by the 24
- following rules: 25

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- If such capital stock has a known and quotable market value, such 26
- 27 market value averaged for the year previous to the assessment, as nearly as
- may be, shall be taken and deemed to be the fair cash value. 28
- 2. If such capital stock has no known or quotable market value, then the 29
- Auditor shall determine its fair cash value from the sworn statements of such
- officers of the company, or of such other persons having knowledge thereof, as 31
- he may deem necessary. And for this purpose the Auditor may issue
- subpornas, administer oaths and require answers to such questions as he may 33
- propound touching the amount and value of such capital stock, in addition to 34
- 35 the statements or returns of capital stock hereinafter provided for.
- 3. The Auditor shall assess such capital stock for taxation at its fair cash 36
- value, found as above, reduced to the same basis of assessed valuation, as the 37
- other property of the State shall have been declared by the State Board of 38
- 39 Equalization to bear, less the assessed and equalized value of the tangible
- property of such company or association: Provided, that in all cases where 40
- the tangible property or capital stock of any company or association is assessed
- under this act, the shares of capital stock of any such company or association shall not be assessed or taxed in this State. This clause shall not apply to the
- capital stock, or shares of capital stock, of banks organized under the general
- banking laws of this State: Provided further, that companies and associations
- organized for purely manufacturing purposes, or for printing, or for publishing
- of newspapers, or for the improving and breeding of stock, shall be assessed

- 48 by the local assessors in like manner as the property of individuals is required
- 49 to be assessed.
- 50 Section 32. [Rules for listing and valuing property of banking and other
- 51 corporations.] Banking, bridge, express, ferry, gravel road, gas, tneurance,
- 52 mining, plank road, savings bank, stage, steamboat, street railroad, transporta-
- 53 tion, turnpike, and all other companies and associations incorporated under
- 54 the laws of this State (other than banks organized under the general banking
- 55 laws of this State and the corporations required to be assessed by the local
- 56 assessors as hereinbefore provided) shall in addition to the other property
- 57 required by this act to be listed, make out and deliver to the assessor a sworn
- 58 statement of the amount of its capital stock, setting forth particularly,
- 59 First—The name and location of the company or association.
- 60 Second—The amount of capital stock authorized, and the number of shares
- 61 into which such capital stock is divided.
- 62 Third—The amount of capital stock paid up.
- 63 Fourth-The market value, or if no market value, then the actual value of
- 64 the shares of stock.
- 65 Fifth—The assessed valuation of all its tangible property. Such statement
- 66 shall be made in conformity to such instructions and forms as may be prescribed
- 67 by the Auditor of Public Accounts. In all cases of failure or refusal of any
- 68 person, officer, company or association to make such return or statement, it
- 69 shall be the duty of the assessor to make such return or statement from the heat
- 70 information which he can obtain.
- 71 Section 33. [Schedule returned--forwarded to Auditor-Auditor to assess
- 72 capital stock. Such statements shall be scheduled by the assessor; and such
- 73 schedule, with the statements so scheduled, shall be returned by the assessor
- 74 to the county clerk. Said clerk shall, at the time he makes his report of assess.
- 75 ment, forward to the Auditor all such schedules and statements so returned to
- 76 him. The Auditor shall annually, after the meeting of the State Board of
- 77 Equalization, proceed to assess the capital stock of the companies and associa-
- 78 tions in this State, in conformity with the provisions of this act.
- 79 Section 108. [Auditor to assess capital stock of corporations except, etc...

extension of tax.] The Auditor shall assess the capital stock of each company or association, respectively, now or hereafter incorporated under the laws of this State, in the manner hereinbefore in this act provided. The respective assessments so made (other than of the capital stock of railroad and telegraph companies.) shall be certified by the Auditor to the county clerk of the respective counties in which such companies or associations are located, and said clerk shall extend the taxes for all purposes on the respective amounts so certified the same as may be levied on the other property in such towns, districts, villages or cities in which such companies or associations are located.

- Introduced by Mr. Needles, February 8, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading, February 5, 1881, and referred to Committee on Revenue.
- Reported back with amendments passage recommended, and ordered to second reading, February 17, 1881.

For an Act to amend an Act entitled "An Act to amend Sections fifty-eight (58.) sixty-six (66.) as heretofore amended; sixty-nine (69.) seventy (70.) seventy-six (76,) eighty-six (86,) eighty-nine (89,) ninety (90,) ninety-two (92,) as heretofore amended: ninety-eight (98.) one hundred and twenty-three (123.) one hundred and twenty-five (125.) one hundred and twenty-six (126.) one hundred and twenty-eight (128.) one hundred and thirty-two (132.) one hundred and sixtyone (161.) one hundred and sixty-three (163.) one hundred and seventy (170.) one hundred and seventy-one (171,) one hundred and seventy-two (172,) one hundred and eighty (180,) one hundred and eighty-one (181,) as heretofore amended; one hundred and eighty-eight (188,) one hundred and eighty-nine (189.) one hundred and ninety (190.) one hundred and ninety-three (193.) as heretofore amended; one hundred and ninety-four (194,) two hundred (200,) and two hundred and eleven (211,) of an Act entitled 'An Act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collection of taxes,' approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1, 1872; and to repeal Sections one hundred and twentyfour (124,) one hundred and ninety-five (195,) one hundred and ninety-eight (198,) and two hundred and twenty-six (298,) of said act," approved May 29, 1879, in force July 1, 1879.

² General Assembly, That Sections fifty-eight (58.) sixty-six (66.) sixty-nine (69.)

³ seventy (70,) seventy-six (76,) eighty-six (86,) eighty-nipe (89,) ninety (90,) ninety-

- 4 two, (92,) ninety-eight (98,) one hundred and twenty-three (123,) one hundred
- 5 and twenty-five (125,) one hundred and twenty-six (126,) one hundred and
- 6 twenty-eight (128,) one hundred and thirty-two (132,) one hundred and sixty-
- 7 three (163,) one hundred and eighty (180,) as heretofore amended, and Section
- 8 two (2) of an Act approved May 29, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, be amended, and
- 9 Section one hundred and twenty-four (124) of an act approved March 30, 1872,
- 10 in force July 1, 1872, be re-enacted to read as follows:
- 11 Section 58. [Real Property—As of What Time Listed—Who Liable for Tax.]
- 12 All real property in this State, subject to taxation under this act, including
- 13 real estate becoming taxable for the first time, shall be listed to the owners
- 14 thereof, by such owners, their agents, county clerks or assessors o: the county
- 15 board, and assessed for the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-
- 16 three, and yearly thereafter, with reference to the amount owned on the first
- 17 day of May in each year, including all property purchased on that day:
- 18 Provided, that no assessment of real property shall be considered as illegal by
- 19 reason of the same not being listed or assessed in the name of the owners
- 20 thereof.
- 21 Section 66. [Making and Delivery of Assessment Books and Bianks.] The
- 22 county clerk shall make up for the several towns or districts in his county, in
- 23 books to be provided for that purpose, the lists of lands and lots to be assessed
- 24 for taxes. When a whole section, half section, quarter section, or half-quarter
- 25 section, belongs to one owner, it shall, at the request of the owner or his agent,
- 26 be listed as one tract, and when all lots in the same block belong to one owner,
- 27 they shall, at the request of the owner or his agent, be listed as a block. When
- 28 several adjoining lots in the same block belong to the same owner, they
- 29 shall, at the request of the owner or his agent, be included in one description:
- 30 Provided, that when any tract or parcel of real estate is situated in more than
- 31 one town, or in more than one school, road or other district, the portion thereof
- 32 in each town or district shall be listed separately. Said clerk shall enter in the
- 33 proper column, opposite the respective tracts or lots, the name of the owner
- 34 thereof, so far as he shall be able to ascertain the same. Said books shall
- 35 contain columns in which may be shown the number of acres or lots improved,

36 and the value thereof; the number of acres or lots not improved, and the value

37 thereof; the total value, and such other columns as may be required.

38 Section 69. The county clerk shall cause such assessment books, and all

39 blanks necessary to be used by the assessor in the assessment of real and per-

40 sonal property, to be in readiness for delivery to the assessors on or before the

41 first day of May in each year.

42 Section 70. It shall be the duty of each county, town or district assessor to

43 call on the county clerk on or before the first day of May in each year, and

44 receive the necessary books and blanks for the assessment of property, and the

45 failure of any assessor so to do, shall be deemed sufficient cause to declare his

46 office vacant, and for the appointment of a successor.

47 Section 76. Assessors shall, between the first day of May and the first day

48 of July of each year, actually view and determine, as nearly as practicable, the

49 fair cash value of each tract or lot of land listed for taxation, and set down in

50 proper columns, in the book furnished him, the value of each tract or lot

51 improved, the value of each tract or lot not improved, and the total value. He

52 shall also set down, in separate columns, the number of acres in wheat, corn,

53 oats, meadow, and other field products, in inclosed pastures, orchards and

54 woodlands, whether inclosed or not, in that year.

55 Section 86. [Review of Assessment by the Town Board, in Counties Under

6 Township Organization.] In counties under township organization, the

7 assessor, clerk and supervisor of the town shall meet on the fourth Monday of

58 June, for the purpose of reviewing the assessment of property in such town.

59 And on the application of any person considering himself aggrieved, or who

o shall complain that the property of another is assessed too low, they shall

1 review the assessment, and correct the same, as shall appear to them just. No

complaint that another is assessed too low shall be acted upon until the person

63 so assessed, or his agent, shall be notified of such complaint, if a resident of

4 the county. Any two of said officers meeting, are authorized to act, and they

5 may adjourn from day to day, till they shall have finished the hearing of all

cases presented on said day. Property assessed after the fourth Monday of

67 June shall be subject to complaint to the county board, subject to the rules 68 specified in this Section.

170 up and note the aggregate of each column in his assessment books of real and reasonal property; and shall also add in each book, under proper headings, a real and page; and shall add up and set down under the respective headings the totals real or personal property, he shall, in addition to the tabular statements herein required, return a statement in like form, showing the totals of the books.

The assessor shall, on or before the first day of July of the year

for which the assessment is made, return his assessment books to the county clerk, verified by his affidavit, substantially in the following form:

80 STATE OF ILLINOIS, SS. COUNTY.

91 Section 92. The several assessment books shall be filed in the office of the 92 county clerk, and there remain open to the inspection of all persons.

Section 98. [Report of Assessment by the Clerk, to the Auditor, for Equaliza94 tion.] On or before the tenth day of July, annually, it shall be the duty of the
95 county clerks, upon the receipt of the assessment books, to make out and
96 transmit to the Auditor an abstract of the assessment of property, showing the
97 number, value and average value of each kind of enumerated property, as

shown by the assessment; the value of each item of unenumerated property, and total value of personal property: the length of main track, the length of side track, and the numbers, values and average values of each separate item of railroad property; the number of acres, value and average value of improved 101 lands; the number of acres, value and average value of unimproved lands; the 102 103 total number of acres, total value and average-value, per acre, of all lands; the number, value and average value of improved town and city lots; the number, 104 value and average value of unimproved town or city lots; the total number of 105 lots, total value and average value of all lots, and the total value of all 106 property; the number of acres in cultivation of wheat, corn oats, meadow, and 107 other field products in inclosed pasture, orchards and woodland, whether inclosed or not in that year. Said abstracts shall be made out on blanks, which it shall be the duty of the Auditor to furnish the county clerks for that purpose. The values to be given in said abstract shall be the assessed valuations, except in the case of railroad property denominated "railroad track" and 112 "rolling stock," the value of which shall be given as returned by the railroad company to the county clerk. The county clerk shall, at the same time, and accompanying said abstract, furnish a detailed statement of the railroad property denominated "railroad track" and "rolling stock," reported by each road located in or through their counties. If there are any roads so located 117 that have not made their reports as required by this act, the clerk shall report 119 the fact, giving the name of such railroad.

120 Section 123. The county clerk shall, annually, make out for the use of ool 121 lectors, in books to be furnished by the county, correct lists of taxable property, 122 as assessed and equalized.

Section 124. In counties not under township organisation such book shall be made up by congressional townships; but parts of fractional townships, less than full townships, may be added to full townships, at the discretion of the county board. In counties under township organization, said books shall be made to correspond with the organized townships. Separate books may be made for the collection of all taxes within the corporate limits of cities, towns

and villages. This Section shall not be construed or interfered with the tax book provided for in this act, for the use of county collectors, for collecting all taxes charged against railroad property and the capital stock of telegraph companies. 132 183 Section 125. The respective county clerks shall cause the collectors' books to be properly ruled for the several classes of property, providing for each class 184 three columns for values—the first to show the assessed valuation; the second 135 to show the valuation as corrected and equalized by the county board; and the third, to show the valuation as equalized or assessed by the State Board of 137 Equalization. Said books to contain proper columns for the extension of the 138 139 several kinds of taxes, and other purposes. Section 126. Said clerks shall extend the rates of addition or deduction 140 ordered by the county board and State Board of Equalization, in the several 142 columns provided for that purpose. The rates per cent. ordered by the State Board of Equalization shall be extended on the assessed valuation of property, 143 as corrected and equalized by the county board—except, that in case of railroad property denominated "railroad track" and "rolling stock," said rates shall be 145 extended on the listed valuations of such designated property. In all cases of extension of valuations, where the equalized valuation shall happen to be fractional, the clerk shall reject all such fractions as may fall below fifty cents; 149 fractions of fifty cents or more shall be extended as one dollar. 150 Section 128. All State and county taxes shall be extended by the respective county clerks upon the property in their counties, upon the valuation produced 152 by the equalization and assessment of property by the State Board of Equalization. Town, district, village, city and other taxes, shall also be extended against such assessed and equalized valuation of property within their respective jurisdictions. In the extension of taxes, the fraction of a cent shall be extended as one cent. 156 157 Section 132. To each collector's book a warrant, under the hand and official seal of the county clerk, shall be annexed, commanding the collector to collect

159 from the several persons' names in said book, the several sums entered in the 160 column of totals opposite their respective names. The warrant shall direct the 161 collector to pay over the several kinds of taxes that may 1% collected by him 162 to the respective officers entitled thereto, less the compensation for collection 163 allowed him by law.

164 Section 163. Whenever any person shall pay the taxes charged on any property, the collector shall enter such payment in his book, and give a receipt 166 therefor, specifying for whom paid, the amount paid, what year paid for, and the property and value thereof on which the same was paid, according to its 167 168 description in the collector's books, in whole or in part of such description, as 169 the case may be; and such entry and receipt shall bear the genuine signature of the collector or his deputy receiving such payment; and whenever it shall 171 appear that any receipt for the payment of taxes shall be lost or destroyed, the 172 entry so made may be read in evidence in lieu thereof. The collector shall enter the name of the owner of the person paying tax, opposite each tract or lot of land when he collects the tax thereon, and the post office address of the 175 person paying such tax.

176 Section 180. On the application of any person to pay any tax or special 177 assessment upon any real property, it shall be the duty of the county collector 178 to make out to such person a receipt, in which shall be noted all taxes and 179 assessments upon such property, returned to such collector and not previously 180 paid.

AMENDMENTS REPORTED FROM THE COMMITTEE ON REVENUE FEBRUARY 17, 1881.

Amend by adding:

- 2 Section 117. State taxes shall be extended by the county clerk on the
- 3 assessed valuation of property as equalized and assessed by the State Board of
- 4 Equalization and all taxes on property assessed by said board shall be extended
- 5 on the valuation made by said board, and all other taxes shall be extended by
- 6 the county clerk on the valuation of property as equalized and assessed by the county board.

- 8 And that section two of said act be amended to read as follows:
- 9 Sections one hundred and ninety-five (195,) one hundred and ninety-eight (198,)
- 10 and two hundred and twenty-six (226,) of an act entitled "An act for the
- 11 assessment of property, and for the levy and collection of taxes," approved
- 12 March 30, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, are hereby repealed.

- Introduced by Mr. Needles, February 3, 1881, and ordered to first reading
- First reading February 5, 1881, and referred to Committee on Revenue. Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading, February 17, 1881.
- February 26, second reading, made special order for March 1. March 1, amended, and ordered to third reading.

For an Act to amend an Act entitled "An Act to amend Sections fifty-eight (58,) sixty-six (66.) as heretofore amended; sixty-nine (69.) seventy (70.) seventy-six (76.) eighty-six (86.) eighty-nine (89.) ninety (90.) ninety-two (92.) as heretofore amended: ninety-eight (98,) one hundred and twenty-three (123,) one hundred and twenty-five (125,) one hundred and twenty-six (126,) one hundred and twenty-eight (128,) one hundred and thirty-two (182,) one hundred and sixtyone (161,) one hundred and sixty-three (163,) one hundred and seventy (170,) one hundred and seventy-one (171,) one hundred and seventy-two (172,) one hundred and eighty (180,) one hundred and eighty-one (181,) as heretofore amended; one hundred and eighty-eight (188,) one hundred and eighty-nine (189.) one hundred and ninety (190.) one hundred and ninety-three (193.) as heretofore amended; one hundred and ninety-four (194,) two hundred (200,) and two hundred and eleven (211,) of an Act entitled 'An Act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collection of taxes,' approved March 30, 1872, and to add to said act an additional Section to be known as Section one hundred and twenty-four (124.")

- 2 General Assembly. That sections fifty-eight (58,) sixty-six (66,) sixty-nine (69,)
- 3 seventy (70,) seventy-six (76,) eighty-six (86,) eighty-nine (89,) ninety (90,) ninety-
- two (92,) ninety-eight (98,) one hundred and twenty-three (123,) one hundred

- 5 and twenty-five (125,) one hundred and twenty-six (126,) one hundred and
- 6 twenty-eight (128,) one hundred and thirty-two (132,) one hundred and sixty-
- 7 three (163,) one hundred and eighty (180,) as heretofore amended by act in
- 8 force July 1, 1879, be and the same are hereby amended so as to read as
- 9 follows:
- 10 Section 58. All real property in this State, subject to taxation under this
- 11 act, including real estate becoming taxable for the first-time, shall be listed to
- 12 the owners thereof, by such owners, their agents, county clerks or assessors or
- 13 the county board, and assessed for the year one thousand eight hundred and
- 14 eighty-one, and yearly thereafter, with reference to the amount owned on the
- 15 first day of May in each year, including all property purchased on that day:
- 16 Provided, that no assessment of real property shall be considered as illegal by
- 17 reason of the same not being listed or assessed in the name of the owners
- 18 thereof.
- 19 Section 66. The county clerk shall make up for the several towns or districts
- 20 in his county, in books to be provided for that purpose, the lists of lands and lots
- 21 to be assessed for taxes. When a whole section, half section, quarter section,
- 22 or half-quarter section, belongs to one owner, it shall, at the request of the
- 23 owner or his agent, be listed as one tract, and when all lots in the same block
- 24 belong to one owner, they shall, at the request of the owner or his agent, be
- 25 listed as a block. When several adjoining lots in the same block belong to the
- 26 same owner, they shall, at the request of the owner or his agent, he included in
- 27 one description: Provided, that when any tract or parcel of real estate is
- 28 situated in more than one town, or in more than one school, road or other dis-
- 20 trict, the portion thereof in each town or district shall be listed separately.
- 30 Said clerk shall enter in the proper column, opposite the
- 31 respective tracts or lots, the name of the owner thereof, so
- 32 far as he shall be able to ascertain the same. Said books shall contain
- 38 columns in which may be shown the number of acres or lots improved,
- 84 and the value thereof; the number of acres or lots not improved, and the value
- 35 thereof: the total value, and such other columns as may be required.
- 86 Section 69. The county clerk shall cause such assessment bloks, and all

blanks necessary to be used by the assessor in the assessment of real and personal property, to be in readiness for delivery to the assessors on or before the first day of May in each year. Section 70. It shall be the duty of each county, town or district assessor to call on the county clerk on or before the first day of May in each year, and 42 receive the necessary books and blanks for the assessment of property, and the failure of any assessor so to do, shall be deemed sufficient cause to declare his 43 office vacant, and for the appointment of a successor. 45 Section 76. Assessors shall, between the first day of May and the first day of July of each year, actually view and determine, as nearly as practicable, the fair cash value of each tract or lot of land listed for taxation, and set down in 47 proper columns, in the book furnished him, the value of each tract or lot improved, the value of each tract or lot not improved, and the total value. He shall also set down, in separate columns, the number of acres in wheat, corn, oats, meadow, and other field products, in inclosed pastures, orchards and woodlands, whether inclosed or not, in that year. 52 Section 56. In counties under township organization, the assessor, clerk and 53 supervisor of the town shall meet on the fourth Monday of June, for the purpose of reviewing the assessment of property in such town. And on the appli-55 cation of any person considering himself aggrieved, or who shall complain that 57 the property of another is assessed too low, they shall review the assessment, 5× and correct the same, as shall appear to them just. No complaint that another is assessed too low shall be acted upon until the person so assessed, or his 59 agent, shall be notified of such complaint, if a resident of the county. Any (4) two of said officers meeting, are authorized to act, and they may adjourn from day to day, till they shall have finished the hearing of all cases presented on 45 said day. Property assessed after the fourth Monday of June shall be

66 Section 89. The assessor shall add up and note the aggregate of each column in his assessment books of real and personal property; and shall also 68 add in each book, under proper headings, a tabular statement, showing the

subject to complaint to the county board, subject to the rules specified in this

64 65

section.

69 footings of the several columns upon each page; and shall add up and set down

70 under the respective headings the totals of the several columns. When an

71 assessor returns several assessment books of real or personal property, he

72 shall, in addition to the tabular statements herein required, return a statement

73 in like form, showing the totals of all the books.

74 Section 90. The assessor shall on or before the first day of July of the year

75 for which the assessment is made, return his assessment books to the county

76 clerk, verified by his affidavit, substantially in the following form:

77 STATE OF ILLINOIS, SEA.

78 I, assessor of do solemnly swear that the book to

which this is attached contains a correct and full list of all the real property

80 [or "personal property," as the case may be.] subject to taxation in, so

81 far as I have been able to ascertain the same; and that the assessed value set

2 down in the proper column opposite the several kinds and descriptions of

8 property is, in each case, the fair cash value of such property, to the best of

84 my knowledge and belief, [where the assessment has been corrected by a town

85 board, "except as corrected by the town board," | and that the footings of the

6 several columns in said book, and tabular statement returned herewith, is

87 correct, as I verily believe.

88 Section 92. The several assessment books shall be filed in the office of the

89 county clerk, and there remain open to the inspection of all persons: Provided,

90 that the county clerk shall, in the month of April, deliver to the town

1 clerks of the several towns in the county, the assessment books of their

respective towns for the previous year, such books to be returned by the town

93 clerks to the county clerk's office before the first of July of the same

94 year.

95 Section 98. On or before the tenth day of July, annually, it shall be

6 the duty of the county clerks, upon the receipt of the assessment books,

97 to make out and transmit to the Auditor an abstract of

98 the assessment of property, showing the number, value and

#9 average value of each kind of enumerated property, as shown by

the assessment; the value of each item of unenumerated property, and total value of personal property; the length of main track, the length of 101 side track, and the numbers, values and average values of each separate item 103 of railroad property; the number of acres, value and average value of improved lands; the number of acres, value and average value of unimproved lands; the 104 total number of acres, total value and average value, per acre, of all lands; the number, value and average value of improved town and city lots; the number, 106 value and average value of unimproved town or city lots; the total number of lots, total value and average value of all lots, and the total value of all 108 property; the number of acres in cultivation of wheat, corn, oats, meadow, and other field products in inclosed pasture, orchards and woodland, whether 110 inclosed or not in that year. Said abstracts shall be made out on blanks, which it shall be the duty of the Auditor to furnish the county clerks for that purpose. The values to be given in said abstract shall be the assessed valuations, except in the case of railroad property denominated "railroad track" and "rolling stock," the value of which shall be given as returned by the railroad 115 company to the county clerk. The county clerk shall, at the same time, and accompanying said abstract, furnish a detailed statement of the railroad 117 property denominated "railroad track" and "rolling stock," reported by each 118 119 road located in or through their counties. If there are any roads so located that have not made their reports as required by this act, the clerk shall report 120 the fact, giving the name of such railroad. 121 122 Section 123. The county clerk shall, annually, make out for the use of collectors, in books to be furnished by the county, correct lists of taxable property, 123 124 as assessed and equalized. Section 125. The respective county clerks shall cause the collectors' books 125 to be properly ruled for the several classes of property, providing for each class 126 three columns for values—the first to show the assessed valuation; the second 127 to show the valuation as corrected and equalized by the county board; and the 128 129 third, to show the valuation as equalized or assessed by the State Board of 130 Equalization. Said books to contain proper columns for the extension of the

several kinds of taxes, and other purposes.

131

6 132 Section 126. Said clerks shall extend the rates of addition or deduction ordered by the county board and State Board of Equalization, in the several 133 columns provided for that purpose. The rates per cent, ordered by the State 135 Board of Equalization shall be extended on the a sessed valuation of property, as corrected and equalized by the county board --except, that in case of railroad 136 137 property denominated "railroad track" and "rolling stock," said rates shall be extended on the listed valuations of such designated property. In all cases of 138 139 extension of valuations, where the equalized valuation shall happen to be fractional, the clerk shall reject all such fractions as may fall below fifty cents; 140 fractions of fifty cents or more shall be extended as one dollar. 141 142 Sections 128. All State and county taxes shall be extended by the respective county clerks upon the property in their counties, upon the valuation produced by the equalization and assessment of property by the State Board of Equali-144 zation. Town, district, village, city and other taxes, shall also be extended

146 against such assessed and equalized valuation of property within their respect-147 ive jurisdictions. In the extension of taxes, the fraction of a cent shall be

148

extended as one cent.

149 Section 132. To each collector's book a warrant, under the hand and official seal of the county clerk, shall be annexed, commanding the collector to collect from the several persons named in said book, the several sums entered in the column of totals opposite their respective names. The warrant shall direct the collector to pay over the several kinds of taxes that may be collected by him to the respective officers entitled thereto, less the compensation for collection allowed him by law.

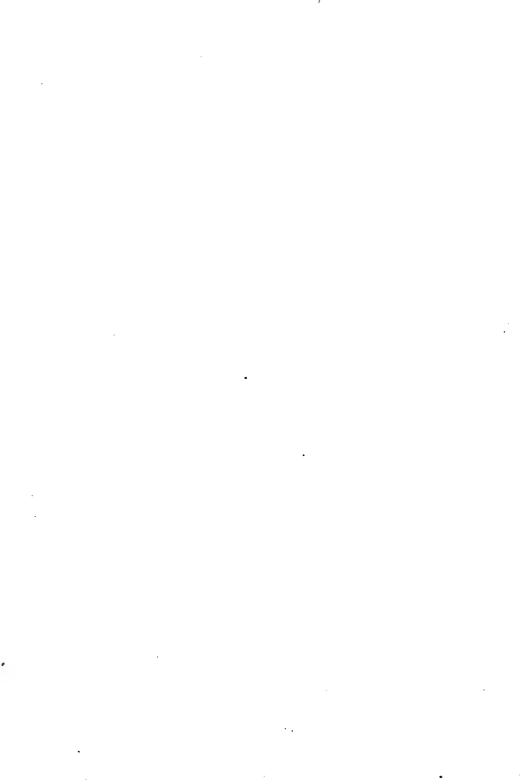
Section 168. Whenever any person shall pay the taxes charged on any property, the collector shall enter such payment in his book, and give a receipt therefor, specifying for whom paid, the amount paid, what year paid for, and the property and value thereof on which the same was paid, according to its description in the collector's books, in whole or in part of such description, as the case may be; and such entry and receipt shall bear the genuine signature of the collector or his deputy receiving such payment; and whenever it shall appear that any receipt for the payment of taxes shall be lost or destroyed, the

entry so made may be read in evidence in lieu thereof. The collector shall enter the name of the owner or the person paying tax, opposite each tract or lot of land when he collects the tax thereon, and the post office address of the person paying such tax.

Section 180. On the application of any person to pay any tax or special assessment upon any real property, it shall be the duty of the county collector to make out to such person a receipt, in which shall be noted all taxes and assessments upon such property returned to such collector and not previously paid.

- \$ 2. Such act is hereby amended by adding thereto the following, to be known as section one hundred and twenty-four (124):
- Section 124. In counties not under township organization such book shall be made up by congressional townships; but parts of fractional townships, less than full townships, may be added to full townships, at the discretion of the county board. In counties under township organization, said books shall be made to correspond with the organized townships. Separate books may be made for the collection of all taxes within the corporate limits of cities, towns and villages. This section shall not be construed to interfere with the tax book provided for in this act, for the use of county collectors, for collecting all taxes charged against railroad property and the capital stock of telegraph
- \$ 3. Whereas, the provision herein provides for an assessment to be made on
 2 the first day of May, 1881, therefore an emergency exists, and this act shall
 3 take effect from and after its passage.

12 companies.



1. Reported to House March 15, 1881.

2. First reading March 21, 1881, and referred to Committee on Revenue.

3. Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading, March 24, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend an Act entitled "An act to amend Sections fifty-eight (58), sixty-six (66), as heretofore amended; sixty-nine (69), seventy (70), seventy-six (76), eighty-six (86), eighty-nine (89), ninety (90), ninety two (92), as heretofore amended; ninety-eight (98), one hundred and twenty-three (123), one hundred and twenty-five (125), one hundred and twenty-six (126), one hundred and twenty-eight (128), one hundred and thirty-two (182), one hundred and sixtyone (161), one hundred and sixty-three (168), one hundred and seventy (170), one hundred and seventy-one (171), one hundred and seventy-two (172), one hundred and eighty (180), one hundred and eighty-one (181), as heretofore amended; one hundred and eighty-eight (188), one hundred and eighty-nine (189), one hundred and ninety (190), one hundred and ninety-three (193) as heretofore amended; one hundred and ninety-four (194), two hundred (200), and two hundred and eleven (211), of an Act entitled 'An Act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collection of taxes, approved March 30, 1872, and to add to said act an additional Section to be known as Section one hundred and twenty-four (124.)"

- 2 General Assembly. That sections fifty-eight (58), sixty-six (66), sixty-nine (69),
- 3 seventy (70), seventy-six (76), eighty-six (86), eighty-nine (89), ninety (90), ninety-
- 4 two (92), ninety-eight (98), one hundred and twenty-three (123), one hundred
- 5 and twenty-five (125), one hundred and twenty-six (126), one hundred and

- 6 twenty-eight (128), one hundred and thirty-two (132), one hundred and sixty-
- 7 three (163,) one hundred and eighty (180), as heretofore amended by act in
- 8 force July 1, 1879, be and the same are hereby amended so as to read as
- 9 follows:
- 10 Section 58. All real property in this State, subject to taxation under this
- 11 act, including real estate becoming taxable for the first time, shall be listed to
- 12 the owners thereof, by such owners, their agents, county clerks or assessors, or
- 13 the county board, and assessed for the year one thousand eight hundred and
- 14 eighty-one, and yearly thereafter, with reference to the amount owned on the
- 15 first day of May in each year, including all property purchased on that day:
- 16 Provided, that no assessment of real property shall be considered as illegal by
- 17 reason of the same not being listed or assessed in the name of the owners
- 18 thereof.
- 19 Section 66. The county clerk shall make up for the several towns or districts
- 20 in his county, in books to be provided for that purpose, the lists of lands and
- 21 lots to be assessed for taxes. When a whole section, half section, quarter sec-
- 22 tion or half-quarter section, belongs to one owner, it shall, at the request of the
- 23 owner or his agent, be listed as one tract, and when all lots in the same block
- 24 belong to one owner, they shall, at the request of the owner or his agent, be
- 25 listed as a block. When several adjoining lots in the same block belong to the
- 26 same owner, they shall, at the request of the owner or his agent, be included
- 27 in one description: Provided, that when any tract or parcel of real estate is
- 28 situated in more than one town, or in more than one school, road or other
- 29 district, the portion thereof in each town or district shall be listed separately.
- 30 Said clerk shall enter in the proper column, opposite the respective tracts
- 31 or lots, the name of the ownerIthereof, so far as he shall be able to ascer-
- 32 tain the same. Said books shall contain columns in which may be shown
- 33 the number of acres or lots improved, and the value thereof; the number of
- 84 acres or lots not improved and the value thereof; the total value, and such
- 85 other columns as may be required.
- 36 Section 69. The county clerk shall cause such assessment books, and all
- 37 blanks necessary to be used by the assessor in the assessment of real and per-

sonal property, to be in readiness for delivery to the assessors on or before the first day of May in each year.

40 Section 70. It shall be the duty of each county, town or district assessor to call on the county clerk on or before the first day of May in each year, and 41

receive the necessary books and blanks for the assessment of property, and the 42 failure of any assessor so to do, shall be deemed sufficient cause to declare his

office vacant, and for the appointment of a successor.

48

45 Section 76. Assessors shall, between the first day of May and the first day of July of each year, actually view and determine, as nearly as practicable, the 46 fair cash value of each tract or lot of land listed for taxation, and set down in proper columns, in the book furnished him, the value of each tract or lot 48 improved, the value of each tract or lot not improved, and the total value. He shall also set down, in separate columns, the number of acres in wheat, corn oats, meadow, and other field products, in inclosed pastures, orchards and 51 woodlands, whether inclosed or not, in that year. 52

53 Section 86. In counties under township organization, the assessor, clerk and supervisor of the town shall meet on the fourth Monday of June, for the pur-54 pose of reviewing the assessment of property in such town. And on the appli-55 56 cation of any person considering himself aggrieved, or who shall complain that the property of another is assessed too low, they shall review the assessment 57 and correct the same, as shall appear to them just. No complaint that another 59 is assessed too low shall be acted upon until the person so assessed, or his agent, shall be notified of such complaint, if a resident of the county. Any 60 61 two of said officers meeting, are authorized to act, and they may adjourn from day to day, till they shall have finished the hearing of all cases presented on 62 said day. Property assessed after the fourth Monday of June shall be 64 subject to complaint to the county board, subject to the rules specified in this 65 section.

Section >9. The assessor shall add up and note the aggregate of each 66 column in his assessment books of real and personal property; and shall also 67 add in each book, under proper headings, a tabular statement, showing the footings of the several columns upon each page; and shall add up and set down 70 under the respective headings the totals of the several columns. When an

71 assessor returns several assessment books of real or personal property, he

72 shall, in addition to the tabular statements herein required, return a statement

73 in like form, showing the totals of all the books.

74 Section 90. The as sessor shall, on or before the first day of July of the year

75 for which the assessment is made, return his assessment books to the county

76 clerk, verified by his affidavit, substantially in the following form:

77 STATE OF ILLINOIS, SS. COUNTY.

78 I., assessor of, do solemnly swear that the book to

9 which this is attached contains a correct and full list of all the real property

80 (or "personal property," as the case may be,) subject to taxation in, so

81 far as I have been able to ascertain the same; and that the assessed value set

82 down in the proper column opposite the several kinds and descriptions of

3 property is, in each case, the fair cash value of such property, to the best of

84 my knowledge and belief, (where the assessment has been corrected by a town

board, "except as corrected by the town board,") and that the footings of the

8 several columns in said book, and tabular statement returned herewith is

7 correct, as I verily believe.

88 Section 92. The several assessment books shall be filed in the office of the

39 county clerk, and there remain open to the inspection of all persons: Provided.

90 that the county clerk shall, in the month of April, deliver to the town

91 clerks of the several towns in the county, the assessment books of their

2 respective towns for the previous year, such books to be returned by the town

93 clerks to the county clerk's office before the first of July of the same

94 year.

95. Section 98. On or before the tenth day of July, annually, it shall be

the duty of the county clerks, upon the receipt of the assessment books,

97 to make out and transmit to the Auditor an abstract of

98 the assessment of property, showing the number, value and

99 average value of each kind of enumerated property, as shown by

100 the assessment; the value of each item of unenumerated property,

101 and total value of personal property; the length of main track, the length of side track, and the numbers, values and average values of each separate item 103 of railroad property; the number of acres, value and average value of improved lands; the number of acres, value and average value of unimproved lands; the total number of acres, total value and average value, per acre, of all lands; the number, value and average value of improved town and city lots; the number, value and average value of unimproved town or city lots; the total number of lots, total value and average value of all lots, and the total value of all property; the number of acres in cultivation of wheat, corn, cats, meadow, and 110 other field products in inclosed pasture, orchards and woodland, whether inclosed or not, in that year. Said abstracts shall be made out on blanks, which it shall be the duty of the Auditor to furnish the county clerks for that purpose. The values to be given in said abstract shall be the assessed valua 113 tions, except in the case of railroad property denominated "railroad track" and 115 "rolling stock," the value of which shall be given as returned by the railroad company to the county clerk. The county clerk shall, at the same time, and 116 117 accompanying said abstract, furnish a detailed statement of the railroad property denominated "railroad track" and "rolling stock," reported by each 118 119 road located in or through their counties. If there are any roads so located 120 that have not made their reports as required by this act, the clerk shall report 121 the fact, giving the name of such railroad. Section 123. The county clerk shall, annually, make out for the use of collectors, in books to be furnished by the county, correct lists of taxable property,

122 124 as assessed and equalized.

125 Section 125. The respective county clerks shall cause the collectors' books 126 to be properly ruled for the several classes of property, providing for each class three columns for values—the first to show the assessed valuation; the second 127 to show the valuation as corrected and equalized by the county board; and the 129 third to show the valuation as equalized or assessed by the State Board of Said books to contain proper columns for the extension of the 180 Equalization

182 Section 126. Said clerks shall extend the rates of addition or deduction

several kinds of taxes, and other purposes.

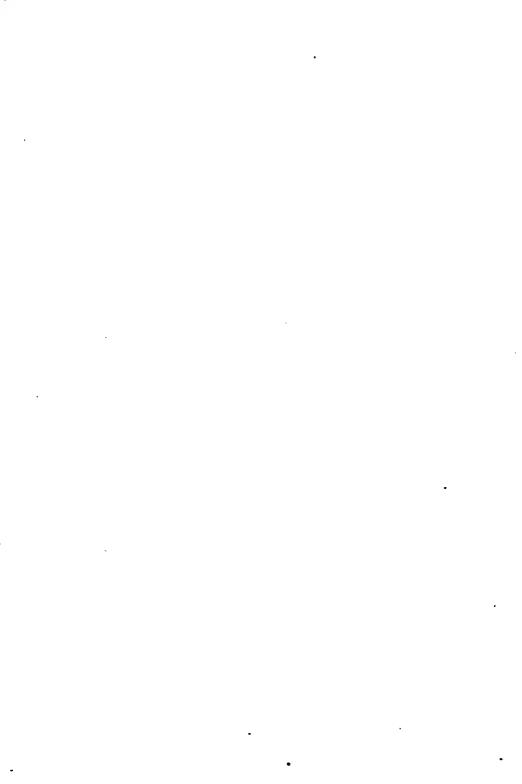
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ordered by the county board and State Board of Equalization, in the several columns provided for that purpose. The rates per cent. ordered by the State Board of Equalization shall be extended on the assessed valuation of property, 136 as corrected and equalized by the county board—except, that in case of railroad property denominated "railroad track" and "rolling stock," said rates shall be 137 extended on the listed valuations of such designated property. 188 189 extension of valuations, where the equalized valuation shall happen to be 140 fractional, the clerk shall reject all such fractions as may fall below fifty cents. fractions of fifty cents or more shall be extended as one dollar. 141 Section 128 All State and county taxes shall be extended by the respective 142 143 county clerks upon the property in their counties, upon the valuation produced by the equalization and assessment of property by the State Board of Equalization. Town, district, village, city and other taxes, shall also be extended 145 146 against such assessed and equalized valuation of property within their respect-147 ive jurisdictions. In the extension of taxes the fraction of a cent shall be extended as one cent. 148 149 Section 132. To each collector's book a warrant, under the hand and official seal of the county clerk, shall be annexed, commanding the collector to collect 150 from the several persons named in said book, the several sums entered in the 151 column of totals opposite their respective names. The warrant shall direct the 152 collector to pay over the several kinds of taxes that may be collected by him to 153 the respective officers entitled thereto, less the compensation for collection allowed him by law. 155 156 Section 163. Whenever any person shall pay the taxes charged on any property, the collector shall enter such payment in his book, and give a receipt 157 therefor, specifying for whom paid, the amount paid, what year paid for, and 158 the property and value thereof on which the same was paid, according to its 159 description in the collector's books, in whole or in part of such description, as 160 the case may be; and such entry and receipt shall bear the genuine signature of the collector or his deputy receiving such payment; and whenever it shall 162 appear that any receipt for the payment of taxes shall be lost or destroyed. the entry so made may be read in evidence in lieu thereof. The collector shall

enter the name of the owner or the person paying tax, opposite each tract or lot of land when he collects the tax thereon, and the post-office address of the person paying such tax.

Section 180. On the application of any person to pay any tax or special assessment upon any real property, it shall be the duty of the county collector to make out to such person a receipt, in which shall be noted all taxes and assessments upon such property returned to such collector and not previously paid.

- \S 2. Such act is hereby amended by adding thereto the following, to be
- 2 known as section one hundred and twenty-four (194):
- 8 Section 124. In counties not under township organization such book shall be
- 4 made up by congressional townships; but parts of fractional townships, less
- 5 than full townships, may be added to full townships, at the discretion of the
- 6 county board. In counties under township organization said books shall be
- 7 made to correspond with the organized townships. Separate books may be
- 8 made for the collection of all taxes within the corporate limits of cities, towns
- 9 and villages. This section shall not be construed to interfere with the tax
- 10 book provided for in this act, for the use of county collectors, for collecting all
- 11 taxes charged against railroad property and the capital stock of telegraph
- 12 companies.
 - § 3. Whereas, the provision herein provides for an assessment to be made on
- 3 the first day of May, 1881, therefore an emergency exists, and this act shall
- 3 take effect from and after its passage.



- Introduced by Mr. Needles, February 3, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 5, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 16, 1881.

For an Act making an appropriation for the payment of the officers and members of the next General Assembly, and for the salaries of the officers of the State Government.

- 2 General Assembly. That there be and is hereby appropriated the sum of nine
- 3 hundred thousand dollars (\$900,000), or such sum as may be necessary, to pay
- 4 the officers and members of the next General Assembly, and the salaries of
- 5 the officers of the State Government, at such rate of compensation as is now or
- 6 hereafter may be fixed by law, until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter
- 7 after the adjournment of the next regular session of the General Assembly.

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Reported to House April 1, 1881.

First reading April 9, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations,
 Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading April 12, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act making an appropriation for the payment of the Officers and Members of the next General Assembly and for the salaries of the Officers of the State Government.

- 2 General Amembly. That there be and is hereby appropriated the sum of nine
- 3 hundred thousand (\$900,000) dollars, or such sum as may be necessary, to pay the
- 4 officers and members of the next General Assembly, and the salaries of the offi-
- 5° cers of the State government, at such rate of compensation as is now or hereafter
- 6 may be fixed by law, until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the ad-
- 7 journment of the next regular session of the General Assembly.



- Introduced by Mr. Hunt, February 3, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 5, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
 Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 16, 1881.

For an Act to make all certified copies or abstracts of the field notes, maps or plats of the United States Surveys, furnished by the custodian of the same, competent evidence in all courts and places.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That all certified copies or abstrats of the field notes, maps
- 3 or plats of the United States Surveys, furnished by the custodian of the same,
- 4 shall be competent evidence in all courts and places.
 - § 2. (Emergency.) It is hereby declared that an emergency exists, and there-
- 2 fore this act shall be in force from and after its passage.

(Laws 1869, page 249, last clause, Section 2; repealed by paragraph 735, Chapter 131, page 1040, Revised Statutes 1874.)



- Introduced by Mr. Hunt, February 3, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading February 5, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 5.
- ruary 16, 1881.
- 4. February 18, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.

For an Act to make all certified copies or abstracts of the field notes, maps or plats of the United States Surveys, furnished by the custodian of the same, competent evidence in all courts within this State.

- 2 General Assembly, That all certified copies or abstracts of the field notes, maps
- 3 or plats of the United States Surveys, furnished by the custodian of the same,
- 4 shall be competent evidence in all courts within this State.
- § 2. (Emergency.) It is hereby declared that an emergency exists, and
- 2 therefore this act shall be in force from an after its passage.



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- 1. Reported to House, March 10, 1881.
- 2. First reading March 21, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judicial

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 Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading March 26, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to make all certified copies or abstracts of the Field Notes, Maps or Plats of the United States Surveys, furnished by the Custodian of the same, competent evidence in all Courts within this State.

- 2 General Assembly, That all certified copies or abstracts of the field notes, maps
- 8 or plats of the United States surveys, furnished by the custodian of the same,
- 4 shall be competent evidence in all courts within this State.
 - § 2. [Emergency.] It is hereby declared that an emergency exists, and there-
- 2 fore this act shall be in force from and after its passage.

(Substitute for No. 52.)

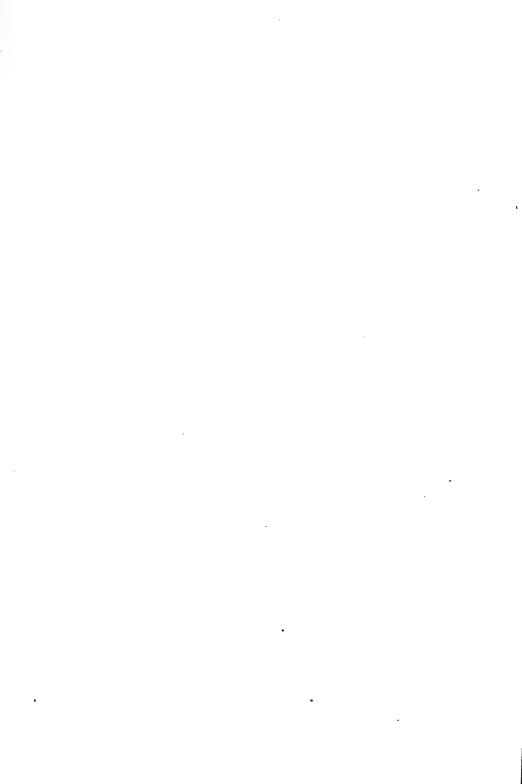
 Introduced from Judiciary Committee, February 4, 1881, and ordered to first reading.

2. First reading February 5, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

A BILL

For an Act to allow A. A. Glenn fifteen hundred dollars as salary and emoluments of office while acting Governor of the State of Illinois, in 1875 and 1876.

- 2 General Assembly. That there is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the
- 3 State Treasury, not otherwise appropriated, the sum of fifteen hundred dollars,
- 4 to pay the salary and emoluments of office of A. A. Glenn as acting Governor
- 5 of the State of Illinois, for sixty-five days, during the years 1875 and 1876; and
- 6 on the presentation of properly receipted bills to the Auditor of Public
- 7 Accounts, he shall draw his warrant on the State Treasurer in fayor of said A.
- 8 A. Glenn for said amount.



(Substitute for No. 52.)

- Introduced from Judiciary Committee, February 4, 1881, and ordered to first reading.

 First reading February 5, 1881, and ordered to second reading.
- 3. February 9, second reading, amended and referred to Committee on Appropriations.
- February 11, reported back with amendments and passage recommended.

A BILL

For an Act to allow A. A. Glenn fifteen hundred dollars as salary and emoluments of office, while acting Governor of the State of Illinois, in 1875 and 1876.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assemblu. That there is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the
- 3 State Treasury, not otherwise appropriated, the sum of fifteen hundred dollars.
- 4 to pay the salary and emoluments of office of A. A. Glenn, as Acting Governor
- 5 of the State of Illinois for sixty-five days, during the years 1875 and 1876; and
- 6 on the presentation of properly receipted bills to the Auditor of Public
- Accounts, he shall draw his warrant on the State Treasurer, in favor of said
- 8 A. A. Glenn, for said amount.

AMENDMENTS REPORTED BY THE COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIA-TIONS FEBRUARY 11, 1881.

Amend bill as amended by striking out the words and figures "one thousand

- 2 "and eighty-three dollars and thirty-three cents (\$1,083.33)," and inserting in lieu
- 3 thereof the words and figures "one thousand one hundred and eighteen dollars
- "and nine cents (*1.118.09)."

- 5 Amend title by striking out the words "fifteen hundred dollars" and inserting
- 6 in lieu thereof the words "one thousand one hundred and eighteen dollars and
- 7 nine cents.

AMENDMENT ADOPTED BY THE SENATE, FEBRUARY, 9, 1881.

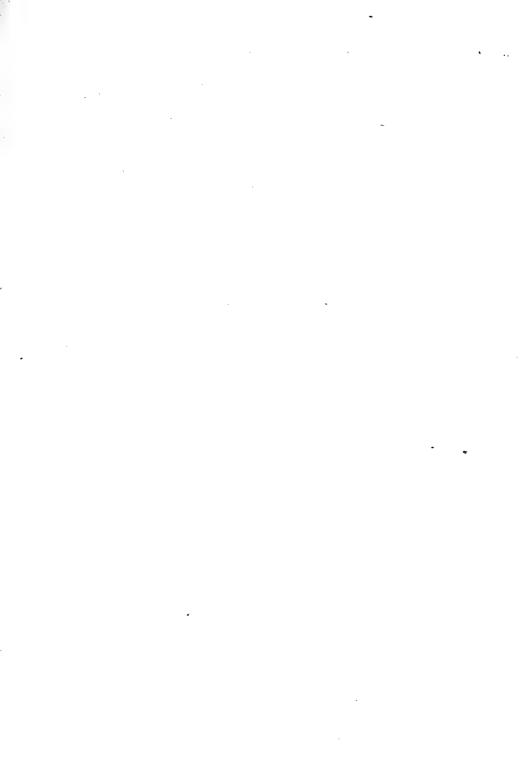
- 8 Amend Senate Bill No. 186 by striking out in third (written) line of printed
- 9 bill the words "fifteen hundred dollars" and inserting "one thousand and
- 10 eighty-three dollars and thirty-three cents (*1,083,33)."

- Introduced from Judiciary Committee, February 4, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading February 5, 1881, and ordered to second reading.
- February 9, second reading, amended and referred to Committee on Appropriations.
- 4. February 11, reported back with amendments and passage recommended.
- 5. February 15, 1881, amended and ordered to third reading.

A BHL

For an Act to allow A. A. Glenn one thousand one hundred and eighteen dollars and nine cents as salary of office, while acting Governor of the State of Hlinois, in 1875 and 1876.

- 2 General Assembly. That there is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the
- 3 State Treasury, not otherwise appropriated, the sum of one thousand one hun-
- 4 dred and eighteen dollars and nine cents #1.118.09), to pay the salary and emolu-
- 5 ments of office of A. A. Glenn, as Acting Governor of the State of Illinois for
- 6 sixty-eight days, during the years 1875 and 1876; and on the presentation of
- 7 properly receipted bills to the Auditor of Public Accounts, he shall draw his
- 8 warrant on the State Treasurer, in favor of said A. A. Glenn, for said amount.



Reported to House, February 17, 1881.

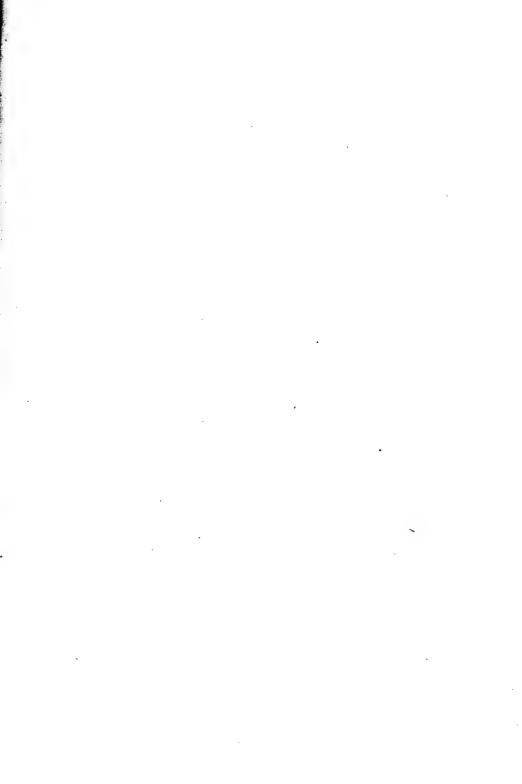
First reading February 17, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

 Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading February 24, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to allow A. A. Glenn, one thousand one hundred and eighteen dollars and nine cents, as salary of office while acting Governor of the State of Illi nois, in 1875 and 1876.

- 2 General Assembly, That there is hereby appropriated, out of any moneys in the
- 3 State Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of one thousand one hun-
- 4 dred and eighteen dollars and nine cents (\$1,118.09), to pay the salary of office of
- 5 A. A. Glenn, as acting Governor of the State of Illinois, for sixty-eight days,
- 6 during the years 1875 and 1876; and on the presentation of properly receipted
- 7 bills to the Auditor of Public Accounts, he shall draw his warrant on the State
- 8 Treasurer, in favor of soid A. A. Glenn, for said amount.



- Introduced by Mr. Munn, February 4, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 4, 1881, and referred to Committee on Canals and Rivers.
- 3. Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 4, 1881.

For an Act to amend paragraphs five (5) and eight (8) of Section eight (8), of an act entitled "An Act to revise the law in relation to the Illinois and Michigan Canal and for the Improvement of the Illinois and Little Wabash Rivera," approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

- 2 General Assembly, That paragraphs five (5) and eight (8), of section eight (8) of
- 3 an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to the Illinois and Michigan
- 4 Canal, and for the improvement of the Illinois and Little Wabash Rivers,"
- 5 approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, be so amended as to read as
- 6 follows:
- 7 Section 8. [Paragraph Fifth.] To lease from time to time any of the canal
- 8 lands or lots owned by the State: Provided, no lease shall be for a period
- 9 exceeding ten years, except as to so much land as the city of Chicago may need
- 10 upon which to erect pumping works for the benefit of the canal, which may be
- 11 for a longer period.
- 12 Section 8. [Paragraph Eight.] So sell and convey, whenever, in their judg-
- 18 ment, the interest of the State will be promoted thereby, any canal lands or
- 14 lots now owned by the State, except those connected with water power upon
- 15 said canal and the ninety feet strip along the canal, and the real estate situate
- 16 in Chicago, known as the Lake Front property. But before making any such

17 sale, they shall obtain the approval of the Governor thereto, and to the time,
 18 place and manner of making the same.

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 191, REPORTED FROM COMMIT-TEE ON CANALS AND RIVERS, MARCH 4, 1881.

Amend by inserting after the word "property" of 9th (written) line of section

- 2 8, (paragraph 8th,) the following words, "and the property formerly connected
- 8 with the Hydraulic Works in said city."
- 4 Also, amend by adding to the end of paragraph fifth, section 8, the words
- 5 "and for a nominal sum."
- 6 Also, amend by striking out all of section 8.

17 dollars; therefore,

- Introduced by Mr. Bent. February 4, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 5, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.
- 3. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 18, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to provide for the expenses of heating the State House, for the State

Printing, for the State Binding and also for the office expenses of the

Secretary of State, incurred or to be incurred, and now unprovided for until

June 30, 1881.

	Whereas, there now remains on hand and unexpended of the biennial appro-
2	priations for heating State House, for State printing, for State binding and for
3	office expenses of Secretary of State only, the following amounts, to-wit:
4	For heating State House
5	For State printing
6	For State binding
7	And for office expenses of Secretary of State
8	And whereas, it is estimated that the following sums will be necessary to be
9	used in the several departments mentioned, prior to July 1st, 1881:
10	For fuel, pay of engineers, firemen, and laborers, and necessary repairs, sup-
11	plies and incidental expenses in heating department, the sum of seven
12	thousand one hundred and fifty dollars.
13	For State binding, the sum of seven thousand dollars.
14	For State printing, the sum of nine thousand dollars,
ĺ5	And for repairs, postage, telegraphing, and the incidental expenses of the
16	office of the Secretary of State, the sum of three hundred and twenty-five

- 2 General Assembly. That the following appropriations or so much thereof as may
- 3 be necessary, be and the same are hereby made to meet the expenses of heating
- 4 the State House, State printing, State binding, and of the office of Secretary of
- 5 State, incurred or to be incurred, and now approvided for until June
- 6 30, 1881;
- 7 First. The sum of seven thousand dollars (87,000) or so much thereof, as may
- s be necessary, for fuel, engineers, firemen and laborers in and about the heating
- 9 department of the State House, and the necessary repairs and incidental
- 10 expenses in said department of the State House, to be paid by the State
- 11 Treasurer, as now required by law.
- 12 Second. The sum of eight thousand dollars (\$8,000) or so much thereof as may
- 43 be required for the State printing to be paid in accordance with the contract, and
- 14 upon the certificate of the Commissioners of State contracts approved by the
- 15 Governor.
- 16 Third The sum of three thousand dollars < 3,000) or so much thereof as may
- 17 be required for State binding, to be paid in accordance with the contract, and
- 18 upon the certificate of the Commissioners of State contracts approved by the
- 19 Governor.
- 20 Fourth. The sum of two hundred and fifty dollars \$250 or so much thereof
- 21 as may be required for repairs, postage, telegraphing and other incidental
- 22 expenses of the office of the Secretary of State, to be paid by the State
- 23 Treasurer, as now provided by law.
 - § 2. The Auditor of Public accounts is hereby authorized, and directed, to
 - 2 draw his warrant upon the State Treasurer for the sums herein specified, upon
 - 3 presentation of the proper youthers, and the State Treasurer shall pay the same
- 4 out of any funds in the State treasury not otherwise appropriated.
- § 3. Whereas, The appropriations above recited are necessary for the trans-
- 2 action of the business of the State, therefore an emergency exists, and this act
- 3 shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Feb. 1881

Reported to House February 26, 1881.

32d Assem.

 First reading February 26, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

 Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading March 3, 1885.

A BILL

For an Act to provide for the expenses of heating the State House, for the State Printing, for the State Binding, and also for the office expenditures of the Secretary of State, incurred or to be incurred, and now unprovided for until June 30, 1881.

- 2 General Assembly. That the following appropriations, or so much thereof as may
- 3 be necessary, be and the same are hereby made to meet the expenses of heating
- 4 the State House, State printing, State binding, and of the office of Secretary of
- 5 State, incurred or to be incurred, and now unprovided for until June 30, 1881:
- 6 First-The sum of seven thousand dollars (\$7,000), or so much thereof as may
- 7 be necessary for fuel, engineers, firemen and laborers in and about the heating
- 8 department of the State House, and the necessary repairs and incidental
- 9 expenses in said department of the State House, to be paid by the State Treas-
- 10 urer as now required by law.
- 11 Second—The sum of eight thousand dollars (\$8,000), or so much thereof as
- 12 may be required for State printing, to be paid in accordance with the contract,
- 13 and upon the certificate of the Commissioners of State Contracts, approved by
- 14 the Governor.
- 15 Third -The sum of three thousand dollars (\$3,000), or so much thereof as may
- 16 be required for State binding, to be paid in accordance with the contract and

- 17 upon the certificate of the Commissioners of State Contracts, approved by the
- 18 Governor.
- 19 Fourth—The sum of two hundred and fifty dollars (\$250), or so much thereof
- 20 as may be required for repairs, postage, telegraphing and other incidental
- 21 expenses of the office of the Secretary of State, to be paid by the State
- 22 Treasurer, as now provided by law.
 - § 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed to
- 2 draw his warrants upon the State Treasurer for the sums herein specified, upon
- 3 presentation of the proper vouchers, and the State Treasurer shall pay the same
- 4 out of any funds in the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated.
 - § 3. Whereas, the appropriations above recited are necessary for the
- 2 transaction of the business of the State, therefore an emergency exists, and this
- 3 act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

- Introduced by Mr. Shaw, February 4, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading February 5, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipalities.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 23, 1881.

For an Act to amend Section one (1) of an act entitled "An Act to enable Cities and Villages to build, acquire and maintain bridges and ferries outside of their corporate limits and to control the same," approved and in force May 5, 1879.

- 2 General Assembly. That Section one (1) of an act entitled "An act to enable
- 3 cities and villages to build, acquire and maintain bridges and ferries outside of
- 4 their corporate limits, and to control the same," approved and in force May 5,
- 5 1879, be and the same is hereby so amended as to read as follows:
- 6 Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the
- 7 General Assembly, It shall be lawful for any city or village within this State, to
- 8 build, or acquire by purchase, lease or gift, and to maintain ferries and bridges
- 9 and the approaches thereto, not exceeding four acres of land for each ferry or
- 10 bridge within the corporate limits, or at any point within five miles of the cor-
- 11 porate limits of such city or village. That all such ferries and bridges shall be
- 12 free to the public, and that no toll shall ever be collected by any such city or
- 18 village: Provided, that in all cases where a bridge shall hereafter be built or a
- 14 ferry acquired across a navigable stream, by any city or village, in whole or in
- 15 part, where the population of such city or village furnishing the principal part
 - 6 of the expenses thereof, shall not exceed five thousand inhabitants, and where
- 17 it is necessary to maintain a draw and lights, and a debt shall be incurred by

such city or village for such purpose, then a reasonable toll may be collected by the city or village contracting such indebtedness, to be set apart and appropriated to the payment of such indebtedness, interest thereon and the expenses 20 21 of keeping such bridge in repair, and of maintaining, opening and closing the 22 proper draws therefor, and lights; or in case of a ferry, of keeping the approaches and boat in repair and operating the same: Provided, further, that 23 such tolls shall not exceed the following rates: 24 25 26 27 28 253 :30) 31 32 Each foot passenger 33 Each head of cattle.... 34 35 No additional charge shall be made to the above for a re-passage on the same 36 37 day.

Introduced by Mr. Archer, February 4, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 5, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

 Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading, March 4, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section 9 of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to Injunction," approved March 25, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

SECTION 1. Be it engoted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the 2 General Assembly That section 9 of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in 3 relation to injunction," be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows: Section 9. In all other cases before an injunction shall issue, the complainant shall give bond in such penalty and upon such condition, and with such security as may be required by the court judge or master granting or ordering the injunction: Provided, bond need not be required, when, for good cause shown, the court, judge, or master, is of opinion that the injunction ought to be granted without bond: And, provided, further, that in all applications for injunctions to restrain the collection of taxes, the parties applying for the same shall deposit with the treasurer of the county in which the taxes are due, or with the State Treasurer, if taxes in two or more counties are sought to be enjoined, the 13 amount of taxes so sought to be enjoined, before any such injunction shall be allowed, and the court in which proceedings shall be had upon the injunction. if allowed, shall order the payment of said taxes out of the money so deposited,

or the refunding of the same to the party procuring the injunction, as the same

- 18 may be, by said court, dissolved or made perpetual, unless on appeal by either
- 19 party when the money so deposited shall abide the decision of the appellate
- 20 court or the supreme court.

- Introduced by Mr. Shaw, February 7, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 7, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
- 8. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading April 15, 1881.

for an Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to revise the law in relation to Clerks of Courts," approved March 25, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That section 21 of an act entitled 'An Act to revise the law in relation to clerks of courts," approved March 25, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 21. Whenever a clerk of any court shall go out of office it shall be his duty to deliver over to his successor, and of his successor to demand and receive from him, all the books, papers, records and other things as pertaining to his office or in the possession of such out-going clerk by virtue of his office, including any and all moneys received by him and remaining in his hands in payment of costs, or fees belonging to any other officer or person or persons; and should any person herein required to give up the books, papers, records, moneys and other things as aforesaid refuse so to do on such application and demand, the court shall have power to use such compulsory process, and take such measures as may be necessary to coerce the delivery as aforesaid according to the true intent and meaning hereof.

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- 1. Introduced by Mr. Sunderland, February 7, 1881, and ordered to first
- reading.
 First reading February 7, 1881, and referred to Committee on Revenue. Reported back with recommendation it be ordered to second reading February 17, 1881. So ordered.

For an Act to provide for the registration of bonds, mortgages, deeds of trust. notes, contracts, and other obligations held as evidences of moneys and credits, for the purposes of assessment and taxation.

- 2 General Assembly, That every person owning, holding, or possessing, or that
- 3 shall have the custody or control of any bond, mortgage, deed of trust, note,
- contract, or other obligation held as evidences of moneys and credits due or
- 5 owing, shall cause the same to be registered for the purposes of assessment
- 6 and taxation as hereinafter prescribed.
 - § 2. It shall be the duty of each of the county clerks of the several counties
- 2 in this State to prepare, or caused to be prepared a record properly ruled and
- 3 headed in which he shall enter all instruments or evidences of moneys and
- 4 credits, as set forth in the first Section of this act, which shall show the name
- 5 of the maker or makers, the name of the payee or payees, the amount or sums
- 6 due or owing, the date of said instrument, and also the date of cancellation or
- 7 payment of same.
- § 3. It shall be the duty of each and every person owning, possessing, hold-
- 2 ing, or having custody or control of any instrument or evidences of moneys and
- 3 credits, as described and set forth in the first Section of this act, upon receiving
- 4 or obtaining the same, shall, within ten days thereafter and before parting
- 5 with the same to any other person, cause the same to be registered by the clerk

- 6 of the county in which said maker or makers may reside, in accordance with the 7 provisions made in the second Section of this act.
 - § 4. It shall be the duty of the maker or makers of such instruments to
- 2 examine or cause to be examined said record within ten days from the date of
- 8 execution and delivering of said instrument, and ascertain if said instrument
- 4 has been registered as herein provided, and in the event that said instrument
- 5 has not been so registered, it shall be the duty of said maker or makers to notify
- 6 the payee or payees or holder of said instrument, if known that the same has
- 7 not been registered in compliance with the provisions of this act; said notice
- 8 may be given either in person or in writing proof of which may be made by
- 9 affidavit or otherwise.
 - § 5. If the said payee or payees or holder of said instrument shall not,
- 2 within ten days after such notice has been given, cause said instrument to be
- 3 registered as herein provided, then it shall be discretionary with the maker or
- 4 makers of such instrument to pay the same or not; and should said maker or
- 5 makers elect not to pay the same, no process or procedure for the collection of
- 6 the same shall be lawful.
 - § 6. It shall be lawful for the assessor in taking the assessment of personal
- 2 property within their respective districts, to examine said record for the purpose
- 3 of ascertaining who may have the evidences of moneys and credits with which
- 4 they may be assessed.

- Introduced by Mr. Sunderland, February 7, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading February 7, 1881, and referred to Committee on Revenue.
 Reported back with recommendation it be ordered to second reading February 17, 1881. So ordered.
- 4. February 25, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to a third reading.

A BILL

For an Act to provide for the registration of bonds, mortgages, deeds of trust, notes, contracts, and other oblications held as evidences of moneys and credits, for the purposes of assessment and taxation.

- 2 General Assembly, That every person owning, holding, or possessing, or that
- 3 shall have the custody or control of any bond, mortgage, deed of trust, note,
- 4 contract, or other obligation held as evidences of moneys and credits due or
- 5 owing, shall cause the same to be registered for the purposes of assessment and
- 6 taxation as hereinafter prescribed.
 - § 2. It shall be the duty of each of the county clerks of the several counties
- 2 in this State to prepare, or cause to be prepared a record properly ruled and
- 3 headed in which he shall enter all instruments or evidences of moneys and
- 4 credits as set forth in the first section of this act, which shall show the name
- 5 of the maker or makers, the name of the payee or payees, the amount or sums
- 6 due or owing, the date of said instrument, and also the date of cancellation or
- 7 payment of same.
 - § 3. It shall be the duty of each and every person owning, possessing, hold-
- 2 ing, or having custody or control of any instrument or evidences of moneys and
- 3 credits, as described and set forth in the first section of this act, upon receiving
- 4 or obtaining the same, shall, within ten days thereafter, and before parting with

- 5 the same to any other person, cause the same to be registered by the clerk of
- f the county in which said maker or makers may reside, in accordance with the
- 7 provisions made in the second section of this act.
 - \$ 4 It shall be the duty of the maker or makers of such instruments to
- 2 examine or cause to be examined said record within ten days from the date of
- 3 execution and delivering of said instrument, and ascertain if said instrument
- 4 has been registered as herein provided, and in the event that said instrument
- 5 has not been so registered, it shall be the duty of said maker or makers to notify
- 6 the payee or payees or holder of said instrument, if known, that the same has
- 7 not been registered in compliance with the provisions of this act; said notice
- 8 shall be given in writing, proof of which shall be made by affidavit, together
- 9 with a copy of the notice served.
 - § 5. If the said payee or payees or holder of said instrument shall not,
- 2 within ten days after such notice has been given, cause said instrument to be
- 8 registered as herein provided, then it shall be discretionary with the maker or
- 4 makers of such instrument to pay the same or not; and should said maker or
- 5 makers elect not to pay the same, no process or procedure for the collection of
- 6 the same shall be lawful.
 - § 6. It shall be lawful for the assessors, in taking the assessment of personal
- 2 property within their respective districts, to examine said record for the purpose
- 8 of ascertaining who may have the evidences of moneys and credits with which
- 4 they may be assessed.

- Introduced by Mr. Rice, February 7, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading February 7, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judicial Department.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second residing February 26, 1881.

For an Act to amend Section 47 of "An act concerning Fees and Salaries, and to classify the several counties of the State with reference thereto," approved March 29, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, title as amended by act approved March 28, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

- 2 General Assembly. That section forty-seven of an act entitled "An act concerning
- 3 fees and salaries and to classify the several counties of the State with reference
- 4 thereto," approved March 29, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, title as amended by act
- 5 act approved March 28, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, be amended so as to read as
- 6 follows:
- 7 Section 47. Every witness attending in his own county upon trials in a court
- 8 of record, shall be entitled to receive the sum of one dollar for each day's
- 9 attendance, and five cents per mile each way for necessary travel.
- 10 For attending in a foreign county, going and returning accounting twenty
- 11 miles for each day's travel per day, one dollar.
- 12 Every witness when attending for the purpose of having his deposition taken.
- 13 one dollar per day: Provide/, that no allowance or charge shall be made for
- 14 the attendance of witnesses aforesaid, unless the witness shall make affidavit of
- 15 the number of days he or she actually attended, which said affidavit shall be
- l6 made within twenty days after such attendance shall have occurred the
- 17 affidavit shall state the number of days such witness actually attended and that
- 18 the attendance was at the instance of one or both of the literants.

19 In all criminal cases where a witness shall be required to attend court he shall be allowed his necessary railroad fare and fifty cents per day during each 90 day's necessary travel in going to and returning from the court, and one dollar per day for each day's necessary attendance, to be paid out of the county 22 treasury of the county where the crime was committed, on the certificate of the 23 clerk of the court: Provided, he shall within twenty days after such attendance make affidavit of the number of days necessarily occupied in traveling, and the amount necessarily expended for railroad fare, if any, and that such attendance was at the instance of the State's Attorney, or the accused, to which affidavit shall be added the certificate of the judge of the court that the amount claimed is reasonable and that such witness was a necessary witness in the Case. 30

- Introduced by Mr. Rice, February 7, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading February 7, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judicial
- Department. 3. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading Feb-
- ruary 26, 1881.
- March 15, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.

For an Act to amend Section 47 of "An act concerning Fees and Salaries, and to classify the several counties of the State with reference thereto," approved March 29, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, title as amended by act approved March 28, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

- General Assembly. That section forty-seven of an act entitled "An act concerning
- few and salaries and to classify the several counties of the State with reference
- thereto," approved March 29, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, title as amended by act
- approved March 28, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, be amended so as to read as
- follows:
- 7 Section 47. Every witness attending in his own county upon trials in a court
- of record, shall be entitled to receive the sum of one dollar for each day's
- attendance, and five cents per mile each way for necessary travel.
- For attending in a foreign county, going and returning accounting twenty 10
- miles for each day's travel per day, one dollar.
- Every witness when attending for the purpose of having his deposition taken. 12
- one dollar per day: *Provided*, that no allowance or charge shall be made for
- the attendance of witnesses aforesaid, unless the witness shall make affidavit of
- the number of days he or she actually attended, which said affidavit shall be
- 16 made within twenty days after such attendance shall have occurred, the affidavit

17 shall state the number of days such witness actually attended and that the 18 attendance was at the instance of one or both of the literants.

In all criminal cases where a witness shall be required to attend court he 19 shall be allowed his necessary railroad fare and fifty cents per day during each 20 21 day's necessary travel in going to and returning from the court, and one dollar per day for each day's necessary attendance, to be paid out of the county 22 treasury of the county where the crime was committed, on the certificate of the 23 clerk of the court: Provided, he shall within twenty days after such attend ance make affidavit of the number of days necessarily occupied in traveling, and 26 the amount necessarily expended for railroad fare, if any, and that such attendance was at the instance of the State's Attorney, to which affidavit shall be 27 added the certificate of the judge of the court that the amount claimed is rea-28 sonable and that such witness was a necessary witness in the case. .1nd. provided, further, that no such witness fees shall be paid out of the county treasury 30 unless the witness shall attend court at the instance of the people, and the costs cannot be collected of the party convicted in case there is a conviction.

33 Section 2. This act shall not apply to counties of the third class.

- Introduced by Mr. Fuller, February 8, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 10, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judicial Department.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 25, 1881.

For an Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to regulate the reporting of the decisions of the Supreme Court of this State; to fix the compensation of the reporter; to fix the price of said Reports; to provide for the purchase of certain copies thereof by the State, and for their distribution," approved May 17, 1877, in force July 1, 1877.

- 2 General Assembly, That an act entitled "An act to regulate the reporting of the
- 3 decisions of the Supreme Court of this State; to fix the compensation of the
- 4 reporter; to fix the price of said Reports; to provide for the purchase of certain
- 5 copies thereof by the State, and for their distribution," approved May 17, 1877,
- 6 and in force July 1, 1877, be and the same is hereby so amended as to read as
- 7 follows:
- 8 Section 1. The Reports of the decisions of the Supreme Court shall be
- 9 distributed as follows, viz: Five copies to the library of Congress, one copy to
- 10 the President of the United States, one copy to each State and territorial
- 11 library, one copy to each judge of the Supreme Court of this State, one copy to
- 12 each judge of the circuit courts in this State, one copy to each judge of the
- 13 Superior Court of Cook county, one copy to the judge of each city court in this
- 14 State, one copy to each clerk of the courts of record in this State, one copy to
- 15 each law institute in this State, one copy to each State officer required to reside
- 16 at the seat of government; five copies shall be deposited in each library of the
- 17 Supreme Court of this State, and twenty copies shall be deposited in the State

library for the use of the State. For the purpose of carrying into effect the foregoing provisions the Secretary of State is hereby authorized and required to 19 purchase a sufficient number of copies of the official edition of said Illinois 20 21 Reports, published since volume numbered sixty-two (62), and each and every volume from time to time, as the same shall hereafter be published, for the . 22 provided as aforesaid, said books to be paid for 23 24 certified by the Secretary of State, upon the warrant of 25 Auditor, by the State Treasurer, out of moneys appropriated for that pur-26 pose. The price per volume of said reports, subsequent to volume sixty-two 27 (62.) heretofore published, and which may be published at any time hereafter. shall not exceed two dollars and twenty-five cents (\$2.25) per volume, delivered 28 29 at the office of the Secretary of State. The reporter of such decisions shall perform such duties and in such manner as the Supreme Court has or may, 30 31 from time to time, by rule, prescribe. He shall receive as his compensation a 32 salary of three thousand dollars (\$3,000) per annum, payable out of the State Treasury, in quarter-yearly installments, upon the warrant of the Auditor. It is 34 hereby made the duty of the reporter, within four months after a sufficient number of opinions to constitute a volume shall be ready for delivery to him, to have 35 the same printed and published in the style and manner, and of the size and 86 quality required by the rules of the Supreme Court; and for such period as he may 87 be in default in that regard, he shall receive no salary, unless the Supreme Court 88 39 shall certify that such default could not have been avoided by the exercise of 40 due diligence by said reporter. He shall keep constantly on hand, at the State Capitol, a sufficient number of all volumes of such Reports as may be published 41 after this act shall take effect, to supply all demands therefor, and shall sell the 42 same, and all volumes published since July 1, 1877, at a price not exceeding two 43 dollars and twenty-five cents (\$2.25) per volume; and a neglect or refusal on his 44 part to comply with this requirement shall be sufficient ground of removal from 45 office, and shall work a forfeiture of his salary and clerk hire and all emolu-46 ments. In no event shall the State be liable for any portion of the cost of printing and publishing said reports, but the entire expense thereof shall be paid by the reporter.

Introduced by Mr. Fuller, February 8, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 10, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judicial

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- Department.

 Reported back passage recommended and ordered to second reading Feb.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 25, 1881.
- 4. March 2, 1881, second reading, amended and ordered to third reading.

A BILL

For an Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to regulate the reporting of the decisions of the Supreme Court of this State; to fix the compensation of the reporter; to fix the price of said Reports; to provide for the purchase of certain copies thereof by the State, and for their distribution," approved May 17, 1877, in force July 1, 1877.

- 2 General Assembly, That an act entitled "An act to regulate the reporting of the
- 3 decisions of the Supreme Court of this State, to fix the compensation of the
- 4 reporter; to fix the price of said Reports; to provide for the purchase of certain
- 5 copies thereof by the State, and for their distribution," approved May 17, 1877.
- 6 and in force July 1, 1877, be and the same is hereby so amended as to read as
- 7 follows:
- 8 Section 1. The Reports of the decisions of the Supreme Court shall be
- 9 distributed as follows, viz: Five copies to the library of Congress, one copy to
- 10 the President of the United States, one copy to each State and terr torial
- 11 library, one copy to each judge of the Supreme Court of this State, one copy to
- 12 each judge of the circuit courts of this State, one copy to each judge of the
- 18 Superior Court of Cook county, one copy to the judge of each city court in this
- 14 State, one copy to each clerk of the courts of record in this State, one copy to
- 15 each law institute in this State, one copy to each State officer required to reside

at the seat of government; and one copy to each of the State's Attorneys of this State, and all such officers shall deliver all copies by them received to their successors in office respectively; five copies shall be deposited in each library of the 18 19 Supreme Court of this State, and twenty copies shall be deposited in the State library for the use of the State. For the purpose of carrying into effect the 20 foregoing provisions the Secretary of State is hereby authorized and required to 21 purchase a sufficient number of copies of the official edition of said Illinois 22 Reports, published since volume numbered sixty-two (62), except such volumes as 23 24 have heretofore been purchased and distributed, and each and every volume 25 from time to time, as the same shall hereafter be published, for the purpose provided as aforesaid, said books to be paid for when certified by the Secretary of 26 State, upon the warrant of the Auditor, by the State Treasurer, out of moneys 27 2× appropriated for that purpose. The price per volume of said reports, subse-29 quent to volume sixty-two (62) heretofore published, and which may be published at any time hereafter, shall not exceed two dollars and twenty-five cents (\$2.25) 80 per volume, delivered at the office of the Secretary of State. The reporter of 31 such decisions shall perform such duties and in such manner as the Supreme 32 Court has or may, from time to time, by rule, prescribe. He shall receive as his 33 34 compensation a salary of three thousand dollars (\$3,000) per annum, payable out of the State Treasury, in quarter-yearly installments, upon the warrant of the 35 Auditor. It is hereby made the duty of the reporter, within four months after :365 a sufficient number of opinions to constitute a volume shall be ready for delivery 37 to him, to have the same printed and published in the style and manner, and of 88 the size and quality required by the rules of the Supreme Court; and for such 39 period as he may be in default in that regard, he shall receive no salary, unless 40 the Supreme Court shall certify that such default could not have been avoided by the exercise of due diligence by said reporter. He shall keep constantly on 42 hand, at the State Capitol, a sufficient number of all volumes of such Reports as may be published after this act shall take effect, to supply all demands therefor, and shall sell the same, and all volumes published since July 1, 1877, at a price not exceeding two dollars and twenty-five cents (\$2.25) per volume: and a neglect or refusal on his part to comply with this requirement shall be sufficient

- 48 ground of removal from office, and shall work a forfeiture of his salary and
- 49 clerk hire and all emoluments. In no event shall the State be liable for any
- 50 portion of the cost of printing and publishing said reports, but the entire
- 51 expense thereof shall be paid by the reporter.



- Introduced by Mr. Bent, February 8, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading February 10, 1881, and referred to Committee on Agriculture and Drainage.
- 3. Reported back with amendments, and to Committee on Insurance, February 17 1881
- March 1, 1881, reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading.

For an Act to amend Sections 3, 8 and 10 of an act entitled "An Act to revise the law in relation to Township Insurance Companies," approved March 24, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

- 2 General Assembly, That sections 8, 8 and 10 of an act entitled "An act to revise
- 8 the law in relation to township insurance companies," be amended to read as
- 4 follows:
- 5 Section 3. The number of directors shall be nine—five of whom shall consti-
- 6 tute a quorum to do business,—to be elected from the corporators by ballot. In
- 7 the election of the first board of directors each corporator shall be entitled to
- 8 one vote. All subsequent elections, except to fill vacancies, shall be held at the
- 9 annual meeting of the company, which shall be on the first Tuesday after the
- 10 first Monday of January in each year, and every person insured shall be entitled
- 11 to as many votes as there are directors to be elected, and an equal additional
- 12 number for each \$500 that he may be insured in the company, and may cast the
- 18 same in person or by proxy, distributing them among the same or a less number
- 14 of candidates than the number of directors to be elected, or cumulating them
- 15 upon one candidate, as he shall think fit. Such board, at its first meeting after
- 16 the passage of this act, shall fix, by lot, the terms of office of its members, so that
- 17 one-third shall serve for one year, one-third for two years, and one-third for

- 18 three years, and thereafter one-third of the directors shall be elected at each
- 19 annual meeting to serve for the term of three years.
- 90 Section 8. Such company may issue policies only on churches, school houses,
- 21 detached dwellings, barns (except livery, boarding and hotel barns), and other
- 22 farm buildings, and such property as may be properly contained therein, for
- 23 any time not exceeding five years, and not to extend beyond the limited dura-
- 4 tion of the charter, and for an amount not to exceed \$3,000 on any one risk. All
- 25 persons so insured shall give their obligation to the company binding them-
- 26 selves, their heirs and assigns to pay their pro rata share to the company of the
- 27 necessary expenses, and of all losses by fire or lightning which may be sustained
- 28 by any member thereof, during the time-for which their respective policies are
- 29 written, and they shall also at the time of effecting the insurance, pay such per
- 30 centage in cash, and such other charge as may be required by the rules or
- 31 by-laws of the company.
- 82 Section 10. No such company shall insure any property beyond the limits of
- 83 the district comprised in the formation of the company, nor shall they insure
- 34 any property within the limits of any incorporated city, town or village.

- Introduced by Mr. Bent, February 8, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 10, 1831, and referred to Committee on Agriculture
- and Drainage.

 3. Reported back with amendments, and to Committee on Insurance, Feb-
- ruary 17, 1881.

 4. March 1, 1881, reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading.
- 5. March 11, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.

For an Act to amend Sections 3, 8 and 10 of an act entitled "An Act to revise the law in relation to Township Insurance Companies," approved March 24, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

- 2 General Assembly, That sections 8, 8 and 10 of an act entitled "An act to revise
- 3 the law in relation to township insurance companies," be amended to read as
- 4 follows:
- 5 Section 3. The number of directors shall be nine—five of whom shall consti-
- 6 tute a quorum to do business,—to be elected from the corporators by ballot. In
- 7 the election of the first board of directors each corporator shall be entitled to
- 8 one vote. All subsequent elections, except to fill vacancies, shall be held at the
- 9 annual meeting of the company, which shall be on the first Tuesday after the
- 10 first Monday of January in each year, and every person insured shall be entitled
- 11 to as many votes as there are directors to be elected, and an equal additional
- 12 number for each \$500 that he may be insured in the company, and may cast the
- 13 same in person or by proxy, distributing them among the same or a less number
- 14 of candidates than the number of directors to be elected, or cumulating them
 - 5 upon one candidate, as he shall think fit. Such board, at its first meeting after
- 16 the passage of this act, shall fix, by lot, the terms of office of its members, so that

one-third shall serve for one year, one-third for two years, and one-third for

three years, and thereafter one-third of the directors shall be elected at each annual meeting to serve for the term of three years, and until their successors 19 are elected and qualified. 20 Section's Such company may issue policies only on churches, school houses, 21 20 detached dwellings, barns (except livery, boarding and hotel barns), and other 28 farm buildings, and such property as may be properly contained therein, for any time not exceeding five years, and not to extend beyond the limited dura-24 25 tion of the charter, and for an amount not to exceed \$3,000 on any one risk. All persons so insured shall give their obligation to the company binding them 26 27 selves, their heirs and assigns to pay their pro rata share to the company of the necessary expenses, and of all losses by fire or lightning which may be sustained 28 by any member thereof, during the time for which their respective policies are 29 written, and they shall also at a time of effecting the insurance, pay such per 20 31 centage in cash, and such other charge as may be required by the rules or

33 Section 10. No such company shall insure any property beyond the limits of 34 the district comprised in the formation of the company, nor shall they insure 35 any property within the limits of any incoporated city, town or village.

by-laws of the company.

82

1. Reported to House, March 30, 1881.

2. First reading April 9, 1881, and referred to Committee on Insurance.

 Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading April 29, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section 8 3, 8 and 10 of an act entitled "An Act to revise the law in relation to Township Insurance Companies," approved March 94, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

General Assembly. That sections 3.8 and 10 of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to township insurance companies," be amended to read as follows: Section 3. The number of directors shall be nine, five of whom shall constitute a 5 quorum to do business, to be elected from the corporators by ballot. In the election of the first board of directors each corporator shall be entitled to one vote. All subsequent elections, except to fill vacancies, shall be held at the annual meeting of the company, which shall be on the first Tuesday after the first Monday of January in each year, and every person insured shall be entitled to as many votes as there are directors to be elected, and an equal additional number for each \$500 that he may be insured in the company, and may cast the same in person or by proxy, distributing them among the same or a less number of candidates than the number of directors to be elected, or cumulating them upon one car didate, as he shall think fit. Such board, at its first meeting after the pas-15 sage of this act, shall fix, by lot, the terms of office of its members, so that one third shall serve for one year, one-third for two years, and one-third for three 17 years, and thereafter one-third of the directors shall be elected at each annual

- 19 meeting, to serve for the term of three years and until their successors are
- 20 elected and qualified.
- 21 Section 8. Such company may issue policies only on churches, school houses,
- 22 detached dwellings, barns (except livery, boarding and hotel barns,) and other
- 23 farm buildings, and such property as may be properly contained therein, for
- 24 any time not exceeding five years, and not to extend beyond the limited dura-
- 25 tion of the charter, and for an amount not to exceed \$3,000 on any one risk. All
- 26 persons so insured shall give their obligation to the company, binding them-
- 27 selves, their heirs and assigns to pay their pro rata share to the company of the
- 28 necessary expenses, and of all losses by fire or lightning which may be sus-
- 29 tained by any member thereof, during the time for which their respective poli-
- 30 cies are written, and they shall also, at the time of effecting the insurance, pay
- 81 such per centage in cash, and such other charge as may be required by the rules
- 32 or by-laws of the company.
- 88 Section 10. No such company shall insure any property beyond the limits of
- 34 the district comprised in the formation of the company, nor shall they insure
- 35 any property within the limits of any incorporated city, town or village.

- Introduced by Mr. Bent, February 8, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 10, 1881, and referred to Committee on Roads,
- Highways and Bridges.

 3. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 17, 1881.

For an Act to amend Section eight of an Act entitled, "An act in relation to Fencing and operating Railroads," approved March 31, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly. That Section eight of an act entitled, "An act in relation to
- 3 fencing and operating railroads," approved March 31, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.
- 4 be amended to read as follows:
- 5 Section 8. Hereafter at all of the railroad crossings of highways and streets in
- 6 this State, the several railroad cornorations in this State shall construct and main-
- 7 tain said crossings and the approaches thereto, within their respective rights of
- s way, so that at all times they shall be safe as to persons and property, and sail
- 9 railroad corporations shall in a like manner construct—where the same is not
- 10 already constructed—and maintain the approaches to any wagon bridge that
- II has been, or shall be, built entirely or in part over their respective rights
- 12 of way.



Reported to House, March 3, 1881.

March 17, 1881, referred to Committee on Roads, Highways and Bridges. April 15, 1881, reported back and ordered to a first reading. First reading April 16, 1881, and referred to Committee on Railroads.

Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading, May 5, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section eight of an act entitled "An Act in relation to fencing and operating railroads," approved March 31, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the 2 General Assembly. That section eight (8) of an act entitled "An act in relation

- 3 to fencing and operating railroads," approved March 31, 1874, in force July 1.
- 1874, be amended to read as follows:
- Section 8. Hereafter, at all of the railroad cromings of highways and streets
- in this State, the several railroad corporations in this State shall construct and
- maintain said crossings and the approaches thereto, within their respective
- rights of way, so that at all times they shall be safe as to persons and property;
- and said railroad corporations shall in a like manner construct, where the same
- is not already constructed, and maintain the approaches to any wagon bridge
- 11 that has been, or shall be, built, entirely or in part, over their respective rights
- 12 of way.

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- Introduced by Mr. Bell, February 8, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 10, 1881, and referred to Committee on Miscellany.
- First reading February 10, 1881, and referred to Committee on Miscenary.
 Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 17, 1881.

For an Act to make the 30th day of May, commonly known as Decoration Day, a legal holiday, and to make it applicable to the requirements of Section 17 of an act entitled "An Act to revise the law in relation to promiseory notes, bonds, bills and other instruments in writing," approved March 18, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That the 30th day of May, commonly called decoration day,
- 8 is hereby made a legal holiday, and is made applicable to the requirements of
- 4 Section 17 of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to promissory
- 5 notes, bonds, due bills and other instruments in writing," approved March 18,
- 9 1874, in force July 1, 1874, as far as practicable.



 Introduced by Mr. Bent, February 8, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 10, 1881, and referred to Committee on Penal and Reformatory Institutions, and ordered printed.

A BILL

For an Act to authorize the Commissioners of the Illinois State Penitentiary, at Joliet, to purchase land for use of the Penitentiary, and to make appropriation therefor.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Amembly. That the Commissioners of the Illinois State Penitentiary, at
- 3 Joliet, are authorized to purchase, for the use of said penitentiary, the tracts of
- 4 land known as lots two (2) and three (3), assessor's sub-division of section No.
- 5 three (3), in township thirty-five (35), range ten (10), in the county of Will, con-
- 6 taining eighty-three 91-100 acres, more or less: Provided, a good and valid title
- 7 can be made for said land to the State by the present owners thereof.
 - \$ 2. The sum of ten thousand five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as
- 2 may be necessary, is hereby appropriated payable from the levy of 1881, for the
- 3 purchase of the real estate described in this act, and for no other purpose.
 - \$ 3. The Commissioners of the Illinois State Penitentiary shall present to the
- 2 Governor the abstracts of title and all other papers connected with the purchase
- 3 of said real estate, and upon his certifying his approval of said transaction, said
- 4 Penitentiary Commissioners are authorized to make requisition upon the
- 5 Auditor, who shall draw his warrant upon the Treasurer of State for the
- 6 amount necessary to pay for said real estate, not to exceed the amount appro
- 7 priated by this act.



- Introduced by Mr. Bent, February & 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading February 10, 1881, and referred to Committee on Penal and Reformatory Institutions, and ordered printed.
- April 22, reported back, passage recommended, referred to Committee on Appropriations.
- April 28, reported back with amendment, passage recommended.

For an Act to authorize the Commissioners of the Illinois State Penitentiary, at Joliet, to purchase land for use of the penitentiary, and to make appropriation therefor.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly. That the Commissioners of the Illinois State Penitentiary
- 3 are authorized to purchase, for the use of said penitentiary, the tracts of land
- known as lots two (2) and three (3), assessor's subdivision of section No. three
- (3), in township thirty-five (35), range ten (10), in the county of Will, containing
- 6 eighty three 91-100 acres, more or less: Provided, a good and valid title can be
- 7 made for said land to the State by the present owners thereof.
 - § 2. The sum of ten thousand five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as
- 2 may be necessary, is hereby appropriated, payable from the levy of 1881, for
- 8 the purchase of the real estate described in this act, and for no other purpose.
 - § 3. The Commissioners of the Illinois State Penitentiary shall present to the
- 2 Governor the abstracts of title and all other papers connected with the pur-
- chase of said real estate, and upon his certifying his approval of said transac-
- tion said penitentiary commissioners are authorized to make requisition upon the
- Auditor, who shall draw his warrant upon the Treasurer of State for the amount
- necessary to pay for said real estate, not to exceed the amount appropriated by
- this act.

AMENDMENT REPORTED FROM THE COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIA-TIONS, APRIL 28, 1881.

Amend Senate Bill No. 212, by inserting before "range," in section one, four-

- 2 teenth line of written bill, the word "north:" and further amend by inserting
- 3 after "(10)" in same section, fifteenth line of written bill, the following words,
- 4 "east of the third principal meridian."

Reported to House May 6, 1881.

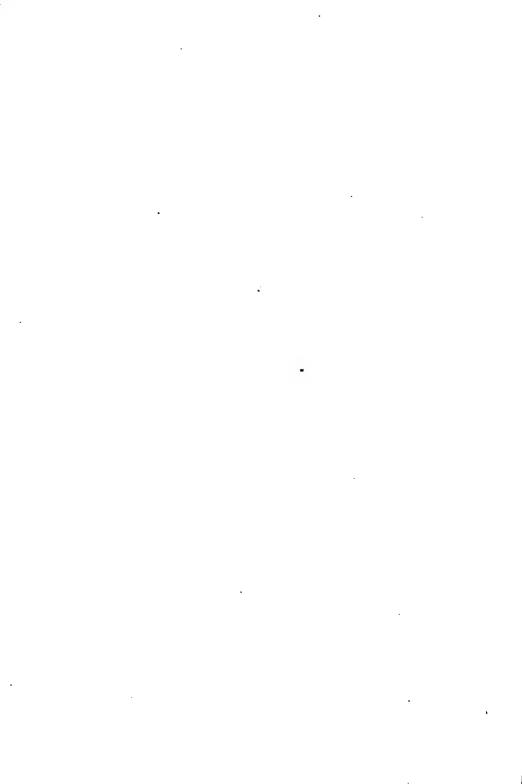
First reading May 9, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.
 Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading May 11, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to authorize the Commissioners of the Illinois State Penitentiary, at Joliet, to purchase land for use of the penitentiary, and to make appropriation therefor.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 3 General Assembly, That the Commissioners of the Illinois State Penitentiary.
- 8 at Joliet, are authorized to purchase, for the use of said penitentiary, the tracts
- 4 of land known as lots two (2) and three (3), assessor's subdivision of section No.
- 5 three (3), in township thirty-five (35) north, range ten (10) east, of the third prin-
- 6 cipal meridian, in the county of Will, containing eighty-three 91-100 acres, more
- 7 or less: Provided, a good and valid title can be made for said land to the State,
- 8 by the present owners thereof.
- § 2. The sum of ten thousand five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as
- 9 may be necessary, is hereby appropriated, payable from the levy of 1881, for the
- 8 purchase of the real estate described in this act, and for no other purpose.
- § 3. The Commissioners of the Illinois State Penitentiary shall present to the
- 3 Governor the abstracts of title and all other papers connected with the purchase
- 3 of said real estate, and upon his certifying his approval of said transaction, said
- 4 penitentiary commissioners are authorized to make requisition upon the Audi-
- 5 tor, who shall draw his warrant upon the Treasurer of State for the amount
- 6 necessary to pay for said real estate, not to exceed the amount appropriated by
- 7 this act.



- 1. Introduced by Mr. Bent, February 8, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading February 10, 1881, and referred to Committee on Penal and Reformatory Institutions, and ordered printed.
- April 22, 1881, reported back, passage recommended, and referred to Com-
- mittee on Appropriations.

 April 28, 1881, reported back with an amendment, passage recommended.

 May 8, 1881, second reading, amended and ordered to third reading.

A RILL

For an Act to authorize the Commissioners of the Illinois State Penitentiary, at Joliet, to purchase land for use of the penitentiary, and to make appropriation therefor.

Shorton 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 9 General Assembly, That the commissioners of the Illinois State Penitentiary
- 3 are authorized to purchase, for the use of said penitentiary, the tracts of land
- known as lots two (2) and three (3), assessor's subdivision of section No. three
- (8), in township thirty-five (85) north, range ten (10) east, of the third principal
- meridian, in the county of Will, containing eighty-three 91-100 acres, more or
- less: Provided a good and valid title can be made for said land to the State
- 8 by the present owners thereof.
 - \$ 2. The sum of ten thousand tive hundred dollars, or so much thereof as
- 2 may be necessary, is hereby appropriated, payable from the levy of 1881,
- s for the purchase of the real estate described in this act, and for no other
- 4 purpose.
 - § 3. The commissioners of the Illinois State Penitentiary shall present to
- the Governor the abstracts of title and all other papers connected with the pur-
- chase of said real estate, and upon his certifying his approval of said transac-

- 4 tion said penitentiary commissioners are authorized to make requisition upon
- 5 the Auditor, who shall draw his warrant upon the Treasurer of State for the
- 6 amount necessary to pay for said real estate, not to exceed the amount appro-
- 7 priated by this act.

(Substitute for No. 147.)

- Introduced from Judiciary Committee February 9, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading February 10, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Sections one (1), two (2), and three (3), of "An act to revise the law in relation to the Department of Agriculture, County Agricultural Boards, and Agricultural Fairs," approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1st, 1874.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in

- 2 the General Assembly, That Sections one (1), two (2), and three (3) of "An act
- 3 cutified are act to revise the law in relation to the Department of Agriculture
- 4 County Agricultural Boards, and Agricultural Fairs, approved March 27, 1874.
- 5 in force July 1st, 1874." be, and the same is, hereby amended so as to read as
- 6 follows:
- 7 Section 1. The Department of Agriculture for the promotion of agriculture
- 8 and horticulture, manufactures, and the domestic arts, shall be continued, and
- 9 shall be managed by a board to be styled, "The State Board of Agriculture,"
- 10 to consist of a president, and one vice-president from each congressional district
- 11 of this State, and of the last ex-president of the State Board of Agriculture
- 12 The election of said vice-presidents shall be held at seven o'clock e. m., of the
- 13 first Wednesday of the annual State Fair, at such place or places as the secre-
- 14 tary shall designate, by the delegates from the counties composing their
- 15 respective districts; said delegates to be chosen by the several County Agricul.
- 16 tural Boards in counties where such boards exist, and by the Boards of Super
- 17 visors, or the County Board, as the case may be, in counties where no County

Agricultural Boards exist; each county to be entitled to three delegates; Provided. That whenever a County Agricultural Board is hereafter organized in pursuance of law and the by-laws of the State Board of Agriculture, then 2() the delegates from such counties shall thereafter be chosen by such agricul-21 tural board. Vice-presidents elected in the year eighteen hundred and eighty-22 23 two (1882), in districts bearing even numbers: shall hold their offices for one year: those elected in same districts in the year eighteen hundred and eighty-24 three (1883) shall be elected for two (2) years, and an election for vice-presidents in said districts shall be held every two (2) years thereafter. Vice-presidents elected in the year eighteen hundred and eighty-two (1882), in districts bearing odd numbers, shall be elected every two years, and an election for vice-presidents in said districts shall be held every two years thereafter. The members of the 29 State Board of Agriculture shall enter upon the daties of their office on the second Tuesday of January succeeding their election. When the board con-31 venes in January—a quorum being present- they shall cleet a president, who shall hold his office for two years, or until his successor is elected and qualified. Section 2. The State Board shall appoint some person, not a member of the 34 board, secretary at its first meeting after their election in the year eighteen 35 hundred and eighty-two (1882), and every two years thereafter, and fix his com-36 pensation, who shall hold his office for two years, unless, for good cause, he shall be sooner removed by the board, and who shall perform such duties as 338 usually pertain to the office of secretary, as shall be required of him by the 39 board. 41 They shall, also, at the same time, appoint some person, not a member of the board, treasurer, and fix his compensation and prescribe his duties, who shall give bond in such sum and with such security as they shall direct, con-

Section 3. They shall, also, at the same time, appoint some person, not a member of the board, treasurer, and fix his compensation and prescribe his duties, who shall givebond in such sum and with such security as they shall direct, conditioned for the faithful discharge of the duties of his office. He shall hold his office for two years, unless for good cause, he should be sooner removed by the board.

1.

Reported to House February 25, 1881. First reading March 21, 1881, and referred to Committee on Agriculture, Horticulture and Dairying.

Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading March 24, 1881.

A BHL

For an Act to amend Sections one (1), two (2) and three (3) of "An act to revise the law in relation to the Department of Agriculture, County Agricultural Boards and Agricultural Fairs," approved March 27, 1874 in force July 1, 1874.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illing , represented in the

General Assembly, That Sections one (1), two (2) and three (4) of "An act entitled an act to revise the law in relation to the Department of Agriculture, county agricultural boards and agricultural fairs," approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1; 1874, be and the same are hereby amended so as to read, as follows: Section 1. The Department of Agriculture, for the promotion of agriculture and horticulture, manufactures and the domestic arts, shall be continued, and shall be managed by a board to be styled "The State Board of Agriculture," to consist of a president, and one vice-president from each congressional district of this State, and of the last ex-president of the State Board of Agriculture. The election of said vice-presidents shall be held at seven o'clock p. m. of the first Wednesday of the annual State fair, at such place or places as the secretary shall designate, by the delegates from the countles composing their respective districts, said delegates to be chosen by the several county agricultural boards in counties where such boards exist, and by the boards of supervisors or the county board, as the case may be, in counties where no county agricultural boards exist; each county to be entitled to three delegates: Provided, that whenever a county agricultural board is hereafter organized, in pursuance of

law and the by-laws of the State Board of Agriculture, then the delegates from such counties shall thereafter be chosen by such agricultural board. Vicepresidents elected in the year eighteen hundred and eighty-two (1882), in districts bearing even numbers, shall hold their offices for one year; those elected in same districts in the year eighteen hundred and eighty-three (1883) shall be elected for two (2) years, and an election for vice-presidents in said districts shall be held every two (2) years thereafter. Vice-presidents elected in the year eighteen hundred and eighty-two (1882), in districts bearing odd numbers, shall be elected every two years, and an election for vice-presidents, in said districts, shall be held every two years thereafter. The members of the State Board of Agriculture shall enter upon the duties of their office on the second Tuesday of January, succeeding their election. When the board convenes in January—a 81 quorum being present—they shall elect a president, who shall hold his office for two years, or until his successor is elected and qualified. 27

Section 2. The State Board shall appoint some person, not a member of the board, secretary, at its first meeting after their election in the year eighteen hundred and eighty-two (1882), and every two years thereafter, and fix his compensation, who shall hold his office for two years, unless, for good cause, he shall be sooner removed by the board, and who shall perform such duties as usually pertain to the office of secretary, or shall be required of him by the board.

Section 3. They shall, also, at the same time, appoint some person, not a member of the board, treasurer, and fix his compensation and prescribe his duties, 41 who shall give bond in such sum, and with such security, as they shall direct, 42 conditioned for the faithful discharge of the duties of his office. He shall hold 43 his office for two years, unless, for good cause, he should be sooner removed by 44 the board.

- Introduced by Mr. DeLang, February 9, 1891, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading February 10, 1881, and referred to Committee on Elections.
 Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 17, 1881.

For an Act to amend Section thirty-one (31) of an Act entitled, "An act in regard to Elections and to provide for filling vacancies in elective offices," approved April 3, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That Section thirty-one (31) of an act entitled "An act in
- 3 regard to elections and to provide for filling vacancies in elective offices,"
- 4 approved April 3, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, be and the same is hereby amended
- 5 so as to read as follows:
- 6 Section 31. In counties under township organization, each town shall consti-
- 7 tute an election precinct, but the county board may divide any town into as
- 8 many election districts as the convenience of the people may require, defining
- 9 the same by distinct boundaries and numbers, and may, from time to time,
- 10 designate the places at which elections shall be held. All general and special
- 11 elections shall be held at the places so designated. Towns which be wholly
- 12 within the limits of an incoporated city shall be so divided that no election
- 13 district shall contain more than five hundred (500) electors; the number of votes
- 14 cast at the last preceding election to be taken as the basis of circulation.

AMENDMENTS REPORTED FROM THE COMMITTEE ON ELECTIONS FEBRUARY 17, 1881.

Amend by inserting after the word "city" in fifth written line from the bottom

- 2 of written bill the words, "or towns whose boundaries are co-extensive with the
- 8 boundaries of any village."
- 4 Amend by striking out all after the word "preceding" in the second line from
- 5 the bottom of written bill, and insert in lieu thereof the words, "general election
- 6 for Presidential electors to be taken as the basis of the first division; and there-
- 7 after, when it appears that six hundred or more votes have been cast in any
- 8 election district, a readjustment of the same shall be made: Provided, however,
- 9 that such readjustment of election districts shall not be made oftener than once
- 10 in four years."

- Introduced by Mr. DeLang, February 9, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 10, 1881, and referred to Committee on Elections.
- First reading February 10, 1881, and referred to Committee on Elections.
 Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 17, 1881.
- 4. February 25, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to a third reading.

For an Act to amend Section thirty-one (31) of an Act entitled, "An act in regard to Elections and to provide for filling vacancies in elective offices," approved April 3, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

[Section 1.] Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

General Assembly, That section thirty-one (31) of an act entitled "An act in regard to elections and to provide for filling vacancies in elective offices." approved April 3, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows: 6 Section 31. In counties under township organization, each town shall constitute an election precinct, but the county board may divide any town into as many election districts as the convenience of the people may require, defining the same by distinct boundaries and numbers, and may, from time to time, designate the places at which elections shall be held. All general and special elections shall be held at the places so designated. Towns which lie wholly within the limits of an incorporated city, or towns whose boundaries are co extensive with the boundaries of any village, shall be so divided that no election 13 district shall contain more than five hundred (500) electors: the number of votes cast at the last preceding general election for Presidential electors, to be taken

16 as the basis of the first division; and thereafter, when it appears that six hun-

- 17 dred or more votes have been cast in any election district, a readjustment of the
- 18 same shall be made: Provided, however, that such readjustment of election
- 19 districts shall not be made oftener than once in four years.

- Introduced by Mr. Fuller, February 9, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading February 10, 1881, and referred to Committee on Miscellany. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 10, 1881.

For an Act to establish a Board of Fish Commissioners, and to prescribe their powers and duties.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- General Assemblu, That the President, Secretary and Treasurer of the State
- Board of Agriculture shall constitute ex-officio a State Board of Fish Com-
- missioners, and as such shall nominate a practical fish culturist as a superin-
- tendent, who will furnish the best facilities and at the best rates; and the
- said superintendent shall be elected by a majority vote of the State Board
- of Agriculture.
 - § 2. Said State Board of Fish Commissioners shall receive no additional
- compensation from the Treasury, but shall be reimbursed their actual travel-
- 3 ing and hotel expenses, not to exceed one hundred dollars per annum.
 - § 3. It shall be the duty of each member of the State Board of Agriculture
- to see that his proportion of fish is distributed in his congressional district
- of the varieties which the superintendent may consider best adapted to the
- 4 waters.
- § 4. The State Board of Fish Commissioners shall hold an annual meeting
- in the month of January, of each year, and the superintendent shall be secre-
- 3 tary of the board.
- § 5. The said commissioners may draw their order upon the Auditor of
- 2 Public Accounts, to be approved by the Governor, and the said Auditor is

- 3 hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant on the State Treasurer for
- 4 necessary expenses herein provided for. And said commissioners shall report
- 5 to the Governor all and singular the items of such expenditures, together with
- 6 the business transacted by them, such report to be made before the commence-
- 7 ment of each fiscal year.
 - § 6. An act entitled "An act entitled 'An act to establish a Board of Com-
- 2 missioners to increase the product of the fisheries by artificial propagation and
- 3 cultivation," approved May 13, 1879, and in force July 1, 1879, is hereby
- 4 repealed.

- Introduced by Mr. Mayfield, February 9, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 10, 1881, and referred to Committee on Railroads.
- 3. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading, March 10, 1881.

For an Act to amend Section seventeen (17) of "An act to establish a Board of Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners and prescribe their Powers and Duties," approved April 13, 1871, and in force July 1, 1871.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

General Assembly. That section seventeen (17), of an act entitled "An act to establish a Board of Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners and prescribe their powers and duties," approved April 13, 1871, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows: Section 17. Upon complaint being made, under oath, that any law of this State has been violated by any railroad company or warehouseman which it is made or shall hereafter be made the duty of the Railroad and Warehouse Commission to enforce, it shall be the duty of the State's Attorney in every county into or through which such railroad may run, or within which such warehouse may be located to whom such complaint is made, to institute and prosecute any and all suits for such violation. The complaint shall set out with reasonable certainty, the particular law violated. The State's Attorney shall, upon the filing of such complaint in his office, forward to the Board of Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners a copy of the same, together with a statement of 15 such facts in connection with the alleged violation as may furnish such board a clear understanding of the entire matter, and such board may thereupon, if in their judgment necessary, employ additional counsel to aid in such 19 prosecution.



- Introduced by Mr. Mayfield, February 9, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 10, 1881, and referred to Committee on Railroads.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading, March 10, 1881.
- 4. March 23, 1881, second reading, amended and ordered to a third reading.

For an Act to amend Section seventeen (17) of "An Act to establish a Board of Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners, and prescribe their powers and duties," approved April 13, 1871, and in force July 1, 1871.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly, That section seventeen (17) of an act entitled "An act to establish a Board of Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners, and prescribe their powers and duties," approved April 18, 1871, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows: Section 17. Upon complaint being made, under oath, that any law of this State has been violated by any railroad company or warehouseman, which it is made or shall hereafter be made the duty of the Railroad and Warehouse Commission to enforce, it shall be the duty of the State's Attorney in every county into or through which such railroad may run, or within which such warehouse may be located, to whom such complaint is made, to institute and prosecute any and all suits for such violation, under the direction and supervision of the Attorney-General of the State, at all times. The complaint shall set, out with reasonable certainty, the particular law violated. The State's Attorney shall, upon the filing of such complaint in his office, forward to the Board of Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners a copy of the same, together with a

17 statement of sugh facts in connection with the alleged violation as may furnish
18 such board a clear understanding of the entire matter, which shall by them

be submitted to the Attorney-General, and if he advises prosecution, such commission shall so instruct the State's Attorney; and such board n ay thereupon, if in their judgment necessary, employ additional counsel to aid in such prosecution: *Provided*, that nothing in this section contained shall be construed to deprive the Board of Reilroad and Warehouse Commissioners of the power to prosecute such railroad company and warehouseman for any violations of

the provisions of this act as now provided by law.

- Introduced by Mr. Marshall, February 9, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- reading.

 2. First reading February 10, 1881, and referred to Committee on Education and Educational Institutions.
- 3. February 18, 1881, ordered printed for Committee.
- 4. The changes proposed to existing laws are inclosed in brackets, thus [].

For an Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to establish and maintain a system of Free Schools," approved April 1, 1872, and amended by an act approved May 23, 1877, and further amended by an act approved June 3, 1879.

[Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly, That Section thirty-four (84), and Sections thirty-three (88), forty-eight (48), fifty-three (58), fifty-four (54), fifty-seven (57) and seventy-nine (79) as amended, of the aforesaid act be amended so as to read as follows: Section 33. Trustees of schools in newly organized townships shall lay off the township into one or more districts, to suit the wishes and convenience of a majority of the inhabitants of the township, and shall prepare or cause to be prepared, a map of the township, on which map shall be designated the district or districts to be styled, when there are more than one district. District No. in Township No. ----. Range of the ---- P. M., (according to the proper num bers), county of, and State of Illino's. [And when petitioned so to do, as hereinafter provided, they may, having ϵ iscretion in the matter, at the regular meeting in April, change such districts as lie wholly within their township, so as to divide or consolidate districts to organize a new district out of territory belonging to two or more districts, or to detach territory from one district and add the same to another district adjacent thereto. And at the same meeting. by the concurrent action of the several boards of trustees of the townships in

18 which the district or districts affected lie, each board being petitioned as

hereinafter provided, the same changes may be made in the boundaries both 20 of districts which lie in separate townships but adjacent to each other, and of districts formed of parts of two or more townships: Provided, that none of 21 22 these changes shall be made unless petitioned for (1) by a majority of the legal voters of each of the districts affected by the proposed change; or, (2) by two-23 thirds of the legal voters asking that certain territory, within whose limits 24 they live, be detached from one district and added to another; or, (3) by two-25 thirds of all the legal voters living within certain territory, containing not less 26 27 than ten families, asking that said territory be made a new district: but in case 28 any territory be set off from any district that has a bonded debt, the change not being petitioned for by a majority of the legal voters of said district,) such 29 30 district shall remain liable for the payment of such bonded debt as if not divided. The directors of the original district having such bonded debt and 31 of the district into which the territory taken from such original district has 32 33 been incorporated or formed, shall constitute a joint board for the purpose of determining and certifying, and they shall determine and certify to the county 84 85 clerk the amount of tax required yearly for the purpose of paying the interest and principal of such bonded debt, which tax shall be extended by the county **3**6 37 clerk against all the property embraced within such original district, as if it had not been divided: | Provided, further, that no petition shall be acted upon 38 by any board of trustees unless it shall have been filed with the clerk of said 39 board of trustees twenty days before the regular meeting in April; nor unless a copy of said petition together with a notice in writing, which notice may be in the following form, to-wit: "The directors of district No. ----, in Township 42 No. --, Range --, of the -- principal meridian, will take notice that the have made and filed with the clerk of the board 44 undersigned of trustees of said township their petition, a copy of which 45 herewith handed to you"—shall be delivered by the petitioners, or some one of 46 them, at least ten days before the date at which the petition is to be consid-47 ered, to the president or clerk of the board of directors of each district whose 48 boundaries will be changed if the petition is granted. When at the regular meeting of the trustees in April, any such petition shall come before the

trustees; it shall be the duty of the trustees to ascertain first whether the foregoing provisions have been strictly complied with; and if it shall appear 52 that they, or either of them, has not been complied with, in such case the board shall adjourn the hearing for not longer than four weeks, in order that 54 55 the foregoing provisions may be complied with; but there shall be but one adjournment for such purpose. If, on the day of the regular meeting, or at the adjourned meeting, it shall appear that such provisions have been complied 57 with, then the trustees shall consider the petition, and shall also hear any legal voters living in the district or districts that will be affected by the change if 59 made, who may appear before them to oppose the petition; and they shall grant 60 or refuse the prayer of the petitioners without unreasonable delay. But the 61 petitioners, or the legal voters, who have appeared before the trustees at the meeting when the petition was considered and opposed, the same shall have 63 the right of appeal to the county superintendent of schools: Provided, the 64 party appealing files with the clerk of the trustees a written notice of appeal 65 within ten days after final action upon the petition by the trustees. Whenever 66 any changes, as provided in this section, are made by the trustees of schools, if 67 65 no appeal is taken to the county superintendent, the clerk of the trustees shall make a complete copy of the record of the action of the trustees, which copy shall be certified by the president of the trustees and the clerk, who shall file same, together with a map of the township showing the districts, and an accurate list of the tax-payers of the newly arranged districts, with the county clerk within twenty days of the action of the trustees. When the trustees of schools shall organize a new district under the provisions of this section, it shall be the duty of the clerk of the trustees, if no appeal is taken to the county super-75 intendent, to order within fifteen days after the action of the trustees an election 76 to be held) at some convenient time and place, within the boundaries of such newly organized district, for the election of three school directors, notice 78 79 being given by the township treasurer, who shall post up three notices of such election in three prominent places in said district, at least ten days prior to the time appointed for holding such election, which notices shall specify the place 81 where such election is to be held, the time for opening and closing the polls,

and [the] object of said election. It shall be the duty of the legal voters present, five of whom shall constitute a quorum, to appoint three of their number, two of whom shall act as judges, and one as clerk of said election. Within ten days after the election, it shall be the duty of the directors elected at said election, to meet at some convenient time and place, previously agreed upon by said directors, and organize as a district board, by appointing one of their 89 number president, and also some suitable person clerk of the board, who shall, by virtue of his office, be clerk of the district. At this first meeting of the 90 directors, they shall draw lots for their respective terms of office for one, two and three years, each of which shall be considered a fractional term, ending at each annual meeting, according to the length of term drawn. [When an appeal is taken from the action of the trustees to the county superintendent, the clerk of the trustees shall, within five days after the written notice of the appeal has been filed with him by the appellants,] transmit all the papers in the case, with a transcript of the records of the trustees, showing their action thereon to the 97 county superintendent, and in case of an appeal the township treasurer shall be required to take no further action in the matter, except upon the order of 100 the county superintendent, whose duty it shall be to investigate the case upon such appeal: and if, in his opinion, the change asked is for the best interests of the district or districts concerned, he shall [make such change or changes, and his action shall be final and binding. If the changes asked by the petitioners shall be made by the county superintendent, he shall 104 105 notify in writing the clerk by whom the papers in the case were transmitted to him of his action, and the clerk shall thereupon make a record of the same and shall, within ten days thereafter, make a copy of the same and the map and list of taxpayers and deliver them to the county clerk for filing and record by him, the same as if the change had been ordered by the trustees.] And in case a new district is organized by the action of the county superintendent, [the clerk shall, within five days thereafter, order an election of directors in the new district the same as if the change had been made by the board of trustees. Whenever a new district has been formed by 114 the trustees, or by the county superintendent, from a part of a district or from

parts of two or more districts, the trustees of the township or townships con-116 cerned shall proceed forthwith to make a distribution of any tax funds or other funds which are in the hands of the treasurer, or to which the district may, at the time of such division, be entitled, so that both the old and new 119 districts shall receive parts of such funds in proportion to the amount of taxes collected, next preceding such division, of |from| the taxable property in the territory composing the several districts. If the new district be composed of 121 parts of two or more districts, the trustees shall make distribution of said funds 122 between the new district and the old districts respectively, so that the new 123 district shall receive a distribution of the funds of each of the old districts in 124 the proportion which the amount of taxes collected from the property in the territory of the new district bears to the whole taxes collected, next before the 126 127 division, in the old district; and the town treasurer shall forthwith place the sums so distributed to the credit of the respective districts, and shall immediately place the proportion of the said funds to which said new district 129 may be entitled to its credit on his books, and the funds on hand shall be sub-130 ject at once to the order of the directors of the new district, and those not on 131 hand, as soon as collected. The trustees of the township or townships con-182 cerned, shall, at the time of the creation of a new district, or within the period of thirty days thereafter, proceed to the appointment of three appraisers, who 184 not be citizens of the township or townships interested. It 135 shall be the duty of said appraisers, within thirty 136 shall 137 their appointment, to appraise the school property, both and personal, of the district or districts interested, at their fair cash value. Within thirty days after such appraisement, the trustees of the 139 township or townships concerned shall proceed to charge the property to the 140 district in which it may be found, and to credit the other district interested 141 therein with its proportion of such valuation: Provided, that the bona fide 143 debts, if any, of the old district, shall first be deducted and the balance charged and credited as aforesaid, and of the funds then on hand, or subse-144 quently to accrue, belonging to such district to which such property is 145 charged, the trustees shall direct the treasurer to place to the credit of the

district not retaining said property its proportion of the value of said property. If trustees shall fail to observe the provisions of this section in reference to distribution of funds and property, they shall be individually and jointly liable to the district interested, in an action on the case, to the full amount of the damages sustained by the district aggrieved. Where trustees have heretofore failed to make distribution of property to districts, as provided in this section, any district interested in the making of such distribution may, by its directors, request the trustees, in writing, to proceed to make such distribution: and said trustees shall proceed to make distribution in the manner herein prescribed, and shall be liable in like manner for neglect or failure.

158 [The clerk of any board of trustees who shall fail, neglect or refuse to 159 perform the duties imposed upon him by this section, or any of them, within 160 the time and in the manner prescribed, shall, for each offense, forfeit not less than ten dollars nor more than twenty-five dollars of his pay as clerk of the board of trustees and township treasurer, which forfeiture shall be enforced by the trustees.

If any school district shall, for two consecutive years, fail to maintain a 164 public school as required by law to do, it shall be the duty of the trustees of schools of the township or townships in which such district lies, to attach the territory of such district to one or more adjoining in case said territory school districts: and is added or more districts to divide the property of said district between the districts to which its territory is added, in the manner hereinbefore provided for the division of property in case a new district is organized from 171 172 part of another district, and the action of the trustees in such a case shall be final and binding. 178

The majority of the legal voters of a district lying in two or more townships may secure the dissolution of said district by petitioning the several boards of trustees of said townships, at their regular meeting in April, that each will add the territory belonging to said district in its township to one or more adjoining districts. Upon receipt of such petition the several boards of trustees shall

each make such disposition of the territory of said district as lies in its town-180 ship, and they shall jointly make such division of the property of said district 181 between the districts to which its territory is attached, as is hereinbefore pro-182 vided in the case of the organization of a new district from a part of another 183 district; and the action of the trustees, in accordance with such petition, shall 184 be final and binding.]

185 Section 34. At the regular semi-annual meetings, on the first Mondays of 186 April and October, the trustees shall ascertain the amount of State, county 187 and township funds on hand and subject to distribution, and shall apportion 188 the same as follows:

189 First—Whatever may be due for the compensation and the books of the 190 treasurer, and such sum as may be deemed reasonable for dividing school 191 lands, making plats, etc.

192 Second—The remainder shall be divided among the districts or fractions of districts, in which schools have been kept in accordance with the provisions of 194 this act, and the instructions of the State and county superintendents, (during the preceding year ending June 30, one-half in proportion to the number of children under twenty-one years of age in each; and the other half in propor-196 tion to the days of attendance as certified by the schedules filed as provided by law: Provided, that no district which shall show by schedules filed on or before the meeting of the trustees in October, 1881, that it has had a legal 199 school for one hundred and ten days during the year preceding, shall be deprived of a share of the funds distributed at that and the next regular 201 meeting of the trustees.] The funds thus apportioned shall be placed on the books of the treasurer to the credit of the respective districts, and the same shall be paid out by the treasurer on the legal orders of the directors of the 204 205 proper districts.

Section 48. The directors of each district are hereby declared a body politic 207 and corporate by the name of "school directors of district No. , township 208 No. , county of , and the State of Illinois," and by that name may sue 209 and be sued in all courts and places whatever. Two directors shall be a quo-

due teachers, and for all debts legally contracted. They shall establish and keep in operation for at least one hundred and ten days of actual teaching in each year, without reduction by reason of closing schools upon legal holidays. or for any other cause, and longer if practicable, a sufficient number of free 214 schools for the accommodation of all children in the district over the age of 215 216 six and under twenty-one years, and shall secure to all such children the right and opportunity to an equal education in such free schools. They shall adopt 217 all necessary rules and regulations for the manage-218 219 ment and government of the schools, and shall visit and inspect 220 same, from time to time, as the good of the 221 may require. They shall appoint all teachers, fix the amount of their salaries, and may dismiss them for incompetency, cruelty, negligence, immorality, or 222 other sufficient cause. They shall have power to assign pupils to the several 223 224 schools. They shall direct what branches of study shall be taught, and what text books and apparatus shall be used in the several schools, and strictly 225226 enforce uniformity of text books therein, but shall not permit text books to be changed oftener than once in four years. [They shall have power to purchase, at the expense of the district, a sufficient number of the text books used to supply children whose parents are not able to buy them. The text books bought for such purpose shall be loaned only; and the directors shall require the teacher to see that they are properly cared for and returned at the end of each 231 term of school.] They may suspend or expel pupils for incorrigibly bad con-232 duct, and no action shall lie against them for such expulsion or suspension; 233 and may provide, that children under twelve years of age shall not be confined 234 in school more than four hours daily. It shall not be lawful for a board of 235 directors to purchase or locate a school house site, or to purchase, build, or 236 move a school house, or to levy a tax to extend schools beyond nine months, 237 without a vote of the people at an election called and conducted as required 238 in the forty-second Section of this act; a majority of the votes cast shall be 239 necessary to authorize the directors to act: Provided, that if no one locality shall 240 receive a majority of all the votes cast at such election, the directors may, if in their judgment the public interests require it, proceed to select a suitable

school house site: and the site so chosen by them shall, in such case, be legal and valid, the same as if it had been determined by a majority of the votes cast; and the site so selected by either of the methods above provided shall be the school house site for such district; [and said district shall have the right to 247 take the same for the purpose of a school house site, either with or without the owner's consent; and in case the compensation to be paid for such site cannot, 248 for any reason, be agreed upon or determined between the school directors and the parties interested in the land taken for such site, then it shall be the duty of the directors of such district to proceed to have such compensation determined in the manner which may be at the time provided by law for the exercise of the right of eminent domain: Provided, that no tract of land lying outside the limits of any incorporated city or village, and lying within forty 254 rods of the dwelling house of the owner of the land, shall be taken for a school 255 256 site without the owner's consent.] Section 58. Teachers shall keep correct daily registers of their schools, which 257

Section 53. Teachers shall keep correct daily registers of their schools, which shall exhibit the name, age and attendance of each pupil, the day of the week, the month and the year. Said registers shall be as nearly as may be in the following form, the absence of each scholar being signified by a mark, the presense by a blank, viz:

262 REGISTER of a common school kept by A. B. at ——, in district number ——, 263 in township number ——, range —, of the —— principal meridian in the

264 county of --- , in the State of Illinois:

Names and ages of sci	nole m	January 15	18	4	18	61	31	3	767	**		25	96		February 1	31	9 "		-	30		ach scholar.
attending school.		Monday,	Tuesday.	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday.	. Monday.	Tuesday,	Wednesday.	Thursday,	Friday,	Monday.	Tuesday,	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Monday,	I nesday.	Wednesday,	Thursday.	Friday.	d number of days
Names.	Ages.	1874.	3	3	3	3	1	:	3	3	:	=	3	3	3	-	3		3	**	3	Tota
John Smith Isaac Meslier Sarah Danforth Mary Newman	10 13 16 18		. 1	1		1	1	1	1	1		1		1	1	4 demonstration of the second		1	1	1		15 11 20 18
Grand total number	of da	ys	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •		• • •	• •	• • •			•••		• • •	•••	• • •			• • •	•	64
												N	(a)	les.		Fe	ma	les		To	ta	l.
Number of scholars													2				2		-		4	
Average daily attendan																				• • •		8.2
265 Said registers sha 266 each teacher shall,												•										
267 clerk of the school																						
268 Teachers shall m	ade [n	nak	æ)	80	he	dul	es	O	ft	he	n	am	ee	of	f a	11 (ec t	ol	are	u	nd	er
260 twenty-one years of	f age s	tte	nd	lin	g t	hei	ir e	ch	00	la,	in	th	e f	orı	m į) r e	6 C1	rib	ed	by	th	ie
270 act; and when scho																	-			oui	atio	86,
271 separate schedules 272 The schedule to																				n 0		
273 circumstances will									·				wat.	OI.	196		. 10	-0,	100	HO	-1	ær
274 Schedule of a co	-												, ii	ı d	int	ric	t n	un	ber	•		- ,

275	in township number, range number, of the principal meridien, in
276	the county of in the State of Illinois. Names and ages of scholars residing
277	in district number, in township number north, range west,
278	county, who have attended my school during the \text{\text{time beginning the}} \tag{day of}
279	
280	mension mehool days.

Names.	Ages.	Days attended		
John Smith Isaac Medier Sarah Danforth Mary Newman Grand total number of days attendance	18 16 18	15 11 90 18		
Male				
Number of scholars	9	4		
Average daily attendance		3.2		

And said teachers shall add up the whole number of days' attendance of each scholar, and make out the grand total number of days' attendance.

He shall also note the whole number of scholars, giving the males and females separately; the average daily attendance; and shall set the age of each pupil, opposite the name of said pupil, as in form above prescribed, and shall set thereto his certificate, which shall be in the following form, vis:

"I certify that the foregoing schedule of scholars attending my school, as
therein named, and residing as specified in said schedule, to the best of my
knowledge and belief, is correct.

A. B., Teacher."

When the teacher shall have completed his or her schedule or schedules, as above required, he or she shall deliver it to some one of the directors, who shall give the teacher a receipt for the same; and it shall be the duty of said director, in connection with one other director of the board, to carefully examine such schedule or schedules, and after correcting all errors, if they

shall find such schedule to have been kept according to law, they shall certify to the same, as near as practicable, in the following form, vis:

STATE OF ILLINOIS, 297

298 We, the undersigned, directors of ----, in township number ----, range number -----, in the county aforesaid, certify that we have examined 299 the foregoing schedule and find the same to be correct, and that the school was 800 conducted according to law; [that the teacher is paid as per centract —— 801 dollars per -----;] that the said teacher has a legal certificate of ----- grade 302 and that the property of the district in charge of such teacher has been satisfactorily accounted for.

Witness our hands this —— day of ——, 18—. 305

806

307 Teachers' wages are hereby declared due and payable monthly; and upon certifying to the schedule as aforesaid, the directors shall at once make out and deliver to the teacher an order upon the township treasurer for the amount named in the schedule; which order shall state the rate at which the teacher is paid according to his contract, the limits of the time for which the order pays, and that the directors have duly certified a schedule covering this time. But it shall not be lawful for the directors to draw an order until they have duly certified to the schedule; nor shall it be lawful for the directors after the date for filing schedules, as fixed by law, to certify any schedule not delivered to them before that date by the teacher, when such a hedule is for time taught before the first of July preceding, nor to give an order in payment of the teacher's wages for the time covered by such delinquent schedule. If any order drawn for the payment of a teacher is presented to the township treasurer for payment and is not paid for want of funds, the treasurer shall make a written statement over his signature by an endorsement upon such order with date showing such presentation and non-payment, and shall make and keep a record of such endorsement. Such order shall the eafter draw

interest at the rate of eight per cent. per annum, until paid, or until the treasurer shall in writing notify the clerk of the board of directors that he has funds to pay such order; and of said notice the treasurer shall make and keep a record; and after giving such notice, he shall hold the funds necessary to pay such order until it is presented for payment, and such order shall draw no interest after the giving of said notice to said clerk of the board.

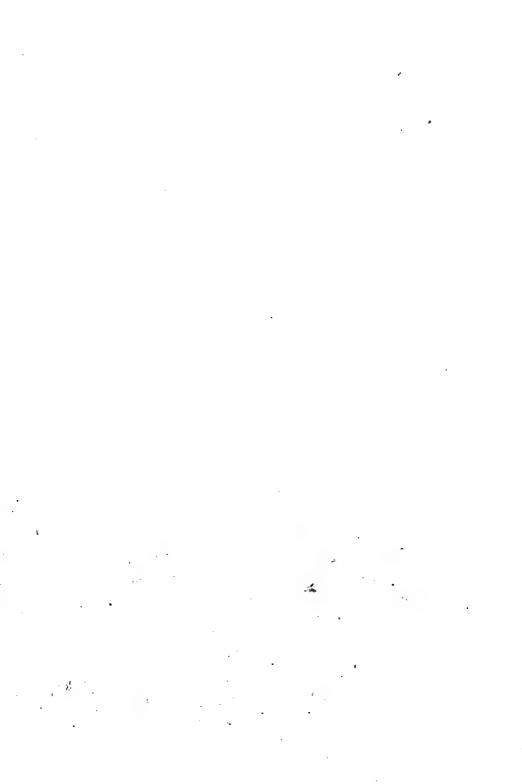
330 Section 54. Schedules made and certified as aforesaid and covering all time 331 taught during the school year ending June 30, shall, on or before the seventh day of July, annually, be delivered by the directors to the township treasurer; and 832 the directors shall be personally liable to the district for any loss sustained by it 333 334 through their failure to examine and deliver to the township treasurer all schedules within the time fixed by law. The school month shall be the same 335 336 as the calendar month; but teachers shall not be required to teach upon Sat-337 urdays, legal holidays—these being New Years, Fourth of July and Christmas 838 -and thanksgiving and fast days appointed by the national or State authority; 839 nor shall they be required to make up the time lost by closing school upon such days or upon such special holidays as may be granted the schools by the 340 board of directors. 841

342 Section 57. Township treasurers shall loan, upon the following conditions. all moneys which shall come to their hands by virtue of their office, except 843 such as may be subject to distribution. The rate of interest shall not be less than six per cent., nor more than eight per cent, per annum, [payable half yearly 845 in advance: the rate of interest to be determined by a majority of the township 847 trustees, at any regular or special meeting of their board. No loans shall be made for less than six months, or more than five years. For all sums not 848 exceeding one hundred dollars, loaned for not more than one year, two respon-350 sible sureties shall be given; for all sums over one hundred dollars, and for all loans for more than one year, security shall be given by mortgage on real 351 estate, unincumbered, in value double the amount loaned with a condition 352 that in case additional security shall at any time be required, the same shall 252 be given to the satisfaction of the board of trustees for the time being: Pro-355 vided, that nothing herein shall prevent the loaning of township funds to

boards of school directors, taking bonds therefor, as provided in section fortyseven of this act. Notes, bonds, mortgages and other securities taken for 358 money or other property, due or to become due to the board of trustees for the 359 township, shall be payable to the said board by their corpoand in such name suits, actions 360 and complaints. 361 and every description of legal proceedings may be had for the recovery of money, the breach of contracts, and for every legal liability 362 364 which may at any time arise or exist, or upon which a right of action shall 365 accrue to the use of this corporation: Provided, however, that notes, bonds, 366 mortgages and other securities in which the name of the county superintendent or of the trustees of schools are inserted, shall be valid to all intents and 367 purposes; and suit shall be brought in the name of the board of trustees as 368 aforesaid. The wife of the mortgagor (if he has one) shall join in the mort-369 gage given to secure the payment of money loaned by virtue of the provisions 370 371 of this act. Where there is a surplus of funds in the treasurer's hands belong-372 ing to any school district, he may loan the same for the use and benefit of said 373 district, upon the written request of the directors of such district, and not otherwise; and all such loans shall be on the same conditions as are prescribed in this section for the loaning of township funds. 375

§ 79. This act shall not be so construed as to repeal or change in any respect 376 any special acts in relation to schools in cities having less than one hundred 377 378 thousand inhabitants, or incorporate I towns, townships or districts, except that it shall be the duty of the several boards of education or other officers of any 380 city or incorporated town, township or district having in charge schools under 381 the provisions of any of the said special acts, or of any ordinance of any city or incorporated town, on or before the fifteenth day of [July] preceding each 383 regular session of the General Assembly of this State, or annually, if required 884 so to do by the State Superintendent, to make out and render a statement of 885 all such statistics and other information in regard to schools and the enumera-886 tion of persons as is required to be communicated by township boards of trustees or directors under the provisions of this act; or so much thereof as 887 may be applicable to said city or incorporated town, to the county superintend-

ent of the county where such city or incorporated town is situated, or of the 389 390 county in which the larger part of such city or town is situated; [but in case the township treasurer is the treasurer of such city, town or school district, 391 said report shall be made to him; nor shall it be lawful for the county superin-392 393 tendent or any other officer or person to pay over any portion of the common school fund to any local treasurer, school agent, clerk, board of education, or other officer or person of any township, city or incorporated town, unless a 395 report of the number of persons and other statistics relative to schools, and a 396 397 statement of such other information as is required of the board of trustees or directors as aforesaid, and of other school officers and teachers under the pro-398 provisions of this act shall have been filed at the time or times as aforesaid, 399 specified in this Section, and the superintendent of schools of the proper 400 401 county, as aforesaid. It shall also be the duty of the president, principal 402 or other proper officer of every organized university, college, seminary, academy, or other literary institution heretofore incorporated or hereafter to be incorporated in this State, to make out or cause to be made out and forwarded to the office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction on or before the fifteenth 486 day of August, in each year, a report setting forth the amount and estimated value of real estate owned by the corporation; the amount of other funds and 407 endowments, and the yearly income from all sources; the number of instructors; 408 the number of students in the different classes; the studies pursued and the 400 410 books used; the course of instruction; the terms of tuition, and such other 411 matters as may be specially requested by said superintendent, or as may be deemed proper by the president or principal of such institution, to enable the 412 413 Superintendent of Public Instruction to lay before the Legislature a fair and full exhibit of the affairs and conditions of said institutions and of the educational resources of the State.



- Introduced by Mr. Adams, February 10, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 10, 1881, and referred to Committee on Education and Educational Institutions.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 11, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section one (1) of "An act to authorize cities, incorporated towns, and townships, to establish and maintain free Public Libraries and Reading-rooms," approved and in force March 7, 1872.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly, That Section 1 of "An act to authorize cities, incorporated towns, and townships, to establish and maintain free public libraries and reading rooms," approved and in force March 7, 1872, be amended so that the same shall read as follows: Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That the city council of each incorporated city shall have power to establish and maintain a public library and reading-room for the use 9 and benefit of the inhabitants of such city, and may levy a tax of not to exceed 10 one mill on the dollar annually, and in cities of over one hundred thousand inhabitants, not to exceed one-half of one mill on the dollar annually on all the taxable property in the city, such tax to be levied and collected in like manner with the general taxes of said city, and to be known as the "library fund." Cities of over one hundred thousand inhabitants may also levy a tax for the purchase of ground and the erection of a suitable building for a public library: such tax and also the said annual tax in cities of over one hundred thousand

17 inhabitants, may, if deemed necessary, be in excess of the aggregate amount of

- 18 taxes as limited by Section 1, of Article 8, of "An act for the incorporation of 19 cities and villages," approved April 10, 1872.
 - § 2. Whereas, it is desirable to enable the city council of Chicago to make
- 2 an adequate appropriation in the current tax levy for the support of the public
- 3 library of Chicago, an emergency therefore exists, and this act shall take effect
- 4 and be in force from and after its passage.

- Introduced by Mr. Adams, February 10, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading February 10, 1881, and referred to Committee on Education and Educational Institutions.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 11, 1881. February 15, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.

A BILL

For an Act to amend section one (1) of "An act to authorize cities, incorporated towns and townships, to establish and maintain free Public Libraries and Reading-rooms," approved and in force March 7, 1872.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly. That Section 1 of "An act to authorize cities, incorporated
- towns, and townships, to establish and maintain free public libraries and
- reading-rooms, approved and in force March 7, 1872, be amended so that the
- same shall read as follows:
- Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the 5
- 7 General Assembly, That the city council of each incorporated city shall have
- power to establish and maintain a public library and reading-room for the use
- and benefit of the inhabitants of such city, and may levy a tax of not to exceed
- one mill on the dollar annually, and in cities of over one hundred thousand 10
- inhabitants, not to exceed one-half of one mill on the dollar annually on all the 11
- taxable property in the city, such tax to be levied and collected in like manner
- with the general taxes of said city, and to be known as the "library fund;"
- and the said annual library tax in cities of over one hundred thousand inhabit-
- ants shall not be included in the aggregate amount of taxes as limited by Section
- 1. of Article 8, of "An act for the incorporation of cities and villages," approved
- 17 April 10, 1872.

- § 2. Whereas, it is desirable to enable the city council of Chicago to make
- 2 an adequate appropriation in the current tax levy for the support of the public
- 3 library of Chicago, an emergency therefore exists, and this act shall take effect
- 4 and be in force from and after its passage.

Reported to House, February 25, 1881.
First reading February 25, 1881, and ordered to second reading. February 26, 1881, vote ordering to second reading reconsidered and referred to Committee on Education.

Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading March 1, 1881.

Second reading March 18, 1881, amended and ordered to a third reading.

(Printed as amended.)

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section one (1) of "An Act to authorize cities, incorporated towns and townships to establish and maintain free public libraries and reading rooms," approved and in force March 7, 1872.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That section 1 of "An act to authorize cities, incorporated
- towns and townships to establish and maintain free public libraries and read.
- ing rooms," approved and in force March 7, 1872, be amended so that the same
- shall read as follows:
- Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the
- General Assembly, That the city council of each incorporated city shall have
- power to establish and maintain a public library and reading room for the use
- and benefit of the inhabitants of such city, and may levy a tax of not to exceed
- 10 one mill on the dollar, annually, and in cities of over one hundred thousand
- inhabitants, not to exceed one fifth of a mill on the dollar, annually, on all the
- taxable property in the city, except for the years A. D. 1881 and 1882, respectively;
- in cities of over one hundred thousand inhabitants the said tax may be one-half
- of a mill on a dollar, such tax to be levied and collected in like manner with
- the general taxes of said city, and to be known as the "library fund;" and
- the said annual library tax in cities of over one hundred thousand inhabitants

- 17 for the years A. D. 1881 and 1882 shall not be included in the aggregate amount
- 18 of taxes as limited by section 1, of article 8, of "An act for the incorporation of
- 19 cities and villages," approved April 10, 1872, but for years other than the years
- 20 A. D. 1881 and 1882, the said library tax shall be included in the said aggre-
- 21 gate amount of taxes so limited by section one.
 - § 2. Whereas, it is desirable to enable the city council of Chicago to make an
- 2 adequate appropriation in the current tax lavy for the support of the public
- 3 library of Chicago, an emergency therefore exists, and this act shall take effect
- 4 and be in force from and after its passage.

April 10, 1872.

Reported to House, February 25, 1881.

First reading February 25, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

 February 26, 1881, vote ordering to second reading reconsidered and referred to Committee on Education.

 Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading March 1, 1881.

A BHL

For an Act to amend Section one (1) of "An Act to authorize cities, incorporated towns and townships, to establish and maintain free public libraries and reading rooms," approved and in force March 7, 1872.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That section 1 of "An act to authorize cities, incorporated

towns and townships, to establish and maintain free public libraries and reading rooms," approved and in force March 7, 1872, be amended so that the same shall read as follows: 6 Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinain, represented in the General Assembly, That the city council of each incorporated city shall have power to establish and maintain a public library and reading room for the use and benefit of the inhabitants of such city, and may levy a tax of not to exceed one mill on the dollar, annually, and in cities of over one hundred thousand 11 inhabitants, not to exceed one-half of one mill on the dollar, annually, on all the taxable property in the city, such tax to be levied and collected in like manner with the general taxes of said city; and to be known as the "library fund;" and the said annual library tax in cities of over one hundred thousand inhabitants shall not be included in the aggregate amount of taxes as limited by section 1. of article 8, of "An act for the incorporation of cities and villages," approved

- § 2. Whereas, it is desirable to enable the city council of Chicago to make an
- 2 adequate appropriation in the current tax levy for the support of the public
- 3 library of Chicago, an emergency therefore exists, and this act shall take effect
- 4 and be in force from and after its passage.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 223, IN HOUSE.

Amend by striking from the 28d line of section one (1) (engrossed bill), the

- 2° word "library" after the word "annual;" and amend further by striking from
- 3 the 25th (written) line of said section the words "shall not be included in" and
- 4 inserting in lieu thereof the words "may, if deemed necessary, be in excess of."

(Substitute for Nos. 100 and 101.)

- Introduced from Committee on Fees and Salaries, February 11, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading February 11, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Sections nineteen (19) and thirty (30) of an act entitled "An Act concerning fees and salaries, and to classify the several counties of this State with reference thereto," approved March 29, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, title as amended by act approved March 28, 1874, in force July 1, 1874; also to amend Section forty-one (41) of said act, as amended by an act approved and in force May 17, 1877.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That Sections nineteen (19) and thirty (30) of an act entitled
- 3 "An Act concerning fees and salaries, and to classify the several counties of
- 4 this State with reference thereto," approved March 29, 1872, in force July 1, 1872,
- 5 title as amended by act approved March 28, 1874, in force July 1, 1874; also see
- 6 tion forty-one (41) of said act, as amended by an act approved and in force May
- 7 17, 1877, be and the same hereby are so amended as to read, respectively, as
- 8 follows:
- 9 Section 19. For serving a writ or summons on each defendant, in counties of
- 10 first class, seventy-five cents; in counties of second class, sixty-five cents; in
- 11 third class, fifty cents.
- 12 For serving chan cry summons and copy, or writ of injunction and copy, in
- 13 counties of first class, one dollar; second class, seventy-five cents; third class,
- 14 fifty cents.
- 15 For taking special bail, twenty-five cents in each county.

- 16 For serving a subpena on each witness, in counties of first class, fifty cents;
- 17 second and third class, thirty-five cents.
- 48 For advertising property for sale, seventy-five cents in all counties.
- 19 For returning each writ or other process, ten cents in all counties. Mileage,
- 20 for each mile of necessary travel to serve any such writ or process as aforesaid,
- 21 calculating from the place of holding the court to the place of residence of the
- 22 defendant or witness, five cents each way.
- 23 For summoning each juror, in counties of first class, fifty cents; second class,
- 24 thirty cents; third class, twenty cents, with five cents mileage each way in all
- 25 counties.
- 26 For serving notice of executions, or levying an execution or serving attach-
- 27 ment, in counties of first class, seventy-five cents; in second class, sixty-five
- 28 cents; in third class, fifty cents, and mileage five cents each way in all counties,
- 29 For taking possession of and removing property levied on, the officer shall be
- 30 allowed to tax the actual costs of such possession or removal.
- 31 For summoning commissioners to set off a homestead or appraisers to appraise
- 32 personal property, including mileage and other necessary services pertaining
- 33 thereto, in counties of first and second class, two dollars; in third class, one
- 34 dollar and fifty cents.
- 35 For serving and returning a scire facias to revive a judgment, foreclose a
- 36 mortgage, or against bail, in counties of first class, seventy-five cents; in second
- 37 class, sixty-live cents; in third class, fifty cents,
- 35 For committing each prisoner to jail, in counties of first class, fifty cents;
- 39 second class, fifty cents; third class, thirty cents,
- 40 For discharging each prisoner from jail, in counties of first and second class.
- 41 fifty cents; third class, thirty cents.
- 42 For dieting each prisoner, such compensation to cover the actual costs as may
- 43 be fixed by the county board, but such compensation shall not be considered a
- 44 part of the fees of the office.
- 45 For attending before a judge with a prisoner, on a writ of habeas corpus, in
- 46 counties of first and second class, two dollars and fifty cents per day; third
- 47 class, two dollars per day.

- 48 For each mile of necessary travel in taking such prisoner before the judge, as
- 49 aforesaid, five cents each way.
- 50 For serving a writ of possession, with the aid of posse commitatus, two dollars
- 51 in all counties.
- 52 For serving same, without such aid, one dollar in all counties; mileage in
- 53 either case, for each mile of necessary travel, five cents each way.
- 54 For executing a writ of ad good damnum, attending the inquest and returning
- 55 the writ with the verdict of the jury, two dollars in all counties.
- 56 For attending the circuit and county courts, to be allowed and paid out of the
- 57 county treasury, three dollars per day, and two dollars per day, when attending
- 58—county court, sitting for probate business, at request of the judge, the time to be
- 59 certified to by the judge.
- 60 For executing and acknowledging a deed on sale of real estate, in counties of
- 61 first class, one dollar and fifty cents; second class, one dollar and twenty-five
- 62 cents; third class, one dollar.
- 63 For making certificate of sale, and making and filing duplicate, in counties of
- 64 first class, for each, sixty cents; second class, fifty cents; third class, forty
- 65 cents.
- 66 For making certificate of redemption, seventy-five cents, in all counties.
- 67 For certificate of levy and filing, fifty cents in all counties, and the fee for
- 68 recording shall be advanced by plaintiff in execution and charged up as costs,
- 69 For taking all bonds on legal process, in counties of first class, seventy cents;
- 70 second class, sixty-five cents; third class, fifty cents.
- 71 For executing capies in criminal cause, where the offense is infamous, in
- 72 counties of first and second class, three dollars; third class, one dollar; and
- 73 mileage for each mile of necessary travel, five cents each way.
- 74 For executing capias, where offense is not infamous, in counties of first class,
- 75 seventy-five cents; second class, sixty-five cents; third class, fifty cents; mileage
- 76 for each mile of necessary travel, five cents each way.
- 77 For executing requisitions from other States, the same compensation as in
- 78 executing capias in criminal causes, when the offense is infamous.
- 79 For conveying each prisoner from his own county to the jail of a foreign
- 80 county, per mile, for going only, twenty-five cents.

- 81 For committing each prisoner to jail under the laws of the United States, to
- 82 be paid by the marshal or other person requiring his confinement, fifty cents in
- 83 all counties.
- 84 For dieting such prisoner, per day, in counties of the first class, seventy-five
- 85 cents; in second class, sixty-five cents; in third class, forty-five cents; to be paid
- 86 by the marshal or other persons requiring his confinement.
- 87 For discharging such prisoner, in counties of first and second class, fifty cents;
- 88 in third class, thirty cents.
- 89 For carrying convicts to the penitentiary or the reform school, from any
- 90 county, the following fees, payable out of the State Treasury, viz: Where only
- 91 one convict is conveyed, at and after the rate of twenty-five cents for each and
- 92 every mile necessarily traveled in going to the penitentiary or the reform school,
- 93 from the place of conviction; where two convicts are conveyed by the said
- 94 sheriff at the same time, he shall receive at and after the rate of twenty-five cents
- 95 per mile for first, and fifteen cents per mile for the second-convict; where more
- 96 than two are conveyed at the same time to the penitentiary or the reform school,
- 97 as aforesaid, he shall be allowed twenty-five cents per mile for the first.
- 98 fifteen cents per mile for the second, and ten cents per mile for each of the
- 99 residue.
- 100 For conveying any person to or from any of the charitable institutions of this
- 101 State, when properly committed by some competent authority, twenty five cents
- 102 per mile.
- 103 For conveying a convict from the penitentiary to the county jail, when
- 404 required by law, thirty cents per mile.
- 105 For attending Supreme Court, per day, three dollars.
- 106 In addition to the above fees, there shall be allowed to the several sheriffs in
- 107 this State a commission of three per centum on all sales of real and personal
- 408 estate which shall be made by virtue of any execution, or any decree of court
- 109 of chancery, where the money arising from such sales shall not exceed two
- 110 hundred dollars; but in all cases where the amount of such sale shall exceed
- 111 that sum, then one and one-half per cent, commission on the excess only shall
- 112 be allowed: Provided, that in all cases where the execution shall be settled by

113 the parties, replevied, stopped by injunction or paid, or where the property levied upon shall not be actually sold, the sheriff shall be allowed his fee for levying and mileage, together with half the commission on all money collected by him which he would be entitled to if the same was made by sale on execu-116 tion; and no other fees or compensation whatever shall be allowed on any 118 execution, except the necessary expenses for keeping personal property, to be ascertained and allowed by the court, out of which the same shall be issued. In all criminal cases where the defendant shall be acquitted or otherwise legally discharged, without payment of costs, the sheriff shall be paid such fees 121 from the county treasury: Provided, that no such fees shall be paid to the 123 sheriff from the county treasury when the fees collected by him during such year shall equal the compensation or salary allowed him by the county board: 124 And, provided, further, that no more of such fees shall in any case be paid from 125 the county treasury than shall be sufficient, with the fees collected, to make the 126 salary or compensation of said sheriff. In all cases where any of the sheriffs of 128 this State shall be required by law to execute any sentence of punishment other than imprisonment, for which no fee is allowed by this act, it shall be the duty 129 130 of the county board of the proper county to allow a reasonable compensation for the same, to be paid out of the county treasury, not exceeding one hundred 131 132 dollars. It shall be the duty of each sheriff entitled to mileage under this 133 act, to indorse on each writ, summons, subprena, or other process that he may execute, the distance he may travel to execute the same, ascertaining the 135 distance and the charge properly allowable therefor, in conformity with the foregoing regulations. 136 Section 30. Each commissioner appointed to make partition of real estate, or 137

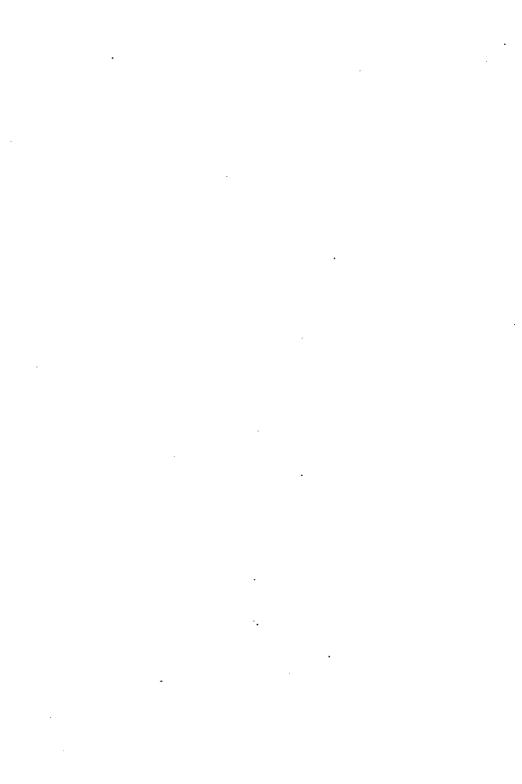
Section 30. Each commissioner appointed to make partition of real estate, or to assign dower, except county surveyors, shall receive two dollars per day for 139 each day necessarily employed as such commissioner, to be taxed as costs in the suit, and commissioners to make sales in such cases shall be allowed the same

141 fees as masters in chancery.

Each commissioner summoned to set off a homestead, in proceedings on execuition, shall receive two dollars per day for each day necessarily employed as such commissioner, to be taxed as costs in the cause.

- 145 Each appraiser summoned to appraise personal property scheduled by the
- 146 debtor shall receive one dollar and fifty cents per day, for each day neces-
- 147 sarily employed as such appraiser, to be advanced by the party at whose
- 148 instance the levy is made, but if the property scheduled shall, on appraisement
- 149 being made exceed in value the amount exempt by law, then such fee shall
- 150 be recovered off of the debtor and town as costs in the cause.
- 151 Section 41. For advertising property for sale, fifty cents.
- 152 For attending trial and waiting on a jury, fifty cents.
- 153 For each day's attendance in the circuit court when required, to be paid out
- 154 of the county treasury, two dollars and fifty cents.
- 155 For taking and approving replevin bond, fifty cents.
- 156 For taking and approving forthcoming bond or special bail, fifty cents.
- 157 Commissions on sales not exceeding ten dollars, ten percent., and on the excess
- 158 of that amount, five per cent.; and in cases when an execution in the hands of
- 159 any constable shall be settled by the parties, or paid, or when the property levied
- 160 on shall not be sold, by reason of such settlement or payment, the constable
- 161 shall be allowed five per cent, on the first ten dollars, and two and one-half per
- 162 cent. on the excess.
- 163 For mileage when serving a warrant, summons, subprena or other process, five
- 164 cents per mile, each way, the distance to be computed from the office of the jus-
- 165 tice to the residence of each person served.
- 166 For mileage in taking a person to jail, from the office of the justice, ten cents
- 167 per mile, and all actual and necessary expenses incurred, to be paid out of the
- 168 county treasury.
- 169 For serving and returning a summons, thirty-five cents; warrant for each
- 170 person served, fifty cents.
- 171 For serving and returning a writ of replevin or attachment, for each person
- 172 served, fifty cents.
- 173 For serving a subparna, for each person served, twenty-five cents.
- 174 For serving renire, fifty coats.
- 175 For serving writ of restitution, in cases of forcible entry and detainer, one
- 176 dollar and necessary expenses of assistants, to be determined by the justice.

- 177 For serving and returning each execution, fifty cents.
- 178 For serving mittimus, fifty cents.
- 179 For serving a warrant on appraisers, in cases of estrays, twenty-five cents.
- 180 For summoning appraisers to appraise personal property, when scheduled by
- 181 the debtor, including mileage and other necessary services pertaining thereto
- 182 one dollar.



(Substitute for Nos. 100 and 101.)

- 1. Introduced from Committee on Fees and Salaries, February 11, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading February 11, 1881, and ordered to second reading.
- Second reading February 16, 1881. February 23, 1881, amended, and ordered to third reading.

A BILL

For an Act to amond Sections nineteen (19) and thirty (30) of an act entitled "An act concerning Fees and Salaries, and to classify the several counties of this State with reference thereto," approved March 29, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, title as amended by act approved March 28, 1874, in force July 1, 1874; also to amend Section forty-one (41) of said act, as amended by an act approved and in force May 17, 1877.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- General Amendaly. That sections nineteen (19) and thirty (80) of an act entitled
- "An act concerning fees and salaries, and to classify the several counties of
- this State with reference thereto," approved March 29, 1872, in force July 1, 1872,
- title as amended by act approved March 28, 1874, in force July 1, 1874; also sec-
- tion forty-one (41) of said act, as amended by an act approved and in force May
- 17, 1877, be and the same hereby are so amended as to read, respectively, as
- follows:
- Section 19. For serving a writ or summons on each defendant, in counties of
- first class, seventy-five cents; in counties of second class, sixty-five cents; in
- third class, fifty cents.
- For serving chancery summons and copy, or writ of injunction and copy, in
- counties of first class, one dollar; second class, seventy-five cents; third class,
- fifty cents.
- 15 For taking special bail, twenty-five cents in each county.

- 16 For serving a subpensa on each witness, in counties of first class, fifty cents;
- 17 second and third class, thirty-five cents.
- 18 For advertising property for sale, seventy-five cents in all counties.
- 19 For returning each writ or other process, ten cents in all counties. Mileage
- 20 for each mile of necessary travel to serve any such writ or process as aforesaid,
- 21 calculating from the place of holding the court to the place of residence of the
- 22 defendant or witness, five cents each way.
- 23 For summoning each juror, in counties of first class, lifty cents; second class,
- 24 thirty cents; third class twenty cents, with five cents mileage each way in all
- 25 counties.
- 26 For serving notice of executions, or levying an execution or serving attach-
- 27 ment, in counties of first class, seventy-five cents; in second class, sixty-five
- 28 cents; in third class, fifty cents, and mileage five cents each way in all counties.
- 29 For taking possession of and removing property levied on, the officer shall be
- 30 allowed to tax the actual costs of such possession or removal.
- 31 For summoning commissioners to set off a homestead or appraisers to appraise
- 32 personal property, including mileage and other necessary services pertaining
- 33 thereto, in counties of first and second class, two dollars; in third class, one
- 34 dollar and fifty cents.
- 35 For serving and returning a scire facias to revive a judgment, foreclose a
- 36 mortgage, or against bail, in counties of first class, seventy-five cents: in second
- 37 class, sixty-five cents; in third class, fifty cents,
- 38 For committing each prisoner to jail, in counties of first class, fifty cents;
- 39 second class, fifty cents; third class, thirty cents.
- 40 For discharging each prisoner from jail, in counties of first and second class,
- 41 fifty cents: third class, thirty cents.
- 42 For dieting each prisoner, such compensation to cover the actual cost as may
- 48 be fixed by the county board, but such compensation shall not be considered a
- 44 part of the fees of the office.
- 45 For attending before a judge with a prisoner, on a writ of habeas corpus, in
- 46 counties of first and second class, two dollars and fifty cents per day; third
- 47 class, two dollars per day.

- 48 For each mile of necessary travel in taking such prisoner before the judge, as
- 49 aforesaid, five cents each way.
- 50 For serving writ of possession, with the aid of posse commitatus, two dollars
- 51 in all counties.
- 52 For serving same, without such aid, one dollar in all counties; mileage in
- 53 either case, for each mile of necessary travel, five cents each way,
- 54 For executing a writ of ad guod damnum, attending the inquest and returning
- 55 the writ with the verdict of the jury, two dollars in all counties.
- 56 For attending the circuit and county courts, to be allowed and paid out of
- 57 the county treasury, three dollars per day, and two dollars per day, when
- 58 attending county court, sitting for probate business, at request of judge, the
- 59 time to be certified to by the judge.
- 60 For executing and acknowledging a deed on sale of real estate, in counties of
- 61 first class, one dollar and fifty cents; second class, one dollar and twenty-five
- 62 cents: third class, one dollar.
- 63 For making certificate of sale, and making and filing duplicate, in counties
- 64 of first class, for each, sixty cents; second class, fifty cents; third class, forty
- 65 cents.
- 66 For making certificate of redemption, seventy-five cents, in all counties.
- 67 For certificate of levy and filing, fifty cents in all counties, and the fee for
- 68 recording shall be advanced by plaintiff in execution and charged up as costs.
- 69 For taking all bonds on legal process, in counties of first class, seventy cents;
- 70 second class, sixty-five cents; third class, fifty cents.
- 71 For executing capies in criminal cause, where the offense is infamous, in
- 72 counties of first and second class, three dollars; third class, one dollar; and
- 73 mileage for each mile of necessary travel, five cents each way.
- 74 For executing equius, where offense is not infamous, in counties of first class.
- 75 seventy-five cents; second class, sixty-five cents; third class, fifty cents; mileage
- 76 for each mile of necessary travel, five cents each way.
- 77 For executing requisitions from other States, the same compensation as in
- 78 executing capies in criminal causes, when the offense is infamous.

- 79 For conveying each prisoner from his own county to the jail of a foreign
- 80 county, per mile, for going only, twenty-five cents.
- 81 For committing each prisoner to jail under the laws of the United States, to
- 82 be paid by the marshal or other person requiring his confinement, fifty cents in
- 88 all counties.
- 84 For dieting such prisoner, per day, in countles of the first class, seventy-five
- 85 cents; in second class, sixty-five cents; in third class, forty-five cents; to be paid
- 86 by the marshal or other persons requiring his confinement.
- 87 For discharging such prisoner, in counties of first and second class, fifty
- 88 cents; in third class, thirty cents.
- 80 For carrying convicts to the penitentiary or the reform school, from any
- 90 county, the following fees, payable out of the State Treasury, viz: Where only
- 91 one convict is conveyed, at and after the rate of twenty-five cents for each and
- 92 every mile necessarily traveled in going to the penitentiary or the reform school.
- 98 from the place of conviction: where two convicts are conveyed by the said
- 94 sheriff at the same time, he shall receive at and after the rate of twenty-five cents
- 95 per mile for first, and fifteen cents per mile for the second convict; where more
- 96 than two are conveyed at the same time to the penitentiary or the reform school,
- 97 as aforesaid, he shall be allowed twenty-five cents per mile for the first,
- 98 fifteen cents per mile for the second, and ten cents per mile for each of the
- 99 residue.
- 100 For conveying any person to or from any of the charitable institutions of this
- 101 State, when properly committed by some competent authority, twenty-five
- 102 cents per mile.
- 103 For conveying a convict from the penitentiary to the county jail, when
- 104 required by law, thirty cents per mile.
- 105 'For attending Supreme Court, per day, three dollars.
- In addition to the above fees, there shall be allowed t_i the several sheriffs in
- 107 this State, a commission of three per centum on all sales of real and personal
- 108 estate which shall be made by virtue of any execution, or any decree of court
- 109 of chancery, where the money arising from such sales shall not exceed two
- 110 hundred dollars; but in all cases where the amount of such sale shall exceed

that sum, then one and one-half per cent. commission on the excess only shall be allowed: Provided, that in all cases where the execution shall be settled by the parties, replevied, stopped by injunction or paid, or where the property 113 levied upon shall not be actually sold, the sheriff shall be allowed his fee for levying and mileage, together with half the commission on all money collected 115 116 by him which he would be entitled to if the same was made by sale on execution: and no other fees or compensation whatever shall be allowed on any 117 execution, except the necessary expenses for keeping personal property, to be assertained and allowed by the court, out of which the same shall be issued. 119 In all criminal cases where the defendant shall be acquitted or otherwise 120 121 legally discharged, without payment of costs, the sheriff shall be paid such fees from the county treasury: Provided, that no such fees shall be paid to the 122 123 sheriff from the county treasury when the fees collected by him during such 124 year shall equal the compensation or salary allowed him by the county board: And, provided, further, that no more of such fees shall in any case be paid from 125 126 the county treasury than shall be sufficient, with the fees collected, to make the salary or compensation of said sheriff. In all cases where any of the sheriffs of 127 this State shall be required by law to execute any sentence of punishment, other 129 than imprisonment, for which no fee is allowed by this act, it shall be the duty of the county board of the proper county to allow a reasonable compensation 130 for the same, to be paid out of the county treasury, not exceeding one hundred dollars. It shall be the duty of each sheriff entitled to mileage under this act, to indone on each writ, summons, subpara, or other process that he may 133 184 execute, the distance he may travel to execute the same, accertaining the distance and the charge properly allowable therefor, in conformity with the 135 foregoing regulations. 136 Section 30. Each commissioner appointed to make partition of real estate, or

Section 30. Each commissioner appointed to make partition of real estate, or to assign dower, except county surveyors, shall receive two dollars per day for each day necessarily employed as such commissioner, to be taxed as costs in the suit, and commissioners to make sales in such cases shall be allowed the same fees as masters in chancery.

- 142 Each commissioner summoned to set off a homestend, in proceedings on execu-
- 148 tion, shall receive two dollars per day for each day necessarily employed as such
- 144 commissioner, to be taxed as costs in the cause.
- 145 Each appraiser summoned to appraise personal property scheduled by the
- 146 debtor shall receive one dollar and fifty cents per day, for each day neces-
- 147 sarily employed as such appraiser, to be advanced by the party at whose
- 148 instance the levy is made, but if the property scheduled shall, on appraisement
- 149 being made exceed in value the amount exempt by law, then such fee shall be
- 150 recovered off of the debtor and taxed as costs in the cause.
- 151 Section 41. The fees of constables in counties of the first and second class
- 152 for any service to be rendered by them shall be as follows:
- 158 For advertising property for sale, fifty cents.
- 154 For attending trial and waiting on a jury, fifty cents.
- 155 For each day's attendance in the circuit court when required, to be paid out
- 156 of the county treasury, two dollars and fifty cents.
- 157 For taking and approving replevin bond, fifty cents.
- 158 For taking and approving forthcoming bond or special bail, fifty cents.
- 159 Commissions on sales not exceeding ten dollars, ten per cent., and on the
- 160 excess of that amount, five per cent.; and in cases when an execution in the
- 161 hands of any constable shall be settled by the parties, or paid, or when the
- 162 property levied on shall not be sold, by reason of such settlement or payment,
- 168 the constable shall be allowed five per cent, on the first ten dollars, and two
- 164 and one-half per cent. on the excess. Constables shall be allowed reasonable
- 165 charges to be fixed by the justice for removing and taking care of
- 166 property levied on by them, which in no case shall exceed the actual
- 167 expense incurred.
- 168 For mileage when serving a warrant, summons, subprena or other process, five
- 169 cents per mile, each way, the distance to be computed from the office of the
- 170 justice to the residence of each person served.
- 171 For mileage in taking a person to jail, from the office of the justice, ten cents
- 172 per mile, and all actual and necessary expenses incurred, to be paid out of the
- 178 county treasury.

- 174 For serving and returning a summons, thirty-five cents; warrant for each
- 175 person served, fifty cents.
- 176 For serving and returning a writ of repleving or attachment, for each person
- 177 served, fifty cents.
- 178 For serving a subperna, for each person served, twenty-five cents.
- 179 For serving venire, fifty cents.
- 180 For serving writ of restitution, in cases of forcible entry and detainer, one
- 181 dollar and necessary expenses of assistants, to be determined by the justice.
- 182 For serving and returning each execution, fifty cents.
- 188 For serving mittimus, fifty cents, .
- 184 For serving a warrant on appraisers, in cases of estrays, twenty-five cents.
- 185 For summoning appraisers to appraise personal property, when scheduled by
- 186 the debtor, including mileage and other necessary services pertaining thereto
- 187 one dollar.



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1. Reported to House, March 30, 1881:

- First reading March 31, 1881, and referred to Committee on Fees and Salaries.
- Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading April 1, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Sections nineteen (19) and thirty (80) of an act entitled "An Act concerning Fees and Salaries, and to classify the several counties of this State with reference thereto," approved March 29, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, title as amended by act approved March 28, 1874, in force July 1, 1874; also to amend Section forty-one (41) of said act, as amended by an act approved and in force May 17, 1877.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That sections nineteen (19) and thirty (30) of an act entitled
- 3 "An act concerning fees and salaries, and to classify the several counties of
- 4 this State with reference thereto," approved March 29, 1872, in force July 1,
- 5 1872, title as amended by act approved March 28, 1874, in force July 1, 1874; also
- 6 section forty-one (41) of said act as amended by an act, approved and in force
- 7 May 17, 1877, be and the same hereby are so amended as to read respectively as
- 8 follows:
- 9 Section 19. For serving a writ or summons on each defendant, in counties of
- 10 first class, seventy five cents; in counties of second class, sixty-five cents; in
- 11 third class, fifty cents.
- 12 For serving chancery summons and copy, or writ of injunction and copy, in
- 13 counties of first class, one dollar; second class, seventy-five cents; third
- 14 class, fifty cents.
- 15 For taking special bail, twenty-five cents in each county.

- 16 For serving a subpossa on each witness, in counties of first class, fifty cents;
- 17 second and third class, thirty-five cents.
- 18 For advertising property for sale, seventy-five cents in all counties.
- 19 For returning each writ or other process, ten cents in all counties, mileage
- 20 for each mile of necessary travel to serve any such writ or process as aforesaid,
- 21 calculating from the place of holding the court to the place of residence of the
- 22 defendant or witness, five cents each way.
- 23 For summoning each juror, in counties of first class, fifty cents; second class,
- 24 thirty cents; third class, twenty cents, with five cents mileage each way in all
- 25 counties.
- 26 For serving notice of executions, or levying an execution or serving attach-
- 27 ment, in counties of first class, seventy-five cents; in second class, sixty-five
- 28 cents; in third class, fifty cents, and mileage five cents each way in all
- 29 counties.
- 30 For taking possession of and removing property levied on, the officer shall
- 81 be allowed to tax the actual costs of such possession or removal.
- 82 For summoning commissioners to set off a homestead, or appraisers to
- 83 appraise personal property, including mileage and other necessary services per-
- 84 taining thereto, in counties of first and second class, two dollars: in third
- 85 class, one dollar and fifty cents.
- 36 For serving and returning a scire facias, to revive a judgment, foreclose a
- 87 mortgage, or against bail, in counties of first class, seventy-five cents: in second
- 38 class, sixty-five cents; in third class, fifty cents.
- 39 For committing each prisoner to jail, in counties of first class, fifty cents:
- 40 second class, fifty cents; third class, thirty cents.
- 41 For discharging each prisoner from jail, in counties of first and second class,
- 42 fifty cents; third class, thirty cents.
- 43 For dieting each prisoner such compensation, to cover the actual costs, as
- 44 may be fixed by the county board, but such compensation shall not be consid-
- 45 ered a part of the fees of the office.
- 46 For attending before a judge with a prisoner, on a writ of habeas corpus, in

- 47 counties of first and second class, two dollars and fifty cents per day; third
- 48 class, two dollars per day.
- 49 For each mile of necessary travel in taking such prisoner before the judge, as
- 50 aforesaid, five cents each way.
- 51 For serving a writ of possession with the aid of posse commitatus, two dollars
- 52 in all counties.
- 53 For serving same without such aid, one dollar in all counties; mileage in
- 54 either case, for each mile of necessary travel, five cents each way.
- 55 For executing a writ of ad quod damnum, attending the inquest and return-
- 56 the writ with the verdict of the jury, two dollars in all counties.
- 57 For attending the circuit and county courts, to be allowed and paid out of
- 58 the county treasury, three dollars per day, and two dollars per day when
- 59 attending county court, sitting for probate business, at request of the judge,
- 60 the time to be certified to by the judge.
- 61 For executing and acknowledging a deed on sale of real estate, in counties of
- 62 first class, one dollar and fifty cents; second class, one dollar and twenty-five
- 63 cents; third class, one dollar.
- 64 For making certificate of sale, and making and filing duplicate, in counties
- 65 of first class, for each, sixty cents; second class, fifty cents; third class, forty
- 66 cents.
- 67 For making certificate of redemption, seventy-five cents in all counties.
- 68 For certificate of levy and filing, fifty cents in all counties, and the fee for
- 69 recording shall be advanced by plaintiff in execution, and charged up as costs.
- 70 For taking all bonds on legal process, in counties of first class, seventy cents;
- 71 second class, sixty-five cents; third class, fifty cents.
- 72 For executing capies in criminal cause, where the offense is infamous, in
- 73 counties of first and second class, three dollars; third class, one dollar; and
- 74 mileage for each mile of necessary travel, five cents each way.
- 75 For executing capias, where offense is not infamous, in counties of first class.
- 76 seventy-five cents; second class, sixty-five cents; third class, fifty cents; mileage
- 77 for each mile of necessary travel, five c nts each way.

- 78 For executing requisitions from other States, the same compensation as i
- executing capies in criminal causes, when the offense is infamous. 79
- For conveying each prisoner from his own county to the jall of a foreign 80
- county, per mile, for going only, twenty-five cents. 81
- 12 For committing each prisoner to jail under the laws of the United States, to
- be paid by the marshall or other person requiring his confinement, fifty cents
- in all counties.
- 85 For dieting such prisoner, per day, in counties of the first class, seventy-five
- cents; in second class, sixty-five cents; in third class, forty-five cents; to be
- paid by the marshal or other person requiring his confinement.
- For discharging such prisoner, in counties of first and second class, lifty 88
- cents; in third class, thirty cents.
- 80 For carrying convicts to the penitentiary or the reform school, from any
- county, the following fees, payable out of the State Treasury, viz: Where only
- one convict is conveyed at, and after the rate of twenty-five cents for each and
- every mile necessarily traveled in going to the penitentiary or the reform
- school, from the place of conviction: where two convicts are conveyed by the

said sheriff at the same time, he shall receive at and after the rate of twentyfive cents per mile for first, and fifteen cents per mile for the second convict;

- where more than two are conveyed at the same time to the penitentiary or the
- reform school, as aforesaid, he shall be allowed twenty five cents per mile for
- the first, fifteen cents per mile for the second, and ten cents per mile for each
- of the residue. 100
- For conveying any person to or from any of the charitable institutions of 101
- 102 this State, when properly committed by some competent authority, twenty-five
- 103 cents per mile.
- For conveying a convict from the penitentiary to the county jail, when 104
- required by law, thirty cents per mile. 105
- For attending Supreme Court, per day, three dollars. 108
- In addition to the above fees, there shall be allowed to the several sheriffs in 107
- this State a commission of three per centum on all sales of real and personal
- 109 estate which shall be made by virtue of any execution, or any decree of court

110 of chancery, where the money arising from such sales shall not exceed two hundred dollars; but in all cases where the amount of such sale shall exceed 112 that sum, then one and one-half per cent, commission on the excess only shall be allowed: Provided, that in all cases where the execution shall be settled by 113 the parties, replevied, stopped by injunction or paid, or where the property levied upon shall not be actually sold, the sheriff shall be allowed his fee for 1:6 levying and mileage, together with half the commission on all money collected by him which he would be entitled to if the same was made by sale on execution; 118 and no other fees or compensation whatever shall be allowed on any execution 119 except the necessary expenses for keeping personal property, to be ascertained and allowed by the court out of which the same shall be issued. In all 120 criminal cases where the defendant shall be acquitted or otherwise legally 131 discharged, without payment of costs, the sheriff shall be paid such fees from 199 123 the county treasury: Provided that no such fees shall be paid to the sheriff 124 from the county treasury when the fees collected by him during such year shall equal the compensation or salary allowed him by the county board: And, provided, further, that no more of such fees shall in any case be paid from the 126 137 county treasury than shall be sufficient, with the fees collected, to make the salary or compensation of said sheriff. In all cases where any of the sheriffs 128 of this State shall be required by law to execute any sentence of punishment 129 other than imprisonment, for which no fee is allowed by this act, it shall be 130 131 the duty of the county board of the proper county to allow a reasonable compensation for the same, to be paid out of the county treasury, not exceeding 132 one hundred dollars. It shall be the duty of each sheriff, entitled to mileage under this act, to indorse on each writ, summons, subprena or other process 134 that he may execute, the distance he may travel to execute the same, ascertain-185 186 ing the distance and the charge properly allowable therefor, in conformity with the foregoing regulations. 137 Section '0. Euch commissioner appointed to make partition of real estate, 138 139 or to assign dower, except county surveyors, shall receive two dollars per day

for each day necessarily employed as! such commissioner, to be taxed as costs

- 141 in the suit, and commissioners to make sales in such cases shall be allowed the
- 142 same fees as masters in chancery.
- 148 Each commissioner summoned to set off a homestead, in proceedings on exe
- 144 outlon, shall receive two dollars per day for each day necessarily employed as
- 145 such commissioner, to be taxed as costs in the cause.
- 146 Each appraiser summoned to appraise personal property scheduled by the
- 147 debtor, shall receive one dellar and fifty cents per day, for each day necessarily
- 148 employed as such appraiser, to be advanced by the party at whose instance the
- 149 levy is made, but if the property scheduled shall, on appraisement being made,
- 150 exceed in value the amount exempt by law, then such fee shall be recovered off
- 151 of the debtor and taxed as costs in the cause.
- 152 Section 41. The fees of constables in counties of the first and second class,
- 153 for any service to be rendered by them, shall be as follows:
- 154 For advertising property for sale, fifty cents.
- 155 For attending trial and waiting on a jury, fifty cents.
- 156 For each day's attendance in the circuit court when required, to be paid out
- 157 of the county treasury, two dollars and fifty cents.
- 158 For taking and approving replevin bond, fifty cents.
- 159 For taking and approving forthcoming bond or special bail, fifty cents.
- 160 Commissions on sales, not exceeding ten dollars, ten per cent., and on the ex-
- 161 cess of that amount, five per cent.; and in cases when an execution in the
- 162 hands of any constable shall be settled by the parties, or paid, or when the
- 168 property levied on shall not be sold, by reason of such settlement or payment,
- 164 the constable shall be allowed five per cent. on the first ten dollars, and two
- 165 and one-half per cent. on the excess.
- 166 Constables shall be allowed reasonable charges, to be fixed by the justice, for
- 167 removing and taking care of property levied on by them, which, in no case,
- 168 shall exceed the actual expense incurred.
- 169 For mileage, when serving a warrant, summons, subporna, or other process.
- 170 five sents per mile, each way, the distance to be computed from the office of the
- 171 justice to the residence of each person served.
- 172 For mileage in taking a person to jail, from the office of the justice, ten cents

- 178 per mile, and all actual and necessary expenses incurred, to be paid out of the
- 174 county treasury.
- 175 For serving and returning a summons, thirty-five cents; warrant for each
- 176 person served, fifty-cents.
- 177 For serving and returning a writ of replevin or attachment, for each person
- 178 served, fifty cents.
- 179 For serving a subpæna for each person served, twenty-five cents.
- 186 For serving a venire, fifty cents.
- 181 For serving writ of restitution, in cases of forcible entry and detainer, one
- 182 dollar, and necessary expenses of assistants, to be determined by the justice.
- 183 For serving and returning each execution, fifty cents.
- 184 For serving mittimus, fifty cents.
- 185 For serving a warrant on appraisers, in cases of estrays, twenty-five cents.
- 186 For summoning appraisers to appraise personal property, when scheduled by
- 187 the debtor, including mileage and other necessary services pertaining thereto.
- 188 one dollar.



(Substitute for No. 178.)

- Introduced from Committee on Insurance February 11, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading February 11, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

A BILL

For an act to amend Section 1 of "An act to compel all Insurance Companies of other States, and countries, doing any kind of Insurance business in this State, other than life, to comply with the general fire and marine insurance laws of this State, and to require deposits of plate glass, accident, and steam boiler insurance companies," approved May 31, 1879, in force July 1, 1879.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly. That Section 1 of an act entitled "An act to compel all
- 3 insurance companies of other States and countries, doing any kind of insurance
- 4 business in this State, other than life, to comply with the general fire and marine
- 5 insurance laws of this State, and to require deposits of plate glass, accident and
- 6 steam boiler insurance companies," approved May 31, 1879, in force July 4, 1879.
- 7 be and the same is hereby so amended as to read as follows:
- 8 Section 1. That every insurance company or association, incorporated by
- 9 or organized under the laws of any other State, or any foreign government,
- 10 must comply with the requirements of the general insurance laws of this State
- II governing fire, marine and inland navigation insurance companies, doing
- 12 business in the State of Illinois, before it shall, be lawful, for such company or
- 13 association to take alsks or transact any kind of insurance business in this State.
- It other than that of life insurance, and such company or association, and all
- 15 persons acting as agents thereof, chall be subject to the same penalties

prescribed therein for a violation of any of the provisions thereof: Provided, that no plate glass, accident, or steam boiler insurance company, or 17 company for becoming surety or security for persons holding or about to hold 18 positions of public or private trust or responsibility, shall be required to have a 19 larger capital larger than one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), actually paid 20 up, nor shall any such company be authorized to transact business in this State. without having previously deposited, with the State Treasurer of this State, or 22 with the chief financial officer, or commissioner of insurance, of any one of the 23 States where such company is authorized to transact business, securities duly 24 assigned to such officers, in trust for the benefit of all its policy holders, the 25 market value of which shall at all times be equal to one hundred thousand dollars (*100,000); said deposit shall consist of such like securities as fire 27 insurance companies are by the general insurance laws of this State, authorized 28 to invest in: Provided, further, that no one of said companies shall be permitted to undertake or transact more than one of the several kinds of said 30 insurance. 31

(Substitute for No. 160.)

- Introduced from Committee on Judiciary, February 11, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading February 11, 1981, and ordered to second reading.

A BILL

For an Act to provide for the proper distribution of fines, penalties and forfeitures.

in Counties of the first class.

Secreton 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That all fines, penalties and forfeitures hereafter incurred in any court of record within this State, and before instices of the peace in counties of the first class in this State, except fines, penalties and forfeitures incurred or imposed in incorporated towns, cities or villages for the violation of the by-laws or ordinances thereof, shall, when collected, be paid to the county treasurer of the county wherein such fines, penalties and forfeitures have been imposed or incurred, and said treasurer shall give his receipt therefor, and the same shall become a part of the common county fund. And it shall be the duty of the State's Attorneys of said counties to enforce the collection of all fines, forfeitures and penalties imposed or incurred in the courts of record in their 12 several counties, and to pay the same over to the county treasurers of the counties wherein the same have been imposed or incurred, retaining therefrom the fees and commissions allowed them by law; and it shall be the duty of the said instices of the peace to enforce the collection of all fines imposed by them 15 by any lawful means, and, when collected, shall be paid by the officer charged 16 with the collection thereof to the county treasurer of the county in which the 17 same was imposed. Clerks of said courts of record. State's Attorneys and justices of the peace, shall report under oath to the treasurer of their respective

counties by the first day of March, annually, the amount of such fines, penalties and forfeitures imposed or incurred in their respective courts, and the amount 21 of such fines, penalties and forfeitures collected by them, giving each item 22 23 separately; and the officer charged with the collection thereof, and said clerks, 24 State's Attorneys and justices of the peace for a failure to make such reports shall be liable to a fine of twenty-five dollars for each offense, the same to be 25 recovered in a civil action at the suit of the treasurer of the proper county. 26 For a failure to pay any such fines, penalties and forfeitures, on demand of the 27 county treasurer, who is by law authorized to receive the same, the officer 29 having collected the same or having the same in his possession, shall forfeit and 30 pay double the amount of such fine, penalty or forfeiture, as aforesaid, to be 31 recovered before any court having jurisdiction thereof in a qui tam action, one-32 half to be paid to the informer and one-half to the common fund of the proper 33 county.

\$ 2. All laws and parts of laws inconsistent with the foregoing be and the2 same are hereby repealed.

(Substitute for No. 160.)

 Introduced from Committee on Judiciary, February 11, 1881, and ordered to first reading.

2. First reading February 11, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

3. February 16, 1881, second reading amended and ordered to a third reading

A BILL

For an Act to provide for the proper distribution of fines, penalties and forfeitures, in Counties of the first class.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly, That all fines, penalties and forfeitures hereafter incurred in any court of record within this State, and before justices of the peace in counties of the first class in this State, except fines, penalties and forfeitures incurred or imposed in incorporated towns, cities or villages for the violation of the by-laws or ordinances thereof shall, when collected, be paid to the county treasurer of the county wherein such fines, penalties and forfeitures have been imposed or incurred, and said treasurer shall give his receipt therefor, and the same shall become a part of the common county fund. And it shall be the duty of the State's Attorneys of said counties to enforce the collection of all fines, 11 forfeitures and penalties imposed or incurred in the courts of record in their 12 several counties, and to pay the same over to the county treasurers of the counties wherein the same have been imposed or incurred, retaining therefrom the fees and commissions allowed them by law; and it shall be the duty of the 14 said justices of the peace to enforce the collection of all fines imposed by them by any lawful means, and, when collected, shall be paid by the officer charged 16 with the collection thereof to the county treasurer of the county in which the same was imposed. Clerks of said courts of record, State's Attorneys and

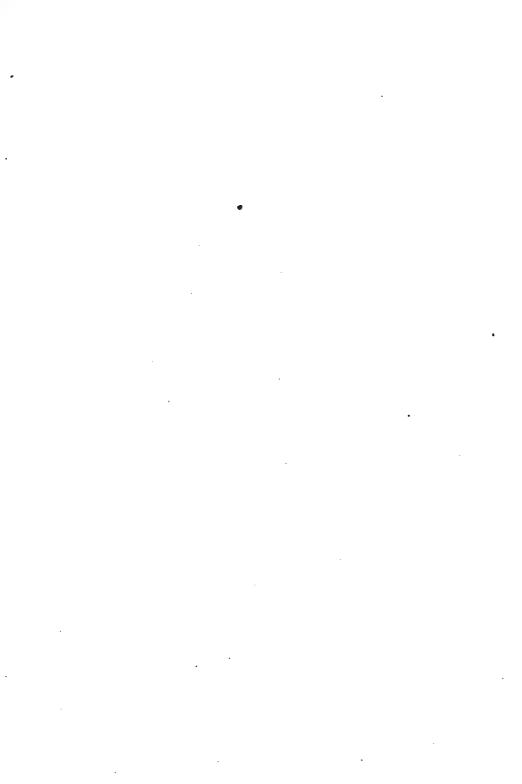
- justices of the peace shall report under oath to the treasurer of their respective counties by the first day of March, annually, the amount of such fines, penalties and forfeitures imposed or incurred in their respective courts, and the amount
- 22 of such fines, penalties and forfeitures collected by them, giving each item 28 separately.
- \$ 2. All laws and parts of laws inconsistent with the foregoing be and the2 same are hereby repealed.

- Introduced by Mr. Tanner, February 11, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading February 11, 1881, and referred to Committee on Revenue. Reported back with recommendation it be ordered to second reading February 11, 1881, and referred to second reading February 11, 1881, and ordered to second reading February 11, 1881, and ordered to first reading. 3. ruary 17, 1881. So ordered.

For an Act to amend Section two hundred and three of an act entitled "An act for the Assessment of Property and for the Levy and Collection of Taxes." approved March 30, 1872.

[Section 1.] Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That Section two hundred and three of an act entitled "An act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collection of taxes." 4 approved March 30, 1872, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows: Section 203. Every tract or lot so offered at public sale and not sold for want 5 of bidders, shall be forfeited to the State of Illinois: Provided, however, that whenever the county judge, county clerk and county treasurer shall certify that the taxes on forfeited lands equals or exceeds the actual value of such lands, the officer directed by law to expose for sale lands for delinquent taxes shall, on the receipt of such certificate offer for sale to the highest bidder the tract or lands, in such certificate described, after first giving ten days' notice of the time and place of sale, together with a description of the tract, or lands so to be offered. And a certificate of purchase shall be issued to the purchaser at

14 such sale as in other cases in this act provided.



- Introduced by Mr. Tanner, February 11, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 11, 1881, and referred to Committee on Revenue.
- 3. Reported back with recommendation it be ordered to second reading February 17, 1881. So ordered.
- February 25, 1881, second reading, amended and ordered to a third reading.

For an Act to amend Section two hundred and three of an act entitled "An act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collection of taxes," approved March 30, 1872.

[Section 1.] Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

General Assembly, That section two hundred and three of an act entitled "An act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collection of taxes," approved March 30, 1872, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows: Section 203. Every tract or lot so offered at public sale and not sold for want of bidders, shall be forfeited to the State of Illinois: Provided, however, that whenever the county judge, county clerk and county treasurer shall certify that the taxes on forfeited lands equals or exceeds the actual value of such lands, the officer directed by law to expose for sale lands for delinquent taxes shall, on the receipt of such certificate offer for sale to the highest bidder the tract or lands, in such certificate described, after first giving ten days' notice of the time and place of sale, together with a description of the tract, or lands so to be offered. And a certificate of purchase shall be issued to the purchaser at such sale as in other cases in this act provided; and the county collector shall receive credit in his settlement with the custodian of the several funds for which such tax was levied for the amount not realized by such sale; and the amount received from any such 19 sale shall be paid by such collector pro rata to the custodian of the several 20 funds entitled thereto.



1. Reported to House, March 10, 1881.

2. First reading March 17, 1881, and referred to Committee on Revenue.

 Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading March 24, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section two hundred and three of an act entitled "An act for the Assessment of Property and for the Levy and Collection of Taxes," approved March 30, 1872.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly, That section two hundred and three of an act entitled "An act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collection of taxes," approved March 30, 1872, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows: Section 203. Every tract or lot so offered at public sale, and not sold for want. of bidders, shall be forfeited to the State of Illinois: Provided, however, that whenever the county judge, county clerk and county tressurer shall certify that the taxes on forfeited lands equals or exceeds the actual value of such lands, the officer directed by law to expose for sale lands for delinquent taxes, shall, on the receipt of such certificate, offer for sale to the highest bidder the tract or lands, in such certificate described, after first giving ten days' notice of the time and 11 place of sale, together with a description of the tract or lands so to be offered 12 And a certificate of purchase shall be issued to the purchaser at such sale as in other cases in this act provided; and the county collector shall receive credit in his settlement with the custodian of the several funds, for which such tax was 15 levied for the amount not realized by such sale. And the amount received from any such sale shall be paid by such collecto, pro rata, to the custodian of the 18 several funds entitled thereto.



- Introduced by Mr. Marshall, February 11, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading February 11, 1881, and referred to Committee on Education and Educational Institutions.
- 3. April 1, 1881, ordered printed for use of Committee.

For an Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to establish and maintain a system of Free Schools," approved April 1, 1872, and Section twenty (20) of said act, as amended by an act approved June 3, 1879.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That sections eleven (11), twenty (20) as amended, and seventy-
- 3 one (71), of the aforesaid act, be amended to read as follows:
- 4 Section 11. On the Tuerday next after the first Monday in November, one
- 5 thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, and on the Tuesday next after the first
- 6 Monday in November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-six, and every
- 7 four years thereafter, there shall be elected by the qualified voters of every
- 8 county in this State a county superintendent of schools, who shall perform the
- 9 duties required by law. No person shall be eligible to the said office of county
- 10 superintendent of schools who is not twenty-five years of age, and who has not
- 11 had three years' experience in actual school work, either as a teacher or a
- 12 superintendent of schools, nor unless he shall be the holder of (1), a State cer-
- 13 tificate of qualifications granted in accordance with the provisions of section
- 14 fifty of the school law; or (2), the diploma of a chartered college granted to
- 15 such as have completed the regular course of academic or scientific study; or
- 16 (3), the diploma of some State normal school granted to such as have completed
- 17 the regular course of academic and professional study; or (4), of a certificate
- 18 to be obtained as follows: The State Superintendent of Public Instruction

shall, during the month of July, in the year 1881, and thereafter during the month of May in the year of the election of county superintendents of schools, hold examinations, of which thirty days' notice shall be given, at not less than six places in the State, so chosen as to accommodate those who wish to attend. And the State Superintendent shall hold a similar examination at his office in Springfield, during the first week in October of the same year. At said examination the State Superintendent shall examine all applicants according to a uniform plan in those branches in which applicants before a county superintendent for a first grade teacher's certificate are now, or may hereafter 28 be, required by law to be examined; and, in addition thereto, in physical, geography, elementary algebra, the school law of Illinois, the theory and practice of teaching, and the principles of civil government; and to those who pass the examination satisfactorily, the State Superintendent shall grant a certificate 82 stating the fact. 83 Section 20. It shall be the duty of the county superintendent to visit, at least once in each year, in person or by deputy, giving especial attention to the schools whose supervision is not otherwise provided for, every school in his county, and to note the methods of instruction, the branches taught, the text books used, and the discipline, government and general condition of the schools. And the time spent each year by the county superintendent and his 38 deputy in visiting schools, in counties of the first and second classes, shall be not less than one day for each expool in the county, and may be more, if so ordered by the county board. He shall give such directions in the science, arts and methods of teaching as he may deem expedient and necessary, and shall be the official adviser and constant assistant of the school officers and teachers of his county, and shall faithfully carry out the advice and instruction of the State Superintendent. He shall encourage the formation and assist in the management of county teachers' institutes, and labor in every 46 practicable way to elevate the standard of teaching and improve the condition of the common schools of his county. In all controversies arising under the school law, the opinion and advice of the county superintendent shall first be sought, whence appeal may be taken to the State Superintendent,

upon a written statement of facts, certified by the county superintendent. He shall, at least once each year, examine all books, accounts and vouchers of 52 each township treasurer in his county; and if he find any irregularities in them, he shall at once report the same in writing to the board of trustees, whose duty it shall be to take immediately such action as the case demands. He shall also examine all notes, bonds, and mortgages, and other evidences of indebtedness which the township treasurer holds officially; and if he find that the papers are not in proper form, or that the securities are insufficient. he shall so state in writing to the board of trustees, whose duty it shall be to take at once such action as is necessary to save and protect the property 60 of the districts and the townships; and for a failure or refusal to take such 61 action within twenty days after such notice, the members of the board, each in his individual capacity, shall be liable to a fine of not less than twenty-five 63 dollars nor more than one hundred dollars, to be recovered before any justice 64 of the peace, on information, in the name of the People of the State of Illinois: Provided, such insufficiency is proven; and when collected, to be paid to the county superintendent of the proper county, for the use of schools; and the 67 payment of this fine shall not relieve the board of trustees from their liability 64 under the seventy-third section of this act. In each county 69 70 one hundred and fifty public schools, and for the purposes of this section the pupils of a single room in charge of a public 71 school teacher shall be counted a school, the county superintendent may, with the consent of the county board, previously obtained, employ a deputy for such time as the board may allow. In each county with more than one hundred and fifty schools the county superintendent shall employ a deputy or deputies for a number of days equal to the number of schools in the county in excess of one hundred and fifty; and he may, with the consent of the county board, previously obtained, employ a deputy or deputies for a greater length of time. 79 Section 71. Collectors of the two mill tax, authorized under section sixtyeight of this act, shall be entitled to such compensation at is or may be provided by law for the collection of taxes. County superinten lants of schools shall hereafter receive, in full for all services performe t by them, compensation

as follows: Three per cent. commissions upon the amount of sales of school lands, or of sales of land upon mortgage, or sales of real estate taken for debt, 85 including all services therewith. Two per cent. commission upon all sums distributed, paid, or loaned out by them for the support of schools. 86 thereto, they shall be paid in counties of the first and the second class five dollars per day for the days spent in visiting schools, which shall include pay for traveling expenses, and four dollars per day for time spent in the performance 90 of the other duties imposed upon them by law, and in counties of the third class the county superintendent of schools shall be paid eight dollars per day: 91 92 *Provided*, that the entire compensation received by him shall not exceed the sum of three thousand dollars per annum. The deputy county superintend-93 94 ents, in counties wherever one or more are employed in accordance with the 95 provisions of section twenty of the school law, as amended by this act, shall receive four dollars per day for their services for the time employed. 96 diem compensation shall be payable quarterly, out of the county treasury, 97 upon the order of the county clerk; but before the county board shall allow the per diem of the county superintendent or of his deputy, the same shall be 100 presented in a bill of account, stating in separate items the nature and the amount of service rendered on each day for which he claims compensation, 101 which bill of account shall be verified by affidavit, to the effect that the same and each item thereof is just and true. The county board shall provide for the county superintendent of schools a suitable office and office furniture, and 105 necessary office supplies, in the same manner as it is or may be required by law 106 to provide for other county officers.

- Introduced by Mr. Shaw, February 11, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading February 11, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary. Reported back with an amendment, passage recommended, and ordered to

second reading, February 25, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act in regard to the Jurisdiction of the Commission of Claims.

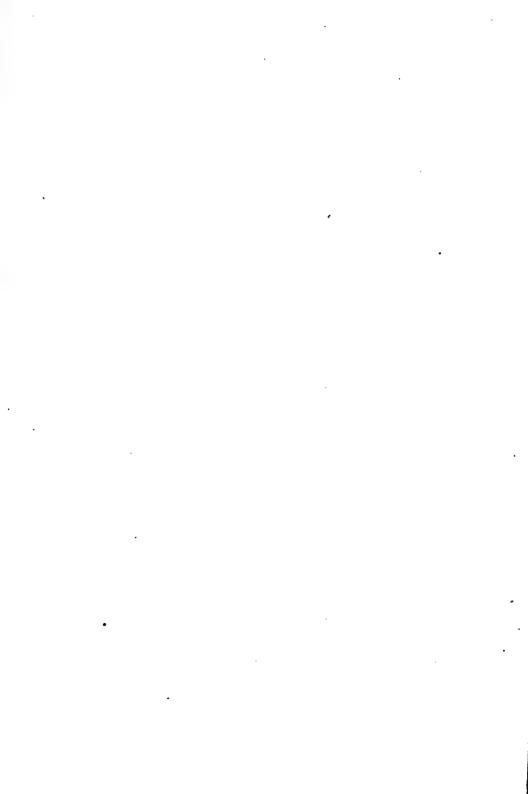
Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That the commission of claims is hereby given exclusive
- 3 jurisdiction in all cases of claims against the State for the taking or damaging
- 4 of private property by the State for public purposes in the construction or for
- 5 the use of any State institution, river, canal, or other improvement,
 - § 2. Said commission may go upon the premises alleged to have been taken or
- damaged, or may appoint a competent surveyor to go upon such lands and
- 3 report such notes and profiles to such commission as the commission may direct.
- 4 Said commission may award said surveyor a reasonable compensation for such
- 5 services.

AMENDMENT PROPOSED BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY, AND REPORTED FEBRUARY 25, 1881.

Amend by inserting before the word "be" in (written) line 1 the words and

- 2 figures "Section 1"; and striking out the word and figure "Section 1" before the
- 8 word "that" in (written) line 8.



- Introduced by Mr. Shaw, February 11, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 11, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
- Reported back with an amendment, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 25, 1881.
- 4. March 3, second reading, amended, and ordered to a third reading.

For an Act in regard to the Jurisdiction of the Commission of Claims.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That the commission of claims is hereby given exclusive
- 3 jurisdiction in all cases of claims against the State for the taking or damaging
- 4 of private property by the State for public purposes in the construction or for
- 5 the use of any State institution, river, canal, or other improvement.
 - § 2. Said commission may go upon the premises alleged to have been taken
- 2 or damaged, or may appoint a competent surveyor to go upon such lands and
- 2 report such notes and profiles to said commission as the commission may direct.
- 4 Said commission may award such surveyor a reasonable compensation for such
- 5 services.



- Introduced by Mr. Shaw, February 11, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading February 11, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
 Reported back with an amendment, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 25, 1881.
- March 3, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to a third reading.
- March 15, 1881, third reading; lost,
- March 16, 1881, reconsidered, and re-committed to Committee on Judiciary.
- March 18, 1881, reported back with amendments, passage recommended.

For an Act in regard to the jurisdiction of the Commission of Claims.

SECTION 1. Be it engoted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly. That the Commission of Claims is hereby given exclusive jurisdiction
- 8 in all cases of claims against the State for the taking or damaging of private property by the
- State for public purposes in the construction or for the use of any State institution, river,
- 5 canal, or other improvement.
 - § 2. Said commission may go upon the premises alleged to have been taken or damaged,
- 2 or may appoint a competent surveyor to go upon such lands and report such notes and pro-
- 3 files to said commission as the commission may direct. Said commission may award such
- surveyor a reasonable compensation for such services.

AMENDMENTS REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY, MARCH218, 1881.

- 1. Amend by striking out the word "exclusive" in the first section of the bill.
- 2 2. Amend by adding at the end of said section one the following: "Nothing in this
- act shall be so construed as to remove or repeal the bar of any statute of
- limitations against any such claim, nor shall the same be so construed as to give the commis-

- 5 sion jurisdiction of any claim growing out of the construction of the dam across the Illinois
- 6 river at Henry, Illinois, or the dam across the Little Wabash river at New Haven, Illinois,
- 7 nor to any claim heretofore passed upon by said commission or the General Assembly."

- 1. Introduced by Mr. Shaw. February 11, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading February 11, 1881, and referre I to Committee on Judiciary.
- Reported back with an amendment, passage recommended, and ordered to secon 1 reading February 25, 1881.
- 4. March 3, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to a third reading.
- 5. March 15, 1881, third reading; lost.
- 6 March 16, 1881, reconsidered, and re-committed to Committee on Judiciary.
- 7. March 13, 1881, reported back with amendments, passage recommended.
- 8. April 7, 1881, amendments adopted and bill ordered to a third reading.

For an Act in regard to the jurisdiction of the Co umission of Claims.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That the Commission of Claims is hereby given jurisdiction
- 3 in all cases of claims against the State for the taking or damaging of private property by the
- 4 State for public purposes in the construction or for the use of any State institution, river,
- 5 canal, or other improvement. Nothing in this act shall be so construed as to remove
- 6' or repeal the bar of any statute of limitations against any such claim, nor shall the same be
- 7 so construed as to give the commission parisdiction of any claim growing out of the construc-
- 8 tion of the dam seross the Illinois river at Henry, Illinois, or the dam across the Little
- 9 Wabash river at New Haven, Illinois, nor to any claim heretofore passed upon by said com-
- 10 mission or the General Assembly.
 - § 2. Said commission may go upon the premises alleged to have been taken or damaged.
- 2 or may appoint a competent surveyor to go upon such lands, and report such notes and pro-
- 3 files to said commission as the commission may direct. Said commission may award such
- 4 surveyor a reasonable compensation for such services.



- Introduced by Mr. Needles, February 11, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading February 11, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 18, 1881.

For an Act making an appropriation for the State Board of Agriculture and the County and other subordinate Boards of Agriculture.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the 2 General Assembly, That there be and is hereby appropriated to the State Board 8 of Agriculture the sums following, to-wit: For the payment of premiums at the annual State fair, the sum of three thousand dollars per annum, for the years 1881 and 1882; and for the use of county, district or other subordinate agricultural boards, the sum of one hundred dollars per annum, each for the years 1881 and 1882. For the salary of the Secretary, the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars per annum, for the years 1881 and 1883. For clerk hire, the sum of fifteen hundred dollars per annum, for the years 1861 and 1862. For porter, the sum of six hundred dollars per annum, for the years 1881 and 1882. For curator, the sum of six hundred dollars per annum, for the years 1881 and 1882. For the museum, the sum of five hundred dollars per samum, for the years 1881 and 1883. For the expense of collecting and publishing crop statistics, the sum of one thousand dollars per samum, for the years 1881 and 1882. For the purchase of books, maps and charts, the sum of five hundred dollars per annum, for the years 1881 and 1881. For repairs, postage, expressage and other incidental office expenses, the sum of one thousand dollars per

annum, for the years 1881 and 1889.

- § 2. That on the order of the President, countersigned by the Secretary of
 the State Board of Agriculture and approved by the Governor, the State
 Auditor shall draw his warrant upon the Treasurer in favor of the Treasurer
 of the State Board of Agriculture for the sums herein appropriated: Provided,
 that each warrant shall show the agricultural board for whose benefit the same
 is drawn, and that no warrant shall be drawn in favor of any agricultural board
 unless the order aforesaid be accompanied by a certificate of the State Board of
 Agriculture, showing that such subordinate, district or county agricultural
 board have held an agricultural fair during the preceding year in compliance
 with the rules and regulations as provided for by law: Provided, further, that
- 12 treasury prior to the first day of July, A. D. 1881.

 § 3. It shall be the duty of the Treasurer of the State Board of Agriculture

 2 to pay over to the proper officer of the subordinate, district or county agricul
 3 tural board the sum received for its use and benefit, as aforesaid, and to make

 4 a biennial report to the Governor of all such appropriations received and dis
 5 bursed by him.

no part of the moneys herein provided for shall be drawn from the public

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 288, REPORTED FROM THE COM-MITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS, FEBRUARY 18, 1881.

Amend Section 1 by changing the amount appropriated for salary of Secretary from "twenty-five hundred dollars per annum." fo "two thousand dollars per annum."

- 4 Amend Section 1 by changing the amount appropriated for clerk hire from
- is "fifteen hundred dollars per amining to "twelve hundred dollars per amining."
- * 18 Amend Section 1 by changing the amidnit appropriated for regality postage.
- 17 expressage and other finddental expenses from "one" thousand dollars per

tages the ever a latterate of the first south the interpretation of the interpretation of age of the

- Introduced by Mr. Needles, February 11, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 11, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 18, 1881.
- 4. February 25, second reading, amended and ordered to third reading.

For an Act making an appropriation for the State Board of Agriculture and the County and other subordinate Boards of Agriculture.

Secretor 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That there be and is hereby appropriated to the State Board of Agriculture the following sums, to-wit: For the payment of promitims at the annual State fair, the sum of three thousand dollars per annum, for the years 1881 and 1882; and for the use of county, district or other subordinate agricultural boards, the sum of one hundred dollars per annum to each county, to be paid to the treasurer of the county agricultural board, for the years 1881 and 1882. For the salary of the secretary, the sum of two thousand dollars per annum, for the years 1881 and 1882. For clerk hire, the sum of twelve hundred dollars per annum, for the years 1881 and 1842. For porter, the sum of six hundred dollars per annum, for the years 1881 and 1882. For curator, the sum of six hundred dollars per annum, for the years 1881 and 1882. For the museum, the sum of five hundred dollars per annum, for the years 1881 and 1882. For the expense of collecting and publishing cropstatistics, the sum of one thousand dol 14 lars per annum, for theyears 1881 and 1882. For the purchase of books, maps and 15 charts, the sum of five hundred dollars per annum, for the years 1881 and 1882. For repairs, postage, expressage and other incidental office expenses, the sum of

five hundred dollars per annum, for the years 1881 and 1882.

the State Board of Agriculture, and approved by the Governor, the State Auditor shall draw his warrant upon the Treasurer in favor of the treasurer of the State Board of Agriculture for the sums herein appropriated: Provided, that each warrant shall show the agricultural board for whose benefit the same is drawn, and that no warrant shall be drawn in favor of any agricultural board unless the order aforesaid be accompanied by a certificate of the State Board of Agriculture, showing that such subordinate, district or county agricultural board have held an agricultural fair during the preceding year in compliance with the rules and regulations as provided by law: Provided, further, that no part of the moneys herein provided for shall be drawn from the public treasury prior to the first day of July, A. D. 1881.

§ 8. It shall be the duty of the treasurer of the State Board of Agriculture to pay over to the proper officer of the subordinate, district or county agricultural board the sum received for its use and benefit, as aforesaid, and to make a biennial report to the Governor of all such appropriations received and disbursed by him.

Reported to House, May 3, 1981.

First reading May 4, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

 Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading, May 11, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act making an appropriation for the State Board of Agriculture and the county and other authordinate Boards of Agriculture.

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 2006, ADOPTED BY HOUSE COM-MITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS.

Amend item for secretary's salary by striking from lines fifteen and sixteen (engrassed

- 2 bill) the words "two thousand dollars," and inserting in lieu thereof the words "two thou-
- 8 and four hundred dollars."
- 4 Amend item for clerk hire by striking from line eighteen (engressed bill) the words
- 5 "twelve hundred dollars," and inserting "fifteen hundred dollars."
- 6 Amend for office expenses by striking from line thirty-six the words "five hundred dol-
- 7 lars," and inserting "one thousand dollars."

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly. That there be and is hereby appropriated to the State Board of Agri-
- 3 culture the following sums, to wit:
- 4 For the payment of premiums at the annual State fair, the sum of three thousand dollars
- 5 per annum, for the years 1881 and 1882; and for the use of county, district or other sub-
- 6 ordinate agricultural boards, the sum of one hundred dollars per annum to each county, to
- 7 he paid to the treasurer of the county agricultural board for the years 1881 and 1883.

- 8 For the salary of the secretary, the sum of two thousand dollars per annum, for the years
- 9 1881 and 1882.
- 10 For clerk hire, the sum of twelve hundred dollars per annum, for the years 1881 and
- 11 1889.
- 18 For porter, the sum of six hundred dollars per annum, for the years 1881 and 1882.
- 18 For surator, the sum of six hundred dollars per annum, for the years 1881 and 1882.
- 14 For the museum, the sum of five hundred dollars per annum, for [the years 1881 and
- 15 1889.
- 16 For the expense of collecting and publishing crop statistics, the sum of one thousand dol-
- 17 lars per annum, for the years 1881 and 1882.
- 18 For the purchase of books, maps and charts, the sum of five hundred dollars per annum,
- 19 for the years 1881 and 1882.
- 20 For repairs, postage, expressage and other incidental office expenses, the sum of five hun-
- 21 dred dollars per annum, for the years 1881 and 1882.
 - \$ 2. That on the order of the president, countersigned by the secretary of the State
 - 2 Board of Agriculture, and approved by the Governor, the State Auditor shall draw his war-
- 3 rant upon the Treasurer in favor of the treasurer of the State Board of Agriculture, for the
- 4 sums herein appropriated: Provided, that each warrant shall show the agricultural board
- 5 for whose benefit the same is drawn, and that no warrant shall be drawn in favor of any
- 6 agricultural board unless the order aforesaid be accompanied by a certificate of the State
- 7 Board of Agriculture, showing that such subordinate, district or county agricultural board have held an agricultural fair during the preceding year, in compliance with the rules and
- 9 regulations as provided by law: Provided, further, that no part of the moneys herein
- 10 provided for shall be drawn from the public treasury prior to the first day of July, A D.
- 11 1881.
 - § 3. It shall be the duty of the treasurer of the State Board of Agriculture to pay over
 - to the proper officer of the subordinate, district or county agricultural board the sum
 - 3 received for its use and benefit, as aforesaid, and to make a biennial report to the Governor
- 9 of all such appropriations received and disbursed by him.

- Introduced by Mr. Marshall, February 15, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 16, 1881, and referred to Committee on Education and Educational Institutions.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading April 1, 1881.

For an Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to establish and maintain a system of Free Schools," approved April 1, 1872, and amended by an act approved June : , 1879.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

General Assembly, That section fifty-one (51), as amended, of the aforesaid act, be amended to read as follows: Section 51. It shall be the duty of the county superintendents to hold meetings at least quarterly, and oftener if necessary, for the examination of teachers, on such days and at such places in the respective counties as will, in their opinion, accommodate the greatest number of persons desiring such examination. Notice of such meetings shall be published a sufficient length of time, in at least one newspaper of general circulation, the expense of such publication to be paid out of the school fund. The county superintendent shall, in all cases, require the payment of a fee of one dollar from every applicant for examination for a teacher's certificate; and for each renewal of such a certificate he shall require the payment of a fee of one dollar. All moneys so received and the registration fees bereinafter provided for, he shall transmit monthly to the county treasurer. to be by him held and designated as the institute fund, and with the same the county superintendent shall give the treasurer la list of the names of the persons paying such fees. Said fund shall be paid out by the county treasurer

18 only upon the order of the county superintendent, and only to defray the

expenses of the teachers' institutes, which the county superintendent is by this section authorized to hold. The county board of any county may appropriate such additional sum as may by them be deemed necessary for the support of such institutes. The county superintendent shall take vouchers for all pay-28 ments made out of the institute fund, and he shall render an account of such disbursements, with vouchers for the same, to the county board at their regular meeting in September, annually. The county superintendent shall hold, annually, a teachers' institute, continuing in session not less than five days, for the instruction of teachers and those who may desire to teach, and with the 27 concurrence of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction procure such assistance as may be necessary to conduct the same at such time as the schools in the county are generally closed: Provided that two or more adjoining counties 30 may hold an institute together. At every such institute instruction shall be 21 free to such as hold certificates good in the county (or counties, when two or more join to hold an institute), in which the institute is held; but the county superintendent shall require all others attending to pay to him a registration 85 fee of one dollar.

- Introduced by Mr. Marshall, February 15, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading February 16, 1881, and referred to Committee on Education and Educational Institutions.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading April 1, 1881.
- 4. Second reading April 11, 1881, amended, and ordered to third reading.

For an Act to amend Section fifty-one (51) of an act entitled "An Act to establish and maintain a system of Free Schools," approved April 1, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, and amended by an act approved June 3, 1879, in force July 1, 1879.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That section fifty-one (51) of an act entitled "An act to estab.
- 3 lish and maintain a system of free schools," approved April 1, 1872, in force July
- 4 1, 1872, and amended by an act approved June 3, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, be
- 5 amended to read as follows:
- 6 Section 51. It shall be the duty of the county superintendents to hold meet-
- 7 ings at least quarterly, and oftener if necessary, for the examination of teachers,
- 8 on such days and at such places in the respective counties as will, in their
- 9 opinion, accommodate the greatest number of persons desiring such examina-
- 10 tion. Notice of such meetings shall be published a sufficient length of time, in
- 11 at least one newspaper of general circulation, the expense of such publication
- 12 to be paid out of the school fund. The county superintendent shall, in all
- 13 cases, require the payment of a fee of one dollar from every applicant for exam-
- 14 ination for a teacher's certificate; and for each renewal of such a certificate he
- 15 shall require the payment of a fee of one dollar. All moneys so received, and
- 16 the registration fees hereinafter provided for, he shall transmit monthly to the
- 17 county treasurer, to be by him held and designated as the institute fund, and

with the same the county superintendent shall give the treasurer a list of the names of the persons paying such fees. Said fund shall be paid out by the county treasurer only upon the order of the county superintendent, and only to defray the expenses of the teachers' institutes, which the county superintendent 21 is by this section authorized to hold. The county board of any county may appropriate such additional sum as may by them be deemed necessary for the 33 support of such institutes. The county superintendent shall take vouchers for all payments made out of the institute fund, and he shall render an account of such disbursements, with vouchers for the same, to the county board at their regular meeting in September, annually. The county superintendent shall hold, annually, a teachers' institute, continuing in session not less than five days, for the instruction of teachers and those who may desire to teach, and with the concurrence of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction procure such assistance as may be necessary to conduct the same at such time as the 81 schools in the county are generally closed: *Provided*, that two or more adjoining counties may hold an institute together. At every such institute instruction shall be free to such as hold certificates good in the county (or counties, when two or more join to hold an institute,) in which the institute is held; but the county superintendent shall require all others attending to pay to him a 36 registration fee of one dollar, except those who have paid an examination fee 87 as required by this act, and failed to receive a certificate.

Reported to House, April 28, 1881.

2. First reading May 2, 1881, and referred to Committee on Education.

 Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second. reading May 7, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section fifty-one (51) of an act cutilled "An Act to establish and maintains system of Free Schools," approved April 1, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, and amended by an act approved June 3, 1879, in force July 1, 1879.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

General Assembly, That section fifty-one (51) of an act entitled "An act to establish and maintain a system of free schools," approved April 1, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, and amended by an act approved June 3, 1879, and in force July 1, 1879, be amended to read as follows: Section 51. It shall be the duty of the county superintendents to hold meetings at least quarterly, and oftener if necessary, for the examination of teachers, on such days and at such places in the respective counties as will, in their opinion, accommodate the greatest number of persons desiring such examination. Notice of such meetings shall be published a sufficient length of time, in at least one newspaper of general circulation, the expense of such publication to be paid out of the school fund. The county superintendent shall in all cases require 11 the payment of a fee of one dollar from every applicant for examination for a teacher's certificate; and for each renewal of such a certificate he shall require the payment of a fee of one dollar. All moneys so received and the registration fees hereinafter provided for he 14 shall transmit monthly to the county treasurer, to be by him held and designated as the institute fund, and with the same the county superintendent shall give the treasurer a list of 16 the names of the persons paying such fees. Said fund shall be paid out by the county treas-17 urer only upon the order of the county superintendent, and only to defray the expenses

of the teachers' institutes, which the county superintendent is by this section authorized to hold. The county board of any county may appropriate such additional sum as may by 91 them be deemed necessary for the support of such institutes. The county superintendent shall take vouchers for all payments made out of the institute fund, and he shall render an 22 account of such disbursements, with vouchers for the same, to the county board at their regular meeting in September, annually. The county superintendent shall hold, annually, a 24 teachers' institute, continuing in session not less than five days, for the instruction of teach-25 26 ers and those who may desire to teach, and with the concurrence of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction procure such assistance as may be necessary to conduct the same at 27 28 such time as the schools in the county are generally closed: Provided, that two or more adjoining counties may hold an institute together. At every such institute instruction shall 99 30 be free to such as hold certificates good in the county (or counties, when two or more join to hold an institute,) in which the institute is held; but the county superintendent shall require 81 all others attending to pay to him a registration fee of one dollar, except those who have 32 83 paid an examination fee as required by this act, and failed to receive a certificate.

- Introduced by Mr. Hunt, February 15, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 16, 1881, and referred to Committee on Penal and Reformatory Institutions.
- 3. Reported back with amendment, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 10, 1881.

For an Act to give to the authorities of Penitentiaries in the State of Illinois, police powers on grounds owned or leased by the State in connection with said Penitentiaries.

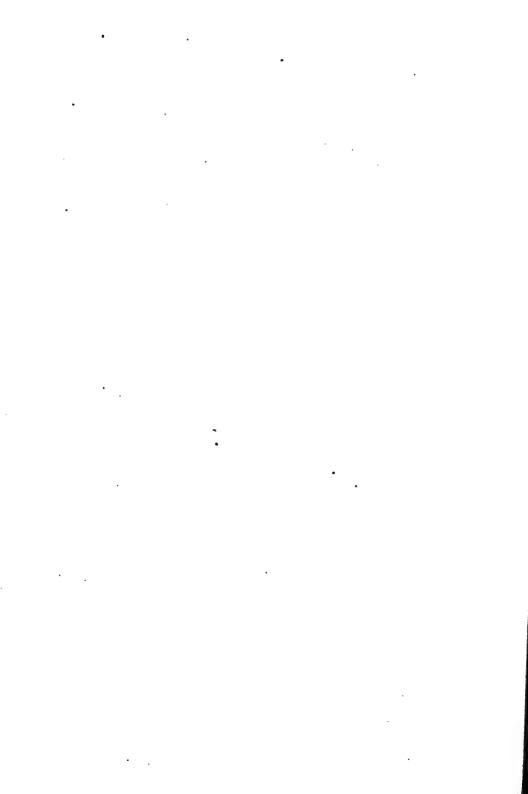
SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That the wardens and their assistants, the guards and
- 3 keepers of the penitentiaries of the State of Illinois shall be conservators of the
- 4 peace, and all officers created conservators of the peace by this act shall have
- 5 power to arrest or cause to be arrested, with or without process, upon any
- 6 grounds owned or leased by the State of Illinois and used by either of said
- 7 penitentiaries, all persons who shall break the peace, or be found trespassing
- 8 upon said grounds, or violating any criminal law of this State, and, if necessary,
- 9 detain such persons in custody over night or Sunday, in the watch-house or
- 10 other safe place, or until they can be brought before the proper magistrate.

AMENDMENT REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON PENAL AND REFORMATORY INSTITUTIONS, MARCH 10, 1881.

Amend by striking out all after the word "State," in (written) line 6 from

- 2 the bottom, and insert in lieu thereof the following: "And take such person
- 3 before a magistrate for trial."



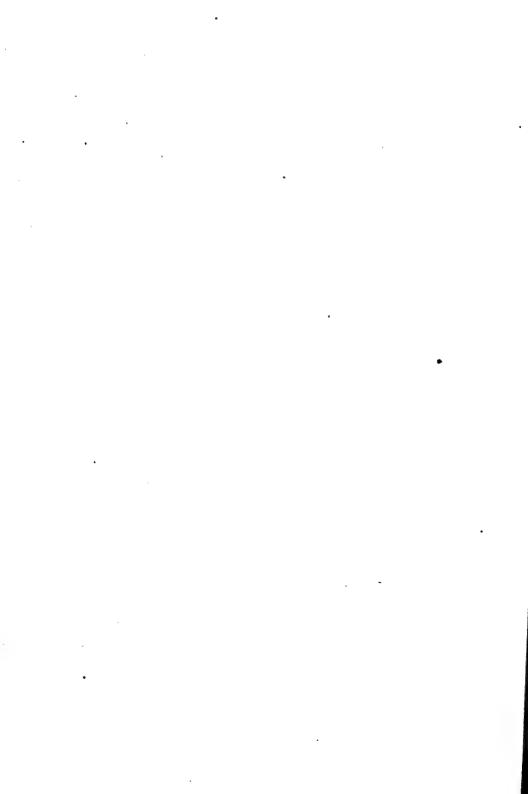
- Introduced by Mr. Hunt, February 15, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading February 16, 1881, and referred to Committee on Penal and Reformatory Institutions.

 Reported back with amendment, passage recommended, and ordered to
- second reading March 10, 1881.
- March 17, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.

For an Act to give to the authorities of Penitentiaries in the State of Illinois, police powers on grounds owned or leased by the State in connection with said Penitentiaries.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- General Assembly. That the wardens and their assistants, the guards and
- keepers of the penitentiaries of the State of Illinois shall be conservators of
- the peace, and all officers created conservators of the peace by this act shall
- have power to arrest or cause to be arrested, with or without process, upon any
- grounds owned or leased by the State of Illinois, and used by either of said
- penitentiaries, all persons who shall break the peace, or be found trespassing
- upon said grounds, or violating any criminal law of this State, and take such
- person before a magistrate for trial.



- Introduced by Mr. Hunt, February 15, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading February 16, 1881, and referred to Committee on Penal and Reformatory Institutions.
- Reported back with amendment, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 10, 1881.
 March 17, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.
 March 29, 1881, read third time, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
- 6. April 8, 1881, reported back with amendment, passage recommended.

A RILL

For an Act to give to the authorities of Penitentiaries in the State of Illinois Police Powers on grounds owned or leased by the State in connection with said Penitentiaries.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly. That the wardens and their assistants, the guards and keepers
- 8 of the penitentiaries of the State of Illinois, shall be conservators of the peace.
- and all officers created conservators of the peace by this act shall have
- 5 power to arrest, or cause to be arrested, with or without process, upon any
- 6 grounds owned or leased by the State of Illinois and used by either of said
- 7 penitentiaries, all persons who shall break the peace or be found trespassing
- 8 upon said grounds or violating any criminal law of this State, and take such '
- 9 persons before a magistrate for trial.

AMENDMENT PROPOSED BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY, APRIL 8, 1881.

Amend section 11 by striking out of line 15 the word "trespassing." Also

2 strike out of the same line the word "or."



- Introduced by Mr. Hunt, February 15, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 16, 1881, and referred to Committee on Penal and Reformatory Institutions.
- Reported back with amendment, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 10, 1881.
 March 17, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.
 March 29, 1881, read third time, and referred to Committee od Judiciary.
 April 8, 1881, reported back with amendment, passage recommended.
 April 15, 1881, amended, and ordered to third reading.

For an Act to give to the authorities of Penitentiaries in the State of Illinois Police. Powers on grounds owned or leased by the State in connection with said Penitentiaries.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the 2 General Assembly. That the wardens and their assistants, the guards and keep-

- 3 ers of the penitentiaries of the State of Illinois shall be conservators of the
- peace, and all officers created conservators of the peace by this act shall have power to arrest, or cause to be arrested, with or without process, upon any
- grounds owned or leased by the State of Illinois and used by either of said
- penitentiaries, all persons who shall break the peace or be found upon said
- grounds, violating any criminal law of this State, and take such persons before
- a magistrate for trial.

ì . • . . •

Reported to House May 4, 1881.
 First reading May 9, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

A BILL

For an Act to give to the authorities of Penitentiaries in the State of Illinois police powers on grounds owned or leased by the State in connection with said Penitentiaries.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State Illinois, represented in the

- General Amembly. That the wardens and their assistants, the guards and
- keepers of the penitentiaries of the State of Illinois, shall be conservators of
- the peace, and all officers created conservators of the peace by this act shall
- have power to arrest or cause to be arrested, with or without process, upon any
- grounds owned or leased by the State of Illinois, and used by either of said
- penitentiaries, all persons who shall break the peace or be found upon said
- grounds violating any criminal law of this State, and take such persons before
- a magistrate for trial.



- Introduced by Mr. Hunt February 15, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading February 16, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 9, 1881.

For an Act to provide for the Sale of Partnership Land to pay debts after the death of a Partner

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- General Assembly, In case of the death of one partner, if there is real estate
- belonging to the copartnership, and the personal estate is insufficient to pay the
- partnership debts, the surviving partner or partners may, after filing the inven-
- tory list of liabilities and appraisement now required by law, file a petition in
- the county court where such inventory is filed, for the sale of the partnership
- real estate, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the debts of the
- partnership.
 - \$ 2. The law and practice governing the proceedings on applications of
- executors and administrators to sell the real estate of deceased persons to pay
- debts shall govern proceedings under this act: Provided, that if the court shall
- order the sale of any partnership land it shall appoint some suitable person
- special commissioner to make the sale and conveyance.
 - § 3. The special commissioner so appointed shall proceed to make such sale
- in the same manner that executors and administrators are required to make sale
- of real estate of deceased persons to pay debts: Provided, such commissioner
- shall report such sale to the next term of the county court after the sale, for
- approval, and no conveyance shall be executed until after the sale is approved
- by the court.

- § 4. If such sale is approved by the court, the commissioner shall execute a
- 2 deed or deeds of conveyance of the real estate sold to the purchaser or purchase
- 3 ers thereof, which deeds shall be effectual to convey all the interest which the
- 4 copartnership had in such real estate, and shall be valid and effectual against
- 5 the surviving partner and the heirs and devisers of the deceased partner and
- 6 all persons claiming by, through, or under them.
 - § 5. At any sale made under the provisions of this act it shall be lawful for
- 2 the surviving partner to purchase the real estate, and such purchases shall be
- 3 valid in law and equity as if purchased by a stranger to the proceedings.
 - \$ 6. The proceeds of such sales shall be paid to the surviving partner or
- 2 partners, and be applied to the payment of partnership debts and the expenses
- 3 settling of the partnership business.
 - \$ 7. The court shall allow the commissioner a reasonable compensation for
- 2 making such sale and conveyance not exceeding the fees allowed masters in
- 3 chancery for like services, and may require such commissioner to give bond
- 4 with security, to be approved by the court, conditioned for the faithful dis-
- 5 charge of his duties as such commissioner, and the payment of moneys received
- 6 from such sale.
 - § 8. Whereas, there is no valid law in force in this State providing for the
- 2 sale of partnership real estate to pay debts, therefore an emergency exists why
- 3 this act should take effect immediately; therefore this act shall take effect
- 4 and be in force from and after its passage.

1. Reported to House March 20, 1881.

2. First reading April 9, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

3. Reported back with amountments, passage psychogodud, paper concurred.

 Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading. April 15, 1881.

4. Second reading, amended and ordered to a third reading.

A BILL

For an Act to provide for the Sale of Partnership Land to pay debts after the death of a Partner.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL NO. 289.

Amend by striking out the emergency clause.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly. In case of the death of one partner, if there is real estate
- 3 belonging to the co-partnership, and the personal estate is insufficient to pay
- 4 the partnership debta, the surviving partner or partners may, after filing the
- 5 inventory, list of liabilities and appraisement now required by law, file a peti-
- 6 tion in the county court, where such inventory is filed, for the sale of the part-
- 7 nership real estate, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the debts of
- 8 the partnership.
 - § 2. The law and practice governing the proceedings on applications of exec-
- 2 utors and administrators to sell the real estate of deceased persons to pay debts,
- 3 shall govern proceedings lunder this act: Provided, that if the court shall
- 4 order the sale of any partnership land, it shall appoint some suitable person spe-
- 5 cial commissioner to make the sale and conveyance.

- § 3. The special commissioner so appointed shall proceed to make such hale
- 2 in the same manner that executors and administrators are required to make sale
- \$ of real estate of deceased persons to pay debts: Provided, such commissioner
- 4 shall report such sale to the next term of the county court after the sale, for
- 5 approval; and no conveyance shall be executed until after the sale is approved
- 6 by the court.
 - § 4. If such sale is approved by the court, the commissioner shall execute a deed
- 2 or deeds of conveyance of the real estate sold to the purchaser or purchasers
- 8 thereof, which deeds shall be effectual to convey all the interest which the
- 4 co-partnership had in such real estate, and shall be valid and effectual against
- 5 the surviving partner and the heirs and devisees of the deceased partner, and all
- 6 persons claiming by, through or under them.
 - § 5. At any sale made under the provisions of this act it shall be lawful for
- 2 the surviving partner to purchase the real estate, and such purchases shall be
- 3 valid in law and equity as if purchased by a stranger to the proceedings.
- § 6. The proceeds of such sales shall be paid to the surviving partner or part-
- 2 ners, and be applied to the payment of partnership debts and the expenses of
- 8 settling the partnership business.
 - \$ 7. The court shall allow the commissioner a reasonable compensation for
- 9 making such sale and conveyance, not exceeding the fees allowed masters in
- 3 chancery for like services, and may require such commissioner to give bond,
- 4 with security to be approved by the court, conditioned for the faithful dis-
- 5 charge of his duties as such commissioner, and the payment of the moneys
- 6 received from such sale.
 - § 8. Whereas, there is no valid law in force in this State providing for the
- 2 sale of partnership real estate to pay debts, therefore an emergency exists why
- \$ this act should take effect immediately; therefore this act shall take effect and
- 4 be in force from and after its passage.

Introduced by Mr. Archer, February 15, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading February 16, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 18, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section twenty-three (23) of an act entitled "An act in regard to Evidence and Depositions in civil cases," approved March 29, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

Sucress 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That section twenty-three of an act entitled. "An act in regard to evidence and depositions in civil cases," approved March 29, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows: Section 28. Covies of the books and entries of the sale of all lands or lots heretofore or that hereafter may be sold by this State, or any of the officers thereof, under any law of this State certified to, be true and correct copies of 8 such books and entries by the proper person or officer in whose custody said • books and entries may properly be, shall be prime facis evidence of the facts 10 stated in said books and entries. The certificate of such officer of the purchase 11 of, or issuing of a patent for any tract of land sold by this State, or any agent 19 of the same, shall be deemed and taken as evidence of title in the party certified 18 to have made such purchase, or obtained such patent, his heirs or assigns. 14 unless a better and paramount title is exhibited for the same. The patent for land shall be deemed a better and paramount title in the patentee, his heirs and 16 assigns, than such certificate. And where any swamp and overflowed lands 17 and lots heretofore have been, or hereafter may be sold under any law of this

18 State, by any proper person or officer of the county, copies of the books and

entries of the sales of such swamp and overflowed lands and lots certified to be true and correct copies of such books and entries by the proper person or officer in whose custody such books and entries may properly be, shall be prima facie evidence of the facts stated in such books and entries. The certificate of such officer of the sale or entry of any tract or tracts of such swamp and overflowed land or lots, and of the execution of a deed for the same, giving the date of such sale or entry, the date of the execution of the deed, the name of the purchaser and description of the land under the seal of his office may, if the original deed be lost or it be out of the power of the party wishing to use 98 the same, to produce it in evidence, and such original deed has never been 29 recorded, be read in evidence in place of said original deed, and shall be prima 80 facis evidence of the execution and delivery of a proper deed for such land, and shallbe deemed and taken as evidence of title in the person certified to have 81 made such entry or purchase, his heirs and assigns, until a better and paramount 83 title is exhibited for the same. And whenever it shall appear that the original deed made upon any entry or sale of such swamp and overflowed land is lost, or not in the power of the party wishing to use the same, and the same has never been recorded as aforesaid, and that the books and original entries of sales of such swamp and overflowed lands have also been lost or destroyed, and the clerk of the county court or other proper officer shall have made return of such sales and entries to the Auditor of Public Accounts according to law, a certified copy of such return by the auditor, under his seal of office, may be used in evidence with the like force and effect as hereinbefore provided.

APRIL 1881

Reported to House April 19, 1881. First reading April 28, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary. Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading April 29, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section twenty-three (\$8) of an act entitled "An Act in regard to Evidence and Depositions in civil cases," approved March 29, 1872. in force July 1, 1872.

SECTION 1. Be it smalled by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assemble, That section twenty-three (33) of an act entitled "An act
- in regard to evidence and depositions in civil cases," approved March 29, 1879,
- in force July 1, 1872, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as
- follows: 5
- Section 28. Copies of the books and entries of the sale of all lands or lots
- heretofore or that hereafter may be sold by this State, or any of the officers
- thereof, under any law of this State, certified to be true and correct copies of
- such books and entries, by the proper person or officer in whose custedy said
- books and entries may properly be, shall be prima facis evidence of the facts
- stated in said books and entries. The certificate of such officer of the purchase
- of or issuing of a patent for any tract of land sold by this State, or any agent
- of the same, shall be deemed and taken as evidence of title in the party certi-
- fied to have made such purchase or obtained such patent, his heirs or assigns,
- unless a better and paramount title is exhibited for the same. The patent for
- land shall be deemed a better and paramount title in the patentee, his heirs and
- assigns, than such certificate. And where any swamp and overflowed lands and
- 18 lots heretofore have been, or hereafter may be, sold under any law of this State

by any proper person or officer of the county, copies of the books and entries of the sides of such swamp and overflowed lands and lots, certified to be true and correct copies of such books and entries, by the proper person or officer in whose custody such books and entries may properly be, shall be prima facio evidence 99 of the facts stated in such books and entries. The certificate of such officer of the sale or entry of any tract or tracts of such swamp and overflowed land or lots, and of the execution of a deed for the same, giving the date of such sale or entry, the date of the execution of the deed, the name of the purchaser and description of the land, under the seal of his office may, if the original deed be lost, or it be out of the power of the party wishing to use the same, to produce it in evidence, and such original deed has never been recorded, be read in evidence in place of said original deed, and shall be prima taois evidence of the execution and delivery of a proper deed for such land, and shall be deemed and taken as evidence of title in the person certified to have made such entry or purchase, his heirs and assigns, until a better and paramount title is exhibited for the same. And whenever it shall appear that the original deed made upon any entry or sale of such swamp and overflowed land is lost, or not in the power of the party wishing to use the same, and the same has never been recorded as aforesaid, and that the books and original entries of sales of such swamp and overflowed lands have also been lost or destroyed, and the clerk of the county court, or other proper officer, shall have made return of such sales and entries to the Auditor of Public Accounts according to law, a certified copy of such return by the Auditor, under his seal of office, may be used in evidence with the like force and effect as hereinbefore provided.

Introduced by Mr. Adams. February 15, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 16, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

 Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 25, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section four (4) of an act entitled "An Act in regard to Wills," approved March 20, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

2 General Assembly, That Section four (4) of an act entitled "An act in recent to wills," approved March 20, 1873, in force July 1, 1872, he amended so as to read as follows: When any will testament or codicil shall be produced to the county or probate courts for probate of the same, and any witness attesting such will, testament or codicil shall reside without the limits of this State, or the county in which such will, testament or codicil is produced for probate, or shall be unable to attend said court, it shall be lawful for such county or probate court to issue a dedimus potestatem, or commission under the seal of the court annexed to such will, testament or codicil together with such interrogations as may be filed in said court or as said court may direct to be propounded to such witness or witnesses, touching the execution of such will, testament or codicil. which commission shall be directed to any competent and disinterested person as commissioners, or to any judge, master in chancery, notary public, justice of the peace, United States consul, or vice-consul, consular agent, or secretary of legation, authorizing and requiring him to cause such witness or witnesses to 18 come before him at such time and place as he may designate and appoint, and faithfully to take his, her or their depositions on oath or affirmation upon all

- 20 such interrogatories as may be enclosed with or attached to such commission.
- 21 and none other, and certify the same when thus taken together with the said
- 22 commission and interrogatories into the court out of which such commission
- 28 issued, with the least possible delay. When so taken and returned into the
- 24 court such deposition or depositions shall have the same operation, force and
- 25 effect, and such will, testament or codicil shall be admitted to probate in like
- 26 manner as if such oath or affirmation had been made in the court from whence
- 27 such commission issued.
- 28 Whenever a commission shall issue to any officer above mentioned not by
- 29 name but simply by his official title, then the seal of his office attached to his
- 30 certificate shall be sufficient evidence of his identity and official character.

AMENDMENTS PROPOSED IN THE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE AND REPORTED FEBRUARY 25, 1881.

- 1. On page 2, (written) line 3, after the word "court" insert the words "upon the
- 2 application of any person asking for probate thereof, and upon such notice to
- 3 persons interested, as such county or probate court may by special order
- 4 direct."
- 5 2. On page 2, (written) line 9, after "rogatories" insert the words "in chief and
- 6 cross interrogatories."
- 7 3. On page 2, (written) line 16, strike out the words "to any competent and dis-
- 8 interested person as commissioner or."
- 9 4. On page 2, (written) line 19, after "justice of the peace" insert the words
- 10 "mayor or other chief magistrate of a city."

- Introduced by Mr. Adams, February 15, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading February 16, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
 Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 25, 1881.
- 4. March 8, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.

For an Act to amend Section four (4) of an act entitled "An Act in regard to Wills," approved March 20, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

General Assembly. That section four (4) of an act entitled "An act in regard to wills," approved March 20, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, be amended so as to read as follows: Section 4. When any will, testament or codicil shall be produced to the county or probate courts for probate of the same, and any witness attesting such will, testament or codicil shall reside without the limits of this State, or the county in which such will, testament or codicil is produced for probate, or shall be unable to attend said court, it shall be lawful for such county or probate court upon the application of any person asking for probate thereof, and upon such notice to persons interested, as such county or probate court may by special order direct to issue a dedimus potestatem, or commission under the seal of the court annexed to such will, testament or codicil together with such interrogatories in chief and cross interrogatories as may be filed in said court or as said court may direct to be propounded to such witness or witnesses, touchingthe execution of such will, testament or codicil, which commission shall be directed to any judge, master in chancery notary public, justice of the peace, mayor or other chief magistrate of a city, 19 United Statés consul, or vice-consul, consular agent, or secretary of

legation, authorizing and requiring him to cause such witness or witnesses to come before him at such time and place as he may designate and appoint, and 21 faithfully to take his, her or their depositions on eath or affirmation upon all such interrogatories as may be enclosed with or attached to such commission 23 and none other, and certify the same when thus taken together with the said 24 commission and interrogatories into the court out of which such commission issued, with the least possible delay. When so taken and returned unto the 26 court such deposition or depositions shall have the same operation, force and effect, and such will, testament or codicil shall be admitted to probate in like manner as if such oath or affirmation had been made in the court from whence such commission issued. 30

Whenever a commission shall issue to any officer above mentioned not by name but simply by his official title, then the seal of his office attached to his certificate shall be sufficient evidence of his identity and official character

- Introduced by Mr. Tanner, February 15, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading February 16, 1881, and referred to Committee on Railroads.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 10, 1881.

For an Act to amend Section twenty-two (22) of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation of associations that may be organized for the purpose of constructing railways, maintaining and operating the same, for prescribing and defining the duties and limiting the powers of such corporations when so organized," approved and in force March 1, 1872, by providing a penalty for the violation thereof.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That section twenty-two (22) of an act entitled "An act to
- 3 provide for the incorporation of associations that may be organized for the pur-
- 4 pose of constructing railways, maintaining and operating the same, for
- 5 prescribing and defining the duties and limiting the powers of such corpora-
- 6 tions when so organized," approved and in force March 1, 1872, be and the
- 7 same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:
- 8 Section 22. No such corporation shall consolidate its capital stock, franchises,
- 9 or property with any other railway company owning a parallel or competing
- 10 line. And in no case shall any consolidation take place except upon sixty days'
- 11 notice thereof given, which notice shall be given in the manner and form as
- 12 provided in section fifteen of this act. Any corporation violating the pro-
- 13 visions of this section shall be fined in a sum not less than two hundred nor
- 14 more than five hundred dollars for each violation, and if any such corporation

shall be so found guilty, for each day it shall continue in such violation, after it is so found guilty, it shall forfeit and pay the further sum of five hundred dollars. Any railroad company that may have, since the adoption of the Con stitution now in force, violated the constitutional provision against the consoli dation of such lines of railway, and shall, after the passage of this act, continue in violation of the same, shall forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars 21 per day for such violation, to be recovered in an action of debt before any court 22 of competent jurisdiction, to be brought in the name of the people of the State of Illinois, under the direction and control of the Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners of this State. Each of the companies violating this act shall be 24 responsible under this section for the penalties herein provided, or the consolidated company may be charged therewith: Provided, that said penalty shall be in addition to any other now provided for by law. 27

Introduced by Mr. Tanner, February 15, 1881, and ordered to first reading.

Rirst reading February 16, 1881, and referred to Generaltes on Railread Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 10, I881.

A. March 17, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section twenty-three (23) of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the Incorporation of Associations that may be organized for the purpose of constructing Railways, maintaining and operating the same, for prescribing and defining the duties and limiting the powers of such Corporations when so organised," approved and in force March 1, 1873, by providing a penalty for the violation thereof.

DECTION 1. Be it empoted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the 2 General Assembly. That section twenty-three (2) of an act entitled "An act to provide 3 for the incorporation of associations that may be organized for the purpose of constructing railways, maintaining and operating the same, for prescribing and defining the duties and limiting the powers of such corporations when so organized," approved and in force March

1, 1872, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows: Section 28. No such corporation shall consolidate its capital stock, franchises or property with any other railway company owning a parallel or competing line. And in no case shall any consolidation take place except upon sixty days' notice thereof given, which notice shall be given in the manner and form as provided in section fifteen of this act. Any corporation 10 violating the provisions of this section shall be fined in a sum not less than two hundred nor 11 12 more than five hundred dollars for each violation, and if any such corporation shall be so found guilty, for each day it shall continue in such violation, after it is so found guilty, it

shall forfeit and pay the further sum of five hundred dollars. Any railroad company that may have, since the adoption of the constitution now in force, violated the constitutional

16 provision against the consolidation of such lines of railway, and shall, after the passage of

this act, continue in violation of the same, shall forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars per day for such violation, to be recovered in an action of debt before any court of competent jurisdiction, to be brought in the name of the people of the State of Illinois, under the direction and control of the Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners of this State. Each of the companies violating this act shall be responsible under this sec in for the penalties herein provided, or the consolidated company may be charged therewith: Provided,

33 that said penalty shall be in addition to any other now provided for by law.

Reported to House April 1, 1881.

2. First reading April 9, 1881, and referred to Committee on Railroads.

 Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading April 16, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section twenty-three (23) of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the Incorporation of Associations that may be organized for the purpose of constructing Railways, maintaining and operating the same, for prescribing and defining the duties and limiting the powers of such Corporations when so organized," approved and in force March 1, 1873, by providing a penalty for the violation thereof.

AMENDMENTS BY THE RAILROAD COMMITTEE TO SENATE BILL NO. 245.

Amend by inserting after the word "violation," in lines 31 and 32 of the

- 2 written bill, the words, "commencing to count said days thirty days." Also,
- 8 after the word "same," in line 41 of the written bill, insert the words, "thirty
- 4 days after the same shall be found guilty."

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Feople of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- General Assembly, That section twenty-three (23) of an act entitled "An act to provide
- 3 for the incorporation of associations that may be organized for the purpose of constructing
- 4 railways, maintaining and operating the same, for prescribing and defining the duties and
- 5 limiting the powers of such corporations when so organized," approved and in force March
- 6 1. 1872. be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:
- 7 Section 23. No such corporation shall consulidate its capital stock, franchises or property
- 8 with any other railway company owning a parallel or competing line. And in no case shall

any consolidation take place except upon sixty days' notice thereof given, which notice shall be given in the manner and form as provided in section fifteen of this act. Any corporation 11 violating the provisions of this section shall be fined in a sum not less than two hundred nor more than five hundred dollars for each violation, and if any such corporation shall be so 12 13 found guilty, for each day it shall continue in such violation, after it is so found guilty, it 14 shall forfeit and pay the further sum of five hundred dollars. Any railroad company that may have, since the adoption of the constitution now in force, violated the constitutional 15 provision against the consolidation of such lines of railway, and shall, after the passage of 16 this act, continue in violation of the same, shall forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred 17 dollars per day for such violation, to be recovered in an action of debt before any court of 18 19 competent jurisdiction, to be brought in the name of the people of the State of Illinois, 20 under the direction and control of the Railroad and Warchouse Commission of this State, 21 Each of the companies violating this act shall be responsible under this section for the penalties herein provided, or the consolidated company may be charged therewith: Provided, that said penalty shall be in addition to any other now provided for by law. 23

- 1. Introduced by Mr. Vandeveer, February 16, 1881, and ordered to first
- reading.

 First reading February 16, 1881, and referred to Committee on Revenue.

 Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 1, 1881.

For an Act to amend Section 230 of an act entitled "An act for the Assessment of Property, and for the Levy and Collection of Taxes," approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1, .872, approved May 29, 1879, in force July 1, 1879.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That section 230 of an act entitled "An act for the assessment

of property and for the levy and collection of taxes," approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, approved May 29, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows: Section 230. The county board may at any time institute suit in an action of debt in the name of the People of the State of Illinois, in any court of competent jurisdiction, for the whole amount due on forfeited property; or any county, city, town, school district, or other municipal corporation, to which any such tax may be due, may at any time institute suit in an action of debt in its 10 own name, before any court of competent jurisdiction, for the amount of such 11 tax due any such corporation on forfeited property and prosecute the same to 18 final judgment. The county board may also, at any time, institute suit in an action of debt in the name of the People of the State of Illinois, in any court of competent jurisdiction, against any person, firm or corporation, for the recovery of any personal property tax due from such person, firm or corporation, and in any such suit for the recovery of personal property tax, the return

18 of the county collector that such taxes are delinquent shall be prima facis

due and unpaid may be proven by other competent testimony. This act shall apply to suits now pending for taxes heretofore levied, and on the sale of any property following such judgment, on execution or otherwise, any such county, city, town, school district or other municipal corporation interested in the collection of said tax, may become purchaser at such sale of either real or personal property, and if the property so sold is not redeemed (in case of real estate), may acquire, hold, sell and dispose of the title thereto the same as individuals may do under the laws of this State, and in any such suit or trial for forfeited taxes, the fact that real estate or personal property is assessed to a person, firm or corporation, shall be prima facie evidence that such person, firm or incorporation was the owner thereof, and liable for the taxes for the year or years for which the assessment was made, and such fact may be proved by the introduction in evidence of the proper assessment book or roll, or other competent proof.

AMENDMENTS REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON REVENUE, MARCH 1, 1881.

Amend title and section 1 by adding after the words "in force July 1, 1879," in 2 each, the words "as amended by an act approved May 29, 1879, in force July 3 1, 1879."

- Introduced by Mr. Vandeveer, February 16, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading February 16, 1881, and referred to Committee on Revenue.
 Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 1, 1881.
- 4. March 11, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.

For an Act to amend Section 230 of an act entitled "An act for the Assessment of Property, and for the Levy and Collection of Taxes," approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, approved May 29, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, as amended by an act approved May 29, 1879, in force July 1, 1879.

- 2 General Assembly, That section 230 of an act entitled "An act for the assessment
- 3 of property, and for the levy and collection of taxes," approved March 30, 1872,
- 4 in force July 1, 1872, approved May 29, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, as amended by
- 5 an act approved May 29, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, be and the same is hereby
- 6 amended so as to read as follows:
- 7 Section 230. The county board may at any time institute suit in an action of
- 8 debt in the name of the People of the State of Illinois, in any court of com-
- 9 petent jurisdiction, for the whole amount due on forfeited property; or any
- 10 county, city, town, school district, or other municipal corporation, to which any
- 11 such tax may be due, may at any time institute suit in an action of debt in its
- .

 12 own name, before any court of competent jurisdiction, for the amount of such
- 13 tax due any such corporation on forfeited property, and prosecute the same to
- 14 final judgment. The county board may also, at any time, institute suit in an
- 15 action of debt, in the name of the People of the State of Illinois, in any court
- 16 of competent jurisdiction, against any person, firm or corporation, for the

recovery of any personal property tax due from such person, firm or corporation, and in any such suit for the recovery of personal property tax, the return 18 19 of the county collector that such taxes are delinquent, shall be prima facio evidence that such taxes are due and unpaid, but the fact that such taxes are 20 due and unpaid may be proven by other competent testimony. This act shall 21 20 apply to suits now pending for taxes heretofore levied, and on the sale of any 23 property following such judgment, on execution or otherwise, any such county, city, town, school district or other municipal corporation interested in the col-24 lection of said tax, may become purchaser at such sale of either real or personal 25 26 property, and if the property so sold is not redeemed in case of real estate). 27 may acquire, hold, sell and dispose of the title thereto the same as individuals may do under the laws of this State, and in any such suit or trial for forfeited 28 taxes, the fact that real estate or personal property is assessed to a person, firm 29 30 or corporation, shall be prima facie evidence that such person, firm or incorpo-31 ration was the owner thereof, and liable for the taxes for the year or years for which the assessment was made, and such fact may be proved by the introduc-32 tion in evidence of the proper assessment book or roll, or other competent proof. 33

- 1. Introduced by Mr. Vandeveer, Febrhary 16, 1881, and ordered to first reeding.
- 2. First reading February 16, 1881, and referred to Committee on Revenue.
- Reported back with anundments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 1, 1881.
- 4. March 11, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.
- 5. March 23, 1881, recommitted to Committee on Revenue.
- 6. March 24, 1881, reported back, with amendment, passage recommended,

For an Act to amend Section 230 of an act entitled "An act for the Assessment of Property, and for the Levy and Collection of Taxes," approved March 3, 1872, in force July 1, 1872; approved May 29, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, as amended by an act approved May 29, 1879, in force July 1, 1879.

- 2 General Assembly, That section 230 of an act entitled "An act for the assessment of
- 3 property, and for the lary and collection of taxes," approved March 30, 1872, in force July
- 4 1, 1872; approved May 29, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, as amended by an act approved May
- 5 29, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as
- 6 follows
- Section 230. The county board may at any time institute suit in an action of debt in the
- 8 name of the People of the State of Illinois, in any court of competent jurisdiction, for the
- 9 whole amount due on forfeited property; or any county, city, cown, school district, or other
- 10 municipal corporation, to which any such tax may be due, may, at any time, institute suit
- 11 in an action of debt in its own name, before any court of competent jurisdiction, for the
- 12 amount of such tax due any such corporation on forfeited property, and prosecute the same
- 13 to final judgment. The county board may also, at any time, institute suit in an action of
- 14 debt in the name of the People of the State of Illinois, in any court of competent jurisdic-
- 15 tion, against any person, firm or corporation, for the recovery of any personal property tax
- 16 due from such person, firm or corporation, and in any such suit for the recovery of personal

property tax, the return of the county collector that such taxes are delinquent, shall be prima facis evidence that such taxes are due and unpaid, but the fact that such taxes are due and unpaid may be proven by other competent testimony. This act shall apply to suits now 20 pending for taxes heretofore levied, and on the sale of any property following such judgment, on execution or otherwise, any such county, city, town, school district or other muni-21 22 cipal corporation interested in the collection of said tax, may become purchaser at such sale of either real or personal property, and if the property so sold is not redeemed (in case of 23 real estate), may acquire, hold, sell and dispose of the title thereto the same as indivi uals may do under the laws of this State, and in any such suit or trial for forfeited taxes, the fact that real estate or personal property is assessed to a person, firm or corporation, shall be 26 prima facie evidence that such person, firm or incorporation was the owner the of, and liable for the taxes for the year or years for which the assessment was made, and such fact 28 may be proved by the introduction in evidence of the proper assessment book or roll, or other competent proof.

AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL NO. 247, REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON REVENUE MARCH 24, 1881.

In line 22 of printed bill strike out the words, "to suits now pending for taxes heretofore

- 2 levied," and insert instead, "to all taxes heretofore levied against any person, firm or corpor-
- 3 ation and now upon any assessment book or roll."

- . Introduced by Mr. Vandeveer, February 16, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading February 16, 1881, and referred to Committee on Revenue.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 1, 1881.
- 4. March 11, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.
- 5. March 23, 1881, recommitted to Committee on Revenue.
- 6. March 24, 1881, reported back, with amendment, passage recommended.
- 7. April 8, 1881, amended and ordered to third reading.

For an Act to amend Section 230 of an act entitled "An act for the Assessment of Property, and for the Levy and Collection of Taxes," approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1, 1872; approved May 29, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, as amended by an act approved May 29, 1879, in force July 1, 1879.

- 2 General Assembly, That section 230 of an act entitled "An act for the assessment of
- 3 property, and for the levy and collection of taxes," approved March 30, 1872, in force July
- 4 1, 1872; approved May 29, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, as amended by an act approved May
- 5 29, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as
- 6 follows:
- 7 Section 230. The county board may at any time institute suit in an action of debt, in the
- 8 name of the l'emple of the State of Illinois, in any court of competent jurisdiction, for the
- 9 whole amount due on forfeited property; or any county, city, town, school district, or other
- 10 municipal corporation, to which any such tax may be due, may, at any time, institute suit
- 11 in an action of debt in its own name, before any court of competent jurisdiction, for the
- 12 amount of such tax due any such corporation on forfeited property, and prosecute the same
- 13 to final judgment. The county board may also, at any time, institute suit in an action of
- 14 debt in the name of the People of the State of Illinois, in any court of competent jurisdic-
- 15 tion, against any person, firm or corporation, for the recovery of any personal property tax

due from such person, irm or corporation, and in any such suit for the recovery of personal 17 property tax, the return of the county collector that such taxes are delinquent, shall be prima facie evidence that such taxes are due and unpaid, but the fact that such taxes are due and 18 unpaid may be proven by other competent testimony. This act shall apply to all taxes 19 firm or corporation and now 20 heretofore levied against any person, any assessment book or roll, and on the sale of any property following such judg-21 22 ment, on execution or otherwise, any such county, city, town, school district or other municipal corporation interested in the collection of said tax may become purchaser at such sale 23 of either real or personal property, and if the property so sold is not redeemed (in case of 24 real estate), may acquire, hold, sell and dispose of the title thereto the same as individuals 25 may do under the laws of this State, and in any such suit or trial for forfeited taxes, the 26 fact that real estate or personal property is assessed to a person, firm or corporation, shall be 27 prima facie evidence that such person, firm or incorporation was the owner thereof, and 28 29 liable for the taxes for the year or years for which the assessment was made, and such fact may be proved by the introduction in evidence of the proper assessment book or roll, or 30 other competent proof.

Reported to House April 26 1881.

First reading May 2, 1881, and referred to Committee on Revenue.

Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading May 13, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section 230 of an act entitled "An Act for the Assessment of Property and for the Levy and Collection of Taxes," approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1, 1872; approved May 29, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, as amended by an act approved May 29, 1879, in force July 1, 1879.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illin is, represented in the

General Assembly, That section 230 of an act entitled "An act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collection of taxes," approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1, 1872; approved May 29, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, as amended by an act approved May 29, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows: 7 Section 230. The county board may, at any time, institute suit in an action of debt in the name of the people of the State of Illinois, in any court of competent jurisdiction, for the whole amount due on forfeited property; or any county, city, town, school district, or other municipal corporation, to which any such 11 tax may be due, may, at any time, institute suit in an action of debt in its own name, before any court of competent jurisdiction, for the amount of such tax due any such corporation on forfeited property, and prosecute the same to final judgment. The county board may also, at any time, institute suit in an action of debt in the name of the people of the State of Illinois in any court of competent jurisdiction, against any person, firm or corporation, for the recovery of any personal property tax due from such person, firm or corporation, and in any

such suit for the recovery of personal property tax, the return of the county collector that such taxes are delinquent, shall be prima facie evidence that such 19 taxes are due and unpaid, but the fact that such taxes are due and unpaid may be proven by other competent testimony. This act shall apply to all taxes heretofore levied against any person, firm or corporation, and now upon any assess-22 ment book or roll, and on the sale of any property following such judgment, on execution or otherwise, any such county, city, town, school district, or other 25 municipal corporation, interested in the collection of said tax, may become purchaser at such sale of either real or personal property, and if the property so sold is not redeemed (in case of real estate) may acquire, hold, sell and dispose of the title thereto, the same as individuals may do under the laws of this State, and, in any such suit or trial for forfeited taxes, the fact that real estate or personal property is assessed to a person, firm or corporation shall be prima facie evidence that such person, firm or corporation, was the owner thereof, and liable 31 for the taxes for the year or years for which the assessment was made, and such fact may be proved by the introduction in evidence of the proper assessment book or roll, or other competent proof.

- 1. Introduced by Mr. Callon, February 18, 1881, and ordered to first reading
- First reading February 16, 1881, and referred to Committee on Insurance.
 Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 25, 1881.

For an Act to regulate the liabilities of Fire Insurance Companies.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That in all suits brought upon policies of insurance against loss or damage by fire, hereafter issued or renewed, the defendant shall not be permitted to deny that the property insured thereby was worth at the time of the issuing of the policy the full amount insured therein on said property; and in case of a total loss of the property insured the measure of damages shall be the amount for which the same was insured, less whatever depreciation in value the property may have sustained, between the time of issuing the policy and the time of the loss; and the burden of proving such depreciation shall be upon the defendant. And in case of a partial loss the measure of damages shall be that proportion of the value of the whole property insured, ascertained in the manner hereinabove prescribed, which the part injured or destroyed bears to the whole property insured.

- \$ 2. When fire insurance policies shall be hereafter issued or renewed, by more than one company upon the same property, and suit shall be brought upon any of said policies, the defendant shall not be permitted to deny that the property insured was worth the aggregate of the several amounts for which it was insured at the time the last policy was issued or renewed thereon, unless
- 6 fraud is shown on the part of the insured in obtaining such additional
- 7 insurance. And in such suit the measure of damages shall be as provided in

- 8 Section one (1) of this act: Provided, that whatever depreciation in value may
- 9 be shown, as provided in Section one (1) of this act, shall be deducted from the
- 10 amount insured in each policy in the proportion which the amount insured in
- 11 each such policy bears to the aggregate of all the amounts so insured on such
- 12 property.

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bears to the whole property insured.

- 1. Introduced by Mr. Callon, February 16, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading February 16, 1881, and referred to Committee on Insurance.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 25, 1881.
- 4. March 9, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.

A BILL

For an Act to regulate the liabilities of Fire Insurance Companies.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That in all suits brought upon policies of insurance against loss or damage by fire, hereafter issued or renewed, the defendant shall not be permitted to deny that the property insured thereby was worth at the time of the issuing of the policy the full amount insured therein on said property; and in case of a total loss of the property insured, the measure of damages shall be the amount for which the same was insured, less whatever depreciation in value, below the amount for which the property is insured, the property may have sustained between the time of issuing the policy and the time of the loss; and the burden of proving such depreciation shall be upon the defendant. And in case of a partial loss the measure of damages shall be that proportion of the value of the whole property insured, ascertained in the manner hereinabove prescribed, which the part injured or destroyed

- § 2. When fire insurance policies shall be hereafter issued or renewed, by more than one
- s company upon the same property, and suit shall be brought upon any of said policies, the
- 3 defendant shall not be permitted to deny that the property insured was worth the aggregate
- 4 of the several amounts for which it was insured at the time the last policy was issued or
- 5 renewed thereon, unless fraud is shown on the part of the insured in obtaining such addi-
- 6 tional insurance. And in such suit the measure of damages shall be as provided in section
- 7 one (1) of this act: Provided, that whatever depreciation in value below the amount for

- 8 which the property is insured may be shown, as provided in section one (1) of this act, shall
- 9 be deducted from the amount insured in each policy in the proportion which the amount
- 10 insured in each such policy bears to the aggregate of all the amounts so insured on such
- li property.

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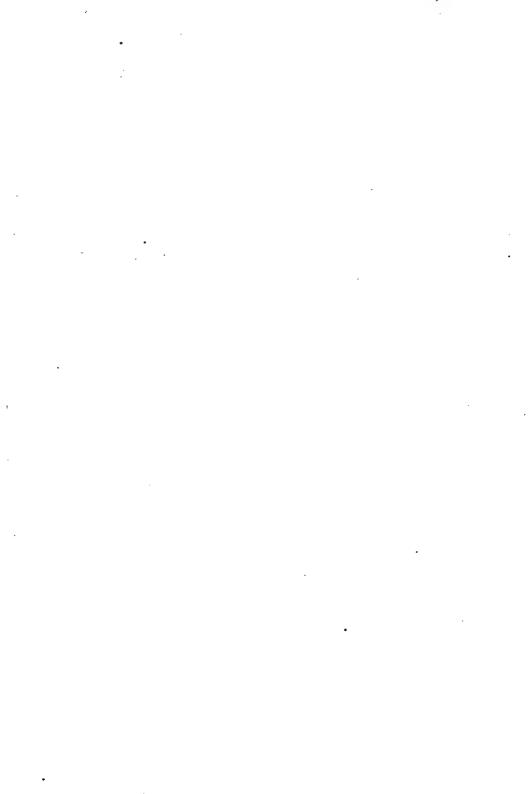
- Introduced by Mr. Sunderland, February 16, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading February 16, 1881, and referred to Committee on Fees and Salaries.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 3, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section fifty-five of "An act to provide for the election and qualification of Justices of the Peace and Constables, and to provide for the jurisdiction and practice of Justices of the Peace in civil cases and fix the duties of Constables, and to repeal certain acts therein named," approved April 1, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That section fifty-five of "An act to provide for the election and qualification of justices of the peace and constables, and to provide for the jurisdiction and practice of justices of the peace in civil cases and fix the duties constables, and to repeal certain acts therein named," approved April 1, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, be and the same is hereby so amended as to read as follows:

Section 55. Each witness so summoned shall be entitled to fifty cents per day for attending on each trial, and five cents per mile each way for the necessary travel in going to and from said trials, to be computed from the residence of such witness to the place of said trial to be taxed with other costs of suit, and paid when the judgment and costs are collected, but if more than two witnesses shall be sworn in any case to testify to one fact on the same side, the party requiring such extra witness, shall be at the whole expense of procuring the same, but no such fee shall be taxed by the justice unless claimed by the witness



- Introduced by Mr. Sunderland, February 16, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading February 16, 1881, and referred to Committee on Fees and Salaries.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 8, 1881.
- 4. March 16, 1881, second reading, amended and ordered to third reading.

For an Act to amend Section fifty-five of "An act to provide for the election and qualification of Justices of the Peace and Constables, and to provide for the jurisdiction and practice of Justices of the Peace in civil cases and fix the duties of Constables, and to repeal certain acts therein named," approved April 1, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

- 2 General Assembly. That section fifty-five of "An act to provide for the election
- 3 and qualification of justices of the peace and constables, and to provide for the
- 4 jurisdiction and practice of justices of the peace in civil cases and fix the duties
- 5 [of] constables, and to repeal certain acts therein named," approved April 1,
- 6 1872, in force July 1, 1872, be and the same is hereby so amended as to read as
- 7 follows:
- 8 Section 55. Each witness so summoned shall be entitled to fifty cents per day
- 9 for attending on each trial, and five cents per mile each way for the necessary
- 10 travel in going to and from said trials, to be computed from the residence of
- 11 such witness to the place of said trial to be taxed with other costs of suit.
- 12 and paid when the judgment and costs are collected, but if more than two
- 13 witnesses shall be sworn in any case to testify to one fact on the same side,

- 14 the party requiring such extra witness, shall be at the whole expense of pro-
- 15 curing the same, but no such fee shall be taxed by the justice unless claimed
- 16 by the witness attending, and the justice may, in his discretion, require the
- 17 witness to make oath to the correctness of his claim.

Reported to House March 30, 1881.

 First reading April 9, 1881, and referred to Committee on Fees and Salaries.

 Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading April 25, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section fifty-five of "An Act to provide for the Election and Qualification of Justices of the Peace and Constables, and to provide for the Jurisdiction and Practice of Justices of the Peace in Civil Cases, and fix the Duties of Constables, and to repeal certain acts therein named," approved April 1, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

- 2 General Assembly, That section fifty-five of "An act to provide for the election
- 3 and qualification of justices of the peace and constables, and to provide for the
- 4 jurisdiction and practice of justices of the peace in civil cases, and fix the
- 5 duties of constables, and to repeal certain acts therein named," approved April
- 6 1, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as
- 7 follows:
- 8 Section 55. Each witness so summoned shall be entitled to fifty cents per
- 9 day for attending on each trial, and five cents per mile each way for the neces-
- 10 sary travel in going to and from said trials, to be computed from the residence of
- 11 such witness to the place of said trial, to be taxed with other costs of suit, and
- 12 paid when the judgment and costs are collected, but if more than two witnesses
- 13 shall be sworn in any case to testify to one fact on the same side, the parties

- 14 requiring such extra witness shall be at the whole expense of procuring the
- 15 same, but no such fee shall be taxed by the justice, unless claimed by the
- 16 witness attending. And the justice may, in his discretion, require the witness
- 17 to make oath to the correctness of his claim.

- Introduced by Mr. Ford, February 16, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading February 16, 1881, and referred to Committee on Roads, Highways and Bridges.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 17, 1881.

For an Act to amend an act entitled "An act to enable cities and villages to build. acquire and maintain Bridges and Ferries outside of their corporate limits and to control the same," approved and in force May 5, 1879.

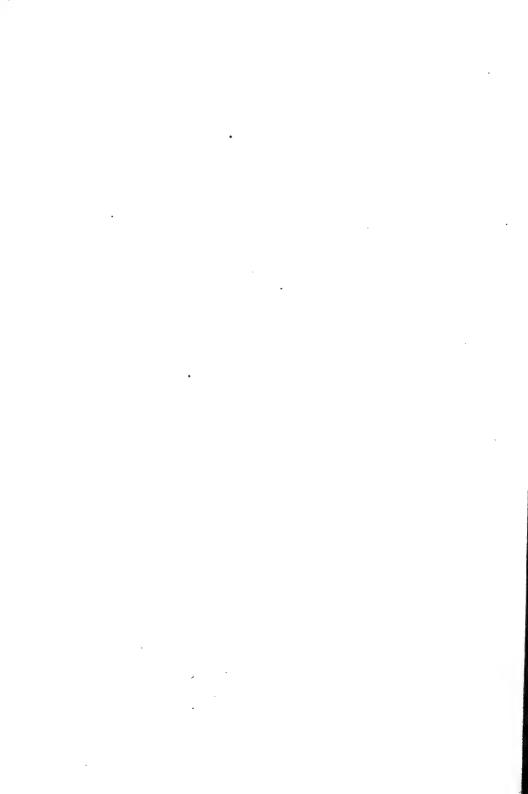
- General Assembly, That Section one (1) of said entitled act be and is hereby
- amended so as to read as follows:
- That it shall be lawful for any city or village within this State to build or
- acquire, by purchase, lease or gift, and to maintain ferries and bridges and
- approaches thereto, not exceeding four acres of land, for each ferry or bridge
- within the corporate limits, or at any point within five miles of the corporate
- limits of such city or village. That all such ferries and bridges shall be free to
- the public, and no toll shall ever be collected by any such city or village
- authority: Provided, that when any city or village has become or is the
- owner of any toll bridges or ferries, and is keeping up and maintaining the
- same by authority of law, all ownership and rights vested in such city or
- village shall continue in and be held and exercised by them, and they may from
- 14 time to time fix the rates of toll on such bridges and ferries.

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- Introduced by Mr. Ford, February 16, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 16, 1881, and referred to Committee on Roads, Highways and Bridges.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 17, 1881.
- 4. February 25, 1881, second reading, amended, ordered to third reading.

For an Act to amend Section one of an act entitled "An Act to enable cities, and villages to build, acquire and maintain Bridges and Ferries outside of their corporate limits, and to control the same," approved and in force May 5, 1879.

- 2 General Assembly. That section one (1) of an act entitled "An act to enable
- 3 cities and villages to build, acquire and maintain bridges and ferries outside of
- 4 their corporate limits, and control the same," approved May 5, 1879, be and is
- 5 hereby amended so as to read as follows:
- 6 Section 1. That it shall be lawful for any city or village within this State to
- 7 build or acquire, by purchase, lease or gift, and to maintain ferries and bridges and
- 8 approaches thereto, not exceeding four acres of land, for each ferry or bridge
- 9 within the corporate limits, or at any point within five miles of the corporate
- 10 limits of such city or village. That all such ferries and bridges shall be free to
- 11 the public, and no toll shall ever be collected by any such city or village
- 12 authority: Provided, that when any city or village has become or is the owner
- 13 of any toll bridges or ferries, and is keeping up and maintaing the same by
- 14 authority of law, all ownership and rights vested in such city or village shall
- 15 continue in and be held and exercised by them, and they may from time to time
- 16 fix the rates of toll on such bridges and ferries.



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1. Introduced by Mr. Ford, February 18, 1881, and ordered to first reading.

 First reading February 16, 1881, and referred to Committee on Roads, Highways and Bridges.

 Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 17, 1881.

4. February 25, 1881, second reading, amended, ordered to third reading.

5. March 11, 1881, referred to special committee.

6. March 16, 1881, reported back with amendment, passage recommended.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section one of an act entitled "An act to enable Cities and Villages to build, acquire and maintain Bridges and Ferries outside of their corporate limits, and to control the same," approved and in force May 5, 1879.

- 2 General Assembly, That section one (1) of an act entitled "An act to enable cities and
- 3 villages to build, acquire and maintain bridges and ferries outside of the corporate limits
- 4 and control the same," approved May 5, 1879, be and the same is hereby amended so as to
- 5 read as follows:
- 6 Section 1. That it shall be lawful for any city or village within this State to build or
- 7 acquire, by purchase, lease or gift, and to maintain farries and bridges, and approaches
- 8 thereto, not exceeding four acres of land, for each ferry or bridge within the corporate limits,
- 9 or at any point within five miles of the corporate limits of such city or village. That all
- 10 such ferries and bridges shall be free to the public, and no toll shall ever be collected by any
- 11 such city or village authority: Provided, that when any city or village has become or is
- 12 the owner of any toll bridges or ferries, and is keeping up and maintaining the same by
- 13 authority of law, all ownership and rights vested in such city or village shall continue in and
- 14 be held and exercised by them, and they may from time to time fix the rates of toll on such
- 15 bridges and ferries.

AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL NO. 255, REPORTED FROM SPECIAL COMMITTEE MARCH 16, 1881.

And, provided, further, that in all cases where a bridge shall hereafter be
be built or a ferry acquired across a navigable stream, by any city or village, in whole or
in part, where the population of such city or village furnishing the principal part of the
expenses thereof, shall not exceed five thousand inhabitants, and where it is necessary to
maintain a draw and lights, and a debt shall be incurred by such city or village for such purpose, then a reasonable toll may be collected by the city or village contracting such indebtedness, to be set apart and appropriated to the payment of such indebtedness, interest thereon
and the expenses of keeping such bridge in repair, and of maintaining, opening and closing
the proper draws therefor, and lights; or in case of a ferry, of keeping the approaches and

boat in repair and operating the same.

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1. Introduced by Mr. Ford, February 16, 1881, and ordered to first reading.

 First reading February 16, 881, and referred to Committee on Roads, Highways and Bridges.

 Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 17, 1881.

February 25, 1881, second reading, amended, ordered to third reading.

5. March 11, 1881, referred to special committee.

6. March 16, 1881, reported back with amendment, passage recommended.

March 26, 1881, amended, and ordered to third reading.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section one of an act entitled "An Act to enable Cities and Villages to build, acquire and maintain Bridges and Ferries outside of their corporate limits, and to control the same," approved and in force May 5, 1879.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

2 General Assembly, That section one (1) of an act entitled "An act to enable cities and

3 villages to build, acquire and maintain bridges and ferries outside of the corporate limits,

4 and control the same." approved May 5, 1879, be and the same is hereby amended so as to

read as follows:

6 Section 1. That it shall be lawful for any city or village within this State to build or

acquire, by purchase, lease or gift, and to maintain, ferries and bridges, and approaches

3 thereto, not exceeding four acres of land for each ferry or bridge within the corporate limits,

9 or at any point within five miles of the corporate limits of such city or village. That aff

o such ferries and bridges shall be tree to the public, and no toll shall ever be collected by any

11 such city or village authority: Provided, that when any city or village has become or is

2 the owner of any toll bridges or ferries, and is keeping up and maintaining the same by

13 authority of law, all ownership and rights vested in such city or village shall continue in and

4 be held and exercised by them, and they may from time to time fix the rates of toll on such

15 bridges and ferries: And, provided, further, that in all cases where a bridge shall hereafter

16 be built or a ferry acquired across a navigable stream by any city or village, in whole or

in part, where the population of such city or village furnishing the principal part of the expenses thereof shall not exceed five thousand inhabitants, and where it is necessary to maintain a draw and lights, and a debt shall be incurred by such city or village for such purpose, then a reasonable toll may be collected by the city or village contracting such indebtedness, to be set apart and appropriated to the payment of such indebtedness, interest thereon and the expenses of keeping such bridge in repair, and of maintaining, opening and closing the proper draws therefor, and lights; or in case of a ferry, of keeping the approaches and

24 boat in repair and operating the same.

Reported to House April 9, 1881.

 First reading April 9, 1381, and referred to Committee on Roads, Highways and Bridges.

 Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading April 15, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section one of an act entitled "An Act to enable Cities and Villages to build, acquire and maintain Bridges and Ferries outside of their corporate limits, and to control the same," approved and in force May 5, 1879.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That section one (1) of an act entitled "An act to enable cities and villages to build, acquire and maintain bridges and ferries outside of their corporate limits, and control the same," approved May 5, 1879, be and is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1. That it shall be lawful for any city or village within this State to build or acquire, by purchase, lease or gift, and to maintain ferries and bridges and approaches thereto, not exceeding four acres of land for each ferry or bridge within the corporate limits, or at any point within five miles of the corporate limits of such city or village; that all such ferries and bridges shall be free to the public, and no toll shall ever be collected by any such city or village authority: Provided, that when any city or village has become or is the owner of any toll bridges or ferries, and is keeping up and maintaining the same by authority of law, all ownership and rights vested in such city or village shall continue in and be held and exercised by them, and they may from time

16 to time, fix the rates of toll on such bridges and ferries; And provided.

further, that in all cases where a bridge shall hereafter be built, or a ferry acquired across a navigable stream, by any city or village, in whole or in part, where the population of such city or village furnishing the principal part of the expenses thereof shall not exceed five thousand inhabitants, and where it is necessary to maintain a draw and lights, and a debt shall be incurred by such city or village for such purpose, then a reasonable toll may be collected by the city or village contracting such indebtedness, to be set apart and appropriated to the payment of such indebtedness, interest thereon and the expenses of keeping such bridge in repair, and of maintaining, opening and closing the proper draws therefor, and lights; or, in case of a ferry, of keeping the approaches and boat in repair and operating the same.

- Introduced by Mr. Artley, February 16, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 16, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipali-
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 16, 1881.

For an Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to revise the law in relation to Township Organization," approved and in force March 4, 1874.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

General Assembly. That section 12, of article 3, of the law in relation to township organization be amended so as to read as follows: Section 12. The county board of each county shall have full power and juris. diction to unite two or more contiguous towns into one: but no such town shall be united except in the following manner, that is to say: Whenever one-fourth of the voters in each of the towns, or in case the whole number of voters in each of said towns amounts to more than four thousand, then whenever not less than one thousand of the voters in each of the towns sought to be united shall 10 petition the county board to unite such towns, said county board shall cause to be submitted to the voters of said towns, at the general annual election to be holden in each of such towns, the question of uniting. Notice of such election shall be given by causing written or printed notices thereof to be posted in five public places in each of said towns, at least twenty days before such election. and by publishing the same in at least one newspaper (if any there be published) in each of said towns, or a newspaper published in said county. The ballots cast at such elections to be written or printed, or partly written and partly printed, "For uniting," or "Against uniting," to be canvassed in like manner as

votes for county officers, and returned to the county board, who shall cause the

votes to be canvassed; and if a majority of voters of each town voting at such election shall vote for uniting such towns, such county board, at the meeting at 21 22 which such vote is canvassed, or at the next succeeding meeting, shall proceed to declare such towns united, and give the united towns a name, and define the boundaries thereof: Provided, that the officers of each of such towns shall con-24 tinge to hold their respective offices and discharge the duties thereof during the 25 26 remainder of the term for which they were respectively elected: And, provided, 27 that the commissioners of highways for each of said towns in office at the time of said union shall continue in and discharge the duties of their respective 28 offices during the remainder of the terms for which they were elected, and in 29 the discharge of their duties shall act in conjunction: And. provided, further, that the union of such towns shall not be complete until the expiration of the 31 terms of all officers in said towns who are elected to serve for the period of one 33 year.

Introduced by Mr. Fuller, February 17, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 17, 1881, and referred to Committee on Railroads.

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A BILL -

For an Act in relation to terminal charges by Railroad Companies and Corporations.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That it shall be unlawful for any railroad company or corporation, owning or operating any railroad in this State, to ask, charge or receive in addition to the regular freight charges on any car load of grain in bulk any sum or amount of money for any terminal charge, trackage, trackservice, switching, holding out for reinspection, demurage, use of cars, or other terminal charge of any kind, where the freight is delivered or received within twenty-four hours after notice of its arrival upon the delivery track, or at some convenient place for unloading or delivering, and within twenty-four hours after the same has been properly inspected, if such freight shall be of the kind requiring inspection. And after the expiration of that first twenty-four hours 11 after the same has been properly inspected, and after notice of its arrival upon 12 the delivery track, or at a convenient place for unloading or delivery, such rail-1:3 road company or corporation shall not have the right to ask, charge or receive a 14 greater charge than two dollars per day for each car remaining longer than 15 twenty-four hours upon track, without the fault of the railroad company or corporation, which charge shall be in full for track-service, switching, holding 17 out for reinspection, demurage and all other terminal charges.

§ 2. Any railroad company or corporation, violating any of the provisions of 2 this act, shall forfeit and pay, for the first offense a sum not less than one

- 3 thousand dollars and not exceeding five thousand dollars; for the second and
- 4 each subsequent offense a sum not less than five thousand, nor more than ten
- 5 thousand dollars, and reasonable attorneys fees to be fixed by the court. And
- 3 any person may prosecute for any such violation in thenameof the People of the
- 7 State of Illinois, and upon conviction the person prosecuting shall have one-half
- 8 the penalty recovered, and the balance shall be paid into the county treasury
- 9 of the county where the suit is instituted.
 - § 8. Prosecutions under this act may be by any appropriate action in any
- 2 county of this State, where service may be had upon the railroad company or
- 8 corporation against which the suit is brought.

- Introduced by Mr. Fuller, February 17, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 17, 1881, and referred to Committee on Railroads.
- 3. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading, March 10, 1831.
- 4. March 24, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.

For an Act in relation to terminal charges by Railroad Companies and Corporations.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly, That it shall be unlawful for any railroad company or corporation, owning or operating any railroad in this State, to ask, charge or receive in addition to the regular freight charges on any car load of grain, in bulk, any sum or amount of money for any terminal charge, trackage, trackservice, switching, holding out for re-inspection, demurrage, use of cars, or other terminal charge of any kind, where the freight is delivered or received within twenty-four hours after notice of its arrival upon the delivery track, or at some convenient place for unloading or delivering, and within twenty-four hours after the same has been properly inspected, if such freight shall be of the kind requiring inspection. And after the expiration of that first twenty-four hours after the same has been properly inspected, and after notice of its arrival upon the delivery track, or at a convenient place for unloading or delivery, such railroad company or corporation shall not have the right to ask, charge or receive a greater charge than two dollars per day for each car remaining longer than 16 twenty-four hours upon track without the fault of the railroad company or 17 corporation, which charge shall be in full for track-service, switching, holding 18 out for re-inspection, demurrage and all other terminal charges: Provided, if such 19 car shall remain upon track without being unloaded for forty-eight hours or longer, after notice of its arrival upon the delivery track, then for the time such

- 21 car shall remain upon track beyond forty-eight hours, such railroad company
 22 shall be entitled to make a demurrage charge of not exceeding five dollars per
 23 day.
 - § 2. Any railroad company or corporation violating any of the provisions of
 - 2 this act, shall forfeit and pay, for the first offense, a sum not less than one
- 3 thousand dollars and not exceeding five thousand dollars; for the second and
- 4 each subsequent offense, a sum not less than five thousand nor more than ten
- 5 thousand dollars, and reasonable attorneys fees, to be fixed by the court. And
- 6 any person may prosecute for any such violation in the name of the People of the
- 7 State of Illinois, and upon conviction the person prosecuting shall have one-half
- 8 the penalty recovered, and the balance shall be paid into the county treasury
- 9 of the county where the suit is instituted.
- § 3. Prosecutions under this act may be by any appropriate action in any
- 2 county of this State, where service may be had upon the railroad company or
- 8 corporation against which the suit is brought

(Substitute for No. 199.)

- Introduced by Appropriation Committee, February 18, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading February 18, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

A BILL

For an Act to make an appropriation to erect a Monument, at Chester. Illinois, over the grave of Shadrach Bond, the first Governor of Illinois.

- 2 General Assembly. That the sum of fifteen hundred dollars be and the same is
- 3 hereby appropriated for the purpose of erecting a monument at Chester,
- Illinois, over the grave of Shadrach, Bond, the first Governor of the State, and
- 5 for the purpose of erecting a suitable enclosure therefor.
- \$ 2. The Governor shall appoint two commissioners, who shall serve without
- 2 compensation, under whose direction the work provided for in Section one of
- 3 this act shall be performed.
 - § 3. The Auditor of Public Accounts shall draw his warrant for all or any
- 2 part of the sum hereby appropriated, upon the certificate of the said commis-
- 3 sioners, approved by the Governor.



- Reported to House, March 3, 1881.
- First reading March 21, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.
- Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading.

For an Act to make an appropriation to erect a monument at Chester, Illinois, over the grave of Shadrach Bond, the first Governor of Illinois.

- 2 General Assembly, That the sum of fifteen hundred dollars be and the same is
- 3 hereby appropriated for the purpose of erecting a monument at Chester, Illinois,
- 4 over the grave of Shadrach Bond, the first Governor of the State, and for the
- 5 purpose of erecting a suitable enclosure therefor.
 - § 2. The Governor shall appoint two commissioners, who shall serve without
- 2 compensation, under whose direction the work provided for in section one of
- 3 this act shall be performed.
 - § 3. The Auditor of Public Accounts shall draw his warrant for all, or any
- 2 part, of the sum hereby appropriated, upon the certificate of the said commis-
- 3 sioners, approved by the Governor.

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- 1. Introduced by Mr. Ford, February 18, 1881, and ordered to first reading. 2. First reading February 18, 1881, and referred to Committee on Finance.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 1, 1881.

For an Act to make the tax on gross earnings of the Illinois Central Railroad available for payment of the ordinary expenses of the State Government, and to make an appropriation for paying the balance of the State debt from the general revenue fund.

Whereas, the Constitution of this State provides that all moneys delivered

- 2 from the Illinois Central Railroad Company, after the payment of the State
- 3 debt, shall be appropriated and set apart for the payment of the ordinary
- 4 expenses of the State government, and for no other purpose whatever;
- 5 AND, WHEREAS, the bonded debt of the State has been called in for payment
- 6 and has been paid, except the principal and accrued interest on twenty-three
- 7 thousand six hundred (\$23,600) dollars of bonds, which have ceased to draw
- 8 interest, but which have not been presented for payment; therefore,

- 2 General Assembly, That the sum of one hundred and thirty-four thousand seven
- 3 hundred and eight dollars and seventy-one cents (\$184,708.71), being the balance
- 4 of the Illinois Central Railroad fund now in the Treasury, be transferred on
- 5 the warrant of the Auditor of Public Accounts to the general revenue fund,
- 6 and hereafter all payments to the State of tax on gross earnings of the Illinois
- 7 Central Railroad shall be credited to the general revenue fund.
 - § 2. The sum of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000), or so much thereof as
- 2 may be necessary, is hereby appropriated from the general revenue fund, for

- 8 the payment of the principal of and interest on the outstanding State debt, and
- 4 the Auditor shall issue his warrant therefor upon the proper evidence of the
- 5 payment of the bonds and interest, approved by the Governor.
 - § 3. Whereas, the Illinois Central Railroad fund, now in the Treasury, is
- ? needed in the general revenue fund to pay appropriations made by this Gen-
- 8 eral Assembly, therefore an emergency exists, and this act shall take effect
- 4 and be in force from and after its passage.

Reported to House March 18, 1881.

2. First reading March 21, 1881, and referred to Committee on Revenue.

 Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading March 24, 1881.

A BILL

or an Act to make the Tax on Gross Earnings of the Illinois Central Railroad available for payment of the ordinary expenses of the State Government, and to make an appropriation for paying the balance of the State Debt from the General Revenue Fund.

Whereas, the constitution of this State provides that all moneys derived

- 2 from the Illinois Central Railroad Company, after the payment of the State
- 3 debt, shall be appropriated and set apart for the payment of the ordinary
- 4 expenses of the State government, and for no other purpose whatever:
- 5 And whereas, the bonded debt of the State has been called in for payment
- 6 and has been paid, except the principal and accrued interest on twenty-three
- 7 thousand, six hundred (\$23,600) dollars of bonds, which have ceased to draw
- 8 interest, but which have not been presented for payment; therefore,

- 2 General Assembly, That the sum of one hundred and thirty-four thousand,
- 3 seven hundred and eight dollars and seventy-one cents (\$134,708,71), being the
- 4 balance of the Illinois Central Railroad fund now in the Treasury, be trans-
- 5 ferred on the warrant of the Auditor of Public Accounts to the general revenue
- 6 fund, and hereafter all payments to the State of tax on gross earnings of the
- 7 Illinois Central Railroad shall be credited to the general revenue fund.
 - \$ 2. The sum of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000), or so much thereof as
- 2 may be necessary is hereby appropriated from the general revenue fund, for

- 8 the payment of the principal of, and the interest on, the outstanding State
- 4 debt, and the Auditor shall issue his warrant therefor upon the proper evidence
- 5 of the payment of the bonds and interest, approved by the Governor.
 - § 3. Whereas, the Illinois Central Railroad fund, now in the Treasury, is
- 2 needed in the general revenue fund to pay appropriations made by this
- 8 General Assembly, therefore, an emergency exists, and this act shall take effect
- 4 and he in force from and after its passage

- 7 for each offense, by a fine of not less than \$50 nor more than \$500, or by
- 8 imprisonment in the county jail of not more than thirty days, or both, in the
- 9 discretion of the court before which such conviction is had.

AMENDMENT REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON COUNTIES AND TOWNSHIP ORGANIZATION FEBRUARY 28, 1881.

Amended by inserting the words "or township" between the words "county"

2 and "matter" on (written) line 9 of section 1.

- Introduced by Mr. Torrance, February 18, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading February 18, 1881, and referred to Committee on Counties and Township Organization.
- Reported back with amendment, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 26, 1881.

For an Act to grant power to County Boards to compel the attendance of witnesses, and require them to produce books, papers and documents.

2 General Assembly, That the board of supervisors in counties under township organization, and the board of commissioners in counties not under township organization, and the board of commissioners of Cook county, or any committee of said boards, for the purpose of obtaining any information in relation to county matters, by them deemed necessary, shall have power to issue subpense for the attendance of witnesses, and require them to produce any books, papers

- 8 and documents they may have in their possession or control, and to administer
 9 oaths to such persons; such subpense to be signed by the chairman of the
- 0 board, or the chairman of any committee, before whom the attendance of such
- 11 witnesses are desired, and said chairman shall have power to administer the
- 12 oaths herein required.
 - § 2. Any person who shall wilfully neglect or refuse to obey the process of
- 2 subpens issued by said boards or committees thereof, and appear and testify as
- 3 therein required, or shall fail to produce any books, papers or documents they
- 4 may have in their possession or control, when required by such subpena, shall
- 5 be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be liable to an indictment in any
- 6 court of competent jurisdiction, and, on conviction thereof, shall be punished

- Introduced by Mr. Clark, February 18, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading February 18, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary. Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 25, 1881.

For an Act to amend Sections four, eight, eighteen and nineteen and to repeal Sections sixteen and twenty-one of an act entitled "An act concerning Corporations," approved April 18, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That Sections four, eight, eighteen and nineteen of an act

entitled "An act concerning corporations," approved April 18, 1872, in force July 1. 1872, be amended so as to read as follows: Section 4. The commissioners shall make a full report of their proceedings, including therein a copy of the notice provided for in the foregoing Section, a copy of the subscription list, and the names of the directors or managers elected and their respective terms of office, to which report shall be appended an affidavit of at least a majority of the commissioners that such report is true in substance and in fact, and that they verily believe that each subscriber to the 10 capital stock of such proposed corporation is able to pay the amount of his 11 subscription, and that he or she is the owner of unincumbered property to an amount equal to, or greater than, the amount by him or her so subscribed, above 13 the amount allowed to him or her under the exemption laws of this State, which 14 report and affidavit shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of State. The Secretary of State shall thereupon issue a certificate of the complete organization of the corporation, making a part thereof a copy of all papers filed in his 17

office in and about the organization of the corporation, and duly authenticated

under his hand and seal of State, and the same shall be recorded in a book for that purpose, in the office of the recorder of deeds of the county where the 20 principal office of such company is located. Upon the recording of such copy 21 22 the corporation shall be deemed fully organized and may proceed to business. Unless such company shall be organized and actually engage in the business for 23 which organized, within one year after the date of such license, then such 24 license shall be deemed revoked and all proceedings thereunder void. 25 Section 8. Every assignment or transfer of stocks shall be recorded in the 26 27

office of the recorder of deeds of the county in which the principal office of such corporation is located, and each stockholder shall be liable for all the debts of the corporation which may be contracted after the taking effect of this amendment, and while he or she is the holder or owner of any of the stock of 30 such corporation, and every assignor of any such stock shall be liable for all debts of such corporation contracted after the taking effect of this amendment 32 and existing at the time of recording the assignment or transfer of stock as herein provided for.

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35 Section 18. If any person or persons being or pretending to be an officer or agent, or board of directors, or managers, of any stock corporation, or pretended 36 stock corporation, shall assume to exercise corporate powers, or use the name of 37 any such corporation or pretended corporation without complying with the 38 39 provisions of this act, before all stock named in the articles of incorporation 40 shall be subscribed in good faith, and before the certificate of the Secretary of State is recorded, as hereinbefore provided for, such person or persons may be 41 fined in any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, or imprisoned in the 42 county jail not exceeding six months, or both, in the discretion of the court, 43

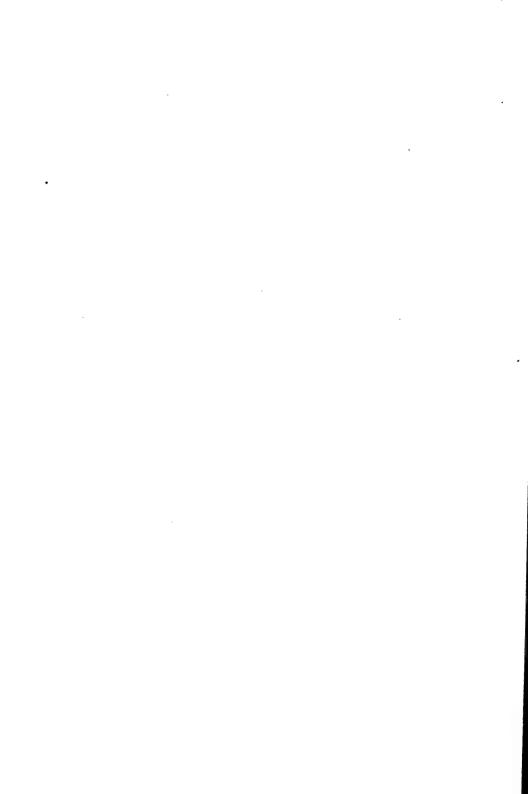
Section 19. If the directors, managers, or other officers or agents of any stock 44 corporation, shall declare and pay any dividend, or make any distribution of the 45 money, property or assets of the corporation of any kind among the stock-46 holders, when such corporation is insolvent, or shall knowingly make any 47 48 written or printed false statement of the condition of such corporation, such person or persons may be fined in any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, 49)

- 50 or imprisoned in the county jail not exceeding six months, or both, in the
- 51 discretion of the court.
 - § 2. Sections sixteen and twenty-one of said act are hereby repealed.

AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY THE COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY, REPORTED FEBRUARY 25, 1881.

After the word "debts," in (written) line 8 of the proposed Section 8, insert the 2 words, "or liabilities."

- 3 After the word "persons," in the sixteenth (written) line of the proposed
- 4 Section 18, insert the words following: "shall be jointly and severally liable for all
- 5 the debts and liabilities of such corporation or pretended corporation and"



- Introduced by Mr. Clark, February 18, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 18, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
 Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 25, 1881.

 March 3, second reading, amended, made special order for March 4, 1881.

 March 10, 1881, ordered to third reading.

For an Act to amend Sections four, eight, eighteen and nineteen of an act entitled "An act concerning Corporations," approved April 18, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

General Assembly. That sections four, eight, eighteen and nineteen of an act entitled "An act concerning corporations," approved April 18, 1872, in force July 1. 1872, be amended so as to read as follows: Section 4. The commissioners shall make a full report of their proceedings, including therein a copy of the notice provided for in the foregoing section, a copy of the subscription list, and the names of the directors or managers elected and their respective terms of office, to which report shall be appended an affidavit of at least a majority of the commissioners and of the subscribers representing a majority of the capital stock, that such report is true in sub-10 stance and in fact, and that they verily believe that each subscriber to the capital stock of such proposed corporation is able to pay the amount of his subscription, and that he or she is the owner of unincumbered property to an amount equal to, or greater than, the amount by him or her so subscribed, above the amount allowed to him or her under the exemption laws of this State, which report and affidavit shall be filed in the office of the 17 Secretary of State. The Secretary of State shall thereupon issue a certificate 18 of the complete organization of the corporation, making a part thereof a copy

of all papers filed in his office in and about the organization of the corpora-

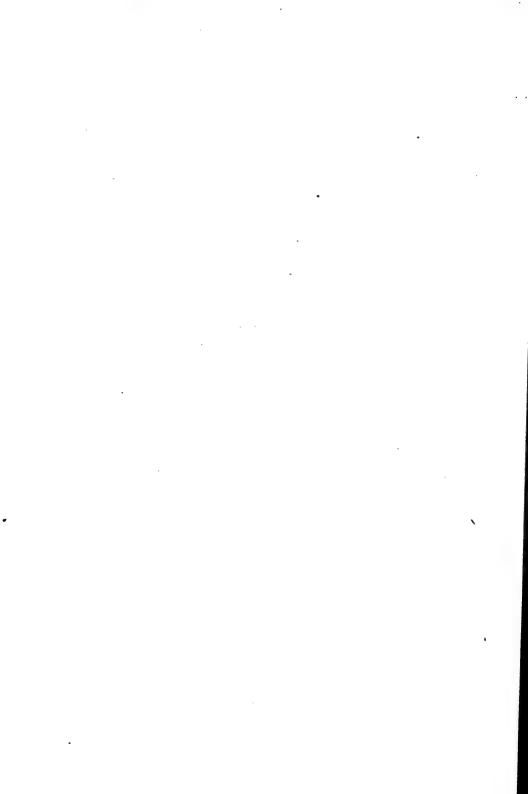
tion, and duly authenticated under his hand and seal of State, and the same shall be recorded in a book for that purpose, in the office of the recorder of 21 deeds of the county where the principal office of such company is located 22 23 Upon the recording of such copy the corporation shall be deemed fully 24 organized and may proceed to business. Unless such company shall be organ-25 ized and actually engage in the business for which organized, within one year after the date of such license, then such license shall be deemed revoked and 26 27 all proceedings thereunder void. 28 Section 8. Every assignment or transfer of stocks shall be recorded in the office of the recorder of deeds of the county in which the principal office of 29 30 such corporation is located, and each stockholder shall be liable for all the debts or liabilities of the corporation which may be contracted after the 31 taking effect of this amendment, and while he or she is the holder or owner 82 of any of the stock of such corporation, and every assignor of any such stock 88 shall be liable for all debts of such corporation contracted after the taking 34 effect of this amendment and existing at the time of recording the assign-35 ment or transfer of stock as herein provided for. Whenever any action is 86 brought to recover any indebtedness against the corporation, it shall be com-37 petent to proceed against any one or more of the stockholders at the same 38 time, for the recovery of such indebtedness. 39 40 Section 18. If any person or persons being or pretending to be an officer or agent, or board of directors, or managers, of any stock corporation, or 41 pretended stock corporation, shall assume to exercise corporate powers, or use 48 the name of any such corporation or pretended corporation without complying with the provisions of this act, before all stock named in the articles of incor-44 poration shall be subscribed in good faith, and before the certificate of the Secretary of State is recorded, as hereinbefore provided for, such person or persons shall be jointly and severally liable for all the debts and liabilities 47 of such corporation or pretended corporation, and may be fined in any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail not

exceeding six months, or both, in the discretion of the court.

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Section 19. If the directors, managers, or other officers or agents of any stock corporation, shall declare and pay any dividend, or make any distribution of the money, property or assets of the corporation of any kind among the stockholders, when such corporation is insolvent, or shall knowingly make any written or printed false statement of the condition of such corporation, such person or persons may be fined in any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail not exceeding six months, or both, in the discretion of the court.

. 4.



- Introduced by Mr. Fifer, February 23, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading February 23, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary. Reported back with an amendment, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 4, 1881.

For an Act to amend Section forty-one (41) of Chapter 120 of the Revised Statutes. said Chapter 120 being an act entitled "An act for the Assessment of Property and the Levy and Collection of Taxes.

[Section 1.] Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That section forty-one (41) of an act entitled "An act for the assessment of property and the levy and collection of taxes," in force July 1. 1872, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows: 5 Section 41. They shall in the month of May, of the year eighteen hundred and seventy-three, and at the same time in each year thereafter, when required, make out and file with the county clerks of the respective counties in which the railroad may be located, a statement or schedule showing the property held for right of way, and the length of the main and all side and second tracks and turnouts in such county, and in each city, town and village in the county, through or into which the road may run, and describing each tract of land, 11 other than a city, town or village lot, through which the road may run, in 12 13 accordance with the United States surveys, giving the width and the length of the strip of land, held in each tract, and the number of acres thereof: Provided, that in no case shall the "right of way" or "railroad track," as used in this act, be construed to mean more than the strip on which the main track is

located, not exceeding ten feet in width for single track railroads and twenty feet in width for double track railroads, in incorporated cities, towns and

19 villages, and no greater width shall be assessed by the State Board of Equalization within such incorporated cities, towns and villages as "railroad track"; and the residue of the real estate in such incorporated cities, towns and villages, beyond such width of ten feet for single track railroads and twenty feet for double track railroads, shall be properly platted and held as "lands" and "lots" other than "railroad track" and assessed by the local assessors as other 24 similar property belonging to individuals. They shall also state the value of improvements and stations located on the right of way. New companies shall make such statements in May next after location of their roads. When such statement shall have once been made, it shall not be necessary to report the description as hereinbefore required, unless directed so to do by the county board; but the company shall, during the month of May, annually, report the value of such property by the description set forth in the next section of this act, and note all additions or changes in such right of way as shall have 88 occurred.

AMENDMENT REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY, MARCH 4, 1881.

Amend by striking out the words "seventy-three" in second line of section

9 41, written bill, and inserting the words "eighty-two."

- 1. Introduced by Mr. Fifer. February 23, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading February 23, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
 Reported back with an amendment, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 4, 1881.
- 4. March 11, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.

For an Act to amend Section forty-one (41) of Chapter 120 of the Revised Statutes, said Chapter 120 being an act entitled "An act for the Assessment of Property and the Levy and Collection of Taxes."

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That section forty-one (41) of an act entitled "An act for the assessment of property and the levy and collected of taxes." in force July 1. 1872, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows: 5 Section 41. They shall in the month of May, of the year eighteen hundred and eighty-two, and at the same time in each year thereafter, when required, make out and file with the county clerks of the respective counties in which the railroad may be located, a statement or schedule showing the property held for right of way, and the length of the main and all side and second tracks and turnouts in such county, and in each city, town and village in the county, through or into which the road may run, and describing each tract of land, other than a city, town or village lot, through which the road may run, in accordance with the United State surveys, giving the width and the length of the strip of land, held in each tract, and the number of acres thereof: Provided, that in no case shall the "right of way" or "railroad track," as used in this 16 act, be construed to mean more than the strip on which the main track is located, not exceeding ten feet in width for single track railroads and twenty

feet in width for double track railroads, in incorporated cities, towns and

villages, and no greater width shall be assessed by the State Board of Equalization within such incorporated cities, towns and villages as "railroad track:" and the residue of the real estate in such incorporated cities, towns and 99 villages, beyond such width of ten feet for single track railroads and twenty 28 feet for double track railroads, shall be properly platted and held as "lands' and "lots" other than "railroad track" and assessed by the local assessors as other similar property belonging to individuals. They shall also state the 25 26 value of improvements and stations located on the right of way. New companies shall make such statements in May next after location of their roads. 27 When such statement shall have once been made, it shall not be necessary 28 to report the description as hereinbefore required, unless directed so to do by the county board; but the company shall, during the month of May, annually, report the value of such property by the description set forth in the next section of this act, and note all additions or changes in such right of way as shall have occurred.

- Introduced by Mr. Fifer, February 23, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 23, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
 Reported back with an autonoment, passage recommended, and ordered to
 second reading March 4, 1881.

 March 13, 1884, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.
 March 22, 1881, recommitted to Committee on Judiciary.

 March 23, 1881, recommitted back with amendment R.

March 33, 1881, reported back with amendment, and passage recommended.

A BILL

For an Act to smend Section forty-one (41) of Chapter 120, of the Heyland Statutes. said Charter 120 being an act entitled "An not for the Assessment of Property and the Levy and Collection of Taxes."

- General Assembly. That section forty one (41), of an act entitled "An act for the
- assessment of property and the levy and collection of taxes," in force July 1,
- 1872, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:
- Section 41. They shall, in the month of May, of the year eighteen hundred
- and eighty-two, and at the same time in each year thereafter, when required.
- make out and file with the county clerks of the respective counties, in which the
- railroad may be located, a statement or schedule showing the property held for
- right of way, and the length of the main and all side and second tracks and
- turnouts in such county, and in each city, town and village in the county,
- through or into which the road may run, and describing each tract of land. 11
- other than a city, town or village lot, through which the road may run, in
- accordance with the United States surveys, giving the width and the length of
- the strip of land, held in each tract, and the number of acres thereof: Iro-
- rided, that in no case shall the "right of way" or "railroad track," as used in this
- 16 act, be construed to mean more than the strip on which the main track is
- located, not exceeding ten feet in width for single track railroads and twenty

feet in width for double track railroads, in incorporated cities, towns and villages, and no greater width shall be assessed by the State Board of Equalization within such incorporated cities, towns and villages as "railroad track"; and the residue of the real estate in such incorporated cities, towns and villages, beyond such width of ten feet for single track railroads and twenty feet for double track railroads, shall be properly platted and held as "lands" and "lots" other than "railroad track," and assessed by the local assessors as other similar prop-25 erty belonging to individuals. They shall also state the value of improvements and stations located on the right of way. New companies shall, make such statements in May next after location of their roads. When such statement shall have once been made, it shall not be necessary to report the description as hereinbefore required, unless directed so to do by the county board; but the company shall, during the month of May, annually, report the value of such property, by the description set forth in the next section of this act, and note all additions or changes in such right of way as shall have occurred.

AMENDMENTS REPORTED BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY TO SENATE BILL NO. 271, MARCH 28, 1881.

Amend section 41 by inserting after the word "the," in twenty-third (written) line of said section, the word "terms."

- 8 Amend section 41 by inserting after the word "individuals," in the forty-
- 4 fourth (written) line of said section, the following: "together with all improve-
- 5 ments thereon, except the superstructure of side and second tracks and turn-
- 6 outs, which superstructure of side and second tracks and turnouts shall be
- 7 assessed by the State Board of Equalization, but the State Board of Equaliza-
- 8 tion shall not assess the right of way upon which the superstructure of such
- 9 side and second tracks and turnouts is located."

- Introduced by Mr. Fifer, February 23, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 23, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
- rinst reading reordary 25, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
 Reported back with an amendment, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 4, 1881.
 March 11, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.
 March 22, 1881, recommitted to Committee on Judiciary.
 March 23, 1881, reported back with amendment, and passage recommended.
 April 1, 1881, amendments adopted, and ordered to third reading.

For an Act to amend Section forty-one (41) of Chapter 180 of the Revised Statutes. said Chapter 190 being an act entitled "An Act for the Assessment of Property and the Levy and Collection of Taxes."

- General Assembly. That section forty-one (41) of an act entitled "An act for the
- assessment of property and the levy and collection of taxes," in force July 1.
- 1872, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:
- Section 41. They shall, in the month of May, of the year eighteen hundred
- and eighty-two, and at the same time in each year thereafter, when required,
- make out and file with the county clerks of the respective counties in which the
- railroad may be located a statement or schedule, showing the property held for
- right of way, and the length of the main and all side and second tracks and
- turnouts in such county, and in each city, town and village in the county,
- through or into which the road may run, and describing each tract of land,
- other than a city, town or village lot through which the road may run, in
- accordance with the United States surveys, giving the width and the length of
- the strip of land held in each tract, and the number of acres thereof: Pro
- rided, that in no case shall the "right of way" or "railroad track," as used in this
- act, be construed to mean more than the strip on which the main track is
- 17 located, not exceeding ten feet in width for single track railroads and twenty

feet in width for double track railroads, in incorporated cities, towns and villages, and no greater width shall be assessed by the State Board of Equalization within such incorporated cities, towns and villages as "railroad track;" and the residue of the real estate in such incorporated cities, towns and villages, beyond 21 22 such width of ten feet for single track railroads and twenty feet for double track railroads shall be properly platted and held as "lands" and "lots" other 28 than "railroad track," and assessed by the local assessors as other similar prop 24 25 erty belonging to individuals, together with all improvements thereon, except the 26 superstructure of side and second tracks and turnouts, which superstructure of side and second tracks and turnouts shall be assessed by the State Board of 27 Equalization, but the State Board of Equalization shall not assess the right of 98 way upon which the superstructure of such side and second tracks and turnouts 29 80 is located. They shall also state the value of improvements and stations located on the right of way. New companies shall make such statements in May next 81 after location of their roads. When such statement shall have once been made. it shall not be necessary to report the description as hereinbefore required, unless directed so to do by the county board; but the company shall, during the 84 85 month of May, annually, report the value of such property, by the description 86 set forth in the next section of this act, and note all additions or changes in such right of way as shall have occurred.

- Introduced by Mr. Fifer, February 23, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 23, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
- 3. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 11, 1881.

For an Act to amend Section eight (8) of an act entitled "An act concerning Fees and Salaries, and to classify the several Counties of this State with reference thereto," approved March 29, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

- 2 General Assembly, That section eight (8) of an act entitled "An act concerning
- 3 fees and salaries, and to classify the several counties of this State with refer-
- 4 ence thereto," approved March 29, 1872, and in force July 1, 1872, be and the
- 5 same hereby is amended so as to read as follows:
- 6 Section 8. [Fees of State's Attorneys.] The State's Attorneys shall also be
- 7 allowed the following fees:
- 8 On each conviction where the crime is punished by death or confinement in
- 9 the penitentiary, fifteen dollars, and five dollars each on all other convictions.
- Ten per cent, upon all moneys (except revenue) collected by them and paid
- 11 over to the State or any county, which sum, together with the trial fees that.
- 12 cannot be collected from the parties convicted shall be paid out of any fines and
- 13 forfeited recognizances collected by them.
- 14 In each case of forfeited recognizance, where the forfeiture is set aside at the
- 15 instance of the defendants, except where such forfeiture has been erroneously
- 16 or irregularly entered, in addition to the ordinary costs the sum of five dollars
- 17 shall be collected from each defendant as the State's Attorney's fees.
- 18 In cases of indictment for false imprisonment or wilfull and malicious mis-

19 chief, where the jury shall return with their verdict of "not guilty," that the 20 prosecutor acted maliciously in the premises, the sum of five dollars to be taxed 21 and collected as other costs from the prosecutor.

The sum of five dollars upon each examination in the circuit court of a party bound over to keep the peace, and the sum of ten dollars upon the trial of any person under the provisions of the laws concerning bastardy.

25 The sum of fifteen dollars per diem for each day actually employed in the 26 preparation and trial of every case of murder or manslaughter arising in their respective counties, which sum shall be paid to the State's Attorney of the 28 county wherein the crime is charged to have been committed out of the county 29 treasury of such county upon a verified account of the time so employed by him and the certificate of the judge before whom the case is tried, that such time was reasonable and necessary to a proper trial of the case. And it is hereby 31 32 made the duty of each State's Attorney to prepare and try every case of murder or manslaughter arising in his county, when the case is taken by change of 34 venue to another county, and it shall be the duty of the State's Attorney of the county in which the case is tried on change of venue, to assist in the trial of the 35 case, and for such assistance, in case of conviction, he shall have the conviction fee provided in the first clause of this section.

Mar. 1881

- Introduced by Mr. Fifer, February 28, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading February 23, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary. Reported back, passage recommended and ordered to second reading, March 11, 1881.
- March 23, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section eight (8) of an act entitled "An Act concerning Fees and Salaries, and to classify the several Counties of this State with reference thereto," approved March 29, 1872, in force July 1, 1872

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- General Assembly. That section eight (8) of an act entitled "An act concerning
- fees and salaries, and to classify the several counties of this State with refer-
- ence thereto," approved March 29, 1872, and in force July 1, 1872, be and the
- same hereby is amended so as to read as follows:
- Section 8. [Fees of State's Attorneys.] The State's Attorneys shall also be
- allowed the following fees:

32D ASSEM.

- On each conviction where the crime is punished by death or confinement in
- the penitentiary, fifteen dollars, and five dollars each on all other convictions.
- 10 Ten per cent, upon all moneys (except revenue) collected by them and paid
- over to the State or any county, which sum, together with the trial fees that 11
- cannot be collected from the parties convicted, shall be paid out of any fines and 12
- forfeited recognizances collected by them.
- In each case of forfeited recognizance, where the forfeiture is set aside at the 14
- instance of the defendants, except where such forfeiture has been erroneously
- or irregularly entered, in addition to the ordinary costs the sum of five dollars
- shall be collected from each defendant as the State's Attorney's fees.

In cases of indictment for false imprisonment or willful and malicious misthief, where the jury shall return with their verdict of "not guilty." that the prosecutor acted maliciously in the premises, the sum of five dollars to be taxed and collected as other costs from the presecutor.

The sum of five dollars upon each examination in the circuit court of a party bound over to keep the peace, and the sum of ten dollars upon the trial of any person under the provisions of the laws concerning bastardy, to be taxed as costs for all trials of felonies on preliminary examination, where the defendant or defendants are held to bail the sum of ten dollars (\$10.00) to be paid out of any fines or forfeitures collected.

The sum of fifteen dollars per diem for each day actually employed in the 28 preparation and trial of every case of murder or manslaughter arising in their 29 80 respective counties, which sum shall be paid to the State's Attorney of the county wherein the crime is charged to have been committed, out of the county 81 treasury of such county, upon a verified account of the time so employed by him 82 and the certificate of the judge before whom the case is tried, that such time 84 was reasonable and necessary to a proper trial of the case. And it is hereby made the duty of each State's Attorney to prepare and try every case of murder 85 or manslaughter arising in his county, when the case is taken by change of venue to another county, and it shall be the duty of the State's Attorney of the county in which the case is tried on change of venue to assist in the trial of the case, and for such assistance, in case of conviction, he shall have the conviction fee provided in the first clause of this section: Provided, that the per diem shall not be allowed for more than three days in the preparation of any case: Provided, this section shall not be construed to apply to counties of the third 43 class.

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 Reported to House, April 12, 1881.
 First reading April 16, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
 Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading April 22, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section eight (8) of an act entitled "An Act concerning Fees and Salaries, and to classify the several counties of this State with reference thereto," approved March 29, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

- 2 General Assembly. That section eight (8) of an act entitled "An act concerning
- fees and salaries, and to classify the several counties of this State with reference
- thereto." approved March 29, 1872, and in force July 1, 1872, be and the same
- hereby is amended so as to read as follows:
- Section 8. The State's Attorneys shall also be allowed the following fees:
- On each conviction where the crime is punished by death or confinement in 7
- the penitentiary, fifteen dollars, and five dollars each on all other convictions.
- Ten per cent, upon all moneys (except revenue) collected by them and paid
- over to the State or any county, which sum, together with the trial fees that
- cannot be collected from the parties convicted, shall be paid out of any fines and
- forfeited recognizances collected by them.
- In each case of forfeited recognizance, where the forfeiture is set aside at the 18
- instance of the defendants, except where such forfeiture has been erroneously
- 15 or irregularly entered, in addition to the ordinary costs, the sum of five dollars
- shall be collected from each defendant as the State's Attorney's fees. 16
- In cases of indictment for false imprisonment or willful and malicious mis-17
- chief, where the jury shall return with their verdict of "not guilty." that the

9 prosecutor acted maliciously in the premises the sum of five dollars, to be taxed
20 and collected as other costs from the prosecutor.

The sum of five dollars upon each examination in the circuit court of a party bound over to keep the peace, and the sum of ten dollars upon the trial of any person under the provisions of the laws concerning bastardy, to be taxed as costs. For all trials of felonies on preliminary examination where the defendant or defendants are held to bail, the sum of ten dollars, to be paid out of any fines or forfeitures collected.

27 The sum of fifteen dollars per diem for each day actually employed in the preparation and trial of every case of murder or manslaughter arising in their 28 respective counties, which sum shall be paid to the State's Attorney of the 29 county wherein the crime is charged to have been committed, out of the county 31 treasury of such county, upon the verified account of the time so employed by him and the certificate of the judge before whom the case is tried, that such time was reasonable and necessary to a proper trial of the case. And it is hereby made the duty of each State's Attorney to prepare and try every case of murder or manslaughter arising in his county, when the case is taken by change 25 of venue to another county, and it shall be the duty of the State's Attorney of the county in which the case is tried on change of venue, to assist in the trial of 87 the case, and for such assistance, in case of conviction, he shall have the convic-88 tion fee provided in the first clause of this section: Provided, that the per diem shall not be allowed for more than three days in the preparation of any case: Provided, this section shall not be construed to apply to counties of the third class. 42

- Introduced by Mr. Merritt, February 23, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading February 23, 1881, and referred to Committee on Insurance. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 24, 1881. 3.

For an Act to amend Section ten (10) of an Act to organize and regulate the business of Life Insurance, approved March 26, 1869, in force July 1, 1869.

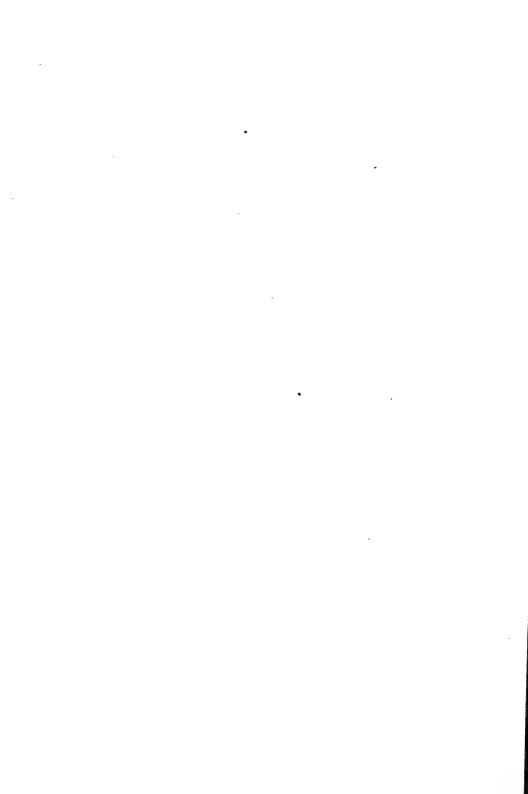
- General Assembly. When the actual funds of any life insurance company doing
- business in this State are not of a net value equal to the net value of its poli-
- cies, according to the "combined experience," or "actuarys" rate of mortality.
- with interests at three per centum per annum, it shall be the duty of the
- Auditor to give notice to such company and its agents to discontinue issuing
- new policies within this State until such time as its funds have become equal to
- its liabilities, valueing its policies as aforesaid. Any officer or agent, who, after
- such notice has been given, issues or delivers a new policy from and on behalf
- 10 of such company, before its funds have become equal to its liabilities as afore-
- said, shall forfeit for each offense a sum not exceeding \$1,000.



- Introduced by Mr. Merritt. February 23, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading February 28, 1881, and referred to Committee on Insurance. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading, March 24, 1881. 3.
- April 7, second reading, amended, and ordered to a third reading.

For an Act to amend Section ten (10) of "An Act to organize and regulate the business of Life Insurance," approved March 26, 1869, in force July 1, 1869.

- 2 General Assembly. That section ten \$(10) of "An act to organize and regulate
- the business of life insurance," approved March 26, 1869, in force July 1, 1869, be
- amended so as to read as follows:
- Section 10. When the actual funds of any life insurance company doing busi-
- ness in this State are not of a net value equal to the net value of its policies,
- according to the 'combined experience," or "actuary's" rate of mortality, with
- interests at three per centum per annum, it shall be the duty of the Auditor to
- give notice to such company and its agents to discontinue issuing new policies
- 10 within this State until such time as its funds have become equal to its liabilities.
- 11 valuing its policies as aforesaid. Any officer or agent who, after such notice has
- been given, issues or delivers a new policy from and on behalf of such company 12
- before its funds have become equal to its liabilitie: as aforesaid, shall forfeit 13
- 14 for each offense a sum not exceeding \$1,000.



- Introduced by Mr. Wright, February 23, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 26, 1881, and referred to Committee on Counties and Township Organization.
- 3. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading

For an Act to amend Section sixty-one (61) of an act to revise the law in relation to Township Organization, approved and in force March 4, 1874.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That section sixty-one (61) of an act to revise the laws in relation to township organization, approved and in force March 4, 1874, be amended so as to read as follows: At the annual town meeting in such town there shall be elected, by ballot, one supervisor (who shall be exafficia overseer of the poor), one assessor and one collector, who shall severally hold their offices for one year, and until their successors are elected and qualified; also one town clerk, who shall hold his office for three years, and until his successor is elected and qualified, and such justices of the peace, constables and highway commissioners as are provided for by law: Provided, that in any town or any city not included within the 10 limits of any town (except in Cook county) having four thousand inhabitants. 12 there shall be elected one additional supervisor, to be called assistant supervisor; in towns having six thousand five hundred inhabitants there shall be elected 13 two assistant supervisors, and so for every additional twenty-five hundred inhabitants there shall be elected one additional supervisor, the population of towns to be ascertained by the last Federal or State census preceding the election: Provided, that nothing in this act shall be so construed as to diminish the representation that any city or town may now be entitled to by law. But in case such city or town is now entitled to a greater representation than is given

- by this section, it shall be entitled to no additional representation under this section; and the members of the board of supervisors from such city or town now
 provided for by law, shall continue to be elected as now required by law: And,
 provided, further, that whenever the representation of any city or town is or shall
 become less than is given by this section, no increased representation under any
 special acts shall be had by such city or town, but its representation shall be as
- provided for in this section.

- 1. Introduced by Mr. Bent February 23, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading February 23, 1881, and referred to Committee on Agriculture
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading: March 16, 1881.

For an Act to amend Section twelve (12) of an Act entitled "An Act to provide for the construction, reparation and protection of Draina, Ditches and Levees across the lands of others for Agricultural, Sanitary and Mining purposes, and to provide for the organization of Drainage Districts," approved and in force May 29, 1879.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That section twelve (12) of an act entitled "An act to provide
- 3 for the construction, reparation and protection of drains, ditches and levees
- 4 across the lands of others for agricultural, sanitary and mining purposes, and to
- 5 provide for the organization of drainage districts," approved and in force May
- 6 29, 1879, be amended so as to read as follows:
- 7 Section 12. [Alteration of plans.] The commissioners shall not be confined
- 8 to the point of commencement, route or terminus of the drains or ditches, or to
- 9 the number, extent or size of the same, or the location, plan or extent of any
- 10 levee, ditch or other work to that proposed by the petitioners, but shall locate,
- 11 design, lay out and plan the same in such manner as they shall think will drain
- 12 or protect the petitioners' land with the least damage, and greatest benefit to all
- 12 of protect the petitioners initia with the least damage, and greatest order to an

lands to be effected thereby, and any plans proposed by such commissioners may.

- 14 on the application of any person interested, or of the commissioners, be altered
- 15 upon the order of the court, in such manner as shall appear to the court to be
- 16 just: Provided, that if it shall appear to the court that a change of the boun-

17 daries or proposed boundaries or termini of the proposed work would be beneficial, the court, when petitioned by a majority of the original petitioners, or a majority of the land owners of lawful age who represent one-third in area of the land to be admitted by the proposed change, may admit new territory in 20 the same or other counties, and may also, upon petition of a majority of the original petitioners or land owners of lawful age, set off or exclude territory 23 embraced within the boundaries of the original petition. Upon the exclusion of such territory, the petitioners whose lands dre excluded shall be adjudged by the court to pay a just proportion of the costs accrued at the date of exclusion. but no change in the boundaries of a proposed district by the admission of new territory or the exclusion of territory shall be made without previous notice, as provided in section three of the act hereby amended, and the court may change the name of a district or proposed district at the same time and in the same order establishing a drainage district, the boundaries of which shall have been changed as aforesaid; and the commissioners appointed to lay out and construct 31 82 the proposed work shall be required by the court to make their examination of the lands over or upon which the work is proposed to be made by the changes 33 34 in the boundaries and determine as required by section nine of the act hereby amended, and they shall file their report and notice shall be given as required by section thirteen of said act.

§ 2. Whereas, there is no provision in the act hereby amended for the admission to or exclusion of territory from a proposed drainage district, therefore an emergency exists, and this act shall be in force from and after its passage.

- 1. Introduced by Mr. Torrance, February 23, 1881, and ordered to first
- reading.

 First reading February 26, 1881, and referred to Committee on Railroads.

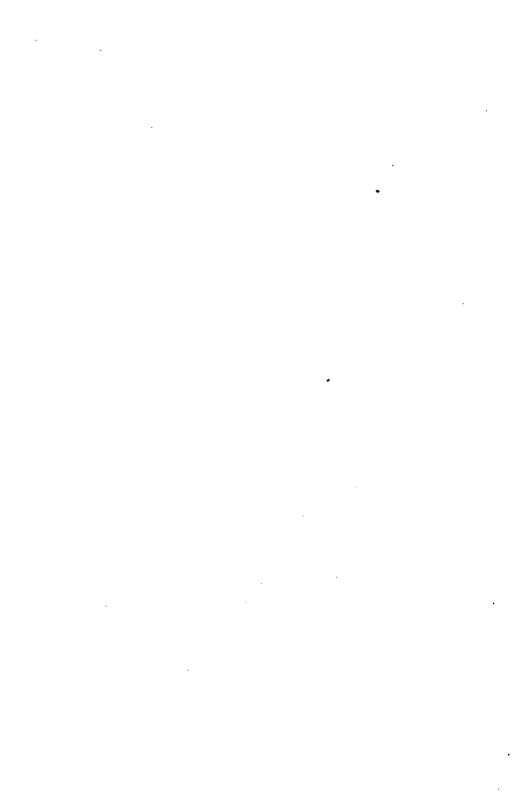
Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 10, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to compel Railroad Corporations to build and maintain connecting tracks with other lines at all crossings.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the Statehof Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly. That, within six months after this act takes effect every
- 8 railroad corporation now in operation in this State shall, where their line of
- railway crosses the line of any other railroad corporation first constructed,
- except in the city of Chicago, build and thereafter maintain a connecting track
- with that of the line crossed upon which cars may be transferred from one line
- to the other, and for such purpose the corporation owning or controlling the
- line first built shall permit such connection to be made. Every railroad cor-
- poration hereafter building a line of railway in this State, where the same
- crosses the line of any railway already constructed, except in the city of
- 11 Chicago, shall, within sixty days after such crossing is made, build and main-
- 12 tain a connecting track with the line crossed, as required by this act.
 - § 2. Every railroad corporation that shall fail to comply with this act. shall
 - 2 be subject to a fine of not less than fifty dollars nor more than two hundred
 - 3 dollars for the first twenty-four hours in default, and two hundred dollars for
 - 4 every twenty-four hours thereafter, to be recovered in an action of debt, in the
 - 5 name of the people of the State of Illinois, in any court of competent jurisdic-
 - 6 tion, one half to be paid to the informer and the remainder to the school fund
 - 7 of the county where such action occurred.



- Introduced by Mr. Merritt, February 23, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading, February 23, 1881, and referred to Committee on Revenue.
- 3. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading, February 24, 1881.

For an Act to repeal an act entitled "An act to indemnify the owners of sheep in cases of damage committed by dogs," approved May 29, 1879, in force July 1, 1879.

[Section 1.] Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

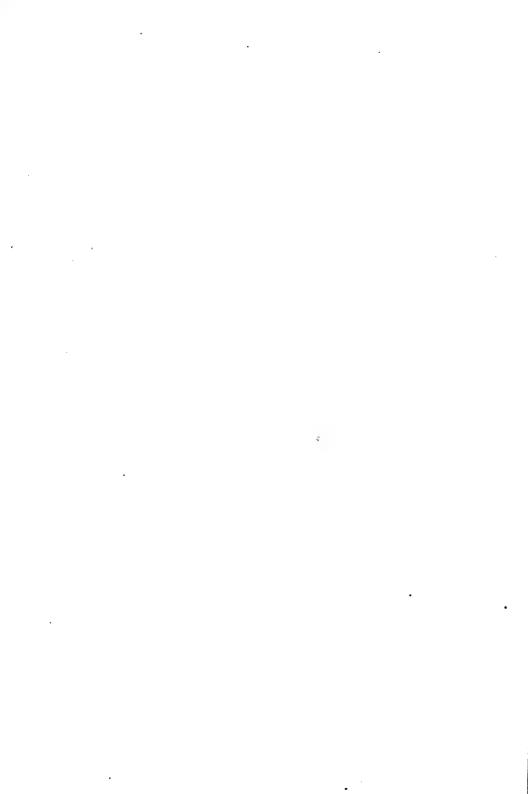
- 2 General Assembly. That the act entitled "An act to indemnify the owners of
- 3 [sheep] in cases of damage committed by dogs," approved March 29, 1879, in force
- 4 July 1, 1879, be and the same is hereby repealed.



- Introduced by Mr. Fuller, February 23, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 23, 1881, and referred to Committee on Railroads.
- 3. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading, March 10, 1881.

For an Act in relation to Schedules of reasonable maximum Rates for the Trans portation of Passengers, Freights and Cars upon the Railroads of this State.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That the schedules of rates for the transportation of passengers, and freights and cars, over the various lines of railroads in this State heretofore prepared, or which may hereafter be prepared by the Board of Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners of the State, shall be held and taken in all courts of this State to be conclusive evidence of what are reasonable maximum rates for the transportation of passengers, freights and cars over any such railroad; and any railroad company doing business in this State that shall ask, charge or receive for the transportation of any passengers, or freights on cars, any greater sum or rate, than the rate fixed by said Board of Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners, shall be deemed guilty of extortion, and punished as now provided by law.



Introduced by Mr. Edwards February 23, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 23, 1881, and referred to Committee on Canals and Rivers

 Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 11, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act making an appropriation for Repairing the Lock and Dam, and Dredging out the Race, Rebuilding the Walls and Rip-Rapping the Banks of the Little Wabash River at New Haven, Illinois.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That the sum of twenty-nine thousand dollars (\$29,000) be
- 3 and the same is hereby appropriated for the purpose of repairing the lock and
- 4 dam, and dredging the race, rebuilding the walls and rip-rapping the banks of
- 5 the Little Wabash River at New Haven, Illinois, said amount to be paid by
- 6 Auditor of Public Accounts drawing his warrant upon the State Treasurer
- 7 upon the order or orders of the Canal Commissioners, accompanied by satisfac-
- 8 tory vouchers approved by the Governor, for the expenditure of the appropiation
- 9 herein made.



Introduced by Mr. Tanner, February 24, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 26, 1881, and referred to Committee on Insurance.
 Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 24, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section thirty-one (31) of Chapter thirty-two (32), Revised Statutes of 1874, entitled "An act concerning Corporations."

2 General Assembly. That section thirty-one (31) of chapter thirty-two (32), of the
3 Revised Statutes of 1874 entitled "An act concerning corporations," be amended
4 so as to read as follows:
5 Section 31. Corporations, associations and societies, not for pecuniary profit,
6 formed under this act, shall be bodies corporate and politic by the name stated
7 in such certificate, and by that name they and their successors shall and may
8 have succession, and shall be persons in law capable of suing and being sued;
9 may have power to make and enforce contracts in relation to the legitimate

business of their corporation, society, or association; may have and use a common seal, and may change or alter the same at pleasure, and they and their successors, by their corporate name, shall in law be capable of taking, purchasing, holding, and disposing of real and personal estate for purposes of their organization; may make by-laws not inconsistent with the constitution and laws of this State or of the United States, in which by-laws shall be described the duties of all the officers of the corporation, society or association, and the qualification of members thereof. Associations and societies (organized in this State).

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 18 and which are intended to benefit the widows, orphans, heirs and devisees of
- 19 deceased members thereof, and where no annual dues or premiums are required,
- 20 and where the members shall receive no money as profit, or otherwise, shall not
- 21 be deemed insurance companies.

- Introduced by Mr. Tanner, February 24, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading February 26, 1881, and referred to Committee on Insurance. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading
- March 24, 1881.
- April 8, 1881, second reading, amended and ordered to third reading.

For an Act to amend Section thirty-one (31) of an act entitled "An Act concerning Corporations," in force July 1, 1874.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Feople of the State of Illinois, represented in the

General Amenbly, That section thirty-one (31) of an act entitled "An act concerning corporations," in force July 1, 1874, be amended so as to read as follows: Section 31. Corporations, associations and societies, not for pecuniary profit formed under this act, shall be bodies corporate and politic by the name stated in such certificate, and by that name they and their successors shall and may have succession, and shall be persons in law, capable of suing and being sued; may have power to make and enforce contracts in relation to the legitimate business of their corporation, society or association; may have and use a common seal, and may change or alter the same at pleasure, and they and their successors, by their corporate name, shall in law be capable of taking, purchasing, holding and disposing of real and personal estate for purposes of their organization; may make by-laws not inconsistent with the constitution and laws 15 T of this State or of the United States, in which by-laws shall be described the 16 duties of all the officers of the corporation, society or association, and the 17 qualification of members thereof. Associations and societies organized in this

- 18 State, and which are intended to benefit the widows, orphans, heirs and
- 19 devisees of deceased members thereof, and where no annual dues or premiums
- 20 are required, and where the members shall receive no money as profit, or other-
- 21 wise, shall not be deemed insurance companies.

- Introduced by Mr. Sunderland, February 24, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 24, 1881, and referred to Committee on Miscellany.

3. March 10, 1881, ordered printed for the Committee.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Sections three and four of an act entitled "An act to provide for the Licensing of and against the evils arising from the sale of Intoxicating Liquors," approved March 30, 1874.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

General Assembly. That sections three and four of an act entitled "An act to provide for the licensing of and against the evils arising from the sale of intoxicating liquors," approved March 30, 1874, be amended so as to read as follows: Section 3. The county board of each county may in their discretion grant licenses to keep draw shops in their county, except within two miles of any incorporated city, town or village, in which the corporate authorities have power to license, regulate, restrain or prohibit the sale of liquors, and except in any place where the sale of intoxicating liquors is prohibited by law; but no such license shall be granted by the county board except upon the application, by petition of a majority of the residents, entitled to be registered as herein provided, of the town, where the county is under township organization, or if not under township organization, then of a majority of such residents of the election present or district wherein such dram-shop is proposed to be located, and except upon the payment into the county treasury of such sum as the board may require, not less than \$50 nor more than \$500 for each license; nor shall any such license be granted by the corporate authorities of any incorporated city, town or village except upon the application by petition of a majority of the residents, entitled to be registered as herein provided, of the ward or election district

therein in which such dram shop is proposed to be located, or if there be no division thereof

wards or election districts, or if such city, town or village contains less than 10,000 inhabitants, then upon the petition of the residents, as aforesaid, of the entire town or village, and any license issued in contravention of the provisions of this section shall be utterly: null and void; and the persons constituting the boards of registry for registering the qualified electors 22 as by the registry laws of this State constituted, shall, when they make the list or register of 94 electors in their respective districts, at the same time and in the same manner make reperate list or register of all female residents of such districts over the age of twenty-one years, and who have resided in the United States five years, in this State one year, in the county ninety days and in such district thirty days, and said list at the time of the revision of the register of electors shall be revised and corrected and certified by said board and within three days there-28 after be filed in the same office and with the same officer that the register of electors is filed, and said list or register of females and the register of electors shall be prima facie evidence 30 81 in determining the sufficiency of any petition presented under the provisions of this set, and all the provisions and restrictions of said registry laws, so far as the same are necessary to carry into effect this act, shall apply, be observed and complied with in making and revising 23 said lists; and for a violation thereof on the part of any person or officer in making or revis-84 ing the same, the same fines and penalties shall be imposed as by said laws prescribed. 86 Section 4. The license shall state the time for which it is granted, which shall not exceed one year, the place where the drain-shop is to be kept, and shall not be transferable, nor 37 88 shall the person licensed keep a dram-shop at more than one place at the same time; and any license granted may be revoked by the county board or corporate authorities, as the case 39 may be, whenever they shall be satisfied that the person licensed has violated any of the provisions of this act, or keeps a disorderly or ill-governed house, or place of resort for odle or dissolute persons, or allows any illegal gaming in his drain shop, or in any house or place adjacent thereto.

- § 2. The foregoing provisions of this set shall take effect and be force on and after the

 2 day of, A. D. ...: Provided, that if a majority of the votes cast

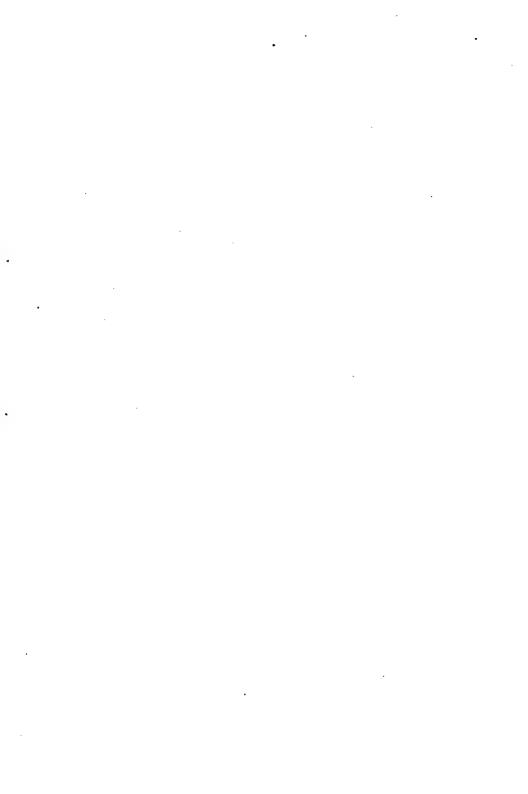
 3 upon that question as hereinafter provided shall be against the foregoing provisions of this

 4 act then the same shall be of no force or effect whatever, and the sections of said act intended

 5 thereby to be amended shall remain in full force.
- At the general election to be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in
 November, A. D. 1882, the legal voters of this State may express their choice and judgment

3	in regard to the foregoing amendments of sections three and four of the aforesaid act by					
4	writing or printing upon their ballots cast at said election the words "For,"					
5	or the words "Against", and all such ballots containing the words					
6	"For" shall be considered and counted as votes in favor of said					
7	amendments, and all such ballots containing the words "Against,"					
8	shall be considered and counted as votes against said amendments. Notices					
9	of the pendency of said question and that the same will be voted upon					
10	shall be given in the notices required by law to be given of said general election, and the					
11	votes shall be counted, and returns thereof made and canvassed in the same manner as votes					
12	cast for representatives in Congress, and when the result of said election is so ascertained,					
13	the Governor of the State shall issue his proclamation announcing such result.					

- § 4. The Secretary of State shall cause to be published in pamphlet form 100,000 copies
- 9 of this act immediately after the adjournment of the present session of the Legislature, and
- 3 shall send to each county clerk of this State a pro rata share thereof, according to the popu-
- 4 lation of his county, to be by him distributed among the people, and it shall be the duty of
- 5 the county clerks to cause the same to be distributed in their respective counties.



13

- Introduced by Mr. Sunderland, February 24, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 24, 1881, and referred to Committee on Miscellany.
- 3. March 10, 1881, ordered printed for the Committee.
- 4. March 26, 1881, reported back with amendments, and passage recommended

A BILL

For an Act to amend Sections three and four of an act entitled "An act to provide for the Licensing of and against the evils arising from the sale of Intoxicating Liquors," approved March 30, 1874.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That sections three and four of an act entitled "An act to provide for
- 3 the licensing of and against the evils arising from the sale of intoxicating liquors," approved
- 4 March 30, 1874, be amended so as to read as follows:
- 5 Section 3. The county board of each county may, in their discretion, grant licenses to
- 6 keep dram-shops in their county, except within two miles of any incorporated city, town or
- 7 village in which the corporate authorities have power to license, regulate, restrain or pro-
- 8 hibit the sale of liquors, and except in any place where the sale of intoxicating liquors is
- 9 prohibited by law; but no such license shall be granted by the county board except upon the
- 10 application, by petition, of a majority of the residents entitled to be registered as herein pro-
- 11 vided, of the town, where the county is under township organization, or if not under town-
- 12 ship organization, then of a majority of such residents of the election precinct or district
- and order of any order

wherein such dram shop is proposed to be located, and except upon the payment into the

- 14 county treasury of such sum as the board may require, not less than \$50 nor more than \$500
- 15 for each license; nor shall any such license be granted by the corporate authorities of any
- 16 incorporated city, town or village except upon the application, by petition, of a majority of
- 17 the residents entitled to be registered as herein provided, of the ward or election district
- 18 therein in which such dram-shop is proposed to be located, or if there be no division thereof into

wards or election districts, or if such city, town or village contains less than 10,000 inhabi-

tants, then upon the petition of the residents, as aforesaid, of the entire town or village; and any license issued in contravention of the provisions of this section shall be utterly null and void; and the persons constituting the boards of registry for registering the qualified electors, . 22 as by the registry laws of this State constituted, shall, when they make the list or register of 24 electors in their respective districts, at the same time and in the same manner make a separate list or register of all female residents of such districts over the age of twenty-one years, and 23 who have resided in the United States five years, in this State one year, in the county ninety days and in such district thirty days; and said list, at the time of the revision of the register of 27 electors, shall be revised and corrected and certified by said board, and within three days there-28 after be filed in the same office and with the same officer that the register of electors is filed, 29 and said list or register of females and the register of electors shall be prima finite evidence 20 in determining the sufficiency of any petition presented under the provisions of this act; and 21 all the provisions and restrictions of said registry laws, so far as the same are necessary to 32 carry into effect this act, shall apply, be observed and complied with in making and revising 83 said lists; and for a violation thereof on the part of any person or officer in making or revis-34 ing the same, the same fines and penalties shall be imposed as by said laws prescribed. 35 Section 4. The license shall state the time for which it is granted, which shall not exceed 36 one year, the place where the dram shop is to be kept, and shall not be transferable, nor 37 shall the person licensed keep a dram-shop at more than one place at the same time; and 38

one year, the place where the dram shop is to be kept, and shall not be transferable, nor shall the person licensed keep a dram-shop at more than one place at the same time; and any license granted may be revoked by the county board or corporate authorities, as the case may be, whenever they shall be satisfied that the person licensed has violated any of the provisions of this act, or keeps a disorderly or ill-governed house, or place of resort for idle or dissolute persons, or allows any illegal gaming in his dram-shop, or in any house or place adjacent thereto.

§ 2. The foregoing provisions of this act shall take effect and be in force on and after the

2....day of, A. D.: Provided, that if a majority of the votes cast

3 upon that question as hereinafter provided shall be against the foregoing provisions of this

4 act, then the same shall be of no force or effect whatever, and the sections of said act intended

5 thereby to be amended shall remain in full force.

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8 3. At the general election to be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in

November, A. D. 1882, the legal voters of this State may express their choice and judgment in regard to the foregoing amendments of sections three and four of the aforesaid act by writing or printing upon their ballots cast at said election the words, "For," or the words "Against", and all such ballots containing the words "For," shall be considered and counted as votes in favor of said amendments, and all such ballots containing the words "Against," shall be considered and counted as votes against said amendments. Notices of the pendency of said question, and that the same will be voted upon, shall be given in the notices required by law to be given of said general election, and the 10 votes shall be counted and returns thereof made and canvassed in the same manner as votes 11 cast for representatives in Congress, and when the result of said election is so ascertained, the Governor of the State shall issue his proclamation announcing such result. § 4. The Secretary of State shall cause to be published in pamphlet form 100,000 copies 2 of this act immediately after the adjournment of the present session of the Legislature, and 3 shall send to each county clerk of this State a pro rate share thereof, according to the population of his county, to be by him distributed among the people, and it shall be the duty of

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 283, REPORTED FROM COMMIT! TEE ON MISCELLANY TO SENATE, MARCH 26, 1881.

- 1. After the figures "1874," in the title, add the words: "And to provide for
- 2 the submission of the proposed amendments to a vote of the people."

5 the county clerks to cause the same to be distributed in their respective counties.

- After the word "the," preceding the first blank space in section 2, add the
- 4 word, "first," and after the word "of," preceding the second blank space in said
- 5 section, add the word "January," and after the letters "A. D.," preceding the
- 6 third blank space in said section, add the figures "1883."
- 7 3. After the words "for" and "against," as they occur preceding the blank
- 8 spaces in section 3, add the following: "An act to amend sections three and
- 9 four of an act entitled. 'An act to provide for licensing of and against the evila
- 13 arising from the sale of intoxicating liquors, approved March 30, 1874; and to

- 11 provide for the submission of the proposed amendments to a vote of the
- 19 people."
- 18 4. After the last word in section 4, add the following: "Every person keep-
- 14 ing a dram-shop under the provisions of this act, shall, before he or she opens
- 15 his or her place of business, put up the sign, 'Dram-shop,' and no other sign shall
- 16 be put up; and upon a failure to comply with this provision, the license shall be
- 17 forfeited."

- 1. Introduced by Mr. Sunderland, February 24, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading February 24, 1881, and referred to Committee on Miscellany.
- 3. March 10, 1881, ordered printed for the Committee.
- 4. March 26, 1881, reported back with amendments, and passage recommended.
- 5. April 13, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.

For an Act to amend Sections three and four of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the Licensing of and against the evils arising from the sale of Intoxicating Liquors," approved March 30, 1874, and to provide for the submission of the proposed amendments to a vote of the people.

REMOTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly. That sections three and four of an act entitled "An act to provide for
- 8 the licensing of and against the evile arising from the sale of intoxicating liquors," approved
- 4 March 30, 1874, be amended so as to read as follows:
- 5 Section 3. The county board of each county may, in their discretion, grant licenses to
- 6 keep dram-shops in their county, except within two miles of any incorporated city, town or
- 7 village in which the corporate authorities have power to liceuse, regulate, restrain or pro-
- hibit the sale of liquors, and except in any place where the sale of intoxicating liquors is
- prohibited by law; but no such license shall be granted by the county board except upon the
- 10 application, by petition, of a majority of the residents entitled to be registered as herein pro-
- 11 yided, of the town, where the county is under township organization, or if not under town-
- 12 ship organization, then of a majority of such residents of the election presinct or district
- 18 wherein such dram-shop is proposed to be located, and except upon the payment into the
- 14 gounty treasury of such sum as the board may require, not less than \$50 nor more than \$500
- 18 for each license; nor shall any such license be granted by the corporate authorities of any
- 16 in corporated city, town or village except upon the application, by petition, of a majority of

the residents entitled to be registered as herein provided, of the ward or election district therein in which such dram-shop is proposed to be located, or if there be no division thereof inte-19 wards or election districts, or if such city, town or village contains less than 10,000 inhabitauts, then upon the petition of the residents, as aforesaid, of the entire town or village; and 20 any license issued in contravention of the provisions of this section shall be utterly null and 11 22 void; and the persons constituting the boards of registry for registering the qualified electors. as by the registry laws of this State constituted, shall, when they make the list or register of 23 electors in their respective districts, at the same time and in the same manner make a separate list or register of all female residents of such districts over the age of twenty-one years, and 25 who have resided in the United States five years, in this State one year, in the county ninety 26 days and in such district thirty days; and said list, at the time of the revision of the register of electors, shall be revised and corrected and certified by said board, and within three days there-28 after be filed in the same office and with the same officer that the register of electors is filed, 29 30 and said list or register of females and the register of electors shall be prima time evidence in determining the sufficiency of any petition presented under the provisions of this act; and 81 all the provisions and restrictions of said registry laws, so far as the same are necessary to 32 23 carry into effect this act, shall apply, be observed and complied with in making and revising said lists; and for a violation thereof on the part of any person or officer in making or revis-24 ing the same, the same fines and penalties shall be imposed aby said laws prescribed. 35 36 Section 4. The license shall state the time for which it is granted, which shall not exceed 37 one year, the place where the dram-shop is to be kept, and shall not be transferable, nor shall the person licensed keep a dram-shop at more than one place at the same time; and 38 any license granted may be revoked by the county board or corporate authorities, as the case 39 may be, whenever they shall be satisfied that the person licensed has violated any of the pro-40 visions of this act, or keeps a disorderly or ill-governed house, or place of resort, for idle or 41 dissolute persons, or allows any illegal gaming in his dram-shop, or in any house or place 42 adjacent thereto.

§ 2. The foregoing provisions of this act shall take effect and be in force on and after the

first day of January, A. D. 1-83: Provided, that if a majority of the votes cast

upon that question as hereinafter provided shall be against the foregoing provisions of this

act, then the same shall be of no force or effect whatever, and the sections of said act intended

thereby to be amended shall remain in full force.

\$ 3. At the general election to be held on the Tuesday next after the first Middley in November, A. D. 1882, the legal voters of this State may express their choice and indement in repart to the foregoing amendments of sections, three and four of the aforesaid act by writing or printing upon their ballots east at said election the words, "For an act to amend sections three and four of an act entitled 'An act to provide for licensing of and against the evils arising from the sale of intoxicating liquors, approved March 30, 1874; and to provide for the submission of the proposed amendments to a vote of the people;" or the words "Against an act to amend sections three and four of an act entitled 'An act to provide for licensing of and against the evils arising from the sale of intoxicating liquors," approved March 3), 1874; and to provide for the submission of the proposed amendments to a vote of the people," and all such ballots containing the words, "For an act to amend 11 sections toree and four of an act entitled 'An act to provide for licensing of and against the 13 evils arising from the sale of intoxicating liquors," approved March 30, 1874, and to provide for the submission of the proposed amendments to a vote of the people." shall be con-14 sidered and counted as votes in favor of said amendments, and all such ballots contain-15 ing the words "Against an act to amend sections three and four of an act entitled 'An act 16 to provide for licensing of and against the evils arising from the sale of intoxicating liquors, approved March 30, 1874, and to provide for the submission of the proposed amendments t a vote of the people," shall be considered and counted as votes against said amendments. 20 Notices of the pendency of said question, and that the same will be voted upon, shall be given in the notices required by law to be given of said general election, and the votes shall be counted and returns thereof made and canvassed in the same manner as votes east for representatives in Congress, and when the result of said election is so ascertained, the Governor of the State shall issue his proclamation announcing such result.

\$ 4. The Secretary of State shall cause to be published in pamphlet form 100,000 copies of this act immediately after the adjournment of the present session of the Legislature, and shall send to each county clerk of this State a pro rata share thereof, according to the population of his county, to be by him distributed among the people, and it shall be the duty of the county clerks to cause the same to be distributed in their respective counties. Every person keeping a dram-shop under the provisions of this act, shall, before he or she opens his or her place of business, put up the sign, "Dram-shop," and no other sign shall be at the provision, the license shall be forfeited.

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- Introduced by Mr. Artley, February 24, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 26, 1881, and referred to Committee on Insurance.
- 3. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading, March 24, 1881.

For an Act to amend Section three (3) of an act entitled "An act to Organize and Regulate the Business of Life Insurance," approved March 26, 1869, in force July 1, 1869.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That section three (4) of an act entitled "An act to organize and regu-

3 late the business of life insurance," approved March 2. 1869, in force July 1,

4 1869, be and the same is hereby so amended as to read as follows:

5 Section 3. It shall not be lawful for any person to act within this State, as agent or

6 otherwise, in receiving or procuring applications for life insurance, or in any manner to aid

7 in transacting the business of life insurance referred to in the first section of this act, for any

8 company or association incorporated by or organized under the laws of any other State

9 government, unless such company has conformed in this State to the same requirements in

10 regard to capital that are imposed by section one (1) of this act, upon companies in this

11 State, or in lieu thereof has actual assets to the amount of at least one hundred thousand

12 dollars, invested in the same manner (and deposited with the State Treasurer of this State,

3 for the security of policy-holders of this State.) as is prescribed in regard to capital in sec-

14 tion one of this act.



- Introduced by Mr. Needles, February 24, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading February 24, 1881, and referred to Committee on Insurance.
 Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 15, 1881.

For an Act to amend Section thirteen (13) of "An act to Incorporate and govern Fire, Marine and Inland Navigation Insurance Companies doing business in the State of Illinois," approved March 11, 1869, in force July 1, 1869.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

General Assembly. That section thirteen of "Au act to incorporate and to govern fire, marine and inland navigation insurance companies doing business in the State of Illinois," approved March 11, 1869, in force July 1, 1869, be so amended as to read as follows: Section 13. All notes deposited with any mutual insurance companies at the time of its organization, as provided in section six (6), shall remain as security for all losses and claims, until the accumulation of premium notes and assets, invested as required by the eighth (8) section of this act, shall equal the amount of cash capital required to be possessed by stock companies organized under 10 this act, the liability of each note decreasing proportionately as the profits are 11 accumulated; but any note which may have been deposited with any such mutual insurance company subsequent to its organization in addition to the cash premium or any insurance effected with such company, may, at the expiration of the time of such insurance, be relinquished and given up to the maker 15 thereof, or his representative, upon his paying his proportion of all losses and 16 expenses which may have accrued thereon during such term. The directors or 17 trustees of any such company shall have the right to determine the amount of

the note to be given, in addition to the cash premium, by any person insured in

such company; but in no case shall the note be more than five times the annual rate charged such persons by such companies. And every person effecting 21 insurance in any mutual company organized under this act, and also their 23 heirs, executors, administrators and assigns, continuing to be so insured, shall thereby become members of said corporation during the period of insurance. 24 and shall be bound to pay for losses and such necessary expenses as aforesaid. 26 accruing in, and to said company, in proportion to the amount of his deposit 27 note or notes. The directors shall, as often as they deem necessary, after receiving notice of any loss or damage by fire, sustained by any member, and 28 ascertaining the sam, or after the rendition of any judgment against such com-29 30 pany for loss or damage, settle and determine the sums to be paid by the several members thereof as their respective portion of such loss and publish the same 31 in such manner as they shall see fit, or as the by-laws shall have prescribed, and 32 the sum to be paid by each member shall always be in proportion to the original amount of his deposit note or notes, and shall be paid to the officers of the com-34 pany within thirty (30) days next after the publication of said notice. And if 35 any member shall, for the space of thirty (30) days after the publication of said 36 notice and service of such notice upon such member by mail, directed to him at his postoffice, addressed as written in or upon his application for insurance, neglect 38 or refuse to pay the sum assessed upon him as his proportion of any loss as 39 aforesaid, in such case the directors may sue for and recover the whole amount of his deposit note or notes, with cost of suit, but execution shall only issue for 41 assessments and costs as they accrue. If the whole amount of the deposit notes 42 shall be insufficient to pay the loss occasioned by any fire or fires, in such case the sufferers insured by the said company shall receive towards making good 44 their respective losses a proportional share of the whole amount of said notes, 45 according to the sums by them respectively insured, but no member shall ever be required to pay for any loss, occasioned by fire or inland navigation, more than the whole amount of his deposit note.

Reported to House April 14, 1881.
 First reading April 16, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section thirteen (13) of "An Act to incorporate and govern Fire, Marine and Inland Navigation Insurance Companies doing business in the State of Illinois," approved March 11, 1869, in force July 1, 1869.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

General Assembly, That section thirteen of "An act to incorporate and to gov" ern Fire, Marine and inland navigation insurance companies doing business in the State of Illinois," approved March 11, 1869, in force July 1, 1869, be so amended as to read as follows: Section 13. All notes deposited with any mutual insurance company at the time of its organization, as provided in section six (6), shall remain as security for all losses and claims, until the accumulation of premium notes and assets, invested as required by the eighth (8) section of this act, shall equal the amount of cash capital required to be possessed by stock companies organized under this act, the liability of each note decreasing proportionately as the profits are accumulated; but any note which may have been deposited with any such mutual insurance company subsequent to its organization, in addition to the cash premium, or any insurance effected with such company may, at the expiration of the time of such insurance be relinquished and given up to the maker thereof, or his representative, upon his paying his proportion of all losses and expenses which may have accrued thereon during such term. The directors or trustees of any such company shall have the right to determine the amount of the note to be given, in addition to the cash premium, by any person insured in such company; but in no case shall the note be more than five times the annual rate

charged such persons by such companies. And every person effecting insur-22 ance in any mutual company organized under this act, and also their heirs, executors, administrators and assigns, continuing to be so insured, shall thereby become members of said corporation during the period of insurance. 94 and shall be bound to pay for losses and such necessary expenses as aforesaid. 25 26 accruing in and to said company, in proportion to the amount of his deposit 97 note or notes. The directors shall, as often as they deem necessary, after receiving notice of any loss or damage by fire sustained by any member, and ascer-28 taining the same, or after the rendition of any judgment against such company 29 80 for loss or damage, settle and determine the sums to be paid by the several 81 members thereof as their respective portion of such loss, and publish the same in such manner as they shall see fit, or as the by-laws shall have prescribed, and 32 the sum to be paid by each member shall always be in proportion to the original 33 amount of his deposit note or notes, and shall be paid to the officers of the com-34 pany within thirty (30) next days after the publication of said notice. And if any 35 member shall, for the space of thirty (30) days after the publication of said 36 notice and service of such notice upon such member by mail, directed to him at 37 his postoflice, addressed as written in or upon his application for insurance, 8 neglect or refuse to pay the sum assessed upon him as his proportion of any 39 loss as aforesaid, in such case the directors may sue for and recover the whole 30 amount of his deposit note or notes, with cost of suit, but execution shall only 41 issue for assessments and costs as they accrue. If the whole amount of the 42 deposit notes shall be insufficient to pay the loss occasioned by any fire or fires, 43 in such case the sufferers insured by the said company shall receive towards 44 making good their respective losses a proportional share of the whole amount of 45 said notes, according to the sums by them respectively insured, but no member : 46 shall ever be required to pay for any loss occasioned by fire or inland navigation 47 more than the whole amount of his deposit note.

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- Introduced by Mr. Clark, January 24, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading January 24, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 2, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section four, of Division VI., of "An Act to revise the law in relation to Criminal Jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- General Assembly. That section four, of Division VI., of "An act to revise the
- law in relation to criminal jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, in force
- July 1, 1874, be amended so as to read as follows:
- Section 4. An arrest may be made by an officer, or by a private person, with-
- out warrant for a criminal offense, committed or attempted in his presence, and
- by an officer, when a felonious offense has in fact been committed, and he has
- reasonable ground for believing that the person to be arrested has committed it.



. Reported to House, March 11, 1881.

First reading March 21, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
 Reported back and tabled. On motion taken up and re-referred to Committee on Judiciary April 9, 1881.

 Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading. April 10, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section four of Division VI of "An Act to revise the law in relation to Criminal Jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1974.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That section four of division VI of "An act to revise the
- 3 law in relation to criminal jurisprudence," approved March 37, 1874, in force
- 4 July 1, 1874, be amended so as to read as follows:
- 5 Section 4. An arrest may be made by an officer, or by a private person, with-
- 6 out warrant, for a criminal offense committed or attempted in his presence.
- 7 and by an officer when a felonious offense has, in fact, been committed, and
- s he has reasonable ground for believing that the person to be arrested has 95 committed it.

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- Introduced by Mr. Laning. February 24, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading February 24, 1881, and referred to Committee on Insurance. Reported back, recommendation do not pass, tabled.

 April 26, 1881, recommitted to Committee on Insurance.

 May 12, 1881, reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to a second

reading.

BILL

For an Act to provide for the Inspection of Illuminating Oils and the sale thereof.

- General Assembly, That the Governor of this State shall appoint, by and with the
- advice and consent of the Senate, a suitable person to be State Inspector of
- Illuminating Oils, whose term of office shall be four years and until his successor
- shall have qualified. Such inspector shall take and subscribe the official oath.
- and execute, with sufficient sureties, to be approved by the Secretary of State
- and file with him a penal bond in the sum of twenty thousand dollars, to the
- people of the State of Illinois, conditioned for the faithful performance of the
- duties of his office; and any person aggrieved by the misconduct or neglect of
- such inspector or his deputies may maintain a suit thereon.
 - § 2. It shall be the duty of the inspector to appoint and employ a sufficient
- 1 number of deputies to perform the duties of inspection at every place in the
- State when business may require it, for whose acts he shall be civilly responsible.
- to provide the proper apparatus for testing the purity and determining the fire
- test of all oils intended for illuminating purposes, stencils, brands and stamps:
- for marking packages inspected, record books and blanks, and, when called upon
- for that purpose, to promptly inspect all illuminating oils intended to be sold
- for consumption within this State; to mark, stamp or brand all packages, casks
- 9 or barrels containing unadulterated oils having the fire test required by this

10 act, "approved flash test, 120 degrees Fahrenheit," with the date of inspection and the name of the inspector; and if such oils on inspection shall not be equal to said flash test of 120 degrees Fahrenheits' thermometer, then to mark, brand or stamp the packages, casks or barrels containing the same "con-14 demned for illuminating purposes," giving the correct degree of the test, the date of inspection and the name of the inspector. And if upon such inspection 15 16 the inspector shall find such illuminating oils to be adulterated, he shall also 17 mark, brand or stamp the packages, casks or barrels containing the same with the word "adulterated:" and if the adulteration shall have been made with 18 naphtha, benzine or other dangerous or inflammable substance, he shall also mark, brand or stamp such packages, casks or barrels with the word "dangerous." Compensation for the inspector's services shall be paid by the person for whom 31 the services are rendered, and the inspector shall be entitled to receive therefor as follows: the sum of farty cents for a single barrel, package or cask; twentyfive cents each when the lot does not exceed ten in number; fifteen cents each 24 when the lot does not exceed twenty i uniber; ten cents each when the lot is more than twenty and less than fifty in number; and five cents each for all lots 26 of fifty barrels and over; and all fees so accruing shall be a lien on the oil inspected. Each inspector shall keep a record book in which he shall correctly enter the date of each inspection had, the quantity, quality and kind of oil inspected, how branded, stamped or marked, and the person for whom the inspection was made, which entries shall be made within twenty four hours after each inspection, and he shall furnish a certified copy thereof to each person requiring the inspection, and report monthly to the State inspector a true copy of such record, with the amount of his fees received since his last report. The State inspector shall prescribe rules for the transaction of the business of 35 his office to be obeyed by each of his deputies.

§ 3. All kerosene oil, coal oil, mineral oil, refined petroleum oil, and all oils by whatever name designated, intended for illuminating purposes, which are the product of pretroleum, coal oil, or mineral oil is found as an element, shall be inspected as provided in this act, and the packages, casks and barrels marked,

stamped or branded under the provisions of this act before the same shall be

6 sold for use or consumption within this State, and all sales of such oils shall be

7 deemed to have been made for such use or consumption, unless sold to be and

8 actually shipped out of the State; and no other inspection of such oils for any

9 purpose than such as is prescribed by this act shall be required.

\$ 4. The inspection of such oils shall in all cases be made by the inspector or one of his deputies, and shall be made in the following manner: The test shall be made in a test cup of metal or glass, cylindrical in shape, two and a quarter inches in diameter, and four inches deep, both measurements being made inside the cup, and this cup shall be filled to within one quarter of an inch of the brim with the oil or other substance to be tested, taken at the ordinary temperature; the cup shall be placed in a water bath sufficiently large to leave a clear space of one inch under the cup, and three-eighths of an inch around it, and in such a manner as to project about one-quarter of an inch above the water bath; the space between the cups and the water bath shall be nearly filled 10 with cold water; taken at the ordinary temperature, and the cup being placed 11 in the water bath, the latter shall be heated by an alcohol lamp, with its flame 13 so graduated that the rise in temperature from sixty degrees Fahrenheit to the highest temperature shall not be less than two degrees per minute, and shall be as near two degrees per minute as is practicable, and shall in no case exceed four 15 degrees per minute. A Fahrenheit thermometer shall be suspended in such a manner that the upper surface of its bulb shall be, as near as practicable, one 17 quarter of an inch below the surface of the oil undergoing test; as soon as the 18 temperature reaches the point of ninety-eight degrees Fahrenheit, the lamp shall be removed from under the water bath, and the oil shall then be allowed 20 21 to rise to the temperature of one hundred degrees Fahrenheit, by the residual heat of the water, and at that point the first test for flash shall be made as follows: A taper hereinafter described, shall be lighted, and the surface of the 23 oil shall be touched with the flame of the taper, and it is lawful to apply this 24 flame either to the center of the oil surface, or to any or all parts of it, but the taper itself shall not be plunged into the oil, and if no flash takes place upon the first contact of the flame with the oil, the taper shall not be held in longer contact, but shall be immediately withdrawn. If no flash takes place at the

temperature of one hundred degrees Fahrenheit, the lamp shall be replaced under the water-bath, and the temperature raised to one hundred and three 81 degrees, when the lamp shall be again withdrawn, and the oil allowed to rise to one hundred and five degrees by the residual heat of the water, when the test shall be made at one hundred and five degrees, by again applying the flame of the taper, as hereinbefore specified; if no flash occurs, the test shall be repeated as often as the oil gains five degrees in temperature, three degrees with the lamp under the water-bath, and two degrees with the lamp removed: these tests 86 shall be repeated until the flash is obtained. The inspector shall further test the oil by applying the taper at every two degrees rise without removing the lamp or stirring, but if a flash is obtained by this means by a less rise in temperature than the five degrees herein required, he shall at once remove the lamp, stir the oil, and immediately apply the flame. The taper used for testing may be made of any wood giving a clear flame, and it shall be made as slender as possible, and with a tip not more than one-sixteenth of an inch in thickness. No taper or match with sulphur upon it shall be used, unless the sulphur is removed before lighting. When the taper is lighted, it shall be applied to the 45 oil immediately, that is to say, before an ash or coal has had time to form on the end of the taper beyond the flame, and in applying the taper the flame shall be made to touch the oil, but the taper itself shall not be brought in contact 48 with the oil, and if the taper is so brought in contact with the oil, but not held there longer than for the space of one second, and the oil flashes, the test shall 51 not thereby be vitiated, but the inspector shall immediately remove the lamp and again test the oil by the flame, without allowing the body of the taper to touch the oil. No oil or other substance which, by the test herein described, flashes at any temperature below one hundred and twenty degrees Fahrenheit, 54 shall be allowed to be sold, or offered for sale, or consumed for illuminating purposes in this State; but shall be deemed a sufficient compliance with the provisions of this section to test the oil or oils herein described by an apparatus known as the "Foster Cup," or "Foster's Automatic Oil Tester;" and it is lawful to sell for illuminating purposes, any oil or oils herein described, to be consumed within this State, which bear a flash test of one hundred and twenty degrees 61 Fahrenheit, as shown by said apparatus, and the State Inspector is hereby 62 authorized to substitute the test by the Foster Cup, or Foster's Automatic Oil 63 Tester, instead of the test by the open cup, as herein provided, if in his 64 judgment, by such a change a greater uniformity of test throughout the 66 State will be secured.

\$ 5. No inspector, while in office, shall manufacture, sell or deal, directly or indirectly, in any of the oils required to be inspected, or be guilty of any fraud deceit, misconduct or culpable neglect in the performance of any duty pre scribed by this act. No person for himself, or as agent for others, shall refill any packages, cask or barrel with oils required to be inspected, until the former mark, stamp or brand is fully erased. No person for himself, or as agent for others, shall attempt to sell, or sell any oils required to be inspected before 7 the same have been inspected, and the package, cask or barrel containing such oils properly marked, stamped or branded. No person for himself, or as agent 9 for others, shall sell an empty cask or barrel, until the mark, stamp or brand of 10 inspection is fully erased. No person for himself, or as agent for others shall 11 attempt to sell, or sell for consumption within this State for illuminating pur-12 poses, any of the oils required to be inspected by this act, unless the same be of 13 14 the quality herein directed to be branded as approved. No person for himself, or as agent for others, shall adulterate or change the contents of any package 15 cask or barrel, after the same has been inspected under this act. No person for 16 himself, or as agent for others, shall sell or attempt to sell for illuminating 17 purposes any oils which he has good reason to believe are adulterated. No 18 19 person for himself, or as agent for others, shall sell or attempt to sell any oils branded "Dangerous," or gasoline, benzine, naphtha or other inflammable or 20 explosive fluid, to be burned for illuminating purposes within this State except 21 22 when converted into gas. No person shall use, or knowingly suffer to be used, on his premises for illuminating purposes any of the oils required to be 23 inspected not bearing the flash test of one hundred and twenty degrees, and 24 inspected and branded "approved," as aforesaid; and no person shall burn, by 25 himself or his agents, for heating purposes, any gasoline, benzine, naphtha or 36 similar product of petroleum within any building. 27

- § 6. Any person violating any of the provisions of this act shall, on conviction
- 2 pay to the people of this State a fine of not exceeding two hundred dollars.
 - § 7. Any inspector who shall know, or have reason to believe, that any pro-
- 2 visions of this act has been violated, shall forthwith notify the proper prosecut-
- s ing officer thereof, and may require the inspection of any oils which are by this
- 4 act required to be inspected, which he has reason to believe have been adul-
- 5 terated after inspection, or are being sold or used contrary to the provisions of
- 6 this act.
 - § 8. Chapter 104, of the Revised Statutes of 1874, is hereby repealed: Pro-
- 2 vided, that this repeal shall not affect any pending prosecution.

- 1. Introduced by Mr. Shaw, February 24, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading February 24, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judicial Department.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 26, 1881.

For an Act to amend Section nine 69 of an act entitled "An Act concerning Circuit Courts, and to fix the time for holding the same in the several counties in the judicial circuits in the State of Illinois, exclusive of the county of Cook," approved May 24, 1879, in force July 1, 1879.

- 2 General Assembly. That section nine (9) of an act entitled "An act concerning
- 3 circuit courts, and to fix the time of holding the same in the several counties in
- 4 the judicial circuits in the State of Illinois, exclusive of the county of Cook,"
- 5 approved May 24, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, be and the same is hereby amended
- 6 so as to read as follows:
- 7 Section 9. (Eighth circuit.) In the county of Peoria, on the first Mondays in
- February, May, October and December: in the county of Stark, on the second.
- 9 Mondays in March and September; in the county of Tazewell, on the first
- to Mondays of May and February and second Mondays of September and
- 11 November: in the county of Marshall, on the second Monday of January and
- 12 first Mondays of June and October, in each year; in the county of Putnam, on
- 13 the first Monday of March and fourth Monday in October: in the county of
- 14 Woodford, on the second Monday of April and first Mondays in August and
- 15 December.

- § 2. Whereas, the next term of the Woodford county circuit court, as now
- 2 provided by law, convenes on the first Monday of April next and gives rise to
- 3 serious inconvenience to the citizens of the county, therefore an emergency
- 4 exists, and this act shall be in force from and after its passage.

(Substitute for No. 126.)

- 1. Introduced by Judiciary Committee February 25, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading February 26, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
 Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 4, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Sections one (1) and two (2) of an act entitled "An Act to exempt certain Personal Property from Attachment and Sale on Execution, and from Distress for Rent," approved May 24, 1877, in force July 1, 1877.

- 2 General Assembly, That sections one (1) and two (2) of an act entitled "An act to
- 8 exempt certain personal property from attachment and from distress for rent,"
- 4 approved May 24, 1877, in force July 1, 1877, be and the same is hereby amended
- 5 to read as follows:
 - § 1. That the following personal property, owned by the debtor, shall be
- 2 exempt from execution, writ of attachment and distress for rent. viz.: First, the
- 8 necessary wearing apparel, bibles, school books, and family pictures of every
- 4 person; second, the necessary kitchen furnithre, beds, bedsteads and bedding,
- 5 two stoves and pipe; third, the family cemetery lots or rights of burial, and
- 6 tombs for repositories for the dead; and fourth, one hundred dollars' worth of
- 7 other property to be selected by the debtor, and in addition, when the debtor is
- 8 the head of a family and resides with the same, three hundred dollars' worth of
- 9 other property, to be selected by the debtor: Provided, that such selection and
- 10 exemption shall not be made by the debtor or allowed to him or her from any
- 11 money, salary or wages due him or her from any person or persons or corpora-
- 13 tion whatever.

Whenever any debtor against whom an execution, writ of attachment or distress warrant has been issued desires to avail himself or herself of the benefit of this act, he or she shall make a schedule of all of his or her personal property of every kind and character, including money on hand, and debts due and owing to the debtor, and deliver the same to the officer having the execution, writ of attachment or distress warrant, within five days after receiving notice that such execution, writ of attachment or distress warrant has been 7 issued, which said schedule shall be subscribed and sworn to by the debtor, and any property owned by the debtor and not included in said schedule shall not be exempt as aforesaid. And thereupon the officer having the execution, writ 10 of attachment or distress warrant shall summon three householders, who, after 11 being duly sworn to fairly and impartially appraise the property of the debtor, 12 shall fix a fair valuation upon each article contained in said schedule, and the 13 debtor shall then select from said schedule the articles he or she may desire to retain, the aggregate value of which shall not exceed the amount exempted to which he or she may be entitled, and deliver the remainder to the officer having 16 the writ, and the officer having such writ is hereby authorized to administer the 17 18 oaths required herein of the debtor and appraisers: Provided, that when a 19 schedule is delivered to an officer holding an execution upon any judgment, the judgment debtor therein shall not be required to make any further schedule 20 against any execution issued upon the same judgment for the term of six 21 months, unless the debtor has acquired additional property, and then only as to 22 such additional property.

(Substitute for 126.)

- 1. Introduced by Judiciary Committee February 25, 1881, and ordered to first reading.

 First reading February 26, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 4, 1881.

 March 15, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to third read-
- ing.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Sections one (1) and two (2) of an act entitled "Act act to Exempt certain Personal Property from Attachment and Sale on Exemtion, and from Distress for Rent," approved May 24, 1877, in force July 1, 1877.

- General Assembly, That sections one (1) and two (2) of an act entitled "An
- act to exempt certain personal property from attachment and sale on execution,
- and from distress for rent," approved May 24, 1877, in force July 1, 1877, be and
- the same are hereby amended to read as follows:
- Section 1. That the following personal property, owned by the debtor,
- shall be exempt from execution, writ of attachment and distress for rent,
- 8 viz.: First, the necessary wearing apparel, bibles, school books, and family
- 9 pictures of every person; second, the necessary kitchen furniture, beds, bed-
- 10 steads and bedding, two stoves and pipe; third, the family cometery lots or
- 11 rights of burial, and tombs for repositories for the dead; and fourth, one
- hundred dollars' worth of other property to be selected by the debtor, and in
- addition, when the debtor is the head of a family and resides with the same.
- 14 three hundred dollars' worth of other property, to be selected by the debtor-
- 15 Provided, that such selection and exemption shall not be made by the debtor or

16 allowed to him or her from any money, salary or wages due him or her from
17 any person or persons or corporation whatever.

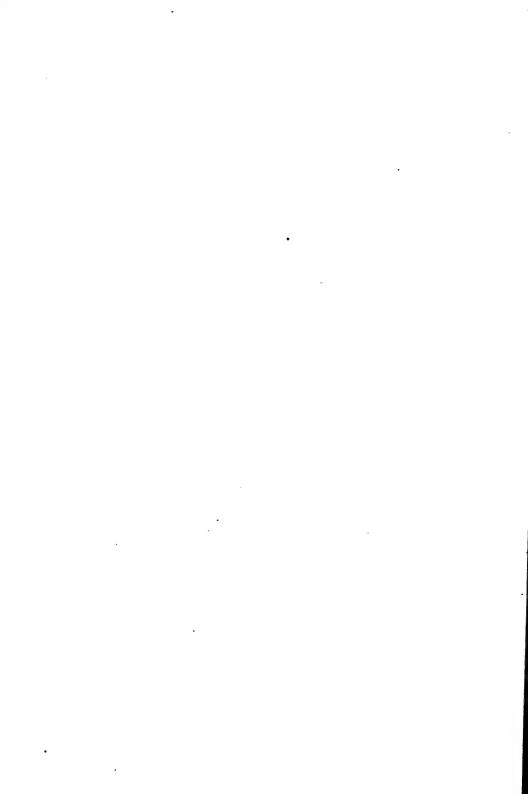
18 Section 2. Whenever any debtor against whom an execution, writ of attachment or distress warrant has been issued desires to avail himself or 19 herself of the benefit of this act, he or she shall make a schedule of all of his or her personal property of every kind and character, including money on hand, and debts due and owing to the debtor, and deliver the some to the officer having the execution, writ of attachment or distress warrant, within five days after a levy or demand made for property by the officer having such execution or attachment, or if a levy is made without a demand, then within five days after receiving a written notice of such levy, which said schedule shall be subscribed and sworn to by the debtor, and any property owned by the debtor and not included in said schedule shall not be exempt as aforesaid. And thereupon the officer having the execution, writ of attachment or distress warrant shall summon three householders, who, after being duly sworn to **3**0 fairly and impartially appraise the property of the debtor, shall fix a fair valuation upon each article contained in said schedule, and the debtor shall then select from said schedule the articles he or she may desire to retain, the 84 aggregate value of which shall not exceed the amount exempted to which he or she may be entitled, and deliver the remainder to the officer having the writ, and the officer having such writ is hereby authorized to administer the oaths required herein of the debtor and appraisers: Provided, that when a schedule is delivered to an officer holding an execution upon any judgment, the 89 judgment debtor therein shall not be required to make any further schedule against any execution issued upon the same judgment for the term of six 40 months, unless the debtor has acquired additional property, and then only as to 41 such additional property. The fees of the householders making such appraisement shall be one dollar and fifty cents per day to be taxed on the execution as bosts.

- Introduced by Mr. Torrance, February 25, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading February 26, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 11, 1881.

For an Act to amend Sections three and five of "An act to revise the law in relation to Paupers," approved March 23, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly, That sections three (3) and five (5) of "An act to revise the law in relation to paupers," approved March 23, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, be

- 4 amended so as to read as follows:
- 5 Section 3. Upon any failure of any such relative or relatives, to support such
- 6 poor person as provided by this act, it shall be the duty of the State's Attorney
- 7 to make complaint thereof to the county court of his county against all the
- s relatives of such paper liable to his support, and prosecute the same.
- 9 Section 5. At least ten days' notice of such application shall be given to the
- 10 defendant, if a resident of this State, by summons, requiring him to appear and
- II answer the complaint; if a non-resident, upon affidavit of such fact being filed
- 12 in court, and it appears from such affidavit that the defendant has real or per-
- 18 sonal property in said county, publication may be made as is now provided by
- 14 law in cases in chancery, and upon proof of such publication, the court shall
- 15 proceed as though summons had been served: Provided, that judgments ren-
- 16 dered where summons has not been served on the defendant, or his appearance
- 17 entered shall only be a lien upon the property of defendant in the county
- 18 where such judgment was procured, and no execution shall issue against any
- 19 other property of the defendant; nor shall such judgment be any evidence of
- 20 debt against the defendant in any subsequent suit.



 Introduced by Mr. Bent. February 25, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 25, 1881, and referred to Committee on Penal and Reformatory Institutions, and ordered printed.

A BILL

For an Act making appropriation for the Sewage to and from the Illinois State

Penitentiary, at Joliet.

Whereas, the defective sewage at the Illinois State Penitentiary, at Joliet.

- 2 has, for a long time, been the subject of serious consideration by the officers in
- 3 charge of the institution:
- 4 And whereas, it has become apparent, to all who have examined the condition
- 5 of the sewage, that the offensive odor arising therefrom is seriously affecting
- 6 the health of the convicts and officers of said institution; therefore,

- 2 General Assembly, That the sum of thirteen thousand dollars (#13,000) be and
- 3 the same is hereby appropriated to pay the expenses of reconstructing said
- 4 sewage by letting in the water from the pond near the northeast corner of the
- 5—penitentiary building, or from the Illinois and Michigan Canal, and causing it
- 6 to pass through a proper channel under the buildings, and thence in a south-
- 7 west course a distance of a mile or more until it falls off freely into the basin
- 8 below dam No. 1, city of Illiet.
- § 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed to
- 2 draw his warrant, payable to the warden of the Illinois State Penitentiary, at
- 3 Joliet, for said sum of thirteen thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be
- 4 found necessary for the expense of said improvement, when he shall furnish
- 5 the proper vouchers for the payment of the same, approved by the Governor.

- \$ 3. Whereas, there is a pressing necessity for the completion of said repairs
- 2 at the earliest possible date, an emergency exists, therefore this act shall be in
- 3 force from and after its passage.

- Introduced by Mr. Bell, February 26, 1881, and ordered to firstfreading.
 First reading February 26, 1881, and referred to Committee on Miscellany.
- Prist reading rebruary 20, 1881, and referred to Committee on Miscerany.
 Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading, March 30, 1881

For an Act to punish the Selling of Coal and other Articles by Fraudulent Tickets of Weight.

- 2 General Assembly. That whoever shall falsely represent the weight or meas-
- 3 ure in the sale of any coal, corn, wheat, oats, rye, potatoes, apples, hay, straw or
- 4 other products usually sold by the cart or wagon load, by any ticket or other
- 5 youcher, purporting to give the weight or measure of said articles or products.
- 6 shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be fined in any sum not
- 7 exceeding one hundred dollars, and imprisoned in the county jail not to exceed
- 8 ninety days.



- Introduced by Mr. Campbell, February 28, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading Fabruary 28, 1881. and referred to Committee on Federal Relations.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 1, 1881.

For an Act relating to the operations of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey.

- 2 General Assembly, That any person employed under and by virtue of an act of
- 3 Congress of the United States, approved the tenth day of February, one
- 4 thousand eight hundred and seven, and of the supplements thereto, for the
- 5 survey of the coasts of the United States, or under the direction of Congress, to
- 6 form a geodetic connection between the Atlantic and Pacific coasts, and to fur-
- 7 nish triangulation points for State surveys, may enter upon lands within this
- 8 State for the purpose of exploring, triangulating, leveling, surveying, and of
- 9 doing any other act which may be necessary to carry out the object of said
- 10 laws, and may erect any works, stations, buildings, and appendages requisite for
- 11 that purpose, doing no unnecessary injury thereby.
 - § 2. If the parties interested cannot agree upon the amount to be paid for
- 2 damages caused thereby, either of them may petition the county court in the
- 3 county in which the land is situated, which court shall appoint a time for a
- 4 hearing as soon as may be, and order at least fourteen days' notice to be given
- 5 to all parties interested and with or without a view of the premises, as the court
- $6\,\,$ may determine, hear the parties and their witnesses and assess damages.
 - § 3. The person so entering upon land may tender to the party injured
- 2 amends therefor, and if in case of appeal to the county court the damages

- 8 finally assessed do not exceed the amount tendered, the person extering shall
- 4 recover costs; otherwise the prevailing party shall recover costs.
- § 4. The costs to be allowed in all such cases shall be the same as allowed
 2 according to rules by the court.
 - § 5. If any person shall willfully deface, injure or remove any signal,
- 2 monument, building, or other property of the United States coast and geodetic
- 3 survey, constructed or used under or by virtue of the act of Congress afore-
- 4 said, he shall forfeit a sum not exceeding fifty dollars for each offense, and
- 5 shall be liable for damages sustained by the United States, in an action on the
- 6 case in any court of competent jurisdiction.
 - \$ 6. This act shall take effect from and after its passage.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 804, REPORTED MARCH 1, 1881, FROM COMMITTEE ON FEDERAL RELATIONS.

Amend section 2 by striking out all after the word "tuereby," and inserting

- 2 in lieu thereof "the United States of America may proceed to condemn said
- 3 land as provided by 'An act to provide for the exercise of the right of eminent
- 4 domain, approved April 10, 1872, in force July 1, 1872."
- 5 Strike out sections 3, 4 and 6.
- 6 Amend by striking out the figure "5" after "section" on third page of written
- 7 bill and insert the figure "3."

- Introduced by Mr. Campbell, February 28, 1881, and ordered to first reading
 First reading February 28, 1881, and referred to Committee on Federal
- Relations.

 Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 1 1881
- second reading March 1, 1881.
 4. March 15, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.

For an Act relating to the operations of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey

- 2 General Assembly, That any person employed under and by virtue of an act of
- 3 Congress of the United States, approved the 10th day of February, one thousand
- 4 eight hundred and seven, and of the supplements thereto, for the survey of the
- 5 coasts of the United States, or under the direction of Congress, to form a geodetic
- 6 connection between the Atlantic and Pacific coasts, and to furnish triangulation
- 7 points for State surveys, may enter upon lands within this State for the purpose
- 8 of exploring, triangulating, leveling, surveying, and of doing any other act which
- 9 may be necessary to carry out the object of said laws, and may erect any works,
- 10 stations buildings, and appendages requisite for that purpose, doing no unne-
- 11 cessary injury thereby.
 - \$ 2. If the parties interested cannot agree upon the amount to be paid for
- 2 damages caused thereby, the United States of America may proceed to condemn
- 3 said land as provided by "An act to provide for the exercise of the right of emi-
- 4 nent domain," approved April 10, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.
 - \$ 3. If any person shall willfully deface, injure or remove any signal, monu-
- 2 ment, building, or other property of the United States coast and geodetic survey,

constructed or used under or by virtue of the act of Congress aforesaid, he shall

- 4 forfeit a sum not exceeding fifty dollars for each offense, and shall be liable for
- 5 damages sustained by the United States, in an action on the case in any court of competent jurisdiction.

- Reported to House March 23, 1881.
- 2. First reading March 26, 1881, and ordered to a second reading.

For An Act relating to the operations of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That any person employed under and by virtue of an act of Congress of the United States, approved the tenth day of February, one thou- sand eight hundred and seven, and of the supplements thereto, for the survey of the coasts of the United States, or under the direction of Congress, to form a geodetic connection between the Atlantic and Pacific coasts, and to furnish triangulation points for State surveys, may enter upon lands within this State

9 any other act which may be necessary to carry out the object of said laws, and

for the purpose of exploring, triangulating, leveling, surveying, and of doing

- 10 may erect any works, stations, buildings, and appendages requisite for that pur-
- 11 pose, doing no unnecessary injury thereby.
 - \$ 2. If the parties interested cannot agree upon the amount to be paid for
- 2 damages caused thereby, the United States of America may proceed to con-
- 3 demn said land, as provided by "An act to provide for the exercise of the right
- 4 of eminent domain," approved April 10, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.
- § 3. If any person shall willfully deface, injure or remove any signal, monu-
- 2 ment, building, or other property of the United States coast and geodetic sur-
- 3 vey, constructed or used under or by virtue of the acts of Congress aforesaid,.
- 4 he shall forfeit a sum not exceeding fifty dollars for each offense, and shall be
- 5 liable for damages sustained by the United States, in an action on the case, in
- 6 any court of competent jurisdiction.

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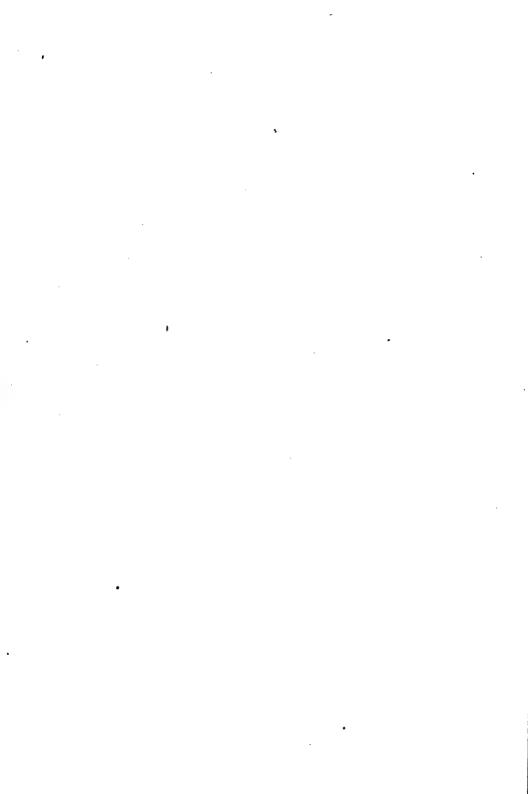
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- Introduced by Mr. Wilson, February 28, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 28, 1881, and referred to Committee on Insurance.
- 8. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 24, 1881.

For an Act to require all Fire and Marine Insurance Companies, doing business in the State of Illinois, to refund, with interest, a pro rata amount of all premiums paid on the excess of the amount actually paid on the final adjustment of loss.

- 2 General Assembly, That all fire and marine insurance companies hereafter doing
- 3 business in this State, having received any premium or premiums on any policy
- 4 of insurance issued by each company, shall be required to refund to the
- 5 assured a pro rata amount of all such premiums paid on such policy in excess of
- 6 the amount agreed to be paid in such policy over the amount actually paid
- 7 on the final adjustment of the loss.
 - § 2. Any such company that shall neglect or refuse to pay or refund such
- 2 pro rata of premiums, as is required by the first section of this act, on or before
- 8 the time such loss is finally adjusted and paid, shall be liable in double the
- 4 amount, to be collected by suit before any court of competent jurisdiction,
- 5 together with a reasonable attorney's fee, to be assessed by the court and
- 6 included as a part of the judgment; and in case of an appeal to the Appellate
- 7 or Supreme Court, the amount of said attorney's fee shall be twice the amount
- 8 recovered in the lower court, to be taxed as cost in the said Appellate or Supreme
- 9 Court.



Introduced by Mr. Bent, March 1, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading March 1, 1881, and referred to Committee on Insurance.

3. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading
March 15, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to give contiguous territory the right to become incorporated with Township Insurance Companies.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the 2 General Assembly, That it shall be lawful for any township insurance company already organized, or hereafter to be organized, having less than six political townships in its organization, to accept or receive into its said organization one or more adjoining Congressional or political townships: Provided, however, that such organization shall not in any event embrace more than six such township. § 2. Any number of persons, not less than ten, who collectively shall own property of not less than \$15,000 in value, which they desire to have insured, residing in any Congressional or political township, which shall not already be in some township insurance company, may petition any township insurance company already organized, (to which said township may lie contiguous) praying to have said township added to and embraced in said township insurance company. Said petition shall be accompanied by the written consent of a full majority of the then policy-holders in said company owning not less than two-thirds of the insurance represented by the policies of said company, consenting to the prayer of said petition. Upon the receipt of such petition, accompanied by 10 such consent, the board of directors of said company may, by vote, accept and 11 receive into said organizaton such township so petitioning. If such township so petitioning shall be so received and accepted by such township insurance organ-

- 14 ization, the secretary of such township insurance company shall at once so notify
- 15 the Auditor of Public Accounts, stating the name of the township so added
- 16 and the date the acceptance was so made.
 - § 3. The accepting or receiving of any such township as aforesaid, shall in
- 2 no way impair the obligations of said township insurance company, or that of
- 3 the policy-holders or members thereof.
 - § 4. From and after the date of such acceptance by such township insurance
- 2 company, said township so received shall, to all intents and purposes, be a part
- 3 and parcel of such township insurance company, the same as though embraced
- 4 therein in its original organization.

Reported to House April 14, 1881.

First reading April 16, 1881, and referred to Committee on Insurance.
 Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading April 29, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to give contiguous territory the right to become incorporated with Township Insurance Companies.

- 2 General Assembly, That it shall be lawful for any township insurance com-
- 3 pany, already organized or hereafter to be organized, having less than six
- 4 political townships in its organization, to accept or receive into its said organ-
- 5 ization one or more adjoining congressional or political townships: Provided,
- 6 however, that such organization shall not, in any event, embrace more than
- 7 six such townships.
- § 2. Any number of persons, not less than ten, who, collectively, shall
- 2 own property of not less than \$15,000 in value, which they desire to have
- 3 insured, residing in any congressional or political township, which shall not
- 4 already be in some township insurance company, may petition any township
- 5 insurance company, already organized (to which said township may be con-
- 6 tiguous), praying to have said township added to and embraced in said town-
- 7 ship insurance company. Said petition shall be accompanied by the written
- 8 consent of a full majority of the then policyholders in said company, own-
- 9 ing not less than two-thirds of the insurance represented by the policies of
- 10 said company, consenting to the prayer of said petition. Upon the receipt
- 11 of such petition, accompanied by such consent, the board of directors of said
- 12 company may, by vote, accept and receive into said organization such town-
- 13 ship so petitioning. If such township so petitioning shall be so received and

- 14 accepted by such township insurance organization, the secretary of such
- 15 township insurance company shall at once so notify the Auditor of Public
- 16 Accounts, stating the name of the township so added and the date the
- 17 acceptance was so made.
 - \$ 3. The accepting or receiving of any such township, as aforestid, shall
- 2 in no way impair the obligations of said township insurance company, or
- 3 that of the policyholders or members thereof.
 - § 4. From and after the date of such acceptance by such township insur-
- 2 ance company, said township so received shall, to all intents and purposes,
- 8 be a part and parcel of such township insurance company, the same as
- 4 though embraced therein in its original organization.

Introduced by Mr. Clark, March 1, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading March 1, 1881, and referred to Committee on Agriculture and Drainage, and ordered printed.

A BILL

For an act to provide for the construction and maintenance of Drains and Ditches for agricultural, sanitary and mining purposes.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly, That whenever one or more owners of land shall desire to construct a drain or ditch across the land of others, for agricultural, sanitary or mining purposes, wholly within one county, such owner or owners may file a petition in the office of any disinterested justice of the peace not of kin to any such owner or owners, and who resides within the township where such drain. or ditch, or a part thereof, is proposed to be located, which petition shall be directed to such justice of the peace, and shall describe the drain or ditch proposed, whether an open ditch, or a covered, boxed or tiled drain, and the size thereof, the point at or near which to commence, the general course, the point at or near which to terminate, the approximate length, the description of the land over which it is proposed to pass, and the names and residence of the owners thereof, if known, and if not known, it shall be so stated; also the name of the town or towns in which said drain or ditch, or any part thereof, is proposed to be located, and such petition shall state the object of such construction, whether for agricultural, sanitary or mining purposes, and whether, in the opinion of the petitioners such construction would be of benefit to the owner, and shall pray for process of the court, as in this act provided. Such petition shall be signed by the petitioners and shall be sworn to by at least one of the petitioners, and shall be accompanied by a bond with security other than of the

21	petitioners, satisfactory to such justice of the peace, substantially in the
22	following form: "I,, do hereby enter myself security for all costs
23	which may be adjudged against the petitioners, in the above case. Dated this
24	—— day of -——. "
	§ 2. Upon the filing of said petition and bond, as aforesaid, such justice of
2	the peace shall issue a venire for a jury of six freeholders of the town in which
3	such drain or ditch is proposed to be located, and if in more than one town,
4	then an equal number from each town, and whose competency shall be deter-
5	mined, and challenges thereto shall be allowed, and any deficiency in the
6	number shall be supplied as in other cases in the trial of civil cases before
7	justices of the peace. The number of such jurors shall be increased to twelve,
8	on the request of any party to the record, at any time before the trial has
9	been entered upon. The justice of the peace shall also issue a summons
10	directed to the parties named in the petition as the owners of such lands,
11	and to the supervisor or supervisors of the town or towns named in the
12	petition, which summons shall be in the following form, as nearly as the case
18	will admit, viz:
14	STATE OF ILLINOIS, / In the matter of petition for drainage.
15	To, supervisor of the town of, in said county, and to
16	You are each hereby notified that a petition has this day been filed in my
17	office by, praying for the right to construct a drain across certain lands
18	therein described, and you are further notified that I have this day issued a
19	summons for a jury to meet at my office, in ———————————————————————————————————
20	State, on the —————————day of ————. for the purpose of assessing damages to such
21	lands and town benefits, at which time and place you can appear and be heard
22	if you so desire. Given under my hand and seal, this ————————————————————————————————————
23	SEAL. J. P.

Such venire and summons shall be returnable at the same time and place, not

26 less than five nor more than fifteen days from the date thereof, and shall be 26 served in the same manner as in other civil cases before justices of the peace:

24

Provided, if any such owner is an infant, such summons shall be served by delivering a copy to the infant, or its guardian, if any, and if no guardian, in that case to the person with whom he or she resides. If any owner has a con-29 servator, by delivering a copy to his or her conservator, if any such owner is a 30 31 married woman, by delivering a copy to her, and if it shall appear from the petition, or from the affidavit of any person, or from the return of the officer, 32 that any person named in the petition cannot be found and served within the 33 34 county, or that the owners of any of such land are unknown to the petitioners, such justice shall cause a copy of such summons to be posted in three of the most public places in the vicinity of such proposed drain or ditch, at least six 36 days before the return day thereof.

§ 3. The jury shall appear before such justice of the peace, and be sworn or affirmed by such justice, faithfully and impartially to try the issues presented to them, and shall hear such lawful evidence as may be presented to them, and may at their option visit and examine the proposed location of such proposed drain or ditch. The trial shall be conducted as other jury trials before justices of the peace, and the jury shall make a written verdict, specifying, first, whether or not the construction of the proposed drain or ditch would be beneficial for agricultural, sanitary or mining purposes, as set forth in the petition; second, the probable cost of construction: third, the amount of damages each owner 10 would sustain in consequence of the construction of the proposed drain or 11 ditch, across his or her land; fourth, whether such town or towns would be benefitted by the construction of said drain or ditch, and if so how much; not in 12 any case exceeding the amount of probable cost of construction as found by 13 14 them, with the damages to owners of land, and the cost of proceeding, which verdict shall be signed by the jury, and by them returned to the justice of the 15 16 peace, and the justice shall thereupon file the same, and enter a copy of such verdict upon his docket, and such finding shall be final and conclusive. 17

\$ 4. The justice of the peace may allow all amendments to conform to the facts, and no continuance shall be granted upon the application of any party to the proceedings, without good cause shown, nor until the parties so applying shall have paid all costs made in the case to the time of granting the continu-

ance, but the justice may continue the case, on his own motion, for want of service, to impannel a newljury in case of disagreement, or other like causes, as in other cases, but not to exceed fifteen days, and no objections shall be allowed to the form if any process or proceedings which in the opinion of the justice would work no wrong or injury to any party to the proceedings; and all officers, iurors and witnesses shall receive such fees as are allowed in other civil cases 11 before justices of the peace which shall be paid by the petitioners, and judgment entered therefor; but the justice shall not tax as costs against the petitioners the costs of witnesses for defendants, nor the costs of their service, when he shall deem their testimony to have been unnecessary, but the party making such unnecessary costs, shall pay the same, and judgment may be entered 15 therefor, and a fee bill issued thereon, and such judgment shall be final and conclusive. 17

- § 5. The petitioner or petitioners, upon the payment of the damages assessed. and of all costs assessed against him, her or them, or upon depositing the same with the justice of the peace, for the use of the parties respectively interested therein, shall have the right to enter upon the lands, and construct such drain or ditch, as specified in this petition within one year from this assessment, and thereafter have the right in perpetuity, to enter upon said lands at all proper times and seasons, for the purpose of repairing, cleansing or opening the said drain or ditch, and the rights aforesaid, and right to the maintenance of the easement of said drain or ditch, shall pass to the heirs and assigns of such petitioner or petitioners, who may successively become the owner or owners of the land or lands for the benefit of drainage, of which said drain may have been 11 12 constructed. And in case the town or towns shall have been assessed and have paid such assessment the highway commissioners of such town or towns, and their successors in office shall have like rights and powers.
- § 6. Upon the construction of such drain or ditch, as in the petition specified by the petitioner or petitioners, their heirs or assigns, it shall be the duty of the town authorities to pay to such petitioner or petitioners, their heirs or assigns, the amount so found and assessed against such town, and on refusal so to do.

an action shall lie therefor.

- § 7. Any person who shall obstruct, permit, or suffer to be obstructed, any
- 2 drain or ditch, constructed under the provisions of this act, or shall prevent or
- 3 interfere with the construction of any such drain or ditch, after such assess-
- 4 ment, or deposit, shall be fined in any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars,
- 5 or be imprisoned in the county jail not exceeding six months, or both, in the
- 6 discretion of the court, for each offense.
 - § 8. Nothing in this act contained shall be construed to affect the provisions
- 2 of any other act now in force on the subject of drainage, nor any rights
- 3 thereunder.
 - § 9. Whereas, there are many parties in this State, who are desirous of receiv-
- 2 ing the benefits of this act, for agricultural purposes, before the first day of
- 3 next July, therefore an emergency exists, and this act shall take effect on and
- 4 after its passage.



I. Introduced by Mr. Fuller. March 1, 1881, and ordered to first reading.

First reading March 1, 1881, and referred to Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

 Reported back with amendment, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 25, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to provide means for the completion and furnishing of the State House.

- 2 General Assembly, That the sum of five hundred thousand dollars be and the
- 3 same is hereby appropriated for the completion and furnishing of the State
- 4 House, and for the improvement of the grounds, payable as hereinafter pro-
- 5 vided out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated: Provided,
- 7 that a majority of all the votes cast at the next general election, as hereinafter
- 8 provided, shall be in favor of such appropriation.
- § 2. At the next general election to be held in this State, on the first Tuesday
- 2 after the first Monday in Novembe, A. D., 1881, the question shall be submitted
- 3 to the legal voters of this State, whether or not they are in favor of the appro-
- 4 priation as provided in section one of this act. In the notices for election
- 5 required to be furnished by the county clerkin section 46, chapter 46, Elections,
- 6 of the Revised Statutes of 1874, in addition to the several offices to be filled, he
- 7 will also insert the words, "Also to vote for the appropriation for the State
- 8 House, or against the appropriation for the State House." Those in favor of
- 9 such appropriation shall have written or printed, or partly written and partly
- 10 printed, on their ballots, "For the \$500,000 appropriation to complete the State
- 11 House;" those opposed, "Against the \$500,000 appropriation to complete the
- 12 State House."
 - § 3. It shall be the duty of the judges of election, in making a canvass and

2 return of the votes cast at such election, to the county clerk, in addition to the

3 returns for the several officers voted for, to certify to the whole number of votes

4 cast in such election precinct or district at said election; also to certify to the

5 whole number of votes cast in favor of such appropriation, and the number

6 against such appropriation; which returns, when so made to the county clerk,

7 shall be abstracted by the proper officers, and forwarded, directed to the Secre-

8 tary of State, within the time and in the manner as now required by law in the

9 case of the votes cast for representatives to the General Assembly.

§ 4. The Secretary of State, Auditor of Public Accounts, Attorney General and State Treasurer, or any two of them, in the presence of the Governor, shall, as required by section 78, chapter 46, aforesaid, proceed to canvass the votes cast 4 for such appropriation, and shall certify the result of such canvass to the Governor, who shall, within five days thereafter, cause proclamation of such result to be made; and if it shall appear from such proclamation that a majority of all the votes cast at such election were in favor of such appropriation, the same shall take immediate effect, and be in force from and after the date of such proclamation, and payable as follows: Two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000), thereof immediately thereafter, out of any unexpended balances in 11 the treasury, and the remaining three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000), or so much thereof as may be necessary, shall be payable at such time or times as may hereafter be provided by the General Assembly, by joint resolution, and the Auditor of Public Accounts will thereupon draw his warrants upon the treasury, payable out of such appropriation, on the accounts of expenditures as heretofore, when duly certified to by the State House Commissioners, or a 16 majority of them, and approved by the Governor.

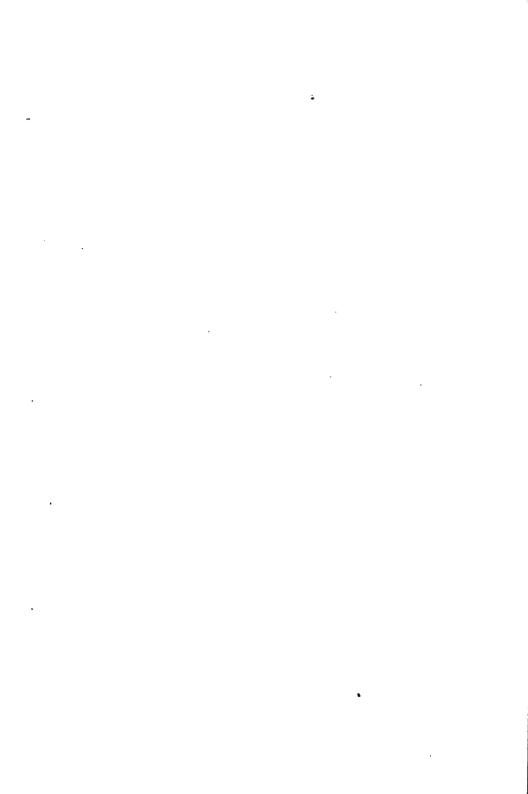
AMENDMENT REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS, MARCH 25, 1881.

Amend by striking out the character and figures "\$500,000" in the thirty-second and thirty-fifth lines of section 2 of this bill.

- Introduced by Mr. Rice, March 2, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading March 8, 1881, and referred to Committee on Insurance.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 24, 1881.

For an Act to amend Section 7 of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to Township Insurance Companies," approved March 24, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

- 2 General Assembly, That section seven of an act entitled "An act to revise the
- 8 law in relation to township insurance companies," approved March 24, 1874, in
- 4 force July 1, 1874, be amended so as to read as follows:
- 5 Any person owning property in the district for which any such company is
- 6 formed, may become a member of such company by insuring therein, and shall
- 7 be entitled to all the rights and privileges appertaining thereto, but a person
- 8 not residing within the district for which the company is formed, shall not
- 9 become a director of such company.



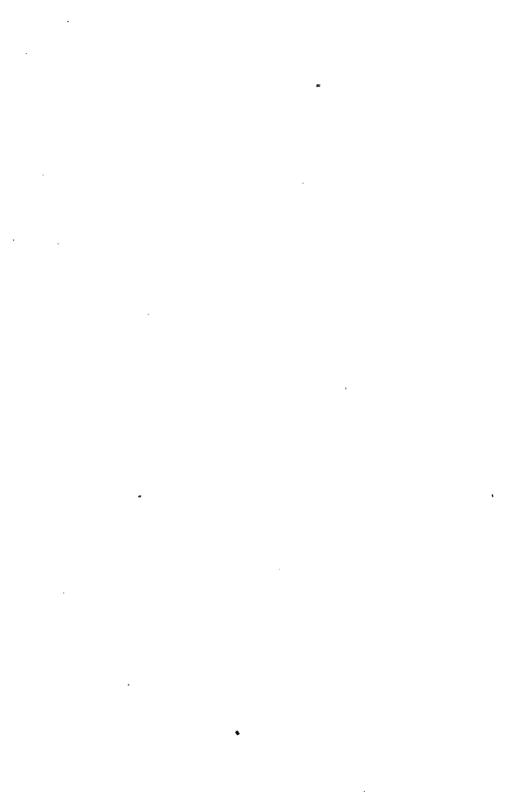
Reported to House April 19, 1881.

First reading April 23, 1881, and referred to Committee on Insurance. Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading April 29, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section 7 of an act entitled "An Act to revise the law in relation to Township Insurance Companies," approved March 24, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

- General Assembly, That section seven of an act entitled "An act to revise the
- law in relation to township insurance companies," approved March 24, 1874,
- in force July 1, 1874, be amended so as to read as follows:
- Section 7. Any person owning property in the district for which any such 5
- company is formed, may become a member of such company by insuring
- therein, and shall be entitled to all the rights and privileges appertaining
- thereto; but a person not residing within the district for which the company
- is formed, shall not become addirector of such company.



- 1. Introduced by Mr. Berggren, March 2, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading March 3, 1841, and referred to Committee on Judicial Department.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading, March 22, 1881

For an Act to amend Sections four hundred and fourteen (414.) four hundred and sixteen (416) and four hundred and seventeen (417) of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to Criminal Jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

- 2 General Assembly, That Sections four hundred and fourteen (414,) four hundred and
- 3 sixteen (416) and four hundred and seventeen (41i) of an act entitled "An act to revise the
- 4 law in relation to criminal jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874,
- 5 be and the same are hereby amended so as to read respectively as follows:
- 6 Section 414. When an indictment is found as a true bill, if the offense is bailable, the
- 7 court shall make an order fixing the amount of bail to be required of the accused.
- Section 41:. When the offense is bailable, the clerk shall endorse on the process the
- 9 amount of bail required by the order of the court, and if the court orders the process
- to returnable forthwith, the capius shall require the accused to be arrested and brought imme-
- 11 diately to court.
- 12 Section 417. The sheriff, or in case of his absence or inability, the coroner or some one
- 13 of the constables of the county to which the capitas is directed, shall arrest the person named
- 14 in the warrant, and if the offense is bailable and the writ is not returnable forthwith, let him
- 15 to bail, if sufficient bail is offered, or if the offense is not bailable, or sufficient bail is not
- 16 offered, take his body to the jail of the county where the capius is returnable, and deliver
- 17 him, together with the capics, to the keeper of the jail, there to remain until discharged by
- 18 due course of law. If the process is returnable forthwith, the accused shall be immediately

- 1) brought into court, when he shall be either committed, bailed or tried, as the court may
- 20 direct; but if the court shall not be in session when the officer makes the arrest, so that the
- 21 accused may be let to bail in open court, such officer may let him to bail conditioned for his
- 22 appearance on the day to which the court stands adjourned, if sufficient bail is offered.

AMENDMENTS REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON JUDICIAL DEPART-MENT, MARCH 22, 1881.

Amend by striking out in lines one and two of title of the bill the following words and

- 2 figures: "Sections four hundred and fourteen (414.) four hundred and sixteen (416) and
- 8 four hundred and seventeen (417,") and insert in lieu thereof the words and figures:
- 4 "Sections one (1,) three (3) and four (4) of division XII."
- 5 Amend section 1 by striking out in lines two, three and four, of written bill, the words
- 6 and figures: "Sections four hundred and fourteen (414,) four hundred and sixteen (416) and
- 7 four hundred and seventeen (417,") and insert in lieu thereof the following: "Sections one
- 8 (1.) three (3) and four (4) of division XII."
- 9 Amend section 1 as follows: Strike out of tenth line "section 414," and insert "§ 1,"
- 10 Strike out of 15th line "416," and insert "§ 3." Strike out of 23d line "417," and insert
- 11 "8 4."
- 12 Also amend by adding to the last clause of the bill the following: "The sheriff or other
- 18 officer taking such bail shall be authorized and required to administer oaths for the purpose
- 14 of ascertaining the sufficiency of the bail offered."

Introduced by Mr. Berggren, March 2, 1881, and ordered to first reading.

First reading March 3, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judicial Department.
 Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading. March 22, 1881.

4. April 7, 1881, second reading, amended and ordered to a third reading.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Sections one (!), three (8) and four (4) of Division XII, of an act entitled "An Act to revise the law in relation to Criminal Jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

- 2 General Assembly, That sections one (1), three (3) and four (4) of Division XII. of an
- 3 act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence," approved
- 4 March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, be and the same are hereby amended so as to read
- 5 respectively as follows:
- 6 Section 1. When an indictment is found as a true bill, if the offense is bailable, the
- 7 court shall make an order fixing the amount of bail to be required of the accused.
- 8 Section 3. When the offense is bailable, the clerk shall endorse on the process the
- 9 amount of bail required by the order of the court, and if the court orders the process
- 10 returnable forthwith, the capies shall require the accused to be arrested and brought imme-
- 11 diately to court.
- 12 Section 4. The sheriff, or in case of his absence or inability, the coroner or some one
- 13 of the constables of the county to which the capies is directed, shall arrest the person named
- 14 in the warrant, and if the offense is bailable and the writ is not returnable forthwith, let him
- 15 to bail, if sufficient bail is offered, or if the offense is not bailable, or sufficient bail is not
- 16 offered, take his body to the jail of the county where the capies is returnable, and deliver
- 17 him, together with the capia, to the keeper of the jail, there to remain until discharged by
- 18 due course of law. If the process is returnable forthwith, the accused shall be immediately

brought into court, when he shall be either committed, bailed or tried, as the court may direct; but if the court shall not be in session when the officer makes the arrest, so that the secured may be let to bail in open court, such officer may let him to bail conditioned for his appearance on the day to which the court stands adjourned, if sufficient bail is offered. The sheriff or other officer taking such bail shall be authorized and required to administer oaths

for the purpose of ascertsining the sufficiency of the bail offered.

Reported to House April 29, 1881.

Earst reading May 2, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
 Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading May 4, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Sections one (1), three (3) and four (4) of Division XII of an act outitled "An Act to revise the law in relation to Criminal Jurisprudence" approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

- 2 General Assembly, That sections one (1), three (3) and four (4) of division XII of
- 3 an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence,"
- 4 approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, be and the same are hereby
- 5 amended so as to read respectively as follows:
- 6 Section 4. When an indictment is found as a true bill, if the offense is bail-
- 7 able, the court shall make an order fixing the amount of bail to be required of
- 8 the accused.
- 9 Section 3. When the offense is bailable, the clerk shall endorse on the process
- 10 the amount of bail required by the order of the court, and if the court orders
- 11 the process returnable forthwith, the capies shall require the accused to be
- 12 arrested and brought immediately to court.
- 13 Section 4. The sheriff, or in case of his absence or inability, the coroner or
- 4 some one of the constables of the county to which the capies is directed, shall
- 15 arrest the person named in the warrant, and if the offense is bailable and the
- 16 writ is not returnable forthwith, let him to bail, if sufficient bail is offered, or if
- 17 the offense is not bailable, or sufficient bail is not offered, take his body to the
- 18 jail of the condy where the capias is returnable, and deliver him, together with
- 19 the capia, to the keeper of the jail, there to remain until discharged by due

course of law. If the process is returnable forthwith, the accused shall be immediately brought into court, when he shall be either committed, bailed or tried, as the court may direct; but if the court shall not be in session when the officer makes the arrest, so that the accused may be let to bail in open court, such officer may let him to bail conditioned for his appearance on the day to which the court stands adjourned, if sufficient bail is offered. The sheriff or other officer taking such bail shall be authorized and required to administer oaths for the purpose of ascertaining the sufficiency of the bail offered.

...

I. Introduced by Mr. Lemma, March 2, 1881, and ordered to first reading.

2. First reading March 3, 1881, and referred to Committee on Fees and Salaries.

3. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 24, 1881.

A BILL

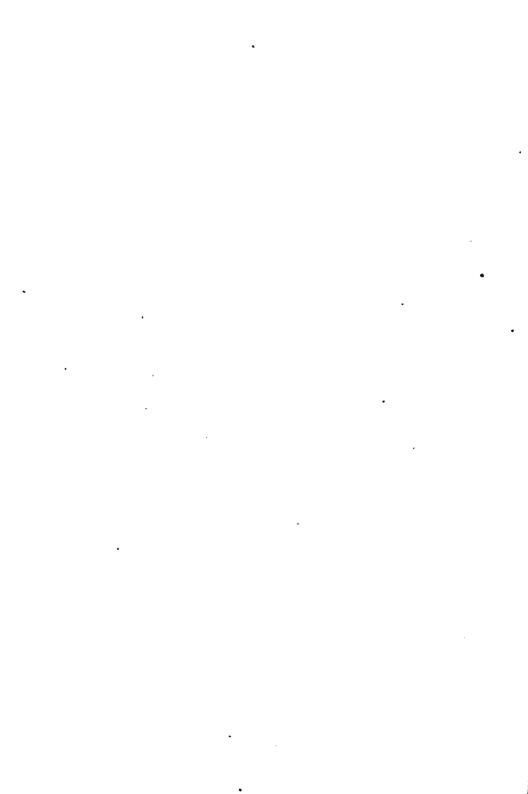
For au Act to amend Section 9 of 'An act concerning Fees and Salaries, and to classify the several Counties of the State with reference thereto, approved March 29, 1872, in force July 1, 1872; title, as amended by act," approved March 28, 1874, approved July 1, 1874.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly, That section nine of an act entitled "An act concerning fees and sala-

3 ries, and to classify the several counties of the State with reference thereto," approved
4 March 29, 1872, in force July 1, 1872; title, as amended by act, approved March 28, 1874.
5 in force July 1, 1874, be amended so as to read as follows: It shall be the duty of each State's
6 Attorney of this State to make report in writing to the circuit court of their respective
7 counties on or before the first day of January of each year of all fees, fines and forfeitures by
8 him collected, which report shall be verified by the affidavits of the party making it, and
9 shall be filed by the clerk and recorded in a book by h.m. to be kept for that purpose. Any
10 State's Attorney failing or refusing to make such report shall be suspended from office by
11 the court until such report be made, and it shall be the duty of the court making such
12 suspension, to appoint some suitable person to fill the vacancy caused thereby, and any
13 State's Attorney failing to make such report for the period of three months after the time

14 required hereby, shall be removed from office by the court, and the vacancy caused thereby
15 shall be filled as is now, or may be hereafter provided by law: Provided, this section shall

16 not be construed as to apply to counties of the third class.



of the third class.

Introduced by Mr. Lemma, March 2, 1881, and ordered to first reading.

First reading March 4, 1881, and referred to Committee on Fees and Salaries.

Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 24, 1881.

April 3, second reading and ordered to third reading.

April 19, third reading, referred to Committee on Judicial Department.

Apr. 1 21, reported back with amendment, passage recommended.

BILL

For an Act to amend Section nine (9) of An Act concerning Fees and Salaries, and to classify the several Counties of the State with reference thereto," approved March 29, 1872, in force July 1, 1872; title, as amended by set as proved March 28, 1874, approved July 1, 1874."

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of I llinois, represented in the General Assembly, That section nine (1) of an act entitled "An act concerning fees and salaries, and to classify the several counties of the State with reference t letter "pproved March 29, 1872, in force July 1, 1872; title, as amended by act, approved March 28, 1874 in force July 1, 1874, be amended so as to read as follows: 6 Section 9. It shall be the duty of each State's Attorney of this State to make report in writing to the circuit court of their respective counties on or ! efore the first day of January of each year of all fees, fire and forfeitures by him collected, which report shall be verified by the affidavits of the party making it, and shall be filed by the clerk and recorded in a book by him, to be kept for that purpose. Any State's Attorney failing or refusing to 11 make such report shall be suspended from office by the court until such report be made, and it shall be the duty of the court making such suspension, to appoint some suitable person to fill the vacancy caused thereby, and any State's Artorner failing to make such report for the period of three months after the time required hereby, shall be removed from 15 office by the court, and the vacancy caused thereby shall be filled as is now or may be hereafter provided by law: Provided, this section shall not be construct as to apply to counties

AMENDMENT REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON JUDICIAL DEPART-MENT APRIL 21, 1881.

Amend by striking out the concluding words of section 9, as follows: "Provided, this

9 section shall not be construed as to apply to counties of the third case."

- 1. Introduced by Mr. Lemma, March 2, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading March 3, 1881, and referred to Committee on Fees and Salaries.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 24, 1881.
- 4. April 3, second reading and ordered to third reading.
- 5. April 19, third reading, referred to Committee on Judicial Department.
- 6. April 21, reported back with amendment, passage recommended.
- 7. May 6 1881, amended, and ordered to a third reading.

For an Act to amend Section nine (9) of 'An Act concerning Fees and Salaries, and to classify the several Counties of the State with reference thereto," approved March 26, 1872, in force July 1, 1872; title, as amended by act, approved March 28, 1874, approved July 1, 1874.

- 2 General Assembly, That section nine (9) of an act entitled "An act concerning fees and sala-
- 3 ries, and to classify the several counties of the State with reference thereto," approved
- 4 March 29, 1872, in force July 1, 1872; title, as amended by act, approved March 28, 1874,
- 5 in force July 1, 1874, he amended so as to read as follows:
- 6 Section 9. It shall be the duty of each State's Attorney of this State to make report in
- 7 writing to the circuit court of their respective counties, on or before the first day of Jan-
- 8 mary of each year, of all fees, fines and forfeitures by him collected, which report shall be
- 9 verified by the affidavits of the party making it, and shall be filed by the clerk and recorded
- 10 in a book by him to be kept for that purpose. Any State's Attorney failing or refufing to
- 11 make such report shall be suspended from office by the court until such report be made
- 12 and it shall be the duty of the court making such suspension, to appoint some suitable

- 13 person to fill the vacancy caused thereby; and any State's Attorney failing to make such
- 14 report for the period of three months after the time required hereby, shall be removed from
- 15 office by the court, and the vacancy caused thereby shall be filled as is now or may be here
- 16 after provided by law.

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(Substitute for Senate Bill No. 67.)

- Introduced by Military Committee, March 3, 1881, and ordered to first
- First reading March 8, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

A BILL

For an Act to enable county authorities to raise money by taxation for Military Purposes.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the 2 General Assembly, That county boards in counties not under township organizations; and the board of supervisors in counties under township organizations. and the board of commissioners in the county of Cook, on the petition of not less than 1,000 legal voters of such county, shall submit to the legal voters thereof the question whether they will authorize the said county board, board of supervisors, or board of commissioners, to levy and collect a tax for military purposes within said county? The said question shall be submitted on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, which occurs next after the filing of said petition, unless the county board, board of supervisors or board of com-11 missioners shall order the said proposition to be voted on at the next general 12 election of county officers in such county. The ballots shall be written or 13 printed, or partially written and partially printed, "For military tax," or 14 "Against military tax."

The vote shall be canvassed and the returns thereof made in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as in the case of the election of county officers, and if a majority of the votes cast on the subject at such election shall be for military tax, then the county board, board of supervisors or board of commis-19 sioners shall in each and every year (for five years next) thereafter, levy and

- 20 collect a tax of one-half mill on each dollar of the assessed value of all
- 21 property with such county, subject to taxation.
 - § 2. The amount so collected shall be placed in a separate fund, to be called
 - 2 "the military fund," and shall be disbursed by the said county boards, boards of
 - 8 supervisors, or board of commissioners, only for the purpose of providing and
 - 4 maintaining armories and arsenals for the use of that portion of the Illinois
 - 5 National Guards stationed within the county voting such tax.

- Introduced by Committee on Military March 3, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading March 3, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading May 5, 1881.

For an Act to provide for the payment of the Sixth Regiment and a detachment of the First Regiment Illinois National Guards, for services performed during the years A. D. 1877 and 1878.

- 2 General Assembly, That sum of thirteen hundred thirty-two and 52-100
- 3 dollars (\$1,332.52) be and the same is hereby appropriated and set apart out of
- 4 any moneys in the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose
- 5 of paying the Sixth Regiment and a detachment of the First Regiment Illinois
- 6 National Guards, for services during the years A. D. 1877 and 1878.
 - \$ 2. That, for the payment of officers and soldiers, a pay roll for each sepa-
- 2 rate company shall be made out, which shall contain the names of each officer
- 8 or soldier, the number of days of actual service rendered, and the amounts due
- 4 each person named for such service. The pay rolls shall be certified respectively
- 5 by the commanding officers to be correct, and shall be approved by the Gover-
- 6 nor and filed in the office of the Adjutant General. The Adjutant General shall
- 7 forthwith certify the amounts due each person, as shall appear by such pay
- 8 rolls, to the Auditor, who shall thereupon draw his warrant upon the Treasurer.
- 9 payable to the order of such persons for the amount due, and forward the same
- 10 by mail to him or his commanding officer.
 - § 3. Whereas, the amount appropriate I by this act has been due for over one
- 2 (1) year, therefore an emergency exists, and this act shall take effect from and
- 3 after its passage.

AMENDMENT REPORTED FROM THE COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIA-TIONS MAY 5, 1881.

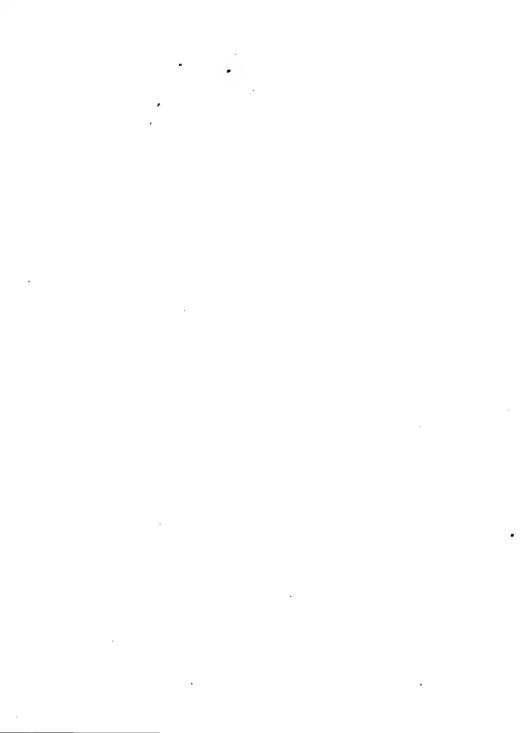
Amend by striking out of the second and third lines of section one of printed

- 2 bill the words and characters: "thirteen hundred thirty-two and 52-100 dollars
- 3 (\$1,\$32.59)," and substitute in lieu thereof the words and characters: "one thou-
- 4 sand seventy-five and 82-100 dollars (\$1,075.32)."

- Introduced by Mr. Edwards February 23, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 23, 1881, and referred to Committee on Canals and
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 11, 1881.

For an Act making an appropriation for Repairing the Lock and Dam, and Dredging out the Race, Rebuilding the Walls and Rip-Rapping the Banks of the Little Wabash River at New Haven, Illinois.

- 2 General Amembly, That the sum of twenty-nine thousand dollars (\$29,000) be
- 3 and the same is hereby appropriated for the purpose of repairing the lock and
- 4 dam, and dredging the race, rebuilding the walls and rip-rapping the banks of
- 5 the Little Wabash River at New Haven, Illinois, said amount to be paid by
- 6 Auditor of Public Accounts drawing his warrant upon the State Treasurer
- 7 upon the order or orders of the Canal Commissioners, accompanied by satisfac-
- 8 tory vouchers approved by the Governor, for the expenditure of the appropiation
- 9 herein made.



- Introduced by Mr. Tanner, February 24, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading February 26, 1881, and referred to Committee on Insurance. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 24, 1881.

For an Act to amend Section thirty-one (31) of Chapter thirty-two (32), Revised Statutes of 1874, entitled "An act concerning Corporations."

- General Assembly, That section thirty-one (31) of chapter thirty-two (32), of the
- Revised Statutes of 1874, entitled "An act concerning corporations," be amended
- so as to read as follows:
- Section 31. Corporations, associations and societies, not for pecuniary profit. 5
- formed under this act, shall be bodies corporate and politic by the name stated
- in such certificate, and by that name they and their successors shall and may
- have succession, and shall be persons in law capable of suing and being sued;
- may have power to make and enforce contracts in relation to the legitimate
- business of their corporation, society, or association; may have and use a com-10
- mon seal, and may change or alter the same at pleasure, and they and their 11
- successors, by their corporate name, shall in law be capable of taking, pur-
- chasing, holding, and disposing of real and personal estate for purposes of their
- organization; may make by-laws not inconsistent with the constitution and laws
- of this State or of the United States, in which by-laws shall be described the
- duties of all the officers of the corporation, society or association, and the quali-
- fication of members thereof. Associations and societies (organized in this State).

- 18 and which are intended to benefit the widows, orphans, heirs and devisees of
- 19 deceased members thereof, and where no annual dues or premiums are required.
- 20 and where the members shall receive no money as profit, or otherwise, shall not
- 21 be deemed insurance companies.

- Introduced by Mr. Tanner, February 24, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading February 26, 1881, and referred to Committee on Insurance. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 24, 1881.

 April 8, 1881, second reading, amended and ordered to third reading. 3.

For an Act to amend Section thirty-one (31) of an act entitled "An Act concerning Corporations," in force July 1, 1874.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Feople of the State of Illinois, represented in the

2 General Assembly. That section thirty-one (31) of an act entitled "An act concerning corporations," in force July 1, 1874, be amended so as to read as follows: Section 31. Corporations, associations and societies, not for pecuniary profit formed under this act, shall be bodies corporate and politic by the name stated in such certificate, and by that name they and their successors shall and may have succession, and shall be persons in law, capable of suing and being sued: may have power to make and enforce contracts in relation to the legitimate business of their corporation, society or association; may have and use a com-10 mon seal, and may change or alter the same at pleasure, and they and their successors, by their corporate name, shall in law be capable of taking, purchasing, holding and disposing of real and personal estate for purposes of their organization; may make by-laws not inconsistent with the constitution and laws 15 T of this State or of the United States, in which by-laws shall be described the duties of all the officers of the corporation, society or association, and the qualification of members thereof. Associations and societies organized in this

- 18 State, and which are intended to benefit the widows, orphans, heirs and
- 19 devises of deceased members thereof, and where no annual dues or premiums
- 20 are required, and where the members shall receive no money as profit, or other-
- 21 wise, shall not be deemed insurance companies.

- Introduced by Mr. Sunderland, February 24, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 24, 1881, and referred to Committee on Miscellany.
 March 10, 1881, ordered printed for the Committee.

For an Act to smend Sections three and four of an act entitled "An act to provide for the Licensing of and against the evils arising from the sale of Intoxicating Liquors," approved March 30, 1874.

- General Assembla. That sections three and four of an act entitled "An act to provide for
- the licensing of and against the evils arising from the sale of intoxicating liquors," approved
- March 30, 1874, be amended so as to read as follows:
- Section 3. The county board of each county may in their discretion grant licenses to
- keep dram shops in their county, except within two miles of any incorporated city, town or
- village, in which the corporate authorities have power to license, regulate, restrain or pro-7
- hibit the sale of liquors, and except in any place where the sale of intoxicating liquors is
- prohibited by law; but no such license shall be granted by the county board except upon the
- application, by petition of a majority of the residents, entitled to be registered as berein pro-10
- 11 vided, of the town, where the county is under township organization, or if not under town-
- ship organization, then of a majority of such residents of the election present or district 12
- 13 wherein such dram-shop is proposed to be located, and except upon the payment into the
- county treasury of such sum as the board may require, not less than \$50 nor more than \$500 14
- for each license; nor shall any such license be granted by the corporate authorities of any 15
- incorporated city, town or village except upon the application by petition of a majority of 16
- the residents, entitled to be registered as herein provided, of the ward or election district 17
- therein in which such dram shop is proposed to be located, or if there be no division thereof

wards or election districts, or if such city, town or village contains less than 10,000 inhabitants, then upon the petition of the residents, as aforesaid, of the entire town or village, and 20 any license fested in contravention of the provisions of this section shall be utterly null and void; and the persons constituting the boards of registry for registering the qualified electors 22 as by the registry laws of this State constituted, shall, when they make the list or register of 93 electors in their respective districts, at the same time and in the same manner make seperate list or register of all female residents of such districts over the age of twenty-one years, and 26 who have resided in the United States five years, in this State one year, in the county ninety days and in such district thirty days, and said list at the time of the revision of the register of 27 electors shall be revised and corrected and certified by said board and within three days there-29 after be filed in the same office and with the same officer that the register of electors is filed, 30 and said list or register of females and the register of electors shall be prime facie evidence in determining the sufficiency of any petition presented under the provisions of this act, and 81 all the provisions and restrictions of said registry laws, so far as the same are necessary to carry into effect this act, shall apply, be observed and complied with in making and revising 23 84 said lists; and for a violation thereof on the part of any person or officer in making or revising the same, the same fines and penalties shall be imposed as by said laws prescribed.

Section 4. The license shall state the time for which it is granted, which shall not exceed one year, the place where the dram-shop is to be kept, and shall not be transferable, nor shall the person licensed keep a dram-shop at more than one place at the same time; and any license granted may be revoked by the county board or corporate authorities, as the case may be, whenever they shall be satisfied that the person licensed has violated any of the provisions of this act, or keeps a disorderly or ill-governed house, or place of resort for idle or dissolute persons, or allows any illegal gaming in his dram shop, or in any house or place adjacent thereto.

- § 2. The foregoing provisions of this act shall take effect and be force on and after the

 ...day of, A. D. ...: Provided, that if a majority of the votes east

 upon that question as hereinafter provided shall be against the foregoing provisions of this

 act then the same shall be of no force or effect whatever, and the sections of said act intended

 thereby to be amended shall remain in full force.
- § 3. At the general election to be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in 9 November, A. D. 1889, the legal voters of this State may express their choice and judgment

3	in regard to the foregoing amendments of sections three and four of the aforesaid act by
4	writing or printing upon their ballots cast at said election the words "For,"
5	or the words "Against", and all such ballots containing the words
6	"For" shall be considered and counted as votes in favor of said
7	amendments, and all such ballots containing the words "Against,"
8	shall be considered and counted as votes against said amendments. Notices
9	of the pendency of said question and that the same will be voted upon
10	shall be given in the notices required by law to be given of said general election, and the
11	votes shall be counted, and returns thereof made and canvassed in the same manner as votes
12	cast for representatives in Congress, and when the result of said election is so ascertained,
13	the Governor of the State shall issue his proclamation announcing such result.
	§ 4. The Secretary of State shall cause to be published in pamphlet form 100,000 copies
9	of this act immediately after the adjournment of the present session of the Legislature, and
3	shall send to each county clerk of this State a pro rata share thereof, according to the popu-
4	lation of his county, to be by him distributed among the people, and it shall be the duty of

5 the county clerks to cause the same to be distributed in their respective counties.



- 1. Introduced by Mr. Sunderland, February 24, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading February 24, 1881, and referred to Committee on Miscellany.
- 3. March 10, 1881, ordered printed for the Committee.
- 4. March 26, 1881, reported back with amendments, and passage recommended

For an Act to amend Sections three and four of an act entitled "An act to provide for the Licensing of and against the evils arising from the sale of Intoxicating Liquora," approved March 30, 1874.

- 2 General Assembly, That sections three and four of an act entitled "An act to provide for
- 3 the licensing of and against the evils arising from the sale of intoxicating liquors," approved
- 4 March 30, 1874, be amended so as to read as follows:
- 5 Section 3. The county board of each county may, in their discretion, grant licenses to
- 6 keep dram-shops in their county, except within two miles of any incorporated city, town or
- 7 village in which the corporate authorities have power to license, regulate, restrain or pro-
- 8 hibit the sale of liquors, and except in any place where the sale of intoxicating liquors is
- 9 prohibited by law; but no such license shall be granted by the county board except upon the
- application, by petition, of a majority of the residents entitled to be registered as herein pro-
- 11 vided, of the town, where the county is under township organization, or if not under town-
- 12 ship organization, then of a majority of such residents of the election precinct or district
- 18 wherein such dram shop is proposed to be located, and except upon the payment into the
- 14 county treasury of such sum as the board may require, not less than \$50 nor more than \$500
- 15 for each license; nor shall any such license be granted by the corporate authorities of any
- 16 incorporated city, town or village except upon the application, by petition. of a majority of
- 17 the residents entitled to be registered as herein provided, of the ward or election district
- 18 therein in which such dram-shop is proposed to be located, or if there be no division thereof into

wards or election districts, or if such city, town or village contains less than 10,000 inhabitants, then upon the petition of the residents, as aforesaid, of the entire town or village; and 21 any license issued in contravention of the provisions of this section shall be utterly null and void; and the persons constituting the boards of registry for registering the qualified electors, 22 as by the registry laws of this State constituted, shall, when they make the list or register of 23 electors in their respective districts, at the same time and in the same manner make a separate list or register of all female residents of such districts over the age of twenty-one years, and 23 who have resided in the United States five years, in this State one year, in the county ninety 26 days and in such district thirty days; and said list, at the time of the revision of the register of 27 electors, shall be revised and corrected and certified by said board, and within three days there-28 after be filed in the same office and with the same officer that the register of electors is filed, 29 20 and said list or register of females and the register of electors shall be prima facie evidence in determining the sufficiency of any petition presented under the provisions of this act; and 81 all the provisions and restrictions of said registry laws, so far as the same are necessary to carry into effect this act, shall apply, be observed and complied with in making and revising 83 said lists; and for a violation thereof on the part of any person or officer in making or revis-34 ing the same, the same fines and penalties shall be imposed as by said laws prescribed. 25 Section 4. The license shall state the time for which it is granted, which shall not exceed 36 one year, the place where the dram-shop is to be kept, and shall not be transferable, nor 37 shall the person licensed keep a dram-shop at more than one place at the same time; and 28 any license granted may be revoked by the county board or corporate authorities, as the case 29 may be, whenever they shall be satisfied that the person licensed has violated any of the pro-40 visions of this act, or keeps a disorderly or ill-governed house, or place of resort for idle or dissolute persons, or allows any illegal gaming in his dram-shop, or in any house or place 42 43 adjacent thereto.

- § 2. The foregoing provisions of this act shall take effect and be in force on and after the

 2....day of, A. D.: Provided, that if a majority of the votes cast

 3 upon that question as hereinafter provided shall be against the foregoing provisions of this

 4 act, then the same shall be of no force or effect whatever, and the sections of said act intended

 5 thereby to be amended shall remain in full force.
 - § 3. At the general election to be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in

2	November, A. D. 1882, the legal voters of this State may express their choice and judgment
3	in regard to the foregoing amendments of sections three and four of the aforesaid act by
4	writing or printing upon their ballots cast at said election the words, "For"
5	or the words "Against", and all such ballots containing the words
6	"For," shall be considered and counted as votes in favor of said
7	amendments, and all such ballots containing the words "Against"
8	shall be considered and counted as votes against said amendments. Notices
9	of the pendency of said question, and that the same will be voted upon,
10	shall be given in the notices required by law to be given of said general election, and the
1	votes shall be counted and returns thereof made and canvassed in the same manner as votes
2	cast for representatives in Congress, and when the result of said election is so ascertained,
3	the Governor of the State shall issue his proclamation announcing such result.
	§ 4. The Secretary of State shall cause to be published in pamphlet form 100,000 copies
2	of this act immediately after the adjournment of the present session of the Legislature, and
3	shall send to each county clerk of this State a pro rate share thereof, according to the popu-
4	lation of his county, to be by him distributed among the people, and it shall be the duty of
5	the county clerks to cause the same to be distributed in their respective counties.

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 283, REPORTED FROM COMMIT! TEE ON MISCELLANY TO SENATE, MARCH 26, 1881.

- 1. After the figures "1874," in the title, add the words: "And to provide for
- 2 the submission of the proposed amendments to a vote of the people."
- 3 2. After the word "the," preceding the first blank space in section 2, add the
- 4 word, "first," and after the word "of," preceding the second blank space in said
- 5 section, add the word "January," and after the letters "A. D.," preceding the
- 6 third blank space in said section, add the figures "1883."
- 7 3. After the words "for" and "against," as they occur preceding the blank
- 8 spaces in section 3, add the following: "An act to amend sections three and
- 9 four of an act entitled. 'An act to provide for licensing of and against the evila
- 13 arising from the sale of intoxicating liquors, approved March 90, 1874; and to

- 11 provide for the submission of the proposed amendments to a vote of the
- 12 people."
- 18 4. After the last word in section 4, add the following: "Every person keep-
- 14 ing a dram-shop under the provisions of this act, shall, before he or she opens
- 15 his or her place of business, put up the sign, 'Dram-shop,' and no other sign shall
- 16 be put up; and upon a failure to comply with this provision, the license shall be
- 17 forfeited."

- 1. Introduced by Mr. Sunderland, February 24, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading February 24, 1881, and referred to Committee on Miscellany.
- 3. March 10, 1881, ordered printed for the Committee.
- 4. March 26, 1881, reported back with amendments, and passage recommended.
- 5. April 13, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.

For an Act to amend Sections three and four of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the Licensing of and against the evils arising from the sale of Intoxicating Liquors," approved March 30, 1874, and to provide for the submission of the proposed amendments to a vote of the people.

BROTION 1. Be it enasted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

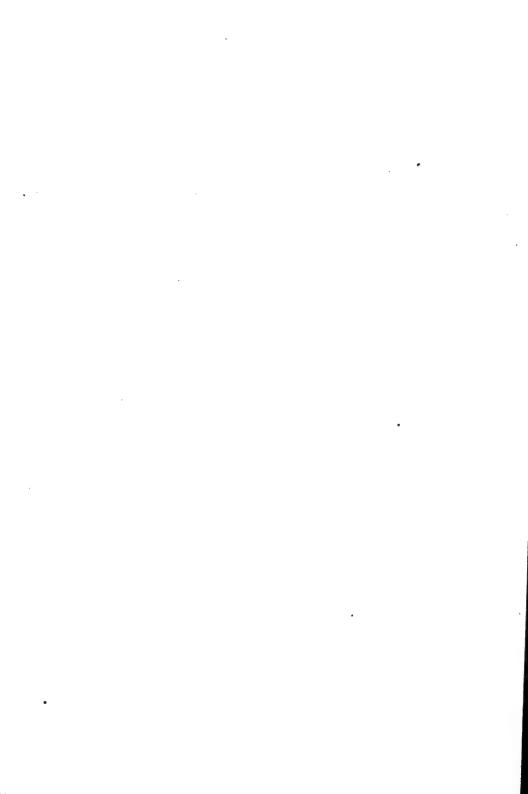
- 2 General Assembly. That sections three and four of an act entitled "An act to provide for
- 8 the licensing of and against the evils arising from the sale of intoxicating liquors," approved
- 4 March 30, 1874, be amended so as to read as follows:
- 5 Section 3. The county board of each county may, in their discretion, grant licenses to
- 6 keep dram-shops in their county, except within two miles of any incorporated city, town or
- 7 village in which the corporate authorities have power to license, regulate, restrain or pro-
- 8 hibit the sale of liquors, and except in any place where the sale of intoxicating liquors is
- 9 prohibited by law; but no such license shall be granted by the county board except upon the
- 10 application, by petition, of a majority of the residents entitled to be registered as herein pro-
- 11 vided, of the town, where the county is under township organization, or if not under town-
- 12 ship organization, then of a majority of such residents of the election precinct or district
- 18 wherein such dram-shop is proposed to be located, and except upon the payment into the
- 14 county treasury of such sum as the board may require, not less than \$50 nor more than \$500
- 18 for each license; nor shall any such license be granted by the corporate authorities of any
- 16 inapprorated city, town or village except upon the application, by petition, of a majority of

the residents entitled to be registered as herein provided, of the ward or election district therein in which such dram-shop is proposed to be located, or if there be no division thereof into wards or election districts, or if such city, town or village contains less than 10,000 inhabitants, then upon the petition of the residents, as aforesaid, of the entire town or village; and 11 any license issued in contravention of the provisions of this section shall be utterly until and void; and the persons constituting the boards of registry for registering the qualified electors, as by the registry laws of this State constituted, shall, when they make the fist or register of electors in their respective districts, at the same time and in the same manner make a separate 24 list or register of all female residents of such districts over the age of twenty-one years, and who have resided in the United States five years, in this State one year, in the county ninety 26 days and in such district thirty days; and said list, at the time of the revision of the register of 28 electors, shall be revised and corrected and certified by said board, and within three days thereafter be filed in the same office and with the same officer that the register of electors is filed, 29 30 and said list or register of females and the register of electors shall be prometricize evidence in determining the sufficiency of any petition presented under the provisions of this act; and 81 all the provisions and restrictions of said registry laws, so far as the same are necessary to 32 carry into effect this act, shall apply, be observed and complied with in making and revising 33 said lists; and for a violation thereof on the part of any person or officer in making or revis-34 35 ing the same, the same fines and penalties shall be imposed solve said laws prescribed. 36 Section 4. The license shall state the time for which it is granted, which shall not exceed one year, the place where the dram-shop is to be kept, and shall not be transferable, nor 37 shall the person licensed keep a dram-shop at more than one place at the same time; and 28 any license granted may be revoked by the county board or corporate authorities, as the case 39 may be, whenever they shall be satisfied that the person licensed has violated any of the pro-40 visions of this act, or keeps a disorderly or ill-governed house, or place of resort, for idle or 41 dissolute persons, or allows any illegal gaming in his dram-shop, or in any house or place 42 adjacent thereto.

§ 2. The foregoing provisions of this act shall take effect and be in force on and after the first day of January, A. D. 1883: Provided, that if a majority of the votes cast upon that question as hereinafter provided shall be against the foregoing provisions of this act, then the same shall be of no force or effect whatever, and the sections of said act intended thereby to be amended shall remain in full force.

At the general election to be held on the Tuesday next after the first Manday in November, A. D. 1882, the legal voters of this State may express their choice and judgment in regard to the foregoing amendments of sections three and four of the aforesaid act by writing or printing upon their ballots cast at said election the words, "For an act to amend sections three and four of an act entitled 'An act to provide for ilcensing of and against the evils arising from the sale of intoxicating liquors, approved March 39, 1874; and to provide for the aubmission of the proposed amendments to a vote of the people:" or the words "Against an act to amend sections three and four of an act entitled 'An act to provide for licensing of and against the evils arising from the sale of intoxicating liquors, approved March 3), 1874; and to provide for the submission of the proposed amendments to a vote of the people," and all such ballots containing the words, "For an act to amend sections to ree and four of an act entitled 'An act to provide for licensing of and against the evils arising from the sale of intoxicating liquors,' approved March 30, 1874, and to provide for the submission of the proposed amendments to a vote of the people," shall be considered and counted as votes in favor of said amendments, and all such ballots contain-15 ing the words "Against an act to amend sections three and four of an act entitled 'An act to provide for licensing of and against the evils arising from the sale of intoxicating liquors, approved March 30, 1874, and to provide for the submission of the proposed amendments to a vote of the people," shall be considered and counted as votes against said amendments, Notices of the pendency of said question, and that the same will be voted upon, shall be given in the notices required by law to be given of said general election, and the votes shall be counted and returns thereof made and canvassed in the same manner as votes cast for representatives in Congress, and when the result of said election is so ascertained. the Governor of the State shall issue his proclamation announcing such result.

§ 4. The Secretary of State shall cause to be published in pamphlet form 100,000 copies of this act immediately after the adjournment of the present session of the Legislature, and shall send to each county cierk of this State a pro rata share thereof, according to the population of his county, to be by him distributed among the people, and it shall be the duty of the county cierks to cause the same to be distributed in their respective counties. Every person keeping a dram-shop under the provisions of this act, shall, before he or she opens his or her place of business, put up the sign, "Dram-shop," and no other sign shall be at the provision, the license shall be forfeited.



- 1. Introduced by Mr. Artley, February 24, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading February 26, 1881, and referred to Committee on Insurance.
- 3. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading, March 24, 1881.

For an Act to amend Section three (3) of an act entitled "An act to Organize and Regulate the Business of Life Insurance," approved March 26, 1869, in force July 1, 1869.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly, That section three (4) of an act entitled "An act to organize and regu-

3 late the business of life insurance." approved March 2. 1869, in force July 1,

4 1869, be and the same is hereby so amended as to read as follows:

5 Section 3. It shall not be lawful for any person to act within this State, as agent or

6 otherwise, in receiving or procuring applications for life insurance, or in any manner to aid

7 in transacting the business of life insurance referred to in the first section of this act, for any

8 company or association incorporated by or organized under the laws of any other State

9 government, unless such company has conformed in this State to the same requirements in

o regard to capital that are imposed by section one (1) of this act, upon companies in this

11 State, or in lieu thereof has actual assets to the amount of at least one hundred thousand

dollars, invested in the same manner (and deposited with the State Treasurer of this State,

3 for the security of policy-holders of this State.) as is prescribed in regard to capital in sec-

14 tion one of this act,



- Introduced by Mr. Needles, February 24, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading February 24, 1881, and referred to Committee on Insurance.
 Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 15, 1881.

For an Act to amend Section thirteen (13) of "An act to Incorporate and govern Fire, Marine and Inland Navigation Insurance Companies doing business in the State of Illinois," approved March 11, 1869, in force July 1, 1869.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

General Assembly, That section thirteen of "An act to incorporate and to govern fire, marine and inland navigation insurance companies doing business in the State of Illinois," approved March 11, 1869, in force July 1, 1869, be so amended as to read as follows: Section 13. All notes deposited with any mutual insurance companies at the time of its organization, as provided in section six (6), shall remain as security for all losses and claims, until the accumulation of premium notes and assets. invested as required by the eighth (8) section of this act, shall equal the amount of cash capital required to be possessed by stock companies organized under this act, the liability of each note decreasing proportionately as the profits are accumulated; but any note which may have been deposited with any such 12 13 mutual insurance company subsequent to its organization in addition to the cash premium or any insurance effected with such company, may, at the expiration of the time of such insurance, be relinquished and given up to the maker thereof, or his representative, upon his paying his proportion of all losses and 16 expenses which may have accrued thereon during such term. The directors or 17 trustees of any such company shall have the right to determine the amount of the note to be given, in addition to the cash premium, by any person insured in

such company; but in no case shall the note be more than five times the annual rate charged such persons by such companies. And every person effecting 21 insurance in any mutual company organized under this act, and also their heirs, executors, administrators and assigns, continuing to be so insured, shall 23 24 thereby become members of said corporation during the period of insurance. and shall be bound to pay for losses and such necessary expenses as aforesaid. 25 26 accruing in, and to said company, in proportion to the amount of his deposit note or notes. The directors shall, as often as they deem necessary, after 27 receiving notice of any loss or damage by fire, sustained by any member, and 28 ascertaining the sam, or after the rendition of any judgment against such com--29 pany for loss or damage, settle and determine the sums to be paid by the several 30 members thereof as their respective portion of such loss and publish the same 31 in such manner as they shall see fit, or as the by-laws shall have prescribed, and 32 the sum to be paid by each member shall always be in proportion to the original 33 34 amount of his deposit note or notes, and shall be said to the officers of the company within thirty (30) days next after the publication of said notice. And if 35 any member shall, for the space of thirty (30) days after the publication of said 36 notice and service of such notice upon such member by mail, directed to him at his 37 postoffice, addressed as written in or upon his application for insurance, neglect 38 or refuse to pay the sum assessed upon him as his proportion of any loss as 39 aforesaid, in such case the directors may sue for and recover the whole amount 41 of his deposit note or notes, with cost of suit, but execution shall only issue for assessments and costs as they accrue. If the whole amount of the deposit notes 42 shall be insufficient to pay the loss occasioned by any fire or fires, in such case 44 the sufferers insured by the said company shall receive towards making good their respective losses a proportional share of the whole amount of said notes, 45 according to the sums by them respectively insured, but no member shall ever be required to pay for any loss, occasioned by fire or inland navigation, more than the whole amount of his deposit note.

Reported to House April 14, 1881.

2. First reading April 16, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section thirteen (18) of "An Act to incorporate and govern Fire, Marine and Inland Navigation Insurance Companies doing business in the State of Illinois," approved March 11, 1869, in force July 1, 1869.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That section thirteen of "An act to incorporate and to gov"

ern Fire. Marine and inland navigation insurance companies doing business in the State of Illinois," approved March 11, 1869, in force July 1, 1869, be so amended as to read as follows: Section 13. All notes deposited with any mutual insurance company at the time of its organization, as provided in section six (6), shall remain as security for all losses and claims, until the accumulation of premium notes and assets, invested as required by the eighth (8) section of this act, shall equal the amount of cash capital required to be possessed by stock companies organized under this 10 act, the liability of each note decreasing proportionately as the profits are accu-11 mulated; but any note which may have been deposited with any such mutual insurance company subsequent to its organization, in addition to the cash pre-13 mium, or any insurance effected with such company may, at the expiration of the time of such insurance be relinquished and given up to the maker thereof. 15 or his representative, upon his paying his proportion of all losses and expenses 16 which may have accrued thereon during such term. The directors or trustees 17 of any such company shall have the right to determine the amount of the note 15 to be given, in addition to the cash premium, by any person insured in such company; but in no case shall the note be more than five times the annual rate

charged such persons by such companies. And every person effecting insur-91 ance in any mutual company organized under this act, and also their 28 heirs, executors, administrators and assigns, continuing to be so insured, shall thereby become members of said corporation during the period of insurance, 94 and shall be bound to pay for losses and such necessary expenses as aforesaid, accruing in and to said company, in proportion to the amount of his deposit 26 note or notes. The directors shall, as often as they deem necessary, after receiv-97 ing notice of any loss or damage by fire sustained by any member, and ascer-28 taining the same, or after the rendition of any judgment against such company for loss or damage, settle and determine the sums to be paid by the several 80 members thereof as their respective portion of such loss, and publish the same 81 in such manner as they shall see fit, or as the by-laws shall have prescribed, and 32 the sum to be paid by each member shall always be in proportion to the original 38 amount of his deposit note or notes, and shall be paid to the officers of the com-34 pany within thirty (30) next days after the publication of said notice. And if any 36 member shall, for the space of thirty (30) days after the publication of said notice and service of such notice upon such member by mail, directed to him at 37 his postofice, addressed as written in or upon his application for insurance. 8 neglect or refuse to pay the sum assessed upon him as his proportion of any loss as aforesaid, in such case the directors may sue for and recover the whole amount of his deposit note or notes, with cost of suit, but execution shall only 41 issue for assessments and costs as they accrue. If the whole amount of the 42 deposit notes shall be insufficient to pay the loss occasioned by any fire or fires, in such case the sufferers insured by the said company shall receive towards making good their respective losses a proportional share of the whole amount of said notes, according to the sums by them respectively insured, but no member : shall ever be required to pay for any loss occasioned by fire or inland navigation 47 more than the whole amount of his deposit note.

- Introduced by Mr. Clark, January 24, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading January 24, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 2 1881.

For an Act to amend Section four, of Division VI., of "An Act to revise the law in relation to Criminal Jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly. That section four, of Division VI., of "An act to revise the
- 3 law in relation to criminal jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, in force
- 4 July 1, 1874, be amended so as to read as follows:
- 5 Section 4. An arrest may be made by an officer, or by a private person, with-
- 6 out warrant for a criminal offense, committed or attempted in his presence, and
- 7 by an officer, when a felonious offense has in fact been committed, and he has
- 8 reasonable ground for believing that the person to be arrested has committed it.



Reported to House, March 11, 1881.

First reading March 21, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary. Reported back and tabled. On motion taken up and re-referred to Committee on Judiciary April 9, 1881. 2. 3.

Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading April 10, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section four of Division VI of "An Act to revise the law in relation to Criminal Jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- General Assembly, That section four of division VI of "An act to revise the
- law in relation to criminal jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, in force
- July 1, 1874, be amended so as to read as follows:
- Section 4. An arrest may be made by an officer, or by a private person, with-
- out warrant, for a criminal offense committed or attempted in his presence.
- and by an officer when a felonious offense has, in fact, been committed, and
- he has reasonable ground for believing that the person to be arrested has
- 91 committed it.



- Introduced by Mr. Laning February 24, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading February 24, 1881, and referred to Committee on Insurance. Reported back, recommendation do not pass, tabled.

 April 26, 1881, recommitted to Committee on Insurance.

May 12, 1881, reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to a second reading.

A BILL

For an Act to provide for the Inspection of Illuminating Oils and the sale thereof.

Secretary 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- General Assembly, That the Governor of this State shall appoint, by and with the
- advice and consent of the Senate, a suitable person to be State Inspector of
- Illuminating Oils, whose term of office shall be four years and until his successor
- shall have qualified. Such inspector shall take and subscribe the official oath.
- and execute, with sufficient sureties, to be approved by the Secretary of State
- and file with him a penal bond in the sum of twenty thousand dollars, to the
- people of the State of Illinois, conditioned for the faithful performance of the
- duties of his office; and any person aggrieved by the misconduct or neglect of
- 10 such inspector or his deputies may maintain a suit thereon.
 - § 2. It shall be the duty of the inspector to appoint and employ a sufficient
- number of deputies to perform the duties of inspection at every place in the
- State when business may require it, for whose acts he shall be civilly responsible.
- to provide the proper apparatus for testing the purity and determining the fire
- test of all oils intended for illuminating purposes, stencils, brands and stamps;
- for marking packages inspected, record books and blanks, and, when called upon
- for that purpose, to promptly inspect all illuminating oils intended to be sold
- for consumption within this State; to mark, stamp or brand all packages, casks
- 9 or barrels containing unadulterated oils having the fire test required by this

10 act, "approved flash test, 120 degrees Fahrenheit," with the date of inspection and the name of the inspector; and if such oils on inspection shall not be equal to said flash test of 120 degrees Fahrenheits' thermometer, then to mark, brand or stamp the packages, casks or barrels containing the same "condemned for illuminating purposes," giving the correct degree of the test, the date of inspection and the name of the inspector. And if upon such inspection the inspector shall find such illuminating oils to be adulterated, he shall also mark, brand or stamp the packages, casks or barrels containing the same with the word "adulterated:" and if the adulteration shall have been made with 19 naphtha, benzine or other dangerous or inflammable substance, he shall also mark, brand or stamp such packages, casks or barrels with the word "dangerous." Compensation for the inspector's services shall be paid by the person for whom 21 the services are rendered, and the inspector shall be entitled to receive therefor as follows: the sum of forty cents for a single barrel, package or cask; twentyfive cents each when the lot does not exceed ten in number; fifteen cents each when the lot does not exceed twenty i number; ten cents each when the lot is more than twenty and less than fift; in number; and five cents each for all lots of fifty barrels and over; and all fees so accruing shall be a lien on the oil inspected. Each inspector shall keep a record book in which he shall correctly enter the date of each inspection had, the quantity, quality and kind of oil inspected, how branded, stamped or marked, and the person for whom the inspection was made, which entries shall be made within twenty four hours 31 after each inspection, and he shall furnish a certified copy thereof to each person requiring the inspection, and report monthly to the State inspector a true copy of such record, with the amount of his fees received since his last report. The State inspector shall prescribe rules for the transaction of the business of his office to be obeyed by each of his deputies.

§ 3. All kerosene oil, coal oil, mineral oil, refined petroleum oil, and all oils
2 by whatever name designated, intended for illuminating purposes, which are
3 the product of pretroleum, coal oil, or mineral oil is found as an element, shall

4 be inspected as provided in this act, and the packages, casks and barrels marked,

stamped or branded under the provisions of this act before the same shall be

6 sold for use or consumption within this State, and all sales of such oils shall be

7 deemed to have been made for such use or consumption, unless sold to be and

8 actually shipped out of the State; and no other inspection of such oils for any

9 purpose than such as is prescribed by this act shall be required.

§ 4. The inspection of such oils shall in all cases be made by the inspector or one of his deputies, and shall be made in the following manner: The test shall be made in a test cup of metal or glass, cylindrical in shape, two and a quarter inches in diameter, and four inches deep, both measurements being made inside the cup, and this cup shall be filled to within one quarter of an inch of the brim with the oil or other substance to be tested, taken at the ordinary temperature; the cup shall be placed in a water bath sufficiently large to leave a clear space of one inch under the cup, and three-eighths of an inch around it, and in such a manner as to project about one-quarter of an inch above the water bath; the space between the cups and the water bath shall be nearly filled with cold water; taken at the ordinary temperature, and the cup being placed in the water bath, the latter shall be heated by an alcohol lamp, with its flame so graduated that the rise in temperature from sixty degrees Fahrenheit to the highest temperature shall not be less than two degrees per minute, and shall be as near two degrees per minute as is practicable, and shall in no case exceed four degrees per minute. A Fahrenheit thermometer shall be suspended in such a manner that the upper surface of its bulb shall be, as near as practicable, one quarter of an inch below the surface of the oil undergoing test; as soon as the temperature reaches the point of ninety-eight degrees Fahrenheit, the lamp shall be removed from under the water-bath, and the oil shall then be allowed to rise to the temperature of one hundred degrees Fahrenheit, by the residual 21 heat of the water, and at that point the first test for flash shall be made as follows: A taper hereinafter described, shall be lighted, and the surface of the oil shall be touched with the flame of the taper, and it is lawful to apply this flame either to the center of the oil surface, or to any or all parts of it, but the taper itself shall not be plunged into the oil, and if no flash takes place upon the first contact of the flame with the oil, the taper shall not be held in longer contact, but shall be immediately withdrawn. If no flash takes place at the

temperature of one hundred degrees Fahrenheit, the lamp shall be replaced under the water-bath, and the temperature raised to one hundred and three degrees, when the lamp shall be again withdrawn, and the oil allowed to rise to 81 one hundred and five degrees by the residual heat of the water, when the test shall be made at one hundred and five degrees, by again applying the flame of the taper, as hereinbefore specified; if no flash occurs, the test shall be repeated 84 as often as the oil gains five degrees in temperature, three degrees with the lamp under the water-bath, and two degrees with the lamp removed: these tests 86 shall be repeated until the flash is obtained. The inspector shall further test 87 the oil by applying the taper at every two degrees rise without removing the lamp or stirring, but if a flash is obtained by this means by a less rise in tem-89 perature than the five degrees herein required, he shall at once remove the 40 lamp, stir the oil, and immediately apply the flame. The taper used for testing 41 may be made of any wood giving a clear flame, and it shall be made as slender as possible, and with a tip not more than one-sixteenth of an inch in thickness. No taper or match with sulphur upon it shall be used, unless the sulphur is removed before lighting. When the taper is lighted, it shall be applied to the 46 oil immediately, that is to say, before an ash or coal has had time to form on the end of the taper beyond the flame, and in applying the taper the flame shall be 47 made to touch the oil, but the taper itself shall not be brought in contact with the oil, and if the taper is so brought in contact with the oil, but not held 49 there longer than for the space of one second, and the oil flashes, the test shall 50 51 not thereby be vitiated, but the inspector shall immediately remove the lamp and again test the oil by the flame, without allowing the body of the taper to touch the oil. No oil or other substance which, by the test herein described, flashes at any temperature below one hundred and twenty degrees Fahrenheit. 54 shall be allowed to be sold, or offered for sale, or consumed for illuminating 56 purposes in this State; but shall be deemed a sufficient compliance with the provisions of this section to test the oil or oils herein described by an apparatus 57 known as the "Foster Cup," or "Foster's Automatic Oil Tester:" and it is lawful to sell for illuminating purposes, any oil or oils herein described, to be consumed within this State, which bear a flash test of one hundred and twenty degrees

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61 Fahrenheit, as shown by said apparatus, and the State Inspector is hereby authorized to substitute the test by the Foster Cup, or Foster's Automatic Oil 63 Tester, instead of the test by the open cup, as herein provided, if in his 64 judgment, by such a change a greater uniformity of test throughout the 66 State will be secured.

§ 5. No inspector, while in office, shall manufacture, sell or deal, directly or indirectly, in any of the oils required to be inspected, or be guilty of any fraud deceit, misconduct or culpable neglect in the performance of any duty pre scribed by this act. No person for himself, or as agent for others, shall refill any packages, cask or barrel with oils required to be inspected, until the former mark, stamp or brand is fully erased. No person for himself, or as agent for others, shall attempt to sell, or sell any oils required to be inspected before the same have been inspected, and the package, cask or barrel containing such oils properly marked, stamped or branded. No person for himself, or as agent for others, shall sell an empty cask or barrel, until the mark, stamp or brand of 11 inspection is fully erased. No person for himself, or as agent for others, shall attempt to sell, or sell for consumption within this State for illuminating pur-12 poses, any of the oils required to be inspected by this act, unless the same be of 13 the quality herein directed to be branded as approved. No person for himself, 14 or as agent for others, shall adulterate or change the contents of any package 15 16 cask or barrel, after the same has been inspected under this act. No person for himself, or as agent for others, shall sell or attempt to sell for illuminating 17 purposes any oils which he has good reason to believe are adulterated. No person for himself, or as agent for others, shall sell or attempt to sell any oils 19 branded "Dangerous," or gasoline, benzine, naphtha or other inflammable or 20 explosive fluid, to be burned for illuminating purposes within this State except 21 when converted into gas. No person shall use, or knowingly suffer to be used. on his premises for illuminating purposes any of the oils required to be 23 inspected not bearing the flash test of one hundred and twenty degrees, and 24 inspected and branded "approved," as aforesaid; and no person shall burn, by 25 himself or his agents, for heating purposes, any gasoline, benzine, naphtha or 26 similar product of petroleum within any building. 27

- \$ 6. Any person violating any of the provisions of this act shall, on conviction
 2 pay to the people of this State a fine of not exceeding two hundred dollars.
 - § 7. Any inspector who shall know, or have reason to believe, that any pro-
- 2 visions of this act has been violated, shall forthwith notify the proper prosecut-
- s ing officer thereof, and may require the inspection of any oils which are by this
- 4 act required to be inspected, which he has reason to believe have been adul-
- 5 terated after inspection, or are being sold or used contrary to the provisions of
- 6 this act.
- § 8. Chapter 104, of the Revised Statutes of 1874, is hereby repealed: Pro-2 vided, that this repeal shall not affect any pending prosecution.

- Introduced by Mr. Shaw, February 24, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading February 24, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judicial Department.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading February 26, 1881.

For an Act to amend Section nine (9) of an act entitled "An Act concerning Circuit Courts, and to fix the time for holding the same in the several counties in the judicial circuits in the State of Illinois, exclusive of the county of Cook," approved May 24, 1879, in force July 1, 1879.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly. That section nine (9) of an act-entitled "An act-concerning
- 3 circuit courts, and to fix the time of holding the same in the several counties in
- 4 the judicial circuits in the State of Illinois, exclusive of the county of Cook,"
- 5 approved May 24, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, be and the same is hereby amended
- 6 so as to read as follows:
- 7 Section 9. (Eighth circuit.) In the county of Peoria, on the first Mondays in
- 8 February, May, October and December: in the county of Stark, on the second
- 9 Mondays in March and September; in the county of Tazewell, on the first
- 10 Mondays of May and February and second Mondays of September and
- 11 November; in the county of Marshall, on the second Monday of January and
- 12 first Mondays of June and October, in each year; in the county of Putnam, on
- 13 the first Monday of March and fourth Monday in October; in the county of
- 14 Woodford, on the second Monday of April and first Mondays in August and
- 15 December.

- § 2. Whereas, the next term of the Woodford county circuit court, as now
- 2 provided by law, convenes on the first Monday of April next and gives rise to
- 3 serious inconvenience to the citizens of the county, therefore an emergency
- 4 exists, and this act shall be in force from and after its passage.

(Substitute for No. 126.)

1. Introduced by Judiciary Committee February 25, 1881, and ordered to first

First reading February 26, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading

A BILL

For an Act to amend Sections one (1) and two (2) of an act entitled "An Act to exempt certain Personal Property from Attachment and Sale on Execution. and from Distress for Rent," approved May 24, 1877, in force July 1, 1877.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- General Assembly. That sections one (1) and two (2) of an act entitled "An act to
- exempt certain personal property from attachment and from distress for rent."
- approved May 24, 1877, in force July 1, 1877, be and the same is hereby amended
- to read as follows:
 - § 1. That the following personal property, owned by the debtor, shall be
- exempt from execution, writ of attachment and distress for rent, viz.: First, the
- necessary wearing apparel, bibles, school books, and family pictures of every
- person; second, the necessary kitchen furniture, beds, bedsteads and bedding,
- two stoves and pipe; third, the family cemetery lots or rights of burial, and
- tombs for repositories for the dead; and fourth, one hundred dollars' worth of
- other property to be selected by the debtor, and in addition, when the debtor is
- the head of a family and resides with the same, three hundred dollars' worth of
- other property, to be selected by the debtor: Provided, that such selection and
- exemption shall not be made by the debtor or allowed to him or her from any
- money, salary or wages due him or her from any person or persons or corpora-
- tion whatever.

§ 2. Whenever any debtor against whom an execution, writ of attachment or distress warrant has been issued desires to avail himself or herself of the benefit of this act, he or she shall make a schedule of all of his or her personal property of every kind and character, including money on hand, and debts due and owing to the debtor, and deliver the same to the officer having the execution, writ of attachment or distress warrant, within five days after receiving notice that such execution, writ of attachment or distress warrant has been 7 issued, which said schedule shall be subscribed and sworn to by the debtor, and any property owned by the debtor and not included in said schedule shall not be exempt as aforesaid. And thereupon the officer having the execution, writ 10 11 of attachment or distress warrant shall summon three householders, who, after being duly sworn to fairly and impartially appraise the property of the debtor. 12 shall fix a fair valuation upon each article contained in said schedule, and the 13 debtor shall then select from said schedule the articles he or she may desire to retain, the aggregate value of which shall not exceed the amount exempted to 15 16 which he or she may be entitled, and deliver the remainder to the officer having the writ, and the officer having such writ is hereby authorized to administer the 17 oaths required herein of the debtor and appraisers: Provided, that when a 18 schedule is delivered to an officer holding an execution upon any judgment, the 19 20 judgment debtor therein shall not be required to make any further schedule 21 against any execution issued upon the same judgment for the term of six months, unless the debtor has acquired additional property, and then only as to 92 28 such additional property.

(Substitute for 126.)

- Introduced by Judiciary Committee February 25, 1881, and ordered to first reading.

 First reading February 26, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
- 3. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 4, 1881.
- March 15, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Sections one (1) and two (2) of an act entitled "Act act to Exempt certain Personal Property from Attachment and Sale on Execution, and from Distress for Rent," approved May 24, 1877, in force July 1, 1877.

BECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That sections one (1) and two (2) of an act entitled "An
- 3 act to exempt certain personal property from attachment and sale on execution,
- 4 and from distress for rent," approved May 24, 1877, in force July 1, 1877, be and
- 5 the same are hereby amended to read as follows:
- 6 Section 1. That the following personal property, owned by the debtor,
- 7 shall be exempt from execution, writ of attachment and distress for rent,
- 8 viz.: First, the necessary wearing apparel, bibles, school books, and family
- 9 pictures of every person; second, the necessary kitchen furniture, beds. bed-
- 10 steads and bedding, two stoves and pipe; third, the family cemetery lots or
- 11 rights of burial, and tombs for repositories for the dead; and fourth, one
- 12 hundred dollars' worth of other property to be selected by the debtor, and in
- 18 addition, when the debtor is the head of a family and resides with the same.
- 14 three hundred dollars' worth of other property, to be selected by the debtor-
- 15 Provided, that such selection and exemption shall not be made by the debtor or

16 allowed to him or her from any money, salary or wages due him or her from 17 any person or persons or corporation whatever.

Section 2. Whenever any debtor against whom an execution, writ of 18 19 attachment or distress warrant has been issued desires to avail himself or herself of the benefit of this act, he or she shall make a schedule of all of his or her personal property of every kind and character, including money on hand, and debts due and owing to the debtor, and deliver the same to the officer having the execution, writ of attachment or distress warrant, within five days after a levy or demand made for property by the officer having such execution 25 or attachment, or if a levy is made without a demand, then within five days after receiving a written notice of such levy, which said schedule shall be subscribed and sworn to by the debtor, and any property owned by the debtor and not included in said schedule shall not be exempt as aforesaid. And thereupon the officer having the execution, writ of attachment or distress warrant shall summon three householders, who, after being duly sworn to fairly and impartially appraise the property of the debtor, shall fix a fair 81 valuation upon each article contained in said schedule, and the debter shall then select from said schedule the articles he or she may desire to retain, the aggregate value of which shall not exceed the amount exempted to which he or she may be entitled, and deliver the remainder to the officer having the writ. and the officer having such writ is hereby authorized to administer the oaths required herein of the debtor and appraisers: Provided, that when a schedule is delivered to an officer holding an execution upon any judgment, the judgment debtor therein shall not be required to make any further schedule against any execution issued upon the same judgment for the term of six months, unless the debtor has acquired additional property, and then only as to such additional property. The fees of the householders making such appraisement shall be one dollar and fifty cents per day to be taxed on the execution as toets.

 Introduced by Mr. Torrance, February 25, 1881, and ordered to first. reading.

2. First reading February 26, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

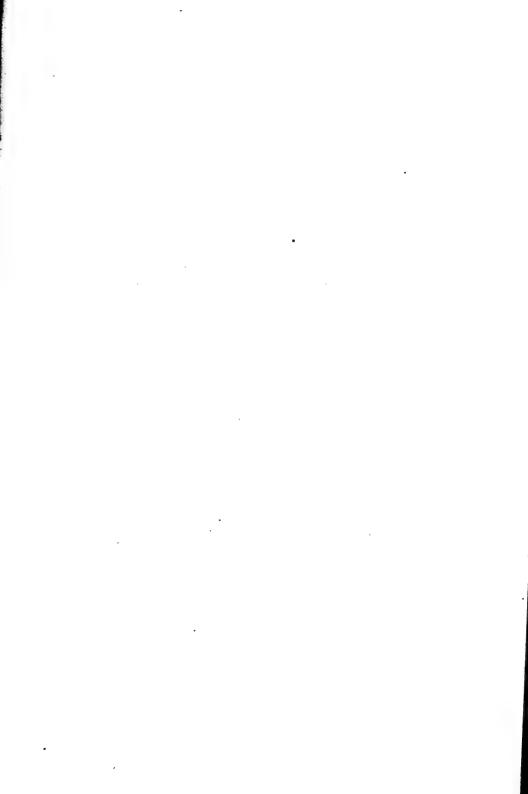
 Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 11, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Sections three and five of "An act to revise the law in relation to Paupers," approved March 23, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That sections three (3) and five (5) of "An act to revise the
- 3 law in relation to paupers," approved March 23, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, be
- 4 amended so as to read as follows:
- 5 Section 3. Upon any failure of any such relative or relatives, to support such
- 6 poor person as provided by this act, it shall be the duty of the State's Attorney
- 7 to make complaint thereof to the county court of his county against all the
- 8 relatives of such pauper liable to his support, and prosecute the same.
- 9 Section 5. At least ten days' notice of such application shall be given to the
- 10 defendant, if a resident of this State, by summons, requiring him to appear and
- 11 answer the complaint; if a non-resident, upon affidavit of such fact being filed
- 12 in court, and it appears from such affidavit that the defendant has real or per-
- 18 sonal property in said county, publication may be made as is now provided by
- 14 law in cases in chancery, and upon proof of such publication, the court shall
- 15 proceed as though summons had been served: Provided, that judgments ren-
- 16 dered where summons has not been served on the defendant, or his appearance
- 17 entered, shall only be a lien upon the property of defendant in the county
- 18 where such judgment was procured, and no execution shall issue against any
- 19 other property of the defendant; nor shall such judgment be any evidence of
- 20 debt against the defendant in any subsequent suit.



- Introduced by Mr. Bent, February 25, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 25, 1881, and referred to Committee on Penal and
- First reading February 25, 1881, and referred to Committee on Penal and Reformatory Institutions, and ordered printed.

For an Act making appropriation for the Sewage to and from the Illinois State

Penitentiary, at Joliet.

Whereas, the defective sewage at the Illinois State Penitentiary, at Joliet,

- 2 has, for a long time, been the subject of serious consideration by the officers in
- 3 charge of the institution:
- 4 And whereas, it has become apparent, to all who have examined the condition
- 5 of the sewage, that the offensive odor arising therefrom is seriously affecting
- 6 the health of the convicts and officers of said institution; therefore,

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That the sum of thirteen thousand dollars (\$13,00) be and
- 3 the same is hereby appropriated to pay the expenses of reconstructing said
- 4 sewage by letting in the water from the pond near the northeast corner of the
- 5 penitentiary building, or from the Illinois and Michigan Canal, and causing it
- 6 to pass through a proper channel under the buildings, and thence in a south-
- 7 west course a distance of a mile or more until it falls off freely into the basin
- 8 below dam No. 1, city of Illiet.
 - § 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed to
- 2 draw his warrant, payable to the warden of the Illinois State Penitentiary, at
- 3 Joliet, for said sum of thirteen thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be
- 4 found necessary for the expense of said improvement, when he shall furnish
- 5 the proper vouchers for the payment of the same, approved by the Governor.

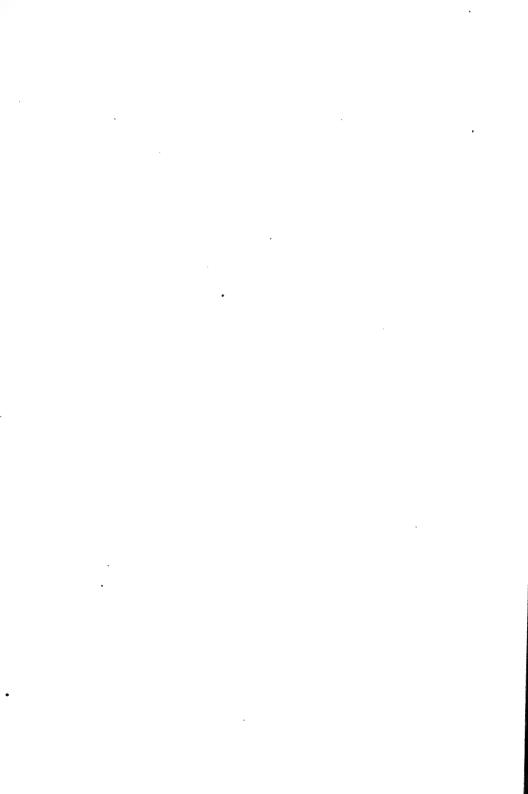
- § 3. Whereas, there is a pressing necessity for the completion of said repairs
- 2 at the earliest possible date, an emergency exists, therefore this act shall be in
- 3 force from and after its passage.

- Introduced by Mr. Bell, February 26, 1881, and ordered to firstfreading.
 First reading February 26, 1881, and referred to Committee on Miscellany.
- First reading February 26, 1881, and referred to Committee on Miscellany.
 Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading, March 30, 1881

For an Act to punish the Selling of Coal and other Articles by Fraudulent Tickets of Weight.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly. That whoever shall falsely represent the weight or meas-
- 3 ure in the sale of any coal, corn, wheat, oats, rye, potatoes, apples, hay, straw or
- 4 other products usually sold by the cart or wagon load, by any ticket or other
- 5 youcher, purporting to give the weight or measure of said articles or products.
- 6 shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be fined in any sum not
- 7 exceeding one hundred dollars, and imprisoned in the county jail not to exceed
- 8 ninety days.



- 1. Introduced by Mr. Campbell, February 28, 1881, and ordered to first
- First reading Fabruary 28, 1881, and referred to Committee on Federal
- 3. Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 1, 1881.

For an Act relating to the operations of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- General Assembly. That any person employed under and by virtue of an act of
- Congress of the United States, approved the tenth day of February, one
- thousand eight hundred and seven, and of the supplements thereto, for the
- survey of the coasts of the United States, or under the direction of Congress, to
- form a geodetic connection between the Atlantic and Pacific coasts, and to fur-
- nish triangulation points for State surveys, may enter upon lands within this
- State for the purpose of exploring, triangulating, leveling, surveying, and of
- doing any other act which may be necessary to carry out the object of said
- 10 laws, and may erect any works, stations, buildings, and appendages requisite for
- 11 that purpose, doing no unnecessary injury thereby.
 - § 2. If the parties interested cannot agree upon the amount to be paid for
 - damages caused thereby, either of them may petition the county court in the
 - 3 county in which the land is situated, which court shall appoint a time for a
 - hearing as soon as may be, and order at least fourteen days' notice to be given
 - to all parties interested and with or without a view of the premises, as the court
- 6 may determine, hear the parties and their witnesses and assess damages.
- § 3. The person so entering upon land may tender to the party injured 2 amends therefor, and if in case of appeal to the county court the damages

- 8 finally assessed do not exceed the amount tendered, the person entering shall
- 4 recover costs; otherwise the prevailing party shall recover costs.
 - § 4. The costs to be allowed in all such cases shall be the same as allowed
- 2 according to rules by the court.
 - § 5. If any person shall willfully deface, injure or remove any signal,
- 2 monument, building, or other property of the United States coast and geodetic
- 3 survey, constructed or used under or by virtue of the act of Congress afore-
- 4 said, he shall forfeit a sum not exceeding fifty dollars for each offense, and
- 5 shall be liable for damages sustained by the United States, in an action on the
- 6 case in any court of competent jurisdiction.
 - § 6. This act shall take effect from and after its passage.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 304, REPORTED MARCH 1, 1881, FROM COMMITTEE ON FEDERAL RELATIONS.

Amend section 2 by striking out all after the word "thereby," and inserting

- 2 in lieu thereof "the United States of America may proceed to condemn said
- 35 land as provided by 'An act to provide for the exercise of the right of eminent
- 4 domain, approved April 10, 1872, in force July 1, 1872."
- 5 Strike out sections 3, 4 and 6.
- 6 Amend by striking out the figure "5" after "section" on third , age of written
- 7 bill and insert the figure "3."

- 1. Introduced by Mr. Campbell, February 28, 1881, and ordered to first reading First reading February 28, 1881, and referred to Committee on Federal Relations.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 1, 1881.

 March 15, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.

For an Act relating to the operations of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey

SECTION 1. Be it enucted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That any person employed under and by virtue of an act of
- 3 Congress of the United States, approved the 10th day of February, one thousand
- eight hundred and seven, and of the supplements thereto, for the survey of the
- coasts of the United States, or under the direction of Congress, to form a geodetic
- connection between the Atlantic and Pacific coasts, and to furnish triangulation
- points for State surveys, may enter upon lands within this State for the purpose
- of exploring, triangulating, leveling, surveying, and of doing any other act which
- may be necessary to carry out the object of said laws, and may erect any works,
- stations buildings, and appendages requisite for that purpose, doing no unne-
- 11 cessary injury thereby.
 - \$ 2. If the parties interested cannot agree upon the amount to be paid for
- damages caused thereby, the United States of America may proceed to condemn
- 3 said land as provided by "An act to provide for the exercise of the right of emi-
- 4 nent domain," approved April 10, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.
 - \$ 3. If any person shall willfully deface, injure or remove any signal, monu-
- 2 ment, building, or other property of the United States coast and geodetic survey,

constructed or used under or by virtue of the act of Congress aforesaid, he shall

- 4 forfeit a sum not exceeding fifty dollars for each offense, and shall be liable for
- 5 damages sustained by the United States, in an action on the case in any court of competent jurisdiction.

- Reported to House March 23, 1881.
- 2. First reading March 26, 1881, and ordered to a second reading.

For An Act relating to the operations of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That any person employed under and by virtue of an act of Congress of the United States, approved the tenth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and seven, and of the supplements thereto, for the survey of the coasts of the United States, or under the direction of Congress, to form a geodetic connection between the Atlantic and Pacific coasts, and to furnish triangulation points for State surveys, may enter upon lands within this State for the purpose of exploring, triangulating, leveling, surveying, and of doing any other act which may be necessary to carry out the object of said laws, and may erect any works, stations, buildings, and appendages requisite for that purpose, doing no unnecessary injury thereby.

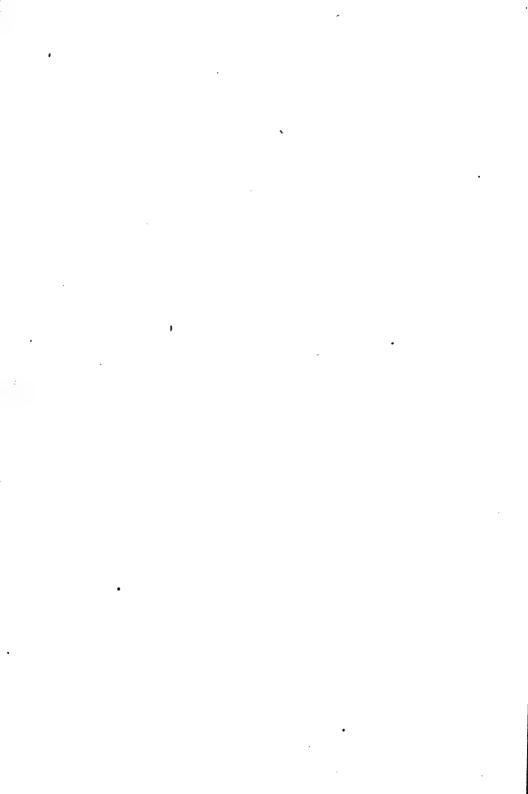
- \$ 2. If the parties interested cannot agree upon the amount to be paid for 2 damages caused thereby, the United States of America may proceed to con-
- 3 demn said land, as provided by "An act to provide for the exercise of the right
- 4 of eminent domain," approved April 10, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.
- § 3. If any person shall willfully deface, injure or remove any signal, monu-
- 2 ment, building, or other property of the United States coast and geodetic sur-
- 3 vey, constructed or used under or by virtue of the acts of Congress aforesaid,.
- 4 he shall forfeit a sum not exceeding fifty dollars for each offense, and shall be
- 5 liable for damages sustained by the United States, in an action on the case, in
- 8 any court of competent jurisdiction.



- Introduced by Mr. Wilson, February 28, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 28, 1881, and referred to Committee on Insurance.
- 3. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 24, 1881.

For an Act to require all Fire and Marine Insurance Companies, doing business in the State of Illinois, to refund, with interest, a pro rate amount of all premiums paid on the excess of the amount actually paid on the final adjustment of loss.

- 2 General Assembly, That all fire and marine insurance companies hereafter doing
- 3 business in this State, having received any premium or premiums on any policy
- 4 of insurance issued by each company, shall be required to refund to the
- 5 assured a pro rata amount of all such premiums paid on such policy in excess of
- 6 the amount agreed to be paid in such policy over the amount actually paid
- 7 on the final adjustment of the loss.
- § 2. Any such company that shall neglect or refuse to pay or refund such
- 2 pro rata of premiums, as is required by the first section of this act, on or before
- 3 the time such loss is finally adjusted and paid, shall be liable in double the
- 4 amount, to be collected by suit before any court of competent jurisdiction,
- 5 together with a reasonable attorney's fee, to be assessed by the court and
- 6 included as a part of the judgment; and in case of an appeal to the Appellate
- 7 or Supreme Court, the amount of said attorney's fee shall be twice the amount
- 8 recovered in the lower court, to be taxed as cost in the said Appellate or Supreme
- 9 Court.



I. Introduced by Mr. Bent, March 1, 1881, and ordered to first reading.

 First reading March 1, 1881, and referred to Committee on Insurance.
 Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 15, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to give contiguous territory the right to become incorporated with Township Insurance Companies.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That it shall be lawful for any township insurance company already organized, or hereafter to be organized, having less than six political townships in its organization, to accept or receive into its said organization one or more adjoining Congressional or political townships: Provided, however, that such organization shall not in any event embrace more than six such township. § 2. Any number of persons, not less than ten, who collectively shall own property of not less than \$15,000 in value, which they desire to have insured, residing in any Congressional or political township, which shall not already be in some township insurance company, may petition any township insurance company already organized, (to which said township may lie contiguous) praying to have said township added to and embraced in said township insurance company. Said petition shall be accompanied by the written consent of a full majority of the then policy-holders in said company owning not less than two-thirds of the insurance represented by the policies of said company, consenting to the prayer of said petition. Upon the receipt of such petition, accompanied by such consent, the board of directors of said company may, by vote, accept and receive into said organizaton such township so petitioning. If such township so petitioning shall be so received and accepted by such township insurance organ-

- 14 ization, the secretary of such township insurance company shall at once so notify
- 15 the Auditor of Public Accounts, stating the name of the township so added
- 16 and the date the acceptance was so made.
 - \$ 3. The accepting or receiving of any such township as aforesaid, shall in
 - 2 no way impair the obligations of said township insurance company, or that of
- 3 the policy-holders or members thereof.
 - § 4. From and after the date of such acceptance by such township insurance
- 2 company, said township so received shall, to all intents and purposes, be a part
- 3 and parcel of such township insurance company, the same as though embraced
- 4 therein in its original organization.

Reported to House April 14, 1881.

First reading April 16, 1881, and referred to Committee on Insurance.
 Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading April 29, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to give contiguous territory the right to become incorporated with Township Insurance Companies.

- 2 General Assembly, That it shall be lawful for any township insurance com-
- 3 pany, already organized or hereafter to be organized, having less than six
- 4 political townships in its organization, to accept or receive into its said organ-
- 5 ization one or more adjoining congressional or political townships: Provided,
- 6 however, that such organization shall not, in any event, embrace more than
- 7 six such townships.
- § 2. Any number of persons, not less than ten, who, collectively, shall
- 2 own property of not less than \$15,000 in value, which they desire to have
- 3 insured, residing in any congressional or political township, which shall not
- 4 already be in some township insurance company, may petition any township
- 5 insurance company, already organized (to which said township may be con-
- 6 tiguous), praying to have said township added to and embraced in said town-
- 7 ship insurance company. Said petition shall be accompanied by the written
- 8 consent of a full majority of the then policyholders in said company, own-
- 9 ing not less than two-thirds of the insurance represented by the policies of
- 10 said company, consenting to the prayer of said petition. Upon the receipt
- 11} of such petition, accompanied by such consent, the board of directors of said
- 12 company may, by vote, accept and receive into said organization such town-
- 13 ship so petitioning. If such township so petitioning shall be so received and

- 14 accepted by such township insurance organization, the secretary of such
- 15 township insurance company shall at once so notify the Auditor of Public
- 16 Accounts, stating the name of the township so added and the date the
- 17 acceptance was so made.
 - § 3. The accepting or receiving of any such township, as aforestid, shall
- 2 in no way impair the obligations of said township insurance company, or
- 3 that of the policyholders or members thereof.
 - § 4. From and after the date of such acceptance by such township insur-
- 2 ance company, said township so received shall to all intents and purposes,
- 3 be a part and parcel of such township insurance company, the same as
- 4 though embraced therein in its original organization.

- Introduced by Mr. Clark, March 1, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading March 1, 1881, and referred to Committee on Agriculture and Drainage, and ordered printed.

For an act to provide for the construction and maintenance of Drains and Ditches for agricultural, sanitary and mining purposes.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the 2 General Assembly. That whenever one or more owners of land shall desire to 3 construct a drain or ditch across the land of others, for agricultural, sanitary or mining purposes, wholly within one county, such owner or owners may file a petition in the office of any disinterested justice of the peace not of kin to any such owner or owners, and who resides within the township where such drain. or ditch, or a part thereof, is proposed to be located, which petition shall be directed to such justice of the peace, and shall describe the drain or ditch proposed, whether an open ditch, or a covered, boxed or tiled drain, and the size thereof, the point at or near which to commence, the general course, the point 10 -11 at or near which to terminate, the approximate length, the description of the land over which it is proposed to pass, and the names and residence of the owners thereof, if known, and if not known, it shall be so stated; also the name of the town or towns in which said drain or ditch, or any part thereof, is proposed to be located, and such petition shall state the object of such construotion, whether for agricultural, sanitary or mining purposes, and whether, in the opinion of the petitioners such construction would be of benefit to the owner, 17 and shall pray for process of the court, as in this act provided. Such petition 18 shall be signed by the petitioners and shall be sworn to by at least one of the petitioners, and shall be accompanied by a bond with security other than of the

22	following form: "I,, do hereby enter myself security for all costs
23	which may be adjudged against the petitioners, in the above case. Dated this
24	
	\$ 2. Upon the filing of said petition and bond, as aforesaid, such justice of
2	the peace shall issue a venire for a jury of six freeholders of the town in which
8	such drain or ditch is proposed to be located, and if in more than one town,
4	then an equal number from each town, and whose competency shall be deter-
5	mined, and challenges thereto shall be allowed, and any deficiency in the
6	number shall be supplied as in other cases in the trial of civil cases before
7	justices of the peace. The number of such jurors shall be increased to twelve,
8	on the request of any party to the record, at any time before the trial has
9	been entered upon. The justice of the peace shall also issue a summons
10	directed to the parties named in the petition as the owners of such lands,
11	and to the supervisor or supervisors of the town or towns named in the
12	petition, which summons shall be in the following form, as nearly as the case
18	will admit, viz:
14	STATE OF ILLINOIS, / In the matter of petition for drainage.
15	To, supervisor of the town of, in said county, and to
16	You are each hereby notified that a petition has this day been filed in my
17	office by, praying for the right to construct a drain across certain lands
18	therein described, and you are further notified that I have this day issued a
19	summons for a jury to meet at my office, in ———————————————————————————————————
20	State, on the day of, for the purpose of assessing damages to such
21	lands and town benefits, at which time and place you can appear and be heard
22	if you so desire. Given under my hand and seal, this ——— day of ———.
23	SEAL. J. P.
94	Such venire and summons shall be returnable at the same time and place, not

25 less than five nor more than fifteen days from the date thereof, and shall be 26 served in the same manner as in other civil cases before justices of the peace:

Provided, if any such owner is an infant, such summons shall be served by delivering a copy to the infant, or its guardian, if any, and if no guardian, in that case to the person with whom he or she resides. If any owner has a con-29 30 servator, by delivering a copy to his or her conservator, if any such owner is a married woman, by delivering a copy to her, and if it shall appear from the 31 petition, or from the affidavit of any person, or from the return of the officer, 32 33 that any person named in the petition cannot be found and served within the county, or that the owners of any of such land are unknown to the petitioners, 35 such justice shall cause a copy of such summons to be posted in three of the most public places in the vicinity of such proposed drain or ditch, at least six days before the return day thereof.

§ 3. The jury shall appear before such justice of the peace, and be sworn or affirmed by such justice, faithfully and impartially to try the issues presented to them, and shall hear such lawful evidence as may be presented to them, and may at their option visit and examine the proposed location of such proposed drain or ditch. The trial shall be conducted as other jury trials before justices of the peace, and the jury shall make a written verdict, specifying, first, whether or not the construction of the proposed drain or ditch would be beneficial for agricultural, sanitary or mining purposes, as set forth in the petition; second. the probable cost of construction; third, the amount of damages each owner would sustain in consequence of the construction of the proposed drain or 10 ditch, across his or her land; fourth, whether such town or towns would be 11 benefitted by the construction of said drain or ditch, and if so how much; not in any case exceeding the amount of probable cost of construction as found by them, with the damages to owners of land, and the cost of proceeding, which verdict shall be signed by the jury, and by them returned to the justice of the peace, and the justice shall thereupon file the same, and enter a copy of such verdict upon his docket, and such finding shall be final and conclusive.

\$ 4. The justice of the peace may allow all amendments to conform to the facts, and no continuance shall be granted upon the application of any party to the proceedings, without good cause shown, nor until the parties so applying shall have paid all costs made in the case to the time of granting the continu-

5 ance, but the justice may continue the case, on his own motion, for want of service, to impannel a newljury in case of disagreement, or other like causes, as in other cases, but not to exceed fifteen days, and no objections shall be allowed to the form if any process or proceedings which in the opinion of the justice would work no wrong or injury to any party to the proceedings; and all officers, increased witnesses shall receive such fees as are allowed in other civil cases 11 before justices of the peace which shall be paid by the petitioners, and judgment entered therefor; but the justice shall not tax as costs against the peti-12 tioners the costs of witnesses for defendants, nor the costs of their service, when 13 he shall deem their testimony to have been unnecessary, but the party making such unnecessary costs, shall pay the same, and judgment may be entered 15 therefor, and a fee bill issued thereon, and such judgment shall be final and 17 conclusive.

§ 5. The petitioner or petitioners, upon the payment of the damages assessed, and of all costs assessed against him, her or them, or upon depositing the same with the justice of the peace, for the use of the parties respectively interested therein, shall have the right to enter upon the lands, and construct such drain or ditch, as specified in this petition within one year from this assessment, and thereafter have the right in perpetuity, to enter upon said lands at all proper times and seasons, for the purpose of repairing, cleansing or opening the said drain or ditch, and the rights aforesaid, and right to the maintenance of the easement of said drain or ditch, shall pass to the heirs and assigns of such peti-10 tioner or petitioners, who may successively become the owner or owners of the land or lands for the benefit of drainage, of which said drain may have been 11 constructed. And in case the town or towns shall have been assessed and have paid such assessment the highway commissioners of such town or towns, and 13 their successors in office shall have like rights and powers.

§ 6. Upon the construction of such drain or ditch, as in the petition specified by the petitioner or petitioners, their heirs or assigns, it shall be the duty of the town authorities to pay to such petitioner or petitioners, their heirs or assigns, the amount so found and assessed against such town, and on refusal so to do. 5 an action shall lie therefor.

- \$ 7. Any person who shall obstruct, permit, or suffer to be obstructed, any
- 2 drain or ditch, constructed under the provisions of this act, or shall prevent or
- 3 interfere with the construction of any such drain or ditch, after such assess-
- 4 ment, or deposit, shall be fined in any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars,
- 5 or be imprisoned in the county jail not exceeding six months, or both, in the
- 6 discretion of the court, for each offense.
 - § 8. Nothing in this act contained shall be construed to affect the provisions
- 2 of any other act now in force on the subject of drainage, nor any rights
- 3 thereunder.
 - § 9. Whereas, there are many parties in this State, who are desirous of receiv-
- 2 ing the benefits of this act, for agricultural purposes, before the first day of
- 3 next July, therefore an emergency exists, and this act shall take-effect on and
- 4 after its passage.



Introduced by Mr. Fuller, March 1, 1881, and ordered to first reading.

First reading March 1, 1881, and referred to Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

 Reported back with amendment, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 25, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to provide means for the completion and furnishing of the State House.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly. That the sum of five hundred thousand dollars be and the
- 3 same is hereby appropriated for the completion and furnishing of the State
- 4 House, and for the improvement of the grounds, payable as hereinafter pro-
- b yided out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated: *Provided*,
- 7 that a majority of all the votes cast at the next general election, as hereinafter
- 8 provided, shall be in favor of such appropriation.
 - § 2. At the next general election to be held in this State, on the first Tuesday
- 2 after the first Monday in Novembe, A. D., 1881, the question shall be submitted
- 3 to the legal voters of this State, whether or not they are in favor of the appro-
- 4 priation as provided in section one of this act. In the notices for election
- 5 required to be furnished by the county clerkin section 46, chapter 46. Elections.
- 6 of the Revised Statutes of 1874, in addition to the several offices to be filled, he
- 7 will also insert the words, "Also to vote for the appropriation for the State
- 8 House, or against the appropriation for the State House." Those in favor of
- 9 such appropriation shall have written or printed, or partly written and partly
- 10 printed, on their ballots, "For the \$500,000 appropriation to complete the State
- 11 House;" those opposed, "Against the \$500,000 appropriation to complete the
- 12 State House."
 - § 3. It shall be the duty of the judges of election, in making a canvass and

2 return of the votes cast at such election, to the county clerk, in addition to the

3 returns for the several officers voted for, to certify to the whole number of votes

4 cast in such election precinct or district at said election; also to certify to the

5 whole number of votes cast in favor of such appropriation, and the number

6 against such appropriation; which returns, when so made to the county clerk,

7 shall be abstracted by the proper officers, and forwarded, directed to the Secre-

8 tary of State, within the time and in the manner as now required by law in the

9 case of the votes cast for representatives to the General Assembly.

§ 4. The Secretary of State, Auditor of Public Accounts, Attorney General 2 and State Treasurer, or any two of them, in the presence of the Governor, shall. as required by section 78, chapter 46, aforesaid, proceed to canvass the votes cast 4 for such appropriation, and shall certify the result of such canvass to the Governor, who shall, within five days thereafter, cause proclamation of such result to be made; and if it shall appear from such proclamation that a majority of all the votes cast at such election were in favor of such appropriation, the same shall take immediate effect, and be in force from and after the date of such proclamation, and payable as follows: Two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000), thereof immediately thereafter, out of any unexpended balances in the treasury, and the remaining three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000), or 11 so much thereof as may be necessary, shall be payable at such time or times as 12 may hereafter be provided by the General Assembly, by joint resolution, and 14 the Auditor of Public Accounts will thereupon draw his warrants upon the treasury, payable out of such appropriation, on the accounts of expenditures 15 as heretofore, when duly certified to by the State House Commissioners, or a 16 majority of them, and approved by the Governor.

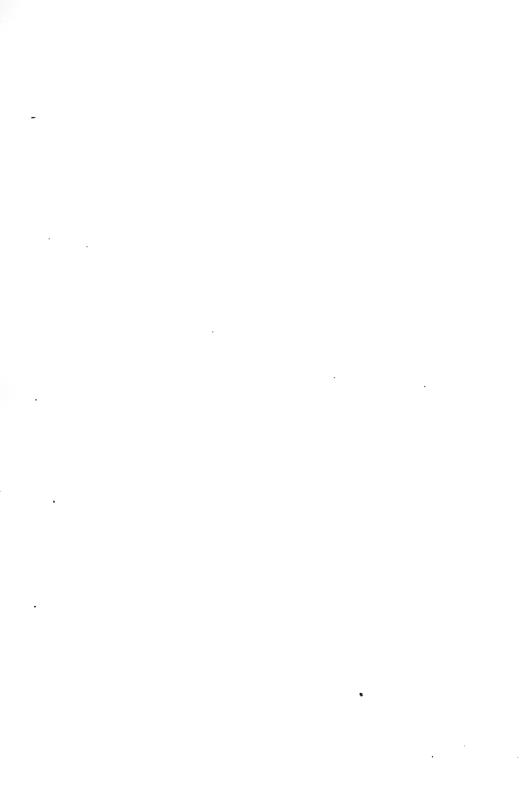
AMENDMENT REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS, MARCH 25, 1881.

Amend by striking out the character and figures "\$500,000" in the thirty-second 2 and thirty-fifth lines of section 2 of this bill.

- Introduced by Mr. Rice, March 2, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading March 3, 1881, and referred to Committee on Insurance.
 Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 24, 1881.

For an Act to amend Section 7 of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to Township Insurance Companies," approved March 24, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

- 2 General Assemblu. That section seven of an act entitled "An act to revise the
- 3 law in relation to township insurance companies," approved March 24, 1874, in
- force July 1, 1874, be amended so as to read as follows:
- Any person owning property in the district for which any such company is 5
- 6 formed, may become a member of such company by insuring therein, and shall
- 7 be entitled to all the rights and privileges appertaining thereto, but a person
- 8 not residing within the district for which the company is formed, shall not
- 9 become a director of such company.

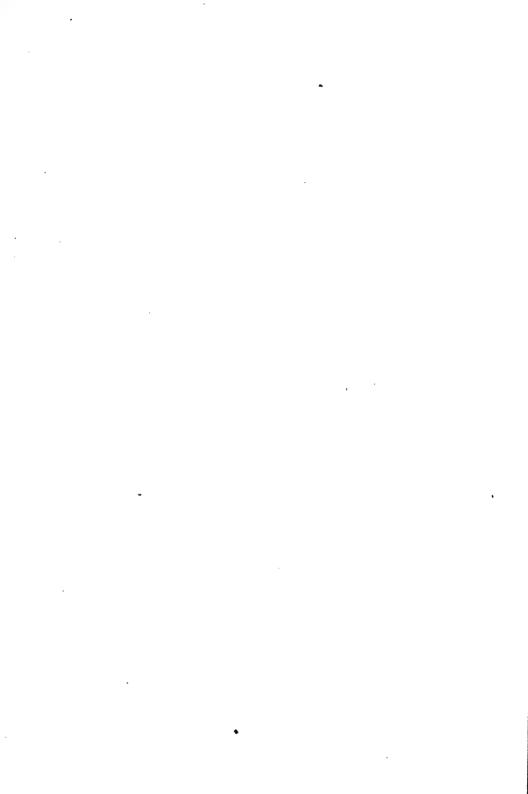


Reported to House April 19, 1881. First reading April 23, 1881, and referred to Committee on Insurance. Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading April 29, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section 7 of an act entitled "An Act to revise the law in relation to Township Insurance Companies," approved March 24, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

- General Assembly, That section seven of an act entitled "An act to revise the
- law in relation to township insurance companies," approved March 24, 1874,
- in force July 1, 1874, be amended so as to read as follows:
- 5 Section 7. Any person owning property in the district for which any such
- company is formed, may become a member of such company by insuring
- therein, and shall be entitled to all the rights and privileges appertaining
- thereto; but a person not residing within the district for which the company
- 9 is formed, shall not become aldirector of such company.



. Introduced by Mr. Berggren, March 2, 1881, and ordered to first reading.

2. First reading March 3, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judicial Department,

 Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading, March 22, 1881

A BILL

For an Act to amend Sections four hundred and fourteen (414.) four hundred and sixteen (416) and four hundred and seventeen (417) of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to Criminal Jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

- 2 General Assembly, That Sections four hundred and fourteen (414,) four hundred and
- 3 sixteen (416) and four hundred and seventeen (417) of an act entitled "An act to revise the
- 4 law in relation to criminal jurisprudence." approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874,
- 5 be and the same are hereby amended so as to read respectively as follows:
- 6 Section 414. When an indictment is found as a true bill, if the offense is bailable, the
- 7 court shall make an order fixing the amount of bail to be required of the accused.
- 8 Section 415. When the offense is bailable, the clerk shall endorse on the process the
- 9 amount of bail required by the order of the court, and if the court orders the process
- 10 returnable forthwith, the capius shall require the accused to be arrested and brought imme-
- 11 diately to court.
- 12 Section 417. The sheriff, or in case of his absence or inability, the coroner or some one
- 13 of the constables of the county to which the capies is directed, shall arrest the person named
- 14 in the warrant, and if the offense is bailable and the writ is not returnable forthwith, let him
- 15 to bail, it sufficient bail is offered, or it the offense is not bailable, or sufficient bail is not
- 16 offered, take his body to the jail of the county where the capits is returnable, and deliver
- 17 him, together with the capies, to the keeper of the jail, there to remain until discharged by
- 18 due course of law. If the process is returnable forthwith, the accused shall be immediately

- 1) brought into court, when he shall be either committed, bailed or tried, as the court may
- 20 direct; but if the court shall not be in session when the officer makes the arrest, so that the
- 21 accused may be let to bail in open court, such officer may let him to bail conditioned for his
- 22 appearance on the day t · which the court stands adjourned, if sufficient bail is offered.

AMENDMENTS REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON JUDICIAL DEPART-MENT. MARCH 22, 1881.

Amend by striking out in lines one and two of title of the bill the following words and

- 2 figures: "Sections four hundred and fourteen (414.) four hundred and sixteen (416) and
- \$ four hundred and seventeen (417,'') and insert in lieu thereof the words and figures:
- 4 "Sections one (1,) three (8) and four (4) of division XII."
- 5 Amend section 1 by striking out in lines two, three and four, of written bill, the words
- 6 and figures: "Sections four hundred and fourteen (414,) four hundred and sixteen (416) and
- 7 four hundred and seventeen (417,") and insert in lieu thereof the following: "Sections one
- 8 (1.) three (3) and four (4) of division XII."
- 9 Amend section 1 as follows: Strike out of tenth line "section 414," and insert "§ 1."
- 10 Strike out of 15th line "416," and insert "§ 3." Strike out of 23d line "417," and insert
- 11 "\$ 4."
- 12 Also amend by adding to the last clause of the bill the following: "The sheriff or other
- 18 officer taking such bail shall be authorized and required to administer oaths for the purpose
- 14 of ascertaining the sufficiency of the bail offered."

- Introduced by Mr. Berggren, March 2, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading March 3, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judicial Department.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading. March 22, 1881.
- 4. April 7, 1881, second reading, amended and ordered to a third reading.

For an Act to amend Sections one (!), three (3) and four (4) of Division XII, of an act entitled "An Act to revise the law in relation to Criminal Jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

- 2 General Assembly, That sections one (1), three (3) and four (4) of Division XII, of an
- 3 act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence," approved
- 4 March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, be and the same are hereby amended so as to read
- 5 respectively as follows:
- 6 Section 1. When an indictment is found as a true bill, if the offense is bailable, the
- 7 court shall make an order fixing the amount of bail to be required of the accused.
- 8 Section 3. When the offense is bailable, the clerk shall endorse on the process the
- 9 amount of bail required by the order of the court, and if the court orders the process
- 10 returnable forthwith, the capias shall require the accused to be arrested and brought imme-
- 11 diately to court.
- 12 Section 4. The sheriff, or in case of his absence or inability, the coroner or some one
- 13 of the constables of the county to which the capies is directed, shall arrest the person named
- 14 in the warrant, and if the offense is bailable and the writ is not returnable forthwith, let him
- 15 to bail, if sufficient bail is offered, or if the offense is not bailable, or sufficient bail is not
- 16 offered, take his body to the jail of the county where the capits is returnable, and deliver
- 17 him, together with the capia, to the keeper of the jail, there to remain until discharged by
- 18 due course of law. If the process is returnable forthwith, the accused shall be immediately

19 brought into court, when he shall be either committed, bailed or tried, as the court may
20 direct; but if the court shall not be in session when the officer makes the arrest, so that the
21 accused may be let to bail in open court, such officer may let him to bail conditioned for his
22 appearance on the day to which the court stands adjourned, if sufficient bail is offered. The
33 sheriff or other officer taking such bail shall be authorized and required to administer oaths

for the purpose of ascertsining the sufficiency of the bail offered.

Reported to House April 29, 1881.

Reported to Indee April 23, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
 Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading May 4, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Sections one (1), three (9) and four (4) of Division XII of an Act to revise the law in relation to Criminal Jurisprudence (1) approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

- 2 General Assembly, That sections one (1), three (3) and four (4) of division XII of
- 3 an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence,"
- 4 approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, be and the same are hereby
- 5 unneaded so as to read respectively as follows:
- 6 Section 1. When an indictment is found as a true bill, if the offense is bail-
- 7 able, the court shall make an order fixing the amount of bail to be required of
- 8 the accused.
- 9 Section 3 When the offense is bailable, the clerk shall endorse on the process
- 10 the amount of bail required by the order of the court, and if the court orders
- 11 the process returnable forthwith, the capies shall require the accused to be
- 12 arrested and brought immediately to court.
- 13 Section 4. The sheriff, or in case of his absence or inability, the coroner or
- 14 some one of the constables of the county to which the capias is directed, shall
- 15 arrest the person named in the warrant, and if the offense is bailable and the
- 16 writ is not returnable forthwith, let him to bail, if sufficient bail is offered, or if
- 17 the offense is not bailable, or sufficient bail is not offered, take his body to the
 - 8 jail of the reacty where the capias is returnable, and deliver him, together with
- 19 the eaple, to the keeper of the jail, there to remain until discharged by due

course of law. If the process is returnable forthwith, the accused shall be immediately brought into court, when he shall be either committed, bailed or tried, as the court may direct; but if the court shall not be in session when the officer makes the arrest, so that the accused may be let to bail in open court, such officer may let him to bail conditioned for his appearance on the day to which the court stands adjourned, if sufficient bail is offered. The sheriff or other officer taking such bail shall be authorized and required to administer oaths for the purpose of ascertaining the sufficiency of the bail offered.

10

- I. Introduced by Mr. Lemma, March 2, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading March 3, 1881, and referred to Committee on Fees and Salaries.
- 3. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 24, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section 9 of 'An act concerning Fees and Salaries, and to classify the several Counties of the State with reference thereto, approved March 29, 1872, in force July 1, 1872; title, as amended by act," approved March 28, 1874, approved July 1, 1874.

General Assembly, That section nine of an act entitled "An act concerning fees and salaries, and to classify the several counties of the State with reference thereto." approved March 29, 1872, in force July 1, 1872; title, as amended by act, approved March 28, 1874. in force July 1, 1874, be amended so as to read as follows: It shall be the duty of each State's Attorney of this State to make report in writing to the circuit court of their respective counties on or before the first day of January of each year of all fees, fines and forfeitures by him collected, which report shall be verified by the affidavits of the party making it, and shall be filed by the clerk and recorded in a book by him, to be kept for that purpose. Any

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

the court until such report be made, and it shall be the duty of the court making such suspension, to appoint some suitable person to fill the vacancy caused thereby, and any State's Attorney failing to make such report for the period of three months after the time

State's Attorney failing or refusing to make such report shall be suspended from office by

14 required hereby, shall be removed from office by the court, and the vacancy caused thereby

15 shall be filled as is now, or may be hereafter provided by law: Provided, this section shall

16 not be construed as to apply to counties of the third class.



- Introduced by Mr. Lemma, March 2, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 3. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 24, 1881.
- April 3. second reading and ordered to third reading.

 April 19, third reading, referred to Committee on Judicial Department.
- April 21, reported back with amendment, passage recommended.

For an Act to amend Section nine (9) of An Act concerning Fees and Salaries, and to classify the several Counties of the State with reference thereto," approved March 29, 1872, in force July 1, 1872; title, as amended by set as proved March 28, 1874, approved July 1, 1874,"

- General Assembly, That section nine (1) of an act entitled "An act concerning fees and sala-
- ries, and to classify the several counties of the State with reference t lereto,"pproved
- March 29, 1872, in force July 1, 1872; title, as amended by act, approved March 28, 1874
- in force July 1, 1874, be amended so as to read as follows:
- Section 9. It shall be the duty of each State's Attorney of this State to make report in
- writing to the circuit court of their respective counties on or ! efore the first day of Jan-
- uarv of each year of all fees, fire and forfeitures by him collected, which report shall be
- verified by the affidavits of the party making it, and shall be filed by the clerk and recorded
- in a book by him, to be kept for that purpose. Any State's Attorney failing or refusing to 10
- 11 make such report shall be suspended from office by the court until such report be made,
- and it shall be the duty of the court making such suspension, to appoint some suitable 12
- 13 person to fill the vacancy caused thereby, and any State's Actorno, failing to make such
- 14 report for the period of three months after the time required hereby, shall b removed from
- office by the court, and the vacancy caused thereby shall be filled as is now or may be here-15
- after provided by law: Provided, this section shall not be construct as to apply to counties 16
- of the third class.

AMENDMENT REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON JUDICIAL DEPART-MENT APRIL 21, 1881.

Amend by striking out the concluding words of section 9, as follows: "Provided, this

2 section shall not be construed as to apply to counties of the third class."

- Introduced by Mr. Lemma, March 2, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading March 3, 1881, and referred to Committee on Fees and Salaries.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 24, 1881.
- April 3, second reading and ordered to third reading.
- April 19, third reading, referred to Committee on Judicial Department. April 21, reported back with amendment, passage recommended.
- May 6, 1881, amended, and ordered to a third reading.

For an Act to amend Section nine (9) of 'An Act concerning Fees and Salaries, and to classify the several Counties of the State with reference thereto," approved March 29, 1872, in force July 1, 1872; title, as amended by act, approved March 98, 1874, approved July 1, 1874,

- General Assembly, That section nine (9) of an act entitled "An act concerning fees and sala-
- ries, and to classify the several counties of the State with reference thereto," approved
- March 29, 1872, in force July 1, 1872; title, as amended by act, approved March 28, 1874,
- in force July 1, 1874, be amended so as to read as follows:
- Section 9. It shall be the duty of each State's Attorney of this State to make report in
- writing to the circuit court of their respective counties, on or before the first day of Jan-
- mary of each year, of all fees, fines and forfeitures by him collected, which report shall be
- verified by the affidavite of the party making it, and shall be filed by the clerk and recorded
- in a book by him to be kept for that purpose. Any State's Attorney failing or refuling to
- 11 make such report shall be suspended from office by the court until such report be made
- 12 and it shall be the duty of the court making such suspension, to appoint some suitable

- 13 person to fill the vacancy caused thereby; and any State's Attorney failing to make such
- 14 report for the period of three months after the time required hereby, shall be removed from
- 15 office by the court, and the vacancy caused thereby shall be filled as is now or may be here
- 16 after provided by law.

(Substitute for Senate Bill No. 67.)

- Introduced by Military Committee, March 3, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading March 3, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

A BILL

For an Act to enable county authorities to raise money by taxation for Military

Purposes.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the 2 General Assembly. That county boards in counties not under township organisations; and the board of supervisors in counties under township organizations.

4 and the board of commissioners in the county of Cook, on the petition of not

5 less than 1,000 legal voters of such county, shall submit to the legal voters

6 thereof the question whether they will authorize the said county board, board

7 of supervisors, or board of commissioners, to levy and collect a tax for military

8 purposes within said county? The said question shall be submitted on the first

9 Tuesday after the first Monday in November, which occurs next after the filing

10 of said petition, unless the county board, board of supervisors or board of com-

11 missioners shall order the said proposition to be voted on at the next general

12 election of county officers in such county. The ballots shall be written or

13 printed, or partially written and partially printed, "For military tax," or

14 "Against military tax."

15 The vote shall be canvassed and the returns thereof made in the same

16 manner, as nearly as possible, as in the case of the election of county officers,

17 and if a majority of the votes cast on the subject at such election shall be for

18 military tax, then the county board, board of supervisors or board of commis-

19 sioners shall in each and every year (for five years next) thereafter, levy and

- 20 collect a tax of one-half mill on each dollar of the assessed value of all 21 property with such county, subject to taxation.
 - § 2. The amount so collected shall be placed in a separate fund, to be called
- 2 "the military fund," and shall be disbursed by the said county boards, boards of
- 3 supervisors, or board of commissioners, only for the purpose of providing and
- 4 maintaining armories and arsenals for the use of that portion of the Illinois
- 5 National Guards stationed within the county voting such tax.

- Introduced by Committee on Military March 3. 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading March 8, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading May 5, 1881.

For an Act to provide for the payment of the Sixth Regiment and a detachment of the First Regiment Illinois National Guards, for services performed during the years A. D. 1877 and 1878.

- 2 General Assembly, That sum of thirteen hundred thirty-two and 59-100
- 3 dollars (\$1,332.52) be and the same is hereby appropriated and set apart out of
- 4 any moneys in the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose
- 5 of paying the Sixth Regiment and a detachment of the First Regiment Illinois
- 6 National Guards, for services during the years A. D. 1877 and 1878.
 - § ". That, for the payment of officers and soldiers, a pay roll for each sepa-
- 3 rate company shall be made out, which shall contain the names of each officer
- 3 or soldier, the number of days of actual service rendered, and the amounts due
- 4 each person named for such service. The pay rolls shall be certified respectively
- 5 by the commanding officers to be correct, and shall be approved by the Gover-
- 6 nor and filed in the office of the Adjutant General. The Adjutant General shall
- 7 forthwith certify the amounts due each person, as shall appear by such pay
- 8 rolls, to the Auditor, who shall thereupon draw his warrant upon the Treasurer,
- 9 payable to the order of such persons for the amount due, and forward the same
- 10 by mail to him or his commanding officer.
 - § 3. Whereas, the amount appropriated by this act has been due for over one
- 2 (1) year, therefore an emergency exists, and this act shall take effect from and
- 3 after its passage.

AMENDMENT REPORTED FROM THE COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIA-TIONS MAY 5, 1881.

Amend by striking out of the second and third lines of section one of printed

- 2 bill the words and characters: "thirteen hundred thirty-two and 52-100 dollars
- 8 (\$1,852.59)," and substitute in lieu thereof the words and characters: "one thou-
- 4 sand seventy-five and 82-100 dollars (\$1,075.32)."

- Introduced by Mr. White, March 3, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading March 8, 1881, and referred to Committee on Insurance. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading

March 24, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Sections twenty-one (21) and twenty-two (22) of an Act entitled "An Act to incorporate and to govern Fire, Marine and Inland Navi gation Insurance Companies doing business in the State of Illinois," approved March 11, 1869, in force July 1, 1869.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- General Assembly. That sections twenty-one (21) and twenty-two (22) of an act
- entitled "An act to incorporate and to govern fire, marine and inland naviga-
- tion insurance companies in the atate of Illinois," approved March 11, 1869, in
- force July 1, 1869, be so amended so as to read as follows:
- Section 21. [Annual report to Auditor.] It shall be the duty of the presi-
- dent or vice-president and secretary of each company organized under this act,
- or incorporated under the law of this State, annually, within thirty days after
- due and proper notice shall have been given by the Auditor of Public
- Accounts, to prepare under their own oath and deposit in the office of the
- Auditor of Public Accounts a statement of the condition of such company on
- the thirtieth day preceding the date of said notice given by said Auditor of
- Public Accounts, exhibiting the following facts and items in the following
- 14 form, namely:
- 15 First—The amount of the capital stock of the company actually paid in.
- 16 Second—The property or assets held by the company, specifying:
- 17 The value, or nearly as may be, of the real estate held by such company.

- 18 2. The amount of cash on hand and deposited in banks to the credit of the
- 19 company, specifying in what banks the same are deposited.
- 20 3. The amount of cash in the hands of agents, and in course of transmission,
- 21 4. The amount of loans secured by mortgages and bonds constituting the
- 22 first lien on real estate, on which there shall be less than one year's interest due
- 23 or owing.
- 24 5. The amount of loans on which interest shall not have been paid within
- 25 one year previous to such statement.
- 26 6. The amount due the company on which judgments have been obtained.
- 27 7. The amount of stocks of this State of the United States, or any incor-
- 28 porated city of this State, and of any other stocks owned by the company,
- 29 specifying the amount, number of shares, and "par" and "market" value of
- 30 each kind of stock.
- 31 8. The amount of stocks held thereby as collateral security for loans, with
- 82 the amount loaned on each kind of stock, its par value and market value.
- 83 9. The amount of assessments on stock or premium notes, paid and unpaid,
- 84 specifying each.
- 35 10. The amount of interest actually due and unpaid.
- 36 11. The amount of premium notes on hand, on which policies are issued.
- 87 12. The amount of installment notes on hand, on which policies are issued.
- 38 Third—The liabilities of such company, specifying:
- 39 1. The amount of losses due and yet unpaid.
- 40 2. The amount of claims for losses resisted by the company.
- 41 3. The amount of losses incurred during the year, including those claimed
- 42 and not yet due, and including the probable amount of those reported to the
- 43 company, upon which no action has been taken.
- 44 4. The amount of dividends declared and due, and remaining unpaid.
- 45 5. The amount of dividends, if any, declared but not yet due.
- 46 6. The amount of money borrowed and security, if any, given for the pay-
- 47 ment thereof.
- 58 7. All other existing claims against the company, and also the gross amount
- 49 of outstanding risks, and the gross amount of premiums thereon named.

- 50 Fourth—The income of the company during the preceding year, specifying:
- 51 1. The amount of cash premiums received.
- 52 2. The amount of notes received for premiums.
- 53 3. The amount of interest money received.
- 54 4. The amount of income received from other sources.
- 55 Fifth-The expenditures during the preceding year, specifying:
- 56 1. The amount of losses paid during the year, stating how much of the same
- 57 accrued prior, and how much subsequent to the date of the preceding state-
- 58 ment, and the amount at which such losses were estimated in such preceding
- 59 statement.
- 60 2. The amount of dividends paid during the year.
- 61 3. The amount of expenses paid during the year, including commissions and
- 62 fees to agents and officers of the company.
- 63 4. The amount of taxes, specifying the amount paid in this State.
- 5. The amount of all other expenditures. It shall be the duty of the
- 65 Auditor to establish classification of risks into any number of classes, not less
- 66 than four, according to the degree of hazard of such risks; and the Auditor
- 67 shall require said companies as a part of the aforementioned statement to
- 68 give the number of policies in force, covering property embraced in each of
- 69 said classes, and the aggregate amount at risk upon property in each class,
- 70 [Inquiries by Auditor—replies.] The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby
- 71 authorized and empowered to address any inquiries to any insurance company.
- 72 or the secretary thereof, in relation to its doings, or condition, or any other
- 73 matter connected with its transactions, and it shall be the duty of any com
- 74 pany, so addressed, to promptly reply in writing to any such inquiries.
- 75 [Report concerning original notes—repeal.] The statement of any company.
- 76 the capital of which is composed, in whole or in part, of notes, shall, in addition
- 77 to the foregoing, exhibit the amount of notes originally forming the capital.
- 78 and also what proportion of said notes is still held by such company and con
- 79 sidered capital. The statements herein provided for shall be in lieu of any and
- 80 all statements now required by any existing law, and the several provisions of
- 81 the acts approved February 14, 1855, and January 22, 1857, are hereby repealed.

82 [Penalty for not making report.] Every insurance company, organized under any law of this State, failing to make and deposit such statements, or to reply to any inquiry of the said Auditor, shall be subject to the penalty of \$500, and an additional \$500 for every month that such company shall continue thereafter to transact any business of insurance. 86 [Auditor to furnish form of report.] It shall be the duty of the Auditor of 87 Public Accounts to cause to be prepared and furnished to each of the com. panies, and to the attorneys of companies, incorporated by other States and foreign governments, printed forms of the statements required by this act, and 91 he may, from time to time, make such changes in the form of such statements as shall seem to him best adapted to elicit from the companies a true exhibit of their condition, in respect to the several points hereinbefore mentioned. It shall be the duty of the Auditor of Public Accounts to cause the information contained in the statements, required by this section, to be arranged in a tabular form and printed in his biennial report. 97 Section 22. [Foreign companies—agent—service of process.] It shall not be lawful for any insurance company, association or partnership, incorporated by or organized under the laws of any other State of the United States or any foreign government, for any of the purposes specified in this act, directly or 100 indirectly, to take risks or transact any business of insurance in this State 101 unless possessed of the amount of actual capital required of similar companies formed under the provisions of this act; and any such company, desiring to 103 transact any such business, as aforesaid, by any agent or agents in this State, 104 shall first appoint an attorney in this State on whom process of law can be served, and file in the office of the Auditor of Public Accounts a written 106 107 instrument, duly signed and sealed, certifying such appointment, which shall continue until another attorney be substituted; and any process issued by any 108 court of record in this State, and served upon such attorney by the proper 109 officer of the county in which such attorney may reside or may be found, shall 110 be deemed a sufficient service of process upon such company; but service of 111 process upon such company may also be made in any other manner provided

113 by law.

114 Service after company stops business. In case any insurance company 115 not incorporated in this State, shall cease to transact business in this State according to the laws thereof, the agents last designated, or acting as such for 116 such corporation, shall be deemed to continue agents for such corporation, for 117 the purpose of serving process for commencing action upon any policy or 118 liability issued or contracted, while such corporation transacted business in 119 120 this State; and service of such process, for the causes aforesaid, upon any such agent, shall be deemed a valid personal service upon such corporation. 121 [Copy of charter, etc., filed with auditor.] And every such company, associa: 122 tion or partnership, shall also file a certified copy of their charter or deed of 123 settlement, together with a statement under the oath of the president or vice-124 125 president, or other chief officer, and secretary of the company, for which he or they may act, stating the name of the company and place where located, the 126 127 amount of its capital, with a detailed statement of its assets, showing the amount of cash on hand, in bank, or in the hands of agents, the amount of 128 real estate, and how much the same is incumbered, by mortgage the number of 129 shares of stock of every kind known by the company, the par and market value of the same, amount loaned on bond and mortgage, the amount loaned 131 on other security, stating the kind and amount loaned on each, and the esti-132 133 mated value of the whole amount of such securities, any other assets or prop-134 erty of the company; also stating the indebtedness of the company, the amount 135 of losses adjusted and unpaid, the amount incurred and in process of adjustment, the amount resisted by the company as illegal and fraudulent, and all 136 other claims existing against the company; also a copy of the last annual report, if any, made under any law of the State by which such company was 138 139 incorporated; and no agent shall be allowed to transact business for any such 140 company whose capital is impaired, to the extent of twenty per cent, thereof 141 while such deficiency shall continue. 142 [Deposit.] And any company incorporated by or organized under any for-

eign government shall, in addition to the foregoing, deposit with the Auditor of Public Accounts, for the benefit and security of policy-holders residing in the United States, a sum not less than \$30,000, in stocks of the United States

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146 or of the State of Illinois, in all cases to be equal to a stock producing six per

147 cent. per annum--said stocks not to be received by said Auditor at a rate above

148 their par value, or above their current market value-or in bonds and mort-

149 gages, on improved, unincumbered real estate in the State of Illinois, with fifty

150 per cent, more than the amount loaned thereon. (See sections 33, 34.)

151 [Exchange of securities.] The storks and securities so deposited may be

152 exchanged from time to time for other securities receivable as aforesaid.

153 [Interest-fees.] And so long as the company so depositing shall continue

154 solvent and comply with the laws of this State, such company or association

155 may be permitted by the said Auditor, to collect the interest or dividends on

156 said deposits, and where a deposit is made of bonds and mortgages, accom-

157 panied by full abstracts of titles and searches, the fees for an examination of

158 title by counsel, to be paid by the party making the deposit, shall not exceed

159 *20 for each mortgage, and the fee for an appraisal of property shall be \$5 to

160 each appraiser, not exceeding two, besides expenses for each mortgage.

161 [Compliance with this act necessary.] Nor shall it be lawful for any agent or

162 agents, to act for any company or companies referred to in this section, directly

163 or indirectly in taking risks or transacting the business of fire or inland navi-

164 gation insurance in this State, without procuring from the Auditor of Public

165 Accounts, a certificate of authority, stating that such company has complied

166 with all the requisitions of this act which apply to such companies, and the

167 name of the attorney appointed to act for the company.

168 [Statement renewed yearly—renewal of certificate.] The statement and

169 evidences of investments, required by this section, shall be renewed from year

70 to year in such manner and form as may be required by said Auditor, with an

171 additional statement of the amount of premiums received and loss incurred in

172 this State during the preceding year, so long as such agency continues; and

3 the said Auditor, on being satisfied that the capital, scenrities and investments

174 remain secure, as hereinbefore provided, shall furnish a renewal of the cer-

175 tificate, as aforesaid.

176 [Penalty.] Any violation of any of the provisions of this act shall subject

7 the party violating the same to a penalty of \$500, for each violation, and of the

additional sum of \$100 for each month during which any such agent shall reglect to file such affidavit and statements, as are herein required.

[Agents, etc., advertised.] Every agent of any insurance company shall, in all advertisements of such agency, publish the location of the company, giving the name of the city, town or village in which the company is located, and the State or government under the laws of which it is organized. The term "agent" or "agents," used in this section, shall include an acknowledged agent, surveyor, broker, or any other person or persons who shall, in any manner, aid in transacting the insurance business of any insurance company not incorporated by the laws of this State.

[Section applies to all foreign companies, etc.] The provisions of this section shall apply to all foreign companies, partnerships, associations and individuals, whether incorporated or not. All insurance companies, associations or partnerships incorporated by or organized under the laws of any other State of the United States, or any foreign government, transacting the business of fire or marine insurance, or any other kind of insurance in this State, shall make annual statements of their condition an affairs to the Auditor's office in the same manner and in the same form as similar companies organized under the laws of this State.

197 [Penalty for neglect to make annual statements.] In case of neglect or 198 refusal to make such annual statement as aforesaid, all persons acting in this 199 State, as agents or otherwise, in transacting the business of insurance for said 200 companies, corporations, associations, partnerships or individuals, shall be sub201 ject to the same penalties provided by law in case of the failure of any 202 insurance company organized under the laws of this State to make an annual 203 statement, as provided in this act.

[When statements filed.] Foreign insurance companies shall be required to make and file their annual statements and evidences within thirty days after due and proper notice shall have been given by the Auditor of Public Accounts, said statement and evidences to contain the actual financial condition of such company in compliance with the form prescribed in section twenty-one of this act, as said financial condition of such company was on the

210 sixtleth day preceding the date of the said notice given by the Auditor of 211 State.

It shall be unlawful for the Auditor of Public Accounts to give to any fire, marine or inland navigation insurance company doing business in the State of Illinois, any covert, secret, clandestine or underhanded information or indication as to the date upon which he shall give said fire, marine or inland navigation insurance company the due and lawful notice prescribed for in sections 21 and 22 of this act.

And if the Auditor of Public Accounts be guilty of violating the provisions prescribed in section 22 of this act, he shall, upon conviction, suffer the penalty prescribed in section 208, Chapter 34 of the criminal code, Revised Statutes 221 of 1874.

- Introduced by Mr. White, March 3, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading March 3, 1881, and referred to Committee on Insurance.
- 3. 3.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 24, 1881.
- April 8, 1881, second reading, and ordered to third reading.
- April 19, 1881, third reading, recommitted to Committee on Insurance. April 29, 1881, reported back with amendment, passage recommended.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Sections twenty one (21) and twenty-two (22) of an act entitled "An Act to incorporate and to govern Fire, Marine and Inland Navigation Insurance Companies doing business in the State of Illinois," approved March 11, 1869, in force July 1, 1869.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly. That sections twenty-one (21) and twenty-two (22) of an act
- 3 entitled "An act to incorporate and to govern fire, marine and inland naviga-
- tion insurance companies doing business in the State of Illinois," approved
- March 11, 1869, in force July 1, 1869, be amended so as to read as follows:
- Section 21. It shall be the duty of the president, or vice-president, and secre-
- tary of each company organized under this act, or incorporated under the law
- of this State, annually, within thirty days after due and proper notice shall
- have been given by the Auditor of Public Accounts, to prepare under their
- own oath, and deposit in the office of the Auditor of Public Accounts, a 10
- statement of the condition of such company on the thirtieth day preceding
- the date of said notice given by said Auditor of Public Accounts, exhibit-
- ing the following facts and items, in the following form, namely:
- First—The amount of the capital stock of the company actually paid in. 14
- Second—The property or assets held by the company, specifying: 15
- 1. The value, or nearly as may be, of the real estate held by such company. 16

- 17 2. The amount of cash on hand and deposited in banks to the credit of
- 18 the company, specifying in what banks the same are deposited.
- 19 3. The amount of cash in the hands of agents, and in course of trans-
- 20 mission.
- 21 4. The amount of loans secured by mortgages and bonds constituting the
- 22 first lien on real estate, on which there shall be less than one year's interest
- 23 due or owing.
- 24 5. The amount of loans on which interest shall not have been paid within
- 25 one year previous to such statement.
- 26 6. The amount due the company on which judgments have been ob-
- 27 tained.
- 28 7. The amount of stocks of this State, of the United States, or any incor-
- 29 porated city of this State, and of any other stocks owned by the company,
- 80 specifying the amount, number of shares, and "par" and "market" value of
- 31 each kind of stock.
- 8. The amount of stocks held thereby as collateral security for loans, with
- 33. the amount loaned on each kind of stock, its par value and market value.
- 84 9. The amount of assessments on stock or premium notes, paid and unpaid,
- 35 specifying each.
- 36 10. The amount of interest actually due and unpaid.
- 87 11. The amount of premium notes on hand, on which policies are issued.
- 38 12. The amount of installment notes on hand, on which policies are issued.
- 39 Third—The liabilities of such company, specifying:
- 40 1. The amount of losses due and yet unpaid.
- 41 2. The amount of claims for losses resisted by the company.
- 42 3. The amount of losses incurred during the year, including those claimed
- 48 and not yet due, and including the probable amount of those reported to the
- 44 company, upon which no action has been taken.
- 45 4. The amount of dividends declared and due, and remaining unpaid.
- 46 . 5. The amount of dividends, if any, declared, but not yet due.
- 47 6. The amount of money borrowed, and security, if any, given for the pay-
- 48 ment thereof.

- 49 7. All other existing claims against the company and also the gross amount
- 50 of outstanding risks, and the gross amount of premiums thereon named.
- 51 Fourth—The income of the company during the preceding year, specifying:
- 52 1. The amount of cach premiums received.
- 53 2. The amount of notes receive I for premiums.
- 54 3. The amount of interest money received.
- 55 4. The amount of income received from other sources.
- 56 Fifth The expenditures during the preceding year, specifying:
- 57 I. The amount of losses paid during the year, stating how much of the same
- 53 accrued?prior and how much subsequent to the date of the preceding state
- 59 ment, and the amount at which such losses were estimated in such preceding
- 60 statement.
- 61 2. The amount of dividends paid during the year.
- 62 3. The amount of expenses paid during the year, including commissions and
- 63 fees to agents and officers of the company.
- 64 4. The amount of taxes, specifying the amount paid in this State.
- 65 5. The amount of all other expenditures.
- 66 It shall be the duty of the Auditor to establish a classification of risks into
- 67 any number of classes, not less than four, according to the degree of hazard of
- 68 such risks; and the Auditor shall require said companies, as a part of the
- 69 aforementioned statement, to give the number of policies in force, covering
- 70 property embraced in each of said classes, and the aggregate amount
- 7) at risk upon property in each class. The Auditor of Public
- 2 Accounts is hereby authorized and empowered to address any
- 73 inquiries to any insurance company or the secretary thereof. in
- 74 relation to its doings, or condition, or any other matter connected with its
- 75 transactions, and it shall be the duty of any company, so addressed, to
- 76 promptly reply in writing to any such inquiries. The statement of any com-
- 77 pany, the capital of which is composed, in whole or in part, of notes, shall, in
- 78 addition to the foregoing, exhibit the amount of notes originally forming
- 79 the capital, and also what proportion of said notes is still held by such com-
- 80 pany and considered capital. The statements herein provided for shall be

in lieu of any and all statements now required by any existing law, and the

several provisions of the acts approved February 14, 1855, and January 22, 1857, are hereby repealed. Every insurance company, organized under any law of this State, failing to make and deposit such statements, or to reply to any inquiry of the said Auditor, shall be subject to the penalty of \$500, and an additional \$500 for every month that such company shall continue thereafter to transact any business of insurance. be the duty of the Auditor of Public Accounts to cause to be prepared and furnished to each of the companies, and to the attorneys of companies, incorporated by other States and foreign governments, printed forms of the statements required by this act, and he may, from time to time, make such changes in the form of such statements as shall seem to him best adapted to elicit from the companies a true exhibit of their condition, in respect to the several points hereinbefore mentioned. It shall be the duty of the Auditor of Public Accounts to cause the information contained in the statements required by this section, to be arranged in a tabular form and printed in his biennial report. Section 22. It shall not be lawful for any insurance company, association or 98 partnership, incorporated by or organized under the laws of any other State of the United States or any foreign government, for any of the purposes specified in this act, directly or indirectly, to take risks or transact any busi-101 ness of insurance in this State unless possessed of the amount of actual capital required of similar companies formed under the provisions of this act; and any such company desiring to transact any such business as aforesaid, by any 104 1(%) agent or agents in this State, shall first appoint an attorney in this State on whom process of law can be served, and file in the office of the Auditor of 107 Public Accounts a written instrument, duly signed and sealed, certifying such 108 appointment, which shall continue until another attorney be substituted; and any process issued by any court of record in this State, and served upon such attorney by the proper officer of the county in which such attorney may reside or may be found, shall be deemed a sufficient service of process upon such com-112 pany; but service of process upon such company may also be made in any other

manner provided by law. In case any insurance company, not incorporated in 113 this State, shall cease to transact business in this State, according to the laws 114 115 thereof, the agents last designated or acting as such for such corporation, shall 116 be deemed to continue agents for such corporation for the purpose of serving process for commencing action upon any policy or liability issued or contracted 117 while such corporation transacted business in this State; and service of such 118 process for the causes aforesaid upon any such agent shall be deemed a valid 119 personal service upon such corporation. And every such company, association 120 or partnership, shall also file a certified copy of their charter or deed of set-121 122 tlement, together with a statement under the oath of the president or vicepresident, or other chief officer, and secretary of the company, for which he or 124 they may act, stating the name of the company and place where located, the amount of its capital, with a detailed statement of its assets, showing the 125 amount of cash on hand, in bank, or in the hands of agents, the amount of real estate, and how much the same is incumbered by 127 mortgage, the number of shares of stock of every kind known by the 128 company, the par and market value of the same, amount loaned on bond and mortgage, the amount loaned on other security, stating the kind and amount 130 loaned on each, and the estimated value of the whole amount of such securi-131 ties, any other assets or property of the company; also stating the indebtedness 132 of the company, the amount of losses adjusted and unpaid, the amount incurred 134 and in process of adjustment, the amount resisted by the company as illegal 135 and fraudulent, and all other claims existing against the company; also a copy 136, of the last annual report, if any, made under any law of the State by which such company was incorporated; and no agent shall be allowed to transact business for any such company whose capital is impaired to the extent of twenty per cent. thereof, while such deficiency shall continue. And any. company incorporated by or organized under any foreign government shall. in addition to the foregoing, deposit with the Auditor of Public Accounts, for the benefit and security of policyholders residing in the United States, a sum not less than \$200,000 in stocks of the United States or of the State of Illinois. in all cases to be equal to a stock producing six per cent, per annum, said stocks

145 not to be received by said Auditor at a rate above their par value, or above 146 their current market value, or in bonds and mortgages on improved unincumbered real estate in the State of Illinois worth fifty per cent, more than the amount loan d thereon. The stocks and securities, so deposited may be exchanged from time to time, for other securities receivable as aforesaid. And so long as the company so depositing shall continue solvent and comply with 150 the laws of this State, such company or association may be permitted, by the 151 said Auditor, to collect the interest or dividends on said deposits, and where a deposit is made of bonds and mortgages, accompanied by full abstracts of 153 154 titles and searches, the fees for an examination of title by counsel, to be paid 155 by the party making the deposit, shall not exceed \$20 for each mortgage, and the fee for an appraisal of property shall be \$5 to each appraiser, not exceeding two, besides expenses for each mortgage. Nor shall it be lawful for any agent or 158 agents to act for any company or companies referred to in this section, 159' directly or indirectly, in taking risks or transacting the business of fire or inland navigation insurance in this State, without procuring from the Auditor of Public Accounts a certificate of authority stating that such company 161 162 has complied with all the requisitions of this act, which apply to such com-168 panies, and the name of the attorney appointed to act for the company. statement and evidences of investments required by this section shall be 164 renewed from year to year, in such manner and form as may be required by 165 said Auditor, with an additional statement of the amount of premiums 166 received and losses incurred in this State during the preceding year, so long as 167 such agency continues: and the said Auditor, on being satisfied that the capi-168 tal, securities an 1 investments remain secure as hereinbefore provided, shall furnish a renewal of the certificate as aforesaid. Any violation of any of the 170 provisions of this act shall subject the party violating the same to a penalty of 171 179 \$500 for each violation, and of the additional sum of \$100 for each month during which any such agent shall neglect to file such affidavit and statements as are herein required. Every agent of any insurance company shall, in all advertisements of such agency, publish the location of the company, giving the 176 name of the city, town or village in which the company is located, and the

State or government under the laws of which it is organized. The term "agent" or "agents." used in this section, shall include an acknowledged agent. surveyor, broker, or any other person or persons who shall, in any manner, aid in transacting the insurance business of any insurance company not incorpo-180 rated by the laws of this State. The provisions of this section shall apply to 182 all foreign companies, partnerships, associations and individuals, whether incorporated or not. All insurance companies, associations or partnerships, 183 incorporated by or organized under the laws of any other State of the United 184 States, or any foreign government, transacting the business of fire or 185 marine insurance, or any other kind of insurance, in this State, shall 186 make annual statements of their condition and affairs to the Audi-187 188 tor's office. the same manner and in the same form as similar companies organized under the laws of this State. In case of 189 190 neglect or refusal to make such annual statement as aforesaid, all persons 191 acting in this State, as agents or otherwise, in transacting the business of insurance for said companies, corporations, associations, partnerships or indi-193 viduals, shall be subject to the same penalties provided by law in cose of the failure of any insurance company organized under the laws of this 194 State to make an annual statement as provided in this act. Foreign insur 195 ance companies shall be required to make and file their annual statement 196 and evidences, within thirty days after due and proper notice shall have 197 198 been given by the Auditor of Public Accounts, said statement and evidences to contain the actual financial condition of such company in compliance 199 with the form prescribed in section twenty-one of this act, as said financial condition of such company was, on the sixtieth day preceding the date of 201 the said notice given by the Auditor of State. It shall be unlawful for the 202 2()3 Auditor of Public Accounts to give to any fire, marine or inland navigation insurance company, doing business in the State of Illinois, any covert, 204 secret, clandestine or underhanded information, or indication as to the date 205 upon which he shall give said fire, marine or inland navigation insurance 206 company the due and lawful notice prescribed for in sections 21 and 33 of

is act; and if the Auditor of Public Accounts be guilty of violating the

- 209 provisions prescribed in section 22 of this act, he shall, upon conviction, suffer
- 210 the penalty prescribed in section 208, chapter 34, of the criminal code, Revised
- 211 Statutes of 1874.

AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL NO. 324, REPORTED FROM THE COM-MITTEE ON INSURANCE APRIL 22, 1881.

Amend by inserting after the word "accounts," in line 10, printed bill, the

- 2 following words: "Whose duty it shall be to require each insurance company
- 8 in this State to make report as required in this act at least once in each year."

(Substitute for No. 211.)

- Introduced by Committee on Education and Educational Institutions, March 4, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading March 9, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

A BILL

For an Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to establish and maintain a system of Free Schools," approved April 1, 1872.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in 2 the General Assembly, That section eighty (80) of said law be amended to read 3 as follows:

Section 80. Incorporated cities and villages, except such as now have charge and control of free schools by special acts, shall be and remain parts of the school township in which they are respectively situated, and be subject to the general provisions of the school law, except as otherwise provided in this section. In all school districts, having a population of not less than fifteen hundred inhabitants, and not governed by any special act in relation to free schools now in force, there shall be elected, instead of the directors provided by law in other districts, a board of education, to consist of six members and three additional members for every additional ten thousand inhabitants, to be elected in the manner provided by section forty-two of this act for the election of school directors. At the first election of directors succeeding the passage of this act, in any district having a population of not less than fifteen hundred inhabitants by the census of 1870, and in such other districts as may hereafter be ascertained by any special or general census to have a population of not less fifteen hundred inhabitants, at the first election of directors occurring after

taking such special or general census, there shall be elected a board of educa-

- 17 tion, who shall be the successors of the directors of the district; and all rights
- 18 of property and rights and causes of action existing or vested in such directors
- 19 shall vest in said board of education in as full and complete a manner as was
- 20 vested in the school directors. Such board, at its first meeting, shall fix by lot
- 21 the terms of office of its members, so that one-third shall serve for one year,
- 22 one-third for two years, and one-third for three years; and thereafter one-third
- 23 of the members shall be elected annually, on the third Saturday in April, to
- 24 fill the vacancies occurring, and to serve for the term of three years. Such
- 25 board shall have power, and it shall be their duty, in addition to or exclusive
- 26 of the powers and duties of school directors:
- 27 First -To establish and support free schools not less than six nor more than
- 28 ten months in each year.
- 29 Second-To repair and improve school houses, and furnish them with the
- 30 necessary fixtures, furniture, apparatus, libraries and fuel.
- 31 Third—To buy or lease sites for school houses, with the necessary grounds.
- 32 Fourth-To establish schools of different grades, and make regulations for
- 33 the admission of pupils into the same.
- 34 Fifth To levy a tax annually upon the taxable property of the district, in
- 35 the manner provided, by section forty-four of this act, for the purpose of sup-
- 36 porting and maintaining free schools in accordance with the powers herein
- 37 conferred: Provided, that it shall not be lawful for such board of education
- 38 to purchase or locate a school-house site, to purchase, build or move a school-
- 39 house, or levy a tax to extend schools beyond the period of ten months in each
- 40 year without a vote of the people at an election called and conducted as
- 41 required by the forty-second section of this act; a majority of the votes cast
- 42 shall be necessary to authorize the board to act.
- 43 Sixth-To examine and employ teachers, and to fix the amount of their
- 44 salaries.
- 45 Seventh—To employ, should they deem it expedient, a competent and discreet
- 46 person or persons as superintendent or superintendents of schools, and fix and
- 47 pay a proper salary or salaries therefor; and such superintendent may be
- 48 required to act as principal or teacher in such schools.

49 Eighth—To lay off and divide the district into sub-districts, and from time to 50, time to after the same, create new ones and consolidate them.

Ninth-To visit all the public schools as often as once a month, to inquire 51 52 into the progress of scholars and the government of the schools; to prescribe the method and course of discipline and instruction in the respective schools. 58 and to see that they are maintained and pursued in the proper manner. They shall have power to expel any pupil who may be guilty of gross disobedience or 55 misconduct, and to dismiss and remove any teacher, whenever, in their opinion 56 he or she is not qualified to teach, or whenever from any cause the interests of 57 the schools may in their opinion, require such removal or dismission. They 58 shall have power to apportion the scholars to the several schools. It shall be 59 the duty of the board of education to establish all such by-laws, rules and 60 61 regulations for the government, and the establishment and maintenance of a proper and uniform system of discipline in the several schools, as may, in their 62 opinion, be necessary. It shall be the duty of said board to take charge of the 63 64 school houses, furniture, ground, and other property belonging to the district. and see that the same are kept in good condition, and not suffered to be neces-65 sarily injured or deteriorated, and also to provide fuel, and such other necess 66 67 saries for the schools as, in their opinion, may be required in the school houses or other property belonging to the district. The said board shall appoint a 68 69 president (who shall be one of their own number) and a secretary, and provide themselves with a well bound book, at the expense of the school tax fund, in 70 which shall be kept a faithful record of all their proceedings. The year and 71 72 nays shall be taken, and entered on the records of the proceedings of the board upon all questions involving the expenditure of money. None of the powers 73 herein conferred upon the board of education shall be exercised by them 74 except at a regular or special meeting of the board. The board of education 75 shall annually prepare and publish in some newspaper, or in pamphlet form, 76 as soon as practicable after the close of the school year at June 30, a report of 77 the number of pupils instructed in the year preceding, the several branches of 78 education pursued by them, of the number of persons between the ages of twelve and twenty-one unable to read and write, and the receipts and expendi-

tures of each school, specifying the source of such receipts and the object of such expenditures. All conveyances of real estate shall be made to the town 83 ship trustees, in trust for the use of schools, and no conveyance of any real estate or interest therein, used for school purposes or held in trust for schools shall be made except by the board of trustees, upon the written request of such 85 board of education. All moneys raised by taxation for school purposes or 86 received from the State common school fund or from any other source for school purposes, shall be held by the township treasurer as special fund for school purposes, subject to the order of the board of education, upon warrants signed by the president and secretary thereof. Any city, incorporated town, township or district in which the free schools are now managed under any 91 special act, may by vote of its electors, cease to control such schools under such special act, and become a part of the school township in which it is situated, and subject to the control of the trustees thereof, under and according to the 94 provisions of this act. Upon petition of fifty voters of such city, town, town-95 96 ship or district, presented to the board having the control and management of schools in such city, town, township or district, it shall be the duty of such 97 board, at the next ensuing election to be held in such city, town, township or district, to cause to be submitted to the voters thereof, giving not less than 100 fifteen days' notice thereof by posting no less than five notices in the most public places in such city, town, township or district, the question of "Organi-101 zation under the Free School Law;" and if it shall appear, on a canvass of the 102 returns of said election, that a majority of the votes cast at such election are 103 104 "For Organization under the Free School Law," then at the next ensuing regular meeting of the board of trustees of the township or townships in which 105 106 such city, incorporated town, township or district is situated, said trustees 107 shall proceed to redistrict the township or townships as aforesaid, in such manner as shall suit the wishes and convenience of a majority of the inhabitants 108 109 in their respective townships, and to make division of funds and other property in the manner provided by section thirty-three of this act; and at the 110 next ensuing election of director, directors or board of education, as the case 111 may be, shall be elected in each of the new districts so formed, as provided in section forty-two of this act.

- In cities having a population exceeding one hundred thousand inhabitants.
- 115 The board of education shall have charge and control of the public schools in
- 116 such cities, and shall have power with the concurrence of the city council-
- 117 First-To erect or purchase buildings suitable for school houses, and keep
- 118 the same in repair.
- 119 Second—To buy or lease sites for school houses, with the necessary grounds,
- 120 Third—To issue bonds for the purpose of building, furnishing and repairing
- 121 school houses, for purchasing sites for the same, and to provide for the pay-
- 122 ment of said bonds; to borrow money for school purposes upon the credit of
- 123 the city.
- 124 The board of education shall have power—
- 125 First-To furnish schools with the necessary fixtures, furniture and appa-
- 126 ratus.
- 127 Second-To maintain, support and establish schools, and supply the inade-
- 128 quacy of the school funds, for the salaries of school teachers, from school
- 129 taxes.
- 130 Third—To hire buildings or rooms for the use of the board.
- 181 Fourth—To hire buildings or rooms for the use of schools.
- 182 Fifth—To employ teachers and fix the amount of their compensation.
- 188 Sixth-To prescribe the school books to be used, and the studies in the dif-
- 134 ferent schools.
- 185 Seventh. To lay off and divide the city into school districts, and from time to
- 186—time to alter the same and create new ones, as circumstances may require; and
- 137 generally to have and possess all the rights, powers and authority required for
- 138 the proper management of schools, with power to enact such ordinances as
- 139 may be necessary or deemed expedient for such purpose. Schools in such cities
- 140 shall be governed as hereinafter stated, and no power given to the board shall
- 141 be exercised by the city council. The board of education shall have the entire
- 142 superintendence and control of the schools, and it shall be their duty to exam-
- 143 ine all persons offering themselves as candidates for teachers, and when found
- 144 well qualified, to give them certificates thereof gratuitously; to visit all the
- 145 public schools as often as once a month; to inquire into the progress of scholars,

146 and the government of the schools; to prescribe the method and course of dis-147 cipline and instruction in the respective schools, and to see that they are maintained and pursued in the proper manner: to prescribe what studies shall be 149 taught, what books and apparatus shall be used. They shall have power to expel any pupil who may be guilty of gross disobedience or misconduct, and to 150 151 dismiss and remove any teacher, whenever in their opinion he or she is not qualified to teach, or whenever from any cause the interests of the school may, 152 153 in their opinion, require such removal or dismission. They shall have nower 154 to apportion the scholars to the several schools. It shall be their daty to estab-155 lish such by-laws, rules and regulations for the government and for the estal-156 lishment and maintenance of a proper and uniform system of discipline in the 157 several schools as may, in their opinion, be necessary. They shall determine 158 from time to time, how many and what class of teachers may be employed in 159 each of the public schools, and employ such teachers and fix their compensa-160 tion. It shall be the duty of the said board to take charge of the school houses, furniture, ground and other property belonging to the school districts, and see 161 162 that the same are kept in good condition, and not suffered to be unnecessarily injured or deteriorated, and also to provide fuel and such other necessaries for 163 the schools as in their opinion may be required in the school houses or other 164 property belonging to said districts. The said board shall appoint a president 165 and secretary, the president to be appointed from their own number, and shall 167 appoint such other officers and employes as such board shall deem necessary, and shall prescribe their duties and compensation and terms of office; and the said board shall provide well bound books, at the expense of the school tax 169 fund, in which shall be kept a faithful record of all their proceedings. The 170 yeas and mays shall be taken and entered on the records of the proceedings of the board, upon all questions involving the expenditure of money. None of the powers herein conferred upon the board of education shall be exercised by 178 them except at a regular meeting of the board. It shall be the duty of the board to report to the city council, from time to time, any suggestions that 175 they deem expedient or requisite in relation to the schools and the school fund. 176 or the management thereof, and generally to recommend the establishment of 177

such schools and districts. The board of education shall prepare and publish an annual report, which shall include the receipts and expenditures of each school, specifying the source of such receipts, and the object of such expenditures. They shall also communicate to the city council, from time, such information within their possession as may be required. They shall have power to lease school property and to loan moneys belonging to the school fund; but all conveyances of real estate shall be made to the city in trust for the use of 184 schools, and no sale of real estate or interest therein used for school purposes or held in trust for schools, shall be made except by the city council, upon the written request of such board of education. All moneys raised by taxation 187 for school purposes, or received from the State common school fund, or from 188 any other source for school purposes, shall be held by the city treasurer as a 190 special fund for school purposes, subject to the order of the board of education, upon warrants to be signed by the mayor and city clerk; but said board 191 of education shall not add to the expenditures for school purposes anything 192 over and above the amount that shall be received from the State common school 194 fund, the rental of school lands, and the amount annually appropriated for 195 such purposes. If said board shall so add to such expenditure, the city shall not in any case, be liable therefor. From and after the time, this act shall take effect, the board of education in such cities shall consist of fifteen members, 198 to be appointed by the mayor by and with the advice and consent of the com-199 mon council, five of whom shall be appointed for the term of one year, five for the term of two years, and five for the term of three years; and at the expiration of the term of any members of said board, their successors shall be appointed in like manner. Any vacancy which may occur shall be filled by 202 203 the appointment of the mayor, with the approval of the common council, for 204 the unexpered term. Any person having resided in such city more than five 205 years next preceding his appointment, shall be eligible to said office. Nothing 206 herein shall be so construed as to authorize any board of education to levy or collect taxes, or to require the city council to levy any tax upon the demand 207 or under the direction of such board of education.

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(Substitute for No. 211.)

Introduced by Committee on Education and Educational Institutions, March 4, 1881, and ordered to first reading.

First reading March 9, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

March 17, 1881, second reading, amended and ordered to third reading.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section 80 of an Act entitled "An Act to establish and maintain a system of Free Schools," approved April 1, 1879.

SMITION 1. Be it enacted by the people of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That section eighty (80) of an act entitled "An act to establish and maintain a system of free schools," approved April 1, 1873, be amended

to read as follows:

Section 80. Incorporated cities and villages, except such as now have charge and control of free schools by special acts, shall be and remain parts of the school township in which they are respectively situated, and be subject to the general provisions of the school law, except as otherwise provided in this section. In all school districts, having a population of not less than two thousand inhabitants, and not governed by any special set in relation to free 10 schools now in force, there shall be elected, instead of the directors provided by law in other districts, a board of education; to complet of six members and three additional members for every additional ten themsand inhabitants to be elected in the manner previded by section forty-two of this act for the election

inhabitants by the census of 1870, and in such other districts as may hereafter 18 be accertained by any special or general census to have a population of not less

of school directors. At the first election of directors anoceeding the passage 16 of this act, in any district having a population of not less than two thousand 19 [than] two thousand inhabitants, at the first election of directors occurring after

20 taking such special or general census, there shall be elected a board of educa-

21 tion, who shall be the successors of the directors of the district; and all rights

22 of property and rights and causes of action existing or vested in such directors

28 shall vest in said board of education in as full and complete a manner as was

24 vested in the school directors. Such board, at its first meeting, shall fix by lot

25 the terms of office of its members, so that one-third shall serve for one year,

26 one-third for two years, and one-third for three years; and thereafter one-third

27 of the members shall be elected annually, on the third Saturday in April, to

28 fill the vacancies occurring, and to serve for the term of three years. Such

29 board shall have power, and it shall be their duty, in addition to or exclusive

90 of the powers and duties of school directors:

31 First—To establish and support free schools not less than six nor more than

89 ten months in each year.

38 Second-To repair and improve school houses, and furnish them with the

34 necessary fixtures, furniture, apparatus, libraries and fuel.

35 Third—To buy or lease sites for school houses, with the necessary grounds.

36 Fourth-To establish schools of different grades, and make regulations for

87 the admission of pupils into the same.

88 Fifth—To levy a tax annually upon the taxable property of the district, in

so the manner provided by section forty-four of this act, for the purpose of sup-

40 porting and maintaining free schools in accordance with the powers herein

41 conferred: Provided that it shall not be lawful for such board of education

43 to purchase or locate a school-house site, to purchase, build or move a school-

18 house, or levy a tax to extend schools beyond the period of ten months in each

44 year without a vote of the people at an election called and conducted as

45 required by the forty second section of this act; a majority of the votes cast

46 shall be necessary to authorize the board to act.

47 Sieth-To examine and employ teachers, and to fix the amount of their

48 salaries.

Seventh-To employ, should they deem it expedient, a competent and discreet

50 person or persons as superintendent or superintendents of schools, and fix and

51 pay a proper salary or salaries therefor; and such superintendent may be

52 required to act as principal in such schools.

58 Eighth—To lay off and divide the district into sub-districts, and from time to

54 time to alter the same, create new ones and consolidate them.

Ninth-To visit all the public schools as often as once a month, to inquire 55 into the progress of scholars and the government of the schools; to prescribe 56 the method and course of discipline and instruction in the respective schools, 57 and to see that they are maintained and pursued in the proper manner. They shall have power to expel any pupil who may be guilty of gross disobedience or misconduct, and to dismiss and remove any teacher, whenever, in their opinion he or she is not qualified to teach, or whenever from any cause the interests of the schools may in their opinion, require such removal or dismission. They shall have power to apportion the scholars to the several schools. It shall be the duty of the board of education to establish all such by laws, rules and regulations for the government, and the establishment and insintenance of a proper and uniform system of discipline in the several schools, as may, in their άĠ opinion, be necessary. It shall be the duty of said board to take charge of the 67 school houses, furniture, ground, and other property belonging to the district. and see that the same are kept in good condition, and not suffered to be unnec-70 essarily injured or deteriorated, and also to provide fuel, and such other necessity saries for the schools as, in their opinion, may be required in the school houses 71 or other property belonging to the district. The said board shall appoint a president (who shall be one of their own number) and a secretary, and provide themselves with a well bound book, at the expense of the school tax fund, in which shall be kept a faithful record of all their proceedings. The year and nays shall be taken, and entered on the records of the proceedings of the board 76 77 upon all questions involving the expenditure of money. None of the powers herein conferred upon the board of education shall be exercised by them except at a regular or special meeting of the board. The board of education shall annually prepare and publish in some newspaper or in pamphlet form. as soon as practicable after the close of the school year at June 30, a report of the number of pupils instructed in the year preceding. The several branches of

education pursued by them, of the number of persons between the ages of 84 twelve and twenty-one unable to read and write, and the receipts and expendi-85 tures of each school, specifying the source of such receipts and the object of such expenditures. All conveyances of real estate shall be made to the town-86 ship trustees, in trust for the use of schools, and no conveyance of any real 87 estate or interest therein, used for school purposes or held in trust for schools 88 shall be made except by the board of trustees, upon the written request of such 89 board of education. All moneys raised by taxation for school purposes or 91 received from the State common school fund or from any other source for school purposes, shall be held by the township treasurer as special fund for 92 school purposes, subject to the order of the board of education, upon warrants 94 signed by the president and secretary thereof. Any city, incorporated town, 95 township or district in which the free schools are now managed under any special act, may by vote of its electors, cease to control such schools under such 96 special act, and become a part of the school township in which it is situated, 97 and subject to the control of the trustees thereof, under and according to the provisions of this act. Upon petition of fifty voters of such city, town, town-99 100 ship or district, presented to the board having the control and management of 101 schools in such city, town, township or district, it shall be the duty of such board, at the next ensuing election to be held in such city, town, township or district, to cause to be submitted to the voters thereof, giving not less than 103 fifteen days' notice thereof by posting no less than five notices in the most 104 105 public places in such city, town, township or district, the question of "Organization under the Free School Law;" and if it shall appear, on a canvass of the 106 returns of said election, that a majority of the votes cast at such election are 107 "For Organization under the Free School Law," then at the next ensuing regu-108 109 lar meeting of the board of trustees of the township or townships in which 110 such city, incorporated town, township or district is situated, said trustees shall proceed to redistrict the township or townships as aforesaid, in such man-111 ner as shall suit the wishes and convenience of a majority of the inhabitants 112 in their respective townships, and to make division of funds and other 118 114 property in the manner provided by section thirty-three of this act; and at the

- 115 next ensuing election of director, directors or board of education, as the case
- 116 may be, shall be elected in each of the new districts so formed, as provided in
- 117 section forty-two of this act.
- 118 In cities having a population exceeding one hundred thousand inhabitants.
- 119 the board of education shall have charge and control of the public schools in
- 190 such cities, and shall have power with the concurrence of the city council-
- 191 First-To erect or purchase buildings suitable for school houses, and keep
- 122 the same in repair.
- 198 Second—To buy or lease sites for school houses, with the necessary grounds.
- 194 Third-To issue bonds for the purpose of building, furnishing and repairing
- 195 school houses, for purchasing sites for the same, and to provide for the pay-
- 126 ment of said bonds; to borrow money for school purposes upon the credit of
- 197 the city.
- 138. The board of education shall have power-
- 199 First-To furnish schools with the necessary fixtures, farniture and appa
- 180 rates.
- 181 Second-To maintain, support and establish schools, and supply the made-
- 139 quacy of the school funds, for the salaries of school teachers, from school
- 188 taxes.
- 184 Third—To hire buildings or rooms for the use of the board.
- 185 Fourth—To hire buildings or rooms for the use of schools.
- 136 Fifth—To employ teachers and fix the amount of their compensation.
- 137 Sixth—To prescribe the school books to be used, and the studies in the dif-
- 188 ferent schools.
- 139 Seventh—To lay off and divide the city into school districts, and from time to
- 140 time to alter the same and create new ones, as circumstances may require; and
- 141 generally to have and possess all the rights, powers and authority required for
- 142 the proper management of schools, with power to enact such ordinances as
- 143 may be necessary or deemed expedient for such purpose. Schools in such cities
- 144 shall be governed as hereinafter stated, and no power given to the board shall
- 145 be exercised by the city council. The board of education shall have the entire
- 146 superintendence and control of the schools, and it shall be their duty to exam-

ine all persons offering themselves as candidates for teachers, and when found well qualified, to give them certificates thereof gratuitously; to visit all the public schools as often as once a month; to inquire into the progress of scholars, and the government of the schools; to prescribe the method and course of discipline and instruction in the respective schools, and to see that they are main-151 tained and pursued in the proper manner; to prescribe what studies shall be taught, what books and apparatus shall be used. They shall have power to expel any pupil who may be guilty of gross disobedience or misconduct, and to dismiss and remove any teacher, whenever in their opinion he or she is not 155 qualified to teach, or whenever from any cause the interests of the school may, 156 in their opinion, require such removal or dismission. They shall have power to apportion the scholars to the several schools. It shall be their duty to estab-158 lish such by-laws, rules and regulations for the government and for the estab-159 lishment and maintenance of a proper and uniform system of discipline in the several schools, as may, in their opinion, be necessary. They shall determine from time to time, how many and what class of teachers may be employed in each of the public schools, and employ such teachers and fix their compensation. It shall be the duty of the said board to take charge of the school houses, furniture, ground and other property belonging to the school districts, and see that the same are kept in good condition, and not suffered to be unnecessarily injured or deteriorated, and also to provide fuel and such other necessaries for 168 the schools as in their opinion may be required in the school houses or other property belonging to said districts. The said board shall appoint a president 169 and secretary, the president to be appointed from their own number, and shall appoint such other officers and employes as such board shall deem necessary, 171 and shall prescribe their duties and compensation and terms of office; and the 172 178 said board shall provide well bound books, at the expense of the school tax fund, in which shall be kept a faithful record of all their proceedings. The 174 yeas and nays shall be taken and entered on the records of the proceedings 175 of the board, upon all questions involving the expenditure of money. None of the powers herein conferred upon the board of education shall be exercised by them except at a regular meeting of the board. It shall be the duty of the

179 board to report to the city council, from time to time, any progenitions that they deem expedient or requisite in relation to the schools and the school fund. or the management thereof, and generally to-recommend the establishment of such schools and districts. The board of education shall prepare and publish an annual report, which shall include the receipts and expenditures of each school, specifying the source of such receipts, and the object of such expendi-184 185 tures. They shall also communicate to the city council, from time to time, such information within their possession as may be required. They shall have 186 power to lease school property and to loan moneys belonging to the school 187 fund; but all conveyances of real estate shall be made to the city in trust for 188 the use of schools, and no sale of real estate or interest therein used for school 189 purposes or held in trust for schools, shall be made except by the city council. 190 upon the written request of such board of education. All moneys raised by taxation for school purposes, or received from the State common school fund. 192 or from any other source for school purposes, shall be held by the city 194 treasurer as a special fund for school purposes, subject to the order of the board of education, upon warrants to be countersigned by the mayor and 195 198 city clerk; but said board of education shall not add to the expenditures for school purposes anything over and above the amount that shall be 197 received from the State common school fund, the rental of school lands, and 198 the amount annually appropriated for such purposes. If said board shall 200 so add to such expenditure, the city shall not in any case be liable therefor. From and after the time this act shall take effect the board of education in 201 such cities shall consist of fifteen members, to be appointed by the mayor 202 by and with the advice and consent of the common council, five of whom shall be appointed for the term of one year, five for the term of two years. 204 and five for the term of three years; and at the expiration of the term of 205 any members of said board, their successors shall be appointed in like manner. Any vacancy which may occur shall be filled by the appointment of the 207 208 mayor, with the approval of the common council, for the unexpired term. Any 200 person having resided in such city more than five years next preceding his

appointment, shall be eligible to said office. Nothing herein shall be so con-311 strued as to authorise any board of education to levy or collect taxes, or to 319 require the city council to levy any tax upon the demand or under the direc-318 tion of such board of education.

- 1. Introduced by Mr. Bent, March 4, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading March 4, 1881, and referred to Committee on Printing, and ordered printed.

A BILL

For an Act to revise the Law in relation to State Contracts.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That the Secretary of State, the State Treasurer, the Auditor of Public Accounts, the Attorney-General, and the Superintendent of Public Instruction, shall be and are hereby declared to be (exolicio) commissioners of State contracts. The officers above designated shall organize as the board of commissioners of State contracts, on the first Monday of July, A. D. 1881, by the election of one of their number as chairman; and thereafter they shall hold stated quarterly meetings, at such place and time as they shall determine. At any time the chairman or any two of the commissioners may call a special meeting of the board. Three of the commissioners shall constitute a quorum, and may do and perform all the acts and duties required to be done and per-11 formed by them by this or any other act of the General Assembly. The com-12 missioners shall transact all business at stated or special meetings of the board. 13

\$ 2. The furnishing of all fuel, stationery, and printing paper, for the use of
 the State, and the copying, printing, binding, and distributing the laws and
 journals, reports and all other printing and distributing ordered by the General

and shall cause to be kept a record of its proceedings.

- 4 Assembly, shall be let by contract to the lowest responsible bidder, in the man-
- 5 ner hereinafter provided.
 - § 3. Between the first Monday in July and the first Monday in August, A. D.
- 3 1882, the commissioners of State contracts shall advertise at Springfield in one

of the daily papers published in that city, for proposals to furnish fuel to the State; and shall advertise at Springfield and Chicago, in some one of the daily newspapers published in each of said cities, for proposals to furnish printing and other paper and stationery to the State; and shall advertise at Springfield, Chicago, Peoria, Quincy, and Cairo, in some one of the daily newspapers published in each of said cities, for proposals to do the copying of the laws, journals, reports, and other public documents of the State, and for the distribution of the same; for proposals to do the printing of the State, and for proposals to 11 do the bending of the State. Each of said advertisements for proposals shall be published ten days from and including the date of its first publication, and shall give notice that sealed proposals for furnishing the articles or performing the work required from the first day of October then 15 next ensuing, until the thirtieth day of September, A. D. 1884, will be received at the office of Secretary of State, on or before the first Monday of September 17 next after the date of said notice. The advertisement shall also set forth 18 specifically what will be required of bidders under this act, and such other par-20 ticulars as the commissioners shall deem proper. Any advertisement may 21 embrace propositions for bids for all or a part of the materials to be furnished and work to be done, but shall solicit separate bids for each class of articles to 28 be furnished or work to be done, and each of such classes shall be let in a separate contract. In the month of July, 1884, and biennially thereafter, the 24 said commissioners of State contracts shall advertise in the manner provided 26 for, in this section, for proposals for furnishing the articles or performing the work herein specified, for the term of two years from the first day of October 37 then next ensuing; and all contracts made and entered into under this act shall close on the thirtieth day of September of each second year after the time of taking effect.

\$ 4. Each bid for each class shall be accompanied by a bond, in the sum of
\$ 5,000, as liquidated damages, payable to the People of the State of Illinois, conditioned that if such bid is accepted, the person making it will, within ten days
4 after the award is made, enter into a contract as specified in the advertisement
5 soliciting bids, and will execute a bond conditioned for the faithful perform-

6 ance of such contract on his part, in such sum as the commissioners and
7 Governor shall determine. Each bidder shall file his bond and a copy of his bid
8 with the Governor when he files his bid with the Secretary of State, and no bid
9 shall be received until such bond shall have been deposited with the Governor.
10 The Governor shall retain said bond until the award has been made, and then
11 shall file in the office of the Secretary of State the bond of the successful
12 bidder.

\$ 5. At the time designated in the advertisement for opening bids, the commissioners, at a meeting called for the purpose, shall, in the presence of the Governor, open the bids and proceed publicly to award the contract for each class of work to be done and materials to be furnished to the lowest bidder therefor, taking bond from him in an amount to be fixed by the board and the Governor, but not to exceed \$10,000, conditioned for the faithful performance of the contract, but for good cause the board may adjourn said meeting to any time within ten days, at which adjourned meeting said board shall make the award, as herein specified: Provided, that nothing in this act shall be construed so as to prevent the same person from bidding for more than one class of the work to be done or articles to be furnished. And that when any person, bidding for more than one class as aforesaid, shall be the lowest bidder for each 18 class so bid for, to him shall be awarded the contract for all the classes for which he has bid: And, provided, further, that said commissioners, with the cons nt of the Governor, may reject any or all bids, and that no contract shall be made without the written approval of the Governor. If two or more persons bid the same price for either class of the work to be done or articles to be 17 furnished, and said price is the lowest for that class, the commissioners shall 18 award the contract to such one of said bidders as they shall decide by lot to award it to. In determining the lowest bid for printing, the commissioners shall call to their aid the supervisor of State printing herein provided for. 91

§ 6. If, for any reason, any contract required to be let shall not be let at the
time contemplated by this act, and whenever on account of any contract being
canceled, or for other cause, any contract is required to be let at any other time,
the commissioners shall fix the time when they will receive bids therefor, and

- 5 shall solicit and receive such bids and make awards as nearly as may be in the
- 6 same manner and upon the same terms as hereinbefore provided.
 - \$ 7. If a contractor shall fail to fulfill his contract, the commissioners may
- 2 cancel the contract, and having done so, shall notify him in writing, specifying
- 8 their reasons for so doing.
- § 8. No contract shall be let to any person holding any State office in this
- 2 State or a seat in the General Assembly, or to any person employed in either of
- 8 the executive offices in the State, or to the wife of a State officer, member of the
- 4 General Assembly, or employee, as aforesaid, nor shall any State officer, member
- 5 of the General Assembly, or wife or employee, as aforesaid, become, directly or
- 6 iudirectly, interested in any such contract, under penalty of forfeiting such
- 7 contract, at the option of the commissioners, and being fined not exceeding
- 8 \$1,000.
 - § 9. Any person who shall offer or pay to any person any money or other
- 2 valuable thing, to induce such person to not bid for a State contract, or as a
- 8 recompense to him for not having bid for such contract, shall be guilty of a mis-
- 4 demeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment in
- 5 the penitentiary not longer than three years. Any person who shall accept any
- 6 money or other valuable thing for not bidding for a State contract, or who shall
- 7 withhold a bid in consideration of a promise for the payment of money or other
- 8 valuable thing, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction thereof,
- 9 shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary not longer than three years,
 - \$ 10. If any person making any bid under this act shall fail or refuse to enter
- 2 into a contract pursuant to the terms of his bid within the time mentioned in
- 3 his bond, and give bond as required, or if any contractor shall refuse or fail to
- 4 fulfill his contract, it shall be the duty of the Secretary of State, under the
- 5 direction of the commissioners, to notify the Attorney-General, who shall at
- 6 once bring suit on the bond of such bidder or contractor against him and his
- 7 sureties, and prosecute the same to judgment and final execution.
 - * 11. Every bill for articles furnished, or work done by any contractor under
- 2 this act, shall contain a detailed, itemized account, in such form that the same
- 3 may be readily compared with his contract, and shall also contain such other

6 ance of such contract on his part, in such sum as the commissioners and
7 Governor shall determine. Each bidder shall file his bond and a copy of his bid
8 with the Governor when he files his bid with the Secretary of State, and no bid
9 shall be received until such bond shall have been deposited with the Governor.
10 The Governor shall retain said bond until the award has been made, and then
11 shall file in the office of the Secretary of State the bond of the successful
12 bidder.

\$ 5. At the time designated in the advertisement for opening bids, the commissioners, at a meeting called for the purpose, shall, in the presence of the Governor, open the bids and proceed publicly to award the contract for each class of work to be done and materials to be furnished to the lowest bidder therefor, taking bond from him in an amount to be fixed by the board and the Governor, but not to exceed \$10,000, conditioned for the faithful performance of the contract, but for good cause the board may adjourn said meeting to any time within ten days, at which adjourned meeting said board shall make the award, as herein specified: Provided, that nothing in this act shall be construed so as to prevent the same person from bidding for more than one class of the work to be done or articles to be furnished. And that when any person, bidding for more than one class as aforesaid, shall be the lowest bidder for each class so bid for, to him shall be awarded the contract for all the classes for which he has bid: And, provided, further, that said commissioners, with the cons nt of the Governor, may reject any or all bids, and that no contract shall be made without the written approval of the Governor. If two or more persons bid the same price for either class of the work to be done or articles to be furnished, and said price is the lowest for that class, the commissioners shall award the contract to such one of said bidders as they shall decide by lot to award it to. In determining the lowest bid for printing, the commissioners shall call to their aid the supervisor of State printing herein provided for.

§ 6. If, for any reason, any contract required to be let shall not be let at the
2 time contemplated by this act, and whenever on account of any contract being
3 canceled, or for other cause, any contract is required to be let at any other time,
4 the commissioners shall fix the time when they will receive bids therefor, and

- 5 shall solicit and receive such bids and make awards as nearly as may be in the
- 6 same manner and upon the same terms as hereinbefore provided.
 - \$ 7. If a contractor shall fail to fulfill his contract, the commissioners may
- 2 cancel the contract, and having done so, shall notify him in writing, specifying
- 8 their reasons for so doing.
- § 8. No contract shall be let to any person holding any State office in this
- 2 State or a seat in the General Assembly, or to any person employed in either of
- 8 the executive offices in the State, or to the wife of a State officer, member of the
- 4 General Assembly, or employee, as aforesaid, nor shall any State officer, member
- 5 of the General Assembly, or wife or employee, as aforesaid, become, directly or
- 6 iudirectly, interested in any such contract, under penalty of forfeiting such
- 7 contract, at the option of the commissioners, and being fined not exceeding
- 8 \$1,000.
 - § 9. Any person who shall offer or pay to any person any money or other
- 2 valuable thing, to induce such person to not bid for a State contract, or as a
- 8 recompense to him for not having bid for such contract, shall be guilty of a mis-
- 4 demeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment in
- 5 the penitentiary not longer than three years. Any person who shall accept any
- 6 money or other valuable thing for not bidding for a State contract, or who shall
- 7 withhold a bid in consideration of a promise for the payment of money or other
- 8 valuable thing, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction thereof,
- 9 shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary not longer than three years,
- \$ 10. If any person making any bid under this act shall fail or refuse to enter
- 2 into a contract pursuant to the terms of his bid within the time mentioned in
- 8 his bond, and give bond as required, or if any contractor shall refuse or fail to
- 4 fulfill his contract, it shall be the duty of the Secretary of State, under the
- 5 direction of the commissioners, to notify the Attorney-General, who shall at
- 6 once bring suit on the bond of such bidder or contractor against him and his
- 7 sureties, and prosecute the same to judgment and final execution.
- 11. Every bill for articles furnished, or work done by any contractor under
- 3 this act, shall contain a detailed, itemized account, in such form that the same
- nay be readily compared with his contract, and shall also contain such other

- particulars as may be directed by the commissioners. Every bill shall first be presented to the Secretary of State, who shall except as provided in section 28 of this act | carefully examine and compare the same with the vonohers and orders in his possession. If any error is found in any account, the Secretary shall immediately correct the same and return the account to the contractor. When the account is found to be correct, or has been corrected and adjusted, the Secretary shall certify the same, with the contract, vouchers, and orders to the commissioners, who shall carefully examine the same. When an account 11 has been approved by the commissioners, the Auditor of Public Accounts shall 12 draw his warrant upon the Treasury for the amount thereof, payable out of any money appropriated for that purpose; but payments may be made on estimates. made by the Supervisor of State printing of work done as the work progresses. upon the order of the Commissioners of State Contracts, approved by the Gov-16 ernor. An itemized account of all work fully completed and delivered to the
 - 8 12. The printing of the State shall be divided into four planes; an follows:
 First—The printing (in bill form) off the bills and resolutions for consideration
 of the General Assembly, shall constitute the first class.

Second -The printing of the journal of the Senate and of the House of Rep-

Secretary of State shall be rendered to the said officer within thirty days after

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- 5 resentatives, the volume of laws, and joint resolutions passed by the General Assembly, the reports of the State officers, State boards, institutions, and all other reports required to be made to the Governor or to the General Assembly; also, all pamphlet work, including briefs, abstracts, circulars, synopsis, and all other similar work, the copy for which will make more than four numbered pages, and which is required to be printed in a page of the size prescribed in
- Third—The printing, stitching, ruling, lining, indexing and binding of elec tion registers shall constitute the third class.

section 18 of this act, shall constitute the second class.

14 Fourth—All printing, the character of which is not specifically defined in the 15 first, second, or third classes, shall be assigned to, and constitute the fourth

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such delivery.

- \$ 18. The printing shall be done under the general supervision and direction
- 2 of the Commissioners of State Contracts and the Supervisor of State Printing,
- 8 and said commissioners shall have so much of the printing done at the State
- 4 Capital as they may deem advisable. All printing shall be delivered at the
- 5 expense of the contractor, at the State House, to the order of the Secretary of
- 6 State. At the close of the fiscal year in each biennial period, the Commission-
- 7 ers of State Contracts shall designate what reports shall have precedence in the
- 8 order of printing. The Secretary of State shall deliver to the contractor for
- 9 the various classes of printing, the paper required to execute the work, as pro-
- 10 vided in section 24 of this act, but the contractor shall pay the cost of trans-
- 11 portation of same to the place where the printing is done. For the fourth class
- 12 of printing the Secretary of State shall transmit to the printer the quality of
- 18 paper required to print each job ordered, with the order for the printing of the
- 14 same.
 - § 14. Each bid for either class of the printing, shall state the price per one
- 2 thousand ems of composition, and per one hundred impressions of presswork, at
- 8 which the bidder will do the work covered by the class for which he is bidding,
- 4 except the third class, bids for which shall state the sum for which the bidder
- 5 will furnish, complete, each election register required.
 - \$ 15. All orders for printing, in addition to that authorized by this or some
- 2 other act, shall be by joint resolution: Provided, that either house may order
- 3 to be printed any bills or reports of committees of such house without the con-
- 4 currence of the other branch of the General Assembly.
- § 16. The highest prices that may be paid for printing, under this act, are as
- 2 follows:
- 3. Righty cents for each one thousand ems of composition.
- 4 For printing, stiching, ruling, bin in lining and indexing each election
- 5 register, ten cents.
- 6 Twenty cents for each or ressions of presswork in the first,
- 8 one hundred on any job shall be bounded.
 - \$ 17. The type used in doi: A first class shall be small pica, con-

posed in a manner six inches wide, and made up into pages ten and one-half inches long. Between the lines in work of this class, there shall be a space not exceeding the width of a pica reglet: Provided, that if any matter in this class ought to be set solid, the supervisor of State printing herein provided for shall have authority to so decide and direct. In computing composition in this class, the type shall be measured as if it had been set solid, and necessary fractions of pages shall be counted as full pages, but no blank pages shall be charged for. In estimating press work in this class, four pages shall be considered a form:

Provided, that any number of pages fewer than four shall be considered a form when the copy of any job done in this class is not sufficient to make four pages, or shall make one or more full forms and a fractional part of another full form.

\$ 18. The type used in doing work of the second class shall be long primer for the text, brevier for extracts, quoted matter, and resolutions, and nonpareil for tabular work and exhibits—the type to be as good as new, and made up into medium octavo pages twenty-six ems pica in width and forty-five ems pica in length, and set solid, except as hereinafter provided. All documents, communications or any small pamphlet work required to be made up into numbered pages, the copy for which will make more than four pages, shall belong to and be printed by the contractor for the second class, and the supervisor of State printing may, in his discretion, have such work leaded; but the volume of laws, the journals, and all reports of State officers and State boards shall be set solid, without the intervention of unnecessary leads or aluga. Exhibits or tabular statements which cannot be brought within the limits of the page herein prescribed, shall be printed on a separate sheet as an inset, and estimated in the second class, and shall be inserted, by the binder, in the book to which such inset belongs. In the printed journals of color acuse of the General Assembly each division list of the year and not stand by set in nonpareil type, in four columns, in alphabetical order, at a discreport of each 17 motion or resolution shall be embraced in one puragesph. Composition shall not be allowed for blank pages but a fractional page 1 a.s. to, measured as a full page in the first and second classes. In estimating these work in the second

class sixteen pages shall be counted a form, but if any document make less than sixteen pages, or if the last form of any document is not a full form of sixteen pages, the same shall be counted as a form. The supervisor of State printing shall give general directions for the making up of matter so as to avoid unnecessary charges for composition, and the contractor shall observe such directions.

§ 19. Composition in the fourth class shall be estimated as follows:

All work set in pica type, or in which type larger than pica is exclusively used, shall be measured as pica. When any job is set in type smaller than pica, or when two or more sizes of type are required to be used in the same job, such job shall be estimated by measuring the kind of type so used. All jobs shall be measured by the surface actually printed over, and not by the size of the sheet used, or by the size of the form. When copy for any job is furnished the contractor, the supervisor of State printing may, in his discretion, designate the size of type to be used in setting the same, and the job shall be measured as of the size so designated by him.

3 20. The contractor for all printing under this act shall execute as promptly as the Commissioners of State contracts shall require, and in a manner acceptable to said commissioners, all orders for printing issued to him. He shall read and correct the first proof of all work done by him, and see that the same is reasonably free from errors, and conforms to the copy furnished him. A second proof shall then be sent to the supervisor of State printing, when requested, who shall read the same with some one to be designated by the department for which the printing is being done. If changes or alterations from the copy be made in the second proof, the contractor shall correct the same and return the proof to the empervisor of State printing; and for making said changes the contractor shall be allowed such sum (to be estimated at fifty cents per hour) as the 11 supervisor of State printing may certify to the Commissioners of State Contracts is equitable. The supervisor of State printing may require revises of all 18 proof read by him, and if the proof is not properly corrected by the contractor before the printing is done, no pay shall be allowed for the job or form in which the error occurs. At the close of the fiscal year immediately preceding a session

of the General Assembly the supervisor of State printing may appoint an experienced proof-reader to assist him in the discharge of his duties, who shall be paid the sum of four dollars per day, in the same manner and from the same fund as the supervisor of State printing is paid, but said assistant shall not be employed after the General Assembly adjourns.

§ 21. On or before the first day of October, A. D., 1881, and every two years thereafter, the Governor shall appoint a person who shall be denominated the 2 "Supervisor of State Printing," and who shall hold his office for the term of two years from the first day of October, A. D., 1881, and until his successor is appointed and qualified. The Governor shall have power to remove said officer at any time in his discretion. Said Supervisor of State Printing shall be a person who has had experience in estimating book and job work, and who has worked at his trade at least six years. His duties shall be to prepare the specifications upon which bids for the public printing shall be made, to revise proof, to measure the work, to estimate the amount of paper required for each job, and to examine the accounts according to the provisions of this act. Such practical printer shall be under the supervision of the Secretary of State, in his office; but in measuring and estimating the price of work and examining accounts, the Supervisor of State Printing, shall not be subject to the order of the secretary. Any conflict of opinion between the secretary and the Supervisor of State Printing, above provided for, on the construction of this act, or in reference to other matters relating to the contracts for printing, shall be referred 17 to the Commissioners of State Contracts, and be decided by them. The said Supervisor of State Printing, before entering upon the discharge of his duties, 19 shall take, and subscribe to an oath, that he will faithfully and honorably per-20 form the duties imposed upon him, which oath shall be filed in the office of the 21 Secretary of State. He shall receive for his service the sum, of \$1,800.00 per 22 year, to be certified by the Commissioners of State Contracts, and paid out of 23 any money not otherwise appropriated, and shall be subject to removal at the 24 pleasure of the Governor: Provided, that the commissioners shall not be bound 25 bound by the action, opinion, or measurement of said Supervisor of State Printing, but may inquire of, and take the evidence of other experts upon all mat28 ters connected with said printing, but in no case shall they raise the estimate. as taiough than guitaine state to resigned out viduoset, broast at the Secretary of Heat of was in the side of control of the second side of the second of t 3" at his office, and shall deliver such work to the department for which it was done. The Secretary shall require the Supervisor of State Printing to keep a record of all printing ordered, and to file and preserve a copy of each document 6 printed. The copy of each document printed to be filed as aforesaid, shall, Thefore it is filed, have indosed upon it the number of copies ordered and receive I, the cost of the same, and the authority by which the printing thereof was ordered. The hise evenuer of power systeller's connection T. Jestifacy be of the consequence is 23. Every bill for printing done shall be presented to the Secretary of State, who shall require the Supervisor of State Printing, provided for in this act, to and off a hor show doi but a sod equitablies at constraint and advisces of 3 carefully examine and compare the same with the contract for said printing Thoughout ornaging of ad fluids solited still. Since Z is trad to about sid to be Z in w. A and the vouchers and orders relating thereto. If any error is found in the thoughout street of account, the Supervisor of State Printing shall correct the same, and return the doi thus not formore reason to the contractor. If the account is found to be correct, or when it has the same to the Supervisor of State Printing shall certify the same to the Sidnicated to vintered add to noisi requised trebuned their retains first req. 21 commissioners, who shall carefully examine it, comparing it with the contract, 9 vouchers and orders. If any conflict of opinion shall occur between the Super To restrict of freeling and the contractor concerning any account, the matter The shall be determined and adjusted by the commissioners, and a minute of such 12 adjustment entered in the record of the proceedings of the board. the reference to other matters relating to the control is for printing shall be provided by the State. 18 to the Commissioners of State Contracts, and be decided by them. The Secretary of State shall, from time to time, as the same may be needed, 29 Supervisor of State Printing before entering additional design of the Printing and Contractor paper for the printing said contractor is required by 20 shall take, and subscribe to an oath, that he will faithfully and, honorably per 4 his contract to do, shall take from each contractor a receipt for all paper so 11 form the duties imposed upon him, which oath shall be filed in the office of the delivered, and shall keep an account of the same. At the biennial settlement, 6 on or before the first Monday in November, each contractor shall deliver to the the bind lyng storther) or the term of the store of the s adita layoner of fooding a Challe but the fair por pages of the feet result in the S shall take note of the paper so returned, and if it is found that any of the third state largest up bies to mean ourseaut to moining another self ad buried. The than that of the State, the contractor shall be charged with the value thereof, 27 ing, but may inquire of, and take the evidence of other experts upon all mat

of beginning the selection of the paper so used or beginning the line of the paper so used or 12 wasted, and the amount shall be deducted from his account a Provided that an entry but but corrected the correct of the cor allowance of three per centum on the cost of said paper; may be made for the Second—Report of the Secretary of State, 1.500 copies, of which one copy shall \$ 25. All matter which may be ordered printed shall be delivered to the printer with as little delay as possible, and the printer who is bound by his con-3 tract to print the same shall not be held accountable for any delay occasioned 4 by the the want of copy to rotife the off to troops I be insuling of the brieff \$ 26. The contractor for either class of the public printing shall deliver to the Secretary of State, with his bill for the printing, a gapy, of each document 3 or other matter charged for in said bill. In said hill the contractor shall name 4 each job printed, the number of copies printed of each job, the number of 5 impressions of press work in each job, the number of thousands of energy lights distilly to vgo one sough that a strong of thousands of energy that 6 position in each job, and also the kind and quantity of paper used in sach jieb. 51 glomes: A larger of our regular discount of the paper is the paper of the control of \$ 27. The printed journals of the Senate and House of Representatives shall out starts out it seems witch vinsipnor which the content of the seems o 2 contain each an index, which shall be prepared by the Semetary of State who I be prepared by the Semetary of State who 3 shall also prepare, and furnish to the contractor for this class of printing. In 4 table of the contents and index of the volume of the laws and artable of the 5 contents of the volumes of reports. The title page of the volume of the plane of the volume of the page of the page of the volume of the page of is required the remainder of reports, and the remainder be reports, and the remainder be Assembly of the State of Illinois." The laws shall be arranged by the Segretary 8 of State in alphabetical order, according the subject matter and be, thuse soigns 0005 morbins of order to help in the subject matter and be. 9 printed. The day on which an act was approved by the Governor whall been done of valor and but redment libre of personal libration of the control of the c 10 marked, in the volume of the laws at the end of each of said arts, by the printede mirroque (times) if one of these of of 7000 900 (times in mirroque at the printede) 11 certificate of the said Secretary, ed of township frustees 10 copies to be not of township frustees 10 copies to paise to be not of township frustees. \$ 28. The Secretary of State shall, on or before the fifteenth day of Decembers 2 next preceding each regular session of the General Assembly report to the off of bereviled of of rebutance off the Central Assembly report to the off 3 Governor the number of printing contracts to whom the same were let., and at: 4 what prices, the amount of printing that has been done under said contracting government that we look series to the limit of the prices of t 5 and the cost thereof, and all other matters connected with the public printing us to each officer of the technical § 29. Hereafter the number of public documents printed bound and allows

2 tributed by authority of the State, shall be as follows: number of berevileb 48

- 3 First—Governor's message, 2,500 copies, of which 2,000 shall be delivered to
- 4 the members of the General Assembly, and 400 copies to the Governor, and the
- 5 remaining 100 copies be retained for the volume of the reports.
- 6 Second—Report of the Secretary of State, 1.500 copies, of which one copy shall
- 7 be delivered to each member and one to each officer of the General Assembly,
- 8 100 copies to be retained for the volume of reports, and the remainder be
- 9 delivered to the Secretary of State.
- 10 Third—The financial report of the Auditor of Public Accounts, 5,000 copies,
- 11 of which one copy shall be delivered to each member and one copy to each
- 12 officer of the General Assembly, one copy be sent to each county clerk, one copy
- 18 to each county collector, 100 copies be retained for the volume of reports, and
- 14 the remainder be delivered to the Auditor.
- 15 Fourth-The insurance reports, 1,000 copies, one copy of which shall be
- 16 delivered to each member and one copy to each officer of the General Assembly,
- 17 one copy be sent to each insurance company doing business in the State, 100
- 18 copies be retained for the volume of reports, and the remainder be delivered to
- 19 the officer in charge of State supervision of insurance companies.
- 20 Fitth-The report of the State Treasurer, 500 copies, of which one copy shall
- 21 be delivered to each member and one to each officer of the General Assembly,
- 22 and 100 copies be retained for the volume of reports, and the remainder be
- 23 delivered to the State Treasurer.
- 24 Sixth—The report of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, 6,000 copies,
- 25 one copy of which shall be delivered to each member and one copy to each
- 26 officer of the General Assembly, one copy to be sent to each county superin-
- 27 tendent of schools, one copy to each board of township trustees, 10 copies to be
- 28 retained for the State library, and 1,000 copies to be delivered equally to the
- 29 members of the General Assembly, and the remainder to be delivered to the
- 30 State Superintendent of Public Instruction.
- 31 Seventh—The report of the Adjutant-General, 500 copies, of which one copy
- 32 shall be delivered to each member and one copy to each officer of the General
- 33 Assembly, and 100 copies for the volume of reports, and the remainder to be
- 34 delivered to the Adjutant-General.

85 Eighth.—The report of the State Board of Agriculture, 5,000 copies, of which one copy shall be delivered to each member and one copy to each officer of the 37 General Assembly, 10 copies be retained for the State library, 500 copies be deposited with the Secretary of State for general distribution, and the remaining volumes be delivered to the State Board of Agriculture for judicious distribution.

Ninth The report of the Industrial University, 2,000 copies, of which one copy shall be delivered to each member and one to each officer of the General Assembly, 10 copies be retained for the State library, and the remainder to the said university for judicious distribution.

Tenth. The report of the State Board of Public Charities, 2,000 copies, of which one copy shall be delivered to each member, and one to each officer of the General Assembly, and 100 copies for the volume of reports, one copy to be sent to each public library in the State, one copy each to every judge, county clerk and sheriff, and the balance remaining be delivered to the Commissioners of Public Charities for such exchanges and judicious distribution as they may deem proper.

Eleventh. The report of the Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners, 2,000 copies, of which one copy shall be delivered to each member, and one to each officer of the General Assembly, 10 copies be retained for the State Library, one copy be sent to each county clerk, one copy to each county board, 300 copies be delivered to the Secretary of State for general distribution, and the remainder to the said commissioners.

Twolfth—All other public reports (except reports of committees of the Senate and House of Representatives) required to be made to the Governor or the General Assembly, 2,000 copies each, of which one copy shaft be delivered to each member and one to each officer of the General Assembly, and 100 copies for the volume of reports, 180 copies be delivered to the Secretary of State for general distribution, and the remainder to the institution, trustees, commissioners or officer making the report.

65 Thirteenth.—The volume of public laws, 8,000 copies, of which one copy shall 66 be sent to each member of the General Assembly enacting the same, and one

- 67 copy to each member of the first next succeeding General Assembly, and one
- 68 copy to each judge, State's Attorney, county and circuit clerk, Supreme Court
- 69 clerk, each county board, sheriff, (ressurer, county collector, police magistrates
- 70 and justices of the peace, two copies be delivered to each State department 100
- 71 copies be retained for the State Library, two copies for each public library, 10
- 72 copies for the Supreme Court law library of each division, and the remainder be
- 73 delivered to the Secretary of State for judicious distribution.
- 74 Fourteenth -- The bound volumes of House and Senate journals, 1.500 copies,
- 75 one copy to be sent to each member and officer of the General Assembly, one
- 76 copy to each officer of the executive department, 10 copies to the State Library.
- 77 two copies to the office of each county clerk, and the remainder to the Secretary
- 78 of State for judicious distribution.
- \$ 30. The volume of reports herein provided for shall include the following
- 2 reports: The reports of the several State officers, institutions and departments
- 3 required to be made to the Governor or the General Assembly [except reports of
- 4 committees to the Senate and House of Representatives: Provided, that the
- 5 transactions of the agricultural and horticultural societies, the report of the
- 6 Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners, the Industrial University, and the
- 7 reports of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, and the report of the
- 8 State Geologist, shall not be included in said volume of reports. Said 100 copies
- 9 of the volumes of reports shall be deposited in the State Library.
- § 31. No report of any institution, department or officer shall exceed three
- 2 hundred printed pages.
- § 32. When the contractor for the public printing is ordered to print any
- 2 report or other document that is also to appear in the volume of reports, he
- 3 shall print upon the same type 100 copies of each of said reports or other docu-
- 4 ments, with bracket folies, for such volumes of reports. There shall be no
- 5 charge for composition for the 100 copies of reports inserted in said volumes of
- 6 reports, but the contractors for work that is bound in the volume of reports
- 7 shall be allowed to charge fifty cents for each form that goes into said volumes
- 8 as compensation for inserting the bracket folios, changing the title to a bastard

- 9 title, and re-imposing the forms to prevent more than one blank page being 10 inserted at any one place in said volume.
- \$ 33. The volume of reports shall contain no reports, communications, or
- 2 other matters that are to be inserted in the laws and journals of the same year,
- 3 and the various reports, communications and other documents inserted therein
- 4 shall follow each other in as close compact order as is consistent with good
- 5 workmanship, without the intervention of unnecessary blanks or separate title
- 6 or half title pages, and the paging thereof shall be consecutive, and at the con-
- 7 clusion of each volume there shall be an index, referring to the particular page
- 8 at which each separate document commences.
- \$ 34. In every case provide in this act for the 100 copies of reports or docu-
- 2 ments to be placed in the bound volume of reports, it shall be the duty of the
- 3 Secretary of State to order the delivery of said 100 copies to the contractor
- 4 for binding that class of work, and said contractor shall bind and deliver such
- 5 volumes of reports as prescribed in this act. The commissioners of State con-
- 6 tracts shall designate what reports shall comprise a volume, and the size of each
- 7 volume of the reports herein required to be bound.
- § 35. The contractor for printing shall deliver all book and pamphlet work
- 2 to the contractor for public binding, in sheets containing not less than sixteen
- 3 pages each: Provided, that if any document make less than sixteen pages, or if
- 4 the last form of any document is not a full form of sixteen pages, then such
- 5 smaller sheets shall be delivered to the contractor for binding as printed.
- \$ 36. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of State and the Supervisor of
- 2 State Printing, in ordering printing, by combining orders, or otherwise, as far
- 3 as possible to prevent charges for construction or double composition, and the
- 4 public printer shall follow such directions.
- \$ 37. The binding for the State shall be and hereby is divided into five
- 2 classes, as follows:
- 3 First The folding, sewing with two twines, and trimming of the laws,
- 4 journals and volumes of reports, and the binding thereof in leather backs and
- 5 substantial paste board sides, covered with blue paper, and title stamped in gold
- 6 on the backs, shall constitute the first class.

- 7 Second-The folding, sewing with two twines, and trimming of the laws and
- 8 journals, and the binding thereof in law sheep backs and corners and No. 20
- 9 tarboard sides, covered with good American comb-marble paper, and stamped
- 10 in gold on the backs, shall constitute the second class.
- 11 Third-The folding, sewing with two twines, and trimming of the reports of
- 12 the executive departments and public institutions, and the binding thereof in
- 18 English cloth and binder's or cloth board sides, with title and any required
- 14 ornament embossed in gold on the backs and blank fillits on the sides, shall
- 15 constitute the third class.
- 16 Fourth—The folding, stitching with three holes and trimming of reports to
- 17 the General Assembly, or either house thereof, and other documents, and the
- 18 binding of said reports in paper covers, with the title page printed thereon,
- 19 shall constitute the fourth class.
- 20 Fifth-The folding, stitching and trimming of bills shall constitute the fifth
- 21 class.
 - \$ 38. The highest prices that may be paid for binding under this act are as
- 2 follows:
- 8 For the first class, per volume, twenty-five cents.
- 4 For the second class per volume, fifty cents.
- 5 For the third class, per volume, thirty cents.
- 6 For the fourth class, per one hundred pages, three and one-half cents.
- 7 For the fifth class, per one hundred pages, five cents.
 - § 39. Of the number of laws, journals and volumes of reports required to be
- 2 printed, six hundred copies of the laws and three hundred copies of the
- 8 iournals and volumes of reports shall be bound in the second class of binding,
- 4 as described in section 87 of this act; and of the number of reports required to
- 5 be printed, three thousand copies each of that of the Superintendent of Public
- 6 Instruction, and Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners; two thousand copies
- 7 each of the State Board of Public Charities and Industrial University; five hun-
- 8 dred copies each of the Auditor of State, Secretary of State, and other State offi-
- 9 cers, and insurance report; and ten thousand copies of the report of the State
- 10 Board of Agriculture, shall be bound in the third class of binding, as described in

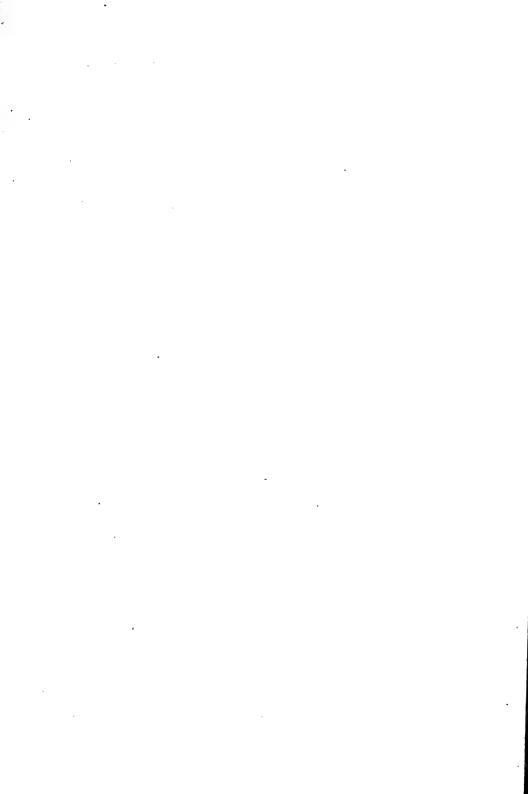
- 11 section 37 of this act. The laws, journals and volumes of reports, except as
- 12 hereinbefore provided in this section, shall be bound in the first class of bind-
- 13 ing as described in section 87 of this act; the reports, except as hereinbefore
- 14 provided in this section, shall be bound in the fourth class of binding, as
- 15 described in section 37 of this act.
- \$ 40. The commissioners of State contracts shall furnish bidders with sam-
- 2 ples of first, second, third, and fourth classes of binding, and duplicates of such
- 3 samples shall be preserved by the commissioners until final settlement is made
- 4 between the contractors and the State for such binding.
 - \$ 41. In case it shall be necessary for the Commissioners of State Contracts
- 2 to order the binding of any volume of other work not provided for in this act,
- 3 the compensation therefor shall be proportionate to the contract prices under
- 4 which similar work is being executed by the contractor for binding.
 - § 42. Each bid for folding, stitching or sewing, trimming and binding shall
- 2 specify the price at which the bidder will do each kind of work, as specified in
- 3 sections 37 and 38, and no contract shall be let for the doing of any such work
- 4 at a higher rate than is specified in said sections.
- § 43. The binder shall fold, sticth or sew and bind all work required of him
- 2 by his contract, in a workmanlike manner and promptly, so that the public busi-
- 3 ness may not be delayed, and shall deliver the same to the Secretary of State,
- 4 taking his receipt therefor.
- \$ 44. The Secretary of State, when he receives binding, shall ascertain
- 2 whether it has been executed as required by contract, and if thus executed
- 3 shall give to the binder his receipt therefor. If the binding is not executed as
- 4 required by contract, the Secretary may, with the approval of the Commis-
- 5 sioners of State Contracts, receive the same, giving his receipt therefor, in
- 6 which receipt he shall state the defects in the work, and the amount to be
- 7 deducted from the contractor's bill for such defects—which deductions shall be
- 8 determined by the commissioners, and charged against said contractors by the
- 9 Secretary of State.
 - § 45 No contract for the copying of the laws, joint resolutions and journals
 - shall be made for a greater sum or rate than five cents per one hundred words.

- § 46. It shall be the duty of the contractor for copying the laws, joint resolu-
- 2 tions and journals, to copy the same as fast as they shall be required by the
- 3 public printer; and in case such contractor shall neglect or fail, from any cause,
- 4 to copy the laws, joint resolutions or journals as fast as the same shall be
- 5 required by the public printer, it shall be the duty of the public printer to at
- 6 once notify the Secretary of State, in writing, of such neglect or failure; and the
- 7 want of copy shall be no excuse for the printer not performing his contract.
- 8 unless he shall give notice in writing, as aforesaid, and then only for the length
- 9 of time such printer is actually delayed for want of copy.
 - § 47. The copying of the laws, joint resolutions and journals shall be done
- 2 in the State House, under the personal supervision of the Secretary of State;
- 8 and such copies shall be carefully compared with the original in his office before
- 4 being printed.
- \$ 48. It shall be the duty of the contractor to do such copying accurately,
- 2 and in a plain, legible hand.
 - § 49. There shall be copied, for the use of the public printer, one copy of all
- 2 the laws and joint resolutions passed by the General Assembly, and one copy
- 3 of the journals of each house thereof; but no reports which are required to
- 4 be made to the Governor or to the General Assembly, annually or biennially,
- 6 shall be included in such journals.
 - \$ 50. The maximum price of news, book, cover and other paper used in
- 2 doing the State printing, and of all articles of stationery used by the State,
- 3 shall be five per centum greater than the market price of such paper and
- 4 articles, at wholesale, in the city of Chicago, at the time of the making of
- 5 the contract, and no contract shall be made at any higher rate.
- § 51. Every advertisement for bids for news, book, cover and other paper
- 2 and stationery for the use of the State shall specify, as near as may be, the
- 3 kinds, quality and quantity required, and shall also specify the size and
- 4 weight per ream of each kind required. Separate bids shall be made for the
- 5 different kinds of paper required for doing the State printing. All other
- 6 stationery may be included in one bid.
 - § 52. The Commissioners of State Contracts shall furnish bidders samples of

- 2 book, flat, cover and other printing paper, and of all legal cap, letter, note and
- 3 other paper, and all articles of stationery required by the State officers, and
- 4 duplicate of such samples shall be preserved by them until final settlement is
- 5 made between the contractor and the State for all articles furnished, of which
- 6 the samples were the standard of quality.
- § 53. All printing paper and stationery shall be kept in store by the
- 2 Secretary of State, and delivered and accounted for by him as provided by law-
 - \$ 54. The maximum prices for fuel shall be as follows: For blokery wood, 96
- 2 per cord; for all other kinds of wood, \$5 per cord; for coal, \$9.50 per ton.
 - § 55. On the delivery of any fuel, the Secretary of State shall examine the
- 2 same as to quality and quantity, and if he finds the same to be in accordance
- 3 with the contract he shall give his receipt therefor, and if it is not according to
- 4 the contract shall reject it. He shall keep an account of all fuel delivered to
- 5 him, and by him furnished to the State House and several offices to which fuel
- 6 may be furnished.
- \$ 56. The maximum price for distributing the laws, journals and all doou-
- 2 ments and other printed matter required to be distributed by this or any other
- 3 act, or by resolution of the General Assembly, shall be \$1,500 per annum,
- \$ 57. The distribution shall be done at the State House, under the direction
- 2 of the Secretary of State; and it shall be the duty of the contractor to furnish
- 3 all necessary wrappings, boxes and other conveniences for packing and shipping
- 4 the same, and promptly and without delay to pack and deliver, at his own cost
- 5 for transportation, in number and kind, all matter required to be distributed, at
- 6 the earliest moment practicable after they are ready to be distributed. They
- 7 shall be transmitted by the most ready, convenient and quick conveyance which
- 8 may offer itself, and a receipt shall be taken for each package transmitted
- 9 (except such as are conveyed by United States mail), which shall be filed with
- 10 the Secretary of State.
 - § 58. The laws shall be distributed as follows, viz: Five copies to the library
- 2 of Congress, two copies to each State and territorial library in the United
- 3 States, one copy to each judge of the United States, circuit or district court in
- 4 this State, five copies to each Supreme Court library in this State, one copy to

- 5 each supreme judge, one copy to each judge of a court of record, one copy to
- 6 each State's Attorney, one copy to each clerk of a court of record, one copy to
- 7 each justice of the peace, one copy to each police magistrate, one copy to each
- 8 library, each educational, each historical and each literary institution in this
- 9 State, one copy to each State officer, one copy to each member and each elective
- 10 officer of the General Assembly, one copy to each State charitable institution,
- 11 ten copies for the State Library, and three hundred copies shall be deposited
- 12 with the Secretary of State for the use of future General Assemblies.
 - § 59. The journals and messages shall be distributed as follows: Five copies
- 2 to the library of Congress, one copy to each State and territorial library in the
- 8 United States, one copy to each judge of the United States circuit and district
- 4 court in this State, one copy to each Supreme Judge, one copy to each Supreme
- 5 Court library, one copy to each Senator and each Representative, and each
- 6 elective officer of the General Assembly, one copy to each county officer, and
- 7 one copy to each State officer who is required by law to reside at the seat of gov-
- 8 ernment, one copy to each library, each educational, each historical and each
- 9 literary institution in this State, and one copy to each State charitable institu-
- 10 tion, ten copies for the State library, and the remaining copies shall be deposited
- 11 with the Secretary of State for the use of future General Assemblies.
- 2 as follows, viz: five copies to the library of Congress, one copy to the President
- 8 of the United States, one copy to each State and territorial library, one copy to
- 4 each Judge of the Supreme Court, one copy to each judge of the Superior Court
- 5 of Cook county, one copy to each clerk of a circuit court, one copy to each law
- 6 institute in this State, one copy to each State officer required by law to reside
- 7 at the seat of government, five copies shall be deposited in the State library.
- 8 and five copies in each Supreme Court library.
- \$ 61. All books and documents required by this act to be distribut d to
- 2 officers or persons resident in this State, or to libraries and other institutions
- 3 located therein, shall be transmitted by the contractor to the county clerks of
- 4 the respective counties where such officers or persons reside, or such institutions
- 5 are located. The county clerk of each county shall receive and receipt to the

- 6 Secretary of State for all books and documents so transmitted to him, paying
- 7 the charges for the transmission of the same by drawing a warrant upon the
- 8 county treasurer, who shall immediately pay thhe warrant out of the money in
- 9 the treasury:
- § 62. The county clerk in each county, immediately after the receipt of any
- 2 package of books transmitted as directed in this act, shall distribute the same
- 8 to all parties entitled to receive them, taking their receipt therefor in a book to
- 4 be kept for that purpose.



Introduced by Mr. Parkinson, March 4, 1881, and ordered to committee on Judiciary.
 Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to

second reading March 30, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to revise the law in relation to Criminal Jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That section 259, of section 1, of an act entitled "An act to
- 3 revise the law in relation to criminal jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874.
- in force July 1, 1874, be so amended as to read as follows: Whoever keeps open
- any tippling house, or place where liquor is sold or given away, upon the first
- 6 day of the week, commonly called Sunday, shall be fined not less than \$10 nor
- more than \$200 for each and every offense.
 - \$2. Whereas, it appears that there is an emergency, on account of which thisact
- shall at once take effect; therefore, this act shall take effect from and after the
- 3 time of its passage.

AMENDMENTS (PROPOSED BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY, REPORTED MARCH 30, 1881.

- 1. Amend title by inserting in line one after the word "amend," the words
- 2 and figures "section 259, of an act entitled."

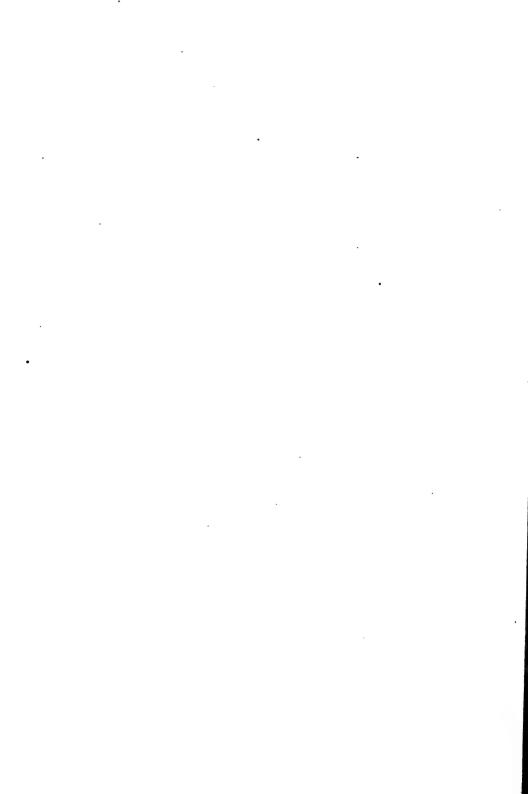
- 8 2. Amend section one, by striking out in line 5 the words and figure "of
- 4 division 1."
- 5 3. Amend by inserting before the word "whoever," in the eighth line of the
- 6 bill, the word and figures "section 259."

- Introduced by Mr. Parkinson, March 4, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading March 4, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
- First reading March 4, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
 Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 30, 1881.
- 4. April 9, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to a third reading.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section 259 of an act entitled "An Act to revise the Law in relation to Criminal Jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

- 2 General Assembly, That section 259 of an act entitled "An act to revise the
- 3 law in relation to criminal jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, in force
- 4 July 1, 1874, be so amended as to read as follows:
- 5 Section 259. Whoever keeps open any tippling house, or place where liquor is
- 6 sold or given away, upon the first day of the week, commonly called Sunday,
- 7 shall be fined not less than ten dollars (\$10) nor more than two hundred dollars
- 8 (\$200) for each and every offense.



1. Introduced by Mr. Clark, March 8, 1881, and ordered to first reading.

 First reading March 8, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
 Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading, March 9, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Sections one (1), three (3), four (4) and seven (7), of an act entitled "An act to provide for changing the Names, for changing the Places of Business, for Increasing or Decreasing the Capital Stock, for Increasing or Decreasing the number of Directors, and for the Consolidation of Incorporated Companies," approved and in force March 26, 1872; "and to amend the title thereof."

- 2 General Assembly. That sections one (1), three (8), four (4) and seven (7) of "An
- 3 to provide for changing the names, for changing the places of business, for
- 4 increasing or decreasing the capital stock, for increasing or decreasing the num-
- 5 ber of directors, and for the consolidation of incorporated companies," approved
- 6 and in force March 26, 1872, be amended so as to read as follows:
- 7 Section 1. That whenever the board of directors, managers or trustees of any
- corporation existing by virtue of any general or special law of this State, or any
- 9 corporation hereafter organized by virtue of any law of this State may desire to
- 10 increase or decrease the capital stock, to increase or decrease the number of
- 11 directors, managers or trustees, or to consolidate said corporation with any
- 12 other corporation now existing, or which may hereafter be organized, they may
- 13 call a special mee,ing of the stockholders of such corporation, for the purpose
- 14 of submitting to a vote of such stockholders the question of increase or decrease
- 15 of directors, managers or trustees, increase or decrease of capital stock, or con-

solidation with some other corporation, as the case may be: Provided, that in no case shall the capital stock be diminished to the prejudice of the creditors of 17 such corporation, or the number of directors, managers or trustees be reduced 18 the provisions of this act, in reference to the consolidation of corporations, shall 20 only apply to corporations of the same kind, engaged in the same general busi-21 ness, and carrying on their business in the same vicinity, and that no more 22 23 than two corporations now existing shall be consolidated into one under the provisions hereof, nor shall any railroad corporation consolidate its capital 24 stock with any other railway owning a parallel or competing line, and on such 25 26 consolidation the joint names of each may be adopted or the name of either may be retained. 27

Section 3. At any such meeting, stockholders may vote in person or by proxy, each stockholder being entitled to one vote for each share of stock held by 30 him; and votes representing two-thirds of all the stock of the corporation shall be necessary for the adoption of the proposed change of number of directors, 32 managers or trustees, amount of capital stock or consolidation with some other 33 company.

Section 4. If, at any regular annual meeting, or at the time and place speci-31 fied in said notice of a special meeting called for that purpose, said propositions 35 or any of them be submitted to a vote, and if it shall appear that two thirds of 36 all the votes represented by the whole stock of such corporation are in favor of 37 the propositions or any of them so submitted, a cetificate thereof, verified by the affidavit of the president, and under seal of said corporation. shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of State, and a like certificate filed for record in the office of the recorder of deeds of the county where the principal business office of such corporation is located. And upon the filing of said certificate, the changes proposed and voted for at such meeting, as to increase or decrease of capital stock, or number of directors, managers or trustees, or consolidation with some other company, shall be and is hereby declared accomplished in accordance with said vote of the stockholders: And, provided, further, that any corporation, other than corporations for manufacturing purposes, availing itself

- 48 of or accepting the benefits of or formed under this act shall be subject to the
- 49 general laws of this State now in force, or which may hereafter be passed, regu-
- 50 lating corporations of like character.
- 51 Section 7. Such change of increase or decrease of capital stock, increase or
- 52 decrease of number of directors, managers or trustees, or consolidation of one
- 53 corporation with another, shall not affect suits pending, in which such corpora-
- 54 tion or corporations shall be parties; nor shall such changes affect causes of
- 55 action, nor the rights of persons in any particular.
 - § 2. The title of the act entitled "An act to provide for changing the names,
- 2 for changing the places of business, for increasing or decreasing the capital
- 3 stock, for increasing or decreasing the number of directors, and for the consoli-
- 4 dation of incorporated companies," approved and in force March 26, 1872, is
- 5 hereby so amended as to be and read as follows: The title of said act shall be:
- 6 An act to provide for increasing or decreasing the capital stock, for increasing
- 7 or decreasing the number of directors, and for the consolidation of incorporated
- 8 companies.



- Introduced by Mr. Clark, March 8, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading March 8, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
- First reading March 8, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
 Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 9, 1881.
- 4. March 16, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Sections one (1), three (8), four (4) and seven (7), of an act entitled "An act to provide for changing the Names, for changing the Places of Business, for Increasing or Decreasing the Capital Stock, for Increasing or Decreasing the number of Directors, and for the Consolidation of Incorporated Companies," approved and in force March 26, 1872.

- 2 General Assembly, That sections one (1), three (3), four (4) and seven (7) of "An
- 8 act to provide for changing the names, for changing the places of business, for
- 4 increasing or decreasing the capital stock, for increasing or decreasing the num-
- 5 ber of directors, and for the consolidation of incorporated companies," approved:
- 6 and in force March 26, 1872, be amended so as to read as follows:
- 7 Section 1. That whenever the board of directors, managers or trustees of any
- 8 corporation existing by virtue of any general or special law of this State, or any
- 9 corporation hereafter organized by virtue of any law of this State may desire to
- 10 increase or decrease the capital stock, to increase or decrease the number of
- 11 directors, managers or trustees, or to consolidate said corporation with any
- 12 other corporation now existing, or which may hereafter be organised, they may
- 13 call a special meeting of the stockholders of such corporation, for the purpose
- 14 of submitting to a vote of such stockholders the question of increase or decrease.
- 15 of directors, managers or trustees, increase or decrease of capital stock, or con-
- 16 solidation with some other corporation, as the case may be: Provided, that in

no case shall the capital stock be diminished to the prejudice of the creditors of 17 such corporation, or the number of directors, managers or trustees be reduced 18 to less than five, or increased to more than eleven: And, provided, further, that the provisions of this act. in reference to the consolidation of corporations, shall 20 21 only apply to corporations of the same kind, engaged in the same general business, and carrying on their business in the same vicinity, and that no more than two corporations now existing shall be consolidated into one under the provis-23 ions hereof, nor shall any railroad corporation consolidate its capital stock with any other railway owning a parallel or competing line, and on such consolidation the joint names of each may be adopted or the name of either may 27 be retained. 28 Section 3. At any such meeting, stockholders may vote in person or by proxy, each stockholder being entitled to one vote for each share of stock held by 29 him; and votes representing two-thirds of all the stock of the corporation shall 80 be necessary for the adoption of the proposed change of number of directors, managers or trustees, amount of capital stock or consolidation with some other 82 38 company. 34 Section 4. If, at any regular annual meeting, or at the time and place specified in said notice of a special meeting called for that purpose, said propositions or any of them be submitted to a vote, and if it shall appear that two-thirds of 86 all the votes represented by the whole stock of such corporation are in favor of the propositions or any of them so submitted, a certificate thereof, verified by the affidavit of the president, and under seal of said corporation, shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of State, and a like certificate filed for record in the office of the recorder of deeds of the county where the principal business office of such corporation is located. And upon the filing of said certificate, the changes proposed and voted for at such meeting, as to increase or decrease of capital stock, or number of directors, managers or trustees, or consolidation with some other company, shall be and is hereby declared accomplished in accordance with said vote of the stockholders: And, provided, further, that any corporation, other than corporations for manufacturing purposes, availing itself

48 of or accepting the benefits of or formed under this act shall be subject to the

- 49 general laws of this State now in force, or which may hereafter be passed, regu
- 50 lating corporations of like character.
- 51 'Section 7. Such change of increase or decrease of capital stock, increase or
- 52 decrease of number of directors, managers or trustees, or consolidation of one
- 53 corporation with another, shall not effect suits pending, in which such corpora-
- 54 tion or corporations shall be parties; nor shall such changes affect causes of
- 55 action, nor the rights of persons in any particular.



- . Introduced by Mr. Clark, March 9, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading March 9, 1881, and referred to Committée on Miscellany.
 Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 10, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act in relation to granting license to keep Dram-Shops in cities, villages and towns.

- 2 General Assembly, That the city council in cities and the board of trustees in
- 3 villages and towns incorporated under the general law or under any special law
- 4 of this State are hereby authorized, at or before their first meeting in the month
- 5 preceding the month in which the general municipal election is held in such
- 6 city, village or town, to submit to the voters at the ensuing election the ques
- 7 tion of granting license to keep dram-shops, and in such case it shall be the
- 8 duty of the officer giving notice for the election to insert in such notice the fact
- 9 that such question has been submitted to be voted upon.
- \$ 2. Whenever such question shall have been submitted as in section one of
- 2 this act provided, it shall be the duty of the officers canvassing such votes to
- 3 also canvass the number of votes cast "for license" and "against license," and if
- 4 it shall appear that a greater number of votes shall have been cast "for license"
- than have been cast "against license" it shall be the duty of the proper officers
- 6 to grant license for dram shops, under proper regulations and in conformity
- 7 with the provisions of the statute relating thereto, and if it shall appear that
- 8 a greater number of votes have been cast "against license" than have been cast
- 9 "for license" no license shall be granted.
 - § 3. In case such corporate authorities shall take no action, as authorized in

- 2 section one of this act, on or before the time therein mentioned, then, on the
- 8 written petition of legal voters in number equal to at least one-fifth the number
- 4 voting at the first preceding municipal election being filed with the officer
- 5 whose duty it is to give notice of election, it shall be the duty of such officer to
- 6 include in such notice the fact that such petition has been filed in his office, and
- 7 that such question has been submitted to be voted upon, in which case the
- 8 votes shall be canvassed, the result found, and the corporate authorities shall in
- 9 all respects be governed in their action the same as though such question had
- 10 been submitted as provided in section 1 of this act.
 - § 4. No bond shall be approved by the corporate authorities of any city, vil-
 - 2 lage or town unless there shall be attached thereto an affidavit of one or more
- 3 of the sureties thereto that at least two of the signers thereof have each unin-
- 4 cumbered property equal in value to the amount of such bond, and in any
- 5 action maintained upon such bond the same rule of damages shall apply to the
- 6 sureties thereto as would apply should the principal be sued separately in any
- 7 form of action.
 - \$ 5. Whereas, there are many cities and villages in this State which desire to
- 2 submit the question of license or no license to a vote at the coming election,
- 3 therefore an emergency exists, and this act shall take effect from and after its
- 4 passage.

- Introduced by Mr. Clark, March 9, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading March 9, 1881, and referred to Committee on Miscellany.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 10, 1881. 8.
- March 18, 1881, second reading, and ordered to third reading. March 29, 1881, lost.

5.

- March 31, 1881, reconsidered, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
- April 8, 1881, reported back, with amendments, passage recommended.

A BILL

For an Act in relation to granting license to keep dram-shops in cities, villages and towns.

- General Assembly. That the city council in cities, and the board of trustees in
- villages and towns, incorporated under the general law or under any special
- law of this State, are hereby authorized, at or before their first meeting in the month
- preceding the month in which the general municipal election is held in such city.
- village or town, to submit to the voters, at the ensuing election, the question of
- granting license to keep dram-shops, and in such case it shall be the duty of
- the officer giving notice for the election to insert in such notice the fact that
- 9 such question has been submitted to be voted upon.
 - § 2. Whenever such question shall have been submitted, as in section one of
- 2 this act provided, it shall be the duty of the officers canvassing such votes to
- 3 also canvass the number of votes cast "for license," and "against license," and
- if it shall appear that a greater number of votes shall have been cast "for
- license" than have been cast "against license," it shall be the duty of the proper
- officers to grant license for dram-shops, under proper regulations and in con-
- formity with the provisions of the statute relating thereto, and if it shall appear
- that a greater number of votes have been cast "against license" than have been
- cast "for license," no license shall be granted.

- § 8. In case such corporate authorities shall take no action, as authorized in
- 2 section one of this act, on or before the time therein mentioned, then, on the
- 8 written petition of legal voters, in number equal to at least one-fifth the number
- 4 voting at the first preceding municipal election, being filed with the officer
- 5 whose duty it is to give notice of election, it shall be the duty of such officer to
- 6 include in such notice the fact that such petition has been filed in his office, and
- 7 that such question has been submitted to be voted upon, in which case the votes
- 8 shall be canvassed, the result found, and the corporate authorities shall, in all
- 9 respects, be governed in their action the same as though such question had been
- 10 submitted as provided in section one of this act.
 - § 4. No bond shall be approved by the corporate authorities of any city,
- I village or town, unless there shall be attached thereto an affidavit of o e or
- 8 more of the sureties thereto, that at least two of the signers thereof have each
- 4 unincumbered property equal in value to the amount of such bond; and in any
- 5 action maintained upon such bond the same rule of damages shall apply to the
- 6 sureties thereto as would apply should the principal be sued separately in any
- 7 form of action.
 - \$ 5. Whereas, there are many cities and villages in this State which desire to
- 2 submit the question of license or no license to a vote at the coming election.
- s therefore, an emergency exists, and this act shall take effect from and after its
- 4 passage.

AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY THE COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY APRIL 8, 1881.

- 1. Amend section 9 by adding the following: "No city council or board of
- 1 trustees shall grant such license to any member of such council or board of
- 8 trustees, to any firm of which such member may belong or in which he may be
- 4 interested."
- 5 2. Amend section 8 by striking out of line 8 the word "first," and inserting
- 6 in lieu thereof the word "last."

- Introduced by Mr. Walker, of Fulton, March 9, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading March 9, 1881, and referred to Committee on Railroads and ordered printed.

For an Act to establish reasonable maximum Rates of charges for the transportation of Passengers and Freight on the different Railroads in this State in obedience to Paragraph 12, of Article XI, of the Constitution.

WHEREAS, The Constitution of this State, in force August 8, 1870, declared

- 2 "Paragraph 12 (Article XI)," railways heretofore constructed, or that may here
- 3 after be constructed in this State, are hereby declared public highways, and
- 4 shall be free to all persons for the transportation of their persons and property
- 5 thereon, under such regulations as may be prescribed by law, and the General
- 6 Assembly shall, from time to time pass laws establishing reasonable maximum
- 7 rates of charges for the transportation of passengers and freight on the differ-
- 8 ent railroads in this State; and,

Whereas, Said Constitution further commands, paragraph 15 (Article XI);

- 10 "The General Assembly shall pass laws to correct abuses and prevent unjust
- 11 discrimination and extortion in the rates of freight and passenger tariffs on the
- 12 different railroads in this State, and enforce said laws by adequate penalties to
- 13 the extent, if necessary for that purpose, of forfeiture of their property and
- 14 franchise." Therefore.

- 2 General Assembly. That for the purpose of establishing reasonable maximum
- 3 rates of charges for the transportation of freight and passengers on the differ-
- 4 ent railroads in this State, the said railroad corporations of this State shall be

- divided into five groups, using as near as may be the present names of the companies and corporations comtrolling the same, as follows, viz: First Group-The Chicago & Northwestern Railway Company. The Chicago & Alton Railroad Company. The Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad Company. 10 The Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad Company. 11 The Wabash, St. Louis & Pacific Railroad Company. The Illinois Central Railroad Company. 12 13 The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad Company. The Indianapolis, Bloomington & Western Railroad Company. 14 The Indianapolis & St. Louis Railroad Company. 15 16 The Ohio & Mississippi Railroad Company. The Pittsburgh, Cincinnati & St. Louis Railroad Company. 17 The Chicago & Grand Trunk Railroad Company. 18 19 Second Group-The Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad Company. The Michigan Central Railroad Company. 20 The Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad Company. 21 The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company. 22 23 Third Group.—The Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad Company. 24 The Illinois & St. Louis Railroad Company. The St. Louis, Alton & Terre Haute Railroad Company. 25 Fourth Group. The Rock Island & Peoria Railroad Company. 26 The St. Louis, Rock Island & Chicago Railroad Company. 27 The Peoria, Pekin & Jacksonville Railroad Company. 28 Fifth Group.—The Chicago & Iowa Railroad Company, and all other railroad 80 companies not named in the above groups.
 - § 2. The rates for the transportation of passengers over said railroads oper 2 ated by said railroad companies are hereby established as follows, viz:

	Passenger rates.	
On road in	Over 12 years	12 yrs. a under fare pd.on cars
First group	2 cents per mile	1 ct. per m. 5 cts. in addition
Second group	1½ cents per mile	1 ct. per m. 5 cts. in addition
Third group	24 cents per mile	11 ct. per m. 5 cts. in addition
Fourth group	24 cents per mile	14 ct. per m. 5 cts. in addition
Fifth group	3 cents per mile	11 ct. per m. 5 cts. in addition

§ 3. The rates for the transportation of freight over said railroads are hereby established as follows, viz:

Freight rates on roads in first group shall be established at the rates shown in the following schedule and the "classification of freights forming a part said schedule."

Output

The rates for the transportation of freight said railroads are hereby established at the rates shown in the following schedule and the "classification of freights forming a part said schedule."

**The rates for the transportation of freight over said railroads are hereby established as follows, viz.

**Freight rates on roads in first group shall be established at the rates shown in the following schedule and the "classification of freights forming a part said schedule."

**The rates of the rates of the rates shown in the following schedule and the "classification of freights forming a part said schedule."

**The rates of the rates of the rates shown in the following schedule and the "classification of freights forming a part said schedule."

**The rates of the rates 234

5

SCHEDULE.

		RATE PER MILI				ĸ.			
Class of Freight.	Terminal charges.	From 20 to 30 m.	From 90 to 140.	From 140 to 247.					
	Per car.	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.					
First class. Second class Third class Fourth class	\$1 00 1 00 1 00 1 00	- 1555 - 11	-08	-1066 -0858 -0711 -0583					
In Carloads.	Per car.	From 1 to 100 m.	From 100 to 155.	From 155 to 947					
Flour and meal, per brl. Salt, cement, (25 brls.)	\$ 1 00		-12875 -1485	1235 .1480					
per brl. Grain, (except wheat). per 100 lbs. Wheat, per 100 lbs	1 00 1 00 1 00	.05	.046 .05	.045 .049					
Per Carladada.	Per car.	From 20 to 100 m.	From 100 to 155.	From 155 to 247.					
Lumber	*1 00 1 00 1 00	-11	.(19) . 1() .(19)		Per Per	car car	per per	mile. mile. mile.	
Sheep (single deck) Class A	1 00 1 00 1 00 1 00	.11	.08 .185 .11 .10	.12 .10 .09	Per Per Per	Car Car Car	per per per	mile. mile. mile. mile.	
Coal per ton	1 00	. 10 1 cent per 15 to 50 mi	mile from les, i cent	1 to 15 mil	66, 1	cen	t pe	mile. r mile les.	

CLASSIFICATION OF FREIGHTS.

Ferming a part of the Schedule of Reasonable Maximum Rates of Charges for the Transportation of Passengers and Freight on the Railroads in this State.

EXPLANATION OF CHARACTERS.

The Class is given opposite each article. 1, 2, 8 and 4 stand for First, Second, Third and Fourth Classes, respectively; 1½ for One and a Half First Class; and D 1 for Double First Class.

Articles not enumerated will be classed with similar articles.

A

Acids D1	taken apart 1	Apvils.	4
25 carboys or over 1	Sulky horse rakes,	Apple butter, or sauce	2
car loads4	knocked down, teeth	Apples, dried	2
Agricultural Implements—	taken out 1	Apples, dried, 80 bbls. and	-
In car loadsClass A		over	4
Less than car loads, as follows:	Threshers, one, at half	Apples, green, in bulk, in car	•
Fanning mills, sulky	car raie.	loads, same as potatoes.	
horse rakes and simi-	Plows, knocked down	Apples, green, 40 bbls. or	
lar light and bulky	and boxed 3		
	Grain cradles 4x1	Apples, green, less than 40 bbls	- 1
machines D 1			9
Cultivators, corn plant-	Alcohol 1	Apples, in car loads of 120	
ers, harrows, shovel	Alcohol, 10 bbis. or more	bbis. or more; car load, flour	
plows and shearing	Alcohol, 20 bbls. or over 4	rates.	
machines 11/4	Ale, 30 bbls. or over 4	Ashes, pot, pearl and soda	- 4
Iron cultivators, wooden	Ale, less than 20 bbls 8	Ash boilers or kettles, large	
horse rakes, reapers,	Ale, in glass, packed 1	and heavy	4
mowers, harvesting	Allspice 2	Asphaltum	4
machines, plows, seed	Almonds, in sacks 1	Axes	8
drills and feed cutters 1	Almonds, in bbls. or boxes 2	Axe handles, boxed	3
Brick machines 1	Alum 3	Axe handles, in bundles	8
Cultivators, corn plant-	Amunition, fixed. (See gov	Axle grease	- 3
ers, shovel plows and	ernment supplies.)	Axle grease, 50 cases or over	4
fanning mills, when	Anchors 4	Axle, Iron	- 3
knocked down and	Antimony, crude 1	Axle, wooden	2

Bacon, loose or in bags..... Bacon, loose, car loads..... Bacon, packed.... Barrels, empty, in car lo.ds. Class C
Barrels, empty. 114
Beer bbis 2 Batting Bay rum..... half bbls..... more Balance wheels, 8 feet or less quarter bbis Beans, castor, car load..... in diamater..... Band boxes, boxed..... Barytes, car load Baskets Class D Bed springs, in bundles Barilla D1

B-Continued.

Bedsteads, rough 2 Bedsteads, finished, in	Boiler flues	Brick, common, in car loads.Class D Brick, fire
pieces 1	less than 80 feet long 1	Brick, fire, in car loads Class C
Beef, car loads	Boiler felting \$	Brick, for stove linings,
Beef, packed	Boiler plates 4	loose 1
Beef, dried, loose	Bones, less than car loud	Brick, for stove linkage, in
Bee hiven D1	Bones, car load	boxes or bbls
Beer, car loads	Bone black	Brimstone, in boxes or kegs. 2
Beer, same as ale.	Bone dust	Brimstone, in bbls, or hhds.
Breswax	Bonnets, boxed D1	Britannia ware
Bells	Books 1	Brietles.
Bellows 1	Boots and shoes, boyed and	Broom corn, in bales.
Belting, rubber or leather 1	strapped1	car loads
Benzole, same as coal oil.	Boots and shoes, not strap-	Broom corn presses
Bentine, same as coal oil.		Broom corn seed
Berries, except cranberries. 1		Bruoma, in bales or bundles 1
Billiard tables, boxed 1		Broom handles 2
Billiard tables, car loadsClass A	Boot crimps 1	Broom handles, car loadsClass A
Binder's boards 2	Borax 2	
Binder's boards	Bottles, in boxes 2	Brushes, loose D 1
	Bottles, in casks 3	Brushes, packed in boxes 1
Bird cages, boxed D1	Boxes, empty	Buckets 1
Bitters, in glass, boxed 1	Boxes, empty, car load Class A	Buffalo robes
100 boxes or over 2	Bran. (See millstuffs.)	Bulbs and roots
Black lead, in bbls. or boxes 3	Brass, in sheets, rods and	Burlaps
Blacking, shoe \$	rivets	Burial cases 1
Bleaching salts or powders . 4	Bruss vessels 3	Burning field 1
Blankets 1	Brass castings 2	Burr blocks 4
Blue vitriol	Brass, scrap 2	Butcher's blocks 2
Blinds	Bread 1	Butter, in crocks 1
Boats D1	Bread, in car loads 4	Butter, in kegs or boxes 2
Bouts, when flut car required. Class A	Brick 4	Butter, 10,000 bbs. or ever 8

 \mathbf{c}

Cabbage, in small lots, crates	Car wheels and axles, car	Clay
or hhds 2	loads	Clay, in car loads Chass 1
labbage, car loads, same as	Carts, in pieces 1	Clocks and weights 1
Dotators.	Casks, large, empty 14	
Cabinet ware. (See furniture.)	Cassis 14 Cassis	Clothing, in trunks
	Caesia	Clothes pins, boxed 2
abinet organs 1	Cast iron grain mills	Clothes wringers, boxed 1
аізновн		Clothes wringers, not boxed D i
able chain 4	Castor oil, in wood	Clover seed 2
Camphene, in wood 136	Cauldron kettles	Clover seed, car loads 4
andles	Cedar posts, less than car	Coal, hard or soft, less than
andles, 2,000 lbs. or more 4	toads, same as lumber.	car load 4
anvas 1	Cedar posts, car loads, same	Coal, hard, car loads Class C
Canvas roofing 2	as lumber.	Coal, soft, in car loads. (See
Canes 1	Cement, less than 25 bbls 4	table of rates.)
ane mills 2	Cement, 25 bbls or more.	Coal, hard, in quantities of
Cannon 2	(See table of rates.)	5 cars or upward Class I
Cannon, on wheels, or if flat	Chain, in casks 4	Coke, car loads
car requiredClass A	Chain, loose, except cable 2	Coke, 5 cars or upward, soft
andy	Chain, loose, cable 4	coal rates.
Canned goods	Chain pump and fixture	Coul tar, in our leads Cluss I
anned goods, 100 boxes or	Chair stuff, in rough.	Coal tar, less than our load 4
over	Chair stuff, in rough, car	Cool oil, in weed
	lands to really the reality, one	
aps, in boxes, strapped	lands	Coal oil, 50 bbls, or more: 4
Caps, in boxes, not strapped 1	Chairs, finished, three times	Cob mills
ope, in trunks	first class.	Cooss
apstans	Chairs, set up D1	Osteamuta, in boxes, 166s.
arboys and contents D1	Chairs, wooden, knoched	Mor casks 9
arboys, empty 1	dows, in bundles 1	Occamete, in begs
Carboys, empty, car loads Class A	Chalk 4	Cocos mesting
ards 1	Charcoal	Goddeli, in casks or boxes . 4
Card board	Charcool, oar loads	Codilish, in bendies
Carpets and carpeting 1	Choose, in bones or cashs	Coffee, ground 3
Carpet, hemp 1	Choese, 80 p'kgs or over	Coffee in sucks 4
Carpet lining 1	Choose, in car loads 4	Collee entrace or extends, fo
'arnenter's tools	Choose, loons	besse
arrenter's tools	Choose presses	Coffee mille, bosed
boxed	Cheese safes D1	Coffins, metalle or wood
Carriages, well boxed	Chiccory	Colfava, house
'arriage springs, boxes and		
arriage springs, boxes and	Chicken coops, empty Di	Composition for roofing 4
axles	China ware 1	Composition for roofing, car
Car springs, rubber	Chocolste	londs
	Churns, wood 1	Concentrated lye 3
ars, hauled in trains: pas-	Cider 8	Condensed milk, coffee and
senger cars, 15 cents; box	Cider, in car loadsClass A	monts
cars, stock, baggage and	Cider mills 1	Condensed mi k, coffee and
express, 10 cents; flat and	Cider presses i	ments, 100 boxes or more.
coal cars, 8 cents per mile,	Cigars, boxed and strapped. D 1	Confectionery 1
ar wheels and axles 4	Cisterns, wood D 1	Cooperage, car loids Class 1
		Copper velsels 2

C. Continued.

Copperas. 2 Copper bottoms . 2 Copper bottoms . 2 Copper plates, sheets, bolts, pig wire, sails and rolts . 2 Copying presses . 1 Cordage, in bundles . 1 Corts husks, same as hay. Corn manl. (See first). Corn planters. (dee agricultural implements.) Corn shellers . 1	Cornstalk cutters Cotton waste. Cotton, in beles. Cotton goods, domestic. Covery and sieves. Crackers, in bbis, or boxes Crackers, 10 bbis, or more. Crackers, 20 bbis, or over. Crackers, 20 bbis, or over. Crackers, 20 cotton.	Crockery, in bils or baxes. 2 Crockery, in crates or hids. 4 Croquet, sets in boxes. 1 Crowbars. 4 Cruefbles. 1 Cultivators. (See agricul tatal implements.) Currants, dried. (See dried fruit.) Currants, not dried. 1 Cutlery. 1
	Ð	
Dates 1 Deck or vault lights 3 Decr skins, pressed, in bales 1 Deer skins, in bundles D i 1 Dem thins, in bundles D i 1 Dentibled water Ditching machines 1 Dombettes, shoeting, shirting, ticking, and denims, is original bales 1	Duor and window frames, small lots	Drag tosth, in bbis. or boxes Draggists' stock
	E	
Earth closets	Barth paints. 4 Rggs, in bestiets and hoxes. 1 Rggs, packed. 2 Rggs, car loads. 4 Rgg cases, less quartities. 1 Rmery. 1	Engines, steam, set up
	F	
Farina. Folt. Folt. For reading. Folt. Foltors, wagen, oar leads. Cla Fertijnse, bone or plaster, car louis Figs, in boxine or cases. Figs, in druss.	8 160-bbls., 10 per sept. more than the talks of rates for 160 bbls. Flour less than 50 bbls 4 Flour less than 50 bbls 4	ibs

	 	1
Balvanized iron cornice, etc. D 1 Jalvanized iron cornice, ear load	Ginger. 2 Giassware. 1 Glassware. 1 Glass. (See window glass.) Glass. (See window glass.) Glass. (See window glass.) Glass. (See window glass.) Glass. 4 Giue. 2 Government Supplies— Amunition, fixed. 3 Ordance stores. 3 Quariermanter's utores, not otherwise specified. 3 Canson on wheels. Class A Bubsistance stores not other- wise specified. 3 Government supplies—Continued. Greceries, assorted, not other- wise specified. 3 Gum, campier and elsewing. 1 Jum shellao, in original pack-	Tents and poles, picket and tent pini. Grain, in lete of 18,000 list, and over their infinite of ratio. Grain, in lete of 18,000 list, and over their infinite of ratio. Grain cradles. One of caseed charhes on 18,000 list. Grain cradles. One agricultural implements One of the agricultural implements. Grain cradles. Gee agricultural implements of the case of the
The second secon	H	Berger von der
lair, in sacks. iair, pressed, in hales of rope lair, pressed, in car loads. Itars and shoulders, loose. Iams and shoulders, loose. Iams and shoulders, loose. Iams and shoulders, packed. Iams and shoulders, packed	Hedge plants. Hedge plants. Hemp machiges. Hemp machiges. Hemp less of loads, 14,000 lbs. Herrings, in boxes or kegs. Hides, dry, looss or kegs. Hides, croloads, loose or in Bales. Hides, green, loose or in bales. Hides, green, 1,000 lbs. or more. Hides, green, under 1,000 lbs. Hides, green, under 1,000 lbs. Hides, green, under 1,000 lbs. Hides, green, our lead. Highwines. Hides green, see lead. Highwines. Hides or more. Highwines. Hides or more. Highwines. Hobby horses, knecked down and boxed. Hoes. Hoes drewsed. In our leads, 18,000 lbs. Hogs, drewsed. In our leads, 18,000 lbs. Hides.	Hollow waite. Hominy Honey Hoop, shewed, chr bladik, not exterediting 10 basis. Classes than the land. Hoop poles, car lead, not to messed 10 teas. Classes than car lead together, oar lead. Hoops and hoop peles leaded together, oar leads. Chasses and horns. Hoofs and horns, car leads. Chasses subset the leader of the land. House subset the land of the land. House collisis. House both one land. House waste the land. House waste the land. House waste the land. House, lead the land. House, lead the land. Huski, less than car leads.
	I .	wifele for a con-
pe, ear loads	Iron castings not otherwise specified a specified specif	under 18,000 lbs. ban not exceeding rate for only. Iron pipe, gae and water. Iron rooling, in boxes. Iron soring. Iron, errap, in car leads, balk or bbis. Class Iron, errap, in bbis or boxes, less than car load. Iron shutters. Iron shutters. Iron shutters. Iron water wheels. I isingless. I very and ivery black.
		The second secon

Junk and jute.....

K

Kerosene, in wood. (See coal oil Kerosine, in tin, boxed 1	Kitchen safes, set up D 1 Kitchen safes, knocked down, in bdls	Knitting machines. 14 Kraut 4 Kraut, car loads. Class C
	L	
adders D 1	Lasts 2	Leather, except loose 2
ampblack1	Lath. (See lumber.)	Leather, except loose 2 Leather, loose 1
amps, well packed 1	Lead, pig 4	Lemons and oranges 1
anterns	Lead, pig, car loads Class C Lead, in bar, pipe or sheet. 2	Licotice
ard, in boxes or bbls 4 ard, in stoneware 2 ard tanks	Lead in bar, pipe or sheet,	Locomotive tire 4
ard tanks D 1	in casks 4	Locomotive engines and ten-
ime, in car loadsClass C ime, less than car loads 4	Live stock—Continued.	ders, hauled in train, 30
iquors or liquids, in glass 1	three or more animals.	cents per mile. Logwood extract
iquors, in wood	not to exceed car load	Looking glasses, boxed D 1
iquids, in cans or jugs,	rate for cattle	LAGUNGER
packed in kegs or boxes 1	stallions or jacks D 1 less than carload, caives,	Lounge frames, in rough 1 Looms D 1
itharge	sheep, not to exceed,	'Lumber, car load. (See table
table of rates.)	car load rates for sheep 1%	of rates.)
less than car load, one	hogs, less than car load.	less than car load, but
horse, mule or horsed animal D 1	actual weight, not to exceed car load rates	not exceeding car rate 3
two animals. 134	for cattle	
	i	
	*	
fachinery, car loads, not	Matches i	Mills, grain and cane, cob- and bark
otherwise specified	Matta and rugs	Mills, portable (burr stone). 2
tachinery, car loads, not otherwise specified	Mats and rugs	Mills, portable (burr stone). 2 Millinery goods
tachinery, car loads, not otherwise specified	Mats and rugs	Mills, portable (burr stone). 2 Millinery goods 1 Mineral water. 1 Molamos. 4
lachinery, car loads, not otherwise specifiedClass & lachinery, in frame	Mats and rugs	Mills, portable (burr stone). 2 Millinery goods. 1 Mineral water. 1 Molasses. 4 Mous, in sacks. 1
lachinery, car loads, not otherwise specified	Mata and rugs	Millis, portable (barr stone). Millinery goods. 1 Mineral water. 1 Molanes 4 Mous, in sacks. 1 Mous, pressed, in balos. 2 Mop handles and steks. 2
lachinery, car loads, not charwise specified Class A lachinery, in frame 1 lachinery, not set up 1 lachinery, less than car load, buxed 2 ladder 2 lad 4 lalt, in car loads, same as	Matta and rugs. I Matting 1 Matting 1 Mattresses. D I Mattresses. Woven wire. I Meal, same as itour. Measures, tube and pails. I Meats, saited or dried, in bags. 2	Mills, portable (barr stone). Milliners goods. 1 Mineral water. 1 Molanes. 4 Moss, in sacks. 1 Moss, pressed, in bales. 2 Mop handles and sticks. 2 Mop handles and sticks. 2
lachinery, car loads, not otherwise specified	Matting 1 Matting 1 Mattresses D 1 Meal, sume as flour. Measures, tube and pails 1 Meats, fresh 1 Meats, saited or dried, in bags 2 Meats, saited or dried, in	Millie, portable (barr stose). 2 Millinery goods. 1 Miseral water. 1 Moss, in sacks. 1 Moss, in sacks. 1 Moss, pressed, in bales. 2 Mop handles and steks. 2 Moldings and picture frames, boxed 1.
lachinery, car loads, not otherwise specified Class A ischinery, in frame 12 ischinery, not set up 1 ischinery, not set up 1 ischinery, less than car load, boxed 2 adder 2 ist 4 ist 4 ist 4 ist 8 ist 8 wheat, Isanilla 8	Matta and rugs. Mattresses. Mattresses. D Mattresses. D Mattresses. Week, assue as flour. Measures, tube and palls. Meats, fresh. Meats, saited or dried, in bags. Meats, balled or dried, in bayes. Discover, balled or dried, balled	Millis, portable (barr stose) 2 Millinery goods . 2 Mineral water
lachinery, car loads, not chewise specified Class A lachinery, in frame 1 lachinery, not set up 1 lachinery, not set up 1 lachinery, not set up 2 ladder 2 ladder 2 ladder 2 latt. in car loads, same as wheat. lantlla 3 lantlla 3 lantlla, in blocks and slabs, rough 4	Matta and rugs. Mattresses. Mattresses. D Mattresses. D Mattresses. D Mattresses. Mattresses. Meal, asme as fiour. Measures, tube and pulls. Meats, fresh. Meats, fresh. Meats, salted or dried, in bags. 2 Meats, salted or dried, in boxes, bols. or casks. 1 Meddecos. 1 Meddec	Millis, portable (barr stose). 2 Millinery goods. 1 Miseral water. 1 Molanes. 1 Moss, in sacks. 1 Moss, in sacks. 1 Moss, pressed, in balos. 2 Mop handles and steks. 2 Moldings and picture frames, hoxed . 1 Moldings and picture frames, not boxed. D 1 Moldings, common build-
lachinery, car loads, not otherwise specified Class A lachinery, in frame 12 lachinery, not set up 1 lachinery, less than car load, buxed 2 ladder 2 ladt 4 latt, in car loads, same as wheat 8 larble, in blocks and slabs, rough 4 larble, wrought and let-	Mata and rugs	Millis, portable (barr stose). 2 Millinery goods. 1 Mineral water. 1 Mosas, in sacks. 1 Moss, pressed, in balos. 2 Mop handles and sticks. 2 Moddings and picture frames, hoxed. 1 Moddings and picture frames, not boxed. D 1 Moddings, common building. 2
lachinery, car loads, not otherwise specified Class A lachinery, in frame 12 lachinery, not set up 12 lachinery, less than car load, boxed 2 ladder 2 ladder 4 lait, in car loads, same as wheat lanilla 8 larble, in blocks and slabs, rough 4 larble, wrought and lettered 1	Mata and rugs. Mattresses. Mattresses. D Mattresses. D Mattresses. Week, Meal, same as flour. Meas, fresh. Meat, fresh. Meat, fresh. Meat, fresh. Meat, fresh. Meat, but Meat, fresh. Meat, matted or dried, in bags. 2 Meats, salted or dried, in boxes, bbls. or casks. 1 Melons. Melons.	Millis, portable (barr stone). 2 Millinery goods. 1 Miseral water. 1 Molasses. 4 Molasses. 1 Moss, in sacks. 1 Moss, in sacks. 1 Moss, pressed, in balos. 2 Moj handles and steks. 2 Mojdings and picture frames, boxed. 1 Moldings and picture frames, not boxed. D 1 Moldings, consmon building. 2 Moldings, consmon building. 1 Moldings, consmon building. 1
lachinery, car loads, not otherwise specified Class A lachinery, in frame 1 lachinery, not set up 1 lachinery, less than car load, boxed 2 ladder 2 ladder 4 lait, in car loads, same as wheat 4 lait, in car loads, same as wheat 3 larble, in blocks and slabs, rough 4 larble, wrought and lettered 1 larble, blocks or slabs, car loads Class A	Mata and rugs. Mattresses. Mattresses. D Mattresses. D Mattresses. Week, Meal, same as flour. Meas, fresh. Meat, fresh. Meat, fresh. Meat, fresh. Meat, fresh. Meat, but Meat, fresh. Meat, matted or dried, in bags. 2 Meats, salted or dried, in boxes, bbls. or casks. 1 Melons. Melons.	Milliney goods 2 Millinery goods 1 Miseral water 1 Moss, in sacks 1 Moss, in sacks 1 Moss, in sacks 2 Moddings and picture frames, boxed 1 Moddings and picture frames, not boxed D 1 Moddings, common building 2 Moddings, car loads Class Musical instruments, not odderwise specified D 1
lachinery, car loads, not class a lachinery, in frame	Matta and rugs. Mattresses. Mattresses. D Mattresses. D Mattresses. Woren wire. Meal, asme as riour. Measures, tube and pulls. Meats, saited or dried, in bags. Meats, saited or dried, in boxes, bbls. or casks. 1 Mediciaes Medici	Millis, portable (barr stone). Millinery goods. Millinery goods. Millinery goods. Moss, in sacks. Moss, in sacks. Moss, in sacks. Moss, in sacks. Mop handles and steks. Moddings and picture frames, hoxed. Moddings and picture frames, not boxed. D Moddings, common building. Moddings, common building. Moddings, common building. Moddings, common building. Moddings, car loads. Musical instruments, not otherwise specified. D Mustard.
lachinery, car loads, not otherwise specified Class A lachinery, in frame 12 lachinery, not set up 1 lachinery, less than car load, buxed 2 ladder 2 ladder 2 lat lat in car loads, same as wheat 8 larble, in blocks and slabs, rough 4 larble, blocks or slabs, car loads Class A larble dust Class A larble dust 4 larbles, in boxes, bbis. or	Matta and rugs. Mattresses. Mattresses. D Mattresses. D Mattresses. Woren wire. Meal, asme as riour. Measures, tube and pulls. Meats, saited or dried, in bags. Meats, saited or dried, in boxes, bbls. or casks. 1 Mediciaes Medici	Millia, portable (barr stone). 2 Millinery goods. 1 Mineral water. 1 Mosas, in sacks. 1 Mosas, pressed, in bales. 2 Mop handles and steks. 2 Moldings and picture frames, boxed. 1 Moldings and picture frames, not boxed. D 1 Moldings, common building. 2 Moldings, car loads Class Musical instruments, not odierwise specified. D 1 Mustard. 2 Mustard. 2 Mustard. 2 Mustard. 2
lachinery, car loads, not otherwise specified Class A ischinery, in frame 12 ischinery, not set up 1 ischinery, not set up 1 ischinery, not set up 2 ladder 2 isthese set of the set	Mata and rugs. Mattresses. Mattresses. D Mattresses. D Mattresses. Week, Meal, same as flour. Meas, fresh. Meat, fresh. Meat, fresh. Meat, fresh. Meat, fresh. Meat, but Meat, fresh. Meat, matted or dried, in bags. 2 Meats, salted or dried, in boxes, bbls. or casks. 1 Melons. Melons.	Millis, portable (barr stone). Millinery goods. Millinery goods. Millinery goods. Moss, in sacks. Moss, in sacks. Moss, in sacks. Moss, in sacks. Mop handles and steks. Moddings and picture frames, hoxed. Moddings and picture frames, not boxed. D 1 Moddings, common building.
achinery, car loada, not otherwise specified Class A achinery, in frame 12 achinery, not set up 13 achinery, not set up 14 achinery, not set up 15 achinery, not set up 2 adder 2 adder 2 adder 2 and 4 att, in car loads, same as wheat 3 arilla 3 arilla 3 arilla 3 arilla 3 arilla 4 arilla c 4 arilla c 4 arilla c 1 arilla dust 1 arilla dust 4 arilla dust 4 arilla dust 4 arilla dust 4	Matta and rugs. Mattresses. Mattresses. D Mattresses. D Mattresses. Woren wire. Meal, asme as riour. Measures, tube and pulls. Meats, saited or dried, in bags. Meats, saited or dried, in boxes, bbls. or casks. 1 Mediciaes Medici	Millia, portable (barr stone). 2 Millinery goods. 1 Mineral water. 1 Mosas, in sacks. 1 Mosas, pressed, in bales. 2 Mop handles and steks. 2 Moldings and picture frames, boxed. 1 Moldings and picture frames, not boxed. D 1 Moldings, common building. 2 Moldings, car loads Class Musical instruments, not odierwise specified. D 1 Mustard. 2 Mustard. 2 Mustard. 2 Mustard. 2
lachinery, car loads, not otherwise specified Class A lachinery, in frame 12 lachinery, not set up 12 lachinery, less than car load, boxed 2 ladder 2 latt 4 latt 4 lachie, in blocks and slabs, rough 3 larble, in blocks and slabs, rough 4 larble, blocks or slabs, car loads Class A larble dust Class A larble dust 4 larbles, in boxes, bbis. or casks 4	Matta and rugs. Mattresses. Mattresses. D Mattresses. D Mattresses. Woren wire. Meal, asme as riour. Measures, tube and pulls. Meats, saited or dried, in bags. Meats, saited or dried, in boxes, bbls. or casks. 1 Mediciaes Medici	Millia, portable (barr stone). 2 Millinery goods. 1 Mineral water. 1 Molanses. 1 Moss, in sacks. 1 Moss, pressed, in bales. 2 Mop handles and steks. 2 Moldings and pleture frames, boxed. 1 Moldings and picture frames, not boxed. D 1 Moldings, common building. 2 Moldings, ear loads Class. Musical instruments, not odierwise specified. D 1 Mustard. 2 Mustard. 2 Mustard. 2
lachinery, car loads, not otherwise specified Class A lachinery, in frame	Matta and rugs. Mattresses. Mattresses. D Mattresses. D Mattresses. Woren wire. Meal, asme as riour. Measures, tube and pulls. Meats, saited or dried, in bags. Meats, saited or dried, in boxes, bbls. or casks. 1 Mediciaes Medici	Millis, portable (barr stone): Millinery goods. Millinery goods. Molanses. Molanses. Moss, in sacks. Moss, pressed, in bales. Moss, pressed, in bales. Moss, pressed, in bales. Moddings and picture frames, boxed. Li Moldings and picture frames, not boxed. D 1 Moldings, common building. Moldings, car loads. Musical instruments, not odicrise specified. D 1 Mustard. Mustard.
Lachinery, car loads, not otherwise specified Class A fachinery, in frame	Mata and rugs. Matting	Millis, portable (barr stose). 2 Millinery goods. 1 Mineral water. 1 Molanses. 1 Moss, in sacks. 1 Moss, pressed, in bales. 2 Mop handles and sticks. 2 Moddings and pleture frames, hoxed. 1 Moldings and pleture frames, not boxed. D 1 Moldings, common building. 2 Moldings, ear louds . Class Musical instruments, not 1 Musical instruments, not 1 Musical instruments, not 1 Mustard. 2 Mustard. 2 Muskets 1
lachinery, car loads, not otherwise specified Class A lachinery, in frame	Matta and rugs. Mattresses. D Mattresses. D Mattresses. D Mattresses. D Mattresses. More Mor	Millia, portable (barr stose). 2 Millinery goods. 1 Mineral water. 1 Molanses. 1 Moss, in sacks. 1 Moss, pressed, in bales. 2 Mop handles and sticks. 2 Mop handles and sticks. 2 Moddings and picture frames, hoxed. 1 Moddings and picture frames, not boxed. D 1 Moddings, common building. 2 Moddings, car loads . Class Musical instruments, not 1 OU.erwise specified. D 1 Mustard. 2 Mustard. 2 Mustard. 2 Mustard. 1 Musta
lachinery, car loads, not otherwise specified Class A lachinery, in frame 1 [sachinery, not set up 2 [sait 4 [sait 5 [sait	Mata and rugs. Matting	Millis, portable (barr stose). 2 Millinery goods. 1 Mineral water. 1 Molanses. 1 Moss, in sacks. 1 Moss, pressed, in bales. 2 Mop handles and sticks. 2 Moddings and picture frames, hoxed. 1 Moldings and picture frames, not boxed. D 1 Moldings, common building. 2 Moldings, ear loads . Class Musical instruments, not 1 Mustard. 2 Mustard. 2 Muskets. 1

Oakum, in bales. 2 Ochre. carth paints. 4 Oars. 1 Oat meal. 2 Oil cake. car loads, same as wheat Oil cloth. 2 Oil, lard, whale, linseed and castor, in wood. 3	Oil, other than coal oil, in car loads	Ordnance stores. (See Government supplies.) Osage orange seed
	P	
Packing rubber	Phosphate of lime, in bbla. or boxes. 4 Pianos. 1 Pickets, wood, same as lumber. Pickles, in casks. 3 Pickles, in casks. 3 Pickles, in casks, car load. 4 Pickles, in casks, car load. 4 Pickles, in casks, car load. 4 Pickles, in glass. 3 Pickles, 100 boxes or over. 3 Picture frames. (Bee mouldings. 3 Pig's feet, car loads. Class B Pine apples. 1 Pipes, smoking. 3 Pitch. 4 Plaster, 25 bbls., or more. (See table of rates.) 4 Plaster, 1ess than 35 bbls. 4 Plaster of Paris ornaments. D 1 Plow feet. 2 Plow seet. 2 Plow seet. 2 Plow seet. 3 Plow castings. 4 Plow beams, iron. 4 Plumbago. 5 Pop corn, on car, in bbls. or boxes. 8	Porcelain ware
	Q	
Quicksilver, in iron flasks 1	Quinces 1	Quartermaster's stores. (See government supplies.)
	R	
Rags, in sacks	Refrigerators.	Rossi scrapers. 1 Roof-ug paper. 4 Roof-ug paper. car loads. Class A Roots. 1 Rope, in coils. 4 Rubber car springs Rubber packing, hose and belting. 9 Rogs and mats. 1

Sacks, rag or wool	1,000 lbs	Sponges D 1
		Spring bed frames D 1
Saddlery hardware 9		
Saddles 1	Shingle and stave bolts, in	Stained glass D 1
Saddle trees	car loads, same as lumber.	Stalk cutters 1
Sed irons, in boxes or bbls 4	Sningle and stave bolts, less	Staples, in kegs 4
Safes, milk, meat or bread. D 1	thun car loads 4	Staves and heading, less
Safes, iron	Shingles. (See lamber.)	than car loud 1
Sago 1	Shingle machines 1	Staves and heading, in car
Saleratus 4	Shipstuff, same as mill feed.	londs
Salt, in sacks or boxes 4	Shoe blacking 8	Stationery 2
Salt, less than 25 bbls 4	Shoe findings 1	Starch
Salt, 25 bbls. or over. (See	Shoe pegs 1	"Starch, car loads: 4
table of rates.)	Shoe nails, in boxes 2	Steam boilers, (See boilers,)
Salt, car loads, 70 bbls Class D	Shorts, same as milistuffs	Steam fire engines Class A
Salts, epsom and glauber 1	Shovels and spades 2	single machine, half
Saltpetre 4	Shot, in kegs, boxes or gun-	car rate.
Sand, car loads	nica	Steel 2
Sand, less than car load, not	Shot, in bags 1	Steel springs, cast 2
	Show cases D 1	Court of things, Cont
to exceed car load rates 4		Steel plow wings
Sand paper		Stills, copper or iron 1
Sardines	Bizing	Straw goods 1
Sech, window 1	Skins, not otherwise speci-	Stone, in block, dressed, in
Sush, glazed1	fied, in bules 1	car loads
Sash, doors, blinds, window	Blates, school, boxed 2	Stone, less than car load, not
and door frames, in car_	Slate, roofing 4	to exceed car load rates 4
loads	Blate, roofing, in car loads Class B	Stone, less than 18,000 lbs. 4
Sash weights, iron 8	Sleighs, boxed D 1	Stone, rough Class D
Saur kraut 4	Sleighs, not boxed. (See car-	Stoneware, car loadsClass A
Saws., 1	riages.)	Stoneware, less quantities.
Saw dust, car loads Class C	Sleighs and sleds, children's D 1	(See earthen ware.)
Saw logs. (Eee lumber.)	Bleigh shoes 2	Stove blacking and polish. 2
Scales and scale beams,	Smut machines 1	, Stove pipe 14
hoxed 2	Snuff 1	Stove plate D 1
Scales and scale be ms not	Bosp, common 4	, Stoves
boxed D 1	Bonp, common, car loads Class A	Btoves and stove fixtures,
Scales and scale beams, in	Soap, fancy 2	cr loads
car loads	boap stone, slabs, boxed 4	Stoves and stove furniture.
School slates, boxed \$	Soap stone, dust, boxed 4	10,000 lbs. or over 4
Screws, iron 8	Soda 4	Stucco, same as plaster.
Screws, wood	Soda ash4	Straw, dressed, in bales,
Sevilies	bods ash, car loads Class C	same as hav.
Scythe snaths 1	Soda fountains D 1	Subsistence stores. (See
Scythe stones	Soda water, in glass, packed. 1	government supplies.)
Seed drills. (See agricultural	Sofas, same as lounges.	Sugar, except maple 4
implements.)	Solder 2	Sugar, in bags 2
	Sorghum sugar mills 4	Sugar, maple
Sewing machines, knocked	Sorghum syrup 4	
CLO II II WEST III II I	Spades	Sugar kettles
Sewing machines, set up,	Spelter	Sumac 3
boxed	Spelter, car loads 4	Sulphur, in boxes, bbls, and
Sheep pelts, dry	Spices	kegs 2
Seep pelts, green, 1,000 lbs.	Spinning wheels D 1	8yrup 4
or over8	Spoke drivers 11	1
Sheep pelts, green, less than	Spokes, wagon, car loads Class A	

Т

Tallow 8	Tinware, boxed	1	Toys, boxed D 1
Tallow, car loads 4	Tin cans, in wooden jackets	1	Traveling bags 1
Tar, except coal 4	Tinware, loose 1	Di	Trays 1
Tea	Tire shrinkers	1	Trees and shrubbery, in car
Teasels D i	Tobacco, cut, in bbls, or		loads
Terra cotta ornamenta 1	hoxes		Trees and shrubbery, in bales D1
		. 8	
Terra cotta ornaments, car	Tobacco, cut, in pails	D 1	Trees and shrubbery, in
loads 4	Tobacco, cut, in pails, strap-	1	boxes 1
Terra Japonica 3	ped with iron, or in boxes.	1	Tripe 2
Telegraph poles Class D	Tobacco, plug, in caddies,		Trunks, empty D 1
Thread 1	three or more strapped		Tubs, in nests
Tents and fixtures 1	together	3	Tubs, not in nests D1
Tete-a-tetes. (See lounges.)	Tobacco, in caddles, not		Turned stuff 2
Threshing machines. (See	strapped	1	Turnips, same as potatoes.
agricultural implements.)	Tobacco, unmanufactured.	-	Turpentine, spirits 1
Tile, drin 2	in hhds., boxes or bales .	4 :	car loads 4
Tile, drain, in car loads Class B	Tow	1	Twine, in bales 1
Tin foil 1	Tow. car loads	4	Type
Tin plate 4	Tool chests	1	Type cases 1
=		1	

U

A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	And the second s	region for the state of the sta
	V	
Valises D 1 Varnish 1 Varnish, black 4 Vegetables, not otherwise specified 1	Veal 1 Venison 1 Vencering, boxed 2 Venerring, not boxed 1 Vermicilli 1	Vises
	W	
Wadding	Weights, metal, not otherwise specified. 2 Whalebone 1 Wheelbarrows, knocked down 1 Whise See See See See See See See See See S	Wine, in bbis. (See liquor in wood.) Wire rope
	Y	
Yarn, pressed, in bales 1	Yeast 1	
	Z	
linc paint. (See paint.) linc sheet, in casks 4	Zinc sheet, in car loadsClass A Zinc, sheet or roll, not packed 2	Zinc, pigs or slabs 3

Freight will be billed at the actual weight, unless otherwise directed in the classification. 20,000 pounds will be considered a car load, except in cases of light and bulky articles, when the car load shall be limited by the capacity, of the car.

The rates for roads in the second group shall be established at the rates ascer-

- 2 tained by deducting ten (10) per cent. from the rates fixed for the roads in the
- 3 first group.
- 4 The rates for roads in the third group shall be established at the rates ascer

- 5 tained by adding to the rates of the first group (5) per cent; for roads in the
- 6 fourth group the rates shall be established at the rates ascertained by adding
- 7 to the rates of the first group ten (10) per cent; and the rate for the roads in the
- 8 fifth group shall be established at the rates ascertained by adding to the rates
- 9 of the first group fifteen (15) per cent.

(Substitute for Senate Bill No. 210.)

- Introduced by Committee on Miscellany, March 10, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading March 12, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

A BILL

For an Act to amend an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to Promissory Notes, Bonds. Due Bills, and other Instruments in Writing," approved March 18, 1874.

- 2 General Assembly, That section seventeen (17) of an act entitled "An act to
- 3 revise the law in relation to promissory notes, bonds, due bills and other instru-
- 4 ments in writing," approved March 18, 1874, be and the same is hereby amended
- 5 so as to read as follows:
- 6 Section 17. The following days, namely: the first day of January, commonly
- 7 called New Year's day; [February 22] known as Washington's birthday; the thir-
- 8 tieth day of May, known as Decoration day; the fourth day of July, called Inde-
- 9 pendence day; the twenty fifth day of December, known as Christmas day; any
- 10 general election day; and any day appointed or recommended by the Governor of
- 1 this State or the President of the United States, as a day of thanksgiving, or
- 12 fasting and prayer, or other religious observance, shall for all purposes what-
- 13 soever, as regards the presenting for payment or acceptance, and of the pro-
- 14 testing and giving notice of the dishonor of bills of exchange, bank checks
- 5 and promissory notes, made after the passage of this act, be treated and con-
- 16 sidered as the first day of the week, commonly called Sunday, and as public
- 17 holidays: and all such bills, checks, and notes otherwise presentable for accept-

ance or payment on the said days, shall be deemed to be presentable for acceptance or payment on the secular or business day next preceding such holidays.

(Substitute for Senate BIII No. 210.)

- Introduced by Committee on Miscellany, March 10, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading March 12, 1881, and ordered to second reading.
- Second reading March 26, 1881, amended and referred to Committee on
- March \$0, 1881, reported back with amendments, pages recommended.

A BILL

For an Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to revise the law in relation to Promissory Notes, Bonds. Due Bills and other instruments in writing." approved March 18, 1874.

- 2 General Assembly. That section seventeen (17) of an act entitled "An act to
- 3 revise the law in relation to promissory notes, bonds, due bills and other instru-
- ments in writing," approved March 18, 1874, be and the same is hereby amended.
- so as to read as follows:
- Section 17. The following days, namely: the first day of January, commonly
- called New Year's day; known as Washington's birthday; the thirtieth day of
- May, known as Decoration day; the fourth day of July, called Independence
- day; the twenty-fifth day of December, known as Christmas day; any general
- election day; and any day appointed or recommended by the Governor of this
- State, or the President of the United States, as a day of thanksgiving or fasting
- and prayer, or other religious observance, shall, for all purposes whatsoever as
- regards the presenting for payment or acceptance, and of the protesting and 13
- giving notice of the dishonor of bills of exchange, bank checks and promissory
- notes, made after the passage of this act, be treated and considered as the first
- 16 day of the week, commonly called Sunday, and as public holidays; and all such

18 said days, shall be deemed to be presentable for acceptance or payment on the

19 secular or business day next preceding such holidays.

AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY, REPORTED TO SENATE MARCH 30, 1881.

- 1. Amend title by inserting, in (written) line one, after the word "amend,"
- 2 the words and figures "section 17 of an act entitled an."
- 8 2. Amend section 17 by striking out of (written) lines 7 and 8 the words "any
- 4 general election day."
- 5 3. Amend section 17 by striking out all after the word "thanksgiving." in
- 6 the 11th (written) line of said section, and insert in lieu thereof the following:
- 7 "Shall, for all purposes whatsoever, as regards the presenting for payment or
- 8 acceptance, the maturity and protesting and giving notice of the dishonor of
- 9 bills of exchange, bank checks and promissory notes or other negotiable or com-
- 10 mercial paper or instruments, be treated and considered as the first day of the
- 11 week, commonly called Sunday. All notes, bills, drafts, checksor other evidence
- 19 of indebtedness, falling due or maturing on either of said days, shall be deemed
- 18 as due or having matured on the day previous; and should two or more of those
- 14 days come together or immediately succeed each other, then such instrument,
- 15 paper or indebtedness shall be deemed as due or having matured on the day pre-
- 16 vious to the first of said days."

AMENDMENT ADOPTED MARCH 26, 1881.

Amend by striking out the words "known as Washington's birthday," in 7th 2 (written) line.

(Substitute for Senate Bill No. 210.)

- 1. Introduced by Committee on Miscellany, March 10, 1881, and ordered to
- first reading.

 First reading March 12, 1881, and ordered to second reading.
- Second reading March 26, 1881, amended and referred to Committee on
- March 30, 1881, reported back with amendments, passage recommended.
 - April 9, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to a third reading.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section seventeen (17) of an act entitled "An Act to revise the law in relation to Promissory Notes, Bonds, Due Bills and other instruments in writing," approved March 18, 1874.

- General Assembly. That section seventeen (17) of an act entitled "An act to
- 3 revise the law in relation to promissory notes, bonds, due bills and other instru-
- ments in writing," approved March 18, 1874, be and the same is hereby amended
- so as to read as follows:
- Section 17. The following days, namely: the first day of January, commonly
- called New Year's day; the thirtieth day of May, known as Decoration day; the
- fourth day of July, called Independence day; the twenty-fifth day of Decem-
- ber, known as Christmas day; any general election day; and any day appointed
- or recommended by the Governor of this State, or the President of the United
- States, as a day of thankagiving, shall, for all purposes whatsoever, as regards
- the presenting for payment or acceptance, the maturity and protesting and giv-
- ing notice of the dishonor of bills of exchange, bank checks and promissory
- notes or other negotiable or commercial paper or instruments, be treated and
- 15 considered as the first day of the week, commonly called Sunday. All notes,
- 16 bills, drafts, checks or other evidence of indebtedness, falling due or maturing

- 17 on either of said days, shall be deemed as due or having matured on the day
- 18 previous; and should two or more of those days come together or immediately
- 19 succeed each other, then such instrument, paper or indebtedness shall be deemed
- 30 as due or having matured on the day previous to the first of said days.

- Introduced by Mr. Artley, March 10, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading March 10, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipalities.
- First reading March 10, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipalities.
 Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 16, 1881.

For an Act to amend Section two hundred and ten (210) of an act entitled "An act for the Assessment of Property, and for the Levy and Collection of Taxes," approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That section two hundred and ten (210) of an act entitled "An act for the assessment of property, and for the levy and collection of taxes," approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, be amended so as to read as follows: Section 210. Real property sold and to be sold under the provisions of this act. 5 may be redeemed at any time before the expiration of two years from the date of sale, by payment in lawful money of the United States, to the county clerk of the proper county, the amount for which the same was sold, and the addi tional sum of ten per cent, thereon, if redeemed at any time before the expiration of six months from the day of sale; if redeemed at any time between six and twelve months from the day of sale, the sum of fifteen per cent, shall be charged; and if redeemed at any time between one and two years from the date of sale, the sum of twenty per cent, shall be charged; and no person hereafter purchasing land or town lots at a sale of lands for delinquent taxes, shall be 15 allowed to charge or receive a larger per cent. upon the amount paid at such tax sales than the rates herein specified. The person redeeming such real property shall also pay the amount of all taxes and special assessments, if any, accruing

- 18 after such sale, with ten per cent. interest thereon from the day of payment,
- 19 unless such subsequent tax or special assessment has been paid by or on behalf
- 20 of the person for whose benefit the redemption is made, and not by the pur-
- 21 chaser at the tax sale, or his assignee.

- Introduced by Mr. Hunt, March 10, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading March 10, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading April 27, 1881.

For an Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to revise the law in relation to Change of Venue," approved March 25, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

- 2 General Assembly, That section two (2) of an act entitled "An act to revise
- 3 the law in relation to change of venue," be and the same is hereby amended
- 4 to read as follows:
- 5 Section 2. [To what courts]. When a change of venue is granted it may
- 6 be to some other court of record of competent jurisdiction in the same county,
- 7 or in some other convenient county, to which there is no valid objection:
- 8 Provided, that when the action is pending in any circuit court, or the Supe-
- 9 rior Court of Cook county, and the only causes for a change of venue apply
- 10 to one or more, but not all of the judges of such courts, the case may be
- 11 tried before some one of the judges of such court to whom the causes do not
- 12 apply.

- Introduced by Mr. Hunt, March 10, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading March 10, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading April 27, 1881.
- 4. May 6, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.

For an Act to amend Section two of an act entitled "An Act to revise the law in relation to Change of Venue," approved March 25, 1874, in force July 19 1874.

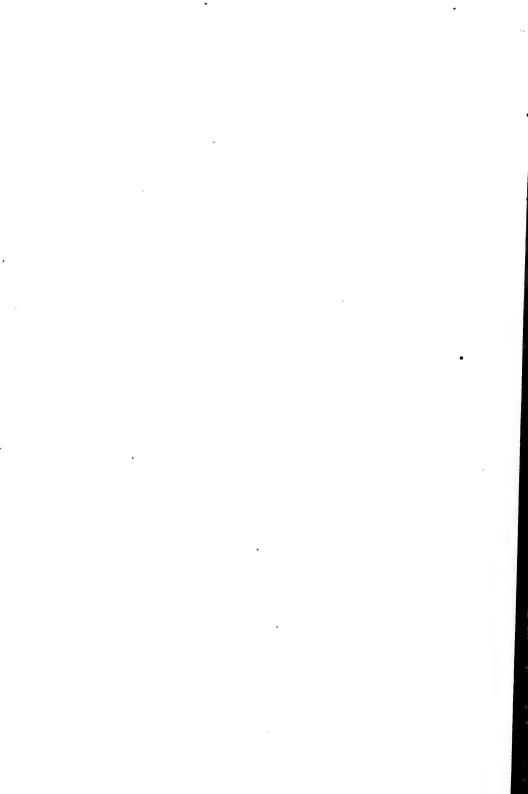
- 2 General Assembly, That section two (2) of an act entitled "An act to revise the
- 8 law in relation to change of venue," approved March 35, 1874, in force July 1,
- 4 1874, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 5 Section 2. [To what courts.] When a change of venue is granted it may be
- 6 to some other court of record of competent jurisdiction in the same county, or
- 7 in some other convenient county, to which there is no valid objection: Provided,
- 8 that when the action is pending in any circuit court, or the Superior Court of
- 9 Cook county, and the only causes for a change of venue apply to one or more
- 10 but not all of the judges of such courts, the case may be tried before some one
- 11 of the judges of such court to whom the causes do not apply.



- 1. Introduced by Mr. Needles, March 10, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading March 10, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
- 3. Reported back, recommendation do not pass.
- Tabled March 18, 1881.
 March 18, 1881, taken from table and recommitted to Committee on Judiciary.
- 6. March 23, 1881, reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading.

For an Act to amend Section 46 of an act entitled, "An act in regard to the Administration of Estates," approved April 1, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

- 2 General Assembly, That section 46 of an act entitled, "An act regarding the
- 3 administration of estates," approved April 1, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, be and
- 4 the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:
- 5 Section 46. Whenever any person dies, seized of any real or personal estate,
- 6 within this State, or having any right or interest therein, has no relative or
- 7 creditor within this State who will administer upon such deceased person's
- 8 estate, it shall be the duty of the county court, upon application of any person
- 9 interested therein, to commit the administration of such estate to the public
- 10 administrator of the proper county.



 Reported to House, April 15, 1881.
 First realing April 16, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary. First rea ling April 16, 1881, and referred to commutee on sugar and.
 Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading April 22, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section 46 of an act entitled "An Act in regard to the Administration of Estates," approved April 1, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

- 2 General Assembly, That section 46 of an act entitled "An act regarding the
- 3 administration of estates," approved April 1, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, be and
- the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:
- 5 Section 46. Whenever any person dies seized of any real or personal estate.
- within this State, or having any right or interest therein, has no relative or
- creditor within this State who will administer upon such deceased person's
- estate, it shall be the duty of the county court, upon application of any person
- interested therein, to commit the administration of such estate to the public
- 10 administrator of the proper county.



- 1. Introduced by Mr. Artley March 11, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading March 11, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipalities.
- 3. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 23, 1881.

For an Act to amend Section fourteen (14) of Article six (8) of an act entitled "An act to provide for the Incorporation of Cities and Villages," approved April 10, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

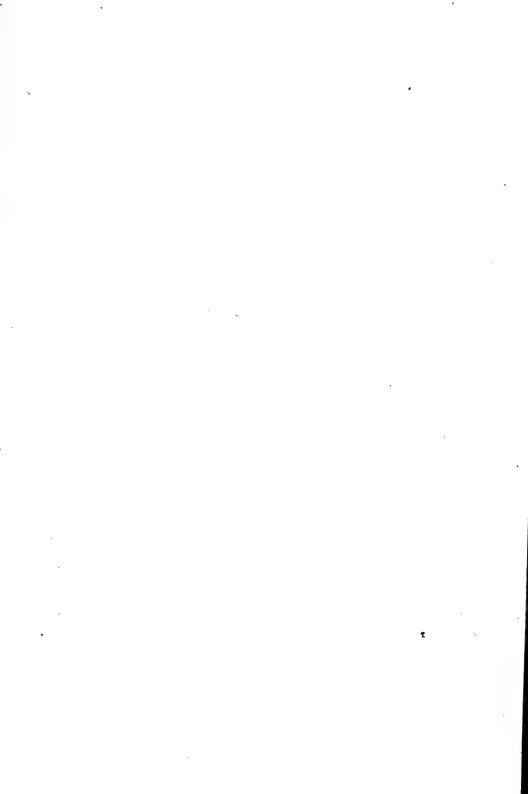
- 2 General Assembly, That section fourteen (1:) of article six (6) of an act entitled "An act
- 3 to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages," approved April 10, 1872, in force
- 4 July 1, 1872, be so amended as to read as follows:
- 5 Section 14. The aldermen and trustees may receive such compensation for their services
- as shall be fixed by ordinance: Provided, however, such compensation shall not exceed the
- 7 aggregate sum of fifteen hundred dollars (\$1,500) per annum, whether the same be fixed on
- 5 per diem service, or regular salary; and no other compensation whatever shall be allowed for
- 9 such services. Such compensation shall not be changed, after it has been once established,
- o so as to take effect as to any alderman or trustee voting for such change during his term of
- 11 office.



- 1. Introduced by Mr. Artley March 11, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading March 11, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipalities.
- 3. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 24, 1881.
- 4 April 1, 1881, second reading, amended and ordered to third reading.

For an Act to amend Section fourteen (14) of Article six (6) of an act entitled "An act to provide for the Incorporation of Cities and Villages," approved April 10, 1873, in force July 1, 1879.

- 2 General Assembly. That section fourteen (14) of article six (6) of an act entitled "An act
- 3 to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages," approved April 10, 1872, in force
- 4 July 1, 1872, be so amended as to read as follows:
- 5 Section 14. The aldermen and trustees may receive such compensation for their services
- 6 as shall be fixed by ordinance: Provided, honever, such compensation shall not exceed the
- 7 aggregate sum of fifteen hundred dollars (\$1,000) per annum, whether the same be fixed on
- 8 per diem service, or regular salary; and no other compensation whatever shall be allowed for
- 9 such services. Such compensation shall not be changed, after it has been once established;
- 0 so as to take effect as to any alderman or trustee voting for such change during his term of
- 11 office: And, provided, further, that such compensation shall in no case exceed three dollars
- 12 for each P gular meeting, except in cities in counties of the third class.



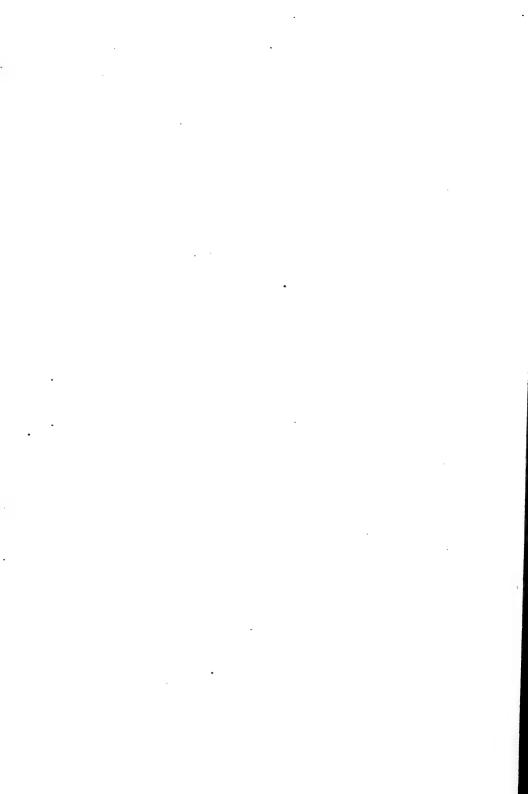
Introduced by Mr. Mayfield, February 12, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading February 12, 1881, and referred to Committee on State Charitable Institutions, and ordered printed.

A BILL

For an Act to make an appropriation for land for the Illinois Asylum for Feeble

Minded Children.

- 9 General Assembly, That for the purpose of providing additional land for the
- 8 Illinois Asylum for Feeble Minded Children, (sixty-four acres, more or less, adja-
- 4 cent to the asylum grounds,) there be and hereby is appropriated out of the
- 5 State Treasury, or so much thereof as may be necessary, the sum of eight thou-
- 6 sand five hundred dollars (\$8,500.)
 - § 2. The auditor of public accounts is hereby authorized and required to
- 2 draw his warrant on the State Treasurer for the said sum upon orders of the
- 3 board of trustees of the Illinois Asylum for Feeble Minded Children, signed by
- 4 the president, and attested by the secretary of said board, with the seal of the
- 5 asylum.



(Substitute for Senate Bill No. 226.)

- Introduced by Committee on Revenue, March 12, 1881, and ordered to first reading
- 2. First reading March 12, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

A BILL

For an Act to provide for the assessment and collection of revenue from Railroad

Companies.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly, That in addition to the taxes now required by law to be paid by corporations, persons or associations, owning or operating railroads in this State, and in lieu of the tax now authorized by law to be levied upon the capital stock of such corporations, a tax upon the gross earnings of every railford lying wholly or in part within this State, is hereby imposed, to be ascertained, levied, collected and paid in the manner following, viz: Upon all the gross earnings of the entire line of every such railroad so operated, two and one-half per centum of such gross earnings, earned during the six months ending December 31st, of each year, and two and one-half per centum of such gross earnings, earned during the six months ending June 30th, of each year.

- \$ 2. The tax imposed by the first section of this act shall be paid into the State Treasury. And the same shall be due and payable on the first day of March of each year, for the six months ending on the 81st day of December next preceding, and on the first day of September of each year, for the six months ending June 30th next preceding.
- \$ 3. For the purpose of ascertaining the gross earnings of said railroads,
 2 every corporation, person or association, owning or operating the same, shall,
 3 on or before the first day of September, 1881, make a written report to the

Auditor of Public Accounts, showing the whole amount of all the gross earnings, earned by the entire line of railroad, so owned or operated, for the six months ending June 30, 1881, and also showing the whole length of such 7 road, and the number of miles of the same, lying within this State, which report shall be verified by the affidavit of such person, or of the president and secretary of such corporation or association; and on or before the first days of March and September of each year thereafter, a similar report shall 11 be so made and verified, showing the whole amount of all such cross earnings, by the entire line of railroad, so owned or operated, for the six months ending on the 31st day of December, and for the six months ending on the 30th day of June, then next preceding, respectively; and for the purpose of verifying the accuracy of such report, full power is hereby vested in the Auditor of Public Accounts, or any other person that he may appoint as his assistant in 17 that regard, to examine the books and papers of such corporation, person or association, and to examine, under oath, the officers, agents and employes thereof in relation to such report, and if any person making any affidavit, or examined orally, under the provisions of this act, shall wilfully and knowingly swear falsely, such person shall be subject to all the pains and penalties of per-22 jury.

\$ 4. The taxes imposed by this act shall become a lien on all the railroad property, owned or operated by such corporations, persons or associations, from the respective days upon which the same becomes due and payable, and if the same be not paid by the 10th days of March and September of each year, one per centum as interest upon the amount due for each month or fractional part of a month the payment may be delayed, shall be added; and in case the same be not paid by the first days of June and November of each year, the Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed to issue a distress warrant, directed to the sheriff of any county into or through which such road may run, upon which such taxes may not be paid, commanding him to levy the same upon and seize any rolling stock or personal property of such railroad sufficient to satisfy said tax interest and costs; and such sheriff shall thereupon proceed, as collectors are now required to proceed by

- 14 sections 156 and 157 of an act entitled "An act for the assessment of property,
- 15 and for the levy and collection of taxes," approved March 30, 1872.
 - § 5. If any corporation, person or association shall fail or refuse to make
- 2 the report, required by section three of this act, within the times therein
- 3 limited, the Auditor of Public Accounts shall assess the tax provided by
- 4 section one of this act, with one per centum added to the rate thereof, upon
- 5 the gross earnings of such railroad as shown by the then last report to the
- 6 Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners.
 - § 6. When a railroad lies partly within and partly without this State, there
- 2 shall be paid into the State Treasury only such portion of the tax imposed
- 3 by the first section of this act, as the length of that portion of said road
- 4 lying within this State bears to the whole length thereof.
 - \$ 7. All laws and parts of laws authorizing an assessment or tax upon the
- 2 capital stock of any railroad corporation, and all laws or parts of laws in
- 3 conflict with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.



- Introduced by Mr. Adams, Masch 12, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading March 12, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 28, 1881. A.

For an Act to amend Section one of an act entitled "An act to authorize Park Commissioners to take, by grant, devise, bequest or conveyance, property for Park Driveway and other purposes therewith connected," approved and in force May 31, 1879.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That section one of an act entitled "An act to authorize park

commissioners to take, by grant, devise, bequest or conveyance, property for park driveway and other purposes therewith connected," approved and in force May 31, 1879, be and the same is hereby amended so to read as follows: Section 1. That in all cases where the commissioners of any park have been named in the act establishing the same, and their successors have since been appointed by the Governor of this State, real and personal property may be granted, bequeathed, devised or conveyed to such commissioners for the purposes of the establishment of any driveway connected or proposed to be connected. either directly or by means of a public highway or street, with such park, or for 11 the extension, improvement or organization of such park or driveway, or for the establishment and maintenance within the limits of such park, of museums. zoological, botanical or other gardens of a like nature, collections of natural history, observatories or works of art, upon such trusts and subject to such 15 conditions as may be prescribed by the grantors or donors thereof, and agreed

to by the said board of park commissioners; and all property so devised,

granted, bequeathed or conveyed, and the rents, immes, profits and income thereof, shall be subject to the exclusive management, direction and control of the commissioners of the park; and when any real property shall be so acquired, it shall form a part of such park, and be managed and governed as a part thereof: Provided, that in all cases where any real property is so devised, granted or conveyed to such park commissioners for a driveway, such park commissioners are hereby authorized to pay for the improvement thereof, and 24 for that purpose such board of commissioners may make application to the 25 board of trustees of the town or towns in which it is proposed to make such 26 improvement, if there be a board of trustees; and to the supervisor and assessor 27 in case there is no such board (the said board of trustees and supervisor and assessor being hereby declared corporate authorities for the purpose of this section), for leave to make such improvement, describing in detail the location and character thereof, by a special assessment on the property benefited thereby, and if the board of trustees or supervisor and assessor, as the case may be, shall approve of the proposed improvement, authority in writing shall be given therefor in accordance with the ninth article of an act entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages," approved April 10, 1872, and the said commissioners shall, in behalf of such town or towns, cause the proceedings to be commenced and prosecuted in accordance with the provisions 87 of that article. Proceedings for the making and collection of such special assets ment shall be commenced and prosecuted in accordance with the provisions of 4) said article.

1. Introduced by Mr. Clark, March 14, 1881, and ordered to first reading.

 First reading March 14, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
 Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 23, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Sections seventeen, eighteen and nineteen of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the practice in Courts of Chancery," approved March 15, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly. That sections seventeen, eighteen and nineteen of an act
- 3 entitled "An act to regulate the practice in courts of chancery," approved March
- 4 15, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, be amended so as to read as follows:
- 5 Section 17. If the defendant shall appear at the next term and offer to file
- 6 his answer to the bill, the court may permit him to do so upon his showing
- 7 sufficient cause and paying the costs of the preceding terms, and thereupon
- 8 such proceedings shall be had as if the defendant had appeared in due season
- 9 and no decree had been entered. And if it shall appear upon the hearing that
- 10 such decree ought not to have been made against such defendant, the same may
- 11 be set aside, altered or amended, so far as it affects property rights, as shall seem
- 12 just, and in other respects in the discretion of the court; otherwise the same
- 18 shall be ordered to stand confirmed against said defendant.
- 14 Section 18. When a bill is taken for confessed, the court, before a final decree
- 15 is made, shall require the complainant to produce evidence to sustain the
- 16 allegations of his bill, and such decree shall be made as the court shall consider
- 17 equitable and proper.
- 18 Section 19. When any final decree shall be entered against any defendant,

who shall not have been summoned or been served with a copy of the bill, or received the notice required to be sent him by mail, and such person, his heirs. devisees, executor, administrator, or other legal representatives, as the case may 21 require, shall, within one year after notice in writing given him of such decree, or within three years after such decree, if no such notice shall have been given. 28 as aforesaid, appear in open court and petition to be heard touching the matter. 94 of such decree, and shall pay such costs as the court shall deem reasonable in that behalf: the person so petitioning may appear and answer the complainant's 37 bill, and thereupon such proceeding shall be had as if the defendants had appeared in due season and no decree had been made. And if it shall appear 38 upon the hearing that such decree ought not to have been made against such defendant, the same may be set aside, altered or amended, so far as it affects property rights, as shall appear just, and in other respects in the discretion of 81 the court; otherwise the same shall be ordered to stand confirmed against said 82 defendant. The decree shall, after three years from the making thereof, if not set aside in manner aforesaid, be deemed and adjudged confirmed against such defendant, and all persons claiming under him by virtue of any act done sub-85 sequent to the commencement of such suit; and at the end of such three years 86 the court may make such further order in the premises as may be required to carry the same into effect.

1. Reported to House, April 14, 1881.

First reading April 16,1881, and referred to Committee on Judicial Department.

 Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading April 22, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Sections seventeen, eighteen and ninetéen of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the practice in Courts of Chancery," approved March 15 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

SKUTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly. That sections seventeen, eighteen and nineteen of an act
- 3 entitled "An act to regulate the practice in courts of chancery," approved March
- 4 15, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, be amended so as to read as follows:
- 5 Section 17. If the defendant shall appear at the next term and offer to file
- 6 his answer to the bill, the court may permit him to do so upon his showing
- 7 sufficient cause and paying the costs of the preceding terms; and thereupon such
- 8 proceedings shall be had as if the defendant had appeared in due season and
- 9 no decree had been entered. And if it shall appear upon the hearing that such
- 10 decree ought not to have been made against such defendant, the same may be
- 11 set aside, altered or amended, so far as it affects property rights, as shall seem
- 12 just, and in other respects, in the discretion of the court; otherwise the same
- 13 shall be ordered to stand confirmed against said defendant.
- 14 Section 18. When a bill is taken for confessed, the court, before a final
- 15 decree is made, shall require the complainant to produce evidence to sustain
- 16 the allegations of his bill, and such decree shall be made as the court shall
- 17 consider equitable and proper.
- 18 Section 19. When any final decree shall be entered against any defendant

who shall not have been summoned or been served with a copy of the bill, or received the notice required to be sent him by mail, and such person, his heirs, devisees, executor, administrator or other legal representatives, as the 21 case may require, shall, within one year after notice in writing given him of such decree, or within three years after such decree, if no such notice shall 94 have been given as aforesaid, appear in open court and petition to be heard touching the matter of such decree, and shall pay such costs as the court shall deem reasonable in that behalf; the person so petitioning may appear and answer the complainant's bill; and thereupon such proceeding shall be had as 27 if the defendants had appeared in due season and no decree had been made. 29 And if it shall appear upon the hearing that such decree ought not to have been made against such defendant, the same may be set aside, altered or amended, so 30 far as it affects property rights, as shall appear just, and in other respects, in 81 32 the discretion of the court; otherwise the same shall be ordered to stand confirmed againt said defendant. The decree shall, after three years from the 33 making thereof, if not set aside in manner aforesaid, be deemed and adjudged confirmed against such defendant and all persons claiming under him by virtue of any act done subsequent to the commencement of such suit; 36 and at the end of such three years the court may make such further order in the premises as may be required to carry the same into effect.

- Introduced by Mr. Campbell, March 15, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading March 15, 1881, and referred to Committee on State Charitable Institutions.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and referred to the Committee on Appropriations, April 13, 1881.
- April 22, 1881, reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading.

For an Act to appropriate money for the Support of a School for Deaf and Dumb Children in Chicago.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 9 General Assembly. That there be and is hereby appropriated, out of any money
- 3 in the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of ten thousand
- 4 (\$10,000) dollars as a donation for the benefit of and to be used in the support
- 5 and maintenance of the school for the education of deaf and dumb chil-
- 6 dren, located in Chicago, and under the management and control of the board
- 7 of education of the city of Chicago, said money to be used in the education of
- 8 deaf and dumb children in said school: and said school shall, so far as its accom-
- 9 modations will permit, receive deaf and dumb children of school age from any
- 10 portion of the State.
 - \$ 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed to
- 2 draw his warrant on the State Treasurer for the sum of money hereby appro-
- 3 printed, in favor of the Treasurer of the city of Chicago, upon the order of the
- 4 board of education of the city of Chicago, signed by the president and attested
- 5 by the secretary of said board, and filed in the office of the Auditor, and said
- 6 money shall only be drawn from the treasury of said city upon orders of said
- 7 board of education for the expenses incurred in the education of deaf and dumb
- 8 children in said school.

AMENDMENT REPORTED FROM THE COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIA-TIONS, APRIL 22, 1881.

Amend Senate Bill No. 359, by striking out of section one, in line six of writ-

- 2 ten bill, the words and characters, "ten thousand (\$10,000) dollars," and insert-
- 8 ing in lieu thereof the words and characters, "eight thousand dollars (\$8,000)."

- Introduced by Mr. Campbell, March 15, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading March 15, 1881, and referred to Committee on State Charitable Institutions.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and referred to the Committee on Appropriations, April 13, 1881.
- April 29, 1881, reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading.

 5. April 28, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.

For an Act to appropriate money for the support of a School for Deaf and Dumb Children in Chicago.

SECTION 1. Be it exacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly. That there be and is hereby appropriated, out of any money
- in the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of eight thousand
- (\$8,000) dollars as a donation for the benefit of and to be used in the support
- and maintenance of the school for the education of deaf and dumb children.
- located in Chicago, and under the management and control of the board of
- education of the city of Chicago, said money to be used in the education of
- deaf and dumb children in said school; and said school shall, so far as its
- accommodations will permit, receive deaf and dumb children of school age
- from any portion of the State. 10
 - § 9. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorised and directed to
- draw his warrant on the State Treasurer for the sum of money hereby appro-
- priated, in favor of the treasurer of the city of Chicago, upon the order of the
- board of education of the city of Chicago, signed by the president and attested
- by the secretary of said board, and filed in the office of the Auditor, and said
- money shall only be drawn from the treasury of said city upon orders of said
- board of education for the expenses incurred in the education of deaf and
- dumb children in said school.



Reported to House, May 4, 1881.
 First reading May 5, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.
 Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, report ouncurred in, and ordered to second reading, May 11, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to appropriate money for the support of a School for Deaf and Dumb Children at Chicago.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 260.

Amend by striking from lines five and six (engrossed bill) the words "eight

- thousand dollars (\$8,000)," and inserting in lieu thereof the words "five thousand
- dollars (\$5,000)."

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly. That there be and is hereby appropriated, out of any money
- in the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of eight thousand
- dollars (\$8,000) as a donation for the benefit of, and to be used in the support
- and maintenance of, the school for the education of deaf and dumb children
- located in Chicago, and under the management and control of the board of
- education of the city of Chicago, said money to be used in the education of deaf
- 8 and dumb children in said school; and said school shall, so far as its accommo-
- dations will permit, receive deaf and dumb children of school age from any por-
- 10 tion of the State.
 - § 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed to
- 2 draw his warrant on the State Treasurer for the sum of money hereby appro-

- 3 priated, in favor of the treasurer of the city of Chicago, upon the order of the
- 4 board of education of the city of Chicago, signed by the president and attested
- 5 by the secretary of said board, and filed in the office of the Auditor, and said
- 6 money shall only be drawn from the treasury of said city upon orders of said
- 7 board of education for the expenses incurred in the education of deaf and
- 8 dumb children in said school.

Introduced by Mr. Callon, March 15, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading March 15, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipalities.

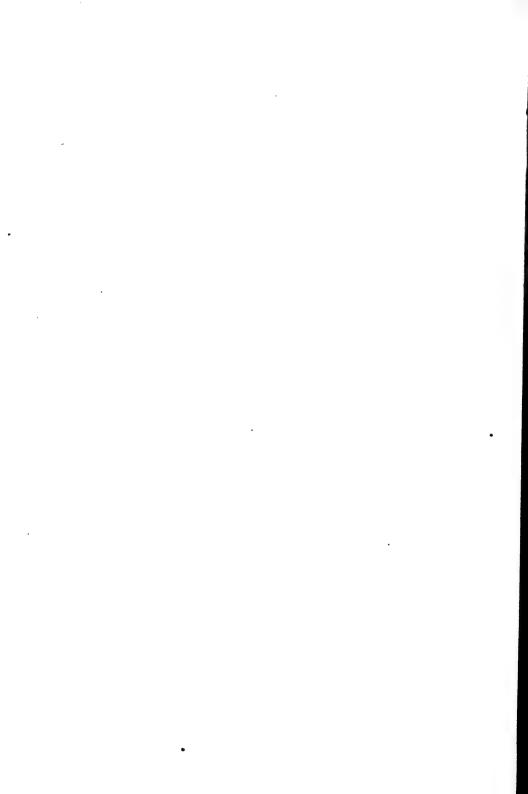
First reading March 15, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipalities.
 Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 23, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act authorizing Gas Companies to lay their mains and pipes in cities.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the people of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That any company now or hereafter organized under the general incorporation laws of this State for the manufacture and sale of gas for illuminating purposes, shall have the right to lay their mains and pipes along and under any street, avenue, thoroughfare or alley in any city in this State wherein such gas is to be manufactured or sold, upon filing in the office of the city clerk of such city a petition to that effect, signed by a majority of the persons owning real estate along that portion of said street, avenue, thoroughfare, or alley along or under which it is proposed to lay such mains or pipes, any ordinance of such city to the contrary notwithstanding; and such company shall thereafter have the right to improve, renew or repair such mains or pipes whenever it may so desire: Provided, such company shall, without unnecessary delay, restors such street, avenue, thoroughfare or alley as nearly as possible to its former condition: And, provided, further, that such company and not the city, shall be liable for all damages resulting from negligence, unskilfullness or

16 unnecessary delay in laying such mains or pipes.



Introduced by Mr. Callon, March 15, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading March 15, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipalities.

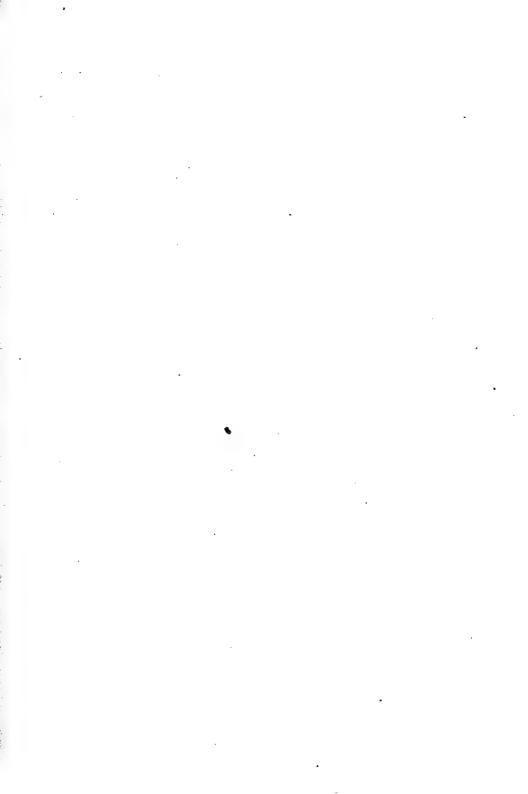
 First reading March 15, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipalities.
 Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 23, 1881.

4. April 7, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.

A BILL

For an Act authorizing Gas Companies to lay their mains and pipes in cities.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That any company now or hereafter organized under the general incorporation laws of this State for the manufacture and sale of gas for illuminating purposes, shall have the right to lay their mains and pipes along and under any street, avenue, thoroughfare or alley in any city in this State wherein such gas is to be manufactured or sold, upon filing in the office of the city clerk of such city a petition to that effect, signed by a majority of the persons owning real estate along that portion of said street, avenue, thoroughfare or alley along or under which it is proposed to lay such mains or pipes, any ordinance of such city to the contrary notwithstanding; and such company shall thereafter have the right to improve, renew or repair such mains or pipes 11 whenever it may so desire: Provided, such company shall, without unnecessary 12 delay, restore such street, avenue, thoroughfare or alley as nearly as possible to 13 its former condition: And, provided, further, that such company, and not the 14 city, shall be liable for all damages resulting from negligence, unskillfulness or unnecessary delay in laying such mains or pipes: Provided, further, the city 16 council may, by ordinance, prescribe reasonable regulations as to the laying of such mains and pipes, not inconsistent, however, with the provisions of this act



- 1. Introduced by Mr. Merritt, March 15, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading March 15, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipalities.
 Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 25, 1881.

For an Act to amend an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to Telegraph Companies" (approved March 24, 1874, in force July 1, 1874).

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to telegraph companies," approved March 24, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, be amended: Section 11. It shall be unlawful for any telegraph company, incorporated or hereafter to be incorporated, in this State, for the purpose of operating a telegraph line for the use of the public, to make a greater charge than twenty-five cents for each message of ten words, or less, (the address and name of the recipient and the name of the sender not to be included therein), between any two points within the limits of the State of Illinois in which telegraph offices have been or may be established; and in case any message shall exceed ten words, it shall be unlawful for any telegraph company, incorporated or hereafter 12 to be incorporated in this State, for the purpose of operating a telegraph line 13 for the use of the public, to make a greater charge than one cent for each and every additional word in excess of the aforesaid ten words. All messages shall 15 be delivered as soon as possible, and without unnecessary delay, from the 16 receiving telegraph office to the business office or residence of the party to whom the messages are addressed, by messengers in the service of said telegraph company, and no additional charge therefor shall be required or imposed by said telegraph company.

- 90 Section 19. For each and every violation of this act, the telegraph company
- 21 engaged in operating a telegraph line for public use shall, upon conviction, be
- 22 fined a sum of not less than fifty dollars nor more than three hundred dollars.

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 368, REPORTED BY COMMITTEE ON MUNICIPALITIES MARCH 25, 1881.

Amended by the Committee on Municipalities by adding and inserting the

- 2 words "section eleven (11) of," after the word "amend" in the title.
- 3 Also by inserting the words "so as to read as follows" after the word
- 4 "amended" in section 1.
- 5 Also by inserting the words "or doing business in this State," after the word
- 6 "State" as it occurs in section 11.

Introduced by Mr. Merritt, March 15, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading March 15, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipalities. Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 25, 1881.

April 1, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section eleven (11) of an act entitled "An Act to revise the law in relation to Telegraph Companies," approved March 24, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

General Assembly, That an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to telegraph companies," approved March 24, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, be amended so as to read as follows: Section 11. It shall be unlawful for any telegraph company incorporated or hereafter to be incorporated in this State, or doing business in this State. for the purpose of operating a telegraph line for the use of the public, to make a greater charge than twenty-five cents for each message of ten words, or less. (the address and name of the recipient and the name of the sender not to be included therein), between any two points within the limits of the State of Illinois in which telegraph offices have been or may be established; and in case any message shall exceed ten words, it shall be unlawful for any telegraph company incorporated or hereafter to be incorporated in this State, or doing business in this State, for the purpose of operating a telegraph line for the use of the public, to make a greater charge than one cent for each and every additional word in excess of the aforesaid ten words. All messages shall be delivered as soon as possible, and without unnecessary delay, from the receiving telegraph

office to the business office or residence of the party to whom the messages are

- 19 addressed, by messengers in the service of said telegraph company, and no
- 20 additional charge therefor shall be required or imposed by said telegraph
- 91 company.
- 22 * Section 12. For each and every violation of this act, the telegraph company
- 28 engaged in operating a telegraph line for public use shall, upon conviction, be
- 34 fined a sum of not less than fifty dollars nor more than three hundred dollars.

- Introduced from Committee on State Charitable Institutions, March 16, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading March 16, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading, March 30, 1881.

For an Act to establish the Northeastern Hospital for the Insane.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That an asylum for the insane is hereby created and estab-
- 8 lished, which shall be known as the Northeastern Hospital for the Insane, and
- 4 which shall possess all the corporate and other powers, and be subject to all the
- 5 rules, regulations and conditions, expressed in an act entitled "An act to regu-
- 6 late the State Charitable Institutions, and the State Reform School, and to
- 7 improve their organization and increase their efficiency," approved April 15,
- 8 1875; and the object of said hospital shall be the same as set forth in section
- 9 three of said act.
 - § 3. For the purpose of securing to the State the site for said hospital, the
- 2 Board of Commissioners of Cook county is hereby empowered to convey by
- 8 warranty deed to the State of Illinois, the following described lands and prem-
- 4 ises, being the same now occupied by the Cook County Insane Asylum, to-wit:
- 5 The southeast quarter of section eighteen (18), township forty (40) north, range
- 6 thirteen (:3) south of Indian boundary line, Cook county, Illinois, together with
- 7 the buildings thereon located, containing one hundred and fifty-six (158) acres.

AMENDMENTS REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS MARCH 80, 1881.

1. Amend the title of the bill by striking out all after "establish," and insert

- 3 in lieu thereof the following: "The Illinois Northeastern Hospital for the In-
- sane, at Jefferson, Cook county."
- 4 2. Amend the bill by striking out of section 1 all between "as," in sixth line,
- 5 and "and" in seventh line of written bill, and insert in lieu thereof the follow-
- 6 ing: 'The Illinois Northeastern Hospital for the Insane, at Jefferson, Cook 7 county."
- 8 3. Amend the bill by adding to section 3 the following: 'Provided, that no
- 9 money shall be so paid until the paupers shall be removed from said premises."

- Introduced from Committee on State Charitable Institutions, March 16, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading March 16, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 30, 1881.

For an Act to establish the Northeastern Hospital for the instanc.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That an asylum for the insane is hereby created and
- 3 established which shall be known as the "Northeastern Hospital for the
- 4 Insane," and which shall possess all the corporate and other powers, and be
- 5 subject to all the rules, regulations and conditions expressed in an act
- 6 entitled "An act to regulate the State charitable institutions, and the State
- 7 Reform School, and to improve their organization and increase their efficiency,"
- 8 approved April 15, 1875, and the object of said hospital shall be the same as
- 9 set forth in section three of said act.
 - § 2. For the purpose of securing to the State the site for said hospital,
- 2 the board of commissioners of Cook county is hereby empowered to convey,
- 8 by warranty deed, to the State of I linois the following described lands and
- 4 premises, being the same now occupied by the Cook county insane asylum.
- 5 to-wit: The southeast quarter of section eighteen (18), township forty (40)
- 6 north, range thirteen (18) south, of Indian boundary line, Cook county
- 7 Illinois, together with the buildings thereon located, containing one hundred
- 8 and fifty six (156) acres. And said Northeastern Hospital for the Insane shall
- 9 be located thereon.
 - § 3. Upon the approval by the Attorney-General of the title to said lands,

- 2 and the delivery of a warranty deed to the Governor, conveying the same
- 3 to the State of Illinois, the Auditor of Public Accounts shall draw his war-
- 4 rant on the State Treasurer for the sum of one hundred and fifty thousand
- 5 dollars (\$150,000), payable to the treasurer of Cook county, which sum is
- 6 hereby appropriated for that purpose, and shall be in full payment for the
- 7 lands aforesaid.
 - § 4. The Governor shall appoint the trustees for said hospital within ten
- 2 days after the delivery of such deed, who shall be a body corporate and
- 3 politic, and shall be subject to the same rules, regulations, conditions and
- 4 purpose as trustees of other State charitable institutions, as now provided
- 5 by law.

AMENDMENTS REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS, MARCH 30, 1881.

Amend the title of the bill by striking out all after 'establish," and insert in

- 2 lieu thereof the following: "the Illinois Northeastern Hospital for the Insane,
- 3 at Jefferson, Crok county."
- 4 Amend the bill by striking out of section 1 all between "as," in sixth (written)
- 5 line, and "and," in seventh line of written bill, and insert in lieu thereof the
- 6 following: "the Illinois Northeastern Hospital for the Insane, at Jefferson,
- 7 Cook county."
- 8 Amend the bill by adding to section 3 the following: "I rovided, that no
- 9 money shall be so paid until the paupers shall be removed from said premises."

- Introduced by Committee on Appropriations March 16, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading March 16, 1881, and ordered to a second reading.

For an Act to provide for the ordinary and contingent expenses of the State Government until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the next regular session of the General Assembly.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That the following named sums be and are hereby appro-
- 3 priated to meet the ordinary and contingent expenses of the State government
- 4 until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the
- 5 next regular session of the General Assembly.
- 6 First... A sum not exceeding three thousand dollars (\$5,000) per annum shall
- 7 be subject to the order of the Governor for defraying all such public expenses
- 8 of the State government as are unforecen by the General Assembly and not
- 9 otherwise provided for by law, payment to be made from time to time upon
- 10 bills of particulars certified to by the Governor.
- 11 Second—The sum of three thousand five hundred dollars (\$5,500) per annum,
- 12 for clerk hire, in the Governor's office, payable quarterly, upon the Governor's
- 13 order.
- 14 Third-A sum not to exceed seven hundred and fifty dollars (\$750) per
- 15 annum, for postage, expressage, telegraphing and other incidental expenses
- 16 connected with the Governor's office, to be paid on bills of particulars, certified
- 17 to by the Governor.
- 18 Fourth-To the Governor, for one porter, the sum of seven hundred dollars
- 19 (\$700) per annum, payable quarterly upon the order of the Governor.

- 2 20 Fifth—To the Governor, for repairs and care of the executive mansion and grounds, and for heating and lighting the executive mansion, two thousand dol-21 lars (\$2,000) per annum, to be paid on bills of particulars certified to by the 23 Governor. 24 Sixth—To the Governor, for refurnishing the Executive Mansion, the sum of nine thousand dollars (\$9,000), or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be 25 paid upon bills of particulars, certified to by the Governor. 26 Seventh-To the Secretary of State, for clerk hire in his office, the sum of ten 27 thousand five hundred dollars (\$10,500), per annum, payable quarterly, upon his 31 84
- order. To the Secretary of State, for repairs, postage, expressage, telegraphing and other incidental expenses of the office, a sum not exceeding three thousand dollars (\$3,000) per annum, payable upon bills of particulars, certified by the Secretary of State and approved by the Governor. To the Secretary of State, for two porters and messengers, the sum of seven hundred dollars (\$700) each per annum, payable quarterly, upon his order; also, for continuing the work of indexing, classifying and arranging the files and records of the office of the State Department, the sum of three thousand dollars (\$3,000) per annum, pay-87 able upon his order and approved by the Governor. To the Secretary of State, for the payment of all necessary incidental expenses incurred by him in the care and custody of the State House and grounds and other State property, and in repairs and improvements of the same, and for the performance of such other duties as may be imposed upon him by law, and for which no other 41 appropriation has been made, the sum of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), per annum, payable upon bills of particulars, certified to by the Secretary of State and approved by the Governor.
- 45 Eighth—To the Auditor of Public Accounts, for clerk hire, the sum of seven thousand five hundred dollars (\$7,500) per annum, to be paid quarterly, upon 47 his order. To the Auditor of Public Accounts, for two porters and messengers, the sum of seven hundred dollars each per annum, payable quarterly upon his order. To the Auditor of Public Accounts, for repairs, postage, express charges, telegraphing and other incidental expenses incurred in the discharge of his duties, a sum not exceeding one thousand five hundred

dollars (\$1,500) per annum. To the Auditor of Public Accounts, for completing the classification, arrangement and care of the books, papers and cor respondence received from the United States land office, and for the proper indexing thereof, the sum of two thousand dollars (\$2,000), payable upon his order.

Ninth—To the State Treasurer, for clerk hire, the sum of four thousand dollars (\$4,000) per annum, physhle quarterly, upon his order. To the State Treasurer, for repairs, express charges, postage, telegraphing and other necessary incidental expenses connected with his office, a sum not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per annum, payable upon bills of particulars, certified to by him, and approved by the Governor. To the State Treasurer, the sum of three thousand two hundred dollars (\$3,200) per annum, for two night and two day watchmen, payable quarterly, upon his order. To the State Treasurer, the sum of eight hundred dollars (\$300) per annum, for one porter, payable quarterly, upon his order.

67 Tenth—To the Superintendent of Public Instruction, for clerk hire, the sum
68 of two thousand four hundred dollars (\$2,400) per annum; and for a janitor,
69 porter and messenger, who shall also perform the duties of clerk when not
70 otherwise employed, the sum of eight hundred dollars (\$600) per annum, pay71 able quarterly, upon his order. To the Superintendent of Public Instruction,
72 for repairs, periodicals and educational works and other necessary expenses of
73 said office, a sum not exceeding one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500) per
74 annum, payable on bills of particulars, certified to by him and approved by the
75 Governor. Appropriations made by this clause to be paid out of the State
76 school fund.

Eleventh—To the Attorney-General, for clerk hire, the sum of eighteen [hundred] dollars (\$1800) per annum, payable quarterly, upon his order; and for a porter and messenger, who shall also act as porter and messenger for the custodian of field notes, the sum of six hundred dollars (\$600) per annum, pay-sl able quarterly, upon his order. To the Attorney General, for telegraphing, postage and other necessary expenses incurred in the discharge of his

- 83 duties, a sum not to exceed two thousand dollars (\$2,000) per annum, payable
- 84 on bills of particulars, certified to by him and approved by the Governor.
- 85 Twelfth-To the Adjutant-General, for a clerk, ordnance sergeant and
- 86 janitor to aid and assist him in the discharge of his duties, the sum of one
- 87 thousand dollars (\$1,000) per annum, payable quarterly, upon his order. To
- 88 the Adjutant-General, for telegraphing, postage and other necessary office
- 89 expenses, a sum not to exceed seven hundred dollars (\$700) per annum, payable
- 90 on bills of particulars, certified to by him and approved by the Governor.
- 91 Thirteenth-To the custodian of field notes and surveys, for his office
- 92 expenses, the sum of six hundred dollars (\$600) per annum, payable on bills
- 98 of particulars, certified to by him and approved by the Governor.
- 94 Fourteenth-To the Board of Public Charities, for salary of secretary, a sum
- 95 not to exceed three thousand dollars (\$3,000) per snnum; and for clerk hire and
- 96 necessary incidental expenses of the board, a sum not to exceed four thousand
- 97 dollars (\$4,000) per annum, payable quarterly on bills of particulars approved
- 98 approved by the Governor.
- 99 Fifteenth-To the Lieutenant-Governor, for postage, telegraphing, stationery,
- 100 and other incidental expenses, the sum of fifty dollars (\$50), payable upon his
- 101 order.
- 102 Sixteenth—A sum not exceeding two thousand dollars (\$2,000) per annum, for
- 108 costs and expenses of State suits, to be paid upon bills of particulars certified
- 104 to by the Auditor and approved by the Governor.
- 105 Seventeenth-A sum not exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars (*25,000) per
- 108 annum, or so much thereof as may be necessary, for conveying convicts to the
- 107 penitentiary, to be paid on the Warden's certificate, at the compensation fixed
- 108 by the general laws, the Auditor to compute the distance by the nearest rail-
- 109 road route.
- 110 *Eighteenth*—For the payment of the expenses provided for by law for the
- 111 apprehension and delivery of fugitives from justice, twenty thousand dollars
- 112 (\$20,000), or so much thereof as may be necessary, payable out of the levy of
- 118 1880, and fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) payable out of the levy of 1881, to be

114 paid on the evidence required by law, certified to and approved by the 115 Governor.

Nineteenth.—The sum of three thousand dollars (\$3,000) per annum, or so much thereof as may be needed for conveying juvenile offenders to the Reform School at Pontiac, payable on the superintendent's certificate of delivery, at the rate of compensation allowed by law; the Auditor to compute the distance by the nearest railroad route.

121 Twentieth – For printing paper and stationery, for the use of the General 122 Assembly and executive departments, purchased on contracts as required by 123 law. payable on delivery thereof, on bills of particulars, certified to by the 124 Board of Commissioners of State Contracts, and approved by the Governor, the 125 sum of twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000), or so much thereof as may be needed 126 payable out of the levy of 1880, and fifteen thousand (\$15,000), payable out of 127 the levy of 1881.

Twenty-first—There is hereby appropriated to defray the incidental and con-128 129 tingent expenses of the Supreme Court, to-wit: for stationery, repairs, furniture, express, books, and other expenses deemed necessary by the court, the following sums: To the Northern Grand Division, the sum of three thousand dollars 181 (\$3,000) per annum; to the Central Grand Division, the sum of two thousand 132 dollars (\$2.000) per annum; to the Southern Grand Division, the sum of fifteen 133 hundred dollars (\$1500) per annum; the same to be payable upon bills of par-184 135 ticulars, certified to by at least two of the justices of said court. There is also appropriated for the pay of the librarians of the several grand divisions of said 136 court, who shall also act as librarians for the Appellate Courts when in session 187 in their respective grand divisions, the following sums: To the Northern 138 Grand Division, the sum of four hundred dollars (\$400) per annum; to the 139 Southern Grand Division, the sum of three hundred dollars (\$300) per annum; to the Central Grand Division, the sum of seven hundred and fifty dollars 142 (\$750) per annum, payable quarterly upon the certificate of at least two justices of said court. There is also appropriated the sum of three hundred dollars (\$300) per annum, each, to the Northern and Southern Grand Divisions of said court, and to the Central Grand Division of said court, the sum of four hund-

red dollars (\$400) per annum, for the pay of janitors, to perform such duties as shall be determined by said justices, to be paid quarterly, upon the order of at least two of the justices of said court. There is also hereby appropriated to 148 149 defray the incidental and contingent expenses of the Appellate Courts of this State, to-wit: for rents of court rooms, stationery, fuel, lights, postage, express-151 age, repairs, furniture, and other expenses, deemed necessary by the respective 152 courts, the following sums: To the First District, the sum of forty-five hundred dollars (\$4500) per annum; to the Second District, the sum of two thousand dollars (\$2,000) per annum; to the Third District, the sum of fifteen hun-154 dred dollars (\$1500) per annum; to the Fourth District, the sum of eight hun-155 156 dred dollars (\$800) per annum; these sums to be paid upon bills of particulars, 157 certified to by the clerk of the respective court, and upon the order of at least two of the judges of the respective court for which the expense was incurred. 158 159 Also the sum of four hundred dollars (\$400) per annum, to each of the Second and Third Districts, and the sum of three hundred dollars (\$300) to the Fourth 161 District, for the pay of janitors, to perform such duties as shall be determined by the judges of the respective courts, to be paid quarterly upon the order of 162 at least two of the judges of said courts for their district. 163 164 Twenty-second—The sum of fifty dollars (\$50), or so much thereof as may be necessary, for the payment of bailiff at the next session of the court of claims, 165

payable upon the order of the judges of said court. 166

Twenty-third-For public printing thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000), or so 167 much thereof as may be required. For public binding, fifteen thousand dollars 168 169 (\$15,000) per annum, or so much thereof as may be required. The public print-170 ing and binding to be paid for according to the contract, upon the certificate of 171 the board of commissioners of State contracts, and approved by the 172 Governor.

173 Twenty-fourth—The sum of fifty-seven thousand dollars (\$57,000), or so much 174 thereof as may be necessary, to pay the interest on the school fund, distributed annually in pursuance of law; the amount appropriated under this clause to 175 176 be paid out of the State school fund.

Twenty-fifth-Such sums as may be necessary, not to exceed twenty thousand 177

dollars (\$20,000), to refund the taxes on real estate sold or paid in error, and for over payments of collector's accounts, under laws governing such cases, to be paid out of the proper funds.

181 Twenty-sixth—For laborers, janitors and watchmen of the State House, who
182 shall perform such duties as shall be assigned to them by the Secretary of
183 State, the sum of six thousand dollars (\$6,000) per annum, payable quarterly,
184 upon the order of said Secretary of State.

Twenty-seventh-For the salary of the curator of the Illinois State Historical 185 Library and Natural History Museum, the sum of two thousand and five hun-186 dred dollars (\$2,500) per annum, and for the salary of one assistant the sum of 187 six hundred dollars (\$600) per annum. For the contingent and necessary 189 expenses of the curator, including traveling on business connected with his office, the sum of five hundred dollars (\$500) per annum. For additional cases. 190 furniture, and other necessary articles for the curator's office and the museum, 192 the sum of five thousand (\$5,000), to be paid upon the order of the board of 198 trustees of the Illinois State Historical Library and Natural History Museum, 194 and approved by the Governor.

195 Twenty-eighth—To the Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners, for the inci-196 dental expenses of their office, including care, stationery, postage and tele-197 graphing expenses, extra clerk hire, and for the secretary's salary, and for all necessary expenditures, except those hereinafter provided for, a sum not to 198 199 exceed four thousand dollars (\$4,000) per annum. For expenses incurred in 200 suits or investigations commenced by authority of the State, under any law 201 now in force or hereafter to be enacted, empowering or instructing the board of commissioners, including the fees of experts employed, the sum of five 202 thousand dollars (\$5,000) per annum, or such part thereof as may be needed for 204 such purposes. For the printing and publication of schedules of reasonable maximum rates of charges for the transportation of passengers and freights 205 and cars, made or revised for any or all of the railroads of this State, as 206 provided by law, the sum of two thousand dollars (\$2,000) per annum, or so 207 much thereof as may be needed for such purpose. 208

Twenty-ninth—A sum not to exceed fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) for the pay

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- 210 of the employes of the next General Assembly as allowed them by law, to be
- 211 paid on payrolls, certified to by the presiding officers of the respective houses,
- 212 or as otherwise provided by law.
- 213 Thirtieth—The sum of three thousand dollars (\$3,000) for rewards for arrests
- 214 of fugitives from justice, to be paid upon bills of particulars, having the order
- 215 of the Governor endorsed thereon.
- 216 Thirty:first—For copying the laws, journals and joint resolutions of the Gen-
- 217 gral Assembly, as provided by law, one thousand two hundred dollars (\$1,200).
- 218 For distribution of the laws, journals and other State documents, and inci-
- 219 dental expenses connected therewith, the sum of five hundred dollars (\$500).
- 290 Thirty-second—For heating, fuel and pay of engineers and firemen of the
- 221 State House and other incidental expenses thereof, the sum of ten thousand
- 222 dollars (\$10,000) per annum, or so much thereof as may be needed. For lighting
- 223 the State House and other incidental expenses thereof, the sum of four thou-
- 224 sand dollars (\$4,000) per annum, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be
- 225 paid upon bills of particulars, certified to by the Secretary of State and
- 226 approved by the Governor.
- 227 Thirty-third—To the State Board of Equalization, for paying expenses, a sum
- 228 not to exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) per annum, payable in the manner
- 230 provided by law.
- 231 Thirty-fourth—The sum of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per annum, for the
- 232 purchase of books for the library of the Southern Illinois Penitentiary, at
- 288 Chester, to be paid upon bills of particulars, having the order of the Gov-
- 284 ernor endorsed thereon.
- 285 Thirty-fifth—The sum of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per annum, for the
- 236 purchase of books for the library of the Illinois State Penitentiary, at Joliet,
- 237 to be paid upon bills of particulars, having the order of the Governor endorsed
- 238 thereon.
- 239 Thirty-sixth—Such sum as may be necessary to enable the Secretary of State
- 240 to purchase such volumes of the reports of the decisions of the Supreme Court
- 241 as he is or may be required by law to purchase, to be paid on bills of particu-
- 242 lars, certified to by the Secretary of State and approved by the Governor.

- 243 Thirty-eventh—The sum of eight hundred dollars (\$600), to purchase a por-244 trait of Governor Shelby M. Cullom, painted by G. A. P. Healy, to be hung in
- 245 the executive mansion.
- 246 Thirty-eighth-The sum of fifty-five hundred dollars (\$5,500), or so much
- 947 thereof, as may be required, for repairs and necessary improvements in the "
- 248 heating department of the State House, to be paid upon bills of particulars
- 249 certified to by the Secretary of State and approved by the Governor.
- 250 Thirty-ninth-To the State Board of Health, for salary of secretary, a sum not
- 251 to exceed twenty-five hundred dollars (\$2,500) per annum; for necessary office
- 252 expense, including expenses incurred in attending meetings of the board, and
- 252 in making sanitary inspections, fifteen hundred dollars (\$1,500) per annum;
- 254 for salary of assistant secretary and additional clerk hire that may be needed,
- 255 two thousand dollars (\$2,000) per annum. Also the sum of five thousand dollars
- 256 (5,000) as a contingent fund, to be used only with the consent and concurrence of
- 257 the Governor, in case of the outbreak of any epidemic or malignant disease,
- 258 such as yellow fever, cholera, etc., to defray the expenses of the Board of
- 259 Health in investigating the causes of such diseases, and in aiding to prevent
- 260 their spread, to be paid upon the order of the State Board of Health, signed by
- 261 the president of the Board and attested by the secretary.
- 262 Fortieth-To the State Library Secretary of State for the purchase of books
- 263 and expenses of the State Library, five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per annum,
- 264 payable on bills certified by the Board of Commissioners of the State Library.
- 265 Also eight hundred per annum, for salary of assistant librarian, payable quar-
- 266 terly, on the order of the Secretary of State, approved by the Governor.
- 267 Forty-first-The sum of one million dollars (\$1,000,000) annually, out of the
- 268 State school fund, to pay the amount of the Auditor's orders for the distribu-
- 269 tion of said fund to the several counties. The Auditor shall issue his warrants
- 270 on the proper evidence that the amount distributed has been paid to the county
- 271 school superintendents.
- 272 Forty-second—To the Commissioners of Labor Statistics, to pay the salary of
- 273 said commissioners and their secretary, and also their office and incidental
- 274 expenses, the sum of three thousand dollars (\$3,000) per annum, or so much

- 275 thereof as may be necessary, the same to be paid under the conditions of an 276 act creating said commissioners.
- Forty-third—The sum of two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) per annum, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to the fish commissioners of this State, to be used by them in pursuance of law; all expenditures to be
- 280 upon bills of particulars, certified to by a majority of the commissioners, and 281 approved by the Governor.
- \$ 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed to
- 2 draw his warrant on the State Treasurer for the sums herein specified, upon
- 3 the presentation of proper vouchers, and the State Treasurer shall pay the
- 4 same out of the proper funds in the treasury not otherwise appropriated. Said
- 5 warrants shall be drawn in favor of and payable to the order of the persons
- 6 entitled thereto.

- Introduced by Committee on Appropriations March 16, 1981, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading March 16, 1881, and ordered to a second reading.
- 3. March 29, 1881, second reading.
- 4. March 30, 1881, amended, and ordered to a third reading.

A BILL

For an Act to provide for the ordinary and contingent expenses of the State Government until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the next regular session of the General Assembly.

Sucrion 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 9 General Assembly. That the following named sums be and are hereby appro-
- 3 priated to meet the ordinary and contingent expenses of the State government
- 4 until the expiration of the first fis al quarter after the adjournment of the
- 5 next regular session of the General Assembly:
- 6 First-A sum not exceeding three thousand dollars (\$3,000) per annum shall
- 7 be subject to the order of the Governor for defraying all such public expenses
- 8 of the State government as are unforeseen by the General Assembly, and not
- 9 otherwise provided for by law, payment to be made from time to time upon
- 10 bills of particulars, certified to by the Governor.
- 11 Second—The sum of three thousand five hundred dollars (\$3,500) per annum,
- 12 for clerk hire in the Governor's office, payable quarterly, upon the Governor's
- 18 order.
- 14 Third- A sum not to exceed seven hundred and fifty dollars (\$750) per
- 15 annum, for postage, expressage, telegraphing and other incidental expenses
- 16 connected with the Governor's office, to be paid on bills of particulars, certified
- 17 to by the Governor.

- 18 Fourth-To the Governor, for one porter, the sum of seven hundred dollars
- 19 (\$700) per annum, payable quarterly, upon the order of the Governor.

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- 20 Fifth-To the Governor, for repairs and care of the executive mansion and
- 31 grounds, and for heating and lighting the executive mansion, two thousand
- 22 dollars (\$2,000) per annum, to be paid on bills of particulars, certified to by the
- 23 Governor.
- 24 Sixth-To the Governor, for refurnishing the Executive Mansion, the sum of
- 25 nine thousand dollars (\$9,000), or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be
- 26 paid upon bills of particulars, certified to by the Governor.
- 27 Seventh-To the Secretary of State, for clerk hire in his office, the sum of ten
- 28 thousand five hundred dollars (\$10,500) per annum, payable quarterly, upon his
- 29 order. To the Secretary of State, for repairs, postage, expressage, telegraphing
- 30 and other incidental expenses of the office, a sum not exceeding three thousand
- 81 dollars (\$3,000) per annum, payable upon bills of particulars, certified by the
- 32 Secretary of State and approved by the Governor. To the Secretary of State,
- \$8 for two porters and messengers, the sum of seven hundred dollars (\$700) each
- 34 per annum, payable quarterly, upon his order; also, for continuing the work of
- 35 indexing classifying and arranging the files and records of the office of the
- 36 State Department, the sum of three thousand dollars (\$3,000) per annum, pay-
- 37 able upon his order and approved by the Governor. To the Secretary of State,
- 38 for the payment of all necessary incidental expenses incurred by him in the
- 39 care and custody of the State House and grounds and other State property.
- 40 and in repairs and improvements of the same, and for the performance of such
- 41 other duties as may be imposed upon him by law, and for which no other
- 49 appropriation has been made, the sum of ten thousand dollars (*10,000) per
- 48 annum, payable upon bills of particulars, certified to by the Secretary of State
- 44 and approved by the Governor.
- 45 Eighth—To the Auditor of Public Accounts, for clerk hire, the sum of seven
- 46 thousand five hundred dollars (\$7,500) per annum, to be paid quarterly, upon
- 47 his order. To the Auditor of Public, Accounts, for two porters and measen-
- 48 gers, the sum of seven hundred dollars each per annum, payable quarterly
- 49 upon his order. To the Auditor of Public Accounts, for repairs, postage,

- 50 express charges, telegraphing and other incidental expenses incurred in the
- 51 discharge of his duties, a sum not exceeding one thousand five hundred
- 52 dollars (\$1,500) per annum. To the Auditor of Public Accounts, for com-
- 58pleting the elepsification, arrangement and care of the books, papers and cor-
- 54 respondence received from the United States land office, and for the proper
- 55 indexing thereof, the sum of two thousand dollars (\$3,000), payable upon his
- 56 order.
- 57 Ninth-To the State Treasurer, for clerk hire, the sum of four thousand dol-
- 58 lars (\$4,000) per annum, payable quarterly, upon his order. To the State Treas-
- 59 urer, for repairs, express charges, postage, telegraphing and other necessary
- 60 incidental expenses connected with his office, a sum not to exceed one thousand
- 61 dollars (\$1,000) per annum, payable upon bills of particulars, certified to by
- 69 him, and approved by the Governor. To the State Treasurer, the sum of three
- 63 thousand two hundred dollars (\$3,200) per annum, for two night and two day
- 64 watchmen, payable quarterly, upon his order. To the State Treasurer, the sum
- 65 of eight hundred dollars (\$800) per annum, for one porter, payable quarterly.
- 66 upon his order.
- 67 Tenth—To the Superintendent of Public Instruction, for clerk hire, the sum
- 68 of two thousand four hundred dollars (\$2,400) per annum; and for a janitor,
- 69 porter and messenger, who shall also perform the duties of clerk when not
- 70 otherwise employed, the sum of eight hundred dollars (\$800) per annum, pay-
- 71 able quarterly, upon his order. To the Superintendent of Public Instruction,
- 72 for repairs, periodicals, and educational works and other necessary expenses of
- 73 said office, a sum not exceeding one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1.500) per
- 74 annum, payable on bills of particulars, certified to by him and approved by the
- 75 Governor. Appropriations made by this clause to be paid out of the State
- 76 school fund.
- 77 Eleventh-To the Attorney General, for clerk hire, the sum of eighteen
- 78 [hundred] dollars (\$1,800) per annum, payable quarterly, upon his order, and
- 79 for a porter and messenger, who shall also act as porter and messenger for the
- 80 custodian of field notes, the sum of six hundred dollars (\$600) per annum, pay-
- 81 able quarterly, upon his order. To the Attorney General, for telegraphing,

- postage and other necessary expenses incurred in the discharge of his duties,
- 83 a sum flot to exceed two thousand dollars (\$3,000) per annum, payable on bills
- 84 of particulars, certified to by him and approve I by the Governor.
- 85 Though-To the Adjustint General, for a clerk, ordnance sergeant and
- 86 janitor to aid and assist him in the dis harge of his duties, the sum of one
- 87 thousand dollars (\$1,000) per annum, payable quarterly, upon his order. To
- 83 the Adjutant General, for telegraphing, postage, and other necessary office
- 89 expenses, a sum not to exceed seven hundre i dollars (\$700) per annum, payable
- 90 on bills of particulars, certified to by him and approved by the Governor: Pro-
- 91 vided, that the amount appropriated under this clause shall be paid out of the
- 92 military fund.
- 98 Thirteenth-To the custodian of field notes and surveys, for his office
- 94 expenses, the sum of six hundred dollars (\$600) per annum, payable on bills
- 95 of particulars, certified to by him and approved by the Governor-
- 96 Fourteenth To the Boary of Public Charities, for salary of secretary, a sum
- 97 not to exceed three thousand dollars (\$\$,000) per annum; and for clerk hire and
- 98 necessary incidental expenses of the board, a sum not to exceed four thousand
- 99 dollars (\$4,000) per annum, payable quarterly, on bills of particulars, approved
- 100 by the Governor.
- 101 Fiftee it.—To the Lieutenant Governor, for postage, telegraphing, stationery,
- 102 and other incide: tal expenses, the sum of fifty dollars (\$50), payable upon his order.
- 103 Sixteenth-A sum not exceeding two thousand dollars (\$2,000) per annum, for
- 104 costs and expenses of State suits, to be paid upon bills of particulars, certified
- 105 to by the Auditor and approved by the Governor.
- 106 Seventeenth-A sum not exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) per
- 107 annum, or so much thereof as may be necessary, for conveying convicts to the
- 108 penit-ntiary, to be paid on the warden's certificate, at the compensation fixed
- 109 by the general laws, the Auditor to compute the distance by the nearest rail-
- 110 road route.
- 111 Eighteenth For the payment of the expenses provided for by law for the
- 112 apprehension and delivery of fugitives from justice, twenty thousand dollars
- 118 (\$20,000), or so much thereof as may be necessary, payable out of the levy of

.1880, and fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) payable out of the levy of 1881, to 115 be paid on the evidence required by law, certified to and approved by the 116 Governor.

Nineteenth-The sum of three thousand dollars (\$3,000) per annum, or so 117 118 much thereof as may be needed for conveying invenile offenders to the Reform School, at Pontiac, payable on the superintendent's certificate of delivery, at the rate of compensation allowed by law, the Auditor to compute the distance 121 by the nearest railroad route.

Twentieth-For printing paper and stationery, for the use of the General 122 Assembly and executive departments, purchased on contracts as required by 128 law, payable on delivery thereof, on bills of particulars, certified to by the 124 135 Board of Commissioners of State Contracts, and approved by the Governor, the sum of twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000), or so much thereof as may be needed 126 payable out of the levy of 1880, and fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000), payable 137 out of the levy of 1881. 128

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Twenty-first—There is hereby appropriated to defray the incidental and contingent expenses of the Supreme Court, to-wit: forstationery, repairs, furniture. 130 express, books, and other expenses deemed necessary by the court, the follow, ing sums: To the Northern Grand Division, the sum of three thousand dollars (#3,000 per annum; to the Central Grand Division, the sum of two thousand dollars (\$2,000 per annum; to the Southern Grand Division, the sum of fifteen hundred dollars (*1,500) per annum; the same to be payable upon bills of particulars, certified to by at least two of the justices of said court. There is also appropriated for the pay of the librarians of the several grand divisions of said court, who shall also act as librarians for the Appellate Courts, when in session in their respective grand divisions, the following sums: To the Northern Grand Division, the sum of four hundred dollars (\$400) per annum; to the-Southern Grand Division, the sum of three hundred dollars (\$300) per annum: to the Central Grand Division, the sum of seven hundred and fifty dollars (\$750) perannum, payable quarterly, up in the certificate of at least two justices of said court. There is also appropriated the sum of three hundred dollars (x300) per annum, each, to the Northern and Southern Grand Divisions of said

court, and to the Central Grand Division of said court the sum of four hundred dollars (\$400) per annum, for the pay of janitors, to perform such duties as shall be determined by said justices, to be paid quarterly, upon the order of at least two of the justices of said court. There is also hereby appropriated to defray the incidental and contingent expenses of the Appellate Courts of this State, to-wit: for rents of court rooms, stationery, fuel, lights, postage, expressage, repairs, furniture, and other expenses deemed necessary by the respective courts, the following sums: To the rirst District, the sum of forty-five hun-154 dred dollars (\$4,500) per annum; to the Second District, the sum of two thousand dollars (\$1,000) per annum; to the Third District, the sum of fifteen hun-156 dred dollars (\$1,500) per annum; to the Fourth District, the sum of eight hundred dollars (\$600) per annum; these sums to be paid upon bills of particulars 158 certified to by the clerk of the respective court, and upon the order of at least 169 atwo of the judges of the respective court for which the expense was incurred. Also, the sum of four hundred dollars (\$400) per annum, to each of the Second and Third Districts, and the sum of three hundred dollars (\$300) to the Fourth District, for the pay of janitors, to perform such duties as shall be determined by the judges of the respective courts, to be paid quarterly, upon the order of at least two of the judges of said courts for their district. 164

Twenty-second—The sum of fifty dollars (\$50), or so much thereof as may be necessary, for the payment of bailiff at the next session of the court of claims, payable upon the order of the judges thereof.

Thomby-third—For public printing, thirty thousand dollars (\$40,000), or so much thereof as may be required. For public binding, fifteen thousand dollars (\$18,000) per annum, or so much thereof as may be required. The public printing and binding to be paid for according to the contract, upon the certificate of the Board of Commissioners of State Contracts, and approved by the Governor.

174 Twenty-fourth.—The sum of fifty-seven thousaid dollars (\$57,000) per annum, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to pay the interest on the school fund, distributed annually in pursuance of law; the amount appropriated under this clause to be paid out of the State school fund.

178 Twenty fifth—Such sums as may be necessary to refund the taxes on real estate
179 sold or paid in error, and for over payments of collector's accounts, under
180 laws governing such cases to be paid out of the proper funds.

Twenty-sixth—For laborers, janitors and watchmen of the State House, who shall perform such duties as shall be assigned to them by the Secretary of State, the sum of six thousand dollars (\$6,000) per annum, payable quarterly, upon the order of said Secretary of State.

185 Twenty-seventh—For the salary of the curator of the Illinois State Historical Library and Natural History Museum, the sum of two thousand and five hun-188 187 dred dollars (\$2,500) per annum, and for the salary of one assistant, the sum of six hundred dollars (\$600) per annum. For the contingent and necessary 188 189 expenses of the curator, including traveling on business connected with his 190 office, the sum of five hundred dollars (\$500) per annum. For additional cases, furniture and other necessary articles for the curator's office and the museum 192 the sum of five thousand dollars (\$5,000), to be paid upon the order of the board of trustees of the Illinois State Historical Library and Natural History Museum, and approved by the Governor.

195 Twenty-eighth-To the Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners, for the incidental expenses of their office, including care, stationrey, postage and telegraphing expenses, extra clerk hire, and for the secretary's salary, and for all necessary expenditures except those hereinafter provided for, a sum not to 198 exceed four thousand dollars (\$4,000) per annum. For expenses incurred in 200 suits or investigations commenced by authority of the State, under any law now in force or hereafter to be enacted, empowering or instructing the board 201 of commissioners, including the fees of experts employed, the sum of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) per annum, or such part thereof as may be needed for such purposes. For the printing and publication of schedules of reasonable maximum rates of charges for the transportation of passengers and freights 205 and cars, made or revised for any or all of the railroads of this State, as provided by law, the sum of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), or so much thereof as may be needed for such purpose.

Treenty-ninth—A sum not to exceed fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) for the pay

- 110 of the employes of the next General Assembly, as allowed them by law, to be
- 311 paid on pay-rolls, certified to by the presiding officers of the respective houses,
- 213 or as otherwise provided by law.
- 218 Thirtieth-The sum of three thousand dollars (\$3,000) for rewards for arrests
- 314 of fugitives from justice, to be paid upon bills of particulars, having the order
- 215 of the Governor endorsed thereon.
- 218 Thirty-first -For copying the laws, journals and joint resolutions of the Gen-
- 217 eral Assemily, as provided by law, one thousand two hundred dollars (\$1,200).
- 218 For distribution of the laws, journals and other State documents, and inci-
- 219 dental experses connected therewith, the sum of five hundred dollars (\$500).
- 2.0 Thirtymc nd-For heating, fuel and pay of engineers and firemen of the
- 221 State House, and other incidental expenses thereof, the sum of ten thousand
- 222 dollars (\$10,000) per annum, or so much thereof as may be needed. For lighting
- 223 the State House and other incidental expenses thereof, the sum of four thou-
- 224 sand dollars (\$4,000) per annum, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be
- 225 paid upon bills of particulars, certified to by the Secretary of State and
- 226 approved by the Governor.
- 237 Thirty-third-To the State Board of Equalization, for paying expenses, a sum
- 238 not to exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) per annum, payable in the manner
- 229 provided by law.
- 280 Thirty-tourth—The sum of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per annum, for the
- 231 purchase of books for the library of the Southern Illinois Penitentiary, at
- 232 Chester, to be paid upon bills of particulars, having the order of the Gov-
- 233 ernor endorsed thereon.
- 284 Thirty-fith-The sum of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per annum, for the
- 285 purchase of books for the library of the Illinois State Penifentiary, at Joliet.
- 286 to be paid upon bills of particulars, having the order of the Governor endorsed.
- 287 thereon.
- 288 Thirty-sixth--Such sum as may be necessary to enable the Secretary of
- 339 State to purchase such volumes of the reports of the decisions of the
- 240 Supreme Court as he is or may be required by law to purchase, to be

paid on bills of particulars, certified to by the Secretary of State and approved
by the Governor.

Thirty-seventh—The sum of eight hundred dollars (\$800), to purchase a por.
trait of Governor Shelby M. Cullom, painted by G. A. P. Healy, to be hung in

the executive mansion.

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Thirty-eighth—The sum of fifty-five hundred dollars (\$5,500), or so much thereof as may be required, for repairs and necessary improvements in the heating department of the State House, to be paid upon bills of particulars, certified to by the Secretary of State and approved by the Governor.

Thirtu-ninth-To the State Board of Health, for salary of secretary, a sum 250 not to exceed twenty-five hundred dollars (\$2,500) per annum; for necessary 251 252 office expense, including expenses incurred in attending meetings of the board. and in making sanitary inspections, fifteen hundred dollars (\$1,500) per annum; 253 for salary of assistant secretary and additional clerk hire that may be needed. 254 255 fifteen hundred dollars (\$1,500) per annum. Also, the sum of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) as a contingent fund, to be used only with the consent and con-256 currence of the Governor, in case of the outbreak of any epidemic or malignant disease, such as yellow (ever, cholera, etc., to defray the expenses of the 255 Board of Health in investigating the causes of such diseases, and in aiding to 259 prevent their spread, to be paid upon the order of the State Board of Health. 249) signed by the president of the board and attested by the secretary. 261

Fortish—To the State Library (Secretary of State) for the purchase of books and expenses of the State Library, five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per annum, payable on bills certified by the board of commissioners of the State Library. Also, eight hundred per annum, for salary of assistant librarian, payable quarterly, on the order of the Secretary of State, approved by the Governor.

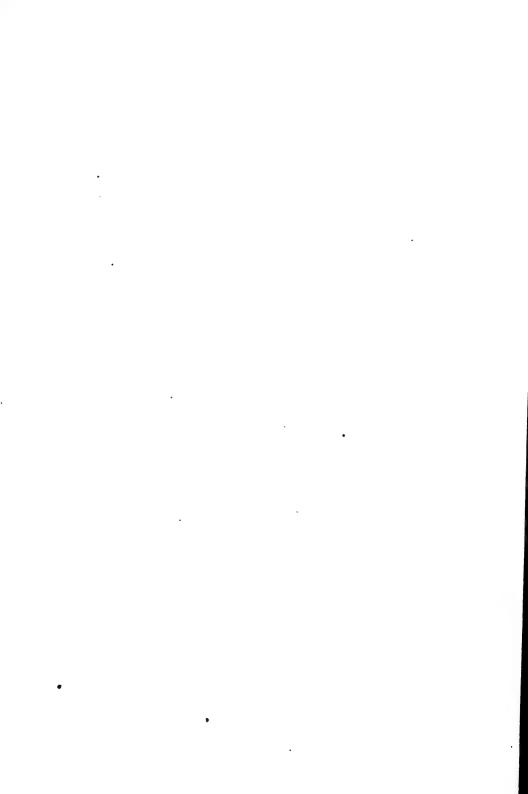
Forty-first -The sum of one million dollars (\$1,000,000) annually, out of the State school fund, to pay the amount of the Auditor's orders for the distribution of said fund to the several counties. The Auditor shall issue his warrants on the proper evidence that the amount distributed has been paid to the county school superintendents.

- Forty-second To the Commissioners of Labor Statistics, to pay the salary of said commissioners and their secretary, and also their office and incidental expenses, the sum of three thousand dollars (83,000) per annum, or so much thereof as may be necessary, the same to be paid under the conditions of an act creating said commissioners.
- Forty-third—The sum of two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) per annum, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to the fish commissioners of this State, to be used by them in pursuance of law; all expenditures to be upon bills of particulars, certified to by a majority of the commissioners, and approved by the Governor.
- 282 Forty-fourth—A sum not exceeding five thousand dollars (\$5,000) to pay the 283 expenses of committees of the Thirty-second General Assembly, such expenses 284 to be certified as may be provided by resolution of either house.
 - \$ 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant on the State Treasurer for the sums herein specified, upon the presentation of proper vouchers, and the State Treasurer shall pay the same out of the proper Finds in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated. Said warrants shall be drawn in favor of and payable to the order of the persons
 - 6 entitled thereto.

AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL NO. 365, REPORTED BY COMMITTEE ON CONFERENCE.

The following amendment be substituted in lieu thereof:

- 2 Amend item 27, by striking from lines 186 and 187, the words and figures "two
- 3 thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500)," and inserting in lieu thereof the words
- 4 and figures "two thousand dollars (\$2,000)." From line 190, strike words and
- 5 figures "five hundred dollars (\$500)," and insert the words and figures "three
- 6 hundred dollars (\$300)." From line 192, strike the words and figures "five thou-
- 7 sand dollars (\$5,000)," and insert the words and figures "two thousand five
- s hundred dollars (\$2,500)."



Reported to House, April 19, 1881. First reading April 19, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations. Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading. May 12, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to provide for the ordinary and contingent expenses of the State Gov ernment until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the next regular session of the General Assembly.

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 365. ADOPTED BY COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS.

- 1. Amend item four of section one by striking from line eighteen (all refer-
- 2 ences to lines are to printed bill) the words "seven hundred dollars (\$700)." and
- inserting in lieu thereof the words "six hundred dollars (\$600)."
- 2. Amend ninth item by striking from line sixty-five the words "one porter,"
- and inserting the words "messenger and clerk."
- 3. Amend tenth item by striking from line sixty-eight the words "two thou-R
- sand four hundred dollars (\$2,400)," and inserting in lieu thereof the words
- "four thousand dollars (\$4,000)."
- 4. Amend eleventh item by striking from lines seventy-seven and seventy-
- eight the words "eighteen hundred dollars (\$1,800)," and inserting "two thou-10
- 11 sand five hundred dollars (\$2,500)." Also strike from lines seventy-nine and
- eighty the words "who shall also act as porter and messenger for the custodian of
- field notes, the sum of six hundred dollars (\$600)," and insert in lieu thereof
- the words "four hundred dollars (\$400)" 14
- 15 5. Amend thirteenth, by inserting after the words "per annum." in line
- ninety-four, the words "and for a messenger the sum of two hundred dollars
- per annum."

- 18 6. Amoud the fourteenth item by striking from lines ninety-eight and
- ninety-nine the words "four thousand dollars (\$4,000)," and inserting the words 19
- "five thousand dollars (\$5.000)."
- 21 7. Amend twenty-first item by striking from lines one hundred and forty-
- four and one hundred and forty-five the words "three hundred dollars (\$300),"
- and inserting the words "five hundred dollars (\$500)." Also strike from lines
- one hundred and forty-six and one hundred and forty-seven the words "four
- hundred dollars (\$400)," and insert the words "seven hundred dollars (\$700)."
- After the word "janitor," in line one hundred and forty-seven, insert the words
- "who shall act as janitor for the appellate courts in their several districts with-
- out extra compensation." After the words "per annum," in line one hundred
- and fifty-four, insert the words: "Provided, that the judges of said appellate
- court are hereby empowered to renew the present lease, or rent other rooms, at
- a rental not to exceed \$3,000 per annum." Strike from lines one hundred and sixty,
- one hundred and sixty-one, one hundred and sixty-two, one hundred and sixty-

three and one hundred and sixty-four the words, "Also the sum of four hundred dollars (\$400) per annum to each of the second and third districts, and the

- sum of three hundred dollars (\$300) to the fourth district, for the pay of janitors.
- to perform such duties as shall be determined by the judges of the respective
- courts, to be paid quarterly, upon the order of at least two of the judges of
- said courts for their district."
- 8. Amend item 27 by striking from lines 186 and 187 the words, "two thou-89
- sand five hundred dollars (\$2,500),"and inserting in lieu thereof the words, "two
- thousand dollars (\$2,000)." From line 190 strike the words, "five hundred
- dollars (\$500)," and insert the words, "four hundred dollars (\$400)." From line
- 192 strike the words, "five thousand dollars (\$5,000)," and insert "two thousand
- five hundred dollars (\$2,500)."
- 9. Amend thirty-first item by inserting at the end of line 219 the words "or 45
- as much as may be necessary."
- 47 10. Amend thirty-fourth item by striking from line 230 the words "one thou
- sand dollars (\$1,000)," and inserting the words "two hundred and fifty dollars
- (\$250)."

- 50 11. Amend thirty-fifth item by striking from line 234 the words "one thou
- 51 sand dollars (\$1,000)" and inserting the words "two hundred and fifty dollars
- 52 (\$250)."
- 53 12. Amend thirty-seventh item by striking from line 243 the words "eight
- 54 hundred dollars (\$800)," and inserting the words "five hundred dollars (\$500)."
- 55 Also strike from line 244 the words "painted by G. A. R. Healy."
- 56 13. Amend thirty-eighth item by striking from line 246 the words "fifty-five
- 57 hundred dollars (\$5,500)," and inserting the words "two thousand five hundred
- 58 dollars (\$2,500)."
- 59 14. Amend thirty-ninth item by striking from line 253 the words "fifteen
- 60 hundred dollars (\$1,500)," and inserting "two thousand dollars (\$2,000)."
- 61 Strike from lines 254 and 255 the words "salary of assistant secretary and
- 62 additional that may be needed fifteen hundred dollars (\$1,500)," and insert
- 63 after the words "clerk hire," in line 254, the words "two thousand five hundred
- [64] dollars (\$2,500)." Strike from line 261 the words "signed by the president of
 - 65 the board and attested by the secretary," and insert the words "approved by
- 66 the Governor."
- 67 15. Amend fortieth item by striking from line 263 the words "five thousand
- 68 dollars (\$5,000)," and inserting the words "two thousand five hundred dollars
- 69 (\$2,500)."
- 70 16. Amend forty-fourth item by striking from line 283 the words "Thirty-
- 71 second," and inserting the words "Thirty-third."

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly. That the following named sums be and are hereby appropri-
- 3 ated to meet the ordinary and contingent expenses of the State government
- 4 until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the next
- 5 regular session of the General Assembly:
- 6 First—A sum not exceeding three thousand dollars (\$3,000) per annum shall
- be subject to the order of the Governor for defraying all such public expenses

- 8 of the State government as are unforeseen by the General Assembly, and not
- 9 otherwise provided for by law, payment to be made from time to time upon
- 10 bills of particulars, certified to by the Governor.
- 11 Second—The sum of three thousand five hundred dollars (\$3,500) per annum,
- 19 for clerk hire in the Governor's office, payable quarterly, upon the Governor's
- 13 order.
- 14 Third-A sum not to exceed seven hundred and fifty dollars (\$750) per
- 15 annum, for postage, expressage, telegraphing and other incidental expenses
- 16 connected with the Governor's office, to be paid on bills of particulars, certified
- 17 to by the Governor.
- 18 Fourth-To the Governor, for one porter, the sum of seven hundred dollars
- 19 (\$700) per annum, payable quarterly, upon the order of the Governor.
- 20 Fifth-To the Governor, for repairs and care of the executive mansion and
- 21 grounds, and for heating and lighting the executive mansion, two thousand
- 22 dollars (\$2,000) per annum, to be paid on bills of particulars, certified to by the
- 23 Governor.
- 24 Sixth—To the Governor, for refurnishing the executive mansion, the sum of
- 25 nine thousand dollars (\$9,000), or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be
- 26 paid upon bills of particulars, certified to by the Governor.
- 37 Seventh -- To the Secretary of State, for clerk hire in his office, the sum of ten
- 28 thousand five hundred dollars (\$10,500) per annum, payable quarterly, upon his
- 29 order. To the Secretary of State, for repairs, postage, expressage, telegraphing
- 30 and other incidental expenses of the office, a sum not exceeding three thousand
- \$1 dollars (\$3,000) per annum, payable upon bills of particulars, certified by the
- 32 Secretary of State and approved by the Governor. To the Secretary of State.
- 33 for two porters and messengers, the sum of seven hundred dollars (\$700) each
- 34 per annum, payable quarterly, upon his order; also for continuing the work of
- 85 indexing, classifying and arranging the files and records of the office of the
- :

State Department, the sum of three thousand dollars (\$3,000 per annum, pay-

- 27 able upon his order and approved by the Governor. To the Secretary of State
- 38 for the payment of all necessary incidental expenses incurred by him in the
- 89 care and custody of the State House and grounds and other State property

and in repairs and improvements of the same, and for the performance of such other duties as may be imposed upon him by law, and for which no other 42 appropriation has been made, the sum of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) per annum, payable upon bills of particulars, certified to by the Secretary of State 43 and approved by the Governor. Eighth—To the Auditor of Public Accounts, for clerk hire, the sum of seven 45 46 thousand five hundred dollars (\$7,500) per annum, to be paid quarterly, upon his order. To the Auditor of Public Accounts, for two porters and messengers, the sum of seven hundred dollars each per annum, payable quarterly, upon his order. To the Auditor of Public Accounts, for repairs, postage, 49 50 express charges, telegraphing and other incidental expenses incurred in the discharge of his duties, a sum not exceeding one thousand five hundred 51 dollars (\$1,500) per annum. To the Auditor of Public Accounts, for com-52 pleting the classification, arrangement and care of the books, papers and cor-53 respondence received from the United States land office, and for the proper 54 indexing thereof, the sum of two thousand dollars (\$2,000), payable upon his 55 56 order. 57 Ninth—To the State Treasurer, for clerk hire, the sum of four thousand dol 58 lars (\$4,000) per annum, payable quarterly, upon his order. To the State Treas. urer, for repairs, express charges, postage, telegraphing and other necessary 59 incidental expenses connected with his office, a sum not to exceed one thousand 60 dollars (\$1,000) per annum, payable upon bills of particulars, certified to by 61 him, and approved by the Governor. To the State Treasurer, the sum of three thousand two hundred dollars (\$3,200) per annum, for two night and two day watchmen, payable quarterly, upon his order. To the State Treasurer, the sum of eight hundred dollars (\$800) per annum, for one porter, payable quarterly, 66 Kupon his order. Tenth—To the Superintendent of Public Instruction, for clerk hire, the sum 67 of two thousand four hundred dollars (\$2,400) per annum; and for a janitor. porter and messenger, who shall also perform the iduties of clerk when not otherwise employed, the sum of eight hundred dollars (\$800) per annum, pay-71 Table quarterly, upon his order. To the Superintendent of Public Instruction.

- 72 for repairs, periodicals and educational works and other necessary expenses of
- 78 said office, a sum not exceeding one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500) per
- 74 annum, payable on bills of particulars, certified to by him and approved by the
- 75 Governor. Appropriations made by this clause to be paid out of the State
- 76 school fund.
- 77 Eleventh-To the Attorney General, for clerk hire, the sum of eighteen
- 78 [hundred] dollars (\$1,800) per annum, payable quarterly, upon his order, and
- 79 for a porter and messenger, who shall also act as porter and messenger for the
- 80 custodian of field notes, the sum of six hundred dollars (\$600) per annum, pay-
- 81 able quarterly, upon his order. To the Attorney General, for telegraphing,
- 82 postage and other necessary expenses incurred in the discharge of his duties,
- 83 a sum not to exceed two thousand dollars (\$2,000) per annum, payable on bills
- 84 of particulars, certified to by him and approved by the Governor.
- 85 Twelfth-To the Adjutant General, for a clerk, ordnance sergeant and
- 86 janitor to aid and assist him in the discharge of his duties, the sum of one
- 87 thousand dollars (\$1,000) per annum, payable quarterly, upon his order. To
- 88 the Adjutant General, for telegraphing, postage, and other necessary office
- 89 expenses, a sum not to exceed seven hundred dollars (\$700) per annum, payable
- 90 on bills of particulars, certified to by him and approved by the Governor: Pro-
- 91 vided, that the amount appropriated under this clause shall be paid out of the
- 92 military fund.
- 93 Thirteenth—To the custodian of field notes and surveys, for his office
- 94 expenses, the sum of six hundred dollars (\$600) per annum, payable on bills of
- 95 particulars, certified to by him and approved by the Governor.
- 96 Fourteenth-To the Board of Public Charities, for salary of secretary, a sum
- 97 not to exceed three thousand dollars (\$3,000) per annum; and for clerk hire and
- 98 necessary incidental expenses of the board, a sum not to exceed four thousand
- 99 dollars (\$4,000) per annum, payable quarterly, on bills of particulars, approved
- 100 by the Governor.
- 101 Fifteenth—To the Lieutenant Governor, for postage, telegraphing, stationery,
- 102 and other incidental expenses, the sum of fifty dollars (\$50) payable upon his order
- 108 Sixteenth—A sum not exceeding two thousand dollars (\$2,000) per annum, for

- 104 costs and expenses of State suits, to be paid upon bills of particulars, certified
- 105 to by the Auditor and approved by the Governor.
- 106 Seventeenth-A sum not exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) per
- 107 annum, or so much thereof as may be necessary for conveying convicts to the
- 108 penitentiary, to be paid on the warden's certificate, at the compensation fixed
- 109 by the general laws, the Auditor to compute the distance by the nearest rail-
- 110 road route.
- 111 Eighteenth-For the payment of the expenses provided for by law for the
- 112 apprehension and delivery of fugitives from justice, twenty thousand dollars
- 118 (\$20,000), or so much thereof as may be necessary, payable out of the levy of
- 114 1880, and fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) payable out of the levy of 1881, to
- 115 be paid on the evidence required by law, certified to and approved by the
- 116 Governor.
- 117 Nineteenth-The sum of three thousand dollars \$(\$,000) per annum, or so
- 118 much thereof as may be needed for conveying juvenile effenders to the Reform
- 119 School, at Pontiac, payable on the superintendent's certificate of delivery, at
- 120 the rate of compensation allowed by law, the Auditor to compute the distance
- 121 by the nearest railroad route.
- 122 Twentieth—For printing paper and stationery, for the use of the General
- 123 Assembly and executive departments, purchased on contracts as required by
- 124 law, payable on delivery thereof, on bills of particulars, certified to by the
- 125 Board of Commissioners of State Contracts, and approved by the Governor, the
- 126 sum of twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000), or so much thereof as may be needed.
- 127 payable out of the levy of 1880, and fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000), payable
- 128 out of the levy of 1881.
- 129 Twenty first—There is hereby appropriated to defray the incidental and con-
- 130 tingent expenses of the Supreme Court, to-wit: for stationery, repairs, furniture,
- 131 express, books, and other expenses deemed necessary by the court, the follow-
- 132 ing sums: To the Northern Grand Division, the sum of three thousand dollars
- 133 (\$3,000) per annum; to the Central Grand Division, the sum of two thousand
- 134 dollars (\$2,000) per annum; to the Southern Grand Division, the sum of fifteen
- 135 hundred dollars (\$1,500) per annum; the same to be payable upon bills of par

ticulars, certified to by at least two of the justices of said court. There is also appropriated for the pay of the librarians of the several grand divisions of said 187 court, who shall also act as librarians for the Appellate Courts, when in session 138 139 in their respective grand divisions, the following sums: To the Northern Grand Division, the sum of four hundred dollars (\$400) per annum; to the 140 Southern Grand Division, the sum of three hundred dollars (\$900) per annum; 141 149 to the Central Grand Division, the sum of seven hundred and fifty dollars 143 (\$750) per annum, payable quarterly, upon the certificate of at least two justices of said court. There is also appropriated the sum of three hundred dollars 144 145 (\$300) per annum, each, to the Northern and Southern Grand Division of said court, and to the Central Grand Division of said court the sum of four hun-146 dred dollars (\$400) per annum, for the pay of janitors, to perform such duties as 147 shall be determined by said justices, to be paid quarterly, upon the order of at least two of the justices of said court. There is also hereby appropriated to defray the incidental and contingent expenses of the Appellate Courts of this 150 State, to-wit: for rents of court rooms, stationery, fuel, lights, postage, expressage, repairs, furniture, and other expenses deemed necessary by the respective 152 courts, the following sums: To the First District, the sum of forty-five hun-154 dred dollars (\$4,500) per annum; to the Second District, the sum of two thou-155 sand dollars (\$2,000) per annum; to the Third District, the sum of fifteen hundred dollars (\$1,500) per annum; to the Fourth District, the sum of eight hundred dollars (\$800) per annum; these sums to be paid upon bills of particulars. 157 certified to by the clerk of the respective court, and upon the order of at least 158 two of the judges of the respective court for which the expense was incurred. 159 Also, the sum of four hundred dollars (\$400) per annum, to each of the Second and Third Districts, and the sum of three hundred dollars (*300) to the Fourth 161 District, for the pay of janitors, to perform such duties as shall be determined 162 by the judges of the respective courts, to be paid quarterly, upon the order of at least two of the judges of said courts for their district. 164 Twenty-second—The sum of fifty dollars (\$50), or so much thereof as may be 165

necessary, for the payment of bailiff at the next session of the court of claims,

payable upon the order of the judges thereof.

166

- To enterthird. For public printing, thirty thousand dollars (\$20,000), or so much thereof as may be required. For public binding, fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) per annum, or so much thereof as may be required. The public printing and binding to be paid for according to the contract, upon the certificate of
- 172 the Board of Commissioners of State Contracts, and approved by the
- 173 Governor.
- 174 Twenty-fourth. The sum of fifty-seven thousand dollars (\$57,000) per amoun,
- 475 or so much thereof as may be necessary, to pay the interest on the school fund,
- 476 distributed annually in pursuance of law; the amount appropriated under
- 177 this clause to be paid out of the State school fund.
- 178 Twenty-nfth Such sums as may be necessary to refund the taxes on real
- 179 estate sold or paid in error, and for over payments of collector's accounts.
- 180 under laws governing such cases, to be paid out of the proper funds.
- 181 Twenty-sixth -- For laborers, janitors and watchmen of the State House, who
- 182 shall perform such duties as shall be assigned to them by the Secretary of
- 183. State, the sum of six thousand dollars (\$6,000) per annum, payable quarterly,
- 184 upon the order of said Secretary of State.
- 185 Twenty-seventh For the salary of the curator of the Illinois State Historical
- 186 Library and Natural History Museum, the sum of two thousand and five hun-
- 187 dred dollars (\$2.700) per annum, and for the salary of one assistant, the sum of
- 188 six hundred dollars (#600) per annum. For the contingent and necessary
- 189 expenses of the curator, including traveling on business connected with his
- •
- 191 furniture and other necessary articles for the curator's office and the museum,

office, the sum of five hundred dollars (#500) per annum. For additional cases,

- 192 the sum of five thousand dollars (\$5,000), to be paid upon the order of the
- 193 board of trustees of the Illinois State Historical Library and Natural His-
- 194 tory Museum, and approved by the Governor.
- 195 Twenty-eighth-To the Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners, for the inci-
 - 96 dental expenses of their office, including care, stationery, postage and tele-
- 197 graphing expenses, extra clerk hire, and for the secretary's salary, and for all
- 198 necessary expenditures except those hereinafter provided for, a sum not to

- exceed four thousand dollars (\$4,000 per annum. For expenses incurred in suits or investigations commenced by authority of the State, under any law 201 now in force or hereafter to be enacted, empowering or instructing the board of commissioners, including the fees of experts employed, the sum of ten 2112 thousand dellars (\$10,000) per annum, or such part thereof as may be needed 2413 for such purposes. For the printing and publication of schedules of reason-204 able maximum rates of charges for the transportation of passengers and 205 20% freights and cars, made or revised for any or all of the railroads of this State, as provided by law, the sum of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), or so 207 much thereof as may be needed for such purpose. 208
- 200 Twenty-ninth—A sum not to exceed fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) for the pay 210 of the employes of the next General Assembly, as allowed them by iaw, to be 211 paid on pay-rolls, certified to by the presiding officers of the respective houses, 212 or as otherwise provided by law.
- 213 Thirtieth—The sum of three thousan i dollars (\$3,000) for rewards for arrests 214 of fugitives from justice, to be paid upon bills of particulars, having the order 215 of the Gevernor endopsed thereon.
- Thi typicst: For copying the laws, journals and joint resolutions of the General Assembly as provided by law, one thousand two hundred dollars #1,200, 218. For distribution of the laws, journals and other State documents, and inci-219 dental expenses connected therewith, the sum of five hundred dollars #500.
- Thirty-second—For heating, fuel and pay of engineers and firemen of the State House, and other incidental expenses thereof, the sum of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) per annum, or so much thereof as may be needed. For lighting the State House and other incidental expenses thereof, the sum of four thousand dollars (\$4,000) per annum, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be paid upon bills of particulars, certified to by the Secretary of State
- 227 Thirty-third—To the State Board of Equalization, for paying expenses, a sum not to exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) per annum, payable in the manner provided by law.

226

and approved by the Governor.

V30 Thirty-fourth—The sum of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per annum. for the

- 281 purchase of books for the library of the Southern Illinois Penitentiary, at
- 232 Chester, to be paid upon bills of particulars, having the order of the Gov-
- 233 ernor endorsed thereon.
- 234 Thirty:fifth. The sum of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per annum, for the
- 235 purchase of books for the library of the Illinois State Penitentiary, at
- 236 Joliet, to be paid upon bills of particulars, having the order of the, Governor
- 237 endorsed thereon.
- 238 Thirty-sixth-Such sum as may be necessary to enable the Secretary of
- 239 State to purchase such volumes of the reports of the decisions of the
- 240 Supreme Court as he is or may be required by law to purchase, to be
- 241 paid on bills of particulars, certified to by the Secretary of State and approved
- 942 by the Governor.
- 243 Thirty-seventh-The sum of eight hundred dellars (\$800), to purchase a por-
- 244 trait of Governor Shelby M. Cullom, painted by G. A. P. Healy, to be hung in
- 245 the executive mansion.
- 246 Thirty-eighth The sum of fifty-five hundred dollars (\$5,500), or so much
- 247 thereof as may be required for repairs and necessary improvements in the
- 248 heating department of the State House, to be paid upon bills of particulars
- 249 certified to by the Secretary of State and approved by the Governor.
- 250 Thirty-ninth To the State Board of Health, for salary of secretary, a sum
- 251 not to exceed twenty-five hundred dollars (\$2,500) per annum; for necessary
- 252 office expense, including expenses incurred in attending meetings of the board,
- 253 and in making sanitary inspections, fifteen hundred dollars (\$1500) per annum:
- 254 for salary of assistant secretary and additional clerk hire that may be needed
- 255 fifteen hundred dollars (\$1,500) per annum. Also, the sum of five thousand
- 256 dollars (\$5,000) as a contingent fund, to be used only with the consent and con
- 257 currence of the Governor, in case of the outbreak of any epidemic or malig-
- 258 nant disease, such as yellow fever, cholera, etc., to defray the expenses of the
- 259 Board of Health in investigating the causes of such diseases, and in aiding to
- 260 prevent their spread, to be paid upon the order of the State Board of Health,
- 261 signed by the president of the board and attested by the secretary.
- 262 Fortieth—To the State Library (Secretary of State) for the purchase of books

- 263 and expenses of the State Library, five thousand dollars (\$5,000 per and on,
- 264 payable on bills certified by the board of columissioners of the State Library.
- 265 Also, eight hundred per amoum, for salary of assistant librarian, payable
- 266 quarterly, on the order of the Secretary of State, approved by the Governor.
- 267 Forty: first- The sum of one million dollars (\$1,000,000) annually, out of the
- 268 State school fund, to pay the amount of the Auditor's orders for the distribu-
- 269 tion of said fund to the several counties. The Auditor shall issue his warrants
- 270 on the proper evidence that the amount distributed has been paid to the
- 271 county school superintendents.
- 272 Forty-second—To the Commissioners of Lubor Statistics, to pay the salary of
- 273 said commissioners and their secretary, and also their office and incidental
- 274 expenses, the sum of three thousand dollars (\$3,000 per annum, or so much
- 275 thereof as may be necessary, the same to be paid under the conditions of an
- 276 act creating said commissioners.
- 277 Forty-third—The sum of two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500 per
- 278 annum, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to the fish commissioners of
- 279 this State, to be used by them in pursuance of law; all expenditures to be upon
- 280 bills of particulars, certified to by a majority of the commissioners, and
- 281 approved by the Governor.
- 282 Forty-fourth A sum not exceeding five thousand dollars (\$5,000) to pay the
- 283 expenses of committees of the Thirty-second General Assembly, such expenses
- 284 to be certified as may be provided by resolution of either house.
 - § 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and directed to
 - 2 draw his warrant on the State Treasurer for the sums herein specified, upon
 - 3 the presentation of proper vouchers and the State Treasurer shall pay the
 - 4 same out of the proper funds in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated. Said
 - 5 warrants shall be drawn in favor of and payable to the order of the persons
 - 6 entitled thereto.

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 365, ADOPTED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES MAY 23 AND 24, 1881.

- 1. Amend item 4 of section 1 by striking from line 18 (all references to lines
- 2 in these amendments refer to printed bill) the words, "seven hundred dollars
- 3 (\$700)," and inserting in lieu thereof the words, "six hundred dollars (\$60)."
- 4 2. Amend 9th item by striking from line 65 the words "one porter," and insert-
- 5 ing the words, "messenger and clerk."
- 6 3. Also from 79 and 80 strike out the words and figures, "who shall also act as
- 7 porter and messenger for the custodian of field notes, the sum of six hundred
- 8 dollars (\$600)," and inserting in lieu thereof the words and figures, "the sum of
- 9 four hundred dollars (\$400)."
- Amend 13th item by inserting after the words "per annum," in line 94, the
- 11 words, "and for a messenger the sum of two hundred dollars per annum."
- 19 5. Amend 21st item by striking from lines 144 and 145 the words and figures
- 13 "three hundred dollars (\$300)," and inserting the words and figures, "five hun-
- 14 dred dollars (\$500)." Also, strike from lines 146 and 147, the words and figures,
- 15 "four hundred dollars (\$400)," and insert the words and figures, "seven hundred
- 16 dollars (\$700)." After the word "janitor," in line 147, insert the words, "who
- 17 shall act as janitor for the appellate courts, in their several districts, without
- 18 extra compensation." After the words "per annum," in line 154, insert the
- 19 words, "Provided, that the judges of said appellate court are hereby empowered
- 90 to renew the present lease or rent other rooms at a rental not to exceed \$3,000
- 21 per annum." From lines 160, 161, 162, 163 and 164, strike the words and figures.
- 22 "Also the sum of four hundred dollars (\$400) per annum to each of the second
- 23 and third districts, and the sum of three hundred dollars (\$300) to the fourth
- 24 district, for the pay of janitors, to perform such duties as shall be determined
- 25 by the judges of the respective courts, to be paid quarterly upon the order of at
- 26 least two of the judges of said courts for their districts."
- 27 6. Amend item 37, by striking from lines 186 and 187, the words and figures
- 28 "two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2.500)," and inserting in lieu thereof the
- 29 words and foures "one thousand eight hundred dollars (\$1,800)." From line 190.

- 30 strike words and figures "five hundred dollars (\$500)," and insert the words and
- \$1 figures "three hundred dollars (\$300)." From line 192, strike the words and
- 32 figures "five thousand dollars (\$5,000)," and insert the words and figures "two
- 33 thous and five hundred dollars (\$2,500)."
- 84 7. Amend 31st item by inserting at the end of line 219, the words "or so much
- 85 thereof as may be necessary."
- 36 8. Amend 34th item by striking from line 230 the words and figures "one
- 37 thousand dollars (\$1,000)," and inserting the words and figures "two hundred
- 38 and fifty dollars (\$25))."
- 59 9. Amend 35th item by striking from line 234 the words and figures "one
- 40 thousand dollars (\$1,000)," and incerting the words and figures "two hundred
- 41 and fifty dellars (\$250)."
- 42 10. Amend 37th item by striking from line 243 the words and figures "eight
- 48 hundred dollars (\$500)" and inserting the words and figures "five hundred dol-
- 44 lars (\$500)." Also strike from line 244 the words "painted by G. A. R. Healy."
- 45 11. Amend 38th item by striking from line 246 the words and figures "fifty-
- 46 five hundred dollars (\$5,500)" and inserting the words and figures "two thou-
- 47 sand five hundred dollars (\$2.500)."
- 48 12 Strike from line 261 the words, "signed by the president of the board and
- 49 attested by the secretary," and insert the words "approved by the Governor."
- 50 13. Amend 40th item by striking from line 263 the words, five thousand
- 51 dollars (\$5,000)," and inserting the words "two thousand five hundred dollars
- 52 (\$2,5(XI)."
- 53 14. Amend 44th i'em by striking from line 283 the words, "Thirty second,"
- 54 and inserting the words "Thirty-third."
- 55 Amend by striking out the words "one thousand dollars," in lines 86 and 87.
- 56 and inserting in lieu thereof the words and agues time thousand dollars
- 57 (\$2,000)."
- 58 Amend by adding after the word 'route," in its \$10.55 follows: "a sum not
- 59 exceeding three thousand dollars (\$3,000), or so much thereof as may be required
- 60 for the payment of the cost of transferring insanc patients, rendered necessary
- 61 by the passage of an act to secure equality among the counties in the matter of

- 62 the admission of patients into the State hospitals for the insane, the expenses
- 63 incurred to be repaid to the several hospitals on receipted bills showing the
- 64 moneys actually paid on account of such transfer, as provided by law."
- 65 Amend line 114 by striking out the words and figures "fifteen thousand dol-
- 66 lars (\$15,000)," and inserting in lieu thereof the words and figures "ten thousand
- 67 dollars (\$10,000)."
- 68 Amend by adding, at the end of line 1-9, the following:
- 69 "And there is hereby appropriated the sum of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000),
- 70 to be used as follows: Six thousand dollars \$6,000) to be expended in the pur-
- 71 chase of law books for the exclusive use of the appellate court for the first
- 72 district, and four thousand dollars (\$4,000) to be expended in the purchase of
- 73 law books for the law library at the capitol.
- 74 "That the judges of the appellate court are hereby authorized and directed,
- 75 as soon as they think proper after this act shall be in force, to select and pur-
- 76 chase for the use of said libraries, respectively, such law books as, in their judg
- 77 ment are most useful and necessary, the total cost of said books not to exceed the
- 78 sums hereby appropriated. And on the presentation of the account of the pur-
- 79 chase of such books by said judges, or a majority of them, the Auditor shall
- 80 draw a warrant on the State Treasurer for the amount or amounts thereof, pay-
- 81 able to the holder of such certificate or certificates out of the money hereby
- 82 appropriated."
- 83 Amend by striking out of line 203 the words "including the fees of experts
- 84 employed."
- 85 Amend the bill by adding item 45th: "To the Adjutant-General, the addi-
- 86 tional sum of fifteen hundred dollars, for the preparation and printing and
- 87 binding of the records of the services of the Illinois Soldiers in the Mexican
- 88 and Black Hawk Wars, to be paid out of any money in the State Treasury not
- 89 otherwise appropriated, on the warrant of the Auditor of Public Accounts.
- 90 drawn on youchers of the Adjutant-General, approved by the Governor: Pro-
- 91 vided, that no part of this appropriation shall be paid for paper, which shall be
- 92 furnished by the Secretary of State out of paper obtained for the State under
- 93 contract, of quality to be selected by the Governor."



(Substitute for No. 216.)

- 1. Introduced by Committee on Elections, March 16, 1881, and ordered to first
- 2. First reading March 16, 1881, and ordered to a second reading.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Sections thirty-one (31) and forty-eight (48) of an act entitled "An Act in regard to Elections, and to provide for filling vacancies in elective offices," approved April 3, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of, Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That sections thirty-one (31) and forty-eight (48) of an act
- 3 entitied "An act in regard to elections, and to provide for filling vacancies in
- 4 elective offices," approved April 3, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, be and the same are
- 5 hereby amended so as to read as follows:
- 6 Section 31. In counties under township organization, each town shall con-
- 7 stitute an election precinct, but the county board may divide any town into as
- 8 many election districts as the convenience of the people may require, defining
- 9 the same by district boundaries and numbers, and may, from time to time,
- 10 designate the places at which elections shall be held. All general and special
- 11 elections shall be held at the places so designated. Towns shall be so divided
- 12 that election districts shall contain not to exceed six hundred (600) voters,
- 18 the number of votes cast at the last preceding election for presidential
- 14 electors to be taken as a basis of the first division; and thereafter, when it
- 15 appears that more than six hundred (600) votes have been cast in any election
- 16 district, a re-adjustment of the same shall be made: Provided, however, that
- 17 such re-adjustment of election districts shall not be made oftener than once
- 18 in four years.
- 19 Section 48. The polls shall be opened at the hour of seven o'clock in the

morning and continued open until six o'clock in the afternoon of the same day at which time the polls shall be closed: *Provided*, that in towns which lie wholly within the limits of an incorporated city, or towns whose boundaries are co-extensive with the boundaries of any village, the polls shall be continued open until seven o'clock in the afternoon, and then closed. If the judges shall not attend at the hour of seven o'clock in the morning, or if it shall be necessary for the electors present to appoint judges to conduct the election, as hereinbefore prescribed, the polls may, in that case, be opened at any hour before the time for closing the same shall arrive, as the case may require.

(Substitute for Senate Bill No. 193)

- Introduced by Committee on Education and Educational Institutions, March 16, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading March 16, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appro-2. priations
- 3. Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading April 21, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act making an appropriation for the ordinary expenses of the State Normal University, at Normal, and for additions to the Library.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- General Assembly. That there be and hereby is appropriated to the State
- Normal University, at Normal, for ordinary expenses, in addition to the one-half
- of the interest of the college and seminary fund, which is hereby appropriated
- to said State Normal University, the further sum of thirteen thousand nine
- hundred and sixty dollars (\$13.960) per annum, for the payment of salaries. 6
- For repairs, fuel, labor, janitor's supplies and printing, the sum of two thou-7
- sand three hundred dollars (\$2,300) per annum.
- For laboratories and library, the sum of one thousand one hundred dollars 9
- 10 (\$1,100) per annum.
- For contingent expenses and postage, the sum of nine hundred dollars (\$900) 11
- 12 per annum.
- For expenses of the board of education, five hundred dollars (\$500) per 13
- annum: Provided, that the expenses of the molel school shall be paid from
- 15 the receipts for tuition off the pupils in said school.
 - \$ 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and required to
- 3 draw his warrant upon the Treasurer for the aforesaid sums of money, upon the

- 3 order of the State Board of Education, signed by the president and attested by
- 4 the secretary of said board, with the corporate seal of the institution: Provided.
- 5 that satisfactory vouchers in detail, approved by the Governor, shall be filed
- 6 quarterly with the Auditor of Public Accounts for the expenditures, ordinary
- 7 and extraordinary, of the preceding quarter, and that no part of the moneys
- 8 herein appropriated shall be due and payable until such vouchers shall have
- 9 been filed.
 - \$ 3. This act shall be and continue in force from the first day of April, A. D.
- 2 18-1, until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the
- 3 next General Assembly.

AMENDMENTS REPORTED FROM THE COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIA-TIONS, APRIL 21, 1881.

Amend Senate Bill No. 367 by adding to section 1. before the last provision

- 2 and following the word "annum," in the 19th line of said section of written bill,
- 3 the following: "and these several sums shall be paid quarterly in advance, in
- 4 the manner hereinafter provided."
- 5 And further amend by striking out of the second (written) line of section 3
- 6. the word "April" and insert in lieu thereof the word "July."

(Substitute for Senate Bill No. 198.)

- Introduced by Committee on Education and Educational Institutions, March 16, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading March 16, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading April 21, 1881.
- 4. April 28, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.

A BILL

For an Act making an appropriation for the ordinary expenses of the State Normal University, at Normal, and for additions to the Library.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly. That there be and hereby is appropriated to the State
- 3 Normal University, at Normal, for ordinary expenses, in addition to the one-half
- 4 of the interest of the college and seminary fund, which is hereby appropriated
- 5 to said State Normal University, the further sum of thirtien thousand nine
- 6 hundred and sixty dollars (\$13,980) per annum, for the payment of salaries.
- 7 For repairs, fuel, labor, janitor's supplies and printing, the sum of two thou-
- 8 sand three hundred dollars (\$2,300) per annum.
- 9 For laboratories and library, the sum of one thousand one hundred dollars
- 10 (\$1,100) per annum.
- 11 For contingent expenses and postage the sum of nine hundred dollars (\$900)
- 19 per annum.
- 13 For expenses of the board of education, five hundred dollars (\$500) per
- 14 annum; and these several sums shall be paid quarterly in advance, in the man-
- 15 ner hereinafter provided: Provided, that the expenses of the model school shall
- 16 be paid from the receipts for tuition of the pupils in said school.
 - § 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and required to

- 2 draw his warrant upon the Treasurer for the aforesaid sums of money, upon the
- 3 order of the State Board of Education, signed by the president and attested by
- 4 the secretary of said board, with the corporate seal of the institution: Provided.
- 5 that satisfactory vouchers in detail, approved by the Governor, shall be filed
- 6 quarterly with the Auditor of Public Accounts for the expenditures, ordinary
- 7 and extraordinary, of the preceding quarter, and that no part of the moneys
- 8 herein appropriated shall be due and payable until such vouchers shall have
- 9 been filed.
 - § 3 This act shall be and continue in force from the first day of July, A. D.
- 2 1881, until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the
- 3 next General Assembly.

1. Reported to House May 3, 1881.

2. First reading May 4, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

- Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading May 11, 1881.
- 4. Second reading May 20, 1881, amended, and ordered to a third reading.

(Printed as amended.)

A BILL

For an Act making an appropriation for the ordinary expenses of the State Normal University

at Normal, and for additions to the Library

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That there be and is hereby appropriated to the State Normal Univer-
- 3 sitr, at Normal, for ordinary expenses, in addition to the one-half of the interest of the col-
- 4 lege and seminary fund, which is hereby appropriated to said State Normal University,
- 5 seventeen thousand five hundred dollars (\$17,500) per annum, payable quarterly, in
- 6 advance, for the payment of salaries, for the purchase of fuel, for additions to library and
- 7 museum, for school apparatus, and for incidental expenses: Provided, that the expenses of
- 8 the model school shall be paid from the receipts for tuition of the pupils of said
- 9 school.
 - § 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and required to draw his war-
- 2 rant upon the Treasurer for the aforesaid sums of money, upon the order of the State
- 3 Board of Education, signed by the president and attested by the secretary of said board,
- 4 with the corporate seal of the institution: Provided, that satisfactory vouchers in detail,
- 5 approved by the Governor, shall be filed quarterly with the Auditor of Public Accounts for
- 6 the expenditures, ordinary and extraordinary, of the preceding quarter, and that no part of

- 7 the moneys herein appropriated shall be due and payable until such vouchers shall have
- 8 been filed.
 - § 3. This act shall be and continue in force from the first day of July, A. D. 1881, until
- 2 the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the next General
- 3 Assembly.

Reported to House May 5, 1881.

First reading May 4, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

Reported back, passage recommenced, report concurred in, and ordered to second read ing May 11, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act making an appropriation for the ordinary expenses of the State Normal University, at Normal, and for additions to the Library

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- General Assembly. That there be and is hereby appropriated to the State Normal Univer-
- sity, at Normai, for ordinary expenses, in addition to the one half of the interest of the col-
- lege and sominary fund, which is thereby appropriated to said "tate. Normal University, the
- further sum of thirteen thousand none hundred and sixty do lars (\$43,960) per annua, for
- the payment of salaries.
- For repairs, fuel, abor, janitor's supplies and printing, the sum of two thousand three
- hundred dollars (\$2, 60) per annum
- For laboratories and library, the sum of one thousand one hundr d dollars (\$1,100) ter
- 10 annum.
- For contingent expenses and nostage, the sum of nine bundred dollars (\$900) per annum. 11
- For expenses of the board of education, five hundred dollars (\$500) per annum; and these 12
- several sums shall be paid quarterly in advance, in the manner hereinafter provided; Pro-
- rided, that the expenses of the model school shall be paid from the receipts for tuition of
- the pupils of said school.
 - \$ 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and required to draw his war-
- 2 rant mon the Treasurer for the aforesaid sums of money, apon the order of the State
- 3 Board of Education, signed by the president and attested by the secretary of said board.
- with the corporate seal of the institution: Provided, that satisfactory vouchers in detail.

- 5 approved by the Governor, shall be filed quarterly with the Auditor of Pubne Accounts for
- 6 the expenditures, ordinary and extraordinary, of the preceding quarter, and that no part of
- 7 the moneys herein appropriated shall be due and payable until such vouchers shall have
- 8 been filed.
 - § 3. This act shall be and continue in force from the first day of July, A. D. 1881, until
- 2 the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the next General
- 3 Assembly.

- Introduced by Mr. Wright, March 16, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading March 17, 1881, and referred to Committee on Agriculture
- and Drainage.
- April 8, 1881, ordered printed for the Committee.

A BILL

For an Act to suppress and prevent the Spread of Contagious Disease among Domestic Animals.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- General Assembly, That the Governor of this State is hereby authorised and in-
- structed to appoint a competent veterinary surgeon, who shall be known as State
- Veterinarian or Inspector, and whose duty it shall be to investigate any and all
- cases of contagious or infectious disease among domestic animals in this State.
- which may be brought to his notice by a competent veterinary surgeon, or prac-
- ticing physician, in the locality where such infectious or contagious disease may
- exist, and it shall be his duty to make visits of inspection to any locality
- where he may have reason to suspect that contagious or infectious disease 10 may exist.
 - § 2. In all cases of contagious or infectious disease among domestic animals
 - in this State, the State Veterinarian shall have authority to order the quaran-
- tine of infected premises, and in case any disease among domestic animals shall
- become epidemic in any locality in this State, the State Veterinarian shall imme-
- diately notify the Governor of the State, who shall thereupon issue his proclama
- tion, forbidding any live stock, of the kind among which said epidemic exists.
- from being transported from said locality, without a certificate from the State
- Veterinarian, showing such animals to be healthy. In cases of epidemic, as
- aforesaid, the State Veterinarian shall order the quarantine of all infected

premises, and shall order the slaughter of all diseased animals thereon, and in cases of pleuro-pneumonia among cattle, he shall, as hereinafter provided, order the slaughter of all cattle which has been exposed to contagion, but before doing so he shall call in consultation with him two reputable veterinarians or practicing physicians, residing within ten miles of the infected premises, and shall not order the slaughter of any animals not actually diseased without a concurrent written order, signed by one or both of said veterinarians or practicing physicians.

- \$ 3. Whenever it becomes necessary, as hereinbefore provided, to order the slaughter of animals, the State Veterinarian shall notify the nearest justices of the peace, who shall thereupon summons three disinterested freeholders of the neighborhood as appraisers of the value of such animals. Said appraisers, before entering upon the discharge of their duty, shall be sworn to make a true and faithful appraisement, without prejudice or favor, but they shall in no case estimate the value of any diseased animal at more than one-third of its cash value if in good health. They shall, after making their appraisement, return a certified copy of their valuation to the justice of the peace by whom they were summoned, who shall, after entering the same upon his record, and making an endorsement thereon showing the same to have been properly recorded, return it, together with the order of the State Veterinarian, to the person or persons owning live stock ordered slaughtered.
- they were summoned, who shall, after entering the same upon his record, and making an endorsement thereon showing the same to have been properly recorded, return it, together with the order of the State Veterinarian, to the person or persons owning live stock ordered slaughtered.

 § 4. Whenever the Governor of the State shall have good reason to believe that any disease among domestic animals has become epidemic in certain localities in other States, or that there are conditions which render any domestic animals liable to convey disease, he shall thereupon, by proclamation, schedule such localities and prohibit the importation of any live stock of the kind diseased into this State, unless accompanied by a certificate of health, properly signed by a duly authorized veterinary inspector. Any corporation or indisvidual who shall transport, receive or carry such prohibited stock shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than one thousand dollars nor more than ten thousand dollars for each

offense, and shall become liable for any and all damages or loss that may be sus

- 12 tained by any party or parties by reason of the importation of such prohibited

 18 stock.
 - \$ 5. If any person or persons who shall have upon his premises any case of
 - 2 pleuro-pneumonia, or Texas fever, among cattle, or any case of glauders among
- 3 horses, and shall fail to immediately report the same to the State Veterinarian, or
- 4 any person or persons shall wilfully and maliciously obstruct or resist the State
- 5 Veterinarian in the discharge of his duty, as hereinbefore set forth, shall be
- 6 deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction of either charge shall be
- 7 fined not less than fifty dollars nor more than five hundred dollars for each
- 8 offense, and upon conviction a second time shall, in addition the above-named
- 9 fine, beliable to not less than thirty days nor more than six months' imprisonment.
 - § 6. The State Veterinarian shall annually make a report to the Governor of
- 2 all matters connected with this work; and the Governor shall transmit to the
- 8 Department of Agriculture such parts of said report as may be of general inter
 - est to breeders of stock, to be published with the proceedings of the State
- 5 Board of Agriculture.
- § 7. All claims against the State arising from the slaughter of animals, as
- 2 herein provided for, shall, together with the order of the State Veterinarian and
- 3 the award of the appraisers in each case, be submitted to the Governor,
- 4 and he shall, after having examined each case, if satisfied of the justness of the
- 5 same, indorse thereon his order to the State Auditor, who shall thereupon issue
- 6 his warrant on the State Treasurer for the sum so ordered paid by the Governor.
- § 8. The State Veterinarian shall be entitled to receive for his services the
- 2 sum of eight dollars per day for every day actually employed under the provi-
- 8 sions of this act, together with his necessary traveling expenses. He shall make
- 4 an itemized account to the Governor, properly subscribed and sworn to, of the
- 5 number of days he has served and of the expenses which he has paid, and the
- 6 Governor shall, if satisfied that the same is right and proper, endorse thereon his 7 order on the State Auditor for the amount. The appraisers heretofore provided
- 8 for shall be entitled to receive the sum of one dollar each for their services, to be paid
- out of the treasury of their respective counties, upon certificate of the justice of
- 10 the peace summoning them. The justice of the peace shall be entitled to

- 11 receive the ordinary fee for issuing summons, to be paid out of the town fund

 12 in counties under township organization, and out of the county fund in counties
- 13 not under township organization. The State Veterinarian shall have at his dis-
- 14° position the sum of two thousand dollars, to be expended in disinfecting infected
- 15 premises and that other incidental expenses connected with his work, for which
- 16 he shall, before entering upon the discharge of his duties, give bond, with good
- 17 and sufficient securities, in the sum of five thousand dollars, and shall make a
- 18 sworn statement to the Governor of the amount he disburses; any part of
- 19 said two thousand dollars not used shall lapse into the State Treasury.
 - § 9. For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this act, the sum of
- 2 eight thousand dollars, or so much thereof as is necessary, is hereby appropri-
- 3 ated out of the State Treasury, to be paid as hereby provided out of any money in
- 4 the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.
 - § 10. Wherever the term "domestic animals" occurs in this act, it shall be held
- 2 to mean any animal of the horse, ox, hog or sheep species.

11

12 18

this act.

. Introduced by Mr. White, March 16, 1881, and ordered to first reading.

 First reading March 16, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipalities.
 Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 18, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to provide for the inspection of Steam Boilers, Rendering Tanks and licensing Engineers.

2 General Assembly, That there shall be appointed by the Governor of the State
3 a chief inspector of steam boilers who shall hold the office for four years,
4 unless removed for cause, and until his successor shall be appointed and
5 qualified, said inspector to be a boiler maker who has had practical experience
6 in constructing and using steam boilers and is competent to judge of their
7 safety for use in furnishing steam for motive or other purposes. Said inspector
8 shall give a bond to the State in the sum of five thousand dollars, with two or
9 more sureties, to be approved by the Governor, conditioned upon the faithful
10 discharge of the duties of his office, and shall also, before entering upon said

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

14 The chief inspector may, when necessary for the purposes in this act con-

duties, make oath before any court of competent jurisdiction in the county in which he may reside, to perform all the duties pertaining to his office under

5 tained, appoint a fit person in each congressional district to act as his deputy,

16 and shall receive and pass upon all reports of inspections, countersign all cer-

17 tificates, revoke certificates whenever safety demands it, issue such instructions

18 or orders as are not in conflict with any of the provisions herein contained,

2 remove such deputy for neglect or violation of duty, or for conduct rendering him unfitted for duty as such deputy. 91 Whenever an accident to any steam boiler occurs, whereby life has been lost. 22 it shall be the duty of said chief inspector to investigate the cause and report 23 to the coroner, or his representative, in the county in which such accident has 24 occurred. 25 He shall also make a record of all his official acts in a well bound book, which 26 shall be furnished by the State, which book he shall turn over to his successor, 27 together with all other property belonging to the State which he may have in his possession, upon order of the Governor. Said book shall contain the number of inspections, when and by whom made, the number of accidents, 29 if any, and the cause thereof, as nearly as can be ascertained, and the names of 80 owners, lessees or operators of the mills or rendering tank in which such 31 82 inspection is made, during such term of office. Deputy inspectors shall hold their office for four years, unless removed for 83 cause, and shall, before entering upon the discharge of their duties, make oath before a justice of the peace or court of competent jurisdiction in the district **8**5 in which they reside, to well and faithfully carry out the provisions of this act, 36 so far as they refer to his duty; and they shall also enter into a bond to the State in the sum of two thousand dollars, with two or more sureties, to be 8× approved by the chief inspector, which bond shall be for the use of all parties 39 40 aggrieved by the acts of such deputies. 41 It shall be the duty of the inspectors aforesaid, upon proper application, to inspect all boilers, rendering tanks, generators and their appurtenances, within 42 the limits of their respective districts, unless otherwise ordered by the chief inspector, by making a careful examination, and subjecting the same to a hydrostatic pressure which shall exceed the maximum working pressure in the ratio of one hundred and fifty to one hundred pounds on all boilers and tanks carrying sixty-five pounds or less steam pressure, and in the ratio of one hundred and twenty-five to one hundred pounds on all boilers and tanks

carrying over sixty-five pounds steam or working pressure, and in no case shall the maximum working pressure be more than one hundred pounds per square 51 inch for a new boiler of forty-eight inches diameter, of one-fourth of an 52 inch in thickness, of plates, and quality of the iron the best C. H., No. 1, F., and 53 the steam pressure of all boilers, rendering tanks, etc., whether thicker or 54 thiner, larger or smaller than before mentioned in this section, shall be governed by the same standard of strength.

56 Said deputies shall make, within five days after each inspection of boiler or **K7** tank, a written report to the chief inspector, which report shall contain the date of the inspection, the name of the owner or owners, or user, of the boilers inspected, the location, the purpose for which they are used, name of maker and place where manufactured, together with the age of said boiler, the type of same, quality of iron used in its construction, the dimensions of same, sise and number of flues or tubes, size and number of brace in heads, size, number and distance of pitch of stay bolts, number and size and distance apart of crown bars, number and thickness of crown bolts in each, thickness of iron used in the construction of said boilers, size and number of safety valves attached, size of pump supplying feed water, number and location of try cocks, water and steam guages, construction of furnaces, the amount of hydrostatic pressure applied in the test, the maximum steam pressure at which the safety value or valves open and permit the escape of steam pressure on the boiler or boilers, and such other information as the chief inspector may call for.

71 They shall also keep in well-bound books a record of all inspections and 72 examinations made by them, which shall contain all information given the 73 chief inspector in the report aforesaid, and he shall turn over the said book to 74 the chief inspector when called upon to do so by that officer.

When an inspection of a boiler or boilers have been made, and the same shall be approved by the deputy inspector, he shall make and deliver to the owner; his or her agent, or the user, on receipt of the fee, a certificate, made out of blanks furnished by the chief inspector, which shall contain the date of inspection, names of owner or users, for what purpose used, type and dimensions, location, name of maker, where manufactured, age, quality of iron used in its construction, number of try cocks, water gauges, steam gauges, number and size of safety valves, number of pounds pressure, the safety valves are

loaded to sustain, and prevent the carrying of more steam than allowed by the inspector, which certificate shall be put in frame under glass and hung up in some conspicuous place on the premises for examination.

And in addition to the annual inspection, it shall be the duty of each of the 86 87 said inspectors within their respective districts to examine at proper time, when, in their opinion, such examination shall become necessary, by reason of repairs, changes in position, impaired condition, to enable them to detect any 89 90 negligence to comply with the requirements of the law, and also any defects or imperfections becoming apparent after the annual inspection aforesaid, and tending to render the use of such boiler or boilers unsafe, and if said inspector shall discover any omission to comply with the law, or that repairs have become necessary to make said boiler or boilers safe, the said inspector shall at once notify the owner or user in writing, stating in the notice what repairs are 95 required, and if such owner or user shall refuse or neglect to comply with the 96 requirements of such inspector, and shall, contrary thereto, and while the same remains unrepaired, use or cause to be used such boiler or boilers, the 99 owner or user shall be liable to amenalty of one hundred dollars, and, in addition thereto, shall be liable for any damage to any person employed by him or them, or otherwise, which shall occur from any defect stated in the notice 101 aforesaid, and all orders for repairs shall be promptly made by the inspectors. 102 108 It shall be the duty of said inspectors, without charge or expense, to inspect, 104 annually, all boilers owned or used by the State, in any of its institutions, whenever called upon by the proper officer. Said inspector may also charge a 105 fee of five dollars for inspecting each boiler, which shall be paid by the party 106 requiring such service: Provided, that in any establishment or place where 107 more than one boiler is used, said inspector shall only be entitled to said fee of 108 109 five dollars upon one boiler, and to a fee of three dollars for each additional boiler in the same establishment or place. 110

The aforesaid inspectors shall, on the application of any person of sober habits and good moral character, examine such person as to his qualifications as an engineer, and if satisfied after such examination, that such person is qualified to act as an engineer, the said inspector shall grant to such applicant a certifi-

cate, authorizing him to be employed in the duties of such engineer for the term of one year. But such license shall be suspended or revoked by such inspectors upon satisfactory proof of negligence, unskilfullness, intemperance, . or the wilfull violation of any of the provisions of this act. And no inspector of one district shall livense as engineer a person coming from another district. 120 if such person has been rejected for unfitness or want of qualifications, until the expiration of six months after such rejection and an examination of such 121 123 applicant. And such inspectors shall keep a record of all licenses granted engineers, and of all refusals of the same, also of all suspensions or revocations 123 124 of licenses, and also of all refusals, suspensions, or revocations of which they, or either of them, may receive notices of from other districts. And they or either of them, shall also report promptly to the district attorney of the county any violations of this act which shall occur in the county in which such district attorney may reside, and it is hereby made the duty of each district attorney in this State, on such report being made to him by any of said inspectors, to prosecute the person or persons charged with any violation of this law, by action or information in any court of competent jurisdiction within his county. 181 132 Said inspectors may charge a fee of three dollars for examining into the qualifications and granting a license to each applicant, which Yee shall be paid by 133 the parties applying for such examination, whether license be granted or not. 134 It shall be the duty of all owners, agents or user of any steam boiler, or ren-185 dering tank, or generator of steam (locomotive boilers running or railroads not 186 137 included) to make, or cause to be made, an application, either written or orally, to the inspector of the district in which said boiler is located, to have the same 138 inspected according to the provisions of this act; and it shall be unlawful to 139 use a boiler, rendering tank, or generator without first having obtained a cert tificate from the inspector of his district, and shall make such application within one month after passage and publication of this act, and at least once in every tweive months thereafter. 143 144 Any owner, lessee, agent or user, employing an engineer who has not first

obtained a license in the manner hereinbefore described, shall be deemed guilty 146 of misdemeanor and subject to a fine of not less than ten dollars nor more than

145

147 twenty-five dollars for each twenty-four hours said engineer is in his employ
148 as such engineer, unless having first obtained permission from the inspector of
149 his district.

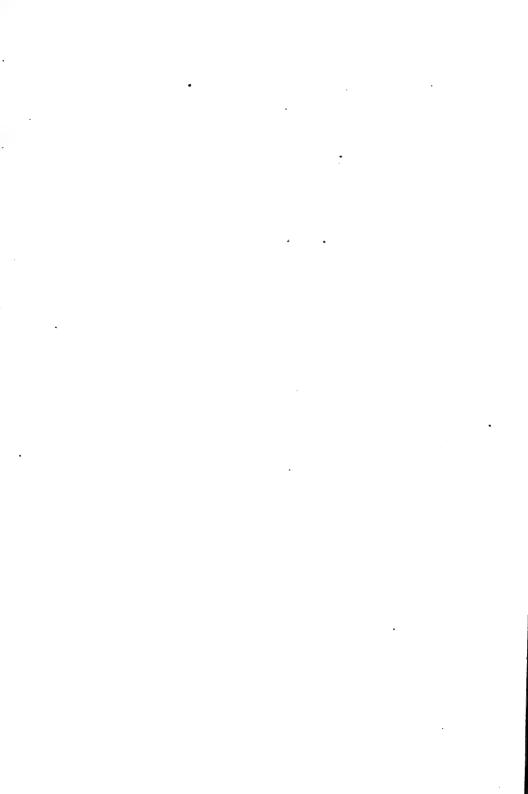
It shall also be the duty of the owner, lessee, agent, or user, or engineer of 150 151 any boiler, liable to inspection under this law, to have it filled with water to 152 the safety valve at the time designated for the inspection, and provide such 153 arrangement and facilities for attaching the instruments of inspection, as the inspector may direct. They shall also provide and properly affix two or 155 more try cocks, one water guage, one steam guage, one or more safety valves of suitable dimensions, a good and sufficient force pump or other means of 156 supplying the boiler or boilers with water, to be approved by said inspectors. 158 Said owners, lessees, agents or users shall also permit the inspectors to enter any establishment or place in which a boiler is used during business hours. 159 when in discharge of their duty. The owners, lessees, agents or users of 161 steam boilers, tanks, etc., shall also pay the cost of transportation to or from 162 any establishment or place where an inspection is to be made, of such 163 instruments as are needed in making such inspection, also the fare of the inspector, when said boiler or boilers are located five miles or over from the 164 165 residence of the inspector.

It shall also be the duty of any owner, lesses, agent, user, or engineer in charge of steam boilers, rendering tanks, etc., to answer all reasonable inqui168 ries and to give said inspector all the information in their power in regard to
169 the boilers, valves, gauges, pumps, etc., and the manner of managing them, and
170 no person shall in any case refuse access to said inspector to any part of the
171 boiler, or boilers, but shall give him proper assistance during said test and
172 inspection.

173 If any person shall intentionally load or obstruct, or cause to be loaded or 174 obstructed, in any way or manner, the safety valve of any boiler, or shall 175 employ any other means or device whereby any boiler in any establishment or 176 other place may be subjected to a greater pressure than the amount allowed by 177 the certificate of the inspector, or shall intentionally derange or hinder the 178 operation of any machinery or device employed to denote the stage or height of water or steam in any boiler or give warning of approaching danger, or shall intentionally permit the water to fall below the try cocks or prescribed water line of the boiler, it shall in any case be a misdemeanor, and any and every person concerned therein, directly or indirectly, shall forfeit the sum of one hundred dollars, and may, at the discretion of the court, be, in addition thereto, imprisoned not exceeding two years.

Every person who shall violate any of the provisions of this act that is not specially herein provided for, shall be subject to a penalty of not less than twenty dollars nor to exceed one hundred dollars. All fines or forfeitures shall be turned into the State Treasury.

All laws, acts or parts of act in conflict with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.



Introduced by Mr. White, March 16, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading March 16, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipalities.

 First reading March 16, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipalities.
 Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 18, 1881.

April 8, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to a third reading.

A BILL

For an Act to provide for the inspection of Steam Boilers, Rendering Tanks and licensing Engineers.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the 2 General Assembly, That there shall be appointed by the Governor of the State 3 a chief inspector of steam boilers, who shall hold the office for four years, unless removed for cause, and until his successor shall be appointed and qualified, said inspector to be a boiler maker who has had practical experience in constructing and using steam boilers, and is competent to judge of their safety for use in furnishing steam for motive or other purposes. Said inspector shall give a bond to the State, in the sum of five thousand dollars, with two or more sureties, to be approved by the Governor, conditioned upon the faithful discharge of the duties of his office, and shall also, before entering upon said duties, make oath before any court of competent jurisdiction in the county in which he may reside, to perform all the duties pertaining to his office under this act. The chief inspector may, when necessary for the purposes in this act contained, appoint a fit person in each congressional district to act as his deputy, and shall 14 receive and pass upon all reports of inspection, countersign all certificates. revoke certificates whenever safety demands it, issue such instructions or orders as are not in conflict with any of the provisions herein contained, remove such deputy for neglect or violation of duty, or for conduct rendering him unfitted 19 for duty as such deputy.

- § 2. Whenev r an accident to any steam boiler occurs, whereby life has been
- 2 lost, it shall be the duty of said chief inspector to investigate the cause and
- 3 report to the coroner, or his representative, in the county in which such acci-
- 4 dent has occurred.
- § 3. He shall also make a record of all his official acts in a well bound book,
- which shall be furnished by the State, which book he shall turn over to his
- 8 successor, together with all other property belonging to the State which he may have
- 4 in his possession, upon order of the Governor. Said book shall contain the
- 5 number of inspections, when and by whom made, the number of accidents, if
- 6 any, and the cause thereof, as nearly as can be as ertained, and the names of
- 7 owners, lesses or operators of the mills, factories or rendering house or place in
- 8 which such inspection in made, during such term of office.
- § 4. Deputy inspectors shall, before entering upon the discharge of their
- 2 duties, make oath before a justice of the peace or court of competent jurisdic-
- 3 tion in the district in which they reside, to well and faithfully carry out the
- 4 provisions of this act, so far as they refer to their duty; and they shall also
- 5 enter into a bond to the State, in the sum of two thousand dollars, with two or
- 6 more sureties, to be approved by the chief inspector, which bond shall be for the
- 7 use of all parties aggrieved by the acts of such deputies.
- § 5. It shall be the duty of the inspectors aforesaid, upon proper application,
- 2 to inspect all boilers, rendering tanks, generators and their appurtenances,
- 3 within the limits of their respective districts, unless otherwise ordered by the
- 4 chief inspector, by making a careful examination, and subjecting the same
- 5 to a hydrostatic pressure, which shall exceed the maximum working pressure
- 6 in the ratio of one hundred and fifty to one hundre i pounds on all boilers and
- 7 tanks carrying sixty-five pounds or less steam pressure, and in the ratio of one
- 8 hundred and twenty-five to one hundred pounds on all boilers and tanks
- 9 carrying over sixty-five pounds steam or working pressure, and in no case shall
- 10 the maximum working pressure be more than one hundred pounds per square
- 11 inch for a new boiler of forty-eight inches diameter, of one-fourth of an inch in
- 12 thickness, of plates, and quality of the iron the best C. H., No. 1, F., and the
- 18 steam pressure of all boilers, rendering tanks, etc., whether thicker or thinner

- larger or smaller than before mentioned in this section, shall be governed by the same standard of strength.
- § 6. Said deputies shall make, within five days after each inspection of boiler 2 or tank, a written report to the chief inspector, which report shall contain the date of the inspection, the name of the owner or owners, or user, of the boilers or tanks inspected, the location, the purpose for which they are used, name of maker and place where manufacture 1, together with the age of said boiler, the type of same, quality of iron use 1 in its construction, the dimensions of same, size and number of fives or tubes, size and number of brace in heads, size, numher and distance of pitch of stay bolts, number and size and distance apart of crown bars, number and thickness of crown bolts in each, thickness of iron used in the construction of said boilers, size and number of safety valves attached. size of pump supplying feed water, number and location of try cocks, water 11 and steam gauges, construction of furnaces, the amount of hydrostatic pressure applied in the test, the maximum steam pressure at which the safety valve or valves open and permit the escape of steam pressure on the boiler or tanks, and
- 5 7. They shall also keep in well-bound books a record of all inspections and 2 examinations made by them, which shall contain all information given the 3 chief inspector in the report aforesaid, and he shall turn over the said book to

such other information as the chief inspector may call for.

- 4 the chief inspector when called upon to do so by that officer. § 8. When an inspection of a boiler or boilers has been made, and the same shall be approved by the deputy inspector, he shall make and deliver to the owner, his or her agent, or the user, on receipt of the fee, a certificate, made out of blanks furnished by the chief inspector, which shall contain the date of inspection, names of owner or users, for what purpose used, type and dimensions, location, name of maker, where manufactured, ago, quality of iron used in its construction, number of try cocks, water gauges, steam gauges, number and size of safety valves, number of pounds pressure the safety valves are loaded to sustain, and prevent the carrying of more steam than allowed by the inspector,
- which certificate shall be put in frame under glass and hung up in some con. 11 spicuous place on the premises for examination.

§ 9. And in addition to the annual inspection, it shall be the duty of each of the said inspectors within their respective districts to examine, at proper time when, in their opinion, such examination shall become necessary, by reason of repairs, changes in position, impaired condition, to enable them to detect any negligence to comply with the requirements of the law, and also any defects or imperfections becoming apparent after the annual inspection aforesaid, and tending to render the use of such boiler or boilers unsafe, and if said inspector shall discover any omission to comply with the law, or that repairs have become necessary to make said boiler or tank safe, the said inspector shall at once notify the owner or user in writing, stating in the notice what repairs are required, 10 and if such owner or user shall refuse or neglect to comply with the require-11 12 ments of such inspector, and shall, contrary thereto, and while the same remains 13 unrepaired, use or cause to be used such boiler or tank, the owner or user shall be liable to a penalty of one hundred dollars, and, in addition thereto, shall be liable for any damage to any person employed by him or them, or otherwise, 15 which shall occur from any defect stated in the notice aforesaid, and all orders 16 for repairs shall be promptly made by the inspectors.

§ 10. It shall be the duty of said inspectors, without charge or expense, to inspect, annually, all boilers owned or used by the State in any of its institutions, whenever called upon by the proper officer. Said inspector may also charge a fee of five dollars for inspecting each boiler or tank, which shall be paid by the party requiring such service: *Provided*, that in any establishment or place where more than one boiler or tank is used, said inspector shall only be entitled to said fee of five dollars upon one boiler or tank, and to a fee of three dollars for each additional boiler or tank in the same establishment or place.

\$ 11. The aforesaid inspectors shall, on the application of any person of sober habits and good moral character, examine such person as to his qualifications as an engineer, and if satisfied, after such examination, that such person is qualified 4 to act as an engineer, the said inspector shall grant to such applicant a certificate, authorizing him to be employed in the duties of such engineer for the term of one year. But such license shall be suspended or revoked by such inspectors upon satisfactory proof of nextlessuce, ans dilifulness, intemperance,

8 or the wilful violation of any of the provisions of this act. And no inspector of one district shall license as engineer a person coming from another district, if such person has been rejected for unfitness or want of qualifications, until the expiration of six months after such rejection and an examination of such 11 applicant. And such inspectors shall keep a record of all licenses granted 12 engineers, and of all refusals of the same; also of all suspensions or revocations of licenses, and also of all refusals, suspensions, or revocations of which they, or 14 either of them, may receive notices of from other districts. And they, or either of them, shall also report promptly to the district attorney of the county any 17 violations of this act which shall occur in the county in which such district 18 attorney may reside, and it is hereby made the duty of each district attorney in this State, on such report being made to him by any of said inspectors, to 19 prosecute the person or persons charged with any violation of this law, by 20 21 action or information in any court of competent jurisdiction within his county. Said inspectors may charge a fee of three dollars for examining into the quali-28 fications and granting a license to each applicant, which fee shall be paid by the parties applying for such examination, whether license be granted or not.

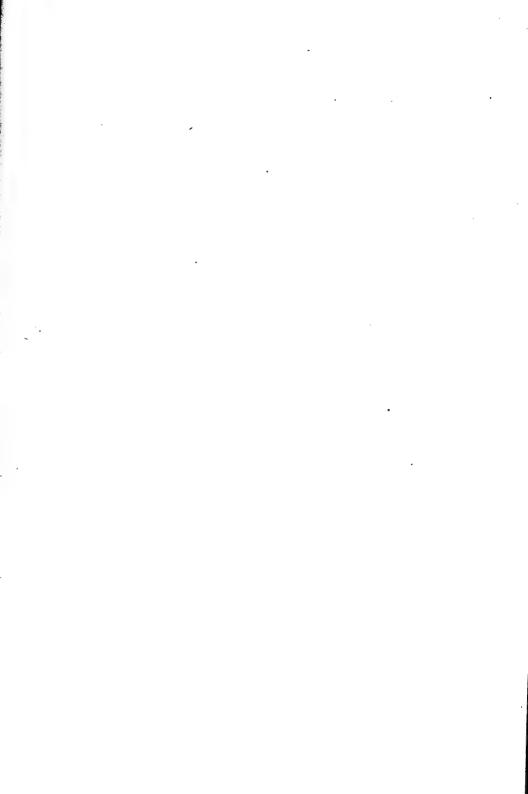
rendering tank, or generator of steam (locomotive boilers running on railroads not included), to make or cause to be made, an application, either written or orally to the inspector of the district in which said boiler is located, to have the same inspected according to the provisions of this act; and it shall be unlawful to use a boiler, rendering tank or generator without first having obtained a certificate from the inspector of his district, and shall make such application within one month after passage and publication of this act, and at least once in every twelve months thereafter.

§ 12. It shall be the duty of all owners, agents or user of any steam boiler, or

§ 13. Any owner, lessee, agent or user employing an engineer who has not first
2 obtained a license in the manner hereinbefore described, shall be deemed guilty
3 of misdemeanor, and subject to a fine of not less than ten dollars nor more than
4 twenty-five dollars for each twenty-four hours said engineer is in his employ
5 as such engineer, unless having first obtained permission from the inspector of
6 his district.

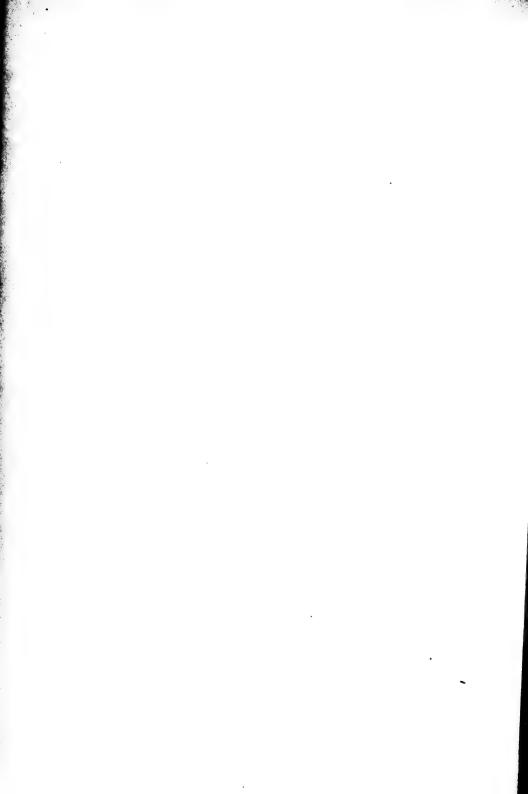
- § 14. It shall also be the duty of the owner, lessee, agent, or user, or engineer
- 2. of any boiler or tank liable to inspection under this law, to have it filled with
- 8 water to the safety valve at the time designated for the inspection, and provide
- 4 such arrangement and facilities for attaching the instruments of inspection, as
- 5 the inspector may direct.
 - § 15. They shall also provide and properly affix two or more try cocks, one
- 2 water gauge, one steam gauge, one or more safety valves of suitable dimensions,
- 8 a good and sufficient force pump or other means of supplying the boiler or boil-
- 4 ers with water, to be approved by said inspectors.
 - \$ 16 Said owners, lessees, agents or users shall also permit the inspectors to
- 2 enter any establishment or place in which a boiler is used during business hours,
- 8 when in discharge of their duty. The owners, lessees, agents or users of
- 4 steam boilers, tanks, etc., shall also pay the cost of transportation to or from
- 5 any establishment or place where an inspection is to be made of such
- 6 instruments as are needed in making such inspection, also the fare of the
- 7 inspector, when said boiler or boilers are located five miles or over from the
- 8 residence of the inspector.
- § 17. It shall also be the duty of any owner, lessee, agent, user, or engineer in
- 2 charge of steam boilers, rendering tanks, etc., to answer all reasonable inquiries
- 3 and to give said inspector all the information in their power in regard to the
- 4 boilers, valves, gauges, pumps, etc., and the manner of managing them, and
- 5 no person shall in any case refuse access to said inspector to any part of the
- 6 boiler or boilers, but shall give him proper assistance during said test and
- 7 inspection.
- § 18. If any person shall intentionally load or obstruct, or cause to be loaded
- 2 or obstructed, in any way or manner, the safety valve of any boiler, or shall
- 3 employ any other means or device whereby any boiler in any establishment or
- 4 other place may be subjected to a greater pressure than the amount allowed by
- 5 the certificate of the inspector, or shall intentionally derange or hinder the
- 6 operation of any machinery or device employed to denote the stage or height
- 7 of water or steam in any boiler or give warning of approaching danger, or
- 8 shall intentionally permit the water to fall below the try cocks or prescribed

- 9 water-line of the boiler, it shall in any case be a misdemeanor, and any and
- 10 every person concerned therein, directly or indirectly, shall forfeit the sum of
- 11 one hundred dollars, and may, at the discretion of the court, be, in addition
- 12 thereto, imprisoned not exceeding two years.
 - \$ 19. Every person who shall violate any of the provisions of this act that is
- 2 not specially herein provided for, shall be subject to a penalty of not less than
- 3 twenty dollars nor to exceed one hundred dollars. All fines or forfeitures shall
- 4 be turned into the State Treasury.
- \$ 20. All laws, acts or parts of act in conflict with the provisions of this act
- 2 are hereby repealed.



AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL NO. 370, REPORTED FROM THE COM-MITTEE ON MUNICIPALITIES MAY 3, 1881.

Add to section 19 the following words: "Provided, this act shall only apply to counties of the third class."



Introduced by Mr. Munn, March 17, 1881, and ordered to first reading.

2. First reading March 17, 1881, and referred to Committee on Canals and Rivers.

3. Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 29, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section eight (8) of an act entitled "An Act to revise the law in relation to the Illinois and Michigan Canal, and for the Improvement of the Illinois and Little Wabash Rivers," approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That section eight (8) of an act entitled "An act to revise the
- 8 law in relation to the Illinois and Michigan canal, and for the improvement of
- 4 the Illinois and Little Wabash rivers," approved March 97, 1874, in force July 1,
- 5 1874, he amended so as to read as follows:
- 6 Section 8. Said commissioners shall have general control and management
- 7 of the Illinois and Michigan canal, including its feeders, basins and appurte-
- 8 nances, and the property thereto belonging, and all locks and dams and other
- 9 improvements of the navigation of the Illinois and Little Wabash rivers, and
- 10 shall have authority:
- 11 First-To appoint a general superintendent, collector of tolls, and such
- 12 other officers and agents as may be necessary for the management of the said
- 13 canal, locks, dam and other improvements, and prescribe their compensation,
- 14 powers and duties, and remove them at pleasure, and may employ all such
- 15 agents and servants as may be necessary in the performance of the duties of
- 16 their office.
- 17 Second-To prescribe reasonable rules and regulations in respect to all

matters connected with the navigation and use of the said canal, locks and dams. and transportation on or through the same. And whoever shall, willfully or negligently, refuse or neglect to comply with such rules, may be fined in any 20 21 sum not exceeding \$50 for each offense, to be recovered in the name of the People of the State of Illinois, before any justice of the peace of the county, and paid over to said commissioners, and said commissioners may prohibit all persons who willfully refuse or neglect to comply with such rules from using 24 said canal, locks and dams: Provided, copies of such rules, and of this article. 25 26 shall be posted for public inspection in the offices of the collectors of tolls. 27 The power granted in this article shall apply, as well, to that part of the south branch of the Chicago river within 1.000 feet of the lock at Bridgeport, and to 28 the canal basin at and near the termination of the canal on the Illinois river. and to that part of the Illinois and Little Wabash rivers above and below the several locks and dams, within 1,000 feet thereof, and to all feeders, basins and latterals, as to the canal, locks and dams.

Third—To establish and collect reasonable rates of toll for the passage and use of the said canal and the said locks: Provided, that the use of the said canal and locks shall be free for the transportation of any property of the United States, or persons in their service passing through the same.

37 Fourth—To sell and dispose of any machinery, fixtures, stone, debris, *
38 material or personal property unnecessary for the proper management, con39 struction, repair or use of said canal, locks, dam or other improvements.

40 Fifth—To lease from time to time any of the canal lands or lots owned by
41 the State: Provided, no lease shall be for a period exceeding ten years, except
42 as to so much land as the city of Chicago may need, upon which to erect pump43 ing works for the benefit of the canal, which may be for a longer period.

Sixth—To lease from time to time, to the highest bidder therefor, any waterpower and lands or lots connected therewith. Before any such lease shall be
made, at least thirty days public active of the intended letting shall be given
by publication in some newspaper published in the neighborhood, and such
other notice as the commissioners shall deem best. The commissioners shall
have power to require that bids be accompanied by security, and may reject

all bids not satisfactory to them, and re-advertise until they shall receive satisfactory bids. No lease shall be for a period exceeding ten years, but the commissioners may provide for the extension of any lease from time to time, not exceeding ten years, at any one time, at a rent to be fixed by an appraisal to be 53 made by three disinterested appraisers, to be appointed by the Governor: and such appraisal shall be subject to the approval of the commissioners. All 55 leases of water-; ower and extensions thereof shall be subject to the right of 56 the commissioners to reserve, without compensation to the lessee, the use of 57 any such water-power for the purposes of the canal, and also wholly to abandon 58 or destroy the work by the construction of which the water privilege shall have been created, whenever, in the opinion of the Legislature, such work shall cease to be advantageous to the State. 61

Seventh—To lease from time to time to the highest and best bidder (after publishing notice in some newspaper published in the county where the ice privilege to be leased may be), in sections not exceeding one thousand feet lineal measure, upon such terms as not to interfere with the proper use and management of the canal, the right to take and harvest ice therefrom or from any of its feeders, basins and appurtenances, and to prohibit all persons from taking and harvesting ice therefrom without such lease: Provided, no such lease shall be for a longer time than five years.

70 Eighth—To sell and convey, whenever, in their judgment, the interests of the State will be promoted thereby, any canal lands or lots now owned by the 71 State, except the ninety-foot strip along the canal, and the property formerly connected with the hydraulic works in Chicago; but before any land or lots shall be sold in the city of Chicago, the said commissioners shall cause the 74 same to be appraised by three disinterested persons, to be appointed by them, 75 and no sale shall then be made unless the land or lot so appraised shall be sold 76 for two-thirds or more of said appraised value, and not then unless they shall 77 obtain the approval of the Governor thereto, and to the time, place and manner of making the same. 79

80 Ninth—To execute in due form, and deliver, any conveyance that may be 81 necessary to comply with the conditions of any bond, contract, or agreement

- 82 heretofore made, by those lawfully authorized to sell any of the real estate
- 83 known as canal lands, whenever the purchaser shall have complied with the
- *4 conditions of such bond, contract, or agreement, and the commissioners are
- 85 satisfied that he is justly entitled to such conveyance.

manner of making the same,"

AMENDMENTS REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON CANALS AND RIVERS, MARCH 29, 1881.

Amend by adding to the last clause of paragraph fifth the words, "and for a nominal sum;" also, amend by striking out all of paragraph eighth, and enserting instead paragraph eighth of the present law, which reads as follows: "To sell and convey, whenever in their judgment the interest of the State will be promoted thereby, any canal lands or lots now owned by the State, other than those connected with water-power upon the said canal, and the ninety-feet strip along the canal, and the real estate situated in the city of Chicago, and the property formerly connected with the hydraulic works in Chicago. But before making any such sale, they shall obtain the approval of the Governor thereto, and to the time, place and

[Substitute for 305.]

- 1. Introduced by Committee on Judiciary, March 18, 1881, and ordered to first
- 2. First reading March 18, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

A BILL

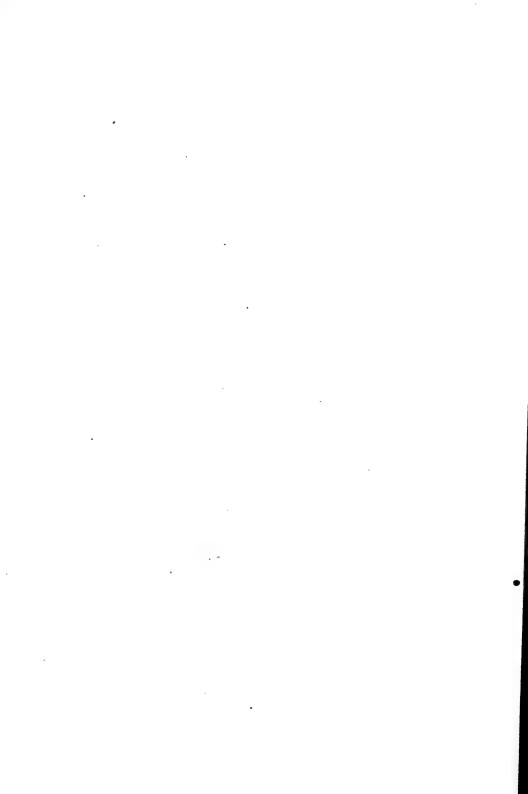
For an Act to amend Sections one (1), two (2), three (3), four (4), five (5) and seven (7) of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to Mortgages of Real and Personal Property," approved March 96, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

Secretar 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly, That sections one (1), two (2), three (3), four (4), five (5) and seven (7) of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to mortgages of real and personal property," approved March 26, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, be and they are hereby amended so as to read respectively as follows: Section 1. That no mortgage, trust-deed, or other conveyance of personal property having the effect of a mortgage or lien upon such property, shall be valid as against the rights and interests of any third person, unless possession thereof shall be delivered to and remains with the grantee, or the instrument shall provide for the possession of the property 10 to remain with the grantor, and the instrument is sworn to, entered and recorded as hereinafter directed; and every such instrument shall, for the purposes of this act, be deemed a 19 chattel mortgage. Section 2. The mortgagor or mortgagors shall take and subscribe an oath or affirmation, 13 which shall be substantially in the following form: STATE OF ILLINOIS,) 15 County. 18 mortgagor (or mortgagors,) do solemnly swear (or affirm) that this mortgage is executed to

18	secure a bona fids indebtedness to the mortgagee (or mortgagees) of the full amount therein
19	*pecified.
90	[Signed.] [Sral]
21	Which oath or affirmation may be administered by any officer authorized by law to
22	administer caths.
28	And, if such instrument is executed by a resident of this State, a memorandum thereof
24	shall be entered on a docket to be kept for that purpose, by a justice of the peace or police
25	magistrate of the town or distress where the mortgagor resides, which memorandum shall
26	be substantially as follows:
27	A. B. (name of mortgagor.) to C. D. (name of mortgagee.)
98	Mortgage of (here insert description of the property as in mortgage), to secure the
29	payment of \$, due
80	Entered by me this day of
31	[Signed,]
32	Section 3. Such mortgage, trust-deed, or other conveyance of personal property aworn to
83	and entered as provided in this act, shall be admitted to record by the recorder of the county
84	in which the mortgagor shall reside at the time when the instrument is executed and
85	recorded; or in case the mortgagor is not a resident of this State, then in the county where
86	
87	the time it is filed for record, until the maturity of the entire debt or obligation: Provided,
88	such time shall not exceed two years from the date of its execution.
89	Section 4. Such recorder shall also enter in a book, to be provided for that purpose, the
40	names of all the parties to such instruments, arranging the names of the mortgagors in
41	alphabetical order, and shall note thereon the time of filing said instruments.
42	Section 5. A copy of such instrument made, sworn to, entered and recorded as afore-
48	said, certified by the proper recorder from the record thereof, may be read in evidence is
44	like cases, and upon the same conditions as copies of deeds and conveyances of land so
45	certified.
46	Section 7. Any person having so conveyed any personal property who shall,
47	during the existence of such title or lien, sell, transfer, conceal, or in any

48 manner dispose of such property, or any part thereof, or shall cause or suffer

49 the same to be done, or shall remove, permit or cause to be removed, said mort50 gaged property, or any part thereof, out of the county where such property was situated at
51 the time such instrument was executed, with the intent to deprive the legal holder of said
52 instrument of his security, shall be guilty of a felony, and on conviction thereof, if the
53 property so disposed of or removed exceed in value the sum of fifteen dollars, shall be
54 imprisoned in the penitentiary for a term not exceeding ten years; but if the property so
55 disposed of or removed does not exceed in value the sum of fifteen dollars, he shall be guilty
56 of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be confined in the county jail not exceed57 ing one year; and any person who shall knowingly aid, abet, or assist in the disposal or
58 removal of property so mortgaged, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction
59 thereof shall be confined in the county jail not exceeding one year.



(Substitute for 305.)

- 1 Introduced by Committee on Judiciary, March 18, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading March 18, 1881, and ordered to second reading.
- 3. April 7 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Sections one (1), two (2), three (3), four (4), five (5) and seven (7) of an act entitled "An Act to revise the law in relation to Mortgages of Real and Personal Property," approved March 26, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That sections one (1), two (2), three (3), four (4), five (5) and seven (7) of an act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to mortgages of real and personal property," approved March 26, 1874, in force July 1, 1874, be and they are hereby amended so as to read, respectively as follows: Section 1. That no mortgage, trust deed, or other conveyance of personal property having the effect of a mortgage or lien upon such property, shall be valid as against the rights and interests of any third person, unless possession thereof shall be delivered to and remains with the grantee, or the instrument shall provide for the possession of the property to remain with the grantor, and the instrument is sworn to, entered and recorded as hereinafter directed; and every such instrument shall, for the purposes of this act, be deemed a 19 chattel mortgage. Section 2. The mortgagor or mortgagors shall take and subscribe an oath or affirmation. 13 which shall be substantially in the following form: STATE OF ILLINOIS, 15

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17	mortgagor (or mortgagors,) do solemnly swear (or affirm) that this mortgage is executed to
18	secure a bona fids indebtedness to the mortgagee (or mortgageee) of the full amount therein
19	specified.
90	[Signed.]
3 1	Which oath or affirmation may be administered by any officer authorized by law to
33	administer oaths.
1 8	And if such instrument is executed by a resident of this State, a memorandum thereof
94	shall be entered on a docket to be kept for that purpose, by a justice of the peace or police
25	magistrate of the town or district where the mortgagor resides, which memorandum shall
26	be substantially as follows:
:	A B (name of mortgagor.)
97	to C D (name of mortgagee.)
28	Mortgage of (here insert description of the property as in mortgage), to secure the
29	payment of \$, due
80	Entered by me this day of, 18
81	[Signed.]
23	Section 3. Such mortgage, trust deed, or other conveyance of personal property sworn to
38	and entered as provided in this act, shall be admitted to record by the recorder of the county
34	in which the mortgagor shall reside at the time when the instrument is executed and
35	recorded, or in case the mortgagor is not a resident of this State, then in the county where
34	the property is situated and kept; and shall, thereupon, if bona side, be good and valid from
87	the time it is filed for record, until the maturity of the entire debt or obligation: Provided,
88	such time shall not exceed two years from the date of its execution.
86 89	such time shall not exceed two years from the date of its execution. Section 4. Such recorder shall also enter in a book, to be provided for that purpose, the
89	Section 4. Such recorder shall also enter in a book, to be provided for that purpose, the
89	Section 4. Such recorder shall also enter in a book, to be provided for that purpose, the names of all the parties to such instruments arranging the names of the mortgagors in
89 4 0 4 1	Section 4. Such recorder shall also enter in a book, to be provided for that purpose, the names of all the parties to such instruments, arranging the names of the mortgagors in alphabetical order, and shall note thereon the time of filing said instruments.
89 4 0 4 1 4 2	Section 4. Such recorder shall also enter in a book, to be provided for that purpose, the names of all the parties to such instruments, arranging the names of the mortgagors in alphabetical order, and shall note thereon she time of filing said instruments. Section 5. A copy of such instrument made, sworn to, entered and recorded as afore.
89 40 41 42 48	Section 4. Such recorder shall also enter in a book, to be provided for that purpose, the names of all the parties to such instruments arranging the names of the mortgagors in alphabetical order, and shall note thereon she time of filing said instruments. Section 5. A copy of such instrument made, sworn to, entered and recorded as afore said, certified by the proper recorder from the record thereof, may be read in evidence in

47 the existence of such title or lien, sell, transfer, conceal, or in any manner dispose

of such property, or any part thereof, or shall cause or suffer the same to the done or shall remove, permit or cause to be removed said mortgaged property, or any part thereof, out of the county where such property was situated at the time such 50 instrument was executed, with the intent to deprive the legal holder of said instru-**51** ment of his security, shall be guilty of a felony, and on conviction thereof, if the 82 property so disposed or removed exceed in value the sum of fifteen dollars, shall be 53 imprisoned in the penitentiary for a term not exceeding ten years; but if the property so 54 disposed of or removed does not exceed in value the sum of fifteen dollars, he shall be guilty 55 of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be confined in the county iail not exceed-56 ing one year; and any person who shall knowingly aid, abet, or assist in the disposal or 57 removal of property so mortgaged, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction 58 thereof shall be confined in the county jail not exceeding one year. 59

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(Substitute for No. 1.)

- 1. Introduced by Committee on Judiciary March 18, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading March 13, 1881, and ordered to a second reading.

A BILL

For an Act to code the Illinois and Michigan canal, with ninety feet of land on each side of same with the locks and dams on the Illinois river, to the United States.

- 9 General Assembly, That the Illinois and Michigan canal, with ninety neet of land, on each
- 3 side of said canal, and the looks and dams on the Illinois river, be and are hereby ceded to
- 4 the United States for the purpose of making and maintaining a ship canal from Lake Michi-
- 5 gan to the Mississippi river, and this cession is made upon the condition that the United
- 6 States shall accept and maintain the said canal and improvements for the purposes aforesaid.
- 7 And if said ground shall ever cease to be occupied by and used for a canal suitable for ship
- 8 navigation, the grant hereby made shall be void and of no effect.



(Substitute for No. 1.)

- 1. Introduced by Committee on Judiciary March 18, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading March 18, 4881, and ordered to a second reading.
- 3. April 13, second reading, amended, and ordered to a third reading.

A BILL

For an Act to code the Illinois and Michigan canal, with ninety feet of land on each side of same, with the locks and dams on the Illinois river, to the United States.

- 2 General Assembly. That the Illinois and Michigan canal, with ninety feet of land on each
- 3 side of said canal, and all lots, lands and interest in any real estate to which the State has
- 4 title and held in trustfor canal purposes, and the locks and dams on the Illinois river, he and are
- 5 hereby ceded to the United States, for the purposes of making and maintaining an enlarged
- 6 canal from Lake Michigan to the Mississippi river, and this cossion is made upon the con-
- 7 dition that the United States shall, within five years from the time of the approval of this
- 5 act, accept this grant and thereafter maintain the said canal and improvements for the pur-
- 9 poses aforesaid. In case the canal shall not be so sularged and maintained, the grant hereby
- 10 made shall be void and of no effect.



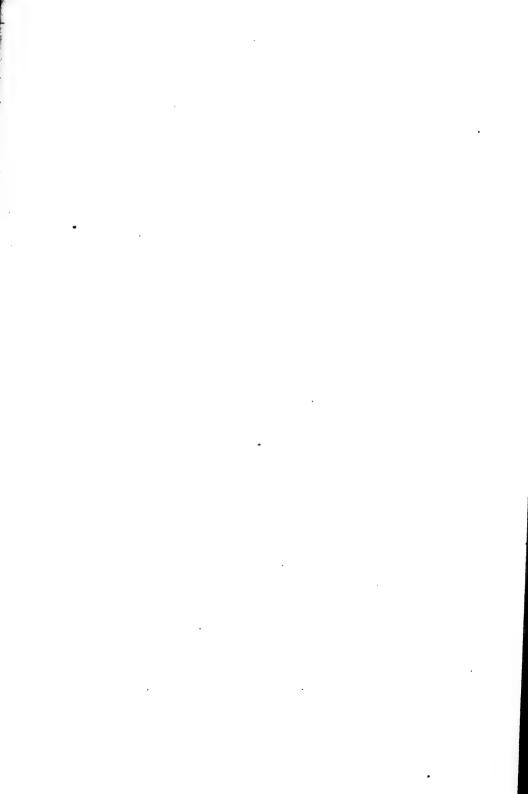
(Substitute for Senate Bill No. 189.)

- Introduced by Committee on Judiciary, March 23, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading March 26, 1881, and ordered to a second reading.

A BILL

For an Act to condemn for public use Toll Roads in this State.

- 2 General Assembly, That the Board of Commissioners of Cook county, or the
- 3 county board of any county in this State, may proceed, under the act entitled
- 4 "An act, to provide for the exercise of the right of eminent domain, approved
- 5 April 10, 1872," to condemn and take for public use any turupike, plank, gravel,
- 6 macadamized, or other toll road, located or operated in said county, or so much
- 7 thereof as is located and operated in said county.
 - § 2. Any county board instituting proceedings under this law, shall, at the
- 2 final determination of such proceedings, draw their warrant on the treasurer of
- 8 its county for all damages allowed, or compensation adjudged, or expense in-
- 4 curred in such proceedings, to such person or persons as the court may deter
- 5 mine to be entitled to the same, and pay all costs in such proceedings.



(Substitute for Senate Bill No. 189.)

- Introduced by Committee on Judiciary. March 28, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading March 26, 1881, and ordered to a second reading.
 Second reading April 8, 1881, and ordered to a third reading.
- Second reading April 8, 1881, and ordered to a third reading.
 Third reading April 19, 1881, and recommitted to the Committee on
- Judiciary.
- April 29, 1881, reported back with amendment, and passage recommended.

A BILL

For an Act to condemn for public use Toll Roads in this State.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That the board of commissioners of Cook county, or the
- 8 county board of any county in this State, may proceed, under the act entitled
- 4 "An act to provide for the exercise of the right of eminent domain," approved
- 5 April 10, 1872. to condemn and take for public use any turnpike, plank, gravel,
- 6 macadamized, or other toll road, located or operated in said county, or so much
- 7 thereof as is located and operated in said county.
 - § 3. Any county board instituting proceedings under this law, shall, at the
- 2 final determination of such proceedings, draw their warrant on the treasurer of
- \$ its county for all damages allowed, or compensation adjudged, or expense
- 4 incurred in such proceedings, to such person or persons as the court may deter-
- 5 mine to be entitled to the same, and pay all costs in such proceedings.

AMENDMENT REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY, APRIL

29, 1881.

Amend by substituting for section 2 the following:

- 2 Section 2. Any county board instituting proceedings under this law may, at
- 3 the final determination of such proceedings, draw its warrant on the treasurer
- 4 of its county for all damages allowed or compensation adjudged or expenses
- 5 incurred in such proceedings to such person or persons as the court may deter-
- 6 mine to be entitled to the same, and pay all costs in such proceedings: Provided,
- 7 that said county board may dismiss such proceedings and thereby discharge any
- 8 judgment for damages or compensation which may have been adjudged against
- 9 such county for the taking of any property under this act, but in no case shall
- 10 possession of property so condemned be taken by the county board until the
- 11 damages or compensation allowed or adjudged shall have been paid.

Substitute for Senate Bill No. 1895

- Introduced by Committee on Judiciary, March 23, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading March 26, 1881, and ordered to a second reading.
 Second reading April 8, 4881, and ordered to a third reading.
- Third reading April 19, 1881, and recommitted to the Countities on Judiciary
- 5. April 29, 1881, reported back with a non-linear, and passage recommended.
- 6. May 6, 1881, amended and ordered to third reading.

A BILL

For an Act to condemn for public use Toll Roads in this State.

- 2 General Assembly. That the board of commissioners of Cook county, or the
- 3 county board of any county in this State, may proceed, under the act entitled
- 4 "An act to provide for the exercise of the right of eminent domain," approved
- 5 April 10, 1872, to condemn and take for public use any turnpike, plank, gravel,
- 6 macadamized, or other toll road, located or operated in said county, or so much
- 7 thereof as is located and operated in said county.
 - \$ 2. Any county board instituting proceedings under this law, may, at the
- 2 final determination of such proceedings, draw their warrant on the treasurer of
- 3 its county for all damages allowed, or compensation adjudged, or expense
- 4 incurred in such proceedings, to such person or persons as the court may deter
- 5 mine to be entitled to the same, and pay all costs in such proceedings: Provided.
- 6 that said county board may dismiss such proceedings and thereby discharge any
- 7 independ for damages or compensation which may have been adjudged against
- 8 such county for the taking of any property under this act, but in no case shall
- 9 possession of property so condemned be taken by the county board until the
- 10 damages or compensation allowed or adjudged shall have been paid.
 - § 8. Any county board instituting proceedings under this law may, at

- 2 the final determination of such proceedings, draw its warrant on the treasurer
- 3 of its county for all damages allowed or compensation adjudged or expenses
- 4 incurred in such proceedings to such person or persons as the court may deter-
- 5 mine to be entitled to the same, and pay all costs in such proceedings: Provided.
- 6 that said county board may dismiss such proceedings and thereby discharge any
- 7 judgment for damages or compensation which may have been adjudged against
- 8 such county for the taking of any property under this act; but in no case shall
- 9 possession of property so condemned be taken by the county board until the
- 10 damages or compensation allowed or adjudged shall have been paid.

(Substitute for No. 200.)

- Introduced by Committee on Agriculture and Dairying, March 25, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading March 26, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Sections one (1), two (2), three (3), four (4), five (5), and six (6), and to repeal Sections seven (7), eight (8), and nine (9) of an act entitled "An Act to indemnify the owners of sheep in case of damages committed by dogs," approved May 29, 1879, in force July 1, 1879.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly, That sections one (1), two (2), three (8), four (4), five (5), and six (6) of said act be amended so as to read as follows: "That each county and township assessor in this State, when making the assessment, shall, annually, make a list of the names of all persons who own or keep dogs, and set opposite the name of such owner or keeper, the number of dogs he or she has in his or her possession, or that is or are kept on his or her premises; which list shall be returned by such assessor to the county clerk of the county in which said list is taken, as soon as the assessment is completed. Section 2. The county clerk shall charge upon the collector's book, against the 10 name of each person returned or reported as the owner or keeper of a dog or 11 dogs, as a license fee, the sum of one dollar for each dog owned or kept by such person, which fee shall be collected at the same time and in the same manner as 18 taxes upon personal property. In counties not under township organisation the collector shall pay the amount received from the licenses, aforesaid, to the

treasurer of his county; and in counties under township organization the sum

17 so collected in each town shall be paid by the collector to the supervisor of
18 his town, who shall first give to the people of the State of Elinois, for the
19 use of the inhabitants of his town, a bond, with at least two sureties, to be
20 approved by the board of supervisors of his county, in double the sum of
21 such license fees in his town, conditioned that he will fait ifully pay out
22 said fund as hereinafter provided. Said bond shall be filed and remain in

28 the office of the county clerk of the proper county.
24 Section 3. It shall be the duty of the county treasurers and supervisors,
25 having the custody of the funds collected as license fees, as aforesaid, to pay

the same out in the manner following.

27 First—By such county treasurers to the owners of sheep in their respective 28 counties, and by the supervisors to the owners of sheep in their respective 29 towns, whose claims shall have been audited, as herein prescribed, in each 30 year, of loss or injury to sheep by dogs, other than their own, the full amount 31 of the loss or injury, so audited, if there are funds sufficient to pay the same; 32 if there he not sufficient funds to pay such loss or injury in full, then the 33 owners of sheep, so susuaining loss or injury, as aforesaid, and making proof 34 thereof, as in this act provided, shall be paid out of such fund, in proportion 35 to his or her loss or injury, his or her pro ratu share thereof.

Second—If there be a balance of such license fund left in the hands of the county treasurer or town supervisor, after paying the losses and injuries sustained, as aforesaid, such balance shall be, in counties not under township organization, transferred to the general fund of said county, to be used for county purposes; and by the supervisors of the towns, in counties under township organization, into the general fund of the town.

Section 4. For the purpose of ascertaining the value of sheep ki led or injured by any dogs, not owned or kept by the owner of such sheep, it shall be the duty of all persons having sheep killed or injured, as aforesaid, to cause the same to be valued by two householders, residents of the townships or pre-cinct where such sheep were killed or injured, and to take their affidavit, and also the affidavit of the owner or agent of the same, of the loss and injury to the said sheep, giving the number and value of such loss and

injury, the time and place where killed and injured, as near as can be, and to file the said affidavits, in counties not under township organization, with the town clerk of the township where such sheep were killed or injured, 51 within ten days from the time such sheep were killed or injured. And it shall be the duty of the county commissioners, in counties not under township organization, and of the town auditors, in counties under township 54 organization, at their first meeting in each year, to audit and allow such claims for damages as may be just and proper, and for that purpose may 56 receive and consider additional affidavits as to the fact of such killing and 57 loss. And, when audited, as aforesaid, the clerk of the county court, in counties not under township organization, shall make a certificate of the 59 amount so audited by the commissioners, and flie the same in his office, and immediately furnish a copy of the same to the treasurer of said county; and, 61 in counties under township organization, the clerk of the town shall make a 62 certificate of such claims so audited by the auditors of the town, and file the same in his office, and shall immediately make and certify a copy of such 64 65 certificate to the supervisors of his town. And the license fund, aforesaid, in the hands of the county treasurer or supervisor, collected for such year. 66 shall be paid out thereupon in each year, as hereinbefore provided. 68 Section 5. No owner of sheep shall be entitled to receive any portion of 69 the fund, herein provided for, without first filing an affidavit with the county treasurer, in counties not under township organization, and in counties under 70 township organization with the supervisor of the town in which his or her 71 sheep were injured or destroyed, stating that the name of the owner or keeper 73 of the dog or dogs which destroyed or injured his or her sheep is unknown to him or her, or if known, then stating the name, and that such owner or keeper is insolvent, and that the affiant has received no compensation from 75 such owner or keeper, or from any other person for his or her damages. 76 aforesaid; which affidavit may be made before any person authorized to administer oaths.

- 79 Section 6. The word "dog," as used in this act, shall be construed to mean
- 80 all animals of the canine species, both male and female.
- 81 Section 7. That sections seven (7), eight (8) and nine (9) of said act be and
- 82 the same are hereby repealed.

on the same.

- Introduced by Mr. Adams, March 26, 1881, and ordered to first reading. March 26, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary. 1.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading April 15, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section 40, of Article 9, of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation of Cities and Villages," in force July 1, 1872.

Secretary 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly, That section 40, of article 9, of "An act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages," in force July 1, 1879, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows: Section 40. When said general officer shall receive the report provided for in the preceding section, he shall at once proceed to obtain judgment against said lots, parcels of land and property for said special assessments remaining due and unpaid, in the same manner as is or may be by law provided for obtaining judgment against lands for taxes due and unpaid the county and State, and shall, in the same manner, proceed to sell the same for said special assessments remaining due and unpaid. In obtaining said judgment and making said sale. the said officer shall be governed by the general revenue laws of this State, except when otherwise provided herein. The advertisement of the intended application for judgment for the sale of lands and lots delinquent for special assessments, may include all the delinquent lands mentioned in the report of the collector of special assessments to such general officer: Provided, however, that in cases where the advertisement shall contain lands and lots delinquent on reveral special assessment warrants, a brief description of the nature of each warrant shall be immediately prefixed to the list of lands and lots delinquent

AMENDMENT RÉPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY APRIL. 15. 1881.

Amend by inserting the word and figure s"ection 1" before the word "be," and strike out the same word and figure of line 3 of section 1.

- 1. Introduced by Mr. Adams, March 26, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading March 26, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to a second reading April 15, 1881.
- 4. May 6, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to a third reading.

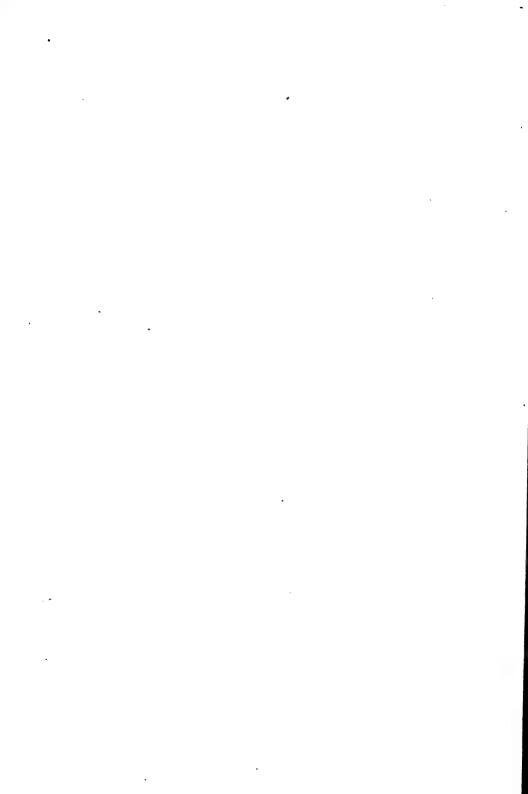
For an Act to amend Section forty (40), of Article nine (9), of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation of Cities and Villages," in force July 1, 1872.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That section forty (40), of article nine (9), of "An act to provide for
- 8 the incorporation of cities and villages," in force July 1, 1872, be and the same is hereby
- 4 amended so as to read as follows:

same.

- 5 Section 0. When said general officer shall receive the report provided for in the preced-
- 6 ing section, he shall at once proceed to obtain judgment against said lots, parcels of land and
- 7 property for said special assessments remaining due and unpaid, in the same manner as is or
- 8 may be by law provided for obtaining judgment against lands for taxes due and unpaid the
- 9 county and State, an shall, in the same manner, proceed to sell the same for said special
- 10 assessments remaining due and unpaid. In obtaining said judgment and making said sale,
- 11 the said officer shall be governed by the general revenue laws of this State, except when
- 12 otherwise provided herein. The advertisement of the intended application for judgment for
- 13 the sale of lands and lots delinquent for special assessments, may include all the delinquent
- 14 lands mentioned in the report of the ollector of special assessments to such general officer:
- 15 Provied1, however, that in cases where the advertisement shall contain lands and lots delin-
- 16 quent on several special assessment warrants, a brief description of the no. . 2 of each
 - 7 warrant shall be immediately prefixed to the list of lands and lots delinquent on the



- Introduced by Mr. Fletcher, March 26, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading March 26, 1881, and referred to Committee on Fees and
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 31, 1881.

For an Act to consolidate the Board of Commissioners of the Illinois State Penitentiary, at Joliet, and the Board of Commissioners of the Southern Illinois Penitentiary, at Chester.

- 9 General Assembly, That the Board of Commissioners of the Illinois State
- 8 Penitentiary, at Joliet, and the Board of Commissioners of the Southern Illinois
- 4 Penitentiary, at Chester, shall be consolidated, and from the time this act shall
- 5 take effect there shall be but one Board of Commissioners for the penitentiaries
- 6 of this State.
 - \$ 2. The Board of Penitentiary Commissioners shall be appointed by the
- 2 Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and be subject to
- 8 removal by the Governor at his discretion; which removal and the cause thereof
- 4 shall be reported by the Governor, to the next General Assembly. The first
- 5 Board of Commissioners shall hold their office for the term of two, four and six
- 6 years, to be determined by lot after appointed, and biennially thereafter there
- 7 shall be appointed by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the
- 8 Senate, one penitentiary commissioner, who shall hold his office for the term of
- 9 six years, unless sooner removed by the Governor. In case of any vacancy
- 10 occasioned by the removal from the State by any person so appointed, or death,
- 11 or resignation, or non-acceptance of the office, or removal from office by the

- 13 Governor, of any such person so appointed, the Governor shall immediately
- 18 appoint a person to fill such vacancy for the residue only of such term. And all
- 14 appointments made by the Governor when the Senate is not in session, shall be
- 15 valid until acted upon at the next session of the Senate.
 - § 8. The duties of the Board of Commissioners shall be the same as now
- 2 required by law of the Commissioners of the Illinois State Penitentiary, at
- 8 Joliet, and the Commissioners of the Southern Illinois Fenitentiary, at Chester.
- 4 And the compensation for their services shall be as now provided by law; and
- 5 all acts or parts of acts in conflict with this act is hereby repealed.

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 891, REPORTED FROM THE COM-MITTEE ON FEES AND SALARIES MARCH 31, 1881.

Amend title by striking out the word "and," in second (written) line, and by

- 2 inserting after the word "Chester," in fourth (written) line, the following words:
- 8 "and trustees of the Reform School, at Pontiac."
- 4 Amend section one (1) by striking out the word "and," in the third (written)
- 5 line, and by inserting after the word "Chester," in the fourth (4) (written) line of
- 6 said section one (1), the words "and trustees of the Reform School, at Pontiae;"
- 7 · also by inserting after the word 'penitentiaries," in the last (written) line of said
- 8 section one, the following words: "and the Reform School."
- 9 Amend section two by inserting after the word "renitentiary," where it
- 10 occurs in lines one and twelve (in written bill), the words "and Reform School."
- 11 Amend section three by striking out the word "and," in (written) line four,
- 19 and by inserting after the word "Chester," in (written) line five, the following
- 18 words: "and the trustees of the Reform School, at Pontiac."

- Introduced by Mr. Ford, March 26, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading March 26, 1881, and referred to Committee on Finance.
- 3. Reported back with amendments passage recommended, and ordered to second reading April 1, 1881.

For an Act entitled "An Act to authorize the Collection of Claims of the State of Illinois against the United States."

- 3 General Assembly, That the Governor of the State be and is hereby authorized
- 3 and directed to appoint some saitable person as commissioner, on behalf of the
- 4 State, or to renew any former appointment, to prosecute the claims of the State
- 5 of Illinois against the United States relating to monies advanced by the State
- 6 to aid in the prosecution of the late war to suppress the rebellion, under an act
- 7 of Congress approved July 7, 1861, as well as for interest paid by the State, and
- 8 discount on war bonds.
 - § 2. It shall be the duty of said commissioner to receive and receipt for all
- 2 treasury drafts or monies in behalf of the State, and as fast as the same is
- 3 received, to pay the same to the State Treasurer, taking his receipt for the
- 4 same.
 - § 3. The Governor is hereby vested with authority to fix the compensation of
- 2 said commissioner, which shall not exceed 25 per cent. of the sum which may be
- 3 allowed and paid over by the United States. This compensation shall be paid
- 4 to said commissioner by draft, drawn by the Governor on the State Treasurer.
- 5 out of the funds collected, as fast as they may be collected from the United
- 6 States.
 - § 4. The Governor or other officer of the State having custody of books,
- 2 papers, accounts, receipts or vouchers, relating to the State war claims, is hereby

- 3 authorized and instructed to deliver the same to said commissioner, and two
- 4 thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be found necessary by the Gov-
- 5 ernor is hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise
- 6 appropriated, to be drawn by the order of the Governor on the State Treasurer.
- 7 payable to said commissioner, for the nex-ssary expenses attending the prepara-
- 8 tion and procurement of correct vouchers and proper statements of accounts
- 9 and other expenses incident to the duties of his office. the State to be liable
- 10 in no event for any cost, fees or expense, beyond what is herein provided.
 - § 5. Whenever it is brought to the notice of the Governor that the State has
- 2 any just claims upon the United States growing out of any act of Congress,
- 3 other than the one above referred to in section 1 of this act, he is hereby
- 4 authorized and instructed to appoint or continue in appointment a State com
- 5 missioner to prosecute and adjust said claim under the provision above recited,
- 6 except as to the appropriation herein contained, and subject to the same
- 7 restrictions.

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 393, REPORTED FROM THE COM-MITTEE ON FINANCE APRIL 1, 1881.

Strike out section two and insert in lieu thereof the following: "It shall be

- 2 the duty of the State Treasurer to receive and receipt for all treasury drafts or
- 3 monies in behalf of the State, and pay the same into the State Treasury."
- 4 Amend section three by striking out the words "35 per cent." in the fourth
- 5 line (of written bill) after the word "exceed," and insert in lieu thereof, "20 per
- 6 cent. on the first \$20,000, and 10 per cent. on the balance."
- 7 Amend section four by striking out the word "two," after the word "and," in
- 8 the seventh line (of the written bill), and insert in lieu thereof the word
- 9 "one."
- 10 Amend section five by inserting the words "of the" after the word "notice,"
- 11 in (written) line two.

- 1. Introduced by Mr. Ford, March 26, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading March 26, 1881, and referred to Committee on Finance.
 Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading April 1, 1881.
- 4. April 12, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to a third reading.

For an Act entitled "An Act to authorize the Collection of Claims of the State of Illinois against the United States."

- 2 General Assembly, That the Governor of the State be and is hereby authorised
- 8 and directed to appoint some suitable person as commissioner, on behalf of the
- 4 State, or to renew any former appointment, to prosecute the claims of the State
- 5 of Illinois against the United States relating to moneys advanced by the State
- 6 to aid in the prosecution of the late war to suppress the rebellion, under an act
- 7 of Congress approved July 7, 1861, as well as for interest paid by the State, and
- 8 discount on war bonds.
 - § 2. It shall be the duty of the State Treasurer to receive and receipt for all
- 2 treasury drafts or moneys in behalf of the State, and pay the same into the
- 3 State Treasury.
 - \$ 3. The Governor is hereby vested with authority to fix the compensation
- 9 of said commissioner, which shall not exceed 20 per cent. on the first \$30,000, and
- 3 10 per cent, on the balance of the sum which may be allowed and paid over by
- 4 the United States. This compensation shall be paid to said commissioner by
- 5 draft, drawn by the Governor on the State Treasurer, out of the funds collected.
- 6 as fast as they may be collected from the United States.
 - § 4. The Governor or other officer of the State having custody of books,
- 2 papers, accounts, receipts or vouchers, relating to the State war claims, is hereby

- 8 authorized and instructed to deliver the same to said commissioner, and one
- 4 thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be found necessary by the Gov-
- 5 ernor, is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise
- 6 appropriated, to be drawn by the order of the Governor on the State Treasurer
- 7 payable to said commissioner, for the necessary expenses attending the prepara
- 8 tion and procurement of correct vouchers and proper statements of accounts
- 9 and other expenses incident to the duties of his office, the State to be liable in
- 10 no event for any cost, fees or expense beyond what is herein provided.
 - \$ 5. Whenever it is brought to the notice of the Governor that the State has
- 2 any just claims upon the United States, growing out of any act of Congress
- 8 other than the one above referred to in section 1 of this act, he is hereby
- 4 authorized and instructed to appoint or continue in appointment a State com
- 5 missioner to prosecute and adjust said claim under the provision above recited,
- 6 except as to the appropriation herein contained, and subject to the same restric-
- 7 tions.

- Introduced by Mr. Ford March 26, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading March 26, 1881, and referred to Committee on Finance.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading April 1, 1881.

 April 12, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to a third reading.

 April 29, 1881, third reading, special order for May 3,

 May 3, 1881, recommitted to Committee on Finance.
- ti. May 4, 1881, reported back with amendment, passage recommended.

For an Act entitled "An Act to authorize the Collection of Claims of the State of Illinois against the United States."

- General Assembly, That the Governor of the State be and is hereby authorized
- and directed to appoint some suitable person as commissioner on behalf of the
- State, or to renew any former appointment, to prosecute the claims of the State
- of Illinois against the United States, relating to moneys advanced by the State
- to aid in the prosecution of the late war to suppress the rebellion, under an
- act of Congress, approved July 7, 1861, as well as for interest paid by the State,
- and discount on war bonds.
 - \$ 2. It shall be the duty of the State Treasurer to receive and receipt for all
- treasury drafts or moneys in behalf of the State, and pay the same into the
- 3 State Treasury.
 - 5.3 The Governor is hereby vested with authority to fix the compensation of
- sail concalssioner, which shall not exceed twenty (20) per cent, on the first
- \$10,660, and ten (10) per cent, on the balance of the sum which may be allowed
- and paid over by the United States. This compensation shall be paid to said
- commissioner by draft, drawn by the Governor on the State Treasurer, out of
- 6 the funds collected, as fast as they may be collected from the United States.

- § 4. The Governor or other officer of the State, having custody of books.
- 2 papers, accounts, receipts or youthers relating to the State war claims, is hereby
- 3 authorized and instructed to deliver the same to said commissioner, (and one
- 4 thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be found necessary by the Gov-
- 5 ernor, is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise
- 6 appropriated, to be drawn by the order of the Governor on the State Tressurer
- 7 payable to said commissioner, for the necessary expenses attending the prepara-
- 8 tion and procurement of correct vouchers and proper statements of accounts
- 9 and other expenses incident to the duties of his office.) the State to be liable in
- 10 no event for any cost, fees or expenses, beyond what is herein provided.
 - § 5. Whenever it is brought to the notice of the Governor that the State has
- 2 any just claims upon the United States growing out of any act of Congress,
- 3 other than the one above referred to in section one (1) of this act, he is hereby
- 4 authorized and instructed to appoint, or continue in appointment, a State com-
- 5 missioner to prosecute and adjust said claim, under the provision above recited,
- 6 except as to the appropriation herein contained, and subject to the same restric-
- 7 tions.

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 393, REPORTED FROM THE COM MITTEE ON FINANCE MAY 4, 1881.

- 1. Amend by striking out the word and characters, "ten (10)," in the fifth line
- 2 of section 8 of written bill and insert in lieu thereof the word and characters
- 8 "fifteen (15)."
- 4 2. Further amend by striking out all after the word "commissioner," in sixth
- 5 line of section 4 of written bill, to and including the word "o fice," in the six-
- 6 teenth line of said section 4.

(Substitute for Senate Bill No. 369.)

- Introduced by Committee on Judicial Department, March 26, 1881, and ordered to first reading.

 First reading March 26, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

A BILL

For an act to amend Section one of an act entitled, "An Act to amend the Criminal Laws of the State," approved May 31, 1879, in force July 1, 1879.

- 2 General Assembly, That section one (1), of an act to amend the Criminal laws of
- 3 the State, approved May 31, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, be and the same is hereby
- amended so as to read as follows:
- Section 1. That any person who shall keep a boat, or other water craft, for 5
- the purpose of prostitution on any of the navigable waters of this State, break-
- water, or other streams, over or upon which this State has jurisdiction, or any
- person who shall keep or maintain a house or place of ill-fame, or place for the
- practice of prostitution, shall be deemed guilty of a felony, and, upon convic-
- 10 tion thereof, shall be confined in the penitentiary for a period of not less than
- 11 one nor more than three years, and shall be fined in any sum not exceeding one
- 12 thousand dollars.



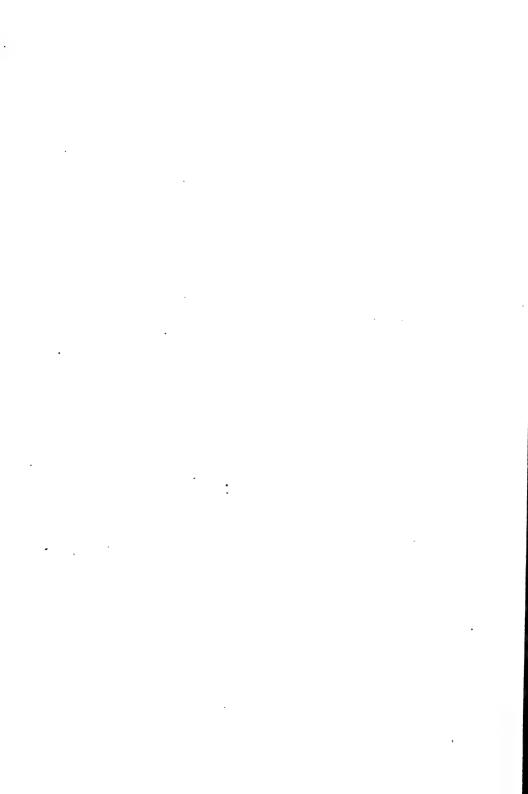
(Substitute for Senate Bill No. 369.)

- Introduced by Committee on Judicial Department, March 26, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading March 26, 1881, and ordered to second reading.
- 3. April 8, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to a third reading.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section one of an act entitled "An Act to amend the Criminal Laws of the State," approved May 31, 1879, in force July 1, 1879.

- 2 General Assembly, That section one (1) of an act entitled "An act to amend the
- 3 criminal laws of the State," approved May 31, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, be and
- 4 the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:
- 5 Section 1. That any person who shall keep a boat, or other water craft, for
- 6 the purpose of prostitution on any of the navigable waters of this State, break-
- 7 water or other streams over or upon which this State has jurisdiction, or any
- 8 person who shall keep or maintain a house or place of ill fame, or place for the
- 9 practice of prostitution, or who shall patronize the same, shall be deemed guilty
- 10 of a felony, and upon conviction thereof shall be confined in the penitentiary
- 11 for a period of not less than one nor more than three years, and shall be fined
- 19 in any sum not exceeding one thousand dollars.



- Introduced by Mr. Whiting, March 28, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading March 28, 1881, and referred to Committee on Agriculture and Dairying.
- Reported back without recommendation, and ordered to second reading March 29, 1881.

For an Act concerning Sewerage.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly, That whenever any county board, in any county in this State, shall be of the opinion that a necessity exists for the establishment of a district for sewerage purposes, within the county, it may determine the boundaries thereof, and they shall cause the same to be published each week in one or more public newspapers published in such county for the period of four weeks; and thereupon the said board may call an election in said proposed district, at 8 which shall be submitted to the legal veters resident therein, the question whether such district for sewerage purposes shall be established. The board 10 shall fix the time and places for holding such election, and the same shall be 11 conducted and the returns thereof made and canvessed as provided by the 19 general election laws of the State, so far as the same are applicable: Provided. 18 the same may be held at any general election for State or county officers. As soon as determined, the county clark shall certify the result of such election to the county board, and the same shall be spread on the records thereof. The ticket to be voted at such election he written or printed "For Sewerage District." or "Against Sewerage District," and if a majority of the votes coat on that sub-18 ject shall be for semurage district, then such district shall be degree established.

§ 2. When it shall be made known to the Governor, by a certified copy of the

- 9 proceedings of the county board in the premises, including the result of such
- 8 election, he shall, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoint
- 4 five sewerage commissioners, who shall be freeholders and legal voters within
- 5 said district. They shall hold their office for the term of five years, and shall
- 6 take an oath as required of other officers, and before entering on the duties of
- 7 office shall execute a bond to the People of the State of Illinois, to be approved
- 8 by the Governor, in the sum of \$50,000, with a condition for the faithful dis-
- 9 charge of the duties of their said office.
 - § 3. As soon as the said sewerage commission shall be duly qualified, they
- 3 shall organize by the election of one of their number president, and the
- s appointment of a secretary, which said officers shall hold their respective offices
- 4 for one year. The said commissioners shall be known and styled "The Board of
- 5 Sewerage Commissioners for the County of," and shall, for the pur-
- 6 poses herein expressed, be deemed and taken as a corporation, and, as such, may
- 7 sue and be sued, implead and be impleaded.
 - § 4. The said board of sewerage commissioners shall proceed to consider the
- best and most feasible system or plan for the location and construction of a
- 3 principal sewer, outlet or open channel, which shall be sufficient and adequate
- 4 to carry off and dispose of any sewage in any portion of such district, provided
- 5 the same shall not interfere with any system of drainage or sewerage in any
- 6 municipality, but shall be in aid thereof, within such proposed district, and for
- 7 that purpose shall have authority to appoint such engineers and employeellas
- 8 may be necessary. When said board of sewerage commissioners shall have
- 9 completed a plan for a system of sewerage, which, in their opinion, is adequate
- 10 and practicable for the purposes of said district, they shall present the same
- 11 with an estimate of the cost thereof, to the county board for its consideration
- 12 and the county board may raject the same or approve the same, and if
- 18 approved, thereupon such system shall be deemed ordered and established, and
- 14 all the rights, privileges, powers, duties and obligations of the said board of
- 15 sewerage commissioners shall attach and become operative: Provided, in case
- 16 of rejection of any plan or system by the county board, another may be made
- 17. and presented, and so on until a plan or system shall finally be adopted.

- § 5. For the purpose of paying the expense of the construction, according to
- 3 the plans and system adopted by the county board, it shall be competent for the
- 3 board of sewerage commissioners to issue the bonds of said board of sewerage
- 4 commissioners in an amount to be approved by the county board. They shall be
- 5 signed by the said commissioners, and attested by the corporate seal, and shall
- 6 be due and payable in twenty years from their date, respectively, and shall bear
- 7 interest at a rate not exceeding six per cent, per annum. A record of the num-
- 8 bers and amount of bonds so issued shall be kept by the board of sewerage
- 9 commissioners, and a report thereof shall be made to the county board. Said
- 10 bonds may be sold upon the best terms which, in the opinion of said board of
- 11 sewerage commissioners, may be obtained, and the proceeds shall be paid into
- 19 the treasury of said board.
 - § 6. The said board of sewerage commissioners shall elect a treasurer, who
- 2 shall hold his office for the term of two years, and he shall be required to take
- s an oath of office, and before entering on the duties thereof shall execute a bond,
- 4 payable to said board of sewerage commissioners, in such sum as said board shall
- 5 fix, with a condition that he will faithfully perform the duties of his office, and
- 6 pay over and account for all moneys that may come into his hands as such treas-
- 7 urer, according to law and the orders and directions of said board.
 - § 7. No money shall be paid out by the treasurer except upon the order or
- 2 resolution of said board, duly entered of record, and then only on a warrant
- 3 drawn by the secretary and countersigned by the president.
- § 8. The said board of sewerage commissioners shall have power to make all
- 2 needful rules and regulations for the government of their affairs, agents and
- 3 employes, and they shall, on or before the first day of July, in each year, make
- 4 a full and complete report to the county board of all moneys received and
- 5 expended.
 - § 9. The said board of sewerage commissioners shall, annually, ascertain the
- 2 amount that may be required to pay the interest on said bonds, and also such
- 3 further sum, each year, as may be necessary to create a sinking fund which shall
- 4 be sufficient to pay said bonds at maturity, and the amount so ascertained shall
- 5 be certified by the president and secretary of said board to the county clerk, who

- 6 shall extend the same on the taxable property in said district in the tax books for
- 7 the collection of State and county taxes, and like proceedings shall be had for the
- 8 collection of the same as in case of State and county taxes, and when collected
- 9 shall be paid over to the treasurer of the board of sewerage commissioners.
 - § 10. Said board of sewerage commissioners shall have power and authority
- 2 to lay out, establish and construct such main or principal sewer, outlet, or arti-
- 8 ficial or open channel within such sewerage district, as shall be set forth and
- 4 agreed upon by the county board, according to the plan and specification
- 5 adopted by the county board, and to that end may acquire so much land as may
- 6 be necessary by condemnation, under and pursuant to the general laws of the
- 7 State, providing for the exercise of the right of eminent domain.
 - § 11. Said board of sewerage commissioners shall have the power and
- 3 authority, if said plan and system provide, to go outside of said sewerage dis-
- 8 trict, and also outside of their county, for the location of any principal sewer.
- 4 outlet, or artificial or open channel, and may acquire property for that purpose
- 5 as before provided, by consent and co-operation of the county board of such
- 6 county.

- Introduced by Mr. Neece, March 28, 1331, and ordered to first reading. First reading March 28, 1881, and referred to Committee on Revenue.
- 3
- Reported back with amendment, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading April 16, 1881.

For an Act to amend Section two of an act entitled "An Act for the Assessment of Property and for the Collection of Taxes," approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

- General Assembly. That section two (2) of an act entitled "An act for the assess-
- ment of property and for the collection of taxes," approved March 30, 1872, in
- force July 1, 1872, be amended so as to read as follows:
- Section 2. [Property exempt from taxation | All property described in this 5
- section to the extent herein limited, shall be exempt from taxation, that is to
- 7 say:
- First—All lands donated by the United States for school purposes, not sold
- or leased; all public school houses; all property of institutions of learning, in
- cluding the real estate on which the institutions are located, not leased by such
- institutions or otherwise used with a view to profit.
- Second—All church property actually and exclusively used for public worship, 12
- when the land (to be of reasonable size for the location of the church building)
- is owned by the congregation.
- Third—A parsonage owned by the congregation and exclusively used for a 15
- residence for the minister of the congregation, not to exceed the sum of one
- thousand dollars in value. 17
- 18 Fourth—All lands used exclusively as grave yards or grounds for burying the
- 19 dead.

- 20 Fitth-All unentered government lands; all public buildings or structures of
- 21 whatsoever kind and contents thereof and the lands on which the same are
- 22 located, belonging to the United States.
- 23 Sixth-All property of every kind belonging to the State of Illinois.
- 24 Seventh All property belonging to any county, town, village or city, used ex-
- 25 clusively for the maintenance of the poor; all swamp or overflowed lands be-
- 26 longing to any county, so long as the same remains unsold by such county; all
- 27 public buildings belonging to any county, township city, or incorporated town,
- 28 with the ground on which such buildings are erected, not exceeding in any case
- 29 ten acres.
- 30 Eighth-All property of institutions of purely public charity, when acting
- 31 and exclusively used for such charitable purposes, not leased or otherwise used
- 32 with a view to profit, and all free public libraries.
- 33 Ninth All fire engines and other implements used for the extinguishment of
- 34 fire, with the buildings used exclusively for the safe keeping thereof, and the
- 35 lot of reasonable size on which the building is located, when belonging to any
- 36 city, village or town.
- 37 Tenth--All market houses, public squares, or other public grounds, used ex-
- 38 clusively for public purposes; all works, machinery and fixtures belonging ex-
- 89 clusively to any town, village or city, and used exclusively for conveying water
- 40 to such town, village or city.
- 41 Eleventh—All property which may be used exclusively by societies for agricul-
- 42 tural, horticultural, mechanical and philosophical purposes, and not for pecu-
- 43 niary profit.
- 44 Twelfth-All property owned, and actually and exclusively used for armory
- 45 purposes, by any militia company of this State.

AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL NO. 400, REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON REVENUE, APRIL 16, 1881.

Amend by striking out the twelfth clause of Section 2, of the bill.

- Introduced by Mr. White, March 29, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading March 29, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipal.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 29, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to Abolish the Police and Fire Departments of Cities of over one hundred thousand (100,000) Inhabitants, and to create a Board of Police and Fire Commissioners of said Cities.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That in all cities in this State of over one hundred thousand
- 3 inhabitants, all authority for the appointment and control of police and firemen
- 4 as now authorized by general law is hereby abolished.
 - § 2. Hereafter there shall be appointed by the Governor, and with the
- 2 advice and consent of the Senate, a Board of Police and Fire Commissioners of
- 3 said cities.
 - \$ 3. The Governor shall, without delay, appoint in each of said cities where
- 2 there is now police and fire department under the control of the mayor and city
- 8 council of said cities, five (5) persons, who shall be styled a Board of Police and
- 4 Fire Commissioners of the city of, and in the here left, shall in
- 5 each case be inserted the name of the city for which such appointments are
- 6 made; and this shall be the name of such commissioners for all purposes
- 7 whatsoever.
 - § 4. Such commissioners shall be selected from the cities in which said per-
- 2 sons are appointed to act; the terms of office of the first five commissioners
- 3 appointed herein, one (1) for one year, another for two years, a third for three

be indicated by the Governor in the commission appointing them, who shall hold their offices until their successors are appointed and qualified. And each succeeding year thereafter, and at the expiration of the term of office of each commissioner the Governor, shall appoint and commission his successor, as aforesaid, for the full term of five (5) years; and in case of any vacancy during the unexpired term, the Governor shall also fill the same by appointment for the 11 remainder of such term. And each commissioner, before entering upon the duties of his office, shall give a bond, of good and sufficient surety, to be approved by the Governor, such bond to run to the of, wherein 13 said commissioners are appointed, for the use of any and all persons who may 14 15 be interested, conditioned in the sum of fifty thousand (\$50,000) dollars, for the faithful performance of their duties.

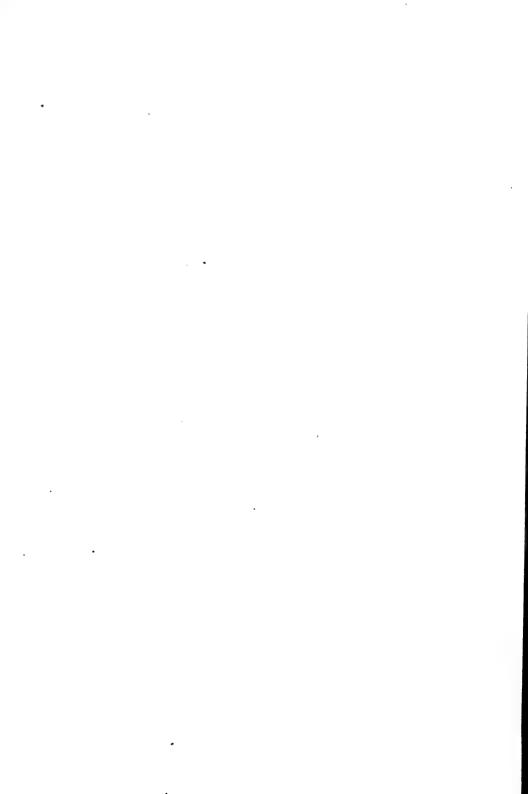
- \$ 5. As soon as any Board of Police and Fire Commissioners shall be appointed
 and qualified to act in any of said cities, under the provisions hereof, they shall,
 without delay, organize, and it shall be the duty of such commissioners to
 immediately notify the mayor and city council of said cities, and the police and
 fire departments thereof, of their organization and appointment; and that it
 shall be the duty of said mayor and city council and police and fire departments
 of said cities to surrender and turn over to such Board of Police and Fire Commissioners all the real and personal property, effects, books, papers, records and
 things in their possession or under their control, which may in any way relate
 to the said police and fire departments of said cities.
 - shall become organized for the transaction of business, they shall have power to appoint such officers and employ such employes they may deem necessary for the protection of property and the preservation of the public peace in such cities, and fix their compensation; and such officers and employes shall hold their places during the pleasure of said commissioners, and such commissioners, when organized, shall have power to discharge any and all officers heretofore acting in any former police and fire department of said cities existing in any cities, if, in their judgment, the efficiency of such police and fire department, as a hereby authorized, will thereby be promoted. And all such officers and

employes shall have the same power and authority as now conferred upon police and firemen by law, or by the ordinances of any city wherein such commissioners

13 are appointed as berein provided.

§ 7. As soon as any Board of Police and Fire Commissioners shall be appointed 2 and qualified to act, and organized as herein provided, they shall immediately estimate an amount, and certify the same to the city council of said city in which they are appointed, and annually thereafter, necessary to be raised by said city for which they are appointed, for the purpose of defraying the expenses of said commissioners in the transaction of their business in the performance of their duties, which amount shall not exceed three quarters (‡) of one (1) per cent, of the amount now authorized to be raised by taxation in said cities, for city purposes; and it shall be the duty of the city authorities of said cities, and they are hereby authorized, to cause the amount so certified to them 10 11 respectively to be assessed, levied and collected in the same manner as other taxes are assessed, levied and collected upon the property in said cities; and in 12 case the authorities of said cities wherein said police and fire commissioners are 13 appointed as provided herein, fail or neglect, or refuse to certify to collect said amounts so certified to them as aforesaid, for the purpose of paying the 15 expenses of said commissioners, then all moneys realized by said authorities of 16 said cities, from fines and penalties and license fees, as now authorized by law, 17 or by any ordinances of said cities, shall become the fund of said police and fire 18 commissioners, and said police and fire commissioners are hereby authorized to receive the same for the purpose of defraying their said expenses.

- 8. The compensation of said commissioners shall be a salary of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) each, per annum, paid out of the fund aforesaid.
- \$ 9. Whereas, there is a necessity for an immediate abolishment of the police
 2 and fire departments of cities of over one hundred thousand (100,000) inhabitants in this State, and the creation of a Board of Police and Fire Commissioners
 4 in lieu thereof, therefore an emergency exists, and this act shall take effect and
- 5 be in force from and after its passage.



- 1. Introduced by Mr. White, March 29, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading March 29, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipalities.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading March 29, 1881.
- 4. April 1, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.

A BILL

For an Act to abolish the Police and Fire Departments of Cities of over one hundred thousand (100,000) inhabitants, and to create a Board of Police and Fire Commissioners of said Cities.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

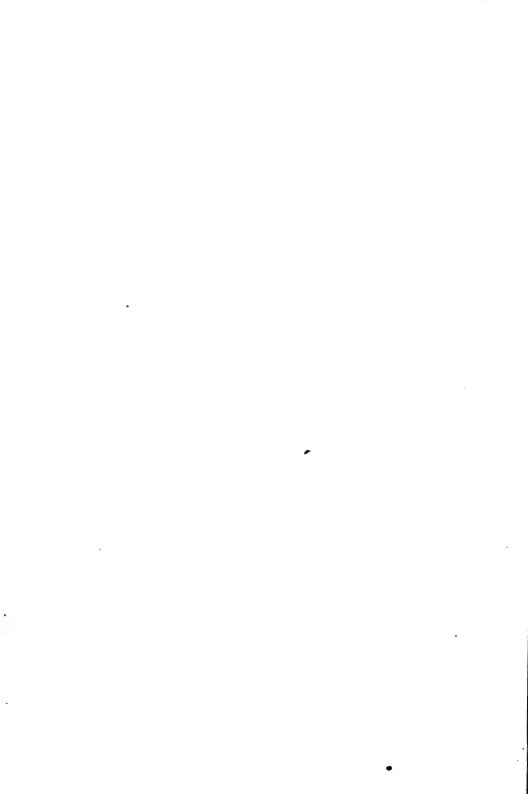
- 9 General Assembly. That in all cities in this State of over one hundred thousand
- 8 inhabitants, all authority for the appointment and control of police and firemen
- 4 as now authorized by general law is hereby abolished.
 - § 2. Hereafter there shall be appointed by the Governor, and with the advice
- 2 and consent of the Senate, a Board of Police and Fire Commissioners of said
- 8 cities.
 - \$ 3. The Governor shall, without delay, appoint in each of said cities where
- 2 there is now a police and fire department under the control of the mayor and city
- 3 council of said cities, three(3) persons, who shall be styled a Board of Police and
- 4 Fire Commissioners of the city of, and in the blank here left shall in
- 5 each case be inserted the name of the city for which such appointments are
- 6 made; and this shall be the name of such commissioners for all purposes
- 7 whatsoever.
 - § 4. Such commissioners shall be selected from the cities in which said per-
- 2 sons are appointed to act; the terms of office of the first three commissioners
- \$ appointed herein shall be, one (1) for one year, another for two years, a third for
- 4 three years, and their terms shall be indicated by the Governor in the commis-

§ 5. As soon as any Board of Police and Fire Commissioners shall be appointed and qualified to act in any of said cities, under the provisions hereof, they shall, without delay, organize, and it shall be the duty of such commissioners to immediately notify the mayor and city council of said cities, and the police and fire departments thereo, of their organization and appointment; and that it shall be the duty of said mayor and city council and police and fire departments of said cities to surrender and turn over to such Board of Police and Fire Commissioners all the real and personal property, effects, books, papers, records and things in their possession or under their control, which may in any way relate to the said police and fire departments of said cities.

\$ 6. As soonasthe Board of Police and Fire Commissioners hereby authorized shall become organized for the transaction of business, they shall have power to appoint such officers and employ such employes they may deem necessary for the protection of property and the preservation of the public peace in such cities, and fix their compensation; and such officers and employes shall hold their places during the pleasure of said commissioners; and such commissioners, when organized, shall have power to discharge any and all officers heertofore acting in any former police and fire department of said cities existing in any cities, if, in their judgment, the efficiency of such police and fire department, as hereby authorized, will thereby be promoted. And all such officers and employes shall have the same power and authority as now conferred upon police

12 and firemen by law, or by the ordinances of any city wherein such commissioners
13 are appointed as herein provided.

- § 7. As soon as any Board of Police and Fire Commissioners shall be appointed and qualified to act, and organized as herein provided, they shall immediately estimate an amount, and certify the same to the city council of said city in which they are appointed, and annually thereafter, necessary to be raised by said city for which they are appointed for the purpose of defraying the expenses of said commissioners in the transaction of their business in the per formance of their duties, which amount shall not exceed three-quarters (‡) of one (1) per cent, of the amount now authorized to be raised by taxation in said cities, for city purposes; and it shall be the duty of the city authorities of said cities, and they are hereby authorized, to cause the amount so certified to them; 10 respectively, to be assessed, levied and collected in the same manner as other taxes are assessed, levied and collected upon the property in said cities; and in 12 case the authorities of said cities wherein said police and fire commissioners are 13 14 appointed as provided herein, fail or neglect, or refuse to collect said amounts so certified to them as aforesaid, for the purpose of paying the expenses of said 15 commissioners, then all moneys realized by said authorities of said cities, from 16 fines and penalties and license fees, as now authorized by law, or by any 17 ordinances of said cities, shall become the fund of said police and fire commis-18 sioners, and said police and fire commissioners are hereby authorized to receive 19 the same for the purpose of defraying their said expenses.
- § 8. The compensation of said commissioners shall be a salary of twenty five
 hundred dollars (\$2500) each, per annum, paid out of the fund aforesaid.



(Substitute for No. 86.)

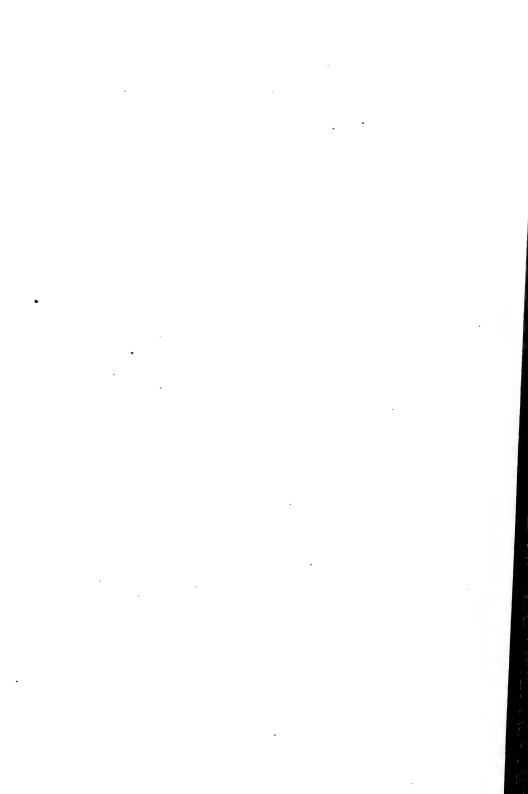
- Introduced by Committee on Municipalities, March 29, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading April 1, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Sections two hundred and twenty-one (221) of an act entitled "An Act to provide a fund for the relief of members of Police and Fire Departments in Incorporated Cities wounded or disabled in the discharge of their duties and for the relief of the surviving family of any members of said depart ments killed while on duty," approved March 24, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That section two hundred and twenty-one (221) of an act
- 3 entitled "An act to provide a fund for the relief of members of police and fire
- 4 departments in incorporated cities wounded or disabled in the discharge of
- 5 their duties, and for the relief of the surviving family of any member of said
- 6 departments killed while on duty," approved March 24, 1874, in force July 1,
- 7 1874, be amended so as to read as follows:
- 8 Section 221. That the corporate authorities of any city in this State may, by
- 9 ordinance, provide that all monies received from fines imposed upon members
- 10 of the police and fire departments in such city for the violation of the rules
- 11 and regulations of the service, shall be paid into the city treasury; and all sums
- 12 of money donated to such police and fire departments, or either of them, or to
- 13 any officer or member thereof, for meritorious service or otherwise and all gifts.
- 14 bequests, to said police or fire department, or to any officer or member thereof.
- 15 for meritorious service or otherwise, shall be paid into the city treasury, and
- 16 kept apart as a fund, to be called the "Police and Fireman's Relief Fund."



- Introduced by Mr. Laning, March 29, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading April 1, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
- 3. April 15, 1881, ordered printed for Committee

A BILL

For an Act to regulate the appointment of Receivers for corporations, and to prescribe their duties.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 3 General Assembly. Upon the petition of a stockholder or mortgage creditor of
- s any corporation, organized under the laws of this State, where the interest
- 4 upon the mortgage debt thereof has been due and unpaid for twelve months, or
- 5 when the persons in charge of the corporation are fraudulently or grossly mis-
- 6 managing its affairs, any court of record, having general chancery jurisdiction.
- 7 may appoint a receiver for such corporation; but said appointment may be made
- 8 only in term time of said court, and upon a bill sworn to by the petitioner, charg-
- 9 ing fraudulent or gross mismanagement of the affairs of the corporation of
- 10- which bill the persons in charge of the corporation must have at least ten days'
- 11 written notice, which notice shall state the time when and the place where the
- 12 application for the receiver is to be made.
 - § 2. Upon the filing of a bill for a receiver, as aforesaid, and proof being
 - made of service of notice given to defendant in such bill, as required by the
- 3 first section of this act, the court in which such bill is filed shall enter an order
- 4 directing the defendant in such bill to join issue upon the charge of fraudulent
- or gross mismanagement, and shall set said cause down for hearing upon said
- 6 issue, and shall proceed to hear evidence therein; and if, upon such evidence, it
- 7 shall appear to the court that the persons in charge of said corporation have

- 8 been guilty of fraudulent or gross mismanagement of its affairs, the court may
- 9 appoint a receiver to take charge of the estate and management of the affairs
- 10 of said corporation.
 - § 3. No person not a resident freeholder of this State, shall be receiver of
- 2 any corporation of this State; and no more than one receiver shall be appointed
- 8 for any one corporation; and he shall give bond in such amount and with such
- 4 security as the court appointing him may require.
 - § 4. When a receiver has been appointed, he shall take personal charge of
- I the affairs and property of the corporation of which he is the receiver,
- s and shall transact his business as such receiver, personally, at
- 4 the public office, or place of the corporation in this State at which it transacts
- 5 its business.
 - § 5. A receiver appointed under this act may, with the consent of the court
- 2 that appointed him, make all repairs necessary to keep the property of the cor-
- 8 poration in good order; and for this purpose, and to pay the necessary current
- 4 expenses, may, with the consent of the court that appointed him, borrow money
- 5 upon such terms as the court may direct; but under no other circumstances and
- 6 for no other purpose, shall a receiver have power to borrow money; and he shall
- 7 have no authority to make any improvement upon or in connection with the
- 8 property of the corporation, excepting the necessary reparation of the property
- 9 herein authorized; and no court shall have power to authorize any other
- 10 improvement, or any additions to or enlargement of the property of the corpo-
- 11 ration by a receiver thereof; nor shall any court have power to authorize any
- 12 receiver to create any debt against the corporation, or in any way encumber its
- 13 property by the creation of any debt for any purpose whatever, excepting as in
- 14 this section provided.
 - § 6. No corporation shall remain in the hands of a receiver longer than two
- 2 years from the date of his appointment: and, if before the expiration of that
- 8 time, the matters in litigation are not disposed of by decree of the court, the
- 4 court shall discharge the receiver, and order a return of its property to the
- 5 proper officers of the corporation; and in any case in which a receiver has been
- 6 appointed by any court, and the property of the corporation for which the

7 receiver was appointed has been in the hands of the receiver longer than one

year before the time at which this act took effect, it shall be the duty of said

9 court to discontinue such receivership within one year after the time at which

10 this act took effect, and return its property to said corporation: Provided,

11 however, that nothing herein contained shall be construed as to prevent such

12 court from proceeding to final decree and sale of the property.

§ 7. A receiver of a corporation, whether appointed under the provisions of 2 this act or before it went into force, may be sued for any contract made by him or by any duly authorized agent of his, or for any tort committed by him, or by any of his employes, agents or servants, in any court having competent jurisdiction, and any such suit may be commenced without application to the court that appointed such receiver, for leave to bring such suit; and if judgment against the receiver shall be obtained, it shall be the duty of such receiver to place the amount of such judgment upon his pay-roll, and pay the same in the manner, and same order and time, that he pays the current expenses of the corporation he is receiving for; and if a receiver shall fail or refuse to place the amount of such judgment upon his pay-rolls, the judgment creditor or holder of the judg-11 ment may take a certified copy of such judgment and attach thereto an affidavit of himself, or other person, that such receiver has refused or neglected to place such judgment upon his pay-rolls, and that he has not paid or in any way 14 discharged the same; and upon the filing of such certified judgment, accom-15 panied by a petition praying for the discharge of such receiver, it shall be the duty of the court to discharge such receiver, unless he shall show legal cause for refusing to obey the order of the court in which such judgment was obtained.

refusing to obey the order of the court in which such judgment was obtained.

§ 8. A receiver of a corporation, whether appointed under the provisions of
this act, or before it went into force, may be sued in any court of this State having competent jurisdiction, for any claim or demand, whether arising out of
contract or tort, existing against the corporation at the time of the appointment
of such receiver; and if judgment is rendered against such receiver, it shall be
the duty of the court entering up such judgment to certify the same to the court
that appointed such receiver; and it shall be the duty of that court to make an
order directing such receiver to satisfy such judgment out of any money he may

- have, after paying necessary running expenses, and any judgment that may have
- 10 been obtained under section seven of this act: Provided, that judgments for
- 11 labor due from such corporation shall be first paid, and judgments for supplies
- 12 next, and all other judgments shall stand upon an equal footing.
 - § 9. It shall be the duty of a receiver of a corporation to defend all suits
- 2 against the corporation of which he is receiver, pending in any court at the
- 8 time of his appointment, as well as all suits subsequently brought; and when
- 4 any corporation has been placed in the hands of a receiver, either party to such
- 5 a cause may suggest such fact to any court in which any suit is pending against
- 6 such corporation, and have the receiver made a party thereto; and if, in any such
- 7 cause, judgment is obtained against the receiver, it shall be certified in the
- 8 same manner as judgments entered under section eight of this act.
 - § 10. Service of a summons may be made under sections seven, eight and
- 2 nine of this act in the following manner: First, by leaving a copy of summons
- 8 with the receiver, if he shall be found in the county in which suit is brought
- 4 or, secondly, by leaving a copy of summons with any station agent, clerk, secre-
- 5 tary, general agent, cashier, engineer or conductor in the service of said re-
- 6 ceiver, or of any agent of said receiver, found in the county, in the same man-
- 7 ner as service is now had upon corporations in this State.
 - § 11. Receivers may appeal from any judgment in the same manner and upon
- 2 the same terms as other parties in other cases.
- § 12. This act shall apply to receivers of corporations heretofore appointed
- 2 as well as to receivers who may be appointed under its provisions; and any re-
- 3 ceiver who may have been appointed before this act went into force shall be
- 4 discharged by the court and another appointed under this act, if it shall appear
- 5 to the court that such receiver could not have qualified under this act if it had
- 6 been in force at the time of his appointment; and it shall be the duty of any
- 7 court that may have appointed two or more receivers for a corporation before
- 8 this act went into effect, to discharge all of such receivers excepting one, quali-
- 9 fied under this act.

(Substitute for INo. 156.)

- Introduced by Committee on Miscellany, March 30, 1881, and ordered to first reading.

 First reading April 1, 1881, and ordered to a second reading.

A BILL

For an Act to regulate the Practice of Pharmacy in the State of Illinois.

SKITION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- General Assembly, That it shall not be lawful for any person other than a regis-
- tered pharmacist to retail, compound or dispense drugs, medicines or poisons, or
- to open or conduct any pharmacy or store for retailing, compounding or dis-
- 5 pensing drugs, medicines or poisons, unless such person shall be, or shall employ
- 6 and place in charge of said pharmacy or store, a registered pharmacist, within
- 7 the meaning of this act, except as hereinafter provided.
 - § 2. Any person, in order to be registered within the meaning of this act,
- must be either a graduate in pharmacy, a graduate in medicine, or shall, at the
- time this act takes effect, be engaged in the business of a dispensing pharmacist
- on his own account, in the State of Illinois, in the preparation of physicians'
- prescriptions, and in the vending and compounding of drugs, medicines and
- poisons, or shall be a licentiate in pharmacy.
 - \$ 3. Graduates in pharmacy must be such persons as have had four years'
- 2 practical experience in drug stores where the prescriptions of medical practi-
- 3 tioners are compounded, and have obtained a satisfactory diploma or creden-
- 4 tials of their attainments from a regularly incorporated college or school
- 5 of pharmacy.
 - § 4. Licentiates in pharmacy must be such persons as have had two years'

- 2 practical experience in drug stores where the prescriptions of medical practi-
- 8 tioners are compounded, and have passed a satisfactory examination before
- 4 the State Board of Pharmacy, hereinafter mentioned. The said board may
- 5 grant certificates of registration, without further examination, to the licenti-

§ 5. The Governor, with the advice and consent of the Schate, shall

- 6 ates of such other boards of pharmacy as it may deem proper.
- 2 appoint five persons from among such competent pharmacists in the State as
 3 have had ten years' practical experience in the dispensing of physicians' pre4 scriptions, who shall constitute the Board of Pharmacy. The persons so
 5 appointed shall hold their offices for five years: Provided, that the term of
 6 office of the five first appointed shall be so arranged that the term of one
 7 shall expire on the thirtieth day of December of each year; and the vacan8 cies so created, as well as all vacancies otherwise occurring, shall be filled
 9 by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate: And, provided,
 10 also, that appointments made when the Senate is not in session, may be con11 firmed at its next ensuing session. The Illinois Pharmaceutical Association
- 13 the names of at least ten persons, whom said association shall deem best

shall annually report directly to the Governor, recommending, the first year,

- 14 qualified to serve as members of the Board of Pharmacy, and the names of
- 15 at least three persons each year thereafter, to fill any vacancies which shall
- 16 occur in said board.

12

- \$ 6. The said board shall, within thirty days after its appointment, meet and
- 2 organize by the election of a president and secretary from its own members,
- 8 who shall be elected for the term of one year, and shall perform the duties pre-
- 4 scribed by the board. It shall be the duty of the board to examine all applica-
- 5 tions for registration submitted in proper form; to grant certificates of registra-
- 6 tion to such persons as may be entitled to the same under the provisions of this
- 7 act; to cause the prosecution of all persons violating its provisions; to report
- 8 annually to the Governor and to the Illian is Pharmaceutical Association upon
- 9 the condition of pharmacy in the State, which said report shall also furnish a
- 10 record of the proceedings of the said board for the year, and also the names of
- 11 all pharmacists duly registered under this act; the board shall hold meetings

for the examination of applicants for registration, and the transaction of such other business as shall pertain to its duties, at least once in three months: Provided, that said board shall hold meetings once in every year in the city 14 of Chicago and in the city of Springfield, and it shall give thirty days' public 15 notice of the time and place of such meetings; shall have power to make 16 17 by-laws for the proper fulfillment of its duties under this act, and shall keep a book of registration, in which shall be entered the names and places of 18 business of all persons registered under this act, which book shall also specify 19 such facts as said persons shall claim to justify their registration. Three 20 members of said board shall constitute a quorum. 21

s 7. Every person claiming the right of registration under this act, who shall, within three months after this act shall take effect, forward to the Board of Pharmacy satisfactory proof, supported by his affidavit, that he was engaged in the business of a dispensing pharmacist on his own account in this State at the time this act takes effect, as provided in section two, shall, upon the payment of a fee hereinafter mentioned, be granted a certificate of registration: *Provided*, that in case of failure or neglect to register as herein provided, then such person shall, in order to be registered, comply with the requirements provided for registration as a graduate in pharmacy or a licentiate in pharmacy, within the meaning of this act.

s. Any assistant or clerk in pharmacy who shall not have the qualification of a registered pharmacist, within the meaning of this act, not less than eighteen years of age, who, at the time this act takes effect, shall have been employed or engaged two years or more in drug stores where the prescriptions of medical practitioners are compounded, and shall furnish satisfactory evidence to that effect to the State Board of Pharmacy, shall, upon making application for registration, and upon the payment to the secretary of the said board of a fee of one dollar, within sixty days after this act takes effect, be entitled to a certificate as a "registered assistant," which said certificate shall entitle him to continue in such duties as clerk or assistant; but such certificate shall not entitle him to engage in business on his own account unless he shall have had at least five years' experience in pharmacy at the time of the passage of this act.

- 18 Annually thereafter, during the time he shall continue in such duties, he shall
- 14 pay to the said secretary a sum not exceeding fifty cents, for which he shall
- 15 receive a renewal of his certificate.
 - § 9. Every person applying for registration as a registered pharmacist, under
- 3 section seven of this act, shall, before a certificate is granted, pay to the
- 8 secretary of the board the sum of two dollars, and a like sum shall be paid to
- 4 said secretary by graduates in pharmacy, by graduates of medicine, and by
- 5 licentiates of other boards, who shall apply for registration; and by every appli-
- 6 cant for registration by examination shall be paid the sum of five dollars: Pro-
- 7 vided, that in case of the failure of any applicant to pass a satisfactory examin-
- 8 ation, his money shall be refunded.
 - \$ 10. Every registered pharmacist who desires to continue the practice of his
- 2 profession, shall annually thereafter, during the time he shall continue in such
- 8 practice, on such date as the Board of Pharmacy may determine, pay to the
- 4 secretary of the said board a registration fee, to be fixed by the board, but
- 5 which shall in no case exceed two dollars, for which he shall receive a renewal
- 6 of said registration. Every certificate of registration granted under this act
- 7 shall be conspicuously exposed in the pharmacy to which it applies.
- § 11. The secretary of the board shall receive a salary which shall be fixed by
- 2 the board; he shall also receive his traveling and other expenses incurred in the
- 8 performance of his official duties. The other members of the board shall receive
- 4 the sum of five dollars for each day actually engaged in this service, and all
- 5 legitimate and necessary expenses incurred in attending the meetings of said
- 6 board. Said expenses shall be paid from the fees and penalties received by the
- 7 board, under the provisions of this act, and no part of the salary or other
- 8 expenses of the board shall be paid out of the State Treasury. All moneys
- 9 received in excess of said per diem allowance and other expenses above provided
- 10 for, shall be held by the secretary as a special fund for meeting the expenses of
- 11 said board, he giving such bonds as the board shall from time to time direct.
- 12 The board shall, in its annual report to the Governor and to the Illinois Phar-
- 18 maceutical Association, render an account of all noncess received and disbursed
- 14" by them pursuant to this act.

8 12. Any person not being or having in his employ a registered pharmacist within the meaning of this act, who shall, sixty days after this act takes effect, keep a pharmacy or store for retailing or compounding medicines, or who shall take, use, or exhibit the title of a registered pharmacist, shall, for each and every such offense, be liable to a penalty of fifty dollars. Any registered pharmacist who shall permit the compounding and dispensing of prescriptions, or the vending of drugs, medicines or poisons in his store or place of business except under the supervision of a registered pharmacist, or except by a "registered assistant" pharmacist, or any pharmacist or "registered assistant" who. while continuing in business, shall fail or neglect to procure his annual regis 10 tration, or any person who shall wilfully make any false representation to procure registration for himself or any other person, shall, for every such 13 offense, be liable to a penalty of fifty dollars: Provided, that nothing in this 18 act shall apply to or in any manner interfere with the business of any physician, or prevent him from supplying to his patients such articles as may seem to him proper, nor with the making or vending of patent or proprietary medi-17 cines or medicines placed in scaled packages with the name of the contents and of the pharmacist or physician by whom prepared or compounded, nor with the sale of the usual domestic remedies by retail dealers, nor with the exclu-20 sively wholesale business of any dealers, except as hereinafter provided.

\$ 13. No person shall add to or remove from any drug, medicine, chemical or pharmaceutical preparation, any ingredient or material for the purpose of adulteration or substitution, or which shall deteriorate the quality, commercial value or medicinal effect, or which shall alter the nature or composition of such drug, medicine, chemical or pharmaceutical preparation, so that it will not correspond to the recognized tests of identity or purity. Any person who shall thus wilfully adulterate or alter, or cause to be adulterated or altered, or shall sell or offer for sale any such adulterated or altered drug, medicine, chemical or pharmaceutical preparation, or any person who shall substitute or cause to be substituted one material for another, with the intention to defraud or deceive the purchaser, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and be liable to prosecution under this act. If convicted, he shall be liable to all the costs of

the action and all expenses incurred by the Board of Pharmacy in connection 13 therewith, and for the first offense be liable to a fine of not less than fifty 15 dollars nor more than one hundred dollars, and for each subsequent offense a 16 fine of not less than seventy-five nor more than one hundred and fifty dollars. On complaint being entered, the Board of Pharmacy is hereby empowered to 17 18 employ an analyst or chemist expert, whose duty it shall be to examine into the so-claimed adulteration, substitution or alteration, and report upon the result 19 of his investigation; and if said report justify such action, the board shall duly 20 21 cause the prosecution of the offender, as provided in this law,

§ 14. No person shall sell at retail any poisons commonly recognized as such, and especially aconite, arsenic, belladonna, binicdide of mercury, carbolic acid, chloral hydrate, chloroform, conium, corrosive sublimate, creosote, croton oil, 3 cyanide of potassium, digitalis, hydrocyanic acid, laudanum, morphine, nux vomica, oil of bitter almonds, opium, oxalic acid, strychnine, sugar of lead, 5 sulphate of zinc, white precipitate, red precipitate, without affixing to the box, 6 bottle, vessel or package containing the same, and to the wrapper or 7 cover thereof, a label bearing the name of the article, and the word "poison" distinctly shown, with the name and place of business of the seller: who shall 9 10 not deliver any of said poisons to any person under the age of fifteen years, nor shall be deliver any of said poisons to any person, without satisfying himself 11 that such poison is to be used for a legitimate purpose: Provided, that nothing herein contained shall apply to the dispensing of physicians' prescriptions. Any 13 person failing to comply with the requirements of this section shall be liable to 14 a penalty of five dollars for each and every such offense.

§ 15. All suits for the recovery of the several penalties prescribed in this act.

2 shall be prosecuted in the name of the "People of the State of Illinois," in any

3 court having jurisdiction; and it shall be the duty of the State's Attorney of

4 the county where such offense is committed, to prosecute all persons violating

5 the provisions of this act, upon proper complaint being made. All penalties

6 collected under the provisions of this act shall inure, one-half to the Board of

7 Pharmacy, and the remainder to the school fund of the county in which the

8 suit was prosecuted and judgment obtained.

(Substitute for No. 156.)

- Introduced by Committee on Miscellary, March 39, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. I first reading April 1, 1881, and ordered to a second reading.

3 April 11, 1881, second reading.

4. April 14, 1881, amended, and ordered to a third reading.

A BILL

For an Act to regulate the Practice of Pharmacy in the State of Illinois.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That it shall not be lawful for any person other than a regis-
- 3 tered pharmacist to retail, compound or dispense drugs, medicines or poisons,
- 4 or to open or conduct any pharmacy or store for retailing, compounding or
- 5 dispensing drugs, medicines or poisons, unless such person shall be, or shall
- 6 employ and place in charge of said pharmacy or store, a registered pharma ist,
- 7 within the meaning of this act, except as hereinafter provided.
 - \$ 2. Any person, in order to be registered within the meaning of this act,
- 2 must be either a graduate in pharmacy, a graduate in medicine, or shall, at the
- 3 time this act takes effect, be engage I in the business of a dispensing pharmacist
- 4 on his own account, in the State of Illinois, in the preparation of physicians
- 5 prescriptions, and in the vending and compounding of drags, medicines and
- 6 poisons, or shall be a licentiate in ,pharmacy.
 - § 3. Graduates in pharmacy must be such persons'as have had four years'
- 2 practical experience in drug stores where the prescriptions of medical practi-
- 3 tioners are compounded, and have obtained a satisfactory diploma or creden-
- 4 tials of their attainments from a regularly incorporated college or school of
- pharmacy.

- § 4. Licentiates in pharmacy must be such persons as have had two years'
- 3 practical experience in drug stores where the prescriptions of medical practi
- \$ tioners are compounded, and have passed a satisfactory examination before the
- 4 State Board of Pharmacy, hereinafter mentioned. The said board may grant
- 5 certificates of registration, without further examination, to the lice stiates of
- 6 such other boards of pharmacy as it may deem proper.
- § 5. The Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint
- 2 five persons from among such competent pharmacists in the State as have had
- 8 ten years' practical experience in the dispensing of physicians' prescriptions,
- 4 who shall constitute the Board of Pharmacy. The persons so appointed shall
- 5 hold their offices for five years: *Provided*, that the term of office of the five first
- 6 appointed shall be so arranged that the term of one shall expire on the thirtieth
- 7 day of December of each year; and the vacancies so created, as well as all
- 8 vacancies otherwise occurring, shall be filled by the Governor, with the advice
- 9 and consent of the Senate: And, provided, also, that appointments made when
- 10 the Senate is not in session, may be confirmed, at its next ensuing session. The
- 11 Illinois Pharmaceutical Association shall annually report directly to the Gov-
- 19 ernor, recommending, the first year, the names of at least ten person, whom
- 13 said association shall deem best qualified to serve as members of the Board of
- 14 Pharmacy, and the names of at least three persons each year thereafter, to fil¹
- 15 any vacancies which shall occur in said board.
 - § 6. The said board shall, within thirty days after its appointment, meet and
- 2 organize by the election of a president and secretary from its own members
- 3 who shall be elected for the term of one year, and shall perform the duties pre-
- 4 scribed by the board. It shall be the duty of the board to examine all applica-
- 5 tion for registration submitted in proper form; to grant certificates of registra-
- 6 tions to such persons as may be entitled to the same under the provisions of this
- 7 act; to cause the prosecution of all persons violating its provisions; to report
- 8 annually to the Governor and to the Illinois Pharmaceutical Association upon
- 9 the condition of pharmacy in the State, which said report shall also furnish a
- 10 record of the proceedings of the said leard for the year, and also the names of
- 11 all pharmacists duly registered under this ret; the board shall hold meetings

other business as shall pertain to its duties, at least once in three months:

Provided, that said board shall hold meetings once in every year in the city of Chicago and in the city of Springfield, and it shall give thirty days' public notice of the time and place of such meetings; shall have power to make by laws for the proper fulfillment of its duties under this act, and shall keep a book of registration, in which shall be entered the names and places of business of all persons registered under this act, which book shall also specify such facts as said persons shall claim to justify their registration. Three members of said board shall constitute a quorum.

\$ 7. Every person claiming the right of registration under this act, who shall, within three months after this act shall take effect, forward to the Board of Pharmacy satisfactory proof, supported by his affidavit, that he was engaged in the business of a dispensing pharmacist on his own account in this State at the time this act takes effect, as provided in section two, shall, upon the payment of the fee hereinafter mentioned, be granted a certificate of registration: Provided, that in case of failure or neglect to register as herein provided, then such person shall, in order to be registered, comply with the requirements provided for registration as a graduate in pharmacy or a licentiate in pharmacy, within the meaning of this act.

9 for registration as a graduate in pharmacy or a licentiate in pharmacy, within
10 the meaning of this act.

§ 8. Any assistant or clerk in pharmacy who shall not have the qualification
2 of a registered pharmacist, within the meaning of this act, not less than eighteen
3 years of age, who, at the time this act takes effect, shall have been employed or
4 engaged two years or more in drug stores where the prescriptions of medical
5 practitioners are compounded, and shall furnish satisfactory evidence to that
6 effect to the State Board of Pharmacy, shall, upon making application for
7 registration, and upon the payment to the secretary of the said board of a fee of
8 one dollar, within sixty days after this act takes effect, be entitled to a certifi9 cate as a "registered assistant," which said certificate shall entitle him to con10 tinue in such duties as clerk or assistant; but such certificate shall not entitle
11 him to engage in business on his own account unless he shall have had at least

five years' experience in pharmacy at the time of the passage of this act-

- 18 Annually thereafter, during the time he shall continue in such duties, he shall
- 14 pay to the said secretary a sum not exceeding fifty cents, for which he shall
- 15 receive a renewal of his certificate.
 - § 9. Every person applying for registration as a registered pharmacist, under
- section seven of this not, shall, before a certificate is granted, pay to the
- 8 secretary of the board the sum of two dollars, and a like sum shall be paid to
- 4 said secretary by graduates in pharmacy, by graduates of medicine, and by
- 5 licentiates of other boards, who shall apply for registration; and by every appli-
- 6 cant for registration by examination shall be paid the sum of five dollars: Pro-
- 7 vided, that in case of the failure of any applicant to pass a satisfactory examin-
- 8 ation his money shall be refunded.
 - \$ 10. Every registered pharmacist who desires to continue the practice of his
- 2 profession, shall annually thereafter, during the time he shall continue in such
- 8 practice, on such date as the Board of Pharmacy may determine, pay to the
- 4 secretary of the said board a registration fee, to be fixed by the board, but
- 5 which shall in no case exceed two dollars, for which he shall receive a renewal
- 6 of said registration. Every certificate of registration granted under this act
- 7 shall be conspicuously exposed in the pharmacy to which it applies.
 - § i1. The secretary of the board shall receive a salary which shall be fixed by
- 2 the board; he shall also receive his traveling and other expenses incurred in the
- 3 performance of his official duties. The other members of the board shall receive
- 4 the sum of five dollars for each day actually engaged in this service, and all
- 5 legitimate and necessary expenses incurred in attending the meetings of said
- 6 board. Said expenses shall be paid from the fees and penalties received by the
- 7 board, under the provisions of this act, and no part of the salary or other
- 8 expenses of the board shall be paid out of the State Treasury. All moneys
- 9 received in excess of said per diem allowance and other expenses above provided
- 10 for shall be held by the secretary as a special function meeting the expense of
- 11 said board, he giving such bonds as the coard shall from time to time direct.
- 12 The board shall, in its annual report to the Governor and to the Illinois Phar-
- 18 macentical Association, render an account of all moneys received and disbursed
- 14 by them pursuant to this act.

 Any person not-being or having in his employ a registered, pharmacist I within the meaning of this act, who shall, sixty days after this act takes effect; keep a pharmacy or store for retailing or compounding medicines, or who shall take, use or exhibit the title of a registered pharmacist shall for each and every such offense, be liable to a penalty of fifty dollars. Any registered pharmacist who shall permit the compounding and dispensing of prescriptions, or the vending of drugs medicines or poisons in his store or place of business except under the supervision of a registered pharmacist or except by a "registered assistant" pharmacist, or any pharmacist or "registered assistant," who, while continuing in business, shall fail or neglect to procure his annual regis-10 tration, or any person who shall wilfully make any false representation to 11 12 procure registration for himself or any other person, shall, for every such offense, be liable to a penalty of fifty dollars: Provided that nothing in this 18 act shall apply to or in any manner interfere with the business of any physician, or prevent him from supplying to his patients such articles as may seem to him proper, nor with the making or vending of patent or proprietary medi-16 cines or medicines placed in sealed packages, with the name of the contents 18 and of the pharmacist or physician by whom prepared or compounded, nor with the sale of the usual domestic remedies by retail dealers nor with the exclusively wholesale business of any dealers, except as hereinafter provided: And. provided, further, that no part of this section shall be so construed as to give the right to any physician to furnish any intoxicating liquor as a beverage, on prescription or otherwise.

§ 13. No person shall add to or remove from any drug, medicine, chemical, pharmaceutical preparation, any ingredient or material for the purpose of adulteration or substitution, or which shall deteriorate the quality, commercial value or medicinal effect, or which shall alter the nature or composition of such drug, medicine, chemical or pharmaceutical preparation, so that it will not correspond to the recognized tests of identity or purity. Any person who shall thus wilfully adulterate or alter, or cause to be adulterated or altered, or shall sell or offer for sale any such adulterated or altered drug, medicine, chemical or pharmaceutical preparation, or any person who shall substitute or cause to

10 to substituted one material for another, with the intention to defraud or deceive the purchaser, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and be liable to 19 prosecution under this act. If convicted, he shall be liable to all the costs of the action and all expenses incurred by the Board of Pharmacy in connection therewith, and for the first offense be liable to a fine of not less than fifty dollars nor more than one hundred dollars, and for each subsequent offense a fine of not less than seventy-five nor more than one hundred and fifty dollars. On complaint being entered, the Board of Pharmacy is hereby empowered to employ an analyst or chemist expert, whose duty it shall be to examine into the so-claimed adulteration, substitution or alteration, and report upon the result of his investigation; and if said report justify such action, the board shall duly cause the prosecution of the offender, as provided in this law.

§ 14. No person shall sell at retail any poisons commonly recognized as such, and especially aconite, arsenic, belladonna, biniodide of mercury, carbolic acid, chloral hydrate, chloroform, conjum, corrosive sublimate, creosote, croton oil, cyanide of potassium, digitalis, hydrocyanic acid, laudanum, morphine, nux vomica, oil of bitter almonds, opium, oxalic acid, strychnine, sugar of lead sulphate of zinc, white precipitate, red precipitate, without affixing to the box. rottle, vessel or package containing the same, and to the wrapper or cover thereof, a label bearing the name of the article, and the word "poison" distinctly shown, with the name and place of business of the seller; who shall 10 not deliver any of said poisons to any person under the age of fifteen years, nor shall be deliver any of said poisons to any person, without satisfying himself 11 that such poison is to be used for a legitimate purpose: Provided, that nothing 13 herein contained shall apply to the dispensing of physicians' prescriptions of any of the poisons or articles aforesaid. Any person failing to comply with the 14 requirements of this section shall be liable to a renalty of five dollars for each 15 and every such offense.

\$ 15. All suits for the recovery of the several penalties prescribed in this act.
2 shall be prosecuted in the name of the "People of the State of Illinois," in any
8 court having jurisdiction; and it shall be the duty of the State's Attorney of

4 the county where such offense is committed, to prosecute all persons violating

- b the provisions of this act, upon proper complaint being made. All penalties
- · 6 collected under the provisions of this act shall inure, one-half to the Board of
- ,7 Pharmacy, and the remainder to the school fund of the county in which the
 - 8 suit was prosecuted and judgment obtained.

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Reported to House April 29, 1881.

First reading May 2, 1881, and referred to Committee on Education.

Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading May 7, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to regulate the Practice of Pharmacy in the State of Illinois.

Secreton 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That it shall not be lawful for any person, other than a
- 3 registered pharmacist, to retail, compound or dispense drugs, medicines or
- poisons, or to open or conduct any pharmacy or store for retailing, compounding
- 5 or dispensing drugs, medicines or poisons, unless such person shall be, or shall
- 6 employ and place in charge of said pharmacy or store, a registered pharmacist,
- 7 within the meaning of this act, except as hereinafter provided.
- \$ 2. Any person, in order to be registered within the meaning of this act,
- # must be either a graduate in pharmarcy, a graduate in medicine, or shall, at the
- 3 time this act takes effect, be engaged in the business of a dispensing pharmacist
- 4 on his own account, in the State of Illinois, in the preparation of physician's
- 5 prescriptions and in the vending and compounding of drugs, medicines and
- poisons, or shall be a licentiate in pharmacy.
- \$ 3. Graduates infigharmacy must be such persons as have had four years'
- practical experience in drug stores where the prescriptions of medical practitioners
- 8 are compounded, and have obtained a satisfactory diploma or credentials of
- their attainments from a regularly incorporated college or school of pharmacy.
 - \$ 4. Licentiates in pharmacy must be such persons as have had two years'
- practical experience in drug stores where the prescriptions of medical practi-
- are compounded, and have passod a satisfactory

4 ination before the State Board of Pharmacy, hereinafter mentioned. The said
5 board may grant certificates of registration, without further examination, to the
6 licentiates of such off er boards of pharmacy as it may deem proper.

five persons, from anong such competent pharmacists in the State, as have had ten years' practical experience in the dispensing of physicians' prescriptions, who shall constitute the Board of Pharmacy. The persons so appointed shall hold their offices for five years: Provided, that the term of office of the five first appointed shall be so arranged that the term of one shall expire on the thirtieth day of December of each year; and the vacancies so created, as well as all vacancies otherwise occurring, shall be filled by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate: And, provided, also, that appointments made when the Senate is not in sessen, may be confirmed at its next ensuing session. The Illinois Pharmaceutical Association shall annually report directly to the Governor, recommending, the first year, the names of at least ten persons, whom said association shall deem best qualified to serve as members of the Board of Pharmacy, and the names of at least three persons each year thereafter to fill any vacancies which shall occur in said board.

2 and organize by the election of a president and secretary from its own mem3 bers, who shall be elected for the term of one year and shall perform the
4 duties prescribed by the board. It shall be the duty of the board to examine all applications for registration submitted in proper form; to grant eer
6 tificates of registration to such persons as may be entitled to the same, under
7 the provisions of this act; to cause the prosecution of all persons violating its
8 provisions; to report annually to the Governor and to the Illinois Pharma9 ceutical Association upon the condition of pharmacy in the State, which said
10 report shall also furnish a record of the proceedings of the said board for
11 the year, and also the names of all pharmacists duly registered under this
12 act; the board shall hold meetings for the examination of applicants for regis13 tration and the transaction of such other business as shall pertain to its duties,
14 at least once in three months: *Provided*, that said board shall hold meetings

once in every year in the city of Chicago and in the city of Springfield, and it shall give thirty days' public notice of the time and place of such meetings; shall have power to make by-laws for the proper fulfillment of its duties under this act, and shall keep a book of registration in which shall be entered the names and places of business of all persons registered under this act, which book shall also specify such facts as said persons shall claim to justify their registration. Three members of said board shall constitute a quorum.

\$ 7. Every person claiming the right of registration under this act, who shall, within three months after this act shall take effect, forward to the Board of Pharmacy satisfactory proof, supported by his affidavit, that he was engaged in the business of a dispensing pharmacist on his own account in this State at the time this act takes effect, as provided in section two, shall, upon the payment of the fee hereinafter mentioned, be granted a certificate of registration: Provided, that in case of failure or neglect to register as herein provided, then such person shall, in order to be registered, comply with the requirements provided for registration as a graduate in pharmacy or a licentiate in pharmacy within the meaning of this act.

§ 8. Any assistant or clerk in pharmacy, who shall not have the qualification of a registered pharmacist within the meaning of this act, not less than eighteen years of age, who, at the time this act takes effect, shall have been employed or engaged two years or more in drug stores where the prescriptions of medical practitioners are compounded, and shall furnish satisfactory evidence to that effect to the State Board of Pharmacy, shall, upon making application for registration, and upon the payment to the secretary of the said board of a fee of one dollar, within sixty days after this act takes effect, be entitled to a certificate as a "registered assistant," which said certificate shall entitle him to continue in such duties as clerk or assistant; but such certificate shall not entitle him to 10 engage in business on his own account unless he shall have had at least five years' experience in pharmacy at the time of the passage of this act. Annually thereafter, during the time he shall continue in such duties, he shall pay to the said secretary a sum not exceeding fifty cents for which he shall receive a renewal of his certificate.

- § 9. Every person applying for registration as a registered pharmacist under
- section seven of this act, shall, before a certificate is granted, pay to the secre-
- tary of the board the sum of two dollars, and a like sum shall be paid to said
- secretary by graduates in pharmacy, graduates of medicine, and by licentiates
- of other boards, who shall apply for registration; and, by every applicant for
- registration by examination, shall be paid the sum of five dollars: Provided, that
- in case of the failure of any applicant to pass a satisfactory examination, his
- money shall be refunde i.
 - § 10. Every registered pharmacist, who desires to continue the practice of his
- profession, shall, annually thereafter, during the time he shall continue in such
- practice, on such date as the Board of Pharmacy may determine, pay to the
- secretary of the said board a registration fee, to be fixed by the board, but
- which shall in no case exceed two dollars, for which he shall receive a renewal
- of said registration. Every certificate of registrat on granted under this act
- shall be conspicuously exposed in the pharmacy to which it applies.
 - § 11. The secretary of the board shall receive a salary, which shall be fixed
- by the board; he shall also receive his traveling and other expenses incurred in
- the performance of his official duties. The other members of the board shall
- receive the sum of five dollars for each day actually engaged in this service, and
- all legitimate and necessary expenses incurred in attending the meetings of said
- board. Said expenses shall be paid from the fees and penalties received by the
- board under the provisions of this act, and no part of the salary or other
- expenses of the board shall be paid out of the State Treasury. All moneys
- received in excess of said per diem allowance and other expenses above pro-
- vided for, shall be held by the secretary as a special fund for meeting the
- 11 expenses of said board, he giving such bonds as the board shall from time to
- time direct. The board shall, in its annual report to the Governor and to the
- Illinois Pharmaceutical Association, render an account of all moneys received
- 14 and disbursed by them pursuant to this act.

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- § 12. Any person not being, or having in his employ, a registered pharmacist
- 2 within the meaning of this act, who shall, sixty days after this act takes effect,
- keep a pharmacy or store for retailing or compounding medicines, or who shall

take, use, or exhibit the title of a registered pharmacist, shall, for each and every such offense, be liable to a penalty of fifty dollars. Any registered pharmacist who shall permit the compounding and dispensing of prescriptions, or the vending of drugs, medicines or poisons in his store or place of business, except under the supervision of a registered pharmacist or except by a "registered assistant" pharmacist, or any pharmacist or "registered assistant" who, 10 while continuing in business, shall fail or neglect to procure his annual registration, or any person who shall willfully make any false representation to pro-11 cure registration for himself or any other person, shall, for every such offense, 12 be liable to a penalty of fifty dollars: Provided that nothing in this act shall 13 apply to nor in any manner interfere with the business of any physician, or 15 prevent him from supplying to his patients such articles as may seem to him 16 proper, nor with the making or vending of patent or proprietary medicines, or 17 medicines placed in scaled packages with the name of the contents and of the 18 pharmacist or physician by whom prepared or compounded, nor with the sale of the usual domestic remedies by retail dealers, nor with the exclusively whole-19 20 sale business of any dealers, except as hereinafter provided: And, provided, further, that no part of this section shall be so construed as to give the right to any physician to furnish any fintoricating liquor as a beverage, on prescription 28 or otherwise.

§ 13. No person shall add to or remove from any drug, medicine, chemical pharmaceutical preparation, any ingredient or material for the purpose of adulteration or substitution, or which shall deteriorate the quality, commercial value or medicinal effect, or which shall alter the nature or composition of such drag, medicine, chemical or pharmaceutical preparation, so that it will not correspond to the recognized tests of identity or purity. Any person who shall thus will-fully adulterate or alter, or cause to be adulterated or altered, or shall sell or offers for sale any such adultered or altered drug, medicine, chemical or pharmaceutical preparation, or any person who shall substitute or cause to be substituted one material for another, with the intention to defraud or deceive the purchaser, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and be liable to prosecution under

18 this act. If convicted, he shall be liable to all the costs of the action and all
18 expenses incurred by the Board of Pharmacy in connection therewith, and, for
14 the first offense, be liable to a fine of not less than fifty dollars nor more than
15 one hundred dollars, and for each subsequent offense, a fine of not less than
16 seventy-five nor more than one hundred and fifty dollars. On complaint being
17 entered, the Board of Pharmacy is hereby empowered to employ an analyst or
18 ohemist expert, whose duty it shall be to examine into the so-claimed adultera19 tion, substitution or alteration, and report upon the result of his investigation;
20 and if said report justify such action, the board shall duly cause the prosecu21 tion of the offender, as provided in this law.

§ 14. No person shall sell at retail any poisons, commonly recognized as such, and especially accrite, arsanic, belladonna, binicidide of mercury, carbolic acid, chloral hydrate, chloroform, conium, corrosive sublimate, crecsote, croton oil, cyanide of potassium, digitalis, hydrocyanic acid, laudanum, morphine, nux vomica, oil of bitter almonds, opium, oxalic acid. strychnine, sugar of lead, sulphate of sino, white precipitate, red precipitate, without affixing to the box, bottie, vessel or package containing the same, and to the wrapper or cover thereof, 7 a label bearing the name of the article, and the word "poison" distinctly shown, with the name and place of business of the seller, who shall not deliver any of said poisons to any person under the age of fifteen years, nor shall he deliver 10 any of said poisons to any person without satisfying himself that such poison is 11 to be used for a legitimate purpose: Provided, that nothing herein contained shall apply to the dispensing of physicians' prescriptions of any of the poisons 18 or articles aforesaid. Any person failing to comply with the requirements of 14 this section shall be liable to a penalty of five dollars for each and every such offense: 16

§ 15. All suits for the recovery of the several penalties prescribed in this act

2 shall be prosecuted in the name of the "People of the State of Illinois," in any court

32 having jurisdiction; and itshall be the duty of the State's Attorney of the county

4 where such offense is committed, to prosecute all persons violating the provi-

- 5 sions of this act, upon proper complaint being made. All penalties collected
- 6 under the provisions of this act shall inure, one-half to the Board of Pharmacy,
- 7 and the remainder to the school fund of the county in which the suit was pros-
- 8 ecuted and judgment obtained.



(Substitute for Senate Bill No. 104.)

- 1. Introduced by Committee on Appropriations, March 30, 1881, and ordered
- 2. First reading April 1, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

A BILL

For an Act making an Appropriation for the ordinary expenses of the Southern Illineis Normal University at Carbondale.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the 2 General Assembly. That there be and is hereby appropriated to the Southern Illinois Normal University at Carbondale, in addition to the one-half of the interest of the college and seminary fund, which is hereby appropriated, the further sum of twelve thousand and fifty six dollars and forty-four cents per annum for the payments of salaries; the sum of seven hundred and fifty dollars per annum for fuel; the sum of twelve hundred and fifty dollars per annum for library books and shelves; the sum of twelve hundred and fifty dollars per annum for repairs; the sum of five hundred dollars per annum for additions to apparatus and improvements of the chemical laboratory; the sum of seven hundred and fifty dollars per annum for the use of the museum, the increase of 12 cases and preservation of specimens; and the sum of two hundred and fifty doll 13 lars per annum for trustees' expenses; and these several sums shall be payable 14 quarterly in advance, from the first day of July, 1881, to the expiration of the 15 first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the next General Assembly: Pro-16 vided, that the expenses of the model and high schools be paid from the receipts 17 of the said schools.

§ 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and required to 2 draw his warrants upon the treasurer for said sums, upon the order of the

- 3 trustees of said Southern Illinois Normal University, signed by their president
- 4 and attested by the secretary, with the corporate seal of the University attached:
- 5 Provided, that satisfactory vouchers in detail, approved by the Governor, shall
- 6 be filed quarterly with the Auditor of Public Accounts, for all the expenditures,
- 7 ordinary and extraordinary, of the preceding quarter, and no part of the moneys
- 8 herein appropriated shall be due and payable until such vouchers have been
- 9 filed.

1. Reported to House April 19, 1881.

First reading April 23, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.
 Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading May 4, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act making an appropriation for the ordinary expenses of the Southern Illinois Normal University, at Carbondale.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That there be and is hereby appropriated to the Southern Illinois Normal University, at Carbondale, in addition to the one-half of the interest of the college and seminary fund, which is hereby appropriated, the further sum of twelve thousand and fifty-six dollars and forty-four cents per annum for the payments of salaries; the sum of seven hundred and fifty dollars per annum for fuel; the sum of twelve hundred and fifty dollars per annum for library books and shelves; the sum of twelve hundred and fifty dollars per annum for repairs; the sum of five hundred dollars per annum for additions to apparatus and improvements of the chemical laboratory: the sum of seven hundred and fifty dollars per annum for the use of the museum, the increase of cases and preservation of specimens, and the sum of two hundred and fifty dellars per annum for trustees' expenses; and these several sums shall be payable quarterly in advance, from the first day of July, 1881, to the expiration of the 15 first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the next General Assembly: Provided, that the expenses of the model and high schools be paid from the receipts 17 of the said schools.

§ 2. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and required to 2 draw his warrants upon the Treasurer for said sums, upon the order of the

- 3 trustees of said Southern Illinois Normal University, signed by their president
- 4 and attested by the secretary, with the corporate seal of the university attached:
- 5 Provided, that satisfactory vouchers in detail, approved by the Governor, shall
- 6 be filed quarterly with the Auditor of Public Accounts, for all the expendi-
- 7 tures, ordinary and extraordinary, of the preceding quarter, and no part of
- 8 the moneys herein appropriated shall be due and payable until such vouchers
- 9 have been filed.

- Reported to House April 19, 1881.
 First reading April 23, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations. Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading May 4, 1881.

 Second reading May 12, 1881, amended, and ordered to a third reading.

(Printed as amended.)

A BILL

For an Act making an appropriation for the ordinary expenses of the Southern Illinois Normal University, at Carbondale.

- General Assembly. That there be and is hereby appropriated to the Southern
- Illinois Normal University, at Carbondale, in addition to the one-half of the
- interest of the college and seminary fund, which is hereby appropriated, the
- further sum of nine thousand and fifty-six dollars and forty-four cents per
- annum for the payments of salaries; the sum of seven hundred and fifty dollars
- per annum for fuel; the sum of five hundred dollars per annum for library,
- books and shelves; the sum of three hundred dollars per annum for repairs.
- and the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars per annum for trustees' expenses;
- and these several sums shall be payable quarterly in advance, from the first day
- of July, 1981, to the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment 11
- 13 of the next General Assembly: Provided, that the expenses of the model and
- 18 high schools be paid from the receipts of the said schools.
 - § 3. The Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized and required to
- 2 draw his warrants upon the Treasurer for said sums upon the order of the
- s trustees of said Southern Illinois Normal University, signed by their president
- 4 and attested by the secretary, with the corporate seal of the university attached:
- 5 Provided, that satisfactory vouchers in detail, approved by the Governor, shall

- 6 be filed quarterly with the Auditor of Public Accounts, for all the expendi-
- 7 tures, ordinary and extraordinary, of the preceding quarter, and no part of
- 8 the moneys herein appropriated shall be due and payable until such vouchers
- 9 have been filed.

Introduced by Mr. Merritt, March 90, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading March 30, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipalities

First reading March 30, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipalities.
 Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading April 1, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to regulate the liabilities of Fire Insurance Companies.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly, That in all suits brought upon policies of insurance against loss or damage by fire hereafter issued or renewed, the defendant shall not be permitted to deny that the property insured thereby was worth at the time of the issuing of the policy the full amount insured therein on said property; and in case of a total loss of the property insured, the measure of damages shall be the amount for which the same was insured, less whatever depreciation in value, below the amount for which the property is insured, the property may have sustained between the time of issuing the policy and the time of the loss; and the burden of proving such depreciation shall be upon the defendant. And in case of a partial loss, the measure of damages shall be that proportion of the value of the whole property insured, ascertained in the manner hereinabove prescribed, which the part injured or destroyed bears to the whole property insured.

more than one company upon the same property, and suit shall be brought upon any of said policies, the defendant shall not be permitted to deny that the prop erty insured was worth the aggregate of the several amounts for which it was insured at the time the last policy was issued or renewed thereon, unless fraud

§ 2. When fire insurance policies shall be hereafter issued or renewed by

6 is shown on the part of the insured in obtaining such additional insurance.

- 7 And in such suit the measure of damages shall be as provided in section one (1)
- 8 of this act: Provided, that whatever depreciation in value below the amount for
- 9 which the property is insured may be shown, as provided in section one (1) of
- 10 this act, shall be deducted from the amount insured in each policy in the propor-
- 11 tion which the amount insured in each such policy bears to the aggregate of all
- 12 the amounts so insured on such property.
 - \$ 8. This act shall apply only to real property injured.

- Introduced by Mr. Merritt, March 30, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading March 30, 1881, and referred to Committee on Municipalities.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading April
- April 11, 1881, second reading, amended and ordered to a third reading.

A BILL

For an Act to regulate the liabilities of Fire Insurance Companies.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That in all suits brought upon policies of insurance against loss or damage by fire hereafter issued or renewed, the defendant shall not be

- permitted to deny that the property insured thereby was worth at the time of
- the issuing of the policy the full amount insured therein on said property; and
- in case of a total loss of the property insured, the measure of damages shall be
- the amount for which the same was insured, less whatever depreciation in value,
- below the amount for which the property is insured, the property may have
- sustained between the time of issuing the policy and the time of the loss; and
- the burden of proving such depreciation shall be upon the defendant. And in
- case of a partial loss, the measure of damages shall be that proportion of the
- value of the whole property insured, ascertained in the manner hereinabove
- prescribed, which the part injured or destroyed bears to the whole property
- 14 insured.
 - § 2. When fire insurance policies shall be hereafter issued or renewed by
 - more than one company upon the same property, and suit shall be brought upon
 - any of said policies, the defendant shall not be permitted to deny that the prop-
 - erty insured was worth the aggregate of the several amounts for which it was
 - insured at the time the policy was issued or renewed thereon, unless fraud
 - is shown on the part of the insured in obtaining such additional insurance.

- 7 And in such suit the measure of damages shall be as provided in section one (1)
- 8 of this act: Provided, that whatever depreciation in value below the amount for
- 9 which the property is insured may be shown, as provided in section one (1) of
- 10 this act, shall be deducted from the amount insured in each policy in the propor-
- 11 tion which the amount insured in each such policy bears to the aggregate of all
- 12 the amounts so insured on such property.
 - § 8. This act shall apply only to real property injured.

(Substitute for No. 153.)

- Introduced by Committee on Municipalities, March 30, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading April 1, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section two (2) of Article five (5), and Section three (8) of Article six (6), of an act entitled "An Act to provide for Incorporation of Cities and Villages." approved April 10, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

- 2 General Assembly, That section two (2) of article five (5), and section three (8)
- 3 of article six (6), of an act entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation of
- 4 cities and villages," be so amended as to read as follows;
- 5 Article V. Section 2. The style of ordinances shall be: "Be it ordained by
- 7 and carrying into effect the powers and privileges enumerated in the preceding
- 8 section, so far as they relate to any special privilege or franchise over or along any
- 9 public street or alley of the city, shall require a vote of two-thirds of all the
- 10 aldermen elected.
- 11 Article VI. Section 8. All officers of any city, except herein otherwise pro-
- 12 vided, shall be appointed by the mayor, (and vacancies in all offices except the
- 13 mayor and aldermen shall be filled by like appointment), by and with the advice
- 14 and consent of the city council: Provided, that in case of any vacancy in any
- 15 of such offices, by resignation or otherwise, for the space of thirty days, the
- 16 mayor shall not make the appointment or re-appointment, as the case may be,

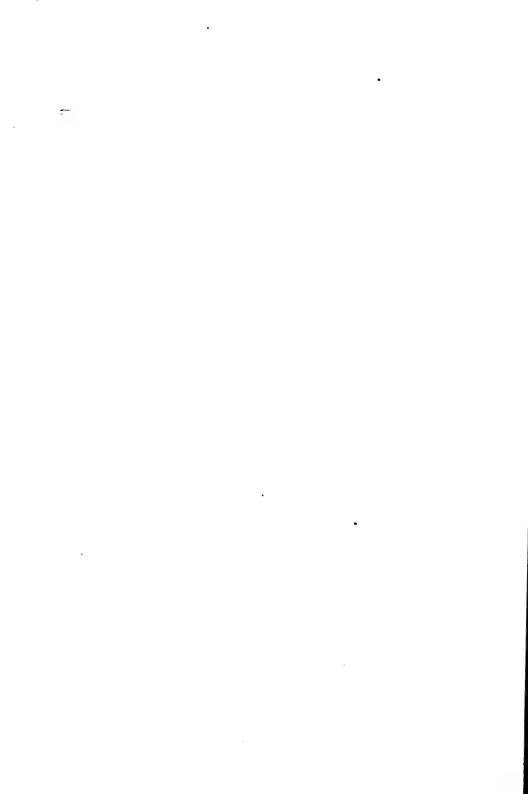
- 17 without the advice and consent of two-thirds of the members of the city council.
- 18 The city council may, by ordinance not inconsistent with the provisions of this
- 19 act, prescribe the duties and define the powers of such officers: Provided, the
- 20 term shall not exceed two years.

- Introduced by Mr. Thomas, March 31, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading March 31, 1881, and referred to Committee on Mines and Mining. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading, May 13, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act providing punishment for persons who trespass upon land and remove or convert coal therefrom.

- General Assembly, That whoever shall wilfully, by themselves or their employes, trespass
- upon the land of other persons or corporations, by mining thereon, and shall dig, remove or
- convert any cost or other mineral therefrom shall, in addition to the damages now author-
- ized by law, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be fined not
- exceeding five hundred dollars, and shall also be imprisoned in the county jail for a term not
- less than thirty days nor exceeding six months.
 - § 2. All acts or parts of acts in conflict with the foregoing section are hereby repealed.



(Substitute for No. 347.)

Introduced by Committee on Fees and Salaries, March 31, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
First reading April 1, 1881, and ordered to a second reading.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section 91 of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the election and qualification of Justices of the Peace and Constables, and to provide for the jurisdiction and practice of justices of the peace in civil cases, and fix the duties of constables, and to repeal certain acts therein named," approved April 1, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

- 8 General Assembly. That section 91, of an act entitled "An act to provide for the
- 3 election and qualification of justices of the peace and constables, and provide
- for the jurisdiction and practice of justices of the peace in civil cases, and fix
- the duties of constables, and to repeal certain acts therein named," approved
- April 1, 1879, in force July 1, 1872, be and the same is hereby amended so as to
- read as follows: When it shall appear, by the return of any execution issued
- as aforesaid, that the defendant has not personal property within the county
- sufficient to satisfy the debt and costs, and it is desired by the plaintiff to have
- execution issued to some other county in which it is alleged that the defendant
- has personal property, the justice shall issue execution, directed to any consta-11
- ble of the county where such property shall be said to be, to which execution
- shall be attached an official certificate of the county clerk of the county in
- which the same shall be issued, setting forth that such justice was, at the time
- of the issuing of said execution, a justice of the peace in and for said county:

16 Provided, that justices of the peace may, at any time, by complying with the 17 provisions of this section in regard to their official authority, issue an execution 18 to any county in this State against either the plaintiff or defendant, for the 19 costs of any suit or proceeding which may have been tried by them: Provided, 20 that in all cases where the execution is issued for costs only, the justice issuing 11 the same shall attach thereto a bill of costs, in which shall be set down every

22 particular charged.

(Substitute for No. 847.)

- Introduced by Committee on Fees and Salaries. March 31, 1861, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading April 1, 1881, and ordered to a second reading.
 April 12, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to a third reading.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section ninety-one (91) of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the election and qualification of Justices of the Peace and Constables, and to provide for the jurisdiction and practice of Justices of the Peace in Civil Cases, and fix the duties of Constables, and to repeal certain acts therein named," approved April 1, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

- General Assembly, That section ninety-one (91) of an act entitled "An act to provide
- for the election and qualification of justices of the peace and constables, and
- provide for the jurisdiction and practice of justices of the peace in civil cases.
- 5 and fix the duties of constables, and to repeal certain acts therein named."
- approved April 1, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, be and the same is hereby amended
- so as to read as follows:
- Section 91. When it shall appear, by the return of any execution issued as
- aforesaid, that the defendant has not personal property within the county
- 10 sufficient to satisfy the debt and costs, and it is desired by the plaintiff to have
- 11 execution issued to some other county in which it is alleged that the defendant
- 19 has personal property, the justice shall issue execution, directed to any consta-
- 18 ble of the county where such property shall be said to be, to which execution
- 14 shall be attached an official certificate of the county clerk of the county in
- 15 which the same shall be issued, setting forth that such justice was, at the time
- 16 of the issuing of said execution, a justice of the peace in and for said county:

- 17 Provided, that justices of the peace may, at any time, by complying with the
- 18 provisions of this section in regard to their official authority, issue an execution
- 19 to any county in this State against either the plaintiff or defendant for the
- 20 costs of any suit or proceeding which may have been tried by them: Provided,
- 21 that in all cases where the execution is issued for costs only, the justice issuing
- 33 the same shall attach thereto a bill of costs, in which shall be set down every
- 23 particular item charged.

- Introduced by Committee on State Charitable Institutions, March 31, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading March 31, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading April 15, 1881.
- 4. April 27, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.

A BILL .

For an Act making appropriations for the ordinary and other expenses of the Illinois Northern Hospital for the I same, at Elgin.

- 2 General Assembly, That the following amounts be and are hereby appropriated
- 3 to the Illinois Northern Hospital for the Incane at Elgin, for the purposes
- 4 hereinafter named and for none other, viz:
- 5 For ordinary expenses, payable quarterly in advance, for the year commencing
- 6 July 1, 1881, the sum of ninety-eight thousand dollars (\$98,000), and the sum of
- 7 one hundred and two thousand dollars (\$102,000) per annum thereafter, until
- 8 after the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the next
- 9 General Assembly.
- 10 For repairs and contingent fund, the sum of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per
- 11 annum.
- 12 For improvement of grounds, one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per annum.
- 13 For front fence and gateways, the sum of two thousand dollars (\$2,000).
- 14 For new ice house, the sum of one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
- 15 For apparatus for pathological laboratory, the sum of one thousand dollars
- 16 (\$1,000).
- 17 For six new boilers and steam drum, setting and making connections, etc.,
- 18 fifteen thousand dol ars (\$15,000).

- 19 For new smoke stack, three thousand five hundred dollars (\$3,500).
- 20 For one heater and purifier to cleanse the water, one thousand one hundred
- 21 dollars (\$1,100).
- 23 For adding to the power of engine now provided for and making new shaft-
- 23 ing, moving old fan, etc., two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500).
- 24 For one new fan and shafting, with brick work, one thousand two hundred
- 25 and fifty dollars (\$1,250).
- 26 For drop flues from boilers to chimney, eight hundred dollars (\$800).
- 27 For connecting sewer with ventilating shaft and completing air-ducts, one
- 28 thousand five hundred dollars (\$1.500).
- 29 For cast iron feed and blow off pipes, removing old machinery and shafting,
- 30 with foundations and east iron floor in front of boilers, six hundred and fifty
- 31 dollars (\$650).
- 82 For new pump for feeding boilers, four hundred and seventy-five dollars (\$475).
- 38 For new pump of sufficient capacity for fire purposes, one thousand dollars
- 84 (\$1,000),
- 35 For new cast iron radiators to replace coils now worn out, four thousand dol
- 36 lars (\$4,000).
- 37 For making hot water tanks out of old boilers, five hundred and fifty-eight
- 88 dollars (\$558).
- 30 For new engine and pump house, four thousand four hundred and fifty dol
- 40 ars (\$4,450).
- 41 For covering steam pipes with asbestos or other non-conducting material, two
- 42 thousand eight hundred and eighty-five dollars (\$3.885).
- 48 For constructing an artesian well, of sufficient depth and capacity as will
- 44 furnish a necessary supply of pure water, the sum of five thousand dollars
- 45 (\$5,000), or so much thereof as may be necessary.
 - § 2. The moneys herein appropriated shall be due and payable to the trus-
 - 2 tees of said Illinois Northern Hospital for the Insane, at Elgin, or their order,
- 3 only on the terms and in the manner now provided by law.

Reported to House May 3, 1881.

First Reading May 4, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appopriations.
 Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading May 12, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act making appropriations for the ordinary and other expenses of the Illinois Northern Hospital for the Insane, at Elgin.

- 2 General Assembly, That the following amounts be and are hereby appropriated
- 8 to the Illinois Northern Hospital for the Insane, at Elgin, for the purposes here-
- 4 inafter named and for none other, viz:
- 5 For ordinary expenses, payable quarterly in advance, for the year commenc-
- 6 ing July 1, 1881, the sum of ninety-eight thousand dollars (\$98,000), and the sum
- 7 of one hundred and two thousand dollars (\$102,000) per annum thereafter.
- 8 until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the
- 9 next General Assembly.
- 10 For repairs and contingent fund, the sum of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per
- 11 annum.
- 19 For improvement of grounds, one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per annum.
- 13 For front fence and gateways, the sum of two thousand dollars.
- 14 For new ice house, the sum of one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
- 15 For apparatus for pathological laboratory, the sum of one thousand dollars
- 16 (\$1.000).
- 17 For six new boilers and steam drum, setting and making connections, etc.,
- 18 fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000).
- 19 For new smoke stack, three thousand five hundred dollars (\$3,500).

- 50 For one heater and purifier to cleanse the water, one thousand one hundred
- 21 dollars (\$1.100)
- 22 For adding to the power of engine now provided for, and making new shaft-
- 23 ing, moving old fan, etc., two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500).
- 24 For one new fan and shafting with brick work, one thousand two hundred
- 25 and fifty dollars (\$1,250).
- 26 For drop flues from boilers to chimney, eight hundred dollars (\$800).
- 27 For connecting sewer with ventilating shaft and completing air-ducts, one
- 98 thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500).
- . 29 For cast iron feed and blow-off pipes, removing old machinery and shafting,
 - 80 with foundations and castiron floor in front of boilers, six hundred and fifty
 - 31 dollars (\$650).
 - \$2 For new pump for feeding boilers, four hundred and seventy-five dollars
 - **83** (\$475).
 - 84 For new pump of sufficient capacity for fire purposes, one thousand dollars
 - 85 (\$1,000).
- 86 For new cast iron radiators to replace coils now worn out, four thousand dol-
- 87 lars (\$4,000).
- 88 For making hot water tanks out of old boilers, five hundred and fifty-eight
- 89 dollars (\$558).
- 40 For new engine and pump house, four thousand four hundred and fifty dol-
- 41 lars (\$4,450).
- 42 For covering steam pipes with asbestos or other non-conducting material, two
- 43 thousand eight hundred and eighty-five dollars (\$2,885).
- 44 For constructing an artesian well of sufficient depth and capacity as will fur-
- 45 nish a necessary supply of pure water, the sum of five thousand dollars (\$5,000),
- 46 or so much thereof as may be necessary.
 - § 2. The moneys herein appropriated shall be due and payable to the trustees
- 2 of said Illinois Northern Hospital for the Insane, at Elgin, or their order, only
- 8 on the terms and in the manner now provided by law.

(Substitute for Senate Bill No. 140.)

- Introduced by Committee on Penal and Reformatory Institutions, March 31, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading March 31, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.
- 3. Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading April 14, 1881.

 April 27, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.

A BILL

For an Act making an appropriation for the erection of certain buildings at the Southern Illinois Penitentiary, and for the purchase of machinery for said Prison.

- 2 General Assembly, That the following sums, or so much thereof as may be
- 3 necessary, be and the same are hereby appropriated for the purchase of the
- 4 necessary material and the employment of such skilled labor as may be found
- 5 absolutely necessary to, with convict labor, for the erection and completion of
- 6 the following enumerated buildings and improvements of the Southern Illi-
- nois Penitentiary, in accordance with the plans and specifications adopted for
- said prison:
- For a convicts' kitchen, the sum of fifteen thousand dollars.
- 10 For a convicte' hospital, the sum of fifteen thousand dollars.
- For one work shop, the sum of ten thousand dollars. 11
- 12 For a convicts' laundry, the sum of ten thousand dollars.
- For one barn, the sum of two thousand dollars. 13
- For one ice house, the sum of three thousand dollars. 14
- For a pump house and boiler room, the sum of three thousand dollars. 15
- For wharfage, the sum of four thousand five hundre I dollars. 165

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- 17 For comenting cells, the sum of three thousand dollars.
- 18 For gas works and gas fixtures, the sum of endit thousand dollars.
- 19 For machinery, the sum of one thousand three bundled dollars.
- 20 For water works and contingencies, the sum of eight thousand dollars.
 - \$ 2. The money hereby appropriated shall be paid out of any money in the
- 2 Treasury not otherwise appropriated, on the warrant of the Auditor of Public
- 8 Accounts, in sums not exceeding ten thousand dollars at any one time, and the
- 4 Auditor is hereby authorized to draw his warrant on the Treasurer in said
- 5 sums, of not exceeding ten thousand dollars each, for the sum of money herein
- 6 appropriated, on receiving a certificate of said commissioners, or a majority of
- 7 them, approved by the Governor, that said sum is necessary for the purposes
- 8 contemplated by this act: Provided, that after said commissioners shall have
- 9 drawn any amount of money by virtue of this act, they shall not be authorized
- 10 to draw or receive any more so long as there shall remain in their hands the
- 11 amount of one thousand dollars.
 - § 3. Whenever said commissioners shall present to the Auditor the certificate
- 9 mentioned in section 2 of this act, they shall file therewith an abstract, to be
- 8: signed by said commissioners, or a majority of them, accompanied by vouchers
- 4 showing the expenditure of the money previously drawn, how expended, to
- Silwhom and for what the same has been spaid. ...
- here \$ 4. Whereas, an emergency exists, therefore this act shall take effect and be
- 3% in force from and after its passage:

9-11-6

(Substitute for Senate Bill No. 140)

- Introduced by Committee on Penal and Reformatory Institutions, March
- 31, 1881, and ordered to first reading.

 First reading March 31, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

 Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading April 14, 1881.

BILL

For an Act making an appropriation for the erection of certain buildings at the Southern Illinois Penitentiary, and for the purchase of machinery for said prison.

- 2 General Assembly. That the sum of one hundred and eighty-eight thousand
- 8 three hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same
- hereby is appropriated for the purchase of the necessary material and the
- employment of such skilled labor as may be found absolutely necessary to, with
- convict labor, for the erection and completion of the following enumerated
- buildings and improvements of the Southern Illinois Penitentiary, in accord-
- ance with the plans and specifications adopted for said prison:
- 9 For a convict's kitchen, the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars.
- 10 For a solitary and deputy's office, the sum of seventeen thousand dollars.
- For one work shop, the sum of ten thousand dollars. 11
- 12 For a convict's laundry and female prison, the sum of twenty-five thousand.
- 18 dollars.
- 14 For one barn, the sum of five thousand dollars.
- 15 For one ice house, the sum of three thousand dollars.
- 16 For a pump and boiler room, the sum of three thousand dollars.
- 17 For wharfage, the sum of three thousand dollars.
- For cementing cells, the sum of three thousand dollars. 18

- 19 For gas works and gas fixtures, the sum of ten thousand dollars.
- 20 For machinery, the sum of one thousand three hundred dollars.
- 21 For water works and contingencies, the sum of eight thousand dollars.
- 22 For erecting and furnishing a hospital for insane criminals of the State of
- 28 Illinois, the sum of seventy-five thousand dollars; said hospital to be erected
- 24 according to the plans agreed upon by the commissioners of said penitentiary
- 25 and the Board of Commissioners of Public Charities of the State of Illinois:
- 26 Provided, that such buildings as may be inside the prison yard may be built of
- 27 brick, in the discretion of the commissioners: And, provided, further, that in the
- 98 erection of said buildings said commissioners shall make no contract for, or
- 39 employ any other than convict labor, where the same can be used with due
- 30 regard to the proper construction of said buildings.
 - § 2. The money hereby appropriated shall be paid out of any money in the
 - 2 Treasury not otherwise appropriated, on the warrant of the Auditor of Public
- 3 Accounts, in sums not exceeding ten thousand dollars at any one time, and the
- 4 Auditor is hereby authorized to draw his warrant on the Treasurer in said
- 5 sums, of not exceeding ten thousand dollars each, for the sum of money herein
- 6 appropriated, on receiving a certificate of said commissioners, or a majority of
- 7 them, approved by the Governor, that said sum is necessary for the purposes
- 8 contemplated by this act: Provided, that after said commissioners shall have
- 9 drawn any amount of money by virtue of this act, they shall not be authorized
- 10 to draw or receive any more so long as there shall remain in their hands the
- 11 amount of one thousand dollars.
 - § 3. Whenever said commissioners shall present to the Auditor the certificate
 - 2 mentioned in section 2 of this act, they shall file therewith an abstract, to be
 - 8 signed by said commissioners, or a majority of them, accompanied by vouchers
 - 4 showing the expenditure of the money previously drawn, how expended, to
 - 5 whom and for what the same has been paid.
 - § 4. As soon as said hospital is completed, said commissioners shall give
 - 2 notice thereof to the Governor of the State, who shall thereupon notify the
- 3 superintendents of the various insane hospitals of the State and the warden of
- 4 the State penitentiary, at Joliet, that said hospital is ready to receive inmates;

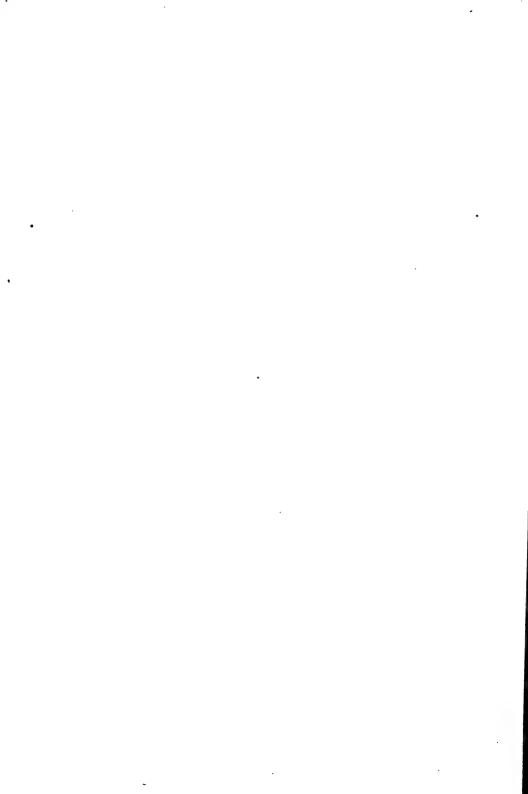
- 5 and thereupon said superintendents shall convey all insane convicts under their
- 6 charge to said insane hospital, and the warden of the penitentiary, at Joliet,
- 7 shall convey all insane convicts, and shall thereafter convey all convicts that
- 8 may become insane, to said hospital; said insane convicts shall in each case be
- 9 accompanied by their descriptive roll and all moneys and effects of value
- 10 belonging to them.
 - § 5. For conveying such convicts to said hospital the same fees shall be
- 2 allowed and be paid in the same manner as is now allowed and paid for convey-
- 3 ing prisoners to the penitentiary.
 - § 6. Should any of said insane convicts become sane prior to the expiration
- 2 of their term of confinement, they shall be retained and employed in said
- 3 Southern Illinois Penitentiary as other convicts. Should the term of sentence
- 4 of any of such convicts expire before their mental restoration, they shall be
- . 5 retained in said convict insane hospital until they regain the use of their mental
- 6 faculties, unless their relatives or friends shall make written application for
- 7 their removal therefrom, which application shall be addressed to said peniten-
- 8 tiary commissioners, and accompanied by a good and sufficient bond, to be
- 9 approved by said commissioners, which bond shall be made payable to the Com-
- 10 missioners of the Southern Illinois Penitentiary, for the use of the people
- 11 of the State of Illinois, and conditioned that such insane person or persons
- 12 shall not become a public charge.
 - § 7. Said hospital for insane convicts shall be under the government and
- 2 control of the Commissioners of the Southern Illinois Penitentiary, and sub-
- 8 ject to the same supervision on the part of the Board of Public Charities of the
- 4 State as are the other insane hospitals of the State. The superintendents of
- 5 said hospital shall be appointed by said commissioners of said penitentiary.
- 6 shall reside at the hospital, and shall be the surgeon of the said Southern
- 7 Illinois Penitentiary.
- § 8. Any and all allowances granted to discharged convicts, and required
- 2 to be paid by the penitentiary under the laws of this State, shall, in case
- 3 such convict is insane and in said insane hospital at the time of the expira-
- 4 tion of his term of service, be paid to the superintendent of said hospital by

- 5 the authorities of the prison from which he was sent to said hospital; and
- 6 said superintendent shall give bond in the sum of five thousand dollars, to
- 7 the people of the State of Illinois, to be approved by said commissioners, con-
- 8 ditioned for the faithful performance of his duty and a just and honest
- 9 accounting for all the moneys and property that may come into his hand as such
- 10 superintendent.
 - § 9. Said superintendents shall make quarterly reports to said commissioners
- 2 of the condition and doings of said hospital for the three months preceding said
- 8 report, and shall make full and complete report of said hospital to said commis-
- 4 sioners, biennially, on the first day of October preceding each session of the
- 5 General Assembly of the State.
 - \$ 10. The salary of said superintendent shall be the same allowed to super-
- 2 intendents of similar institutions of the State.
 - \$ 11. Whereas, an emergency exists, therefore this act shall take effect and
- 2 be in force from and after its passage.

AMENDMENTS REPORTED FROM THE COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIA-TIONS, APRIL 14, 1881.

- 1. Amend Senate bill 416 by striking out of section one, in lines two and
- 2 three of written bill, the words, "one hundred and eighty-eight thousand three
- 8 hundred dollars," and insert in lieu thereof the words, "one hundred and forty-
- 4 two thousand three hundred dollars."
 - 2. Amend the first item of section one by appropriating "fifteen thousand
- 2 dollars" for the construction of a convicts kitchen, instead of "twenty-five thous-
- 8 and dollars."
 - 8. Amend the fourth item of section one by appropriating "seventeen thous-
- 3 and five hundred dollars" for a convicts' laundry and female prison, instead of
- 3 "twenty-five thousand dollars."
 - 4. Amend the fifth item of section one by appropriating "two thousand dol-
- 2 dollars" for the construction of a barn, instead of "five thousand dollars."

- 5. Amend by inserting the word "house" after "pump" in the seventh item of 2 section one.
- 6. Amend by appropriating "four thousand five hundred dollars" in the 2 eighth item of section one, instead of "three thousand dollars," the same being 3 for the construction of a "wharf."
- 7. Amend by appropriating for gas works and gas fixtures, tenth item of sec-2 tion one, the sum of "eight thousand dollars" instead of "ten thousand dollars." Amend by striking out all of the thirteenth item of section one and insert in lieu thereof the following: "For erecting and furnishing a criminal insane and convict hospital, the sum of fifty thousand dollars; said hospital to be erected according to the plans agreed upon by the commissioners of said penitentiary and the Board of Commissioners of Public Charities of the State of Illinois: Provided, that the sum herein appropriated for the said criminal insane and convict hospital shall be the full amount for the object specified, and the com-7 missioners shall not make any contract for any portion of the bailding, or expend any portion of the appropriation hereby made, unless the said appropriation is sufficient to complete said building and furnish the same: And it is 10 further provided, that such buildings as may be inside of the prison yard may be built of brick, in the discretion of the commissioners: And, provided, further, that in the erection of said buildings said commissioners shall make no contract for or employ any other than convict labor where the same can be used with due regard to the proper construction of said buildings.



1. Reported to House May 8, 1881.

First reading May 4, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.
Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading May 6, 1881.
Second reading May 18, 1881, amended, and ordered to a third reading.

(Printed as amended.)

A BILL

For an Act making an appropriation for the erection of certain buildings at the Southern Illinois Penitentiary, and for the purchase of machinery for said Prison.

- General Assembly, That the following sums, or so much thereof as may be
- necessary, be and the same are hereby appropriated for the surchase of the
- necessary material and the employment of such skilled labor as may be found
- absolutely necessary to, with convict labor, for the erection and completion of
- the following enumerated buildings and improvements of the Southern Illinois
- Penitentiary, in accordance with the plans and specifications adopted for said
- prison:
- For a convicts' kitchen, store room and repair shop, oven and fixtures, the
- sum of ten thousand dollars.
- 11 For a convicts' laundry and prison for female convicts, the sum of fifteen
- thousand dollars.
- 13 For one barn, carriage and wagon house, the sum of three thousand dollars.
- For a pump house and boiler room, the sum of three thousand dollars. 14
- For building wharf, the sum of four thousand dollars. 15
- 16 For cementing cells, the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars.

- 17 For machinery, as follows: One iron planer, one engine lathe, and one screw
- 18 cutter, the sum of one thousand three hundred dollars.
- 19 For water works and fire extinguishers, fifteen hundred dollars.
- 20 For construction of a solitary, fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000).
- 21 For contingent fund, six thousand five hundred dollars (\$6,500), for the expen-
- 22 diture of which the commissioners shall make a detailed report, accompanied
- 23 by proper vouchers, as provided in section 3 of this act.
 - \$ 2. The money hereby appropriated shall be paid out of any money in the
- 2 Treasury not otherwise appropriated, on the warrant of the Auditor of Public
- 3 Accounts, in sums not exceeding ten thousand dollars at any one time, and the
- 4 Auditor is hereby authorized to draw his warrant on the Treasurer in said
- 5 sums, of not exceeding ten thousand dollars each, for the sum of money herein
- 6 appropriated, on receiving a certificate of said commissioners, or a majority of
- 7 them, approved by the Governor, that said sum is necessary for the purposes
- 8 contemplated by this act: Provided, that after said commissioners shall have
- 9 drawn any amount of money by virtue of this act, they shall not be authorized
- 10 to draw or receive any more so long as there shall remain in their hands the
- 11 amount of one thousand dollars.
 - § 3. Whenever said commissioners shall present to the Auditor the confidente
- 2 mentioned in section two of this act, they shall file therewith an abstract, to be
- 3 signed by said commissioners, or a majority of them, accompanied by you hers
- 4 showing the expenditure of the money previously drawn, how expended, to
- 5 whom and for what the same has been paid.

1. Reported to House May 3, 1881.

First reading May 4, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.
 Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading May 6, 1881.

A BILL

•For an Act making an appropriation for the erection of certain buildings at the Southern Illinois Penitentiary, and for the purchase of machinery for said Prison.

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 416, ADOPTED BY HOUSE COM MITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS.

Amend section one by striking from line eleven (printed bill) the words, "For

- 3 one workshop, the sum of ten thousand dollars."
- 3 Amend item for laundry, in line twelve (printed bill), by inserting after the
- 4 word "laundry" the words "and prison for female convicts;" also strike from
- 5 same line the words "ten thousand dollars" and insert "fifteen thousand dol-
- 6 lars."
- 7 Amend item for barn, by striking from line thirteen the words "two thousand
- 8 dollars," and inserting "three thousand dollars."
- 9 Amend item for machinery, by inserting after the word "machinery," in line
- 10 nineteen, the words "as follows: one wood planer, one engine lathe and one screw
- 11 cutter."
- 12 Amend item for water works, etc., by striking out all of line twenty (printed
- 18 bill) and inserting in lieu thereof the words, "For water works and fire extin
- 14 guishers, fifteen hundred dollars; for contingent fund, six thousand five hun-
- 15 dred dollars (\$6,500)."
- 16 Amend further by adding at the end of section one (1) the words, "For the
- 17 construction of a solitary, fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000)."

- 2 General Assembly, That the following sums, or so much thereof as may be
- 8 necessary, be and the same are hereby appropriated for the purchase of the
- 4 necessary material and the employment of such skilled labor as may be found
- 5 absolutely necessary to, with convict labor, for the erection and completion of .
- 6 the following enumerated buildings and improvements of the Southern Illinois
- 7 Penitentiary, in accordance with the plans and specifications adopted for said
- 8 prison:
- 9 For a convicts' hospital, the sum of fifteen thousand dollars.
- 10 For a convicts' kitchen, the sum of fifteen thousand dollars.
- 11 For one workshop, the sum of ten thousand dollars.
- 12. For a convicte' laundry, the sum of ten th usand dollars.
- 18 For one barn, the sum of two thousand dollars.
- 14 For one ice house, the sum of three thousand dollars.
- 15 For a pump house and boiler room, the sum of three thousand dollars.
- 16 For wharf ge the sum of four thousand five hundred dollars.
- 17 For comenting cells, the sum of three thousand dollars.
- 18 For gas works and gas fixtures, the sum of eight thousand dollars.
- 19 For muchinery, the sum of one thousard three hundred dollars.
- 90 For water works and contingencies, the sum of eight thousand dollars.
 - § 2. The money hereby appropriated shall be paid out of any money in the
- 3 Treasury not otherwise appropriated, on the warrant of the Auditor of Public
- 3 Accounts, in sums not exceeding ten thousand dollars at any one time, and the
- 4 Auditor is hereby authorized to draw his warrant on the Treasurer in said
- 5 sums, of not exceeding ten thousand dollars each, for the sum of money herein
- 6 appropriated, on receiving a certificate of said commissioners, or a majority of
- 7 them, approved by the Governor, that said sum is necessary for the purposes
- 8 contemplated by this act: Provided, that after said commissioners shall have
- 9 drawn any amount of money by virtue of this act, they shall not be authorized
- 10 to draw or receive any more so long as there shall remain in their hands the
- 11 amount of one thousand dollars.
 - \$ 3. Whenever said commissioners shall present to the Auditor the certificate

- 3 mentioned in section two of this act, they shall file therewith an abstract, to be
- 3 signed by said commissioners, or a majority of them, accompanied by vouchers
- 4 showing the expenditure of the money previously drawn, how expended, to
- 5 whom and for what the same has been paid.
 - § 4. Whereas, an emergency exists, therefore this act shall take effect and be
- 2 in force from and after its passage.

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REPORT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE.

The undersigned members of a Committee of Conference upon the disagree-

- 2 ment between the Senate and House of Representatives in regard to the House
- 8 Amendment to Senate Bill No. 416, "A bill for an act making an appropriation
- 4 for the erection of certain buildings at the Southern Illinois Penitentiary, and for
- 5 the purchase of machinery for said prison," which amendment strikes out the 18th
- 6 line of section one (1), printed bill, having considered the same, begleave to report
- 7 that we recommend the adoption by the House and Senate, respectively, of the
- 8 following amendment to the bill, the same being in lieu of said eighteenth
- 9 line, and the said amendment to the same, to-wit: "Amend by striking out the
- 10 eighteenth line of section one (1), and insert in lieu thereof the words following:
- 11 "For gas works and gas fixtures, or electric light and fixtures, eight thousand
- 12 dollars (\$8,000)."

CHAS. BENT.
T. B. NEEDLES,
WM. A. LEMMA,
Committee on the part of the Senate.

JNO. M. PEARSON, THOS F. MITCHELL, Committee on the part of the House

MAY 27, 1881.

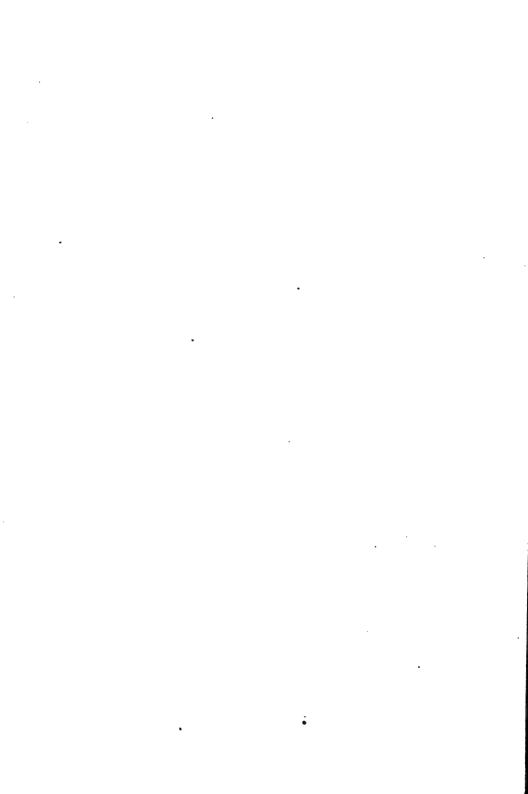


- Introduced by Mr. Adams, March 31, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First_reading March 31, 1881, and referred to Committee on Military
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading May 11, 1881.

or an Act to enable the Adjutant General to exchange old and unserviceable arms for new arms and equipments.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That the Adjutant-General, with the approval of the Governor, be authorized and empowered to sell or exchange any or all of the unserviceable or obsolete fire arms or equipments now on hand in the State arsenal for new arms and equipments of a modern pattern, on the best terms that can be obtained in the market.

§ 2. Whereas, there have been offers made to exchange arms under the provisions of this act, and as it is necessary to effect such change at once, therefore an emergency exists, and this act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passige.



- 1. Introduced by Mr. Rice, March 31, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading March 31, 1881, and referred to Committee on Warehouses.
- 3. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading May 12, 18-1.

For an Act to amend Section four (4) of an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to regulate Public Warehouses, and the warehousing and inspection of Grain, and to give effect to Article thirteen (13) of the Constitution of the State,' approved April 25, 1871, and in force July 1, 1871, and to establish a Committee of Appeals, and prescribe their duties," approved April 15, 1873.

- 2 General Assembly, That section four of said act be amended to read as follows:
- 3 Section 4. The said committee of appeals shall receive, as full compensation for their
- 4 services as committee of appeals, the sum of fifteen hundred dollars (\$1,500) each per year,
- 5 said salary to be paid from the inspection fund or by the party taking the appeal, under such
- 6 rules as the commissioners may prescribe; and all necessary expenses incurred in carrying
- 7 out the provisions of this act, except as herein otherwise provided, shall be paid out of funds
- 8 collected for the inspection service, on the order of the commissioners.



- Introduced by Mr. Fifer, March 31, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading March 31, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
- First reading March 31, 1881, and reterred to Committee on Judiciary.
 Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading April 27, 1881.

For an Act to amend Section six (6), of division thirteen (13), of "An Act to revise the law in relation to Criminal! Jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874, in force July 1, 1874.

- 2 General Assembly, That section six (6), of division thirteen (13), of "An act to
- 3 revise the law in relation to Criminal Jurisprudence," approved March 27, 1874,
- 4 in force July 1, 1874, be amended so as to read as follows:
- 5 Section 6. [426.] No person shall be disqualified as a witness in any criminal
- 6 case or proceeding, by reason of his interest in the event of the same, as a party
- 7 or otherwise, or by reason of his having been convicted of any crime, but such in-
- 8—terest or conviction may be shown for the purpose of affecting his credibility: Pro-
- 9 rided, however, that a defendant in any criminal case or proceeding shall only at
- 10 his own request be deemed a competent witness, and his neglect to testify shall
- 11 not create any presumption against him, nor shall the court permit any refer-
- 12 ence or comment to be made to or upon such neglect: And, provided, also that
- 3 every person offending against the Criminal Code of this State, shall be a com-
- 14 petent witness against any other person charged or indicted for the commission
- 15 of a misdemeanor, and in such cases may be compelled to appear and give evi-
- 16 dence before any justice of the peace, grand jury! or in any court, in the same
- 17 manner as other persons, but the testimony so given shall not be used in any
- 18 prosecution or proceeding, civil or criminal, against the person so testifying.



15 HEEB.

- Introduced by Mr. Wilson, March 31, 1881, and ordered to a first reading.
- First reading March 31, 1881, and referred to Committee on Corporations. Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to a second reading, April 9, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act concerning Charitable, Benevolent and Beneficiary Associations, Societies and Corporations.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the 9 General Assembly. That all associations, societies and corporations, whether voluntary or incorporated under the laws of this State, or of any other State or Territory of the United States, doing business in this State, which heretofore have or hereafter may issue any certificate to, or have made or may make any contract or agreement with their members, whereby, upon the decease of a member, any money or other benefit, charity, relief or aid is to be paid, provided or rendered to such member, or to others dependant upon him, or beneficiary designated by him, shall be exempt from the operation of the insurance laws of this State: Provided, such money, benefit, charity, relief or aid are derived from voluntary donations or solely from admission fees, dues and assessments 11 collected or to be collected from the members thereof, and interest and accretions thereon: Provided turther, that the funds and business operations of such associations or incorporations are limited to such benevolent or charitable

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- Introduced by Mr. Shaw, March 31, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading March 31, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
 Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to
- second reading April 27, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to provide for the release and discharge of certificates of Levy on Real Estate in the Recorder's office.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- General Assembly. That when a certificate of levy upon real estate has been
- filed in the office of the recorder by any sheriff, coroner, or by virtue of any
- writ of attachment or execution, and such levy is in any manner satisfied,
- released, discharged, or set aside before the return of such writ of attachment
- or execution, it shall be the duty of the officer having such writ of attachment
- or execution in his hands to enter a memorandum, under his hand, of the fact
- of such satisfaction, release, discharge, or setting aside of such levy, in the mar-
- 9 gin of the record of such certificate in the recorder's office.

AMENDMENT REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY APRIL 27, 1881.

Amend by adding at the end of section one the following: "And in cases

- 2 where such process is returned before such levy is satisfied, released, discharged
- or set aside, and the same is subsequently satisfied, released, discharged or set
- aside, then the plaintiff or plaintiffs, or the person for whose use the suit is
- brought, or in case the suit is prosecuted to final judgment and the same
- assigned, the assignee shall, on request in writing of the owner of such lands

7 levied upon and tender by him of all reasonable charges for making such

8 release, release the same, either in the margin of the record of such certificate

9 or by a deed of release signed, and acknowledged in the manner provided by

0 law for the acknowledgment of deeds to real estate, and in case of neglect so to

11 do, such person or persons shall, for every such offense, forfeit and pay to the

19 person aggrieved the sum of fifty dollars, to be recovered in an action of debt,

18 in any court having jurisdiction."

- Introduced by Mr. Shaw, March 31, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading March 81, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
 - Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading April 27, 1881.
- May 6, 1881, third reading amended, and ordered to a second reading.

For an Act to provide for the release and discharge of certificates of Levy on Real Estate in the Recorder's office.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the 2 General Assembly, That when a certificate of levy upon real estate has been filed in the office of the recorder by any sheriff, coroner, or by virtue of any writ of attachment or execution, and such levy is in any manner satisfied, released, discharged or set aside before the return of such writ of attachment or execution, it shall be the duty of the officer having such writ of attachment or execution in his hands, to enter a memorandum, under his hand, of the fact of such satisfaction, release, discharge or setting aside of such levy, in the margin of the record of such certificate in the recorder's office. And in cases where such process is returned before such levy is satisfied, released, discharged or set aside, and the same is subsequently satisfied, released, dircharged or set aside, then the plaintiff or plaintiffs, or the person for whose use the suit is brought, or in case the suit is prosecuted to final judgment and the same assigned, the assignee shall, on request in writing of the owner of such lands levied upon and tender by him of all reasonable charges for making such release, release the same, either in the margin of the record of such certificate or by a deed of release, signed and acknowledged in the manner provided by

- 18 law for the acknowledgment of deeds to real estate, and in case of neglect so to
- 19 do, such person or persons shall, for every such offense, forfeit and pay to the
- 20 person aggrieved the sum of fifty dollars, to be recovered in an action of debt,
- 21 in any court having jurisdiction.

- Introduced by Mr. Shaw, March 31, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading March 31, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
- Reported back, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading, April 27, 1881.

For an Act in regard to the Administration of Estates.

- 2 General Assembly. That if it shall appear to the county or probate court hav-
- \$ ing jurisdiction of the administration of the estate of any deceased person.
- 4 that in the settlement of such estate it may become necessary to sell the real
- 5 estate of the deceased to pay the debts of such estate, such court may authorize
- 6 or order the administrator or executor to pay the taxes on the whole or any part
- 7 of such real estate, such taxes to be classed as a claim of the fifth class.



- Introduced by Mr. Whiting. March 31, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading March 31, 1881, and referred to Committee on Agriculture
- 2. and Drainage.
- Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading April 1, 1881.

For an Act to amend an act entitled "An Act to provide for the organization of Drainage Districts, and to provide for the Construction, Maintenance and Repair off Drains and Ditches by special assessment on the property benefited thereby," approved May 29, 1879, in force July 1, 1879.

- General Assembly. That section 54 of an act entitled "An act to provide for
- the organization of drainage districts, and to provide for the construction, main
 - tenance and repair of drains and ditches by special assessment on the property
 - benefited thereby," approved May 29, 1879, and in force July 1, 1879, be amended
 - so as to read as follows:
 - Section 54. In all elections held for the election of drainage commissioners, the
 - drainage commissioners then in office shall be the judges of election, and in the
 - absence of them the electors present may choose a person or persons to fill the
- vacancy or vacancies. One of the said judges of election shall act as clerk.
- All owners of lands, whether residing in or without said drainage district, shall
- be entitled to vote and eligible to the office of drainage commissioner. The
- votes shall be canvassed after the close of the election, and the three
- persons having the highest number of votes shall be declared elected. The
- judges of election shall determine by lot the respective terms of office of the
- commissioners, one of whom shall serve for one year, one for two years, and one

- 17 for three years, or such parts thereof as may expire upon the election of their
- 18 successors, respectively; and annually thereafter, on the first Saturday of Sep-
- 19 tember, there shall be elected in each special district one drainage commissioner.
- 20 who shall hold his office for three years and until his successor is elected and
- 21 qualified.

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 427, REPORTED FROM THE COM-MITTEE ON AGRICULTURE AND DRAINAGE APRIL 1, 1881.

Amend section one by striking outfall after the word "vacancies" and insert in lieu thereof the following:

- 8 Section 54. The judges shall choose one of their number to act as clerk.
- 4 Every owner of land in the district, whether residing within or without the
- 5 district, shall be a voter and eligible to the office of drainage commissioner.
- 6 The election shall close at 4 o'clock p. m., unless the judges of election shall
- 7 determine that it is proper to hold the polls open until 6 o'clock p. m. to accom-
- 8 modate the voters. The judges of election shall canvass the votes at the close
- 9 of the election, and the three persons having the highest number of votes shall
- 10 be declared elected. In case of a tie, the judges shall determine by lot who is
- 11 elected, and they shall also determine by lot their respective terms of office, one
- 19 of whom shall serve for one year, one for two years, and one for three years, or
- 18 such parts thereof as may expire upon the election of their successors, respec-
- 14 tively, at the annual meeting which shall be held each year. In case of a
- 15 vacancy in the office, from resignation, death, removal, or refusal to serve, the
- 16 commissioners in office shall fill the vacancy, by appointment, until his successor
- 17 shall be chosen at an annual meeting and qualified. Within ten days after
- 18 every election of drainage commissioners, the judges of election shall cause the
- 19 poll book to be delivered to the county clerk, with a certificate thereon showing
- 20 the names of those elected drainage commissioners, and the terms of each. The
- 21 poll book shall be filed by the county clerk and be evidence of such election.

22 Add to the bill the following:

effect as therein provided.

23 Section 53. So soon as a special drainage district has been organized, it shall be the duty of the county clerk, who shall be the clerk of the commissioners 24 thereof, to give notice, by posting written or printed notices in at least six public 25 places in said district, that on a day therein named, not less than ten days from 26 27 the date of the notice, at a place in said notice designated, an election will be held for the purpose of electing three drainage commissioners for said district. The notice shall state at what hour the polls are to open, which hour shall not 29 be later than 2 o'clock p. m. 30 31 Section 55. Said commissioners shall thereupon, within ten days after the election, each take-an oath to faithfully discharge the duties of his office as drainage commissioner, which oath shall be signed by him and filed in the office 34 They shall then appoint some person treasurer, who shall be an of the clerk. 35 owner of land within the said district and a resident of the county, or of one of the counties, in which the district lies. The treasurer shall give bond to the commissioners in such sum as shall be fixed by them, not less than double the amount likely to come into his hands in any one year, which bond shall be 3× signed by at least two responsible securities, approved by the commissioners, and 39 40 filed in the office of the clerk. He shall hold his office for two years, but may be removed by the commissioners at any time for cause. He shall have like powers and perform the same duties herein provided for other treasurers of drainage districts. He shall pay out moneys only on orders signed by the commissioners, or a majority of them. 44 Section 57. Appeals from the orders of the commissioners of special districts 45 confirming special assessments shall be addressed to the county clerk of the 46 county where the records are kept, and in case this county is under township 47 organization, he shall summon any three supervisors of the county to hear the appeal. In case the county is not under township organization, the board of 50 appeals provided for this class of counties shall be summoned to hear the appeal. 51 From the decision of such tribund appeals may be taken to the county court, as hereint efore provided for township districts for the same cause and with like 52

- 58 Amend title by inserting after the word "amend" the following words: "Sec-
- 54 tions fifty-three, fifty four, fifty-five and fifty-seven of."
- 55 Also amend section one by striking out the word and figures "section 54," and
- 56 insert in lieu thereof the following: "Sections fifty-three, fifty-four, fifty-five and
- 57 fifty-seven."

- Introduced from Committee on Railroads, April 7, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading April 7, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

For an Act to amend Section eight of an act entitled "An Act to prevent extortion and unjust discrimination in the rates charged for the transportation of passengers and freights on railroads in this State, and to punish the same, and prescribe a mode of procedure and rules of evidence in relation thereto, and to repeal an act entitled 'An Act to prevent unjust discriminations and extortions in the rates to be charged by the different railroads in this State for the transportation of freights on said roads,' approved April 7, A. D. 1871," approved May 2, 1873, in force July 1, 1878.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That section eight of an act entitled "An act to prevent extortion and unjust discrimination in the rates charged for the transportation of passengers and freights on railroads in this State, and to punish the same, and prescribe a mode of procedure and rules of evidence in relation thereto, and to repeal an act entitled 'An act to prevent unjust discriminations and extortions in the rates to be charged by the different railroads in this State for

8 the transportation of freights on said roads, approved April 7, A. D. 1871," 9 approved May 2, 1873, in force July 1, 1878, be so amended as to read as

10 follows:

11 Section 8. The Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners are hereby directed 12 to make, for each of the railroad corporations doing business in this State, as

3 soon as practicable, a schedule of reasonable maximum rates of charges for the

14 transportation of passengers and freights and cars on each of said railroads; and

said schedules shall, in all suits brought against any such railroad corporations, wherein is in any way involved the charges of any such railroad corporation for the transportation of any passenger or freight or cars, or unjust discrimination in relation thereto, be deemed and taken in all courts of this State as prima facie evidence that the rates therein fixed are reasonable maximum rates of charges for the transportation of passengers and freights and cars upon the railroads for which said schedule may have been respectively prepared. Said commissioners, shall, from time to time, and as often as circumstances change and revise said schedules. 23 require. schedules shall have been made or revised, as aforesaid, it shall be the duty of said commissioners to cause a copy thereof to be forwarded by mail, postage prepaid, to the president, general manager or general freight agent of the railroad company for which said schedule shall have been prepared, together with a notice of the time when such schedule shall take effect; which copy and notice shall be so forwarded by mail at least twenty days prior to the first day on 29 which said schedule shall take effect and be in force. All such schedules, here-31 tofore or hereafter made or revised, purporting to be made or revised, as aforesaid, shall be received and held in all such suits as prima facie the schedules of 32 such commissioners, without further proof than the production of the schedule desired to be used as evidence, with a certificate of the Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners that the same is a true copy of a schedule prepared by them for the railroad company or corporation therein named, and that a copy of the same, together with a notice of the time when the same would take effect, has been forwarded to the railroad company or corporation therein named, as hereinbefore required, and stating the date upon which such copy and notice were mailed.

(Substitute for Senate Bill No. 241.)

- Introduced by Committee on Judiciary, April 8, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading April 9, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

A BILL

For an Act to amend an act entitled "An Act in regard to Guardians and Wards," approved April 10, 1872, by adding thereto sections to be numbered fifty-one, fifty-two, fifty-three, fifty-four and fifty-five.

- 2 General Assemble. That an act entitled "An act in regard to guardians and
- \$ wards," approved April 10, 1872, he and the same is hereby-amended by adding
- 4 thereto the following sections:
- 5 Section 51. Whenever the parents, or the sole surviving parent, or in case the
- 6 parents are separated the parent having the actual custody or control of any
- 7 child, whether such child shall have or be possessed of any real or personal
- 8 estate or not, by excessive drinking, gaming, idleness or misconduct of any
- wind shall expose such child to want or suffering, or any county, town or incor-
- 10 porated city, town or village to any charge or expense for the support of such
- 11 child, the county court or probate court, if there shall be one, of the county in
- 19 which such parent shall live, on the application of any person living in such
- 13 county, shall order a jury to be summoned to ascertain whether such parents or
- 14 parent, by excessive drinking, gaming, idleness or misconduct, exposes such
- 15 child to want or suffering, or any county, town or incorporated city, town or
- 16 village to any charge or expense for the support of such child; and if the jury
- 17 return in their verdict that such parents or parent expose such child to want or
- 18 suffering, as aforesaid, or any county, town or incorporated city, town or village

- 19 to any charge or expense for the support of such child, it shall be the duty of
- 30 the court to appoint some fit person to be the guardian of such child.
- 21 Section 52. Such guardian shall, if the court shall so order have the care
- 23 and management of the real and personal estate of the ward, and shall be gov-
- 23 erned by the provisions of this act, so far as the same are applicable. In the
- 24 appointment or removal of any such guardian, the court shall follow the pro-
- 25 visions of this act in regard to other guardians, so far as the same are appli-
- 36 cable.
- 27 Section 53. Any institution incorporated for charitable purposes in the State
- 28 of Illinois may be appointed guardian, under section fifty-one (51) of this act,
- 29 and is hereby vested with the power to accept such appointment and to act as
- 30 such guardian.
- 31 Section 54. Any guardian appointed under section fifty-one (51) of this act
- 29 shall have the custody and control of the person of his ward to the exclusion of
- 38 the parents or parent, and shall have the right to say, subject to the direction
- 24 of the court, where such child shall live, what pursuits shall be followed by him
- 85 or her, to the same extent as the parent might, if competent: Provided abrows.
- 36 that such parent shall not be liable for the care, nurture or education of any
- 37 child while in the custody of any such guardian. So far as practicable, the
- 88 children of one family shall be placed under the custody of the same guardian.
- 89 Section 55. On the application to be made in accordance with section fifty-one
- 40 (51) of this act, summons shall be issued and served upon the parents or parent
- 41 in the same manner as summons is issued and served in cases in chancery, and
- 43 such parent shall have the right to be heard upon such application.

Reported to House, April 26, 1881.

First reading May 2, 1881, and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

3. Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading May 4, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend an act entitled "An Act in regard to Guardians and Wards," approved April 10, 1872, by adding thereto sections to be numbered fifty-one, fifty-two, fifty-three, fifty-four and fifty-five.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the 2 General Assembly, That an act entitled "An act in regard to guardians and

\$ wards," approved April 19, 1872, be and the same is hereby amended by adding

thereto the following sections:

Section 51. Whenever the parents, or the sole surviving parent, or in case

the parents are separated, the parent having the actual custody or control of

any child, whether such child shall have or be possessed of any real or personal

estate or not, by excessive drinking, gaming, idleness or misconduct of any

kind, shall expose such child to want or suffering, or any county, town or

incorporated city, town or village to any charge or expense for the support of

such child, the county court or probate court, if there shall be one, of the county

in which such parent shall live, on the application of any person living in

such county, shall order a jury to be summoned to ascertain whether such

parents or parent, by excessive drinking, gaming, idleness or misconduct,

exposes such child to want or suffering, or any county, town or incorporated

16 city, town or village to any charge or expense for the support of such child:

17 and if the jury return in their verdict that such parents or parent expose such

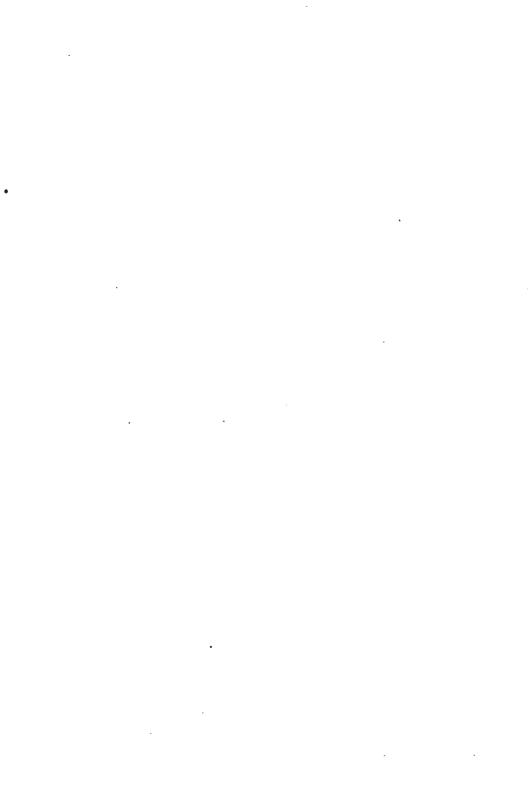
18 child to want or suffering, as aforesaid, or any county, town or incorporated

- 19 city, town or village to any charge or expense for the support of such
- 20 child, it shall be the duty of the court to appoint some fit person to be the
- 21 guardian of such child.
- 22 Section 52. Such guardian shall, if the court shall so order, have the care
- 28 and management of the real and personal estate of the ward, and shall be
- 24 governed by the provisions of this act, so far as the same are applicable.
- 25 In the appointment or removal of any such guardian, the court shall follow
- 26 the provisions of this act in regard to other guardians, so far as the same
- 27 are applicable.
- 28 Section 53. Any institution, incorporated for charitable purposes in the
- 29 State of Illinois, may be appointed guardian under section fifty-one (51) of
- 30 this act, and is hereby vested with the power to accept such appointment
- 31 and to act as such guardian.
- 82 Section 54. Any guardian appointed under section fifty-one (51) of this act
- 33 shall have the custody and control of the person of his ward to the exclusion
- 34 of the parents or parent, and shall have the right to say, subject to the
- 35 direction of the court, where such child shall live, what pursuits shall be
- 36 followed by him or her, to the same extent as the parent might, if competent:
- 37 Provided, always, that such parent shall not be liable for the care, nurture
- 38 or education of any child while in the custody of any such guardian. So
- 39 far as practicable, the children of one family shall be placed under the custody
- 40 of the same guardian.
- 41 Section 55. On the application, to be made in accordance with section
- 42 fifty-one (51) of this act, summons shall be issued and served upon the parents
- 43 or parent in the same manner as summons is issued and served in cases in
- 44 chancery, and such parent shall have the right to be heard upon such appli-
- 45 cation.

- Introduced by Committee on Municipalities, April 8, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading April 9, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

For an Act to give Cemetery Associations the right to acquire Property.

- 3 General Assembly, That any cometery association heretofore organized under
- 8 any general or special law of this State, or which may hereafter be so organized,
- 4 shall have the right to acquire property for cemetery purposes in the same man-
- 5 ner as cities and villages are now authorised by law to acquire property for
- 6 such purposes.



(Substitute for Senate Bill No. 886.)

- Introduced by Committee on Agriculture and Drainage, April 11, 1881, and ordered to first reading.

 First reading April 11, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Sections one (1), two (2), three (3), four (4), five (5), and six (6)) and to repeal Sections seven (7), eight (8), and nine (9), of an act entitled "An Act to indemnify the owners of sheep in case of damages committed by dogs." approved May 29, 1879, in force July 1, 1879.

- 2 General Assembly, That sections one (1), two (2), three (8), four (4), five (5), and
- six (6), of an act entitled "An act to indemnify the owners of sheep in case of
- damages committed by dogs," approved May 29, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, be
- amended so as to read as follows:
- Section 1. That each county and township assessor in this State, when mak-
- ing the assessment, shall, annually, make a list of the names of all persons who
- own or keep dogs, and set opposite the name of such owner or keeper the num-
- ber of dogs he or she has in his or her possession, or that is or are kept on his
- or her premises, which list shall be returned by such assessor to the county clerk
- of the county in which said list is taken, as soon as the assessment is
- completed. 12
- Section 2. The county clerk shall charge upon the collector's book, against the 13
- name of each person returned or reported as the owner or keeper of a dog or
- 15 dogs, as a license fee, the sum of one dollar for each dog owned or kept by such
- person, which fee shall be collected at the same time and in the same manner as

In counties not under township organization 17 taxes upon personal property. the collector shall pay the amount received from the licenses, aforesaid, to the treasurer of his county; and in counties under township organization the sum 19 so collected in each town shall be paid by the collector to the supervisor of his 20 town, who shall first give to the people of the State of Illinois, for the use of 21 the inhabitants of his town, a bond, with at least two sureties, to be approved 92 28 by the board of supervisors of his county, in double the sum of such license fees in his town, conditioned that he will faithfully pay out said fund as herein-24 after provided. Said bond shall be filed and remain in the office of the county 25 clerk of the proper county.

Section 3. It shall be the duty of the county treasurers and supervisors having 27 the custody of the funds collected as license fees, as aforesaid, to pay the same out in the manner following: **2**9

First—By such county treasurers to the owners of sheep in their respective 30 counties, and by the supervisors to the owners of sheep in their respective towns, 81 32 whose claims shall have been audited, as herein prescribed, in each year, of loss 88 or injury to sheep by dogs, other than their own, the full amount of the loss or injury, so audited, if there are funds sufficient to pay the same; if there be not 34 sufficient funds to pay such loss or injury in full, then the owners of sheep so sustaining loss or injury, as aforesaid, and making proof thereof, as in this act 36 provided, shall be paid out of such fund, in proportion to his or her loss or in-37 38 jury, his or her pro rata share thereof.

Second-If there be a balance of such license fund left in the hands of the 39 county treasurer or town supervisor, after paying the losses and injuries sus-40 41 tained, as aforesaid, such balance shall be, in counties not under township organization, transferred to the general fund of said county, to be used for county purposes; and by the supervisors of the towns, in counties under township 43 organization, into the general fund of the town

Section 4. For the purpose of ascertaining the value of sheep killed or injured by 45 any dogs, not owned or kept by the owner of such sheep, it shall be the duty of all persons having sheep killed or injured, as aforesaid, to cause the same to be

valued by two householders, residents of the townships or precinct where such sheep were killed or injured, and to take their affidavit, and also the affidavit of the owner or agent of the same, of the loss and injury to said sheep, giving the 50 number and value of such loss and injury, the time and place where killed and 51 injured, as near as can be, and to file the said affidavita, in counties not under township organization, with the county clerk, and in counties under 53 township organization, with the town clerk of the township, where such sheep 54 were killed or injured, within ten days from the time such sheep were killed or injured. And it shall be the duty of the county commissioners, in counties not 56 57 under township organization, and of the town auditors, in counties under township organization, at their first meeting in each year, to audit and allow such 58 claims for damages as may be just and proper, and for that purpose may receive 59 60 and consider additional affidavits as to the fact of such killing and loss. when audited, as aforesaid, the clerk of the county court, in counties not under 61 township organization, shall make a certificate of the amount so audited by the 62 commissioners, and file the same in his office, and immediately furnish a copy of 63 the same to the treasurer of said county; and, in counties under township or-64 65 ganization, the clerk of the town shall make a certificate of such claims so audited by the auditors of the town, and file the same in his office, and shall 66 67 immediately make and certify a copy of such certificate to the supervisors of 68 his town. And the license fund, aforesaid, in the hands of the county treasurer 69 or supervisor, collected for such year, shall be paid out thereupon in each year, 70 as hereinbefore provided. 71 Section 5. No owner of sheep shall be entitled to receive any portion of the fund herein provided for, without first filing an affidavit with the county treasurer, in counties not under township organization, and in counties under township 78 74 organization with the supervisor of the town in which his or her sheep were injured or destroyed, stating that the name of the owner or keeper of the dog or 75 76 dogs which destroyed or injured his or her sheep is unknown to him or her, or if known, then stating the name, and that such owner or keeper is insolvent, 77

and that the affiant has received no compensation from such owner or keeper.

- 79 or from any other person for his or her damages, aforesaid; which affidavit may
- 80 be made before any person authorized to administer oaths.
- 81 Section 6. The word "dog," as used in this act, shall be construed to mean all ani-
- 82 mals of the canine species, both male and female.
- 86 Section 7. That sections seven (7), eight (8), and nine (9) of said act be and the
- 84 same are hereby repealed.

(Substitute for Senate Bill No. 386.)

- Introduced by Committee on Agriculture and Drainage, April 41, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading April 11, 1881, and ordered to second reading.
- 3 Second reading May 5, 1881, amended, and ordered to a third reading.

A BHL

For an Act to amend Sections one (1), two (2), three (3), four (4), five (5) and six (6), and to repeal Sections seven (7), eight (8) and nine (9), of an act entitled "An Act to indemnify the owners of sheep in case of damages committed by dogs," approved May 29, 1879, in force July 1, 1879.

- 2 General Assembly, That sections one (1), two (3), three (3), four (4), five (5) and
- 3 six (6), of an act entitled "An act to indemnify the owners of sheep in case of
- 4 damages committed by dogs," approved May 39, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, be
- 5 amended so as to read as follows:
- 6 Section 1. That each county and township assessor in this State, when mak-
- 7 ing the assessment, shall, annually, make a list of the names of all persons who
- 8 own or keep dogs, and set opposite the name of such owner or ke mar the num-
- 9 ber of dogs be or she has in his or her possession, or that is or are kept on his
- 10 or her premises, which list shall be returned by such assessor to the county
- 11 clerk of the county in which said list is taken, as soon as the assessment is
- 12 completed.
- 18 Section 2. The county clerk shall charge upon the collector's book, against
- 14 the name of each person returned or reported as the owner or keeper of a dog
- 15 or dogs, as a license fee, the sum of fifty cents for each dog owned or kept by
- 16 such person, which fee shall be collected at the same time and in the same man-
- 17 ner as taxes upon personal property. In counties not under township organiza-

tion the collector shall pay the amount received from the licenses, aforesaid, to the treasurer of his county; and in counties under township organization the sum so collected in each town shall be paid by the collector to the supervisor of his town, who shall first give to the people of the State of Illinois, for the use 21 of the inhabitants of his town, a bond, with at least two sureties, to be approved by the board of supervisors of his county, in double the sum of such license fees in his town, conditioned that he will faithfully pay out said fund as hereinafter provided. Said bond shall be filed and remain in the office of the county clerk of the proper county. Section 3. It shall be the duty of the county treasurers and supervisors 27 having the custody of the funds collected as license fees, as aforesaid, to pay the same out in the manner following: 30 First.—By such county treasurers to the owners of sheep in their respective 81 counties, and by the supervisors to the owners of sheep in their respective towns, whose claims shall have been audited, as herein prescribed, in each year, of loss 32 or injury to sheep by dogs other than their own, the full amount of the loss or 34 injury, so audited, if there are funds sufficient to pay the same; if there be not sufficient funds to pay such loss or injury in full, then the owners of sheep so 35 sustaining loss or injur; as afores iid, and making proof thereof, as in this act 36 37 provided, small be paid out of such fund, in proportion to his or her loss or 38 injury, his or her pro rata share thereof. Sccond--If there be a balance of such license fund left in the hands of the 34 county treasurer or town supervisor, after paying the losses and injuries sus-41 tained, as aforesaid, such balance shall annually be, in counties not under township organization, transferred to the general fund of said county, to be used for 42 county purposes; and by the supervisors of the towns, in counties under town-43 44 ship organization, into the general fund of the town. Section 4. For the purpose of accertaining the value of sheep killed or wounded 45 by any dogs not owned or kept by the owner of such sheep, it shall be the duty of 47 all persons having sheep killed or wounded, as aforesaid, to cause the same to be

valued by two householders, residents of the townships or precinct where such sheep were killed or wounded, and to take their affidavit, and also the affidavit

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of the owner or agent of the same, of the loss and injury to said sheep, giving

the number and value of such loss and injury, the time and place where killed 51 and wounded as near as can be, and to file the said affidavits in counties not 52 under township organization, with the county clerk, and in counties under 53 township organization, with the town clerk of the township where such sheep 54 were killed or wounded, within ten days from the time such sheep were killed 55 or wounded. And it shall be the duty of the county commissioners, in counties not under township organization, and of the town auditors, in counties under 57 township organization, at their first meeting in each year, to audit and allow 5× such claims for damages as may be just and proper, and for that purpose may 59 receive and consider additional affidavits as to the fact of such killing and loss 641 And when audited, as aforesaid, the clerk of the county court, in counties not 61 under township organization, shall make a certificate of the amount so audited 62 63 by the commissioners, and file the same in his office, and immediately furnish a copy of the same to the treasure of said county, and, in counties under township 1:4 organization, the clerk of the town shall make a certificate of such claims so 65 audited by the auditors of the town, and file the same in his office, and shall 66 immediately make and certify a copy of such certificate to the supervisors of 67 his town. And the license fund, aforesaid, in the hands of the county treas-65 urer or supervisor, collected for such year, shall be paid out thereupon in each 69 70 year, as hereinbefore provided. 71 Section 5. No owner of sheep shall be entitled to receive any portion of the fund herein provided for, without first filing an affidavit with the county treas-72 urer, in counties not under township organization, and in counties under town-73 ship organization, with the supervisor of the town in which his or her sheep were injured or destroyed, stating that the name of the owner or keeper of the dog or 75 76 dogs which destroyed or injured his or her sheep is unknown to him or her, or if known, then stating the name, and that such owner or keeper is insolvent. 77 and that the affiant has received no compensation from such owner or keeper. 78 or from any other person, for his or her damages, aforesaid; which affidavit may 79 80) be made before any person authorized to administer oaths. Dogs on which the

- 81 tax as essed remains unpaid, shall not under the law be regarded as property
- 82 for any purpose.
- 83 Section 6. The word "dog," as used in this act, shall be construed to mean
- 84 all animals of the canine species, both male and female
- 85 Section 7. That sections seven (7), eight (8) and nine (9) of said act be and
- \$6 the same are hereby repealed.

(Substitute for Senate Bill No. 94.)

- Introduced by Committee on State Charitable Institutions April 12, 1881.
- Introduced by Committee on State Charitable Institutions, April 12, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
 First reading April 12, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.
 Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, and ordered to second reading April 15, 1881.
 April 27, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.

A BILL

For an Act making appropriations for the ordinary and other expenses of the Illinois Eastern Hospital for the Insane, at Kankakee.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly. That the following amounts be and are hereby appropriated
- 3 to the Illinois Eastern Hospital for the Insane, at Kankakee, for the purposes
- hereinafter named, and for no other, viz:
- 5 Dining-room and employes' quarter, eight thousand dollars (\$8,000).
- Amusement hall, twelve thousand dollars (\$12,000). 6
- Farm buildings, six thousand dollars (\$6,000).
- Bath house, seven thousand dollars (\$7,000).
- 9 Ice house and refrigerator, eight thousand dollars (\$8,00).
- 10 Boilers and numbs, five thousand dollars (\$5,000).
- 11 Filter and water basins, twelve thousand dollars (\$12,000).
- 13 Land drain, one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
- 13 Branch railroad, four thousand eight hundred dollars (\$4,900).
- 14 For the completion of the south wing, seventy-three thousand dollars (\$78,000).
- Detached wards, thirty-eight thousand dollars (\$88,000). 15
- 16 Furniture for four hundred and twenty (420 patients, eighteen thousand dol-
- 17 lars (\$18,000).

- 18 Covering steam pipes, one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
- 19 Improvement of grounds and farm, one thousand dollars per annum for two
- 20 years, two thousand dollars (\$2,000).
- 21 Patients' library, medical library and apparatus for laboratory, two thousand
- 22 five hundred deliars (\$2,500).
- 98 Additional stock and farm implements, seven hundred and fifty dollars (\$750)
- 24 per annum for two years, one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500).
- 25 Musical instruments, magic lantern, etc., one thousand five hundred dollars
- 26 (\$1,500).
- 27 Repairs and improvements, four thousand dollars per annum for two years,
- 28 eight thousand dollars (#8,000),
- 29 For ordinary expenses, payable quarterly in advance, for the year commenc-
- \$0 ing July 1, 1-81, the sum of seventy thousand dollars (\$70,000), and the sum of
- 31 ninety-five thousand dollars (\$95,000) per annum thereafter, until the expiration
- 83 of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the next General Assembly.
- \$ 2. The moneys herein appropriated shall be due and payable to the trus-
- 2 tees, or their order, only on the terms and in the manner now provided by law:
- 8 And, provided, further, that the sums hereby appropriated for the improvements
- 4 herein be the full amounts for the object specified, and the trustees shall not
- 5 make any contract for any portion of the building, or expending portion of the
- 6 appropriation hereby made, unless the said appropriation is sufficient to com?
- 7 plete all of said improvements and finish the same.

1. Reported to House May 3, 1881.

2. First reading May 4, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations.

3 Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading May 11, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act making appropriations for the ordinary and other expenses of the Illinois Eastern

Hospital for the Insane, at Kankakee.

AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL NO. 488 ADOPTED BY COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS.

Amend item for farm buildings by striking from line 12 (engrossed bill), the words: "Farm buildings, six thousand dollars (\$6,000).

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

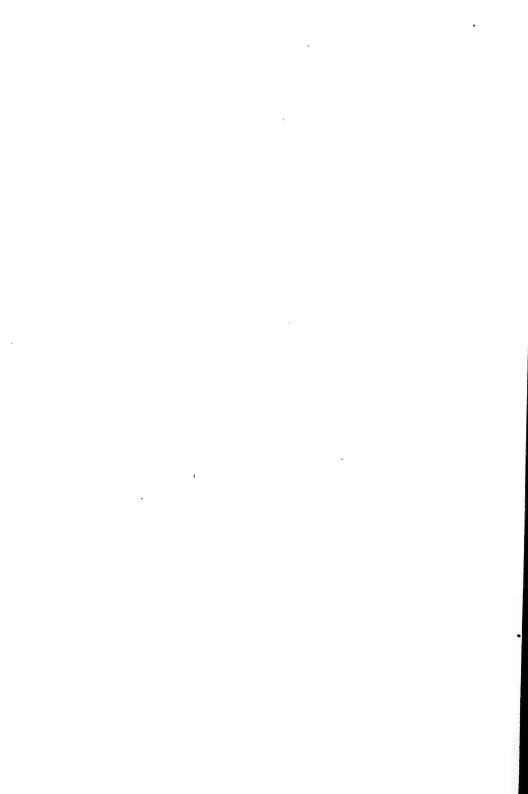
- 2 General Assembly, That the following amounts be and are hereby appropriated to the
- 8 Illinois Eastern Hospital for the Insane, at Kankakee, for the purposes hereinafter named,
- 4 and for no other, viz:
- 5 Dining-room and employes' quarters, eight thousand dollars (\$8,000).
- 6 Amusement hall, twelve thousand dollars (\$12,000).
- 7 Farm buildings, six thousand dollars (\$6,000).
- 8 Bath house, seven thousand dollars (3,000).
- 9 Ice house and refrigerator, eight thousand dollars (\$9,000).
- 10 Boilers and pumps, five thousand dollars (\$5,000).
- 11 Filter and water basins, twelve thousand dollars (\$12,000).
- 12 Land drain, one thousand dollars (\$1.000).

- 18 Branch railroad, four thousand eight hundred dollars (\$4,800).
- 14 For the completion of the south wing, seventy-three thousand dollars (\$73,000).
- 15 Detached wards, thirty eight thousand dollars (\$38,000).
- 16 Furniture for four hundred and twenty (420) patients, eighteen thousand dollars (\$18,000).
- 17 Covering steam pipes, one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
- 18 Improvement of grounds and farm, one thousand dollars per annum for two years.
- 19 Patients' library, medical library and apparatus for laboratory, two thousand five hundred
- 20 dollars (\$2,500.)
- 21 Additional stock and farm implements, seven hundred and fifty dollars (\$750) per annum
- 22 for two years.
- 98 Musical instruments, magic lantern, etc., one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500).
- Repairs and improvements, four thousand dollars per annum for two years.
- 25 For ordinary expenses, payable quarterly in advance, for the year commencing July 1,
- 26 1881, the sum of seventy thousand dollars (\$70,000), and the sum of ninety-five thousand
- 27 dollars (295,000) per annum thereafter, until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after
- 28 the adjournment of the next General Assembly.
 - § 2. The moneys herein appropriated shall be due and payable to the trustees, or their
 - 9 order, only on the terms and in the manner now provided by law: And, provided, further.
 - 8 that the sums hereby appropriated for the improvements herein be the full amounts for the
 - 4 objects specified, and the trustees shall not make any contract for any portion of the build-
 - 5 ing, or expend any portion of the appropriation hereby made, unless the said appropriation
- 6 is sufficient to complete all of said improvements and finish the same.

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 433, ADOPTED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, MAY 24, 1881.

Amend item for farm buildings by striking from line twelve (engrossed bill)

- 2 the words, 'farm buildings, six thousand dollars (\$6,000)." Strike out in line
- 3 five the sum of "(\$8,000)," and insert "(\$6,800)."
- 4 Amend section one, line six, by striking out the words, "twelve thousand dol-
- 5 lars," and inserting the words, "eight thousand dollars."
- 6 Amend section one by striking out of line eight the words and figures, seven
- 7 thousand dollars (\$7,000)," and inserting in lieu thereof the words and figures,
- 8' "five thousand dollars (\$5,000)."
- 9 Amend line nine by striking out the figures "(\$8.0(0)," and inserting the figures,
- 10 "682,5000,"
- 11 Amend by striking out line cleven.
- 12 Amend line sixteen by substituting the words and figures, "twelve thousand
- 13 dollars (\$12,000)," for the words and fifures "eighteen thousand dollars (\$18,000),"
- 14 Amend section one, line twenty-four by striking out "\$4,000," and inserting
- 15 "\$1,000,"
- 16 Amend section one, lines twenty-six and twenty-seven, by striking out the
- 17 words and figures, "ninety-five thousand dollars (\$95,000)," and inserting in
- 18 lieu thereof "ninety thousand dollars (\$90,000)."



(Substitute for Senate Bill No. 384.)

- Introduced by Committee on Agriculture and Drainage, April 13, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 3. First reading April 12, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

A BILL

For an Act to authorize Counties to give a Bounty on Wolf and Fox Scalps.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly. That the county board of any county in this State may here-
- 8 after allow such bounty on wolf and fox scalps as said board may deem reason-
- 4 able, said bounty to be paid out of the treasury of the county wherein said
- 5 wolf or wolves, fox or foxes were killed, upon the certificate of the clerk of the
- 6 county board.
 - \$ 2. When the county board of any county shall determine upon the allow-
- 2 ing of a bounty on wolf or fox scalps for any one year, they shall enter an order
- 3 upon their record setting forth the amount of such allowance.
 - § 3. The person claiming a bounty shall produce the scalp or scalps with the
- 2 ears thereon, and within sixty days after the same shall have been caught, to
- 3 the clerk of the county board wherein such wolf or wolves, fox or foxes may
- 4 have been caught and killed; whereupon the clerk of said board shall administer
- 5 to said person the following oath or affirmation, to-wit:
- 6 "You do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be.) that the scalp or
- 7 scalps, here produced by you, was or were taken from a wolf or wolves, fox or
- 8 foxes, killed and first captured by yourself within the limits of this county, and
- 9 within the sixty days last past."
- 10 Which oath or affirmation shall be subscribed by the affiant.
 - § 4. It shall be the duty of the several clerks of the county boards to keep a

- 3 record of the amount of certificates issued as a premium for wolf or fox scalps,
- 8 to whom and what date, lay the same before the board at its annual meeting in
- 4 each year.
 - § 5. All acts or parts of acts in conflict with this act are hereby repealed.

- Reported to House May 12, 1881.
 First reading May 16, 1881, and referred to Committee on Agriculture, Horticulture and Dairying.
- Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading May 24, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to authorize Counties to give a Bounty on Wolf and Fox Scalps.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That the county board of any county in this State may here_
- 3 after allow such bounty on wolf and fox scalps as said board may deem reason-
- 4 able, said bounty to be paid out of the treasury of the county wherein said
- 5 wolf or wolves, fox or foxes were killed, upon the certificate of the clerk of the
- 6 county board.
 - § 2. When the county board of any county shall determine upon the allow-
- 2 ing of a bounty on wolf or fox scalps for any one year, they shall enter an
- 3 order upon their record setting forth the amount of such allowance.
 - § 3. The person claiming a bounty shall produce the scalp or scalps with the
- 2 ears thereon, and within sixty days after the same shall have been caught, to
- 3 the clerk of the county board wherein such wolf or wolves, fox or foxes may
- 4 have been caught and killed, whereupon the clerk of said board shall adminis-
- 5 ter to said person the following oath or affirmation, to-wit: "You do solemnly
- 6 swear (or affirm, as the case may be,) that the scalp or scalps, here produced by
- 7 you, was or were taken from a wolf or wolves, fox or foxes, killed and first cap.
- s tured by yourself within the limits of this county, and within the sixty days
- 9 last past." Which oath or affirmation shall be subscribed by the affiant.

- § 4. It shall be the duty of the several clerks of the county boards to keep a
- 2 record of the amount of certificates issued as a premium for wolf or tox scalps,
- 8 to whom and what date, lay the same before the board at its annual meeting in
- 4 each year.
 - § 5. All acts or parts of acts in conflict with this act are hereby repealed.

(Substitute for Senate Bill No. 412)

- Introduced by Committee on Roads, Highways and Bridges, April 18, 1981, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading April 18, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Sections 30, 33, 35 and 46 of an act entitled "An Act in regard to Gateways, Roads and Bridges, in Counties not under Township Organization," approved and in force April 18, 1875.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the 2 General Assembly, That sections 80, \$3, 35 and 46 of an act entitled "An act in regard to gateways, roads and bridges, in counties not under township organization." approved and in force April 18, 1873, he so amended as to read as follows: Section 30. The county board, in addition to the labor required to be assumed by section thirty-four of this act, may assess a road tax not exceeding twenty cents on each one hundred dollars worth of property in their county, and the clerk of raid board shall make out and deliver to the sheriff a motion to each supervisor within ten days after their appointment informing them of their said appointment, and a description of the bounds of their district, and a list of all persons assessed, with a tax on personal property and the amount assessed 11 on each person in his district, if any such tax shall have been assessed by the county board, and also the number of days' labor assessed by said board on each able-bodied man in the county, between the ages of twenty-one and fifty years, and if any of said supervisors shall refuse to accept such appointment, the sheriff shall note such refusal on the back of such notice, and shall make return of acceptance or refusal of each of mid notices to the county clerk

18 within twenty days after receiving the mass, and for any failure to do so, shall

2 be fined ten dollars, and the clerk shall incur a like penalty for failure to deliver said notices to the sheriff within the time herein provided; and it shall be the duty of the supervisor to collect said tax on personal property, either in money 21 22 or labor, at the option of the persons owing the same, and for that purpose he shall notify said tax-payers of the time and place when and where to meet, and 23 what tools or teams to bring to discharge said tax in labor on some public 24 road in the district, at the rate of one dollar and twenty-five cents per day: for a two animal team and driver, two dollars and fifty cents; and the supervisor 26 shall apply all such tax collected by him, together with all labor due in his dis 27 trict, on roads and bridges in his district. 28 Section 38. Whenever any public roads shall be obstructed by falling timber 29 or in any other manner, and when any bridge or causeway shall be destroyed, 80 or become impassable or dangerous to travelers, it shall be the duty of the 31 supervisor to cause such obstruction to be removed, and to have such bridges and causeways rebuilt or repaired, and for that purpose he may use all the 88 money in his hands, and all labor due in his district, if necessary, and if such means shall not be sufficient to accomplish such object, and he shall estimate the cost thereof to exceed twenty-five dollars, he shall then immediately report the 86 same to some one of the county board, whose duty it shall be immediately to 27 cause such obstruction to be removed, or such bridge or 'causeway to be rebuilt or repaired, and all money required for such purpose shall be paid out of the 39 40 county treasury. Section 85. If the county board shall levy a tax on property for road pur-41 poses, as provided in section thirty of this act, a column in the tax book shall 42 designate the amount of such tax on real estate due from each person from

Section 85. If the county board shall levy a tax on property for road purposes, as provided in section thirty of this act, a column in the tax book shall
designate the amount of such tax on real estate due from each person from
whom the same is to be collected, which said tax shall be collected by the collector as other county taxes, and paid into the treasury in like manner, and the
county board shall appropriate the same on roads and bridges within the district from which such tax may have been collected, or so much thereof as the
supervisor of said district shall deem necessary to keep the roads and bridges
of said district in good repair, and all surplus, if there be sny, may be expended
on roads and bridges within said county as the county board may deem proper,

Section 46. Supervisors are hereby authorized to hire teams to do necessary hauling, plowing and scraping, to contract for materials for building bridges, causeways, erecting guide boards, for making and furnishing road scrapers, and repairing roads in discharge of labor tax, and, as far as funds shall come into his possession, procuring teams, material, implements and work, on the best possible terms.



1. Reported to House May 6, 1881.

2. First reading May 9, 1881, and referred to Committee on Roads, Highways and Bridges.

 Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading May 11, 1881.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Sections 30, 83, 85 and 46 of an act entitled "An Act in regard to Gateways, Roads and Bridges in counties not under township organization," approved and in force April 18, 1878.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 486.

Amend title, by inserting after the figures "1873" the words: "as amended

- 2 April 15, 1875, and in force July 1, 1875."
- Amend enacting clause by inserting after the figures "1873" the words: "as
- 4 amended April 15, 1875, and in force July 1, 1875."

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That sections 80, 83, 85 and 46 of an act entitled "An act in
- 3 regard to gateways, roads and bridges, in counties not under township organiza-
- 4 tion," approved and in force April 18, 1873, be so amended as to read as follows:
- 5 Section 30. The county board, in addition to the labor required to be assessed
- 6 by section thirty-four of this act, may assess a road tax not exceeding awenty
- 7 cents on each one hundred dollars' worth of property in their county, and the
- 8 clerk of said board shall make out and deliver to the sheriff a notice to each
- supervisor, within ten days after their appointment, informing them of their said
- 10 appointment and a description of the bounds of their district, and a list of all

persons assessed with a tix on personal property and the amount assessed on

each person in his district, if any such tax shall have been assessed by the county toard, and also the number of days' labor assessed by said board on each 13 able-bodied man in the county, between the ages of twenty-one and fifty years, and if any of said supervisors shall refuse to accept such appointment, the 15 sheriff shall note such refusal on the back of such notice, and shall make 16 17 return of acceptance or refusal of each of said notices to the county clerk within twenty days after receiving the same, and for any failure to do so, shall be fined ten dollar, and the clerk shall incur a like penalty for failure to deliver 20 said notices to the sheriff within the time herein provided; and it shall be the duty of the supervisor to collect said tax on personal property, either in money 22 or labor, at the option of the persons owing the same, and for that purpose he 28 shall notify said tax-payers of the time and place when and where to meet, and what tools or teams to tring to discharge said tax in labor on some public road in the district, at the rate of one dollar and twenty-five cents per day; for a two 25 26 animal team and driver, two dollars and fifty cents; and the supervisor shall 27 apply all such tax collected by him, together with all labor due in his district, on roads and bridges in his district. 28 29 Section 88. Whenever any public roads shall be obstructed by falling timber or in any other manner, and when any bridge or causeway shall be destroyed, 80 31 or become impassable or dangerous to travelers, it shall be the duty of the supervisor to cause such obstruction to be removed, and to have such bridges 82 and causeways rebuilt or repaired, and for that purpose he may use all the 84 money in his hands, and all labor due in his district, if necessary, and if such 85 means shall not be sufficient to accomplish such object, and he shall estimate the cost thereof to exceed twenty-five dollars, he shall then immediately report the 86 same to some one of the county board, whose duty it shall be immediately to 87 88 cause such obstruction to be removed, or such bridge or causeway to be rebuilt or repaired, and all money required for such purpose shall be paid out of the county treasury. Section 35. If the county board shall levy a tax on property for road pur-41

poses, as provided in section thirty of this act, a column in the tax book shall

designate the amount of such tax on real estate due from each person from 44 whom the same is to be collected, which said tax shall be collected by the collector as other county taxes and paid into the treasury in like manner, and the county board shall appropriate the same on roads and bridges within the district from which such tax may have been collected, or so much thereof as the supervisor of said district shall deem necessary to keep the roads and bridges of said district in good repair, and all surplus, if there be any, may be expended 50 on roads and bridges within said county as the county board may deem proper. Section 46. Supervisors are hereby authorized to hire teams to do necessary 51 53 hauling, plowing and scraping, to contract for materials for building bridges, causeways, erecting guide boards, for making and furnishing road scrapers, and 58 repairing roads in discharge of labor tax, and, as far as funds shall come into his possession, procuring teams, material, implements and work, on the best possible terms.



- Introduced by Committee on Judiciary, April 15, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading April 15, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

A BILL

For an Act requiring County Officers who may continue in office after the time for the qualification of their successors, to give additional bonds.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That whenever any county officer, who has been heretofore elected to any office in any county in this State, shall, for any cause, continue in office after the time for which he was elected, such officer so continuing in office shall execute a new official bond in the same manner, of the same character, with the same conditions and penalties and like secureties as now required by law of such officer before entering upon the duties of his office. Should any county officer fail, neglect or refuse to execute such new bond, as above provided, within thirty days after the expiration of the time for which he was elected, the county board of such county may declare such office vacant. The liabilities of the principal and securities of any such bond shall continue during the continuance of such officer in office; but neither the execution of such bond nor the failure to execute the same shall be held to in anywise release or extinguish the liabilities of such officeror his securities on any bond executed

by them before the execution of such new bond.



- Reported to House May 13, 1881. First reading May 16, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

A BILL

For an Act requiring County Officers who may continue in office after the time for the qualification of their successors, to give additional bonds.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That whenever any county officer, who has been heretofore elected to any office in any county in this State, shall, for any cause, continue in office after the time for which he was elected, such officer so continuing in office shall execute a new official bond in the same manner, of the same character, with the same conditions and penalties and like securities as now required by law of such officer before entering upon the duties of his office. Should any county officer fail, neglect or refuse to execute such new bond, as above provided, within thirty days after the expiration of the time for which he was elected, the county board of such county may declare such office vacant. The liabilities of the principal and securities of any such bond shall continue during the continuance of such officer in office; but neither the execution of such bond nor the failure to execute the same shall be held to 14 in any wise release or extinguish the liabilities of such officer or his securities 15 on any bond executed by them before the execution of such new bond.



7 ability."

- Introduced by Committee on Miscellany April 19, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading April 19, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

A BILL

For an Act to establish Inspection and to regulate the manufacture and sale of
Butter and Cheese.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That a committee consisting of Geo. P. Lord, of Elgin, H. A. Bogardus, of Chicago, and D. A. Brown, of Bates, and their successors, is hereby appointed, which shall be styled a "Committee of Inspection of Butter and Cheese," who are empowered, and whose duty it shall be, in conjunction with a Chief Inspector of Butter and Cheese, to be appointed under the provisions of this act, to faithfully make and establish such rules and regulations for the inspection, grading, weighing, branding and marking of butter and cheese, and the various mixtures which are or may hereafter be manufactured or sold as substitutes for butter or cheese, as will, when inspected, marked or branded, indicate to the purchaser or consumer the quality of such articles so inspected, as per grades established for such inspection.

\$2. The committee of inspection appointed under the provisions of this act shall each make and subscribe, and file with the Secretary of State, an affidavit, in the following form: "I do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be,) that I will support the constitution of the United States and the constitution of the State of Illinois, and that I will faithfully discharge the duties of the office of committee of inspection of butter and cheese according to the best of my

- \$ 3. The said committee of inspection shall have power to fix and establish
- 9 the rate of charges for the inspection, weighing, branding and marking of
- 8 butter and cheese; also, the time and monner in which the same shall be col-
- 4 lected; which charges shall be regulated in such manner as will, in the judg-
- 5 ment of the committee, produce sufficient revenue to meet the necessary expenses
- 6 of the inspection service, and no more.
 - § 4. It shall be the duty of said committee of inspection to fix and determine
- 2 the amount of compensation to be paid assistant inspectors and all other
- **8** employes under this act, and prescribe the time and manner of payment of all
- 4 necessary expenses incident to the inspection of butter and chaese, with a view to
- 5 economy; which expenses, including rent of suitable office and expenses of
- 6 committee of inspection, shall be deemed expenses of the inspection service, and
- 7 shall be included in the estimate of expenses of such service, and shall be
- 8 paid from the funds collected for the same.
- \$ 5. Upon the complaint, in writing, of any person to the said committee of
- 2 inspection, supported by reasonable and satisfactory evidence, that any person
- 3 appointed or employed under the provisions of this act has wilfully violated any
- 4 of the rules prescribed for his government, has been guilty of any improper
- 5 official act, or has been found inefficient or incompetent for the duties of his
- 6 position, such person shall be immediately removed from such appointment or
- 7 employment by the same authority that appointed him, and his place shall be
- 8 filled, if necessary, by a new appointment, or in case it shall be deemed neces-
- 9 sary to reduce the number of persons so appointed or employed, then his term
- 10 of service shall cease under the order of the same authority by which he was
- 11 appointed or employed.
 - § 6. In case of vacancy occurring by death, resignation or otherwise, in the
- 2 committee of inspection appointed by this act, it shall be the duty of the Gov-
- 8 ernor to fill such vacancy by appointment of di creet persons who shall be
- 4 members of the Illinois State Dairy Association.
 - § 7. The president of the Elgin Board of Trade, an institution created by law
- 2 for the sale of dairy products, shall be, ex-officio, a member of the committee of
- 8 inspection.

- § 8. It shall be the duty of the committee of inspection to have a general
- 2 supervision of the inspection service contemplated by this act, and they shall,
- s on or before the first day of December in each year, and oftener if required by
- 4 the Governor, make a report to him of their acts and doings for the preceding
- 5 year, containing such facts, statements and explanations as will disclose.
- 6 in their judgment, the actual working of the system of inspection of butter and
- 7 cheese, containing also such suggestions in relation thereto as to them seem
- 8 best and appropriate.
 - \$ 9. It shall be the duty of the Governor to appoint, by and with the
- 2 advice and consent of the Senate, a suitable person who shall be designated and
- 3 known as "Chief Inspector and Weigher of Butter and Cheese," who shall hold
- 4 his office for the term of four years, unless sooner removed, and whose office
- 5 shall be located in the city of Chicago. The salary of the chief inspector shall
- 6 be three thousand dollars per annum, payable from the inspection fund.
 - § 10. It shall be the duty of such Chief Inspector of Butter and Cheese
- 2 to have a general supervision of the inspection of butter and cheese, as required
- 8 by this act and by the laws of this State, under the advice and immediate direc.
- 4 tion of the committee of inspection herein named.
- § 11. The said chief inspector shall be authorized to appoint as many suitable
- 2 persons, located so as to reasonably accommodate the people requiring their ser-
- 8 vices, and qualified for assistant inspectors and weighers, and also such other
- 4 employes as may be necessary to properly conduct the business of his office, with
- 5 due regard to an efficient inspection service. All assistant inspectors and
- 6 weighers shall be appointed on the recommendation of the committee of inspec-
- 7 tion.
 - § 12. The chief inspector and weigher shall, upon entering upon the duties of
- 2 his office, be required to take an oath as in other cases of officers, and he shall exe-
- s cute a bond to the people of the State of Illinois, in the penal sum of ten thous-
- 4 and dollars, with sureties to be approved by the Governor. Said bond
- 5 shall be filed with the Secretary of State, and shall contain the condition
- 6 therein that he will faithfully discharge the duties of his office of chief
- 7 inspector and weigher according to law and the rules and regulations prescrib-

8 ing his duties as such inspector and weigher, and that he will pay all damages
9 to any person or persons who may be injured by reason of his neglect or refusal
10 to comply with the law or with the rules and regulations aforesaid, according
11 to his best ability. And such assistant inspectors and weighers shall take a
12 like eath, and execute a bond in the penal sum of five thousand dollars with
13 like conditions, to be approved by the committee of inspection. Said bond
14 shall be filed with the circuit clerk in the county where such assistant
15 inspector and weigher resides, and suit may be brought upon said bond or bonds
16 in any court having jurisdiction of the amount claimed, in the county where
17 the plaintiff or defendant resides, for the use of the injured party.

- § 13. The Chief Inspector and Weigher of Butter and Cheese, and assistant inspectors and other employes in connection therewith, shall be governed in their respective duties by such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the committee of inspection appointed by this act, not inconsistent with the laws of this State.
- § 14. Upon the inspection and weighing of any butter and cheese by a duly authorized inspector appointed by and under the provisions of this act, it shall be the duty of such inspector to issue to the applicant for such inspection and weighing a certificate of such inspection, setting forth the date, number of packages, weight and grade of such butter or cheese so inspected by him, and a copy of said certificate shall be forwarded and filed with the chief inspector, who shall keep a record of the same in his office.
- § 15. In all matters involving doubt on the part of the chief inspector or any assistant inspector as to the proper inspection of any lot of butter or cheese, or in case any owner or consignor shall be dissatisfied with the decision of the chief inspector or any assistant inspector, an appeal may be made to said committee of inspection, and a decision of a majority of said committee shall be final. Said committee of inspection shall make all necessary rules and regulations governing the manner of appeals as herein provided; and all complaints in regard to the inspection of butter and cheese, and all notices requiring the services of said committee of inspection. Smay be served on the committee, or may be filed with the chief inspector, who shall immediately notify the com-

- 11 mittee of inspection of the fact. It shall be the duty of said committee, on
- 12 receiving such notice, to immediately act on and render a decision in such cases.
 - \$ 16. For every appeal case decided by said committee of inspection, the com-
- 2 mittee shall be entitled to fees not to exceed three dollars per member of said
- 3 committee of inspection, for each case submitted, said fees to be paid either
- 4 from the inspection fund or by the party taking the appeal, as the rules adopted
- 5 by said committee of inspection may direct; and all necessary expenses incurred
- 6 in carrying out the provisions of this act, except as herein otherwise provided,
- 7 shall be paid out of the fund collected for the inspection service.
- § 17. Upon the application of any manufacturer or producer or dealer in
- 2 butter or cheese, or any member of the committee of inspection or other person,
- 3 to the chief inspector or any assistant inspector, to inspect any butter or cheese
- 4 in any town or city where an inspector has been appointed, the chief inspector
- 5 or any assistant inspector, as the case may be, shall proceed without any unneces-
- 6 sary delay to inspect the butter or cheese as per request, and when inspected
- 7 shall mark or brand the same, and perform such other duties as are required by
- 8 the provisions of this act and the rules and regulations adopted by the commit
- 9 tee of inspection.
 - 18. The words butter and cheese, wherever used in this act, shall be con-
- 2 struct to mean pure butter and cheese made from the milk of cows, and also all
- 3 the mixtures that are or may be made, sold or used as substitutes therefor.
- § 19. Any duly authorized inspector of butter and cheese who shall know-
- 2 ingly inspect, mark or brand any butter or cheese improperly, or who shall
- 3 accept any money or other consideration, directly or indirectly, for any neglect
- 4 of duty as such inspector of butter and cheese, and any person who shall
- 5 improperly influence any in pactor of butter and cheese in the performance of
- 6 his duties as such inspector, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on
- 7 conviction, shall be fined in a sum not less than one hundred dollars nor more
- s than one thousand dollars, in the discretion of the court.
- § 20. It shall be the duty of the State's Attorney in each county of this
- 2 State, on request of the committee of inspection, to institute and prosecute any

- 8 and all suits and proceedings which he shall be directed by said committee of
- 4 inspection to institute and prosecute for a violation of this act. All such prose-
- 5 cutions shall be in the name of the People of the State of Illinois, and all
- 6 moneys arising therefrom shall be paid into the State Treasury.

(Substitute for Senate Bill No. 327.)

- Introduced by Committee on Printing, April 21, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading April 21, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

A BILL

For an Act to revise the Law in relation to State Contracts.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That the Secretary of State, the State Treasurer, the Auditor of Public Accounts, the Attorney General and the Superintendent of Public Instruction shall be and are hereby declared to be (exaficio) Commissioners of State Contracts. The officers above designated shall organize as the Board of Commissioners of State Contracts on the first Monday of July. A. D. 1881, by the election of one of their number as chairman; and thereafter they shall hold stated quarterly meetings, at such place and time as they shall determine. At any time the chairman or any two of the commissioners may call a special meeting of the board. Three of the commissioners shall constitute a quorum, and may do and perform all the acts and duties required to be done and performed by them by this or any other act of the General Assembly. The commissioners shall transact all business at stated or special meetings of the board,

3 journals, the reports, and all other printing, binding and ruling ordered by the
4 General Assembly; or by the trustees of any State institution, State board or
5 commissioner, shall be let by contract to the lowest responsible bidder, in the

§ 2. The furnishing of all fuel, stationery and printing paper for the use of
2 the State, and the copying, printing, binding and distribution of the laws and

14 and shall cause to be kept a record of their proceedings.

6 manner bereinafter provided.

§ 8. Between the first Monday in July and the first Monday in August, A. D. 1882. the Commissioners of State Contracts shall advertise at Springfield in one of the daily papers published in that city, for proposals to furnish fuel to the State; and shall advertise at Springfield and Chicago, in some one of the daily newspapers published in each of said cities, for proposals to furnish printing and other paper and stationery to the State; and shall advertise at Springfield. Chicago, Peoria, Quincy and Cairo, in some one of the daily newspapers published in each of said cities, for proposals to do the copying of the laws and journals, and for the distribution of the same, and all other public documents of the State; for proposals to do the printing of the State, and for proposals to do the binding of the State. Each of said advertagments for proposals 11 12 shall be published five days from and including the date of its first publication, and shall give notice that scaled proposals for furnishing the articles or performing the work required from the first day of October then next ensuing, until the thirtieth day of September, A. D. 1884, will be received 15 at the office of the Secretary of State, on or before the first Monday of September next after the date of said notice. The advertisement shall also set forth 17 specifically what will be required of bidders under this act, and such other par-18 ticulars as the commissioners shall deem proper. Any advertisement may 19 embrace propositions for bids for all or a part of the materials to be furnished and work to be done, but shall solicit separate bids for each class of articles to 32 be furnished or work to be done, and each of such classes shall be let in a separate contract. In the month of July, 1884, and biennially thereafter, the 28 said Commissioners of State Contracts shall advertise, in the manner provided for in this section, for proposals for furnishing the articles or performing the 25 work herein specified, for the term of two years, from the first day of October 26 then next ensuing; and all contracts made and entered into under this act shall close on the thirtieth day of September of each second year after the time of taking effect.

\$ 4. Each bid for each class shall be accompanied by a bond, in the sum of
2 \$5,000, as liquidated damages, approved by the Governor, payable to the people
3 of the State of Illinois, conditioned that if such bid is accepted, the person

making it will, within ten days after the award is made, enter into a contract, as specified in the advertisement soliciting bids, and will execute a bond, conditioned for the faithful performance of such contract on his part, in such sum as the commissioners and the Governor shall determine. Each bidder shall file his bond and a copy of his bid with the Governor when he files his bid with the Secretary of State, and no bid shall be considered until such bond shall have been deposited with the Governor. The Secretary of State shall number 10 each bid in the order in which it is deposited. The Governor shall retain said 11 bond until the award has been made, and then shall file in the office of the Secretary of State the bond of the successful bidder. § 5. Thirty days prior to the letting of the contracts herein provided for the 2 Secretary of State shall prepare and distribute to persons who apply for the same a circular, which shall state, as accurately as the records of the State will show, the number, amount and character of each article and of all work entering into all contracts for which bids are solicited in the advertisement. In determining the lowest bidder for any contract or class of work, the commissioners shall be governed by the basis set forth in this circular. The State shall not be committed, however, to the purchase of any stipulated quantity of any article, nor to have any stated amount of work done, by reason of the representa-10 tions in said circular, but may order more or less of any article or have more or less of any particular kind of work done as the exigencies of the State may 11 require; and the contractor shall promptly fill all orders at his contract rates. § 6. At the time designated in the advertisement for opening bids, the commissioners, at a meeting called for the purpose, shall, in the presence of the Governor, open all the bids and publicly read them. The board shall then adjourn said meeting to any time within six days, at which adjourned meeting said board shall proceed to publicly make the award for each class of work to be done and materials to be furnishedot the lowest bidder therefor, taking bond from him in an amount to be fixed by the board and approved by the Governor, but 7 not to exceed \$10,000, conditioned for the faithful performance of the contract. When any person, bidding for more than one class as aforesaid, shall be the

lowest bidder for each class so bid for to him shall be awarded the contract

- 11 for all the classes for which he has bid. Said commissioners, with the consent
- 19 of the Governor, may reject any or all bids, if it appears to be in the interest of the
- 18 State so to do, and no contract shall be made without the written approval of
- 14 the Governor. If two or more persons bid the same price for either class of the
- 15 work to be done or articles to be furnished, and said price is the lowest for that
- 16 class, the commissioners shall award the contract to such one of said bidders as
- 17 they shall decide by lot to award it to. In determining the lowest bid for print-
- 18 ing, the commissioners shall call to their aid the Supervisor of State Printing
- 19 herein provided for.
 - \$ 7. If, for any reason, any contract required to be let shall not be let at the
- 9 time contemplated by this act, and whenever, on account of any contract being
- 8 cancelled, or for other cause, any contract is required to be let at any other time,
- 4 the commissioners shall fix the time when they will receive bids therefor, and
- 5 shall solicit, by public advertisement, such bids, and make awards, as nearly as
- 6 may be, in the same manner and upon the same terms as hereinbefore provided.
- § 8. If a contractor shall fail to fulfill his contract in accordance with the
- 9 law, the commissioners shall cancel the contract, and, having done so, shall
- 8 notify the contractor in writing, specifying their reasons for so doing, and the
- 4 contractor shall have no recourse upon the State for such action of the com-
- 5 missioners.
- § 9. No contract shall be let to any person holding any State office in this
- 2 State or a seat in the General Assembly, or to any person employed in either of
- 8 the executive offices in the State, or to the wife of a State officer, member of the
- 4 General Assembly or employe, as aforesaid, nor shall any State officer or member
- 5 of the General Assembly, or wife or employe, as aforesaid, become, directly or
- 6 indirectly, interested in any such contract, under penalty of forfeiting such
- 7 contract, at the option of the commissioners, and being fined not exceeding
- 8 \$1,000.
 - § 10. If any person making any bid under this act shall fail or refuse to enter
- 3 into a contract pursuant to the terms of Lie bill within the time mentioned in
- 8 his bond, and give bond as required, or if any contractor shall refuse or fail to
- 4 fulfill his contract, it shall be the duty of the Secretary of State, under the

- 5 direction of the commissioners, to notify the Attorney-General, who shall at 6 once bring suit on the bond of such bidder or contractor against him and his
- 7 sureties, and prosecute the same to judgment and final execution.
- § 11. Every bill for articles furnished or work done by any contractor under this act, shall contain a detailed, itemized account, in such form that the same may be readily compared with his contract, and shall also contain such other particulars as may be directed by the commissioners. Every bill shall first be presented to the Secretary of State, who shall (except as provided in section 23 of this act) carefully examine and compare the same with the vouchers and order. If any error is found in any account, the Secretary shall immediately correct the same and return the account to the contractor. When the account is found to be correct, or has been corrected and adjusted, the Secretary shall certify the same to the commissioners, who shall carefully examine the same. When an account has been approved by the commissioners, the Auditor of Public accounts shall draw his warrant upon the Treasury for the amount thereof, payable out of any money appropriated for that purpose. An itemized account of all work fully completed and delivered to the Secretary of State shall be rendered to the said officer within thirty days after such delivery, and 15 no payment on any contract shall be made except on presentation and approval 16 of such account
- First—The printing of the State shall be divided into four classes, as follows:

 First—The printing, folding, stitching and trimming of the bills and resolutions for consideration of the General Assembly, shall constitute the first class.

 Second—The printing of the journal of the Senate and of the House of Representatives, the volume of laws and joint resolutions passed by the General Assembly, the reports of the State officers, State boards, institutions, and all other reports required to be made to the Governor or to the General Assembly; also all pamphlet work, including briefs, abstracts, circulars, synopsis, and all other similar work the copy for which will make more than four numbered pages, and which is required to be printed in a page of the size prescribed in

section 18 of this act, shall constitute the second class.

- 12 Third—The printing, stitching, ruling, lining, indexing and binding of elec-
- 18 tion registers shall constitute the third class.
- Fourth—All printing, the character of which is not specifically defined in the 14
- first, second or third classes, and all ruling required to be done by the State-15
- shall be assigned to and constitute the fourth class, and proposals for doing
- the printing shall also embrace proposals for doing the ruling.
 - § 13. The printing shall be done under the general supervision and direc-
 - tion of the Commissioners of State Contracts and the Supervisor of State
- Printing, and said commissioners shall have so much of the printing done at
- the State capital as they may deem advisable. All printing shall be deliv-
- ered, at the expense of the contractor, at the State House, to the order of
- the Secretary of State. At the close of the fiscal year in each biennial period,
- the Commissioners of State Contracts shall designate what reports shall have pre-
- cedence in the order of printing. The Secretary of State shall deliver to the
- contractor for the various classes of printing the paper required to execute
- the work, as provided in section 24 of this act, but the contractor shall pay
- 11
- the cost of transportation of same to the place where the printing is done.
- For the fourth class of printing the Secretary of State shall transmit to the 12
- printer the quality of paper required to print each job ordered, with the
- order for the printing of the same.

10

- § 14. Each bid for either class of the printing shall state the price per one
- thousand ems of composition and per one hundred impressions of press work
- at which the bidder will do the work covered by the class for which he is
- bidding, except the third class, bids for which shall state the sum for which
- the bidder will furnish, complete, each election register required, and except-
- ing also the first class, bids for which shall state, in addition to the price for
- 7 composition and press work, the sum per 100 pages for which the bidder will
- do the folding, stitching and trimming of the work of that class,
 - \$ 15. All orders for printing, in addition to that authorized by this or some
- 2 other act, shall be by joint resolution: Provided, that either house may order
- 3 to be printed any bills, blanks, rules, cards, calendars, synopsis or reports of

- 4 committees of such house without the concurrence of the other branch of
- 5 the General Assembly.
 - \$ 16. The highest prices that may be paid for printing and ruling, under
- 2 this act, are as follows:
- 3 Eighty cents for each one thousand ems of composition-all grades to be
- 4 measured as plain.
- 5 For printing, stiching, ruling, binding, lining and indexing each election
- 6 register, ten cents.
- 7 For folding, stitching and trimming the bills and joint resolutions, three cents
- 8 per one hundred pages. In ascertaining the number of pages in a bill, the
- 9 number of pages in a single bill shall be multiplied by the number of copies of
- 10 the bill ordered printed, and the product shall be the number of pages for
- 11 which the contractor shall be paid.
- 12 For ruling, fifteen cents per one hundred sheets each time the sheet has to
- 13 pass through the ruling machine.
- 14 Twenty cents for each one hundred impressions of press work in the first, sec-
- 15 ond and fourth classes: Provided, that any number of impressions less than one
- 18 hundred on any job shall be counted as one hundred.
 - § 17. The type used in doing work of the first class shall be small pica, com-
- 2 posed in a measure six inches wide, and made up into pages ten and one-half
- 3 inches long. Between the lines in work of this class there shall be a space not
- 4 exceeding the width of a pica reglet: Provided, that if any matter in this class
- 5 ought to be set solid, the Supervisor of State Printing herein provided for shall
- 6 have authority to so decide and direct. In computing composition in this class,
- 7 the type shall be measured as if it had been set solid, and necessary fractions of
- 8 pages shall be counted as full pages, but no blank pages shall be charged for.
- 9 In estimating press work in this class, four pages shall be considered a form:
- 10 Provided, that any number of pages fewer than four shall be considered a form
- 11 when the copy of any job done in this class is not sufficient to make four pages,
- 12 or shall make one or more full forms and a fractional part of another full
- 13 form.
 - § 18. The type used in doing work of the second class shall be long primer

for the text, brevier for extracts, quoted matter and resolutions, and nonpareil for tabular work and exhibits - the type to be as good as new, and made up into medium octavo pages, twenty-six ems pica in width and forty-five ems pica in 5 length, and set solid, except as hereinafter provided. All documents, communi-6 cations or any small pamphlet work required to be made up into numbered 7 pages, the copy for which will make more than four pages, shall belong to and be printed by the contractor for the second class; and the Supervisor of State Printing may, in his discretion, have such work leaded; but the volume of laws, 10 the journals, and all reports of State officers and State boards, shall be set solid, without the intervention of unnecessary leads or slugs. Exhibits or 11 tabular statements which cannot be brought within the limits of the page 18 herein prescribed, shall be printed on a separate sheet as an inset, and estimated in the second class, and shall be inserted, by the binder, in the book to 14 which such inset belongs. In the printed journals of each house of the 15 General Assembly each division list of the yeas and nays shall be set in nonpareil type, in four columns, in alphabetical order, and the report of each 17 18 motion or resolution shall be embraced in one paragraph. Composition shall not be allowed for blank pages, but a fractional page may be measured as a full 19 page in the first and second classes. In estimating press work in the second class, sixteen pages shall be counted a form, but if any document make less than sixteen pages, or if the last form of any document is not a full form of sixteen 23 pages, the same shall be counted as a form. The Supervisor of State Printing shall give general directions for the making up of matter so as to avoid unnecessary charges for composition, and the contractor shall observe such direc-26 tions.

§ 19. Composition in the fourth class shall be estimated as follows: All work
2 'set in pica type, or in which type larger than pica is exclusively used, or all type
3 lårger than pica wherever used, shall be measured as pica. When any job is
4 set in type smaller than pica, or when two or more sizes of type are required to
5 be used in the same job, such job shall be estimated by measuring the kind of
6 type to used. All jobs shall be measured by the surface actually printed over,

7 and not by the size of the sheet used. When copy for any job in this class is
8 furnished the contractor, the Supervisor of State Printing may, in his discretion,
9 designate the size of type to be used in setting the same, and the job shall be
0 measured as of the size so designated by him. In computing composition, no
1 price-and-a-half or double-priced measure shall be allowed.

§ 20. The contractor for all printing under this act shall execute as promptly as the Commissioners of State Contracts shall require, and in a manner acceptable to said commissioners, all orders for printing issued to him. He shall read and correct the first proof of all work done by him, and see that the same is reasonably free from errors, and conforms to the copy furnished him. A second proof shall then be sent to the Supervisor of State Printing, when requested, who shall read the same with some one to be designated by the department for which the printing is being done. If changes or alterations from the copy be made in the second proof, the contractor shall correct the same and return the proof to the Supervisor of State Printing; and for making said changes the contractor shall be allowed such sum (to be estimated at fifty cents per hour) as the Supervisor of State Printing may certify to the Commis-12 sioners of State Contracts is equitable. The Supervisor of State Printing may require revises of all proof read by him, and if the proof is not properly cor-15 rected by the contractor before the printing is done, no pay shall be allowed for 16 the job or form in which the error occurs. At the close of the fiscal year immediately preceding a session of the General Assembly, the Supervisor of State 17 Printing may appoint an experienced proof-reader to assist him in the discharge of his duties, who hall be paid the sum of four dollars per day, in the same manner and from the same fund as the Supervisor of State Printing is paid, but said assistant shall not be employed after the General Assembly adjourns. \$ 21. On or before the first day of October, A. D. 1881, and every two years thereafter, the Governor shall appoint a person who shall be denominated the "Supervisor of State Printing," and who shall hold his office for the term of two

years, from the first day of October, A. D. 1881, and until his successor is appointed and qualified. The Governor shall have power to remove said officer

6: at any time, in his discretion, Sad Supervisor, of State Printing shall be a 7, person who has had experience in reading proofs and estimating book and job 8. work, and who has worked at his trade at least six years. His shuties shall be 8. to prepare the specifications upon which hids for the public printing shall be 10 made, to revise proof, to measure the work, and to examine the accounts of the 11 contractor according to the provisions of this act, and to issue orders for print-19, ing. Such practical printer shall be under the supervision of the Secretary of 18. State, in his office; but in measuring and estimating; the price of work and 14 .examining accounts, the Supervisor of State Printing, shall only the subject to 15 the supervision of the Commissioners of State, Contracts, Any, conflict of 16. opinion between any State officer and the Supervisor of State Printing on the 17 construction of this act, or in reference to other matters calating to the contracts 18, for printing shall be referred to the Commissioners of State Contracts and be 19., decided by them, and full minutes made of the adjustment... The Supervisor of 20. State Printing, before entering whom the discharge of his during shall take and 21, authoribe to an eath that he will faithfully and honestly perform the duties 22 inimposed upon him, which onth shall he filed in the office of the Secretary of 23. State will eahall receive for his enryice the sum of \$1,000 per year to be certified 24, by the Commissioners of State Contracts and paid out of any money, not other 25, wise appropriated, and shall be subject to removal, at, the pleasure, of the Gov. 26 ernor: Provided that the commissioners, shall not be bound by the action 27. opinion or measurement, of said Supervisor, of Sate Printing but may inquire 28 of and take the evidence of other experts upon all matters connected with said 2) of bis doties who hall be get the sum of four blokers are day, springer § 22. All printing under this act shall be ordered through the Secretary of

State, who shall ascertain that the full number of copies of each job is received at his office, and shall deliver, such work to the department for which it was done. The Secretary of State shall require the Supervisor of State Printing to keep a record of all printing ordered showing the cost of the same, in detail, and the quantity and quality of paper, and shall also file and preserve a copy of each document printed. The copy of each document printed. The copy of each document printed, to be filed as

8 aforesaid, shall, before it is filed, have indersed upon it the number of copies

19, ordered and received the cost of the same, the amount and quality of paper 10 used, and the authority by which the printing thereof was ordered. 100 128 11 Every hill for printing done shall be presented to the Secretary of 2 State who shall transmit the same to the Supervisor of State Printing, who 3 shall carefully examine and compare the same with the contract for said print 4:; iug and the orders relating thereto, and his own, estimates or measurement of 5, the work changed for in said bill. If any error is found in the account the 6 Supervisor of State Printing shall correct the same and return the account to the Secretary of State, who shall at once return the same to the contractor. 8 the account is found to be correct, or when it has been corrected, the Supervisor ,91 of State Printing shall (pertify the same to the commissioners, who shall care 10. fully examine it comparing it with the contract youchers and orders. If any Unconflicted oninion shall occur between the Secretary of State or Supervisor of 1x. State Printing and the contractor, concerning any account the matter shall be 13 determined and adjusted by the commissioners and a full minute of such 14 adjustment entered in the record of the proceedings of the board. and \$24millie maper for the printing aforgaid, shall be provided by the State. H: The Secretary of State shall, from time, to time, as the same may be needed. deliver to each contractor paper for the printing said contractor is required by his contract to do shall take from each contractor a receipt for all paper so delivered and shall keep an account of the same. At the biannial settlement, 6 on or before the first Monday in November, each contractor shall deliver to the 47. Secretary all paper then in his possession belonging to the State. The Secretary A shall take note of the paper so returned, and if it is found that any of the paper 9 delivered to the contractor has been wasted or converted to any other, use than that of the State, the contractor shall be charged with the value thereof, together with a penalty of twenty per cent, of the value of the paper so used or wasted, and the amount shall be deducted from his account: Provided, that an 13 allowance of three per centum on the cost of said paper may be made for the usual wastage. ... 25. All matter which may be ordered printed shall be delivered to the 2. printer with as little delay as possible, and the printer who is bound by his con-

- 3 tract to print the same shall not be held accountable for any delay occasioned
- 4 by the want of copy.
 - § 26. The contractor for either class of the public printing shall deliver to
- 2 the Secretary of State, with his bill for the printing, a copy of each docu-
- 8 ment or other matter charged for in said bill. In said bill the contractor
- 4 shall name each job printed, the number of copies printed of each job, the
- 5 number of impressions of press work in each job, the number of thousands
- 6 of ems of composition in each job, and also the kind and quantity of paper
- 7 used in each job.
 - § 27. The printed journals of the Senate and House of Representatives shall
- 2 contain each an index, which shall be prepared by the Secretary of State, who
- 3 shall also prepare and furnish to the contractor for this class of printing a table
- 4 of the contents and index of the volume of the laws, and a table of the contents
- 5 of the volumes of reports. The title page of the volume of the laws shall con-
- 6 tain the following words: "Printed by authority of the General Assembly of
- 7 the State of Illinois." The laws shall be arranged by the Secretary of State in
- 8 alphabetical order, according to the subject matter, and be thus printed. The
- 9 day on which an act was approved by the Governor shall be printed, in the
- 10 volume of the laws, at the end of each of said acts, and the volume shall be
- 11 attested, by the printed certificate of the said Secretary, at the close thereof.
 - \$ 28. The Secretary of State shall, on or before the fifteenth day of Decem-
- 2 ber next preceding each regular session of the General Assembly, report to the
- 3 Governor the number of printing contracts, to whom the same were let, and at
- *4 what prices, the amount of printing that has been done under said contracts
- 5 and the cost thereof, and all other matters connected with the public printing.
 - § 29. Hereafter the number of public documents printed, bound and dis-
- 2 tributed by authority of the State shall be as follows:
- 8 First—Governor's message, 2.500 copies, of which 2,000 shall be delivered to
- 4 the members of the General Assembly, and 400 copies to the Governor, and the
- 5 remaining 100 copies be retained for the volume of the reports.
- 6 Second—Report of the Secretary of State, 1,500 copies, of which one copy shall
- 7 be delivered to each member and one to each officer of the General Assembly.

- 8 100 copies to be retained for the volume of reports, and the remainder be
- 9 delivered to the Secretary of State.
- 10 Third—The financial report of the Auditor of Public Accounts, 5,000 copies,
- 11 of which one copy shall be delivered to each member and one copy to each
- 19 officer of the General Assembly, one copy be sent to each county clerk, one copy
- 13 to each county collector, 100 copies be retained for the volume of reports, and
- 14 the remainder be delivered to the Auditor.
- 15 Fourth—The insurance reports, 1,000 copies, one copy of which shall be deliv-
- 16 ered to each member and one copy to each officer of the General Assembly, one
- 17 copy be sent to each insurance company doing business in the State, 100 copies
- 18 be retained for the volume of reports, and the remainder be delivered to the
- 19 officer in charge of State supervision of insurance companies.
- 20 Fifth-The report of the State Treasurer, 600 copies, of which one copy shall
- 21 be delivered to each member and one to each officer of the General Assembly,
- 22 and 100 copies be retained for the volume of reports, and the remainder be
- 23 delivered to the State Treasurer.
- 24 Sixth—The report of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, 6,000 copies,
- 25 one copy of which shall be delivered to each member and one copy to each
- 26 officer of the General Assembly, one copy to be sent to each county superin-
- 27 tendent of schools, one copy to each board of township trustees, 10 copies to be
- 28 retained for the State library, and 1,000 copies to be delivered equally to the
- 29 members of the General Assembly, and the remainder to be delivered to the
- 30 State Superintendent of Public Instruction.
- 81 Seventh—The report of the Adjutant-General, 700 copies, of which one copy
- 82 shall be delivered to each member and one copy to each officer of the General
- 33 Assembly, and 100 copies for the volume of reports, and the remainder to be
- 34 delivered to the Adjutant-General.
- 35 Eighth-The report of the State Board of Agriculture and State Entomolo-
- 36 gist, 5,000 copies, of which one copy shall be delivered to each member and one
- 37 copy to each officer of the General Assembly, 10 copies be retained for the State
- 38 library, 500 copies be deposited with the Secretary of State for general distribu-

- 89 tion, and the remaining volumes be delivered to the State Board of Agriculture
- 40 for judicious distribution.
- 41 Ninth-The report of the Industrial University, 2,000 copies, of which one
- 42 copy shall be delivered to each member and one to each officer of the Gen-
- 43 eral Assembly, 10 copies be retained for the State library, and the remainder
- 44 to the said university for judicious distribution.
- 45 Tenth-The report of the State Board of Public Charities, 2,000 copies, of
- 46. which one copy shall be delivered to each member and one to each officer of the
- 47 General Assembly, and 100 copies for the volume of reports, one copy to be sent
- 48 to each public library in the State, one copy each to every judge, county clerk
- 49 and sheriff, and the balance remaining be delivered to the Commissioners of
- 50 Public Charities for exchange and judicious distribution.
- 51 Eleventh—The report of the Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners, 2,000
- 52 copies, of which one copy shall be delivered to each member and one to each
- 53 officer of the General Assembly, 10 copies be retained for the State library, one
- 54 copy be sent to each county clerk, one copy to each county board, 800 copies be
- 55 delivered to the Secretary of State for general distribution, and the remainder
- 56 to the said commissioners.
- 57 Twelfth—All other public reports (except reports of committees of the Senate
- 58 and House of Representatives) required to be made to the Governor or the
- 59 General Assembly, 2,000 copies each, of which one copy shall be delivered to
- 60 each member and one to each officer of the General Assembly, and 100 copies for
- 61 the volume of reports, 150 copies te delivered to the Secretary of State for
- 62 general distribution, and the remainder to the institution, trustees, commis-
- 63 sioners or officer making the report.
- 64 Thirteenth—The volume of public laws, 8,000 copies, which shall be distributed
- 65 as provided in section 56 of this act.
- 66 Fourteenth—The bound volumes of House and Senate journals, 1.500 copies,
- 67 which shall be distributed as provided in section 57 of this act.
 - § 30. The volumes of reports herein provided for shall include the following
 - 2 reports: The reports of the several State officers, institutions and departments
 - 3 required to be made to the Governor or the General Assembly (except reports of

- 4 committees to the Senate and House of Representatives): Provided, that the
- 5 transactions of the agricultural and horticultural societies, the reports of the
- 6 Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners, the Industrial University, the State
- 7 Superintendent of Public Instruction, the State Geologist, and the State Ento-
- 8 mologist shall not be included in said volumes of reports. Said 100 copies each
- 9 of the volumes of reports shall be deposited in the State library.
 - § 31. No report of any institution, department or officer shall exceed three
- 2 hundred printed pages, without consent of the commissioners of contracts.
 - § 32. When the contractor for the public printing is ordered to print any
- 2 report or other document that is also to appear in the volume of reports, he
- 3 shall print upon the same type 100 copies of each of said reports or other docu-
- 4 ments, with bracket folios, for such volumes of reports. There shall be no
- 5 charge for composition for the 100 copies of reports inserted in said volumes of
- 6 reports, but the contractors for work that is bound in the volume of reports
- 7 shall be allowed to charge one dollar for each form that goes into said volumes
- 8 as compensation for inserting the bracket folios, changing the title to a bestard
- 9 title, and re-imposing the forms to prevent more than one blank page being
- 10 inserted at any one place in said volume.
 - § 33. The contractor for printing shall deliver all book and pamphlet work
- 2 to the contractor for public binding, in sheets containing not less than sixteen
- 3 pages each: Provided, that if any document makes less than sixteen pages, or
- 4 if the last form of any document is not a full form of sixteen pages, then such
- 5 smaller sheets shall be delivered to the contractor for binding as printed.
- § 34. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of State and the Supervisor of
- 2 State Printing in ordering printing, by combining orders or otherwise, as far
- 8 as possible, to prevent unnecessary charges for composition or prese work.
- 4 and the public printer shall follow such directions.
 - § 35. The binding for the State shall be and hereby is divided into five
- 2 classes, as follows:
- 3 First—The folding, sewing with two twines and trimming of the laws, journa's and volumes of reports, and the binding thereof in leather backs and substant

- 5 tial paste-board sides, covered with blue paper, and title stamped in gold on
- 6 the backs, shall constitute the first class.
- 7 Second—The folding, sewing with two twines and trimming of the laws and
- 8 journals, and the binding thereof in law-sheep backs and corners and No. 20
- 9 tar-board sides, covered with good American comb-marble paper, and stamped
- 10 in gold on the backs, shall constitute the second class.
- 11 Third—The folding, sewing with two twines and trimming of the reports of
- 12 the executive departments and public institutions, and the binding thereof in
- 13 English cloth and binder's or cloth-board sides, with title and any required
- 14 ornament embossed in gold on the backs and blank fillits on the sides, shall
- 15 constitute the third class.
- 16 Fourth-The folding, stitching with three holes and trimming of reports to
- 17 the General Assembly, or either house thereof, and other documents, and the
- 18 binding of said reports in paper covers, with the title page printed thereon,
- 19 shall constitute the fourth class.
 - § 36. The highest prices that may be paid for binding under this act are as
 - 2 follows:
- 8 For the first class, per volume, twenty-five cents.
- 4 For the second class, per volume, fifty cents.
- 5 For the third class, per volume, thirty cents.
- 6 For the fourth class, per one hundred pages, three and one-half cents.
 - § 37. Of the number of laws, journals and volumes of reports required to be
- 2 printed, six hundred copies of the laws and three hundred copies of the jour-
- 3 nals and volumes of reports shall be bound in the second class of binding, as
- 4 described in section 87 of this act; and of the number of reports required to be
- 5 printed, three thousand copies of that of the Superintendent of Public Instruc-
- 6 tion and fifteen hundred copies of the Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners;
- 7 fifteen hundred copies each of the State Board of Public Charities and Indus-
- 8 trial University; five hundred copies each of the Auditor of State, Secretary of
- 9 State, and other State officers, and insurance reports; and five thousand copies
- 10 of the report of the State Board of Agriculture, shall be bound in the third
- 11 class of binding, as described in section 37 of this act. The laws, journals and

- 12 volumes of reports, except as hereinbefore provided in this section, shall be
- 13 bound in the first class of binding, as described in section 37 of this act; the
- 14 reports, except as hereinbefore provided in this section, shall be bound in the
- 15 fourth class of binding, as described in section 37 of this act.
 - § 38. The Commissioners of State Contracts shall furnish bidders with sam-
- 2 ples of first, second, third and fourth classes of binding, and duplicates of such
- 3 samples shall be preserved by the commissioners until final settlement is made
- 4 between the contractors and the State for such hinding.
 - § 39. In case it shall be necessary for the Commissioners of State Contracts
- 2 to order the binding of any volume of other work not provided for in this act,
- 3 the compensation therefor shall be proportionate to the contract prices under
- 4 which similar work is being executed by the contractor for binding, and the
- 5 contractor for binding shall do the work so required at the rate fixed by the
- 6 commissioners.
- § 40. Each bid for folding, stitching or sewing, trimming and binding shall
- 2 specify the price at which the bidder will do each kind of work, as specified in
- [8 sections 87 and 88, and no contract shall be let for the doing of any such work at a
- 4 higher rate than is specified in said sections.
 - § 41 The binder shall fold, stitch or sew and bind all work required of him
- 2 by his contract in a workmanlike manner and promptly, so that the public
- 8 business may not be delayed, and shall deliver the same to the Secretary of
- 4 State, taking his receipt therefor.
- § 42. The Secretary of State when he receives binding, shall ascertain
- 2 whether it has been executed as required by contract, and if thus executed
- 3 shall give to the binder his receipt therefor. If the binding is not executed as
- 4 required by contract, the Secretary may, with the approval of the Commission-
- 5 ers of State Contracts, receive the same, giving his receipt therefor, in which
- 6 receipt he shall state the defects in the work, and the amount to be
- 7 deducted from the contractor's bill for such defects—which deductions shall be
- 8 determined by the commissioners, and charged against said contractors by the
- 9 Secretary of State.

- § 43. No contract for the copying of the laws, joint resolutions and journals
- 2 shall be made for a greater sum or rate than five cents per one hundred words,
- 3 actual count.
 - § 44. It shall be the duty of the contractor for copying the laws, joint resolu-
- 2 tions and journals, to copy the same as fast as they shall be required by the
- 8 public printer; and in case such contractor shall neglect or fail, from any cause,
- 4 to copy the laws, joint resolutions or journals as fast as the same shall be
- 5 required by the public printer, it shall be the duty of the public printer to at
- 6 once notify the Secretary of State, in writing, of such neglect or failure; and
- 7 the want of copy shall be no excuse for the printer not performing his contract,
- 8 unless he shall give notice in writing, as aforesaid, and then only for the length
- 9 of time such printer is actually delayed for want of copy.
 - \$ 45. The copying of the laws, joint resolutions and journals shall be done
- 2 in the State House, under the personal supervision of the Secretary of State;
- 3 and such copies shall be carefully compared with the original in his office at the
- 4 expense of the contractor before being printed.
- § 46. It shall be the duty of the contractor to do such copying accurately,
- 3 and in a plain, legible hand.
 - \$ 47. There shall be copied, for the use of the public printer, one copy of all
- 2 the laws and joint resolutions passed by the General Assembly, and one copy
- 3 of the journals of each house thereof; but no reports which are required to be
- 4 made to the Governor or to the General Assembly, annually or biennially, shall
- 5 be included in such journals.
- § 48. The maximum price of news, book, cover and other paper used in
- 2 doing the State printing, and of all articles of stationery used by the State,
- 3 shall be five per centum greater than the market price of such paper and
- 4 articles at wholesale, in the city of Chicago, at the time of the making of the
- 5 contract, and no contract shall be made at any higher rate.
 - \$ 49. Every advertisement for bids for news, book, cover and other paper and
- 9 stationery for the use of the State shall specify, as near as may be, the kinds,
- 3 quality and quantity required, and shall also specify the size and weight per
- 4 ream of each kind required. Separate bids shall be made for the different

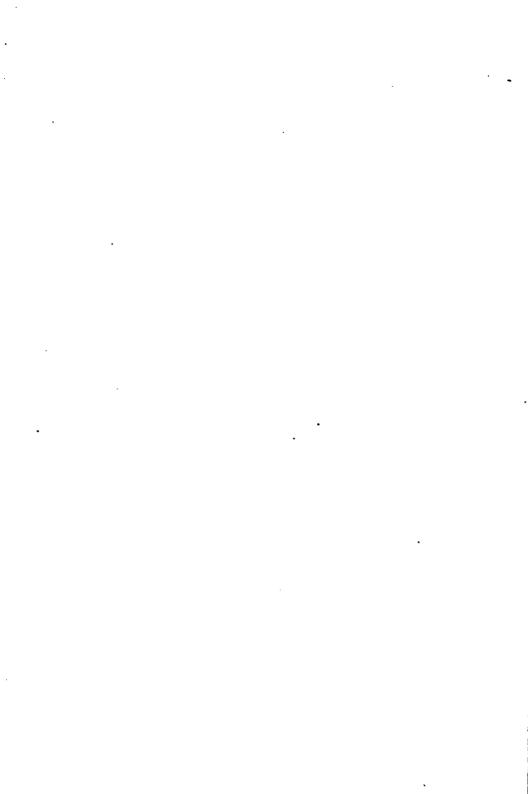
- 5 kinds of paper required for doing the State printing. All other stationery may
- 6 be included in one bid.
- \$ 50. The Commissioners of State Contracts shall furnish bidders samples of
- 2 book, flat, cover and other printing paper, and of all legal cap, letter, note and
- 8 other paper, and all agricles of stationery required by the State officers, and
- 4 duplicates of such samples shall be preserved by them until final settlement is
- 5 made between the contractor and the State for all articles furnished of which
- 6 the samples were the standard of quality.
 - § 51 All printing paper and stationery shall be kept in store by the Sec-
- 2 retary of State, and delivered and accounted for by him as provided by law.
 - 3 52. The maximum prices for fuel shall be as follows: For hickory wood, \$6
- 2 per cord: for all other kinds of wood, \$5 per cord: for coal, \$2.50 per ton.
 - \$ 53. On the delivery of any fuel, the Secretary of State shall examine the
- 2 same as to quality and quantity, and if he finds the same to be in accordance
- 3 with the contract he shall give his receipt therefor, and if it is not according to
- 4 the contract shall reject it. He shall keep an account of all fuel delivered to
- 5 him, and by him furnished to the State House and several offices to which fuel
- 6 may be furnished.
 - \$ 54. The maximum price for distributing the laws, journals and all docu-
- 2 ments and other printed matter required to be distributed by this or any other
- 3 act, or by resolution of the General Assembly, shall be \$1500 per annum.
 - § 55. The distribution shall be done at the State House, under the direction
- 2 of the Secretary of State; and it shall be the duty of the contractor to furnish
- 3 all necessary wrappings, boxes and other conveniences for packing and shipping
- 4 the same, and promptly and without delay to pack and deliver, at his own cost
- 5 for transportation, in number and kind, all matter required to be distributed, at
- 6 the earliest moment practicable after they are ready to be distributed. They
- 7 shall be transmitted by the most ready, convenient and quick conveyance, which
- 6 may offer itself, and a receipt shall be taken for each package transmitted
- 7 (except such as are conveyed by United States mail), which shall be filed with
- 8 the Secretary of State.

§ 56. The laws shall be distributed as follows, viz: Five copies to the library of Congress, two copies to each State and Territorial library in the United States, one copy to each judge of the United States, circuit or district court in this State, five copies to each Supreme Court library in this State, one copy to each Supreme Judge, one copy to the reporter of the Supreme Court, one copy to each judge of a court of record, one copy to each State's Attorney, one copy to each clerk of a court of record, one copy to each justice of the peace, one copy to each police magistrate, one copy to each library, each educational, each historical and each literary institution in this State, one copy to each State officer, one copy to each member and each elective officer of the General Assembly, one copy to each State charitable institution, ten copies for the State library, and three hundred copies shall be deposited with the Secretary of State for the use of future General Assemblies.

§ 57. The journa's and messages shall be distributed as follows: Five copies to the library of Congress, one copy to each State and Territorial library in the United States, one copy to each judge of the United States circuit and district court in this State, one copy to each Supreme Judge, one copy to each Supreme 5 Court library, one copy to each Senator and each Representative and each elective officer of the General Assembly, one copy to each county officer, and one copy to each State officer who is required by law to reside at the seat of government, one copy to each library, each educational, each historical and each literary institution in this State, and one copy to each State charitable institution, ten copies for the State library, and the remaining copies shall be deposited with the Secretary of State for the use of future General Assemblies.

§ 58. Five copies to the library of Congress, one copy to the President of the United States, one copy to each State and Territorial library, one copy to each judge of the Supreme Court of this State, one copy to each judge of the circuit courts in this State, one copy to each judge of the Superior Court of Cook county, one copy to the judge of each city court in this State, one copy to each clerk of the courts of record in this State, one copy to each law institute in this State, one copy to each State officer required to reside at the seat of govern-

- 8 ment, five copies shall be deposited in each library of the Supreme Court of
- 9 this State, and twenty copies shall be deposited in the State library, for the use
- 10 of the State.
 - § 59. All books and documents required by this act to be distributed to
- 2 officers or persons resident in this State, or to libraries and other institutions
- 8 located therein, shall be transmitted by the contractor to the county clerks of
- 4 the respective counties where such officers or persons reside, or such institutions
- 5 are located. The county clerk of each county shall receive and receipt to the
- 6 Secretary of State for all books and documents so transmitted to him, paying
- 7 the charges for the transmission of the same by drawing a warrant upon the
- 8 county treasurer, who shall immediately pay the warrant out of the money in
- 9 the treasury.
 - \$ 60. The county clerk in each county, immediately after the receipt of any
- 2 package of books transmitted as directed in this act, shall distribute the same
- 8 to all parties entitled to receive them, taking their receipt therefor in a book to
- 4 be kept for that purpose.



(Substitute for Senate Bill No. 3 7. •

- 1. Introduced by Committee on Printing, April 21, 1881, and ordered to first
- First reading April 21, 1881, and ordered to second reading.
 May 11, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.

A BILL

For an Act to revise the Law in relation to State Contracts.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly, That the Secretary of State, the State Treasurer, the Auditor of Public Accounts, the Attorney-General and the Superintendent of Public 42 Instruction shall be and are hereby declared to be (ex-officio) Commissioners of ‡5 State Contracts. The officers above designated shall organize as the Board of Commissioners of State Contracts, on the first Monday of July, A. D. 1881, by the election of one of their number as chairman; and thereafter they shall hold stated quarterly meetings, at such place and time as they shall determine. At any time the chairmangor any two of the commissioners may call a special meeting of the board. Three of the commissioners shall constitute a quorum, and may do and perform all the acts and duties required to be done and performed by them by this or any other act of the General Assembly. The commissioners shall transact all business at stated or special meetings of the board, 14 and shall cause to be kept a record of their proceedings.

- § 2. The furnishing of all fuel, stationery and printing paper for the use of
- the State, and the copying, printing, binding and distribution of the laws and
- journals, the reports, and all other printing, binding and ruling ordered by the
- General Assembly, or by the trustees of any State institution, State board or
- commissioner, shall be let by contract to the lowest responsible bidder, in the
- manner herinafter provided.

§ 8. Between the first Monday in July and the first Monday in August, A. D. 2 1882, the Commissioners of State Contracts shall advertise at Springfied in one of the daily papers published in that city, for proposals to furnish fuel to the State; and shall advertise at Springfield and Chicago, in some one of the daily newspapers published in each of said cities, for proposals to furnish printing and other paper and stationery to the State; and shall advertise at Springfield, Chicago, Peoria, Quincy and Cairo, in some one of the daily newspapers published in each of said cities, for proposals to do the copying of the laws and journals, and for the distribution of the same, and all other public documents of the State, for proposals to do the printing of the State, and for proposals to do the binding of the State. Each of said advertisements for proposals shall be published five days from and including the date of its first publication, and shall give notice that scaled proposals for furnishing the articles or performing the work required from the first day of October then next ensuing, until the thirtieth day of September, A. D. 1884, will be received at the office of the Sec-15 retary of State, on or before the first Monday of September next after the date of said notice. The advertisement shall also set forth specifically what will be required of bidders under this act, and such other particulars as the commis-19 sioners shall deem proper. Any advertisement may embrace propositions for bids for all or a part of the materials to be furnished and work to be done, but shall solicit separate bids for each class of articles to be furnished or work to be done, and each of such classes shall be let in a separate contract. In the month of July, 1884, and biennially thereafter, the said Commissioners of State Contracts shall advertise in the manner provided for in this section, for proposals for furnishing the articles or performing the work herein specified, for the term of two years, from the first day of October then next ensuing; and all contracts made and entered into under this act shall close on the thirtieth day of September of each second year after the time of 29 taking effect.

§ 4. Each bid for each class shall be accompanied by a bond, in the sum of \$5,000, as liquidated damages, approved by the Governor, payable to the people of the State of Illinois, conditioned that if such bid is accepted, the person

making it will, within ten days after the award is made, enter into a contract as specific 1 in the advertisement soliciting bids, and will execute a bond, conditioned for the faithful performance of such contract on his part, in such sum as the commissioners and the Governor shall determine. Each bidder shall file his bond and a copy of his bid with the Governor when he files his bid with the Secretary of State, and no bid shall be considered until such bond shall have been deposited with the Governor. The Secretary of State shall number each bid in the order in which it is deposited. The Governor shall retain said bond until the award has been made, and then shall file in the office of the Secretary of State the bond of the successful bidder.

- Socretary of State shall prepare and distribute to persons who apply for the same a circular, which shall state, as accurately as the records of the State will show, the number, amount and character of each article and of all work entering into all contracts for which bids are solicited in the advertisement. In determining the lowest bidder for any contract or class of work, the commissioners shall be governed by the basis set forth in this circular. The State shall not be committed, however, to the purchase of any stipulated quantity of any article, nor to have any stated amount of work done, by reason of the representations in said circular, but may order more or less of any article or have more or less of any particular kind of work done as the exigencies of the State may require; and the contractor shall promptly fift all orders at his contract rates.
- § 6. At the time designated in the advertisement for opening bids, the commissioners, at a meeting called for the purpose, shall, in the presence of the Governor, open all the bids and publicly read them. The board shall then adjourn said meeting to any time within six days, at which adjourned meeting
- 5 said board shall proceed to publicly make the award for each class of work to
- 6 be done and materials to be furnished to the lowest bidder therefor, taking bond
 7 from him in an amount to be fixed by the beard and approved by the Governor,
- 8 but not to exceed \$10,000, conditioned for the faithful performance of this cor-
- 9 tract. When any person, bidding for more than one class as aforesaid, shall be

10 the lowest bidder for each class so bid for, to him shall be awarded the contract

11 for all the classes for which he has bid. Said commissioners, with the consent

19 of the Governor, may reject any or all bids, if it appears to be in the interest of

18 the State so to do, and no contract shall be made without the written approval

14 of the Governor. If two or more persons bid the same price for either class of

15 the work to be done or articles to be furnished, and said price is the lowest for

16 that class, the commissioners shall award the contract to such one of said bid-

17 ders as they shall decide by lot to award it to. In determining the lowest bid

18 for printing, the commissioners shall call to their aid the Supervisor of State

19 Printing herein provided for.

§ 7. If, for any reason, any contract required to be let shall not be let at the

time contemplated by this act, and whenever, on account of any contract being

8 cancelled, or for other cause, any contract is required to be let at any other

4 time, the commissioners shall fix the time when they will receive bids therefor,

5 and shall solicit, by public advertisement, such bids, and make awards, as nearly

6 as may be, in the same manner and upon the same terms as hereinbefore pro-

7 vided.

 $\xi \gg 1$ If a contractor shall fail to fulfill his contract in accordance with the

2 law, the commissioners shall cancel the contract, and, having done so, shall

3 notify the contractor in writing, specifying their reasons for so doing, and the

4 contractor shall have no recourse upon the State for such action of the commis-

5 sioners.

§ 9. No contract shall be let to any person holding any State office in this

2 State or a seat in the General Assembly, or to any person employed in either of

\$ the executive offices in the State, or to the wife of a State officer, member of the

4 General Assembly or employe, as aforesaid, nor shall any State officer or mem-

5 ber of the General Assembly, or wife or employe, as aforesaid, become, directly

6 or indirectly, interested in any such contract, under penalty of forfeiting such

7 contract, at the option of the commissioners, and being fined not exceeding

8 \$1,000.

§ 10! If any person making any bid under this act shall fail or refuse to enter

2 into a contract pursuant to the terms of his bid within the time mentioned in

- 3 his bond, and give bond as required, or if any contractor shall refuse or fail to
- 4 fulfill his contract, it shall be the duty of the Secretary of State, under the
- 5 direction of the commissioners, to notify the Attorney-General, who shall at
- 6 once bring suit on the bond of such bidder or contractor against him and his
- 7 sureties, and prosecute the same to judgment and final execution.
 - § 11. Every bill for articles furnished or work done by any contractor under
- 2 this act, shall contain a detailed, itemized account, in such form that the same
- 3 may be readily compared with his contract, and shall also contain such other
- 4 particulars as may be directed by the commissioners. Every bill shall first be
- 5 presented to the Secretary of State, who shall (except as provided in section 23
- 6 of this act) carefully examine and compare the same with the vouchers and
- 7 orders. If any error is found in any account, the Secretary shall immediately
- 8 correct the same and return the account to the contractor. When the account
- 9 is found to be correct, or has been corrected and adjusted, the Secretary
- 10 shall certify the same to the commissioners, who shall carefully examine the
- 11 same. When an account has been approved by the commissioners the Auditor
- 12 of Public Accounts shall draw his warrant upon the Treasury for the amount
- 13 thereof, payable out of any money appropriated for that purpose. An itemized
- 14 account of all work fully completed and delivered to the Secretary of State
- 15 shall be rendered to the said officer within thirty days after such delivery, and
- 16 no payment on any contract shall be made except on presentation and approval
- 17 of such account.
 - § 12. The printing of the State shall be divided into four classes, as follows.
- 2 First—The printing, folding, stitching and trimming of the bills and resolu-
- \$ tions for consideration of the General Assembly, shall constitute the first class.
- 4 Second—The printing of the journal of the Senate and of the House of Rep-
- 5 resentatives, the volume of laws and joint resolutions passed by the General
- 6 Assembly, the reports of the State officers, State boards, institutions, and all
- 7 other reports required to be made to the Governor or to the General Assembly:
- 8 also all pamphlet work, including briefs, abstracts, circulars, synopsis, and all
- 9 other similar work the copy for which will make more than four numbered

- 10 pages, and which is required to be printed in a page of the size prescribed in
- 11 section 18 of this act, shall constitute the second class.
- 12 Third-The printing, stitching, ruling, lining, indexing and binding of elec-
- 13 tion registers, shall constitute the third class.
- 14 Fourth All printing, the character of which is not specifically defined in the
- 15 first, second or third classes, and all ruling required to be done by the State,
- 16 shall be assigned to and constitute the fourth class, and proposals for doing
- 17 the printing shall also embrace proposals for doing the ruling.
 - § 13. The printing shall be done under the general supervision and direc-
- 2 tion of the Commissioners of State Contracts and the Supervisor of State
- 8 Printing, and said commissioners shall have so much of the printing done at
- 4 the State capital as they may deem advisable. All printing shall be deliv-
- 5 ered at the expense of the contractor, at the State House, to the order of
- 6 the Secretary of State. At the close of the fiscal year in each biennial period,
- 7 the Commissioners of State Contracts shall designate what reports shall have
- 8 precedence in the order of printing. The Secretary of State shall deliver to the
- 9 contractor for the various classes of printing the paper required to execute
- 10 the work, as provided in section 24 of this act, but the contractor shall pay
- 11 the cost of transportation of same to the place where the printing is done.
- 12 For the fourth class of printing the Secretary of State shall transmit to the
- 13 printer the quality of paper required to print each job ordered, with the
- 14 order for the printing of the same.
 - § 14. Each bid for either class of the printing shall state the price per one
- 2 thousand ems of composition and per one hundred impressions of press work
- 3 at which the bidder will do the work covered by the class for which he is
- 4 bidding, except the third class, bids for which shall state the sum for which
- 5 the bidder will furnish, complete, each election register required, and except-
- 6 ing also the first class, bids for which shall state, in addition to the price for
- 7 composition and press work, the sum per 100 pages for which the bidder will
- 8 do the folding, stitching and trimming of the work of that class.
 - § 15. All orders for printing, in addition to that authorized by this or some
- 2 other act, shall be by joint resolution: Provided, that either house may order

- 3 to be printed an; bills, blanks, rules, cards, calendars, synopsis, directories
- 4 or reports of committees of such house without the concurrence of the other
- 5 branch of the General Assembly.
 - § 16. The highest prices that may be paid for printing and ruling, under
- 2 this act, are as follows:
- 3 Eighty cents for each one thousand ems of composition—all grades to be
- 4 measured as plain.
- 5 For printing, stitching, ruling, binding, lining and indexing each election
- 6 register, ten cents.
- 7 For folding, stitching and trimming the bills and joint resolutions, three cents
- 8 per one hundred pages. In ascertaining the number of pages in a bill, the
- 9 number of pages in a single bill shall be multiplied by the number of copies of
- 10 the bill ordered printed, and the product shall be the number of pages for
- 11 which the contractor shall be paid.
- 12 For ruling, fifteen cents per one hundred sheets each time the sheet has to
- 13 pass through the ruling machine.
- 14 Twenty cents for each one hundred impressions of press work in the first, sec
- 15 ond and fourth classes: Provided, that any number of impressions less than one
- 16 hundred on any job shall be counted as one hundred.
 - § 17. The type used in doing work of the first class shall be small pica, com-
- 2 posed in a measure six inches wide, and made up into pages ten and one-half
- 3 inches long. Between the lines in work of this class there shall be a space not
- 4 exceeding the width of a pica reglet: Provided, that if any matter in this class
- 5 ought to be set solid, the Supervisor of State Printing herein provided for shall
- 6 have authority to so decide and direct. In computing composition in this class
- 7 the type shall be measured as if it had been set solid, and necessary fractions of
- 8 pages shall be counted as full pages, but no blank pages shall be charged for.
- 9 In estimating press work in this class, four pages shall be considered a form;
- 10 Provided, that any number of pages fewer than four shall be considered a form
- 11 when the copy of any job done in this class is not sufficient to make four pages,
- 12 or shall make one or more full forms and a fractional part of another full
- 15 form.

\$ 18. The type used in doing work of the second class shall be long primer for the text, brevier for extracts, quoted matter and resolutions, and nonpareil for tabular work and exhibits—the type to be as good as new, and made up into medium octavo pages, twenty-six ems pica in width and forty-five ems pica in length, and set solid, except as hereinafter provide i. All documents, communications or any small pamphlet work required to be made up into numbered pages, the copy for which will make more than four pages, shall belong to and be printed by the contractor for the second class, and the Supervisor of State Printing may, in his discretion, have such work leaded; but the volume of laws, the journals, and all reports of State officers and State boards, shall be set solid, without the intervention of unnecessary leads or slugs. Exhibits or 11 tabular statements which cannot be brought within the limits of the page herein prescribed, shall be printed on a separate sheet as an inset, and esti-13 14 mated in the second class, and shall be inserted, by the binder, in the book to which such inset belongs. In the printed journals of each house of the 15 General Assembly each division list of the year and mays shall be set in non-16 pareil type, in four columns, in alphabetical order, and the report of each 17 motion or resolution shall be embraced in one paragraph. Composition shall 18 not be allowed for blank pages, but a fractional page may be measured as a full page in the first and second classes. In estimating press work in the second class, sixteen pages shall be counted a form, but if any document make less than 91 sixteen pages, or if the last form of any document is not a full form of sixteen 22 pages, the same shall be counted as a form. The Supervisor of State Printing 23 24 shall give general directions for the making up of matter so as to avoid unnecessary charges for composition, and the contractor shall observe such 25 directions. 36

19. Composition in the fourth class shall be estimated as follows: All work set in pica type, or in which type larger than pica is exclusively used, or all type larger than pica wherever used, shall be measured as pica. When any job is set in type smaller than pica, or when two or more sizes of type are required to be used in the same job, such job shall be estimated by measuring the kind of type so used. All jobs shall be measured by the surface actually printed over,

7 and not by the size of the sheet used. When copy for any job in this class is

8 furnished the contractor, the Supervisor of State Printing may, in his discretion

9 designate the size of type to be used in setting the same, and the job shall be

10 measured as of the size so designated by him. In computing composition, no

11 price-and a-half or double-price measure shall be allowed.

§ 30. The contractor for all printing under this act shall execute as promptly as the Commissioners of State Contracts shall require, and in a manner acceptable to said commissioners, all orders for printing issued to him. He shall read and correct the first proof of all work done by him, and see that the same is reasonably free from errors, and conforms to the copy furnished him. A second proof shall then be sent to the Supervisor of State Printing, when requested, who shall read the same with some one to be designated by the department for which the printing is being done. If changes or alterations from the copy be made in the second proof, the contractor shall correct the same and return the proof to the Supervisor of State Printing; and for making said changes the contractor shall be allowed such sum (to be estimated at fifty cents per hour) as the Supervisor of State Printing may certify to the Commissioners of State Contracts is equitable. The Supervisor of State Printing may 13 require revises of all proof read by him, and if the proof is not properly corrected by the contractor before the printing is done, no pay shall be allowed for the job or form in which the error occurs. At the close of the fiscal year immediately preceding a session of the General Assembly, the Supervisor of State Printing may appoint an experienced proof-reader to assist him in the discharge of his duties, who shall be raid the sum of four dollars per day, in the same manner and from the same fund as the Supervisor of State Printing is paid, but said assistant shall not be employed after the General Assembly adjourns,

Printing may appoint an experienced proof-reader to assist him in the discharge of his duties, who shall be paid the sum of four dollars per day, in the same manner and from the same fund as the Supervisor of State Printing is paid, but said assistant shall not be employed after the General Assembly adjourns.

§ 21. On or before the first day of October, A. D. 1881, and every two years thereafter, the Governor shall appoint a person who shall be denominated the "Supervisor of State Printing," and who shall hold his office for the term of two years, from the first day of October, A. D. 1881, and until his successor is appointed and qualified. The Governor shall have power to remove said officer at any time, in his discretion. Said Supervisor of State Printing shall be a —3

person who has had experience in reading proofs and estimating book and job work, and who has worked at his trade at least six years. His duties shall be to prepare the specifications upon which bids for the public printing shall be made, to revise proof, to measure the work, and to examine the accounts of the 10 11 contractor according to the provisions of this act, and to issue orders for printing. Such practical printer shall be under the supervision of the Secretary of State, in his office; but in measuring and estimating the price of work and 18 examining accounts, the Supervisor of State Printing shall only be subject to 14 the supervision of the Commissioners of State Contracts. Any conflict of 15 16 opinion between any State officer and the Supervisor of State Printing on the construction of this act, or in reference to other matters relating to the contracts 17 for printing, shall be referred to the Commissioners of State Contracts, and be 19 decided by them, and full minutes made of the adjustment. The Supervisor of State Printing, before entering upon the discharge of his duties, shall take and 20 21 subscribe to an oath, that he will faithfully and honestly perform the duties imposed upon him, which oath shall be filled in the office of the Secretary of 22 28 State. He shall receive for his service the sum of \$1.800 per year, to be certified by the Commissioners of State Contracts, and paid out of any money not other-24 wise appropriated, and shall be subject to removal, at the pleasure of the Gov-25 ernor: Provided, that the commissioners shall not be bound by the action, 26 opinion or measurement of said Supervisor of State Printing, but may inquire 27 of and take the evidence of other experts upon all matters connected with said 28 printing, but in no case shall the commissioners raise the estimate. 29

§ 22. All printing under this act shall be ordered through the Secretary of State, who shall ascertain that the full number of copies of each job is received at his office, and shall deliver such work to the department for which it was done. The Secretary of State shall require the Supervisor of State Printing to keep a record of all printing ordered showing the cost of the same, in detail, and the quantity and quality of paper used, and shall also file and preserve a copy of each document printed. The copy of each document printed, to be filed as aforesaid, shall, before it is filed, have indorsed upon it the number of

9 copies ordere l and received, the cost of the same, the amount and quality of
1 paper used, and the authority by which the printing thereof was ordered.

\$ 28. Every bill for printing done shall be presented to the Secretary of

State, who shall transmit the same to the Supervisor of State Printing, who

shall carefully examine and compare the same with the contract for said printing and the orders relating thereto, and his own estimates or measurement of

the work charged for in said bill. If any error is found in the account, the
Supervisor of State Printing shall correct the same and return the account to

the Secretary of State, who shall at once return the same to the contractor. If

the account is found to be correct, or when it has been corrected, the Supervisor

of State Printing shall certify the same to the commissioners, who shall care
fully examine it, comparing it with the contract vouchers and orders. If any
conflict of opinion shall occur between the Secretary of State or Supervisor of

State Printing and the contractor, concerning any account, the matter shall be
determined and adjusted by the commissioners, and a full minute of such
adjustment entered in the record of the proceedings of the board.

§ 24. The paper for the printing aforesaid shall be provided by the State.

3 The Secretary of State shall, from time to time, as the same may be needed,

3 deliver to each contractor paper for the printing said contractor is required by

4 his contract to do, shall take from each contractor a receipt for all paper so

5 delivered, and shall keep an account of the same. At the biennial settlement,

6 on or before the first Monday in November, each contractor shall deliver to the

7 Secretary all paper then in his possession belonging to the State. The Secretary

8 shall take note of the paper so returned, and if it is found that any of the paper

9 delivered to the contractor-has been wasted or converted to any other use than

10 that of the State, the contractor shall be charged with the value thereof,

11 together with a penalty of twenty per cent. of the value of the paper so used or

12 wasted, and the amount shall be deducted from his account: Provided, that an

13 allowance of three per centum on the cost of said paper may be made for the

14 usual wastage.

§ 25. All matter which may be ordered printed shall be delivered to the printer with as little delay as possible, and the printer who is bound by his con-

- 8 tract to print the same shall not be held accountable for any delay occasioned
- 4 by the want of copy.
 - § 26. The contractor for either class of the public printing shall deliver to
- 2 the Secretary of State, with his bill for the printing, a copy of each docu-
- 8 ment or other matter charged for in said bill. In said bill the contractor
- 4 shall name each job printed, the number of copies printed of each job, the
- 5 number of impressions of press work in each job, the number of thousands
- 6 of ems of composition in each job, and also the kind and quantity of paper
- 7 used in each job.
 - § 27. The printed journals of the Senate and House of Representatives shall
- 2 contain each an index, which shall be prepared by the Secretary of State, who
- shall also prepare and furnish to the contractor for this class of printing a table
- 4 of the contents and index of the volume of the laws, and a table of the contents
- 5 of the volumes of reports. The title page of the volume of the laws shall con-
- 6 tain the following words: "Printed by authority of the General Assembly of
- 7 the State of Illinois." The laws shall be arranged by the Secretary of State in
- 8 alphabetical order, according to the subject matter, and be thus printed. The
- 9 day on which an act was approved by the Governor, shall be printed in the
- 10 volume of the laws, at the end of each of said acts, and the volume shall be
- 11 attested, by the printed certificate of the said Secretary, at the close thereof.
 - \$ 18. The Secretary of State shall, on or before the fifteenth day of Decem-
- 2 ber next preceding each regular session of the General Assembly, report to the
- 3 Governor the number of printing contracts, to whom the same were let, and at
- 4 what prices, the amount of printing that has been done under said contracts
- 5 and the cost thereof, and all other matters connected with the public printing.
 - § 29. Hereafter the number of public documents printed, bound and dis-
- 2 tributed by authority of the State shall be as follows:
- 3 First-Governor's message, 2,500 copies, of which 2,000 shall be delivered to
- 4 the members of the General Assembly, and 400 copies to the Governor and the
- 5 remaining 100 copies le retained for the volume of the reports.
- 6 Second—Report of the Secretary of State, 1,500 copies, of which one copy shall
- 7 be delivered to each memler and one to each officer of the General Assembly,

- on ies to be retained for the volume of reports, and the remainder be 9 delivered to the Secretary of State.
- 10 Third-The financial report of the Auditor of Public Accounts, 5,000 copies,
- 1) of which one copy shall be delivered to each member and one copy to each
- 12 officer of the General Assembly, one copy be sent to each county clerk one copy
- 18 to each county collector, 100 copies be retained for the volume of reports and
- 14 the remainder be delivered to the Auditor.
- 15 Fourth—The insurance reports, 1,000 copies, one copy of which shall be deliv-
- 16 ered to each member and one copy to each officer of the General Assembly, one
- 17 copy be sent to each insurance company doing business in the State, 100 copies
- 18 be retained for the volume of reports, and the remainder be delivered to the
- 19 officer in charge of State supervision of insurance companies.
- 20 Fifth—The report of the State Treasurer, 600 copies, of which one copy shall
- 21 be delivered to each member and one to each officer of the General Assembly,
- 22 and 100 copies be retained for the volume of reports, and the remainder be
- 23 delivered to the State Treasurer.
- 24 Sixth—The report of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, 6,000 copies,
- 25 one copy of which shall be delivered to each member and one copy to each
- 26 officer of the General Assembly, one copy to be sent to each county superin-
- 27 tendent of schools, one copy to each board of township trustees, 10 copies to be
- 28 retained for the State library, and 1,000 copies to be delivered equally to the
- 29 members of the General Assembly, and the remainder to be delivered to the
- 30 State Superintendent of Public Instruction.
- 31 Seventh—The report of the Adjutant-General, 700 copies, of which one copy
- 32 shall be delivered to each member and one copy to each officer of the General
- 33 Assembly, and 100 copies for the volume of reports, and the remainder to be
- 34 delivered to the Adjutant-General.
- 35 Eighth—The report of the State Board of Agriculture and State Entomolo-
- 36 gist, 5,000 copies, of which one copy shall be delivered to each member and one
- 57 copy to each officer of the General Assembly, 10 copies be retained for the State
- 38 library, 500 copies be deposited with the Secretary of State for general distribu-

- 39 tion, and the remaining volumes be delivered to the State Board of Agriculture
- 40 for judicious distribution.
- 41 Ninth—The report of the Industrial University, 2,000 copies, of which one
- 42 copy shall be delivered to each member and one to each officer of the Gen-
- 48 eral Assembly, 10 copies be retained for the State library, and the remainder
- 44 to the said university for judicious distribution.
- 45 Tenth-The report of the State Board of Public Charities, 2,000 copies, of
- 46 which one copy shall be delivered to each member and one to each officer of the
- 47 General Assembly, and 100 copies for the volume of reports, one copy to be sent
- 48 to each public library in the State, one copy each to every judge, county clerk
- 49 and sheriff, and the balance remaining be delivered to the Commissioners of
- 50 Public Charities for exchange and judicious distribution.
- 51 Eleventh—The report of the Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners, 2.000
- 52 copies, of which one copy shall be delivered to each member and one to each
- 53 officer of the General Assembly, 10 copies be retained for the State library, one
- 54 copy be sent to each county clerk, one copy to each county board, 300 copies be
- 55 delivered to the Secretary of State for general distribution, and the remainder
- 56 to the said commissioners.
- 57 Twelfth—All other public reports (except reports of committees of the Senate
- 58 and House of Representatives) required to be made to the Governor or the
- 59 General Assembly, 2,000 copies each, of which one copy shall be delivered to
- 60 each member and one to each officer of the General Assembly, and 100 copies for
- 61 the volume of reports, 150 copies be delivered to the Secretary of State for
- 62 general distribution, and the remainder to the institution, trustees, commis-
- 68 sioners or officer making the report.
- 64 Thirteenth—The volume of public laws, 8,000 copies, which shall be distributed
- 65 as provided in section 56 of this act.
- 66 Fourteenth—The bound volumes of House and Senate journals, 1.500 copies,
- 67 which shall be distributed as provided in section 57 of this act.
 - \$ 30. The volumes of reports herein provide | for shall include the following
- 2 reports: The reports of the several State officers, institutions and departments
- 3 required to be made to the Governor or the General Assembly (except reports of

- 4 committees to the Senate and House of Representatives): Provided, that the
- 5 transactions of the agricultural and horticultural societies, the reports of the
- 6 Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners, the Industrial University, the State
- 7 Superintendent of Public Instruction, the State Geologist, and the State Ento-
- 8 mologist shall not be included in said volumes of reports. Said 100 copies each
- 9 of the volumes of reports shall be deposited in the State library.
 - § 81. No report of any institution, department or officer shall exceed three
- 2 hundred printed pages, without consent of the commissioners of State con-
- 8 tracts.
 - § 32. When the contractor for the public printing is ordered to print any
 - report or other document that is also to appear in the volume of reports, he
- 3 shall print upon the same type 100 copies of each of said reports or other docu-
- 4 ments, with bracket folios, for such volumes of reports. There shall be no
- 5 charge for composition for the 100 copies of reports inserted in said volumes of
- 6 reports, but the contractors for work that is bound in the volume of reports
- 7 shall be allowed to charge fifty cents for each form that goes into said volumes
- 8 as compensation for inserting the bracket folios, changing the title to a bastard
- 9 title, and re-imposing the forms to prevent more than one blank page being
- 10 inserted at any one place in said volume.
 - § 33. The contractor for printing shall deliver all book and pamphlet work
 - 2 to the contractor for public binding, in sheets containing not less than sixteen
- 3 pages each: Provided, that if any document makes less than sixteen pages, or
- 4 if the last form of any document is not a full form of sixteen pages, then such
- 5 smaller sheets shall be delivered to the contractor for binding as printed.
- § 34. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of State and the Supervisor of
- 2 State Printing in ordering printing, by combining orders or otherwise, as far
- 8 as possible, to prevent unnecessary charges for composition or press work, and
- 4 the public printer shall follow such directions.
 - § 35. The binding for the State shall be and hereby is divided into four
- 2 classes, as follows:
- 3 First—The folding, sewing with two twines and trimming of the laws, jour-
- 4 nals and volumes of reports, and the binding thereof in leather backs and sub-

- 5 stantial paste-board sides, covered with blue paper, and title stamped in gold on
- 6 the backs, shall constitute the first class.
- 7 Second—The folding, sewing with two twines and trimming of the laws and
- 8 journals, and the binding thereof in law-sheep backs and corners and No. 20
- 9 tar-board sides, covered with good American comb-marble paper, and stamped
- 10 in gold on the backs, shall constitute the second class.
- 11 Third—The folding, sewing with two twines and trimming of the reports of
- 19 the executive departments and public institutions, and the binding thereof in
- 13 English cloth and binder's or cloth-board sides, with title and any required
- 14 ornament embossed in gold on the backs and blank fillits on the sides, shall
- 15 constitute the third class.
- 16 Fourth—The folding, stitching with three holes and trimming of reports to
- 17 the General Assembly, or either house thereof, and other documents, and the
- 18 binding of said reports in paper covers, with the title page printed thereon,
- 19 shall constitute the fourth class.
 - § 36. The highest prices that may be paid for binding under this act are as
- 2 follows:
- 8 For the first class, per volume, twenty-five cents.
- 4 For the second class, per volume, fifty cents.
- 5 For the third class, per volume, thirty cents.
- 6 For the fourth class, per one hundred pages, three and one-half cents.
 - § 37. Of the number of laws, journals and volumes of reports required to be
- 2 printed, six hundred copies of the laws and three hundred copies of the jour-
- 3 nals and volumes of reports shall be bound in the second class of binding, as
- 4 described in section 37 of this act; and of the number of reports required to be
- 5 printed, three thousand copies of that of the Superintendent of Public Instruc-
- 6 tion and fifteen hundred copies of the Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners;
- 7 fifteen hundred copies each of the State Board of Public Charities and Indus-
- 8 trial University; five hundred copies each of the Auditor of State, Secretary of
- 9. State, and other State officers and insurance reports; and five thousand copies
- 10 of the report of the State Board of Agriculture, shall be bound in the third
- 11 class of binding, as described in section 87 of this act. The laws, journals and

- 13 volumes of reports, except as hereinbefore provided in this section, shall be
- 18 bound in the first class of binding, as described in section 87 of this act; the
- 14 reports, except as hereinbefore provided in this section, shall be bound in the
- 15 fourth class of binding, as described in section 37 of this act.
 - § 38. The Commissioners of State Contracts shall furnish bidders with sam-
- 2 ples of first, second, third and fourth classes of binding, and duplicates of such
- 3 samples shall be preserved by the commissioners until final settlement is made
- 4 between the contractors and the State for such binding.
 - § 39. In case it shall be necessary for the Commissioners of State Contracts
- 2 to order the binding of any volume of other work not provided for in this act,
- 8 the compensation therefor shall be proportionate to the contract prices under
- 4 which similar work is being executed by the contractor for binding, and the
- 5 contractor for binding shall do the work so required at the rate fixed by the
- 6 commissioners.
 - § 40. Each bid for folding, stitching or sewing, trimming and binding shall
- 2 specify the price at which the bidder will do each kind of work, as specified in
- 3 sections 37 and 38, and no contract shall be let for the doing of any such work
- 4 at a higher rate than is specified in said sections.
 - § 41. The binder shall fold, stitch or sew and bind all work required of him
- 2 by his contract in a workmanlike manner and promptly, so that the public
- 3 business may not be delayed, and shall deliver the same to the Secretary of
- 4 State, taking his receipt therefor.
- § 49. The Secretary of State, when he receives binding, shall ascertain
- 9 whether it has been executed as required by contract, and if thus executed
- 3 shall give to the binder his receipt therefor. If the binding is not executed as
- 4 required by contract, the Secretary may, with the approval of the Commission-
- 5 ers of State Contracts, receive the same, giving his receipt therefor, in which
- 6 receipt he shall state the defects in the work, and the amount to be
- 7 deducted from the contractor's bill for such defects—which deductions shall be
- 8 determined by the commissioners, and charged against said contractors by the
- 9 Secretary of State.

- § 43. No contract for the copying of the laws, joint resolutions and journals
- 3 shall be made for a greater sum or rate than five cents per one hundred words,
- 2 actual count.
 - § 44. It shall be the duty of the contractor for copying the laws, joint resolu-
- 2 tions and journals, to copy the same as fast as they shall be required by the
- \$ public printer; and in case such contractor shall neglect or fail, from any cause,
- 4 to copy the laws, joint resolutions or journals as fast as the same shall be
- 5 required by the public printer, it shall be duty of the public printer to at
- 6 once notify the Secretary of State, in writing, of such neglect or failure; and
- 7 the want of copy shall be no excuse for the printer not performing his contract,
- 8 unless he shall give notice in writing, as aforesaid, and then only for the length
- 9 of time such printer is actually delayed for want of copy.
 - \$ 45. The copying of the laws, joint resolutions and journals shall be done
- 2 in the State House, under the personal supervision of the Secretary of State;
- 3 and such copies shall be carefully compared with the original in his office at the
- 4 expense of the contractor before being printed.
 - § 46. It shall be the duty of the contractor to do such copying accurately,
- 2 and in a plain, legible hand.
 - § 47. There shall be copied, for the use of the public printer, one copy of all
- 2 the laws and joint resolutions passed by the General Assembly, and one copy
- 8 of the journals of each house thereof; but no reports which are required to be
- 4 made to the Governor or to the General Assembly, annually or biennially, shall
- 5 be included in such journals.
 - § 48. The maximum price of news, book, cover and other paper used in
- 2 doing the State printing, and of all articles of stationery used by the State,
- shall be five per centum greater than the market price of such paper and
- 4 articles at wholesale, in the city of Chicago, at the time of the making of the
- 5 contract, and no contract shall be made at any higher rate.
- § 49. Every advertisement for bids for news, book, cover and other paper and
- 2 stationery for the use of the State shall specify, as near as may be, the kinds,
- 8 quality and quantity required, and shall also specify the size and weight per
- 4F ream of each kind required. Separate bids shall be made for the different

- 5 kinds of paper required for doing the State printing. All other stationery may
- 6 be included in one bid.
- § 50. The Commissioners of State Contracts shall furnish bidders samples of
- 2 book, flat, cover and other printing paper, and of all legal cap, letter, note and
- 3 other paper, and all articles of stationery required by the State officers, and
- 4 duplicates of such samples shall be preserved by them until final settlement is
- 5 made between the contractor and the State for all articles furnished of which
- 6 the samples were the standard of quality.
 - § 51. All printing paper and stationery shall be kept in store by the Secre-
- 2 tary of State, and delivered and accounted for by him as provided by law.
 - § 52. The maximum prices for fuel shall be as follows: For hickory wood, \$6
- 2 per cord; for all other kinds of wood, \$5 per cord; for coal, \$2.50 per ton.
 - \$ 53. On the delivery of any fuel, the Secretary of State shall examine the
- 2 same as to quality and quantity, and if he finds the same to be in accordance
- 3 with the contract he shall give his receipt therefor, and if it is not according to
- 4 the contract shall reject it. He shall keep an account of all fuel delivered to
- 5 him, and by him furnished to the State House and several offices to which fuel
- 6 may be furnished.
 - § 54. The maximum price for distributing the laws, journals and all docul
- 9 ments and other printed matter required to be distributed by this or any other
- 3 act, or by resolution of the General Assembly, shall be \$1,500 per annum.
 - \$ 55. The distribution shall be done at the State House, under the direction
- 2 of the Secretary of State; and it shall be the duty of the contractor to furnish
- 3 all necessary wrappings, boxes and other conveniences for packing and shipping
- 4 the same, and promptly and without delay to pack and deliver, at his own cost
- 5 for transportation, in number and kind, all matter required to be distributed, at
- 6 the earliest moment practicable after they are ready to be distributed. They
- 7 shall be transmitted by the most ready, convenient and quick conveyance, which
- ·
- 8 may offer itself, and a receipt shall be taken for each package transmitted
- 9 (except such as are conveyed by United States mail), which shall be filed with
- 10 the Secretary of State.
 - § 56. The laws shall be distributed as follows, viz: Five copies to the library

States, one copy to each judge of the United States, circuit or district court in this State, five copies to each Supreme Court library in this State, one copy to each Supreme Judge, one copy to the reporter of the Supreme Court, one copy to each judge of a court of record, one copy to each State's Attorney, one copy to each clerk of a court of record, one copy to each justice of the peace, one copy to each police magistrate, one copy to each library, each educational, each historical and each literary institution in this State, one copy to each State officer, one copy to each member and each elective officer of the General Assembly one copy to each State charitable institution, ten copies for the State

library, and three hundred copies shall be deposited with the Secretary of State

for the use of future General Assemblies.

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§ 57. The journals and messages shall be distributed as follows: Five copies to the library of Congress, one copy to each State and Territorial library in the United States, one copy to each judge of the United States circuit and district court in this State, one copy to each Supreme Judge, one copy to each Supreme Court library, one copy to each Senator and each Representative and each elective officer of the General Assembly, one copy to each county officer, and one copy to each State officer who is required by law to reside at the seat of government, one copy to each library, each educational, each historical and each literary institution in this State, and one copy to each State charitable institution, ten copies for the State library, and the remaining copies shall be deposited with the Secretary of State for the use of future General Assemblies.

§ 58. The reports of the decisions of the Supreme Court shall be distributed as follows: Five copies to the library of Congress, one copy to the President of the United States, one copy to each State and Territorial library, one copy to each judge of the Supreme Court of this State, one copy to each judge of the Superior Court of Cook county, one copy to the judge of each city court in this State, one copy to each clerk of the courts of record in this State, one copy to each law institute in this State, one copy to each State officer required to reside at the seat of government, five copies shall be deposited in each library of the Supreme Court of

10 this State, and twenty copies shall be deposited in the State library for the use
11 of the State.

§ 59. All books and documents required by this act to be distributed to

2 officers or persons resident in this State, or to libraries and other institutions

3 located therein, shall be transmitted by the contractor to the county clerks of

4 the respective counties where such officers or persons reside, or such institutions

5 are located. The county clerk of each county shall receive and receipt to the

6 Secretary of State for all books and documents so transmitted to him, paying

7 the charges for the transmission of the same by drawing a warrant upon the

8 county treasurer, who shall immediately pay the warrant out of the money in

9 the treasury.

\$ 60. The county clerk in each county, immediately after the receipt of any

2 package of books transmitted as directed in this act, shall distribute the same

3 to all parties entitled to receive them, taking their receipt therefor in a book to

4 be kept for that purpose.

\$ 61. An act entitled "An act to revise the law in relation to State contracts,"

2 approved March 31, 1874, is hereby repealed.



(Substitute for No. 438.)

- Introduced by Committee on Insurance April 23, 1881, and ordered to first reading
- 2. First reading April 22, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section thirty-one (31) of Chapter thirty-two (32), Revised Statutes of 1874, entitled "An Act concerning Corporations."

- , Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the
- 2 General Assembly, That section thirty-one (81) of chapter thirty-two (39), of the
- 8 Revised Statutes of 1874, entitled "An act concerning corporations," be amended
- 4 so as to read as follows:
- 5 Section 31. Corporations, associations and societies, not for pecuniary profit.
- 6 formed under this act, shall be bodies corporate and politic by the name stated
- 7 in such certificate, and by that name they and their successors shall and may
- 8 have succession, and shall be persons in law capable of suing and being sued;
- 9 may have power to make and enforce contracts in relation to the legitimate
- 10 business of their corporation, society, or association; may have and use a com-
- it mon seal, and may change or alter the same at pleasure, and they and their
- 12 successors, by their corporate name, shall in law be capable of taking, purchas-
- 13 ing. holding, and disposing of real and personal estate for purposes of their
- 14 organization; may make by-laws not inconsistent with the constitution and laws
- 15 of this State or of the United States, in which by-laws shall be described the
- 16 duties of all the officers of the corporation, society or association, and the quali-
- 17 fication of members thereof. That all associations, societies and corporations,
- Is whether voluntary or incorporate i under the laws of this State, excepting
- 19 mutual and other insurance companies organized for pecuniary profit for of

any other State or Territory of the United States, doing business in this State, which heretofore have or hereafter may issue any certificate to or have made or may make any contractor agreement with their members, whereby, upon the decease of a member, any money or other benefit, charity, relief or aid is to be paid, provided 23 or rendered to others dependent upon him, or beneficiary designated by him. 25 shall be exempt from the operation of the insurance laws of this State: Pro-26 vided, such money, benefit, charity, relief or aid are derived from voluntary donations or solely from admission fees and assessments collected or to be collected from the members thereof, and interest and accretions thereon: Provided. 28 29 further, that the funds and business operations of such associations or incorporations shall be limited to such benevolent or charitable uses: Ard, provided, 80 31 further, that all such associations, societies or incorporations which are by this act exempt from the insurance laws of this State, and which are not organized 32 under the laws of this State, shall, on or before the first day of January in each and every year, and before any such association, society or corporation shall do any business in this State or issue any certificate of membership, or receive or 35 demand any initiation fees or assessments, shall, under the signs, ture of the 86 87 secretary and the seal of such organisation, society or corporation, name and designate to the Auditor of this State one or more residents of this State, who shall be a householder, upon whom all legal process may be served, and the service of all summons, process, or other notice upon such person or persons shall be taken and adjudged to be due and sufficient service upon such association, society or incorporation, and such association, society or corporation shall keep the Auditor notified and informed of the change of residence, death, or removal of such person or persons so designated, and in case of the death or removal of such person, another person shall be immediately designated by such organization who shall also be a resident of the State. And any such association, society or incorporation, or any agent or agents, or person representing or claiming to represent such association, society or incorporation, who shall do any business for such association, society or incorporation, or shall issue any certificate or certificates of membership, or demand, solicit or receive any 50 initiation fee or assessment or solicit or receive any application for member-

- 52 ship within this State, before such association, society or incorporation has
- 53 complied with this act, by designating one or more persons upon whom process
- 54 or notice may be served, shall be subject to a fine of not more than five hundred
- 55 dollars or confinement in the county jail for a period of not more than twelve
- 56 months, or both, in the discretion of the court.



(Substitute for No. 423.)

- Introduced by Committee on Insurance, April 23, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- reading.

 First reading April 23, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

 May 6 second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section thirty one (31) of Chapter thirty-two (32), Revised Statutes of 1874, entitled "An Act concerning Corporations."

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That section thirty-one (81) of chapter thirty-two (82), of the
- 8 Revised Statutes of 1874, entitled "An act concerning corporations," be amended
- 4 so as to read as follows:
- 5 Section 31. Corporations, associations and societies, not for pecuniary profit.
- 6 formed under this act, shall be bodies corporate and politic by the name stated
- 7 in such certificate, and by that name they and their successors shall and may
- 8 have succession, and shall be persons in law capable of suing and being sued:
- 9 may have power to make and enforce contracts in relation to the legitimate
- 10 business of their corporation, society or association; may have and use a com-
- 11 mon seal, and may change or alter the same at pleasure, and they and their
- 19 successors, by their corporate name, shall in law be capable of taking, purchase
- 13 ing, holding, and disposing of real and personal estate for purposes of their
- 14 organization; may make by-laws not inconsistent with the constitution and laws
- 15 of this State or of the United States, in which by-laws shall be described that
- 16 duties of all the officers of the corporation, society or association, and the quali-
- 17 fication of members thereof: Provided, that all associations, societies and cor-
- 18 porations, whether voluntary or incorporated under the laws of this State

19 excepting mutual and other insurance companies or, anized for pecuniary profit, 20 or of any other State or Territory of the United States, doing business in this State, which heretofore have or hereafter may issue any certificate to or have 21 made or may make any contract or agreement with their members, whereby, 22 upon the decease of a member, any money or other benefit, charity, relief or aid 23 is to be paid, provided or rendered to others dependent upon him, or beneficiary 24 designated by him, shall be exempt from the operation of the insurance laws of 25 this State: Provided, such money, benefit, charity, relief or aid; re-derived from 96 voluntary donations or solely from admission fees and assessments collected or 27 to be collected from the members thereof, and interest and accretions thereon: 28 Provided, turther, that the funds and business operations of such associations or 29 80 incorporations shall be limited to such benevolent or charitable uses: And, provided, further, that all such associations, societies or incorporations which are 81 by this act exempt from the insurance laws of this State, and which are not 82 88 organized under the laws of this State, shall, on or before the first day of January in each and every year, and before any such association, society or corpora-84 25 tion shall do any business in this State or issue any certificate of membership, or receive or demand any initiation fees or assessments, shall, under the signa-36 ture of the secretary and the seal of such organization, society or corporation, name and designate to the Auditor of this State one or more residents of this 38 State, who shall be a householder, upon whom all legal process may be served, and the service of all summons, process, or other notice upon such person or persons shall be taken and adjudged to be due and sufficient regrice upon such 41 association, society or incorporation, and such association, society or corporation shall keep the Auditor notified and informed of the change of residence, death, 44 or removal of such person or persons so designated, and in case of the death or removal of such person, another person shall be immediately designated by such organization who shall also be a resident of the State. And any such 46 47 association, society or incorporation, or any agent or agents, or person representing or claiming to represent such association, society or incorporation, who shall 48 do any business for such association, society or incorporation, or shall issue any certificate or certificates of membership, or demand, solicit or receive any 51 initiation fee or assessment, or solicit or receive any application for member-52 ship within this State, before such association, society or incorporation has 53 complied with this act, by designating one or more persons upon whom process 54 or notice may be served, shall be subject to a fine of not more than five hundred 55 dollars or confinement in the county jail for a period of not more than twelve 56 months, or both, in the discretion of the court.



(Substitute for No. 280.)

 Introduced by Committee on Judiciary, April 22, 1881, and ordered to first reading.

reading.
2. First reading April 2', 1881, and ordered to a second reading.

A BILL

For an Act in relation to Schedules of reasonable maximum Rates for the Transportation of Passengers, Freights and Cars upon the Railroads of this State.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the 2 General Assembly. That the Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners are hereby directed to make, for each of the railroad corporations doing business in this State, as soon as practicable, a schedule of reasonable maximum rates of charges for the transportation of passengers, freights and cars on each of said railroads. so as to make and establish such rates, as in their judgment, having due regard not only to mileage, but to the amount of business done by said railroads respectively, and all other circumstances, as will be just and fair between the railroad companies and the producing and other interests of the State; and said schedule shall in all suits brought against any such railroad corporations, wherein is in any way involve I the charges of any such railroad corporation for the transportation of any passenger, or freight, or cars, or unjust discrimination in relation thereto, le deemed and taken in all courts of this State as prima facie evidence that the rates therein fixed are reasonable maximum rates of charges for the transportation of passengers and freights and cars upon the railroads for which said schedules may have been, respectively, prepared. Said commissioners shall, from time to time, and as often as circumstances may require, change and revise

said schedules. But it shall be lawful for any railroad company doing business in

this State, to charge and receive for the transportation of any passenger, freight or cars, any rates in their discretion, not exceeding the rates fixed by the said commissioners, and all rates charged or received by any such railroad company, not exceeding the rates so fixed by the said Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners, shall be deemed in all said suits, and in all of said courts, as lawful, reasonable and not unjustly discriminating, any law or rule heretofore existing to the contrary not with standing. When any schedules shall have been made or revised. as aforesaid, it shall be the duty of said commissioners to cause publication thereof to be made for three successive weeks, in some public newspaper published in the city of Springfield, in this State. All such schedules heretofore or hereafter made, purporting to be printed and published, as aforesaid, shall be received and held in all such suits as prima facie the schedules of said commissioners, without further proof than the production of the schedule desired 81 to be used as evidence, with a certificate of the Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners, that the same is a true copy of a schedule prepared by them for the railroad company or corporation therein named, and that the same has been published as required by law, stating the name of the paper in which the same was published, together with the date of such publication. All laws inconsist-37 ent with this act are hereby repealed.

(Substitute for Senate Bills Nos. 134 and 141.)

- 1. Introduced by Committee on Appropriations April 23, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading April 23, 1881, and ordered to second reading. April 26, 1881, recommitted to Committee on Appropriations. May 5, 1881, reported back, passage recommended.

A BILL

For an Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Penitentiaries of the State of Illinois.

SECTION 1. Be it engeted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the 2 General Assembly, That the sum of two hundred and seventy-five thousand 3 dollars (\$275,000), or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby appropriated as a penitentiary fund, to defrayh suc portion of the current expenses of the penitentiaries of the State of Illinois, until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the next regular session of the General Assembly, as the earnings of convict labor in said penitentiaries may be insufficient to defray, which fund shall be paid out upon the warrant of the Au liter of Public Accounts, in sums not exceeding ten thousand dollars at any one time. And the Auditor of Public Accounts 11 is hereby authorized to draw his warrant upon the State Treasurer for the money herein appropriated to the order of the Commissioners of the Illinois State Penitentiary and the Commissioners of the Southern Illinois Penitentiary, respectively, in sums not exceeding ten thousand dollars at any one time, on receiving the certificate of either of said boards of commissioners. 16 approved by the Governor, that such money is necessary for the purposes

\$ 2. After either of said boards of commissioners shall have drawn any

17 contemplated by this act.

thereof, so long as there shall remain in their hands an amount unexpended exceeding the sum of one thousand dollars. Each of said boards of commissioners shall file with the Auditor monthly statements, accompanied by proper vouchers, showing all receipts and disbursements of money during the preceding month, on account of current expenses, from what sources received and for what purpose expended, which statements shall be attested by the wardens of the respective penitentiaries, certified by the commissioners and approved by the Governor; and no warrant for money herein appropriated shall be drawn by the Auditor to the order of either board of commissioners, so long as the statements of said board shall show an unexpended bal-

18 ance in its hands of more than one thousand dollars.

(Substitute for Senate Bills Nos. 134 and 141.)

- Introduced by Committee on Appropriations April 23, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading April 23, 1881, and ordered to second reading. April 26, 1881, recommitted to Committee on Appropriations. May 5, 1881, reported back, passage recommended.
- May 11, 1881, second reading, amended, and ordered to a third reading.

A BILL

For an Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Penitentiaries of the State. of Illinois.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- General Assembly. That the sum of two hundred and fifty thousand dol-
- lars (\$250,000), or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby
- appropriated as a penit-ntiary fund, to defray such portion of the current
- expenses of the penitentiaries of the State of Illinois, until the expiration of the
- first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the next regular session of the Gen-
- eral Assembly, as the earnings of convict labor in said penitentiaries may be
- insufficient to defray, which fund shall be paid out upon the warrant of the
- Auditor of Public Accounts, in sums not exceeding ten thousand dollars at any
- one time. And the Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized to draw
- his warrant upon the State Treasurer for the money herein appropriated to the
- order of the Commissioners of the Illinois State Penitentiary and the Commis
- sioners of the Southern Illinois Penitentiary, respectively, in sums not exceed-
- ing ten thousand dollars at any one time, on receiving the certificate of either of
- said boards of commissioners, approved by the Governor, that such money is
- 16 necessary for the purposes contemplated by this act.
- § 2. After either of said boards of commissioners shall have drawn any
- 2 of the money herein appropriated, they shall not draw or receive any more

thereof so long as there shall remain in their hands an amount unexpended exceeding the sum of one thousand dollars. Each of said boards of commissioners shall file with the Auditor monthly statements, accompanied by proper vouchers, showing all receipts and disbursements of money during the preceding month, on account of current expenses, from what sources received, and for what purpose expended, which statements shall be attested by the wardens of the respective penitentiaries, certified by the commissioners and approved by the Governor; and no warrant for money herein appropriated shall be drawn by the Auditor to the order of either board of commissioners, so long as the statements of said board shall show an unexpended balance in its

hands of more than one thousand dollars.

Reported to House May 18, 1881.

- First reading May 20, 1881, and referred to Committee on Appropriations. Reported back with amendments, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading May 25, 1881.

 Second reading, amended, and ordered to third reading May 25, 1881.

(Printed as amended.)

A BILL

For an Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Penitentiaries of the State of Illinois.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That the sum of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000), or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby appropriated as a penitentiary fund, to defray such portion of the current expenses of the penitentiaries of the State of Illinois, until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the next regular session of the General Assembly, as the earnings of convict labor in said penitentiaries may be insufficient to defray, which fund shall be paid out upon the warrant of the Auditor of Public Accounts, in sums not exceeding ten thousand dollars at any one time. Said moneys shall be divided between said penitentiaries in the following manner: The sum of two hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000) to the Southern Penitentiary, at Chester, and the sum of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) to the Illinois State Penitentiary, at Joliet. And the Auditor of Public Accounts is hereby authorized to draw his warrant upon the State Treasurer for the money herein appropriated to the order of the Commissioners of the

Illinois State Penitentiary and the Commissioners of the Southern Illinois Penitentiary, respectively, in sums not exceeding ten thousand dollars at any one time, on receiving the certificate of either of said boards of commissioners,

- 19 approved by the Governor, that such money is necessary for the purposes con-09 templated by this act.
- § 2. After either of said boards of commissioners shall have drawn any of the money herein appropriated, they shall not draw or receive any more thereof so long as there shall remain in their hands an amount unexpended exceeding the sum of one thousand dollars. Each of said boards of commissioners shall file with the Auditor monthly statements, accompanied by proper vouchers, showing all receipts and disbursements of money during the preceding month, on account of current expenses, from what sources received, and for what purpose expended, which statements shall be attested by the wardens of the respective penitentiaries, certified by the commissioners and approved by the Governor; and no warrant for money herein appropriated shall be drawn by the Auditor to the order of either board of commissioners, so

long as the statements of said board shall show an unexpended balance in its

18 hands of more than one thousand dollars.

(Substitute for No. 246.)

- Introduced by Committee on Warehouses, April 28, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading April 28, 1881, and ordered to a second reading.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section two of an act entitled "An Act to regulate Public Warehouses, and the Warehousing and Inspection of Grain, and to give effect to Article XIII of the Constitution of this State," approved April 25, 1871.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly. That section two of an act entitled "An act to regulate
- 3 public warehouses, and the warehousing and inspection of grain, and to give
- 4 effect to article XIII. of the constitution of this State," approved April 25, 1871.
- 5 be so amended that it will read as follows:
- 6 Section 2. Public warehouses of class A shall embrace all warehouses.
- 7 elevators and granaries in which grain is stored in bulk, and in which the grain
- 8 of different owners is mixed together, or in which the grain is stored in such a
- 9 manner that the identity of different lots or parcels cannot be accurately pre-
- 10 served, such warehouses, elevators and granaries being located in inspection
- 11 districts established by the board of Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners as
- 12 hereinafter provided. Public warehouses of class B shall embrace all other
- 13 warehouses, elevators and granaries in which grain is stored in bulk, and in
- which the grain of different owners is mixed together. Public warehouses of
- 15 class (shall embrace all other warehouses or places where property of any
- 16 kind is stored for a consideration. The Railroad and Warehouse Commission-
- 17 ers shall have power to establish and define the boundaries of inspection dis-

tricts in which warehouses, elevators and granaries of class A may be licensed and operated. Each of said districts shall embrace a city having a population of not less than two hundred thousand inhabitants, and shall not extend beyond the limits of the county in which such city is situated. The chief inspector of grain, and all assistant inspectors and other employes in connection therewith, shall be governed in their respective duties by such rules and regulations as are now provided by law, and as may be prescribed by the Board of Railroad and Warehouse commissioners. Said Commissioners shall also have the power to fix the rate of charges for the inspection of grain in such districts and the manner in which the same shall be collected, which charges shall be so regulated as to produce sufficient revenue to meet the necessary expenses of the service of inspection, and no more: Provided, that nothing in this act shall apply to or affect public warehouses of classes B or C.

Substitute for Senate Bill, No. 373.

 Introduced by Committee on Banks and Banking, April 29, 1884, and ordered to first reading.

2. First reading April 29, 1881, and ordered to third reading.

A BILL

For an Act to provide for the organization of Savings Societies or Institutions for Savings, for their supervision and for the administration of their affairs.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

General Assembly. That any number of persons, not less than thirteen, associating themselves together for the purpose of organizing a savings society or institution for savings in accordance with the provisions of this act, shall, under their hands and seals, execute articles of association, setting forth: 1. The name assumed. 2. The location, designating the city, village or town. 3. The name, residence, occupation and post-office address of each member. 4. A declaration that each member will accept the responsibilities and faithfully discharge the duties of a trustee thereof, according to the provisions of this act. § 2. Such articles shall be executed in triplicate, and duly acknowledged before an officer, in the manner provided for the acknowledgment of deeds. One copy of the article shall be filed with the Superintendent of the Banking Department, one copy with the county recorder, and one copy shall be retained by the association. If the superintendent shall be satisfied that the incorporators are responsible as to character and general fitness for the discharge of the duties appertaining to such a trust, and that the organization proposed will 82 be a public benefit, he shall issue, under his hand and official seal, a certificate incorporating such persons under this act by the name assumed; but no certifi-

cate shall be issued to two associations bearing the same name, and no person

- 11 shall be named therein who shall not have duly made and acknowledged the
- 12 declaration prescribed by subdivision four of section one of this act, which cer
- 18 tificate so issued shall be executed in duplicate, one copy to be filed with the
- 14 recorder of the proper county and one copy to be retained by the association
 - § 3. Upon the filing of such certificate, as aforesaid, the persons named
- 2 therein and their successors shall thereupon and thereby be duly and lawfully
- 8 constituted a body corporate and politic, by the name in such certificate men-
- 4 tioned, and by that name shall have perpetual succession, may sue and be sued.
- 5 complain and defend in any court of law or equity, and shall be vested with all
- 6 the powers and charged with all the liabilities conferred and imposed by this
- 7 act, and may make and use a common seal, and alter or renew the same at
- 8 pleasure.
 - § 4. The persons named in the certificate issued as aforesaid, shall be the first
- 2 trustees of such corporation, and all vacancies in the office of trustee shall be
- 8 filled by the board, by ballot, without unnecessary delay, and the vote of the
- 4 majority of the remaining members of the board shall be necessary to elect a
- 5 trustee.
- § 5. The business of every such corporation shall be managed and directed
- 2 by a board of trustees of not less than thirteen, who shall select from their
- 8 number a president and two vice-presidents, and may elect from their number,
- 4 or otherwise, such other officers and agents as they may deem expedient; and a
- 5 vote of a majority of the full board shall be requisite for the appointment of
- 6 any officer receiving a salary therefrom, or to fix or to increase the salary of
- 7 any officer, but such majority shall be composed exclusive of any trustee
- 8 receiving any salary or compensation for services as an officer of said corporation.
- § 6. No trustee shall, as such, directly or indirectly, receive any pay or emolu-
- ment for his services, and no trustee, officer or servant of such corporation shall,
- 8 directly or indirectly, for himself or as the agent or partner of others, borrow
- 4 any of the funds of the said corporation or in its custody, or in any manner use
- 5 the same, except to make necessary current payments, or to make investments,
- 6 or to deposit for safety under the direction and by authority of the board of
- 7 trustees; nor shall any trustee, officer or servant of such corporation be an

- [8] endorser or surety, or in any manner be an obligor, for moneys loaned by or bor-
- 9 rowed of such corporation.
 - § 7. The board of trustees of any such corporation shall have power, from
- 2 time to time, to make such by-laws, rules and regulations as they may think
- 8 proper for the election of officers, for prescribing their respective powers and
- 4 duties, and the manner of discharging the same; for the appointment and
- 5 duties of committees and generally for transacting managing and directing
- 6 the affairs of the corporation: Provided, such by-laws, rules and regulations be
- 7 not repugnant to nor inconsistent with the provisions of this act, to the consti-
- 8 tution and laws of this State or of the United States.
- § 8. Regular meetings of the board of trustees shall be held as often as once
- 2 in each month, for the purpose of receiving the reports of their officers and
- 3 committees and for the transaction of other business. A quorum at any regular.
- 4 special or adjourned meeting shall consist of not less than seven trustees, of
- 5 whom the president or presiding vice-president shall be one, but less than a
- 6 quorum may adjourn from time to time, or until the next regular meeting.
- § 9. Whenever a trustee of such corporation shall remove from the State, of
- 2 borrow, directly or indirectly, any of the funds of the association of which he
- 3 is a trustee, or become the surety or guarantor for any money borrowed of or
- 4 loan made by such corporation, or upon his failure to attend regular meetings
- 5 of the board or to perform any of the duties devolved upon him as such trustee
- 6 for six successive months, without having been excused by the board for such
- 7 failure, the office of such trustee shall thereupon become vacant; but the
- 8 trustee vacating his office for failure to attend meetings or to discharge his
- 9 duties, may, in the discretion of the board, be eligible to a re-election.
- \$ 10. It shall be lawful for any such corporation to receive any sums of
- 2 money for accumulation and safe keeping that may be offered for that purpose
- 8 by any person, corporation or society, and to invest, hold and repay the same,
- 4 and declare credit and pay dividends thereon as herein authorized and provided.
- 5 and not otherwise.
 - 11. All sums so received and the income derived therefrom, and all moneys

- intrusted to any such corporation by order of court or other lawful authority.
- 8 shall be invested only as follows:
- 4 1. In stocks or bonds or interest-bearing notes or obligations of the United
- 5 States, or those for which the faith of the United States is pledged for the
- 6 payment of the interest and principal.
- 7 2. In stocks or bonds of this State bearing interest.
- 8 3. In stocks or bonds of any State in the Union that has not, within three
- 9 years previous to making such investment by such corporation, defaulted in the
- 10 payment of any part of either principal or interest thereof.
- 11 4. In stocks or bonds of any city, county, town or village of this State, or in
- 12 any interest-bearing obligations' issued by the city in which such institution
- 18 shall be situated.
- 14 5. In the stocks or bonds of any city or county in the States of Ohio, Indiana,
- 15 Michigan, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, Wisconsin, Minnesota, or Territory
- 16 of Dacota, issued pursuant to the authority of any law of such State or Terri-
- 17 _tory: Provided, the entire bonded indebtedness of such city or county shall not
- 18 exceed five per cent, of the assessed value of the taxable property therein, as
- 19 shown by the last assessment preceding the investment.
- 20 6. In the dividend-paying stocks of any bank, banking association or trust
- 21 company in this State, organized under any law or laws of this State or of the
- 22 United States.
- 28 7. In the first mortgage bonds of any railroad company incorporated under
- 24 the authority of this State which is in possession of and operating its own road,
- 25 and which has earned and paid regular dividends for two years next preceding
- 26 such investment.
- 27 s. In bonds and mortgages on unincumbered real estate worth at least twice
- 28 the amount loaned thereon, but not to exceed sixty per cent. of the whole amount
- 29 of its funds shall be so loaned or invested; but in case the loan is on unimproved or
- 30 unproductive real estate, the amount loaned thereon shall not be more than
- \$1 one-third of its actual value; and no investment in any bond and mortgage shall
- 83 be made except upon the report of a committee charged with the duty of
- 38 investigating the same, and who shall certify to the value of the premises

- 34 mortgaged or to be mortgaged, according to their best judgment, and such
- 35 report shall be filed and preserved among the records of the institution.
- 36 9. In real estate, subject to the provisions of section thirteen of this act.
 - \$ 12. It shall be the duty of the trustees of any such corporation, as soon as
 - 2 practicable, to invest such fund of money, by purchase or otherwise, in the
- 3 securities named in section eleven of this act, except that for the purpose of
- 4 meeting current payments and expenses in excess of the receipts any of the
- 5 secureties may be sold or pledged; and there may be kept an available fund
- 6 of not exceeding twenty per cent. of the whole amount of its assets, and the
- 7 same, or any part thereof, together with the current receipts over the payments.
- 8 may be kept on hand or on deposit in any bank or banking association in the
- 9 State of Illinois, organized under any law or laws of this State or of the
- 10 United States, or with any trust company incorporated by any law of this State;
- 11 but the sum so deposited in any one bank or trust company shall not exceed
- 12 twenty-five per cent. of the paid up capital and surplus of such bank or trust
- 13 company, or such available fund, or any part thereof, may be loaned upon pledge
- 14 of any of the securities named in the last preceding section of this act, but not
- 15 exceeding ninety per cent. of the cash market value of such securities so
- 16 pledged, nor in excess of the par value thereof. And should any of the
- 17 securities so held in pledge depreciate in value after making any loan thereon,
- 18 it shall be the duty of the trustees to require the immediate payment of such
- 19 loan or of a part thereof or additional security therefor, so that the amount
- 20 loaned shall at no time exceed ninety per cent, of the market value of the
- 21 securities pledged therefor.
- \$ 18. It shall be lawful for such corporation to purchase, hold, sell and con-
- 2 vey real estate, only as follows:
- 3 1. A plot whereon is erected or to be erected a building or buildings requi-
- 4 site for the convenient transaction of its business, and from portions of which,
- 5 not required for its own use, a revenue may be derived, the cost not to exceed
- 6 fifty per cent. of the net surplus of such corporation, except by written permis-
- 7 sion of the Superintendent of the Banking Department.

2. Such as shall be purchased by it at sales upon the foreclosure of mortgages 8 owned by such corporation, or upon judgments or decrees rendered for debts due to it, or in settlements to secure such debts; and all such real estate men-11 tioned in the last preceding clause shall be sold by such corporation within five years after the same shall be vested in it, unless the superintendent shall extend 12 the time within which such sale shall be made. And such corporation may, 13 with the approval of the superintendent had in writing, change its location within 14 the limits of the city or town wherein it may be established, and in effecting 15 such change may purchase such additional plot, under the provisions of subdi-17 vision one of this section, as it may require, and its former site shall be sold, as provided in subdivision two of this section.

§ 14. In making loans upon real estate, the expenses of searches, examinations and certificates of title or appraisals of value, and of drawing, perfecting and recording papers, shall be paid by the borrower; and whenever buildings are included in the valuation of any real estate upon which a loan shall be made, they shall be insured by the mortgagor for the benefit of such corporation during the continuance of the loan, and it shall be lawful for such corporation to renew such insurance in the same or any other companies from year to year, or otherwise, as the trustees may elect. The necessary charges and expenses paid therefor shall be paid by such borrower, and until so paid shall be an additional lien upon the mortgaged premises, recoverable, with interest from the time of payment, as part of the moneys secured to be paid by such mortgage.

§ 15. It shall be unlawful for any such corporation to deal or trade in real setate except as provided in section eleven of this act, or to deal or trade in any goods, wares, merchandise or commodities whatever, except as authorized by the terms of this act, and except such personal property as may be necessary in the transaction of its business as by this act authorized; or to loan money upon or to discount or deal in notes, bills of exchange or other personal security, or to transact any banking business, whether of issue, deposit or discount. And the investment in any securities not named in this act or amendments thereto shall be deemed a misdemeanor on part of the trustees

authorizing or officers making the same, who shall be subject to the prosecuit tions and punishments prescribed by law for that offense.

\$ 16. The sums entrusted to the care of any such corporation may [be] withdrawn at such time or times after demand and after such previous notice and under such regulations, as the board of trustees shall from time to time provide, on production of and proper entry in the pass-book at the time of such payment; which regulations shall be put up in some conspicuous place in the room where the business of such corporation shall be transacted, and may be printed in the pass-books. The trustees may provide for making payments in case of loss of pass-book or other exceptional case, where its production may produce loss or serious inconvenience to the parties, such right to cease, however, whenever so directed by the superintendent. Money stand-10 ing in the name of a minor may, at the discretion of the trustees, be paid to 11 such minor, and the same shall be a valid payment. And every such corporation shall have the right to limit the aggregate amount which they will receive from any one person or society to such sum as they may deem expedient, and may, in their discretion, refuse to receive any sum offered, and 16 may also, at any time, return all or any part of any sum received: *Provided*, that the aggregate amount that may be received from any one individual or 17 corporation shall not exceed three thousand dollars, exclusive of dividends; but this limitation shall not apply to moneys arising from judicial sales or trust funds, or if received pursuant to the order of a court of record.

§ 17. It shall be the duty of the trustees of every such corporation to reg2 ulate the rate of interest or dividends, not to exceed four per cent. per annum
3 upon the amounts received from and to the credit of the persons or parties
4 entrusting money to their care and management, in such manner that such
5 persons shall receive, as nearly as may be, all the profits of such corpora6 tion, after deducting necessary expenses, and reserving such amount as the
7 trustees may deem expedient as a surplus, which, to the amount of twenty
8 per cent, of the entire fund in their charge, the trustees may gradually
9 accumulate and hold to meet any contingency or loss from depreciation of
0 securities or otherwise. No dividend shall be declared until the trustees of

such corporation cause an examination to be made, and find that the amount thereof has actually accrued; and no dividend or interest shall be paid or credited unless authorized by a vote, duly entered on the minutes by aves and nays, after such examination. And whenever the surplus amounts to 14 twenty per cent, of the entire fund, as aforesaid, the trustees shall, at least 15 once in three years, divide equitably the accumulation beyond such author-16 ized surplus as an extra dividend, in excess of the regular dividences herein 17 18 authorized. Notices posted conspicuously in the room where the business of such corporation is transacted, shall be equivalent to personal notice to each 19 person or other party aforementioned. In determining the per cent, of sur-20 plus so held, the interest-bearing stocks and bonds shall not be estimated 21 above their par value, or above their market value, if below par; its bonds 22 and mortgages, not in arrears of interest for a longer period than one year, 23 at their face; its real estate, at not above cost; and all other investments at 25 such valuation as the superintendent shall determine.

\$ 18. It shall be lawful for trustees acting as officers of such corporation, whose duties require and receive their regular and faithful attendance at the institution, to receive such compensation as in the opinion of a majority of the board of trustees shall be just and reasonable; but such majority shall be exclusive of any trustee to whom such compensation shall be voted. But it shall not be lawful to pay trustees, as such, for their attendance at meet ings of the board.

§ 19. Every such corporation shall, on or before the first day in November in each year, make a report in writing to the Superintendent of the Banking Bepartment, and in such form as he shall prescribe, of its condition on the morning of the first day of July preceding. Such report shall state the amount loaned upon bond and mortgage, together with a list thereof; the par value and estimated market value of all stock investments, designating each particular kind of stock and amount invested in each; the amount loaned upon the pledge of securities, with a statement of the securities held as collateral for such loans; the amount invested in real estate, giving cost of same; the amount of cash on hand and on deposit in banks or trust companies, with their names

and the amount deposited in each; the amount of all other assets, including 11 accrued interest not enumerated above, and such other information as the superintendent may require. Such report shall also state all the liabilities on 13 the morning of the said first day of July; the amount due to depositors, which 14 shall include any dividend to be credited to them for the six months ending on 15 that day, and any other claims against such corporation which are or may be 16 a charge upon its assets. Such report shall also state the amount deposited 17 during the fiscal year ending that day, and the amount withdrawn during the 18 same period: the whole amount of interest received or earned and the amount 19 of dividends credited to depositors, together with the amount of each semi-20 annual credit of interest; the number of accounts opened or re-opened, the 21 22 number closed during such year, and the number of open accounts at the end of such year, and such other information as the superintendent may require. 23 § 20. Such report shall be verified by the oath of the two principal officers of the institution, and the statement of assets shall be verified by the oath of a majority of the trustees who examined the same pursuant to the requirements of this section. And any willful false swearing in regard to such report, or any report made to the superintendent pursuant to the provisions of this act, shall be deemed perjury, and be subject to the prosecutions and punishments prescribed by law for that offense. It shall be the duty of the trustees, by a committee of not less than three of such trustees, on or about the first day of July in each year, to thoroughly examine the books, vouchers and assets of such institution, and its affairs generally; and the statement of assets and liabilities reported to 10 11 the superintendent for the first day of July in such year shall be based 12 upon such examination; but nothing herein contained shall be construed as prohibiting the trustees from requiring such examinations at such other times 13 as they shall prescribe. Any such corporation failing to furnish to the superin-14 tendent any report or statement required by this act at the time required, it shall forfeit the sum of one hundred dollars per day for every day such report or statement shall be so withheld; and the said superintendent may maintain an action, in his name of office, to recover such penalty, and when collected, the

- 91 same shall be paid into the Treasury of the State, and be applied to the expenses
- 20 of the bank department; but the superintendent may, for sufficient cause,
- 21 extend the time for making such report, not exceeding thirty days.
- § 21. It shall be the duty of the Superintendent of the Banking Depart-
- 2 ment, on or before the first day of February in each assembly year, to commu
- 3 nicate to the legislature a statement of the condition of every such corporation
- 4 from which a report has been received for the two preceding years; also, the
- 5 name and location of savings corporations authorized by him during the two
- 6 previous years, with the date of their incorporation.

Legislature.

23

§ 22. It shall be the duty of the said superintendent, once in two years, either personally or by one or more competent person to be appointed by him. to visit and examine every such corporation in this State. The superintendent shall also have power, in like manner, to examine any such corporation, whenever, in his judgment it may be deemed necessary or expedient. The said superintendent and every such examiner shall have power to administer an oath to any person whose testimony may be required on any such examination, and to compel the appearance and attendance of any such person for the purpose of such examination, by summons, subpens or attachment, in the manner now authorized in respect to the attendance of persons as witnesses in the courts of 10 record of this State; and all books and papers which it man be deemed neces-11 sary to examine by the superintendent or examiner so appointed shall be pro-12 duced, and their production may be compelled in like manner. The expense of 13 every such special examination, if any, shall be paid by the corporation examined, 14 in such amount as the superintendent shall certify to be just and reasonable; but 15 16 whenever such special examination shall be made by the superintendent in person, or by one or more of the regular circle. In his department, no charge 17 shall be made except for necessary traveling and other actual expenses. The result of any such examination shall be cartified by the examiner, or one of 19 them, upon the records of the corporation examined, and the results of all the 20 21 regular examinations during the previous year shall be embodied in the annual reports of the superintendent required by this act to be submitted to the 22

Whenever it shall appear to the said superintendent, from any such examination or report, that any such corporation has committed any violation of law, or is conducting its business in an unsafe or unauthorized manner, he shall, by an order under his hand and seal, direct the discontinuance of such illegal and unsafe or unauthorized practices, and strict conformity with the requirements of the law and with safety and security in its transactions; and whenever any such corporation shall refuse or neglect to make any such report as is hereinbefore required, or to comply with any such order as aforesaid, or whenever it shall appear to the superintendent that it is unsafe or inexpedient for any such corporation to continue to transact business, or that extraordinary withdrawals of money are jeopardizing the interests of remaining depositors, or 11 that any trustee or officer has abused his trust or been guilty of misconduct or malversation in his official position injurious to the institution, or that it has 13 suffered a serious loss by fire, burglary, repudiation or otherwise, he shall com-14 municate the facts to the Attorney-General, who shall thereupon institute such 15 16 proceedings as the nature of the case may require. Such proceedings may be for an order restraining such institution from paying out more than ten per 17 18 cent, of its funds in any six months, or until the further order of the court, or for the removal of one or more of the trustees, or for the transfer of the corporate powers to other persons, or the consolidation and merger of the 20 21 corporation with any other savings corporation that may be willing to accept of the trust, or for a pro rata apportionment among the depositors of the loss 22 suffered by debiting their accounts therewith, or for such other or further relief 23 or correction as the particular facts communicated to him shall seem to require, 24 And the court before which such proceedings shall be instituted shall have 25 power to grant such orders, and in its discretion, from time to time, to modify 26 or revoke the same, and to grant such relief as the evidence, situation of the 27 28 parties and the interests involved shall seem to require; and whenever in such proceedings an order shall be granted restraining such corporation from paying 29 out or disposing of any moneys or property of or held by such corporation, the 30 superintendent may, and if directed by the court shall, take temporary 81 32 possession of all the assets, property and rights of or held by such corporation.

- *3 and hold such possession until restored to the trustees or until further order of
 *4 the court.
 - \$ 24. It shall be the duty of the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of
 - 2 the Senate, to appoint a Superintendent of the Banking Department, to hold office
- 3 for four years, and he shall also fill any vacancy for any unexpired term. Before
- 4 entering upon his duties the superintendent shall take an oath, as in cases of
- 5 other civil officers, and shall execute a bond to the people of the State of Illinois,
- 6 in the penal sum of ten thousand dollars, with sureties to be approved by the
- 7 Governor and Auditor, conditioned to the strict and faithful discharge of the duties
- 8 of his office, according to law. His compensation shall be two thousand dollars per
- 9 annum, payable out of the Treasury, which is hereby appropriated therefor:
- 10 and the Auditor is empowered and directed to draw his warrant on the State
- 11 Treasurer therefor, at the written request of such superintendent. No officer
- 12 of any bank, trust company or savings institution shall be eligible to said office.
- 18 And if said superintendent, at any time, shall become indebted or obligated to
- 14 any bank, trust company or savings institution, or shall engage or be interested
- 15 in the sale of securities as a business, or in the negotiation of loans for others,
- 16 his office shall become vacant.
 - § 25. The superintendent is hereby authorized, from time to time, to employ
 - 2 so many clerks and examiners as may be necessary to discharge, in a proper
- 3 manner, the duties imposed upon him by this act; and their salary shall be paid
- 4 to them monthly, out of the Treasury of the State, upon the certificate of the
- 5 superintendent and warrant of the auditor. The superintendent shall in his
- 6 annual report to the Legislature, state the names of the clerks and examiners so
- 7 employed, and the compensation allowed to them, severally.
 - § 26. For the purpose of defraying the expenses incurred in the performance
- 2 by the superintendent of the general duties, including regular examinations
- 3 imposed upon him by this act, each savings corporation shall pay five dollars.
- 4 and the residue of such expenses shall be paid by savings corporations whose
- 5 fund exceeds one hundred thousand dollars, in proportion to the amount of
- 6 assets severally held and reported by them, and the sums so contributed shall
- 7 be paid into the Treasury of the State. If any savings corporation shall, after

- 8 due notice, refuse or negle t for thirty days to pay its allotted share of such
- v charges, the said superintendent may maintain an action, in his name of office,
- 10 against such corporation for the recovery of such charges.
- § 27. All savings banks or institutions for savings or other corporations incorporated under the authority of this State, and doing no other business than receiving or investing savings deposits, availing themselves of this act. may exercise the powers, be governed by the rules and be subject to the duties, liabilities and provisions contained in this act, so far as the same are consistent with the provisions of their respective charters, although they have a capital stock or bond for the additional security of their depositors. and pay dividends thereon not exceeding at the rate of eight per cent. per annum; and any such corporation may, by vote at its annual meeting or at 10 a meeting called for the purpose, become re-organized and incorporated under this act, or may accept any provision of this act which is inconsistent with 11 any provision of its charter in lieu of such inconsistent provision: Provided, 12 that nothing herein contained shall require any such corporation to change 13 14 any of its investments theretofore made. Any corporation availing itself of the provisions of this act, may provide for the return of the whole or any 15 part of its capital stock and surplus to the stockholders: Provided, such 16 repayment shall be no greater in amount, at any time, than the net surplus 17 thereafter accumulated. The charter and corporate powers and rights of any 18 such corporation re-organizing under this act, may, if so desired and voted at 19 the meeting, be held in suspense, and may be resumed by the corporators 20 thereof or their successors and assigns at pleasure. All the acts and pro-21 22 ceedings of the intention to avail themselves of any provision of this act shall be certified in writing, under the hand of the president and the cor-23 porate seal of such corporation, attested by the treasurer or secretary thereof, 24 and upon the filing of such certificate in the office of the Superintendent of 25 the Banking Department, the powers and provisions hereby conferred and 26 thereby accepted shall immediately take effect. 27



- Introduced by Committee on Revenue, April 29, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading April 29, 1881, and ordered to a second reading.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Section two hundred and ten (210) of an act entitled "An Act for the Assessment of Property and for the Levy and Collection of Taxes," approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- i General Assembly. That section two hundred and ten (210) of an act entitled
- 3 "An act for the assessment of property and for the levy and collection of taxes,"
- 4 approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, be amended so as to read as fol-
- 5 lows:
- 6 Section 210. Real property sold and to be sold under the provisions of this
- 7 act, may be redeemed at any time before the expiration of two years from the
- 8 date of sale, by payment in lawful money of the United States to the county
- 9 clerk of the proper county the amount for which the same was sold, and the
- 10 additional sum of fifteen per cent thereon, if redeemed at any time before
- 11 expiration of six months from the day of sale; if redeemed at any time between
- 12 six and twelve months from the day of sale, the sum of twenty-four per cent.
- 13 shall be charged; and if redeemed at any time between one and two years from
- 14 the date of sale, the sum of twenty-four per cent, per annum shall be charged;
- 15 and no person hereafter purchasing land or town lots at a sale of lands for
- 46 delinquent taxes, shall be allowed to charge or receive a larger per cent, upon
- 17 the amount paid at suc a tax sales than the rates herein specified. The person
- 18 redeeming such property shall also pay all taxes and special assessments, if any,
- 19 accruing after such sale, with ten per cent, interest thereon from the day of

- 20 payment, unless such subsequent tax or special assessment has been paid by or
- 21 on behalf of the person for whose benefit the redemption is made, and not by
- 22 the purchaser at the tax sale or his assignee.

 Introduced by Committee on Appropriations, April 29, 1881, and ordered to first reading.

2. First reading April 29, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

A BILL

For an Act to provide for the Purchase by the State of Photographic Crayon Groups of the Members of the 31st and 32d General Assemblies.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly. That the Secretary of State be and is hereby instructed to
- 3 purchase from J. A. W. Pittman, four photographic crayon portrait groups of
- 4 the members of the 31st and 32d General Assemblies of the State of Illinois, at
- 5 a price not exceeding thirteen hundred dollars for the four groups; said groups
- 6 to be placed in the rooms, respectively, of the Speaker of the House and the
- 7 President of the Senate.
 - § 2. For carrying out the provisions of this act, the sum of thirteen hundred
- 2 dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of
- 3 any moneys in the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated.



- Introduced by Committee on Judicial Department, May 3, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- First reading May 3, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

For an Act to make an appropriation to meet the emergency created by the Burning of the North Wing of the Southern Hospital for the Insane, at Anna.

- 2 General Assembly. That there be and is hereby appropriated the sum of twelve
- 3 thousand dollars (\$12,000), payable out of any moneys in the State Treasury
- 4 not otherwise appropriated, to enable the trustees of the Southern Hospital for,
- 5 the Insane, at Anna, to build temporary wooden barracks and purchase the
- $6\,$ necessary furniture for the same, for the accommodation, during the summer,
- 7 of the male patients who were burned out, in consequence of the destruction
- 8 of the north wing of the said hospital by fire, on the night of the eighteenth of
- 9 April.
 - § 2. The moneys herein appropriated shall be due and payable to the
- 2 trustees, or their order, only on the terms and in the manner now provided
- 3 by law.
 - § 3. Whereas, the crowding of the male patients into the female wing of the
- 2 hospital, occasioned by said fire, is the cause of much inconvenience and injury
- 3 to patients of both sexes, therefore an emergency exists; therefore this act shall
- 4 be in force from and after its passage.



- Introduced by Committee on Judiciary, May 6, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading May 6, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

For an Act to amend Section twenty of an act entitled "An Act in regard to the completion of Public Parks and the management thereof," approved June 16, 1871, as amended by an act approved and in force February 18, 1874.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That section twenty of an act entitled "An act in regard to the completion of public parks and the management thereof," approved June 16, 1871, as amended by an act approved and in force February 18, 1874, be further amended so as to read as follows, to-wit: Section 20. If the commissioners of any such park shall wish to establish, open and construct any driveway from the park, they shall make application to the board of trustees of the town in which it is proposed to make the same, if there be a board of trustees, and to the supervisor and assessor in case there is no suchboard (the said board of trustees and supervisor and assessor being hereby declared corporate authorities for the purpose of this section) for leave to 12 establish, open and construct such driveway, describing the proposed location in detail, and if the board of trustees or supervisor and assessor, as the case may be, shall approve of the proposed improvement, authority in writing shall be given for the establishing, opening and construction of the same, in accordance with the ninth article of an act entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation of cities and villages," approved April 10, 1872; and the commissioners shall, in behalf of such town, cause the proceedings to be commenced and pro-

19 secuted in accordance with the provisions of that article. When any such

driveway shall be established, it shall form a part of said park and be managed and governed as a part thereof. When any driveway has been heretofore or shall be hereafter constructed and opened as aforesaid, it shall be lawful to extend the same in the manner aforesaid. If the commissioners of any such park shall think it proper to use any public street or road, or part thereof, for 24 such driveway, or part thereof, it shall be lawful to take and use such street or part thereof, in the discretion of the commissioners: Provided, the consent of 26 the owners of a majority of the lineal front feet abutting on such street or road 27 or part thereof, proposed to be used by the commissioners, be first obtained in writing, and also the consent of the city council, in case the street is within 30 a city, of the trustees, in case it is within an incorporated village or town, or of the commissioners of highways, in case the street or road is within a township and the territory is not embraced within an incorporated city, village or town. When the commissioners shall determine to use any street or road or part thereof, and the consent of the authorities having control thereof shall 84 be given, as aforesaid, it shall form a part of said park and may be improved, 85 managed and governed as a part thereof.

- 1. Introduced by Committee on Insurance, May 6, 1881, and ordered to first
- 2. First reading May 6, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

For an Act to amend Section three of an act entitled "An Act to orga. ize and regulate the business of Life Insurance," approved March 26, 1869.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly, That section three of an act entitled "An act to organize and regulate the business of life insurance," approved March 36, 1869, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows: Section 3. It shall not be lawful for any person to act within this State, as agent, or otherwise, in receiving or procuring applications for life insurance, or in any manner to aid in transacting the business of life insurance, referred to in the first section of this act, for any company or association incorporated by or organized under the laws of any other State government, unless such company has conformed in such State, or in this State, to the same requirements in regard to capital that are imposed, by section one of this act, upon companies in this State, or in lieu thereof has actual assets to the amount of at least one hundred thousand dollars, invested in the same manner as is prescribed in regard to capital in section one of this act. Nor shall it be lawful for any person to act within this State, as agent or otherwise, in receiving or procuring applications for life insurance, or in any manner to aid in transacting the business of life insurance, for any company, partnership or association, incorporated by or organized under the laws of any foreign government, until such company. partnership or association shall have deposited with the State Treasurer of this

State, for the benefit and security of the policyholders of said company, part-

nership or association, citizens or residents of the United States, the sum of one hundred thousand dollars in stocks of the United States or of this State, which shall not be received at a rate above their par value, or above their current market value, or in bonds and mortgages of the description and character mentioned in section one of this act, in which life insurance companies of this State are authorized to invest their capital. The company depositing such securities shall have the right to receive the income thereof so long as it continues so vent and complies with the laws of this State, and may at any time

exchange such securities for others receivable as aforesaid.

(Substitute for Senate Bill No. 389.)

 Introduced by Committee on Municipalities, May 6, 1881, and ordered to first reading.

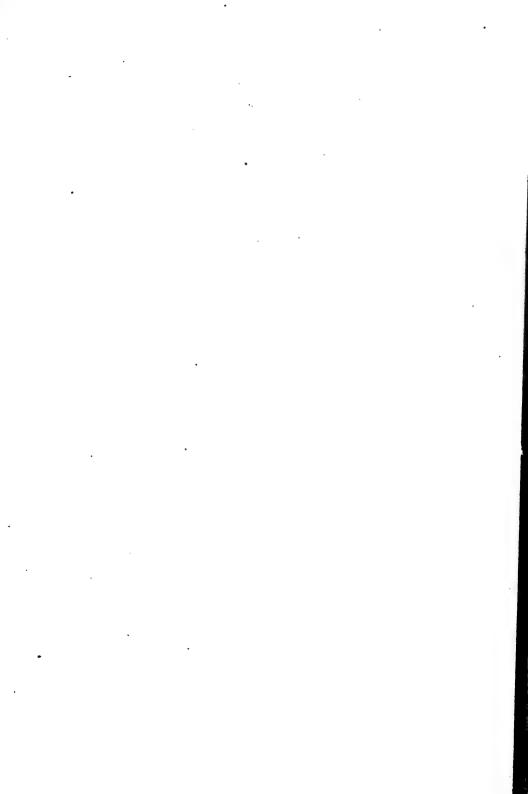
first reading.

First reading May 6, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

A BILL

For an Act to enable Cities acting under Special Charters to construct Sewers for the purpose of protecting property from overflow of water.

- 2 General Assembly, That any city in this State, acting under a special charter,
- 3 whenever suffering from surface water which imperils the property of its inhab-
- 4 itants, if, in the judgment of two-thirds of the city council, expressed by ayes
- 5 and noes, an emergency exists, may levy and collect a tax in addition to that
- 6 now provided for in their respective charters, for sewerage purposes, in any
- 7 amount not to exceed five mills per annum on each one dollar's assessed value of
- 8 all the taxable property of such city for the purpose of constructing a sewer or
- 9 sewers to properly drain away such surface water, until a sufficient amount of
- 10 such additional tax is levied and collected to complete such sewer or sewers.



- 1. Reported to House May 18, 1881.
- 2. First reading May 19 1551, and ordered to second reading.

For an Act to aid cities owning or operating Water Works to secure an additional or better supply of pure water.

- 2 General Assembly. That all cities owning or operating water works under any
- 3 charter granted by act of any General Assembly of this State, or under the
- 4 general incorporation laws of this State, whether by boards of water commis-
- 5 sioners or by officers appointed for that purpose, are hereby granted the follow-
- 6 ing powers and privileges for the purpose of increasing or bettering the source
- 7 of supply from which such water is obtained.
 - \$ 2. Whenever, in the judgment of a majority of any board of water com-
- 2 missioners, or if there be no such board, then in the judgment of a majority of
- 3 the city council of any city owning or operating such water works, it shall be
- 4 necessary for the public health, or for any other cause, to increase the source of
- 5 water supply, or to substitute for it such better source as in their judgment the
- 6 interests of such city may demand, such board of water commissioners or city
- 7 council may, in addition to the powers already conferred upon them by act of
- 8 any General Assembly of this State, construct wells, either by boring or excava-
- 9 tion, and protect and equip the same after construction, or may lease water
- 10 privileges from private parties or corporations owning wells already or hereafter
- 1) to be constructed, and may pay for such construction or lease, and for the
- 12 expenses maintained in operating the same, out of any earnings of such water
- 13 works under their central which may be in their hands at the time of the taking

effect of this act, or which may accrue to them hereafter: Provided, that no 15 money shall be expended under the provisions of this act for the purposes herein specified until the question of the expenditure of such money for the 16 purposes aforesaid shall have been submitted to a vote of the people of the city 17 in which such water works may be situated, at any election for city officers or 18 special election called for that purpose by the city council of said city, and shall 19 20 have received a majority of the votes cast at such election: Provided, further, that no money shall be expended under the provisions of this act for the pur-21 poses aforesail other than the surplus earnings of such water works. 22

§ 3. Whereas, an emergency exists, this act shall be in force and take effect 2 from and after its passage.

- Introduced by Committee on Revenue, May 10, 1-81, and ordered to first : ording.
- 2. First reading May 10, 1881, and ordered to a second reading.

For an Act to aid Cities owning or operating Water Works to secure an additional or better apply of pure water.

- 2 General Assembly, That all cities owning or operating water works under any charter
- 3 granted by act of any General Assembly of this State, or under the general incor-
- 4 poration laws of this State, whether by boards of water commis-
- 5 sioners or by officers appointed for that purpose, are hereby granted the following powers
- 6 and privileges for the purpose of increasing or bettering the source of supply from which
- 7 such water is obtained.
- § 2. Whenever, in the judgment of a majority of any board of water commissioners, or
- 2 if there be no such board, then in the judgment of a majority of the city conneil of any city
- 3 owning or operating such water works, it shall be necessary for the public health, or for any
- 4 other cause, to increase the source of water supply, or to substitute for it such better source
- 5 as in their judgment the interests of such city may demand, such board of water commis-
- 6 sioners or city council may, in addition to the powers already conferred upon them by act of
- 7 any General Assembly of this State, construct wells, either by boring or excavation, and
- 8 protect and equip the same after construction, or may lease water privileges from private
- 9 parties or corporations owning wells already or hereafter to be constructed, and may pay for such
- 10 construction or lease and for the expenses maintained in operating the same out of any earn.
- 11 ings of such water works under their control which may be in their hands at the time of the
- 12 taking effect of this act, or which may accrue to them hereafter: Provided, that no money
- 13 shall be expended under the provisions of this act for the purposes herein specified until the
- 14 question of the expenditure of such money for the purposes aforesaid shall have been sub-
- 15 mitted to a vote of the people of the city in which such water works may be situated, at any

- 13 election for city officers or special election called for that purpose by the city council of said
- 17 city, and shall have received a majority of the votes cast at such election: Provided, further,
- 18 that no money shall be expended under the provisions of this act for the purposes aforesaid
- 19 other than the surplus earnings of such water works.
 - § 3. Whereas, an emergency exists, this act shall be in force and take effect from and 2 after its passage.

- Introduced by Committee on Apportionment, May 13, 1881, and ordered
 to first reading.
- 2. First reading May 13, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

For an Act to apportion the State into twenty Congressional Districts, and establish the same, and provide for the election of Representatives therein.

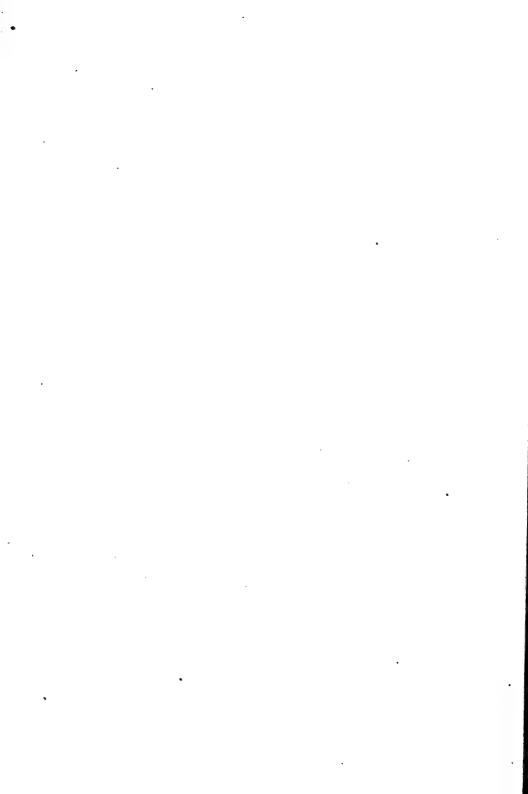
SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That the State of Illinois is hereby apportioned into twenty
- 8 congressional districts, and that the same are hereby established, and shall be
- 4 respectively composed as herein set forth, to-wit:
- 5 The First District shall be composed of the townships of Bloom, Bremen.
- 6 Calumet, Lemont, Lyons, Orland, Palos, Rich, Thornton, Worth, Hyde Park and
- 7 Lake, in the county of Cook; and the third, fourth and fifth wards of the
- 8 city of Chicago, in the county of Cook.
- 9 The Second District, of the county of DuPage, the townships of Leyden,
- 10 Cicero, Riverside and Proviso, in the county of Cook, and the second, sixth,
- 11 seventh and twelfth wards, and that part of the eighth ward south of the cen-
- 19 ter line of Taylor street in the city of Chicago, in the county of Cook.
- 18 The Third District, of the first, ninth, tenth, eleventh, thirteenth and four-
- 14 teenth wards of the city of Chicago, in the county of Cook, except that part
- 15 of said fourteenth ward which lies north of the center line of Division street,
- 16 and east of the following line, viz: the center line of Ashland avenue from
- 17 Division street north to the center line of Clybourne Place, thence northeast
- 18 along said line to the center line of Elston avenue, thence northwesterly along
- 19 said line to the limits of the city of Chicago, together with that part of the

h ward in said city which lies north of the centre line of Taylor street

- 21 The Fourth District, of the county of Lake; the townships of Barrington.
- 22 Elk Grove, Evanston, Hanover, Jefferson, Lake View, Maine, New Trier, Niles,
- 28 Norwood Park, Northfield, Palatire, Schaumburg, Wheeling and North Chicago,
- 94 in the county of Cook; and that part of the fourteenth ward of the city of
- 25 Chicago, in the county of Cook, which is north of the center line of Division
- 26 street and east of the following line, to-wit: the center line of Ashland avenue
- 27 from Division street north to the center line of Clybourne Place, thence north-
- 28 east along said line to the center line of Elston avenue, thence northwesterly
- 29 along said line to the limits of the city of Chicago, in the county of Cook,
- 30 The Fifth District, of the counties of McHenry, Boone, Winnebago, Stephen-
- 81 son and Ogle.
- 52 The Sigth District, of the counties of JoDaviese, Carroll, Whiteside, Lee and
- 88 Henry.
- 34 The Seventh District, of the counties of Kane, DeKalb, Kendall, Grundy and
- 85 Will.
- 86 The Eighth District, of the counties of Kankakee, Iroquois, Ford, Livingston,
- 87 Woodford and Taxewell.
- 38 The Ninth District, of the counties of LaSalle, Bureau, Putnam and Marshall.
- 39 The Tenth District, of the counties of Rock Island, Mercer, Warren, Hender-
- 40 son, Hancock rd McDonough.
- 41 The Eleventh District, of the counties of Knox, Stark, Peoria and Fulton.
- 42 The Twelfth District, of the counties of Scott, Adams, Brown, Pike, Calhoun,
- 43 Greene and Schuyler
- 44 The Thirteenth District, of the counties of McLean, Logan, DeWitt, Macon and
- 45 Piatt.
- 46 The Fourteenth District, of the counties of Champaign, Vermilion, Douglas,
- 47 Cumberland and Coles.
- 48 The Fifteenth District, of the counties of Mason, Menard, Cass, Morgan,
- 49 Christian and Sangamon.
- 50 The Sixteenth District, of the counties of Fayette, Shelby, Jersey, Moultrie,
- 51 Effingham, Montgomery and Macoupin.

- 53 Ine Seventeenth District, of the counties of Clay, Wayne, Edwards, Wabash?
- 53 Lawrence, Richland, Jasper, Crawford and Clark.
- 54 The Eighteenth District, of the counties of Marion, Clinton, Jefferson, Frank-
- 55 lin, Hamilton, White, Saline, Gallatin and Hardin.
- 56 The Nineteenth District, of the counties of Bond, Madison, St. Clair, Monroe
- 57 and Washington.
- 58 The Twentieth District, of the counties of Randolph, Perry, Jackson, William-
- 59 son, Union, Johnson, Pope, Massac, Pulaski and Alexander.
 - § 2. One representative to Congress of the United States shall be elected in
- 2 each of the districts before enumerated, on the Tuesday after the first Monday
- 8 of November, in the year of our Lord 1882, and one in each of said districts
- 4 every two years thereafter. Such elections shall be held and the returns thereof
- 5 made and canvassed in the manner provided by law.
- § 3. An act entitled "An act to apportion the State into nineteen Congres-
- 3 sional Districts, and establish the same, and provide for the election of Repre-
- 8 sentatives therein," approved March 28, 1879, in force July 1, 1879, is hereby
- 4 repealed.



- Introduced by Committee on Apportionment, May 13, 1881, and ordered to first reading.

 First reading May 13, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

 Second reading May 19, 1881, amended, and ordered to third reading.

For an act to apportion the State into twenty Congressional districts, and establish the same, and provide for the election of Representatives therein.

- General Assembly. That the State of Illinois is hereby apportioned into twenty
- Congressional districts, and that the same are hereby established, and shall be
- respectively composed as herein set forth, to-wit:
- The First District shall be composed of the townships of Bloom, Bremen,
- Calumet, Lemont, Lyons, Orland, Palos, Rich, Thornton, Worth, Hyde Park and
- Lake, in the county of Cook; and the third, fourth and fifth wards of the city of
- 8 Chicago, in the county of Cook.
- 9 The Second District, of the county of DuPage, the townships of Leyden,
- Cicero, Riverside and Proviso, in the county of Cook, and the second, sixth,
- seventh and twelfth wards, and that part of the eighth ward south of the con-
- ter line of Taylor street in the city of Chicago, in the county of Cook.
- 18 The Third District of the first, ninth, tenth, eleventh, thirteenth and four-
- teenth wards of the city of Chicago, in the county of Cook, except that part 14
- of said fourteenth ward which lie- north of the center line of Division street,
- and east of the following line, viz; the center line of Ashland avenue from
- Division street north to the center line of Clybourne Place, thence northeast 17
- along said line to the center line of Elston avenue, thence northwesterly along
- said line to the limits of the city of Chicago, together with that part of the
- 20 eighth ward in said city which lies north of the center line of Taylor street.

- 21 The Fourth District, of the county of Lake; the townships of Barrington,
- 22 Elk Grove, Evanston, Hanover, Jefferson, Lake View, Maine, New Trier, Niles,
- 23 Norwood Park, Northfiel I, Palatine, Schaumburg, Wheeling and North Chicago,
- 24 in the county of Cook; and that part of the fourteenth ward of the city of
- 25 Chicago, in the county of Cook, which is north of the center line of Division
- 26 street and east of the following line, to-wit: the center line of Ashland avenue
- 27 from Division street north to the center line of Clybourne Place, thence north-
- 28 east along said line to the center line of Elston avenue, thence northwesterly
- 29 along said line to the limits of the city of Chicago, in the county of Cook.
- 30 The Fitth District, of the counties of McHenry, Boone, Winnebago, DeKalb
- \$1 and Kane.
- 32 The Sixth District, of the counties of JoDaviess, Carroll, Whiteside, Ogle and
- 88 Stephenson.
- 34 The Seventh District, of the counties of LaSalle, Kendall, Grundy and Will.
- 35 The Eighth District, of the counties of Kankakee, Iroquois, Ford, Livingston
- 86 and Woodford.
- 37 The Ninth District, of the counties of Lee, Bureau, Putnam, Marshall, Stark
- 28 and Peoria.
- 39 The Tenth District, of the counties of Rock Island, Mercer, Henderson, Henry
- 40 and Hancock.
- 41 The Eleventh District, of the counties of Knox, Fulton, Warren, McDonough
- 42 and Schuyler.
- 43 The Twelfth District, of the counties of Scott, Adams, Brown, Pike, Calhoun,
- 44 Greene and Cass.
- 45 The Thirteenth District, of the counties of McLean, Logan, DeWitt, Macon
- 48 and Piatt.
- 47 The Fourteenth District, of the counties of Champaign, Edgar, Vermilion,
- 48 Douglas and Coles.
- 49 The Fifteenth District, of the counties of Mason, Menard, Tazewell, Morgan,
- 50 Christian and Sangamon.
- 51 The Sixteenth District, of the counties of Fayette, Shelby, Jersey, Moultrie,
- 52 Effingham, Montgomery and Macoupin.

- 53 The Seventeenth District, of the counties of Clay, Wayne, Edwards, Wabash,
- 54 Lawrence, Richland, Jasper, Crawford, Cumberland and Clark.
- 55 The Eighteenth District, of the counties of Marion, Clinton, Jefferson, Frank-
- 56 lin, Hamilton, White, Saline, Gallatin and Hardin.
- 57 The Nineteenth District, of the counties of Bond, Madison, St. Clair, Monroe
- 58 and Washington.
- 59 The Twentieth District, of the counties of Randolph, Perry, Jackson, William-
- 60 son, Union, Johnson, Pope, Massac, Pulaski and Alexander.
 - § 2. One representative to Congress of the United States shall be elected in
- 2 each of the districts before enumerated, on the Tuesday after the first Monday
- 3 of November, in the year of our Lord 1882, and one in each of said districts
- 4 every two years thereafter. Such elections shall be held and the returns thereof
- 5 made and canvassed in the manner provided by law.
- § 3. An act entitled "An act to apportion the State into nineteen Congres-
- 2 sional Districts, and establish the same, and provide for the election of Repre-
- 8 sentatives therein," approved March 28, 1872, in force July 1, 1873, is hereby
- 4 repealed.

- Introduced by Committee on Apportionment, May 13, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading May 13, 1881, and ordered to a second reading.

For an Act to apportion the State of Illinois into Senatorial Districts.

- 3 General Assembly, That until the taking and return of the next federal census,
- s and the apportionment thereunder, as provided in the constitution, this State
- 4 shall be divided into Senatorial districts, each of which shall be entitled to
- 5 one Senator and three Representatives, as follows, to-wit:
- 6 First—That part of the first ward north of the center line of Van Buren
 - street; the ninth ward; the tenth ward, and all that part of the eleventh ward
- 8 east of the following line, viz: the center line of Throop street from Van
- 9 Buren street north to the center line of Washington street, thence east to the
- 10 center line of Elizabeth street, thence north to the center line of Ohio street,
- 11 in the city of Chicago, in the county of Cook, shall constitute the first district.
- 12 Second—The fourth ward of the city of Chicago, in the county of Cook,
- 18 south of the center line of twenty-ninth street, and the townships of Hyde
- 14 Park and Lake, in the county of Cook, shall constitute the second district.
- 15 Third-The first ward south of the center line of Van Buren street: the
- 16 second and third wards and all that part of the fourth ward north of the cen-
- 17 ter line of Twenty-ninth street, and that part of the fifth ward east of the
- 18 center line of Stewart avenue and north of Twenty-sixth street, in the city of
- 19 Chicago, in the county of Cook, shall constitute the third district.
- 20 Fourth—The twelfth ward of the city of Chicago, in the county of Cook, and
- 21 that part of the eleventh ward of said city which is west of the following line,

- 32 viz: the center line of Throop street from Van Buren street north to the
- 28 center line of Washington street, thence east to the center line of Elizabeth
- 34 street, thence north along said line to the center line of Obio street; and that;
- 25 part of the seventh ward which is west of the center line of Loomis street;
- 26 and that part of the sixth ward which is west of the center line of Ashlanp
- 27 avenue, shall constitute the fourth district.
- 28 Fifth-The thirteenth ward in the city of Chicago, in the county of Cook
- 39 and all of the fourteenth ward of said city of Chicago, except that part thereof
- 30 which is north of the center line of Division street and east of the following
- 31 line, viz: The center line of Ashland avenue from Division street north to the
- 33 center line of Clybourne place; thence northeast along said line to the center
- 33 line of Elston avenue; thence along said line northwesterly to the limits of the
- 34 city of Chicago, shall constitute the fifth district.
- 35 Sixth—That part of the city of Chicago, in the county of Cook, described as
- 36 follows, to-wit: the fifteenth ward; that part of the sixteenth ward west of .
- \$7 the center line of Larrabee street; that part of the seventeenth ward west of
- 38 the center line of Larrabee street, and north of the center line of Chicago
- 39 avenue; and that part of the fourteenth ward north of the center line of
- 40 Division street, and east of the following line, viz: The center line of Ashland
- 41 avenue from Division street north to the center line of Clybourne place; thence
- 42 along said line northeast to the center line of Elston avenue; thence along
- 43 said line northwesterly to the limits of the city of Chicago; and the town-
- 44 ships of Jefferson, Lake View and Evanston, in the county of Cook, shall con-
- 45 stitute the sixth district.
- 46 Seventh—The townships of Barrington, Bloom, Bremen, Calumet, Cicero,
- 47 Elk Grove, Hanover, Lemont, Lyons, Leyden, Maine, New Trier, Niles, North-
- 48 field, Norwood Park, Orland, Palatine, Palos, Proviso, Riverside, Rich, Schaum-
- 49 burg, Thornton, Wheeling and Worth, in the county of Cook, shall constitute
- 50 the seventh district.
- 51 Eighth—The counties of Lake, McHenry and Boone shall constitute the
- 52 eighth district.
- 53 Ninth—The eighth ward of the city of Chicago, in the county of Cook, and

- 54 that part of the seventh ward in said city which is east of the center line
- 55 of Loomis street, shall constitute the ninth district.
- 56 Tenth—The counties of Ogle and Winnebago shall constitute the tenth dis-
- 57 trict.
- 58 Eleventh—The fifth ward in the city of Chicago, in the joounty of Cook,
- 59 except that part thereof north of the center line of Twenty-sixth street and
- 60 east of the center line of Stewart avenue and the south branch of the Chicago
- 61 river; and that part of the sixth ward in said city which is east of the center
- 62 line of Ashland avenue, shall constitute the eleventh district.
- 63 Twelfth-The uconties of JoDaviess, Carroll and Stephenson shall constitute
- 64 the twelfth district.
- 65 Thirteenth-That part of the city of Chicago, in the county of Cook
- 66 described as follows, to-wit: That part of the sixteenth ward east of the center
- 67 line of larrabee street; that part of the seventeenth ward east of the center
- 68 line of Larrabee street, and north of the center of Chicago avenue; that part
- 69 of the seventeenth ward south of the center line of Chicago avenue, and all of
- 70 the eighteenth ward of the city of Chicago, shall constitute the thirteenth
- 71 district.
- 72 Fourteenth-The counties of Kane and DuPage shall constitute the four-
- 78 teenth district.
- 74 Fifteenth—The county of Will shall constitute the fifteenth district.
- 75 Sixteenth—The counties of Kankakee and Iroquois shall constitute the six-
- 76 teenth district.
- 77 Seventeenth—The county of LaSalle shall constitute the seventeenth district.
- 78 Eighteenth—The counties of Ford and Livingston shall constitute the
- 79 eighteenth district.
- 80 Nineteenth-The counties of DeKalb, Kendall and Grundy shall constitute
- 81 the nineteenth district.
- 82 Twentieth—The counties of Knox and Fulton shall constitute the twentieth
- 83 district.
- 84 Twenty-first-The counties of Rock Island and Henry shall constitute the
- 85 twenty-first district.

- 86 Twenty-second The county of Peoria shall constitute the twenty second
- 87 district.
- 88 Twenty-third—The counties of Warren and McDonough shall constitute the
- 89 twenty-third district.
- 90 Twenty fourth-The counties of Mercer, Henderson and Hancock shall con-
- 91 stitute the twenty-fourth district.
- 72 Twenty: fifth—The counties of Bureau, Stark and Putnam shall constitute the
- 93 twenty-fifth district.
- 94 Twenty-sixth—The counties of Marshall. Woodford and Tazewell shall con-
- 95 stitute the twenty-sixth district.
- 96 Twenty-seventh—The counties of Whiteside and Lee shall constitute the
- 97 twenty seventh district.
- 98 Twenty-eighth-The county of McLean shall constitute the twenty-eighth
- 99 district.
- 100 Twenty-ninth—The counties of Logan and Macon shall constitute the twenty-
- 101 ninth district.
- 103 Thirtieth—The counties of Champaign, DeWitt and Piatt shall constitute the
- 108 thirtieth district.
- 104 Thirty:first—The counties of Edgar and Vermilion shall constitute the
- 105 thirty-first district.
- 106 Thirty-second—The counties of Douglas, Coles and Cumberland shall consti-
- 107 tute the thirty-second district.
- 108 Thirty-third—The counties of Moultrie, Shelby and Effingham shall consti-
- 109 tute the thirty-third district.
- 110 Thirty-fourth—The counties of Christian and Montgomery shall constitute
- 111 the thirty-fourth district.
- 112 Thirty:fifth—The county of Sangamon shall constitute the thirty-fifth
- 118 district.
- 114 Thirty-sixth—The counties of Mason, Menard, Cass and Schuyler shall con-
- 115 stitute the thirty-sixth district.
- 116 Thirty-seventh—The county of Adams shall constitute the thirty-seventh dis-
- 117 trict.

- 118 Thirty-eighth—The counties of Pike, Calhoun and Jersey shall constitute the
- 119 thirty-eighth district.
- 120 Thirty-ninth-The counties of Brown, Morgan and Scott shall constitute the
- 191 thirty-ninth district.
- 122 Fortieth—The counties of Greene and Macoupin shall constitute the fortieth
- 123 district.
- 124 Forty-first—The county of Madison shall constitute the forty-first district.
- 125 Forty-second-The counties of Bond, Clinton and Washington shall consti-
- 126 tute the forty-second district.
- 127 Forty-third—The counties of Fayette, Marion and Jefferson shall constitute
- 128 the forty-third district.
- 129 Forty-fourth-The counties of Clay, Richland, Wayne and Edwards shall
- 130 constitute the forty-fourth district.
- 131 Forty-fifth-The counties of Clark, Crawford, Jasper and Lawrence shall
- 132 constitute the forty-fifth district.
- 133 Forty-sixth—The counties of Wabash, White and Hamilton shall constitute
- 134 the forty-sixth district.
- 135 Forty-seventh—The county of St. Clair shall constitute the forty-seventh dis-
- 136 trict.
- 137 Forty-eighth—The counties of Monroe, Randolph and Perry shall constitute
- 138 the torty-eighth district.
- 139 Forty-ninth -The counties of Saline, Gallatin, Hardin, Pope and Massac shall
- 140 constitute the forty-ninth district.
- 141 Fiftieth The counties of Franklin, Jackson and Union shall constitute the
- 142 fiftieth district.
- 143 Fifty-first—The counties of Williamson, Johnson, Pulaski and Alexander
- 144 shall constitute the fifty-first district.
- \$ 2. An act entitled "An act to apportion the State of Illinois into Sens-
- 2 torial districts," approved March 1, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, is hereby repealed.

- Introduced by Committee on Apportionment, May 13, 1881, and ordered to 1. first reading.
- First reading May 13, 1881, and ordered to a second reading. Second reading May 19, 1881, amended, and ordered to third reading.

For an Act to apportion the State of Illinois into Senatorial Districts.

- 2 General Assembly. That until the taking and return of the next federal census.
- 3 and the apportionment thereunder, as provided in the constitution, this State
- shall be divided into Senatorial districts each of which shall be entitled to
- one Senator and three Representatives, as follows, to-wit:
- First-That part of the first ward north of the center line of Van Buren
- street; the ninth ward; the tenth ward, and all that part of the eleventh ward
- which is north of the center line of Madison street, in the city of Chicago, in
- the county of Cook, shall constitute the first district.
- 10 Second—The fourth ward of the city of Chicago, in the county of Cook.
- south of the center line of Twenty-ninth street, and the townships of Hyda
- Park and Lake, in the county of Cook, shall constitute the second district.
- Third-The first ward south of the center line of Van Buren street; the
- second and third wards and all that part of the fourth ward north of the cen-
- ter line of Twenty-ninth street, and that part of the fifth ward east of the
- center line of Stewart avenue and north of Twenty-sixth street, in the city of
- Chicago, in the county of Cook, shall constitute the third district. 17
- Fourth-The twelfth ward of the city of Chicago, in the county of Cook, and 18
- that part of the eleventh ward of said city which is south of the center line
- of Madison street, and that part of the eighth ward in sald city; which is

- 21 north of the center line of Taylor street, shall constitute the fourth district.
- 23 Fifth-The thirteenth ward in the city of Chicago, in the county of Cook
- 28 and all of the fourteenth ward of said city of Chicago, except that part thereof
- 24 which is north of the center line of Division street and east of the following
- 35 line, viz: The center line of Ashland avenue from Division street north to the
- 26 center line of Clybourne Place; thence northeast along said line to the center
- 37 line of Elston avenue; thence along said line northwesterly to the limits of the
- 28 city of Chicago, shall constitute the fifth district.
- 29 Sixth—That part of the city of Chicago, in the county of Cook, described as
- 30 follows, to-wit: the fifteenth ward; that part of the sixteenth ward west of the
- 31 center line of Larrabee street; that part of the seventeenth ward west of the
- 33 center line of Larrabee street, and north of the center line of Chicago ave-
- 38 nue; and that part of the fourteenth ward north of the center line of
- 34 Division street, and east of the following line, viz: The center line of Ashland
- avenue from Division street north to the center line of Clybourne Place; thence
- 36 along said line northeast to the center line of Elston avenue; thence along
- \$7 said line northwesterly to the limits of the city of Chicago; and the town-
- 38 ships of Jefferson, Lake View and Kvanston, in the county of Cook, shall con-
- 39 stitute the sixth district.
- 40 Seventh-The townships of Barrington, Bloom, Bremen, Calumet, Cicero,
- 41 Elk Grove, Hanover, Lemont, Lyons, Leyden, Maine, New Trier, Niles, North-
- 49 field, Norwood Park, Orland, Palatine, Palos, Proviso, Riverside, Rich, Schaum-
- 48 burg, Thornton, Wheeling and Worth, in the county of Cook, shall constitute
- 44 the seventh district.
- 45 Eighth—The counties of Lake, McHenry and Boone shall constitute the
- 46 eighth district.
- 47 Ninth—The seventh ward of the city of Chicago, in the county of Cook, and
- 48 that part of the sixth ward in said city which is west of the center line
- 49 of Loomis street, and that part of the eight ward in said city, which is south
- 50 of the center line of Taylor steet, shall constitute the ninth district.
- 51 Tenth-The counties of Ogle and Winnebago shall constitute the tenth
- 52 d'atrict.

- 53 Eleventh The fifth ward in the city of Chicago, in the county of Cook,
- 54 except that part thereof north of the ceuter line of Twenty-sixth street and
- 55 east of the center line of Stewart avenue and the south branch of the Chicago
- 56 river; and that part of the sixth ward in said city which is east of the center
- 57 line of Loomis street shall constitute the eleventh district.
- 58 Twelfth—The counties of JoDaviess, Carroll and Stephenson shall constitute
- 59 the twelfth district.
- 60 Thirteenth—That part of the city of Chicago, in the county of Cook,
- 61 described as follows, to-wit: that part of the sixteenth ward east of the center
- 62 line of Larrabee street; that part of the seventeenth ward east of the center
- 68 line of Larrabee street, and north of the center of Chicago avenue; that part
- 64 of the seventeenth ward south of the center line of Chicago avenue, and all of
- 65 the eighteenth ward of the city of Chicago, shall constitute the thirteenth
- 66 district.
- 67 Fourteenth-The counties of Kane and DuPage shall constitute the four-
- 68 teenth district.
- 69 Fifteenth The county of Will shall constitute the fifteenth district.
- 70 Sixteenth--The counties of Kankakee and Iroquois shall constitute the aix-
- 71 teenth district.
- 73 Seventeenth—The county of LaSalle shall constitute the seventeenth district.
- 78 Eighteenth—The counties of Ford and Livingston shall constitute the
- 74 eighteenth district.
- 75 Nuneteenth—The counties of DeKalb, Kendall and Grandy shall constitute
- 76 the nineteenth district.
- 77 Twentieth—The counties of Knox and Stark shall constitute the twentieth
- 78 district.
- 79 Twenty-first—The counties of Rock Island and Henry shall constitute the
- 80 twenty-first district.
- 81 Twenty-secon/—The county of Peoria shall constitute the twenty-second
- 82 district.
- 88 Twenty-third-The counties of Warren and McDonough shall constitute the
- 84 twenty third district,

- 85 Twenty-fourth-The counties of Mercer, Henderson and Hancock shall con-
- 86 stitute the twenty-fourth district.
- 87 Twenty-fifth -The counties of Bureau, Marshall and Putnam shall constitute
- 88 the twenty-fifth district.
- 89 Twenty-sixth The counties of Mason, Woodford and Tazewell shall consti-
- 90 tute the twenty-sixth district.
- 91 Twenty-seventh—The counties of Whiteside and Lee shall constitute the
- 92 twenty-seventh district.
- 95 Twenty-eighth-The county of McLean shall constitute the twenty-eighth
- 94 district.
- 95 Twenty-ninth—The counties of Logan and Macon shall constitute the twenty-
- 96 ninth district.
- 97 Thirtieth—The counties of Champaign, DeWitt and Piatt shall constitute the
- 98 thirtieth district.
- 99 Thirty:first-The counties of Edgar and Vermilion shall constitute the
- 100 thirty-first district.
- 101 Thirty-second—The counties of Douglas, Coles and Cumberland shall consti-
- 102 tute the thirty-second district.
- 103 Thirty-third-The counties of Moultrie, Shelby and Effingham shall consti-
- 104 tute the thirty-third district.
- 105 Thirty-tourth—The counties of Christian and Montgomery shall constitute
- 106 the thirty fourth district.
- 107 Thirty-fifth—The county of Sangamon shall constitute the thirty-fifth
- 108 district.
- 109 Thirty sixth—The counties of Menard, Cass, Morgan and Scott shall consti-
- 110 tute the thirty-sixth district.
- 111 Thirty-seventh—The county of Adams shall constitute the thirty-seventh dis-
- 112 trict.
- 113 Thirty-eighth—The counties of Pike, Calhoun and Jersey shall constitute the
- 114 thirty-eighth district.
- 115 Thirty-ninth—The counties of Brown, Schuyler and Fulton shall constitute
- 116 the thirty-ninth district.

- 117 Fortieth The counties of Greene and Macoupin shall constitute the fortieth
- 118 district.
- 119 Forty: first The county of Madison shall constitute the forty-first district.
- 120 Forty-second--The counties of Bond, Clinton and Washingtonshall constitute
- 121 the forty second district.
- 122 Forty-third The counties of Fayette, Marion and Jefferson shall constitute
- 123 the forty-third district.
- 124 Forty-fourth -The counties of Clay, Richland, Wayne and Edwards shall
- 125 constitute the forty fourth district.
- 126 Forty-fifth The counties of Clark, Crawford, Jasper and Lawrence shall
- 127 constitute the forty-fifth district.
- 128 Forty-sixth—The counties of Wabash, White and Hamilton shall constitute
- 129 the forty sixth district.
- 130 Forty-seventh.--The county of St. Clair shall constitute the forty-seventh dis-
- 181 trict.
- 132 Forty eighth The counties of Monroe, Randolph and Perry shall constitute
- 133 the forty-eighth district.
- 134 Forty-ninth—The counties of Saline, Gallatin, Hardjn, Pope and Massac shall
- 135 constitute the forty-ninth district.
- 136 Fiftieth-The counties of Franklin, Jackson and Union shall constitute the
- 137 fiftieth district.
- 188 Fifty: first The counties of Williamson, Johnson, Pulaski and Alexander
- 139 shall constitute the fifty-first district.
 - § 2. An act entitled "An act to apportion the State of Illinois into Sens-
 - 2 torial districts," approved March 1, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, is hereby repealed.

- 1. Introduced by Committee on Judicial Department, May 18, 1881. and ordered to first reading.

 First reading May 18, 1881, and ordered to a second reading.

For an Act to divide the State of Illinois into Judicial Districts for County Courts, and to fix the time of holding the same, and to provide for the payment of the salaries of the judges thereof and for the election of the same.

- 2 General Assemblu. That in lieu of the county courts now existing as provided
- 3 by law, under section eighteen of article six of the constitution, the State of
- Illinois be and is hereby divided into county court judicial districts, as follows:
- 5 First District, the county of Cook.
- Second District, the counties McHenry, Lake and Boone.
- The Third District, the counties of Winnebago and Ogle. 7
- The Fourth District, the counties of Stephenson and JoDaviess.
- 9 The Fifth District. The counties of Carroll, Whiteside and Lee.
- 10 The Sixth District, the counties of Rock Island and Mercer.
- The Seventh District, the counties of DeKalb and Kane. 11
- 12 The Eighth District, the counties of DuPage and Will.
- 13 The Ninth District, the counties of Kendall, Grundy and Kankakee.
- The Tenth District, the county of LaSalle. 14
- The Eleventh District, the counties of Bureau and Henry. 15
- The Twelfth District, the counties of Henderson, Warren and McDonough. 16
- The Thirteenth District, the counties of Fulton and Knox. 17
- The Fourteenth District, the counties of Peoria and Stark. 15

- 19 The Fifteenth District, the counties of Marshall, Woodford, Tazewell and
- 20 Putnam.
- 21 The Sixteenth District, the counties of Livingston and Ford.
- 29 The Seventeenth District, the counties of Iroquois and Vermilion.
- 28 The Eighteenth District, the county of McLean.
- 24 The Nineteenth District, the counties of Champaign and Piatt.
- 25 The Twentieth District, the counties De Witt, Macon and Moultrie.
- 26 The Twenty-first District, the counties of Mason. Menard and Logan.
- 27 The Twenty-second District, the counties of Schuyler, Cass and Hancock.
- 28 The Twenty third District, the counties of Adams and Brown.
- 20 The Twenty-fourth District, the counties of Morgan, Scott and Pike.
- 30 The Twenty-fifth District, the counties of Jersey, Greene and Calhoun.
- 81 The Twenty-sixth District, the counties of Macoupin and Montgomery.
- 32 The Twenty-seventh District, the county of Sangamon.
- 88 The Twenty-eighth District, the counties of Christian and Shelby.
- 34 The Twenty-ninth District, the counties of Douglas, Coles and Edgar.
- \$5 The Thirtieth District, the counties of Effingham, Cumberland, Clark and
- 36 Jasper.
- 37 The Thirty-first District, the counties of Fayette, Marion and Clay.
- 38 The Thirty-second District, the counties of Crawford, Lawrence, Richland and
- 39 Wabash.
- 40 The Thirty-third District, the counties of Wayne, Edwards, White and Ham-
- 41 ilton.
- 42 The Thirty-fourth District, the counties of Clinton, Washington and Jefferson.
- 43 The Thirty: fifth District, the counties of Madison and Bond.
- 44 The Thirty-sixth District, the county of St. Clair.
- 45 The Thirty-seventh District, the counties of Monroe, Randolph and Perry.
- 46 The Thirtu-eighth District, the counties of Jackson, Union and Williamson.
- 47 The Thirty-ninth District, the counties of Alexander, Pulaski, Massac and
- 48 Johnson.
- 49 The Fortieth District, the counties of Gallatin, Saline, Pope and Hardin.
 - § 2. At the general election to be held on the Tuesday after the first Monday

- 3 in November, A. D. 1882, and every four years thereafter, a county judge shall
- 3 be elected in and for each of said districts who shall be a resident of the same
- 4 -by the qualified voters of said districts respectively, who shall hold such office
- 5 for the term of four years, and until his successor is elected and qualified, and
- 6 said several judges so elected and qualified shall have all the powers and dis-
- 7 charge all the duties now required of county judges by law in each of the coun-
- 8 ties composing such district.
 - § 3. Notice of said election shall be given, and the ballots shall be canvassed
- 2 and the returns thereof made, in the same manner as now required by law for
- 3 the notice, canvass and returns of the votes for members of the General Assem-
- 4 bly, and the persons so elected shall take the same oath and be commissioned by
- 5 the Governor in the same manner as now required by law relating to judges of
- 6 circuit courts.
 - -§ 4. The terms of the county courts composing the various districts provided
- 2 for in this act shall be as follows: Provided, said courts shall be always open for
- 3 the granting of letters testamentary and guardianship, and for the transaction
- 4 of probate business and hearing applications for insolvent debtors, for discharge
- 5 from arrest or imprisonment, and all matters cognizable at the probate terms
- 6 shall also be cognizable at the law terms:
- 7 In the county of Boone, on the first Monday in each month.
- 8 In the county of McHenry, the second Monday in each month.
- 9 Lake, the fourth Monday in each month.
- 10 Winnebago, the first Monday in each month.
- 11 Ogle, the third Monday in each month.
- 12 JoDaviess, the first Monday in each month.
- 18 Stephenson, the third Monday in each month.
- 14 . Carroll, the first Monday in each month.
- 15 Lee, the second Monday in each month.
- 16 Whiteside, the third Monday in each month.
- 17 Cook, the second Monday in each month.
- 18 Mercer, the first Monday in each month.
- 19 Rock Island, the third Monday in each month.

- 90 DeKalb, the first Monday in each month.
- 21 Kane, the third Monday in each month.
- 29 DuPage, the first Monday in each month.
- 93 Will, the third Monday in each month.
- 24 Kendall, the first Monday in each month.
- 25 Grundy, the second Monday in each month.
- 26 Kankakee, the third Monday in each month.
- 27 Bureau, the first Monday in each month.
- 28 Henry, the third Monday in each month.
- 29 LaSalle, for law business, the second Monday in March, September and Decem-
- 30 ber; for probate business, the third Monday in each month.
- 31 Henderson, the first Monday in each month.
- 82 Warren, the second Monday in each month.
- 33 McDonough, the third Monday in each month.
- 34 Knox, the first Monday in each month.
- 85 Fulton, the third Monday in each month.
- 36 Stark, the first Monday, in each month.
- 37 Peoria, the second Monday in each month.
- 38 Putnam, the first Monday, in each month.
- 89 Marshall, the second Monday in each month.
- 40 Woodford, the third Monday in each month.
- 41 Tazewell, the fourth Monday in each month.
- 42 Ford, the second Monday inteach month.
- 43 Livingston, the third Monday in each month.
- 44 Iroquois, the first Monday in each month.
- 45 Vermilion, the third Monday in each month.
- 46 McLean, for law business, the second Monday in April, August and December;
- 47 for probate business, the third Monday in each month.
- 48 Piatt, the second Monday in each month.
- 49 Champaign, the third Monday in each month.
- 50 DeWitt, the first Monday in each month.
- 51 Moultrie, the second Mon lay in each month.

- 52 Macon, the third Monday in each month.
- 58 Menard, the first Monday in each month.
- Mason, the second Monday in each month.
- 55 Logan, the third Monday in each month.
- 56 Cass, the first Monday in each month.
- 57 Schuyler, the second Monday in each month.
- 58 Hancock, the third Monday in each month.
- 59 Brown, the second Monday in each month.
- 60 Adams, the third Monday in each month.
- 51 Scott, the first Monday in each month.
- 69 Morgan, the second Monday in each month.
- 68 Pike, the third Monday in each month.
- 64 Calhoun, the first Monday in each month.
- 65 Jersey, the second Monday in each month.
- 66 Greene, the third Monday in each month.
- 67 Montgomery, the first Monday in each month.
- 68 Macoupin, the third Monday in each month.
- 69 Sangamon, for law business, the second Monday in April, July and December;
- 70 and for probate business, the third Monday in each month.
- 71 Christian, the first Monday in each month.
- 72 Shelby, the third Menday in each month.
- 73 Douglas, the first Monday in each month.
- 74 Edgar, the second Monday in each month.
- 75 Coles, the third Monday in each month.
- 76 Cumberland, the first Monday in each month.
- 77 Jasper, the second Monday in each month.
- 78 Effingham, the third Monday in each month.
- 79 Clark, the fourth Monday in each month.
- 80 Clay, the first Monday in each month.
- 81 Marion, the second Monday in each month.
- 82 Fayette, the third Monday in each month.

- 83 Wabash, the first Monday in each month.
- 84 Lawrence, the second Monday in each month.
- 85 Richland, the third Monday in each month.
- 86 Crawford, the fourth Monday in each month.
- 87 Edwards, the first Monday in each month.
- 88 Wayne, the second Monday in each month.
- 89 Hamilton, the third Monday in each month.
- 90 White, the fourth Monday in each month.
- 91 Clinton, the first Monday in each month.
- 92 Washington, the second Monday in each month.
- 93 Jefferson, the third Monday in each month.
- 94 Bond, the second Monday in each month.
- 95 Madison, the third Monday in each month.
- 96 St. Clair. for law business, the second Monday in March, July and November,
- 97 and for probate business, the third Monday in each month.
- 98 Monroe, the first Monday in each month.
- 99 Perry, the second Monday in each month.
- 100 Randolph, the third Monday in each month.
- 101 Union, the first Monday in each month.
- 103 Williamson, the second Monday in each month.
- 108 Jackson, the third Monday in each month.
- 104 Pulaski, the first Monday in each month.
- 105 Massac, the second Monday in each month.
- 108 Johnson, the third Monday in each month.
- 107 Alexander, the fourth Monday in each month.
- 108 Hardin, the first Monday in each month.
- 109 Gallatin, the second Monday in each month.
- 110 Saline, the third Monday in each month
- 111 Pope, the fourth Monday in each month.
 - § 5. The judges provided for in this act shall receive and be paid out of the
 - 2 State Treasury of this State an annual salary of three thousand dollars, in lieu
 - 8 of all other compensation, perquisite or benefit whatever: Provided, that the

- 4 provisions of this act shall not prevent the payment of such additional compen-
- 5 sation to the judges of the county and probate court of Cook county out of the
- 6 treasury of said county, as is or may be provided by law.
 - § 6. The salaries of the judges hereinabove named provided to be paid out of
- 2 the State Treasury shall be paid to said officers quarter-yearly, on the warrant
- 3 of the Auditor of Public Accounts, out of any money in the State Treasury not
- 4 otherwise appropriated.
 - § 7. That the judges herein provided for shall have power to order a jury
- 3 for any term provided for in this act, where the business of the court may
- 3 require it: Provided that no more than four jury terms in one year shall be
- 4 held in any county with less than sixty thousand inhabitants.
- § 8. That all acts and parts of acts in conflict with this act are hereby 2 repealed.



- 1. Introduced by Committee on Elections, May 17, 1881, and ordered to first
- 2. First reading May 17, 1881, and ordered to a second reading.

A BILL

For an Act to amend Sections four (4) and seven (7) of an act entitled "An Act for the Registry of Electors, and to prevent fraudulent voting," approved and in force February 15, 1865.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- 2 General Assembly, That sections four (4) and seven (7) of an act entitled "An
- 3 act for the registry of electors, and to prevent fraudulent voting," approved and
- 4 in force February 15, 1865, be and the same are hereby amended so as to read as
- 5 follows:
- 6 Section 4. The said board shall again meet on Tuesday, two weeks preceding
- 7 said election, in their respective election districts, at the place designated for
- 8 holding the polls of the election, for the purpose of revising, correcting and
- 9 completing said lists; and for this purpose, in cities, they shall meet at eight
- 10 o'clock in the morning, and remain in session until nine o'clock P. M., and in
- 11 other districts they shall meet at nine o'clock in the morning and remain in
- 19 session until four o'clock P. M.
- 13 Section 7. Aftersaid lists shall have been fully completed, the said board shall.
- 14 within three days thereafter, cause two copies of the same to be made, each of
- 15 which shall be certified by them to be a correct list of the voters of their district;
- 16 one of which shall be filed in the office of the town clerk of towns, and in the
- 17 office of city clerks of cities; and one of which copies shall be delivered to said
- 18 judges or inspectors. It shall be the duty of the said judges or inspectors so
- 19 receiving such list, carefully to preserve the said list for their use on election

day, and to designate two of their number, at the epening of the polls, to check 21 the name of every voter voting in such district whose name is on the register. No vote shall be received at any State election in this State if the name of the 38 person offering to vote be not on the said register made on the Tuesday preceding the election, unless the person offering to vote shall furnish to the judges of the 24 election his affidavit, in writing, stating therein that he is an inhabitant of said 25 26 district and entitled to vote therein at such election, and prove by the oath of a householder and registered voter of the district in which he offers to vote, that 28 he knows such person to be an inhabitant of the district, and if in any city, giving the residence of such person within said district. The oath may be admin 29 istered by one of the judges or inspectors of the election, at the poll where the 80 21 vote shall be offered, or by any other person authorized to administer oaths, but no person shall be authorized to receive compensation for administering the 83 oath. Said oath shall be preserved and filed in the office of the town or city clerk, or in case there be no clerk, then said oath shall be filed with and preserved by the judges or inspectors of the proper district. Any person may be challenged; and the same caths shall be put as now are or hereafter may be prescribed by law: Provided, that in all incorporated cities of five thousand inhabitants, containing, according to the Federal census of 1880, or of any sub-38 sequent census hereafter to be taken by the authority of the United States or of this State, more than five thousand inhabitants, no person shall be allowed to vote at any State, county or municipal election unless his name shall be found on the register.

- Introduced by Committee on Finance, May 18, 1881, and ordered to first reading.
- 2. First reading May 18, 1881, and ordered to second reading.

A BILL

For an Act to provide the necessary Revenue for State purposes.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the 2. General Assembly, That there shall be raised by levying a tax, by valuation,

- 8 upon the assessed taxable property in this State, the following sums for the
- 4 purposes hereinafter set forth: For general State purposes, to be designated
- 5 "Revenue Fund," twenty-five hundred thousand dollars (\$2,500,000), upon the
- 6 assessed value of property for the year 1881, and fifteen hundred thousand
- 7 dollars (\$1,500,000) upon the assessed value of property for the year 1882; for
- 8 State school purposes, to be designated "State School Fund," in lieu of the two
- 9 mill tax therefor, one million dollars (\$1,000,000) annually.
- § 2. The Governor and Auditor shall annually compute the separate rates per cent. required to produce not less than the above amounts, anything in any other act providing a different manner of ascertaining the amount of revenue required to be levied for State purposes to the contrary notwithstanding; and when so ascertained, the Auditor shall certify to the county clerks the proper rates per cent. therefor, and also such definite rates for other purposes as are now or may hereafter be provided by law, to be levied and collected as State
- 8 taxes; and all laws and parts of laws in conflict with this act are hereby repealed.



Reported to House May 20, 1881.

1. First reading May 23, 1881, and referred to Committee on Revenue.

 Reported back, passage recommended, report concurred in, and ordered to second reading May 24, 1881.

A BILL

or an Act to provide the necessary-revenue for State purposes.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly. That there shall be raised by levying a tax, by valuation, upon the assessed taxable property in this State, the following sums for the purposes hereinafter set forth: For general State purposes, to be designated "Revenue Fund," twenty-five hundred thousand dollars (\$2,500,000), upon the assessed value of property for the year 1881, and fifteen hundred thousand dollars (\$1,500,000), upon the assessed value of property for the year 1882; for State school purposes, to be designated "State School Fund," in lieu of the two mill

tax therefor, one million dollars (\$1,000,000), annually.

§ 2. The Governor and Auditor shall annually compute the separate rates per cent. required to produce not less than the above amounts, anything in any other act providing a different manner of ascertaining the amount of revenue required to be levied for State purposes to the contrary notwithstanding; and when so ascertained, the Auditor shall certify to the county clerks the proper rates per cent. therefor, and also such definite rates for other purposes as are now or may hereafter be provided by law, to be levied and collected as State taxes; and all laws and parts of laws in conflict with this act are hereby repealed.

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 Offered by Mr. Munn, January 11, 1881, and ordered printed and made the special order for Tuesday, January 18, 1891, at 10:39 celeck Apple 19.

Whereas, the state of Illinois, in general assembly, did on the 16th day of February, 1865, grant and authorize the city of Chicago, in the state of Illinois. to deepen the Illinois and Michigan canal for the purpose of, and with the intent to better the system of sewerage of the said city of Chicago by permitting a free flow of water from Lake Michigan through the Chicago river and said canal to the DesPlaines and Illinois rivers. And the city of Chicago did perfect said improvement in conformity with said permission: AND WHEREAS, the great fire in the said city of Chicago on the 8th and 9th. 8 days of October, A. D. 1871, did greatly damage the assessable property of as very large number of its citizens and tax payers, and the people of the state of 11 Illinois did, by its General Assembly, refund to the said city of Chicago the: 12 amount of the cost of deepening the Illinois and Michigan canal said sum refunded being in gross two millions nine hundred and fifty-five thousand three hundred and forty dollars: 14 15 And whereas, the deepening of the canal as aforesaid has proved to be totally: 16 inadequate for the purposes intended, and the large amount of seware of the 17 city of Chicago being far greater than the capacity of the canal and the water. now passing through it to deodorize and render innocuous: 18 19 And whereas, the foulness of the water annually causes the death of millions of fish in the DesPlaines and Illinois rivers that float to the shores and decear: 20 21 And whereas, said sewage, in an entirely undecomposed and putrid mass, is carried by the current of the canal into the DesPlaines river, and thence into the Illinois river, and in its foulest conditions is thus transported to and below the city of Peoria in said state, rendering the air, at all points along its name of so impure and foul as to be exceedingly offensive, and taking with it gives of disease of all kinds prevalent in the city of Chicago, and thus aprending them

broadcast through the entire DesPlaines and Illimis river valleys causing

- 28 thereby much illness as well as poisoning of the blood, and debilitating the sys-
- 29 tems of 200,000 people:
- 30 And whereas, careful investigation leads our people to fear that an epidemic
- al may spreak over said section of the state of Illinois from the causes above .
- 32 stated:
- 88 AND WHEREAS, in addition to the above distress, there has been a great loss to
- 84 property, business industries, and to the communities in said region, by reason
- 35 of the causes herein mentioned:
- 38 And whereas, prior to the deepening of said Illinois and Michigan canal, the
- 87 water necessary for all purposes of navigating said canal and propelling of
- 38 machinery, was obtained from the DesPlaines river and the Calumet feeder.
- 89 through Lane's lake:
- 40 AND WHEREAS, the bed of the DesPlaines river at the Summit and thence west-
- 41 ward along the line of and adjacent to the canal, is, at a low stage of water,
- 42 eight (8) feet above the surface level of the canal, and will average a supply of
- 48 water sufficient for all canal and power purposes, during the seasons of
- 44 navigation:
- 45 And whereas, the supplying of the canal from these sources will so dilute and
- 46 weaken the sewage of the city of Chicago as to greatly relieve it of its foul-
- 47 ness and stench, to the great delight, relief and health of the people near to and
- 48 bordering upon the line of the canal, the DesPlaines and Illinois rivers;
- 49 therefore.

Be it resolved by the Senate, the House of Representatives concurring herein. That

- 2 the board of canal commissioners of the Illinois and Michigan canal be and they
- 8 are hereby directed to cause sluice-ways of sufficient capacity, with the proper
- 4 guard gates, to be opened from the DesPlaines river to the canal at or near the
- 5 Summit, in Cook county, and at or near Lemont, in Cook county, and also to
- 6 construct a dam across the former Calumet feeder at such suitable point as will
- 7 cause the waters from Lane's lake to flow into the canal. That said canal com-
- 8 missioners shall immediately commence, construct and improve said sluices and
- 9 feeders in the order named, and pay for the same out of any moneys in their
- 10 hands or control as canal commissioners resulting from the earnings of the canal

- 11 or otherwise. The amount to be expended as above designated in the prosecu-
- 12 tion of said improvement shall not, however, exceed the sum of ten thousand
- 18 dollars.

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- Offered by Mr. Munn, January 11, 1881, and ordered printed and made the special order for Tuesday, January 18, 1881, at 10:30 o'clock A. M. January 18, 1881, amended and referred to Committee on Canals and
- Rivers
- January 26, 1881, reported back with amendments, and made special order for February 2, at 17 A. M.

WHEREAS, the State of Illinois, in general assembly, did on the 16th day of

- 2 February, 1865, grant and authorize the city of Chicago, in the State of Illinois.
- 3 to deepen the Illinois and Michigan canal for the purpose of, and with the in-
- tent to better the system of sewerage of the mid city of Chicago by permitting
- a free flow of water from Lake Michigan through the Chicago river and said
- canal to the DesPlaines and Illinois rivers. And the city of Chicago did per-
- fect said improvement in conformity with said permission:
- And whereas, the great fire in the said city of Chicago on the 8th and 9th
- days of October, A. D. 1871, did greatly damage the assessable property of a
- 10 very large number of its citizens and tax payers, and the people of the State of
- 11 Illinois did, by its General Assembly, refund to the said city of Chicago the
- 12 amount of the cost of deepening the Illinois and Michigan canal, said sum re-
- 13 funded being in gross two millions nine hundred and fifty-five thousand three
- hundred and forty dollars:
- 15 And whereas, the deepening of the canal as aforesaid has proved to be totally
- inadequate for the purposes intended, and the large amount of sewage of the
- city of Chicago being far greater than the capacity of the canal and the water
- now passing through it to decdorize and render innocuous:
- AND WHEREAR, the foulness of the water annually causes the death of millions
- of fish in the DesPlaines and Illinois rivers that float to the shores and decay:
- And whereas, said sewage, in an entirely undecomposed and putrid mass, is 21
- carried by the current of the canal into the DesPlaines river, and thence into
- 23 . the Illinois river, and in its foulest conditions is thus transported to and below
- 24 the city of Peoria in said State, rendering the six, at all points along its passage

- 25 so impure and foul as to be exceedingly offensive, and taking with it germs of
- 26 disease of all kinds prevalent in the city of Chicago, and thus spreading them
- 27 broadcast through the entire DesPlaines and Illinois river vafleys, causing
- 28 thereby much illness as well as poisoning of the blood, and debilitating the sys-
- 29 tems of 200,000 people:
- 30 And whereas, careful investigation leads our people to fear that an epidemic
- 31 may spread over said section of the State of Illinois from the causes above
- 32 stated:
- 33 And whereas, in addition to the above distress, there has been a great loss to
- 34 property, business industries, and to the communities in said region, by reason
- 35 of the causes herein mentioned:
- 36 AND WHEREAS, prior to the deepening of said Illinois and Michigan canal, the
- 37 water necessary for all purposes of navigating said canal and propelling of
- 38 machinery, was obtained from the DesPlaines river and the Calumet feeder,
- 89 through Lane's lake:
- 40 And whereas, the bed of the DesPlaines river at the Summit and thence west-
- 41 ward along the line of and adjacent to the canal, is, at a low stage of water,
- 49 eight (8) feet above the surface level of the canal, and will average a supply of
- 48 water sufficient for all canal and power purposes, during the seasons of
- 44 navigation:
- 45 And whereas, the supplying of the canal from these sources will so dilute and
- 46 weaken the sewage of the city of Chicago as to greatly relieve it of its foul-
- 47 ness and stench, to the great delight, relief and health of the people near to and
- 48 bordering upon the line of the canal, the DesPlaines and Illinois rivers;
- 49 therefore.

Be it resolved by the Senate, the House of Representatives concurring herein. That

- 2 the board of canal commissioners of the Illinois and Michigan canal be and they
- 3 are hereby directed to cause sluice-ways of sufficient capacity, with the proper
- 4 guard gates, to be opened from the DesPlaines river to the canal at or near the
- 5 Summit, in Cook county, and at or near Lemont, in Cook county, and also to
- 6 construct a dam across the former Calumet feeder at such suitable point as will
- 7 cause the waters from Lane's lake to flow into the canal. That said canal com-

8 missioners shall immediately commence, construct and improve said sluices and feeders in the order named, and pay for the same out of any moneys in their 10 hands or control as canal commissioners resulting from the earnings of the canal or otherwise. The amount to be expended as above designated in the prosecu-11 tion of said improvement shall not, however, exceed the sum of ten thousand 18 dollars: Provided, that the canal commissioners shall first confer with the mayor or other proper authorities of the city of Chicago; and if said city shall 14 proceed without delay to cause a flow into the canal from the Chicago river, 15 sufficient to dilute and purify the water, and thus remedy the evils complained 16 of, said flow to be not less than 60,000 cubic feet per minute in addition to the 17 ordinary flow into the canal from the Chicago river, and if this shall be accom-18 plished within a reasonable time, the commissioners may accept it in lieu of 19 obtaining a supply of water from the other sources named.

AMENDMENT REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON CANALS AND RIVERS JANUARY 26, 1881.

JANUARY 26, 1881.

Amend, by striking out all after word "dollars," in 13th line of printed resolution, and insert the following:

Provided, that the canal commissioners shall first confer with the mayor or other proper authorities of the city of Chicago, and if said city shall proceed without delay to cause a flow into the canal from the Chicago river sufficient to dilute and purify the waters, and thus remedy the evils complained of, said flow to be not less than 60,000 cubic feet per minute, including the ordinary flow into the canal from the Chicago river, and if this shall be accomplished by the first day of September, 1881, the commissioners may accept it in lieu of obtaining a supply of water from the other sources, named: *Provided*, further*, that said commissioners are hereby directed to take care of the 60,000 cubic feet per minute, above contemplated, if so furnished by the city of Chicago: *Provided*, fur-

commissioners are hereby directed to take care of the 60,000 cubic feet per minute, above contemplated, if so furnished by the city of Chicago: *Provided, fur*ther, that the adoption of this resolution shall not commit the State to a system of permanent drainage of Chicago sewerage through either the canal, or Des

- 15 Plaines or Illinois rivers, but that the State reserves the right to require the
- 16 city of Chicago, in future years, to take care of its sewage through other
- 17 channels.

1. Reported to House, January 27, 1881.

 Cafled up, read, on motion laid on table, and ordered printed April 16, 1881.

WHEREAS, it is believed that ninety per cent. of the internal commerce of the country is now carried on by railroad companies; and

- 3 Whereas, said railroad companies have come to be a great power of wealth
- 4 and influence in the country, so that, in the exercise of that power, by unjust
- 5 discriminations of rates or tariff based upon the assumption of chartered rights.
- 6 individuals may be enriched or impoverished, towns and cities may be built up
- 7 or torn down; and
- 8 Whereas, the opinion of eminent jurists, and the decisions of State and
- 9 supreme courts, deny the right of railway corporations to fix discriminating
- 10 tariffs or rates as between individuals or localities, or even so high a rate of
- 11 ariff above the cost of their roads as to be exorbitant; and
- 12 WHEREAS, the different States may, by legislative enactment, authorize rail-
- 13 way companies, within their respective boundaries, to fix reasonable, just and
- 14 uniform tax upon those who travel or carry merchandise over the railro.ds of
- 15 said companies; and
- 16 Whereas, one State, in the exercise of such power as is herein expressed, might
- 17 not fix such a rate or tariff as would be adopted by any other State, and thus
- 18 leave the internal trade of the respective States open to gross inequalities and
- 19 oppression by transportation companies; and
- 20 Whereas, it is a constitutional provision that Congress has the power to reg-
- 21 ulate commerce between the States; and, believing that it is under that author-
- 22 ity that Congress can make such a law as will prohibit carriers through the
- 28 State from impairing or destroying the general trade of the country by exorbi
- 24 tant or discriminating tax or tariff; and
- 25 Whereas, great complaint of the exorbitant and discriminating charges made
- 26 by the railroad companies has been made by the manufacturers, shippers and

business men of this State, as well as those from other States; therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate, the House of Representatives concurring herein. That our

Senators be instructed, and our Representatives in Congress be requested, to

use all honorable means to secure the passage of a law which shall fix a reasonable, just and uniform tax or rate to be charged by the various railway companies in the United States and Territories, for the transmission of persons,

merchandise or other property over the roads of said companies, so far as the

84 same relates to commerce between the different States of this Union.

Offered by Mr. Sunderland, January 18, 1881.

 January 19, 1881, ordered printed and made special order for January 26, 1881, at 11 o'clock A. M.

Whereas, it is believed that ninety per cent, of the internal commerce of the country is now carried on by railroad companies:

- 3 And whereas, said railroad companies have come to be a great power of wealth
- 4 and influence in the country, so that, in the exercise of that power by unjust dis-
- 5 criminations of rates or tariff based upon the assumption of chartered rights,
- 6 individuals may be enriched, or impoverished, towns and cities may be built up
- 7 or torn down:
- 8 And whereas, the opinion of eminent jurists and the decisions of state and
- 9 supreme courts deny the right of railway corporations to fix discriminating
- 10 tariffs or rates as between individuals or localities, or even so high a rate of tariff
- 11 above the cost of their roads as to be exorbitant:
- 12 And whereas, the different states may by legislative enactment authorize rail-
- 13 way companies within their respective boundaries to fix a reasonable, just and
- 14 uniform tax upon those who travel or carry merchandise over the railroads of
- 15 said companies:
- 16 And whereas, one state, in the exercise of such power as is herein expressed.
- 17 might not fix such a rate or tariff as would be adopted by any other state, and
- 18 thus leave the internal trade of the respective states open to gross inequalities
- 19 and oppression by transportation companies:
- 20 And whereas, it is a constitutional provision that Congress has the power to
- 21 regulate commerce between the states, and believing that it is under that
- 22 authority that Congress can make such a law as will prohibit carriers through
- 23 the state from impairing or destroying the general trade of the country by exor-
- 24 bitant or discriminating tax or tariff:
- 25 And whereas, great complaint of the exorbitant and discriminating charges
- 26 made by the railroad companies has been made by the manufacturers, shippers

27 and business men of this state as well as those from other states; therefore,

Be it resolved by the Senate, the House of Representatives concurring herein, That

- 2 our Senators be instructed, and our Representatives in Congress be requested to
- 8 use all honorable means to secure the passage of a law which shall fix a reason-
- 4 able, just and uniform tax or rate to be charged by the various railway compa-
- 5 nies in the United States and Territories for the transmission of persons, mer-
- 6 chandise or other property over the roads of said companies.

Reported to House February 5, 1881.

 Called up and referred to Committee on Canal and River Improvement March 18, 1881.

 Reported back with amendments, and passage recommended March 25, 1881, other amendments offered, and on motion resolution and amendments ordered printed, and made special order for Wednesday, Marsh 30, 1881, at 11 o'clock, a. m.

Whereas, the State of Illinois, in General Assembly, did, on the sixteenth day

- 2 of February, 1865, grant and authorize the city of Chicago, in the State of Illinois,
- 3 to deepen the Illinois and Michigan canal for the purpose of, and with intent
- 4 to, better the system of sewerage of said city of Chicago by permitting a free
- 5 flow of water from Lake Michigan through the Chicago river and said canal
- 6 to the DesPlaines and Illinois rivers. And the city of Chicago did perfect
- 7 said improvement in conformity with said permission; and
- 8 Whereas, the great fire in said city of Chicago on the eighth and ninth
- 9 days of October, A. D., 1871, did so greatly damage the assessable property of a
- 10 very large number of its citizens and tax payers, and the people of the State of
- 11 Illinois did, by its General Assembly, refund to the said city of Chicago the
- 12 amount of the cost of deepening the Illinois and Michigan canal, said sum
- 13 refunded being in gross two million nine hundred and fifty-five thousand
- 14 three hundred and forty dollars; and
- 15 Whereas, the deepening of the canal as aforesaid has proved to be totally
- 16 inadequate for the purposes intended, and the large amount of sewage of
- 17 the city of Chicago being far greater than the capacity of the canal and the
- 18 water now passing through it to deodorize and render innocuous; and
- 19 Whereas, the foulness of the water annually causes the death of millions of
- 20 fish in the DeaPlaines and Illinois rivers that float to the shores and decay:
- 21 and
- 22 Whereas, said sewage, in an entirely undecomposed and putrid mass, is
 - 3 carried by the current of the canal into the DesPlaines river, and thence into
- 24 the Illinois river, and in its foulest conditions is thus transported to and below

- 25 the city of Peoria, in said State, rendering the air, at all points along its pas-
- 26 sage, so impure and foul as to be exceedingly offensive, and taking with it
- 27 germs of disease of all kinds prevalent in the city of Chicago, and thus spread-
- 28 ing them broadcast through the entire DesPlaines and Illinois river valleys,
- 29 causing thereby much illness as weil as poisoning of the blood, and debilitating
- 30 the systems of 200,000 people; and
- 81 WHEREAS, careful investigation leads our people to fear that an epidemic may
- 32 spread over said section of the State of Illinois from the causes above stated:
- 33 and
- 84 Whereas, in addition to the above distress, there has been a great loss to
- 35 property, business industries, and to the communities in said region, by reason
- 36 of the causes herein mentioned; and
- 37 Whereas, prior to the deepening of said Illinois and Michigan canal, the
- 38 water necessary for all purposes of navigating said canal and propelling of
- 89 machinery was obtained from the DesPlaines river and the Calumet feeder,
- 40 through Lane's lake; and
- 41 WHEREAS, the bed of the DesPlaines river at the Summit, and thence west-
- 42 ward along the line of, and adjacent to the canal, is, at a low stage of water,
- 43 eight (8) feet above the surface level of the canal, and will average a supply of
- 44 water sufficient for all canal and power purposes during the seasons of, naviga-
- 45 tion; and
- 46 Whereas, the supplying of the canal from these sources will so dilute and
- 47 weaken the sewage of the city of Chicago as to greatly relieve it of its foul-
- 48 ness and stench, to the great delight, relief and health of the people near to
- 49 and bordering upon the line of the canal, the DesPlaines and Illinois rivers;
- 50 therefore be it
- 51 Resolved by the Senate, the House of Representatives concurring herein, That
- 53 the Board of Canal Commissioners of the Illinois and Michigan canal be and
- 53 they are hereby directed to cause sluice-ways of sufficient capacity, with the
- 54 proper guard gates, to be opened from the DesPlaines river to the canal, at or
- 55 near the Summit, in Cook county, and at or near Lemont, in Cook county, and
- 56 also to construct a dam across the former Calumet feeder, at such suitable

point as will cause the waters from Lane's lake to flow into the canal. That said Canal Commissioners shall immediately commence, construct and improve said sluice-ways and feeders in the order named, and pay for the same out of 59 any moneys in their hands or control as Canal Commissioners, resulting from 81 the earnings of the canal. The amount to be expended as above designated in the prosecution of said improvement shall not, however, exceed the sum of ten 62 thousand dollars: Provided, that the Canal Commissioners shall first confer 64 with the mayor or other proper authorities of the city of Chicago, and if said city shall proceed without delay to cause a flow into the canal from the 65 Chicago river sufficient to dilute and purify the waters, and thus remedy the 66 evils complained of, said flow to be not less than 60,000 cubic feet per minute, 67 including the ordinary flow into the canal from the Chicago river; and if this shall be accomplished by the first day of September, 1881, the Commissioners shall accept it in lieu of obtaining a supply of water from the other sources 70 71 named: Provided further, that said Commissioners are hereby directed to take care of the 60,000 cubic feet per minute, above contemplated, if so furnished by the city of Chicago: Provided, turther, that the adoption of this resolution 73 shall not commit the State to a system of permanent drainage of Chicago 74 sewage through either the canal, or DesPlaines or Illinois rivers, but that the 76 State reserves the right to require the city of Chicago, in future years, to take care of its sewage through other channels.

AMENDMENT OFFERED BY COMMITTEE ON CANAL AND RIVER IMPROVEMENT.

After the words "Chicago River" (where they occur the second time) in the resolution, insert "or so much thereof as, in their judgment, the said canal can carry."

AMENDMENT OFFERED BY MR. PARISH.

Amend by adding:

2 And, provided, further, that if the said city of Chicago shall erect pumping

- 8 works for the purpose of causing such flow, as aforeraid, the Canal Commis-
- 4 sioners shall allow the said city to erect said pumping works upon the canal
- 5 lands in Bridgeport, and that said Causl Commissioners shall thereafter have
- 6 the control and management of said pumping works, and shall maintain the
- 7 same out of canal funds.

Offered on January 20, 1881, by Mr. Needles. January 21, 1881, referred to Committee on Revenue.

February 3, 1881, reported back with amendment, and passage recommended.

Resolved by the Senate, the House of Representatives concurring herein, That

- there shall be submitted to the voters of this State, at the first general election
- for members of the General Assembly after the passage of this resolution, a
- proposition to so amend the first Section of the ninth Article of the Constitu-
- tion of the State of Illinois, entitled "Revenue," that the same will read as fol-
- lows:
- The General Assembly shall provide such revenue as may be needful by
- levying a tax, by valuation, so that every person and corporation shall pay a tax
- in proportion to the value of his, her or its property, such value to be ascertained
- by some person or persons to be elected or appointed in such manner as the 10
- General Assembly shall direct, or the General Assembly shall have power to 11
- 12 provide such revenue by taxing peddlers, auctioneers, brokers, hawkers, mer-
- chants, commission merchants, showmen, jugglers, inn keepers, grocery keepers,
- liquor dealers, toll bridges, ferries, insurance, telegraph and express interests or
- business, venders of patents, and persons or corporations owning or using
- franchises and privileges, in such manner as it shall from time to time direct by
- general law, uniform as to the class upon which it operates.

AMENDMENT REPORTED FROM COMMITTEE ON REVENUE. FEB RUARY 8, 1881.

Amend by adding to the resolution the words: "And the General Assembly

- 2 shall provide such revenue, or any part thereof, by either or both of the methods
- 3 designated in this Section, as it shall deem just and proper."

Offered by Mr. Walker, of Macoupin, February 1, 1881. February 7, 1881, read and ordered printed, and made the special order for Wednesday, February 9, 1881, immediately after reading of journal.

Whereas, Enduring happiness, contentment and prosperity can best be attained by enduring laws, and experience shows that constant changes in our

- 3. municipal laws tend to the confusion and unsettled action of our people, and
- 4 we now having a well-considered code of laws, that the people are beginning to
- 5 understand, and that has generally been construed by the courts, therefore,

Be it resolved by the Senate, the House of Representatives concurring herein, That

- 2 we are opposed to the constant changing, by repeal or amendment, of our
- 3 statute laws, and will not favor the same, unless some vital reason is manifest
- 4 therefor.

Reported from the Committee on Judiciary, March 18, 1881, with recommendation that it be adopted. Ordered printed and placed on file.

WHEREAS, It is provided by the Constitution of this State that the Illinois

- 2 and Michigan Canal shall never be sold or leased until the specific proposition
- 3 for the sale thereof shall first have been submitted to a vote of the people of the
- 4 State, at a general election, and approved by a majority of all the votes polled
- 5 at such election: and.
- 6 Whereas, A bill for an act to cede the Illinois and Michigan Canal, with
- ninety feet of ground on each side of same, with the locks and dams on the
- 8 Illinois River, to the United States, has passed both houses of the General
- 9 Assembly, and has been approved by the Governor; therefore be it
- 10 Resolved by the Senate, the House of Representatives concurring herein. That
- 1 the question as to whether such cession shall be approved and ratified shall be
- 19 submitted to the leval voters of this State, at the next general election, and the
- 13 county clerks shall give the same notice of the vote to be taken upon this ques-
- 14 tion as is required by law in the election of members of the General Assembly.
- 15 Ballots in favor of such cession shall read "For ceding the Illinois and Michi-
- 16 gan Canal to the United States" and those opposed shall read "Against coding
- 17 the Illinois and Michigan Canal to the United States."
- 18 The ballots shall be canvassed and returned in the same manner as in cases
- 19 of election for members of the General Assembly.
- 20 The said act shall take effect on the acceptance thereof by the United States.

- Introduced by Mr. Whiting, January 10, 1881, and ordered to first reading. First reading January 12, 1881, and referred to Committee on Canals and 2.
- January 21, 1881, reported back, with recommendation that it be printed for Committee. So ordered.

 February 10, 1881, reported back with amendment, recommended to pass.
- ordered to second reading.

A BILL

For an Act to cede to the United States the Illinois and Michigan Canal, and the State improvements on the Illinois river.

Whereas, the line of the Illinois and Michigan canal, and the Illinois river, is

- marked by nature for an ample water connection between Lake Michigan and
- the Mississippi:
- And whereas, great interests demand the enlargement of this canal, the com-
- pletion of the river improvements, and the construction of a branch canal from
- Hennepin, on the Illinois river, westward, to the Mississippi, near Rock Island:
- And whereas, these works are clearly national in their character, being a 7
- link in the grand chain of waters stretching from the St. Laurence through the
- northern lakes to the great rivers of the Mississippi valley, and the Gulf of
- Mexico, connecting the north with the south, and the east with the west, on a
- line of immense and increasing commerce, demanded in the interest of cheap
- transportation, and for national defense; therefore,

Section 1. Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the

- General Assembly. That the two locks and dams on the Illinois river, constructed
- by the State, one at the city of Henry, in Marshall county, the other near Cop-
- peras creek, in Fulton county, be and are hereby geded to the United States;
- also the Illinois and Michigan canal, with its appurtenance is hereby ceded to
- the United States.

- § 2. This cession of these works is on condition that the National Govern-
- 2 ment accepts them for the objects and purposes named in the preamble to this
- 3 act, and proceeds without unreasonable delay to enlarge the canal to a capacity
- 4 of not less than one hundred and sixty feet wide, and ten feet deep, with a
- 5 velocity of not less than two miles an hour; to construct the branch canal west-
- 6 ward to the Mississippi, and complete the Illinois river improvements on a scale
- 7 not less than the works heretofore constructed by the State, giving a depth of at
- 8 least seven feet of water in the channel: Provided, that the cession of the Illi-
- 9 nois and Michigan canal is contingent upon a vote of the people approving the
- 10 same, as provided in the constitution of the State of Illinois.

AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL NO. 1, REPORTED BY COMMITTEE ON CANALS AND RIVERS. FEBRUARY 10, 1881.

Amend Senate Bill No. 1, by striking out Section 2, and insert Section 2 as

- 2 follows; and add Sections 3, 4, and 5 as follows, after Section 2:
- 3 Section 2. The cession of the said Illinois and Michigan canal, and the State
- 4 improvements on the Illinois river, is made on condition that the National
- 5 Government accepts these works, and shall proceed without unreasonable delay
- 6 to so enlarge the canal, and improve the Illinois river, as to make a steamboat
- 7 channel from Lake Michigan to the Mississippi river, and we hereby commend
- 8 as a work of great commercial importance, the construction of a branch canal
- 9 from Hennepin, on the Illinois river, westward to the Mississippi at or near
- 10 Rock Island: Provided, that the cession of the Illinois and Michigan canal is
- 11 contingent upon a vote of the people approving the same, as provided in the
- 12 constitution of the State of Illinois.
- 18 Section 3. At the next general election to be held in the State, the question
- 14 shall be submitted to the legal voters of this State, whether or not they are in
- 15 favor of this act ceding the Illinois and Michigan canal to the United States.
- 16 In the notices for election required to be furnished by the county clerk in
- 17 Section 46, Chapter 46 of the revised statutes of 1874, in addition to the several

- 18 offices to be filled, he will also insert the words "Also to vote for ceding the
- 19 Illinois and Michigan canal to the United States; or against ceding said canal to
- 20 the United States." Those in favor of such cession shall have written or printed,
- 21 or partly written and party printed, on their ballots "For ceding the canal to
- 22 the United States," those opposed, "Against ceding the canal to the United
- 23 States."
- 23 Section 4. The vote shall be canvassed and returned to the proper county
- 24 and State officers, in the same manner as is now provided by law for the vote
- 25 for members of the General Assembly, and the returns shall also state the
- 26 whole number of votes cast at such election.
- 27 Section 5. If a majority shall have voted in the negative, this law shall be
- 28 void, but if a majority shall have voted for the cession of the canal, the
- 29 Secretary of State shall furnish to each Senator and Representative in Congress
- 30 from this State, a certified copy of this law.